		ВО	RING LO	OG N	O. E	3-2	2				F	Page 1 of	1
PR	OJECT: Proposed Street Reconstruction			CLIEN	IT: F	ourF apid	ror I Ci	nt De ty, S	esign, Inc. outh Dakota				
SI		rd Base, North Dakot	a										
GRAPHIC LOG	LOCATION See Exhibit A-3 Latitude: 48.404434° Longitude: -101	.311266°			DЕРТН (Ft.)	WATER LEVEL OBSERVATIONS	SAMPLE TYPE	RECOVERY (Ft.)	FIELD TEST RESULTS	WATER CONTENT (%)	DRY UNIT WEIGHT (pcf)	ATTERBERG LIMITS LL-PL-PI	PERCENT FINES
GR	DEPTH				ä	WA7 OBSE	SAM	REC	품~	00	WE		PERC
	7.5" ASPHALT PAVEMENT 0.6												
	FILL - SILTY SAND, light of	ive brown, frozen, with	at trace of gra	vel	_	-				3			
	2.1 SANDY LEAN CLAY WITH (3.5'	GRAVEL (CL) , dark oli	ve brown, froze	n to	-	-	X		100/6" N=100/6"	4			
					_	-							
	4.0 SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), c	live brown, stiff, with a	trace of gravel		-	-							
					5 —	-			5-6-7 N=13	24		47-16-31	74
					_	-							
					_	-			3-4-6 N=10	16			
					_	-							
					10-	-			3-4-6 N=10	16			
<u> </u>	11.0 Boring Terminated at 11 Fo	eet			_		V V						
	Stratification lines are approximate. In-	situ, the transition may be o	gradual.				Ha	ammer	Type: Automatic				
	icement Method: " Hollow Stem Auger	proce See A	Exhibit A-4 for descedures Appendix B for descedures and addition	cription of I	aborato	ry	l	tes: N-valı	ue influenced by frost				
Bor	Ionment Method: ings backfilled with soil cuttings upon cor ched with cold patch asphalt.	npletion and See abbre	Appendix C for expeviations.	,	• /	s and							
	WATER LEVEL OBSERVATION Not measurable before HSA ren		LABOR	est Test					ted: 12/16/2013	Borir	ng Com	pleted: 12/16/	2013
			1555 N. 42r	nd St., Unit	В				iedrich D50		er: DT		
			Grand Forks,	North Dak	ota		Proj	ect No.	: M6135013	Exhi	dit: A	A-26	

			BORING LO	OG N	O . I	B-2	23				F	Page 1 of	1
PR	OJECT:	Proposed Street Reconstruction		CLIEN	IT: F	ourf	ror I Ci	nt De ty, S	sign, Inc. outh Dakota				
SIT	E:	Bomber Boulevard Minot Air Force Base, North I	Dakota					•					
GRAPHIC LOG		N See Exhibit A-3 3.403441° Longitude: -101.30915°			DEPTH (Ft.)	WATER LEVEL OBSERVATIONS	SAMPLE TYPE	RECOVERY (Ft.)	FIELD TEST RESULTS	WATER CONTENT (%)	DRY UNIT WEIGHT (pdf)	ATTERBERG LIMITS	PERCENT FINES
GRAF	DEPTH				DEP	WATE OBSER	SAMP	RECO	FIEL	CONT	DRY	LL-PL-PI	PERCEI
394	0.6	SPHALT PAVEMENT - SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL, light o	live brown frozen							3		NP	22
	1155	JILI JAKO	iive brown, nozem		-					3		INF	22
	2.2 POC to 3.	RLY GRADED SAND WITH CLAY (SP- 5', with a trace of gravel	-SC), olive brown, froz	en	-		X		100/8" N=100/8"	3			
					-								
	4.0 LEA	N CLAY WITH SAND (CL), olive brown,	, medium stiff to stiff		-								
					5 -				2-3-4 N=7	20			
					_		,						
					_				3-3-5 N=8	19			
					_								
					10-				3-5-6 N=11	18			
<u>////</u>	11.0 Bori	ng Terminated at 11 Feet			-		<u>/ \</u>						
	Stratificat	ion lines are approximate. In-situ, the transition i	may be gradual.				Ha	ammer	Type: Automatic				
	cement Met " Hollow Ste		See Exhibit A-4 for desc procedures See Appendix B for des procedures and addition	cription of la	aborato	ry	1	tes: N-valu	ue influenced by frost	:			
Bori	hed with co	ed with soil cuttings upon completion and ld patch asphalt.	See Appendix C for exp abbreviations.	•	• /	s and							
		ER LEVEL OBSERVATIONS	Midw	est Test	ing		Bori	ng Star	ted: 12/16/2013	Bori	ng Com	pleted: 12/16/	2013
	NOL MES	surable before HSA removal	ATTE	FFOCON COMPAN	IY		Drill	Rig: Di	edrich D50	Drille	er: DT		
			1555 N. 42r Grand Forks,				Proje	ect No.	: M6135013	Exhi	bit:	A-27	

APPENDIX B SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Geotechnical Engineering Report

Proposed Street Reconstruction • Minot Air Force Base, North Dakota February 26, 2014 • MTL/Terracon Project No. M6135013



Laboratory Testing

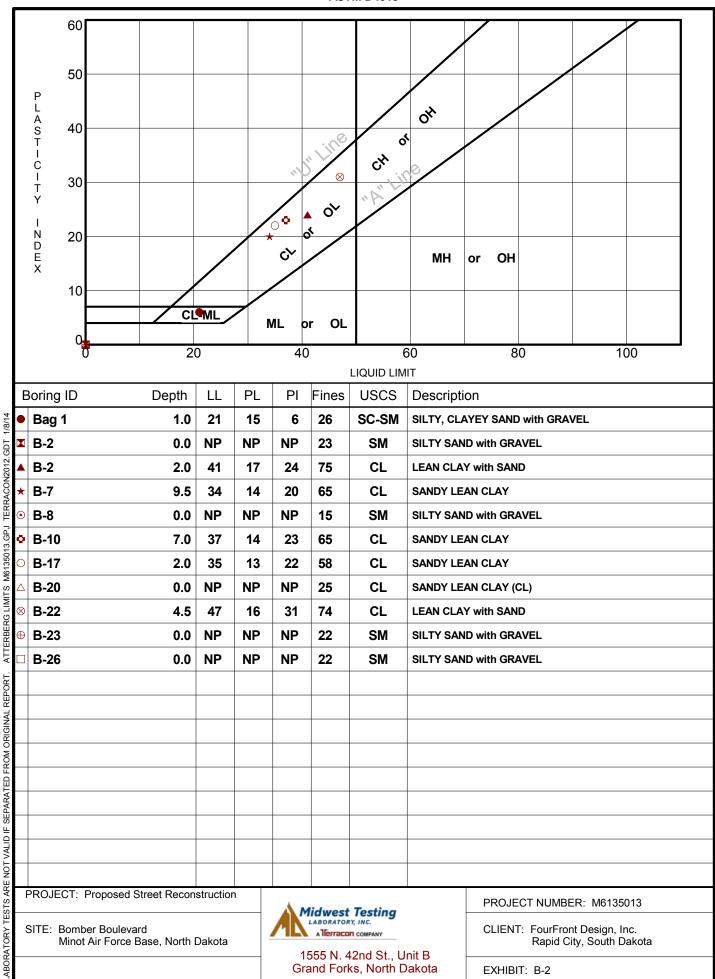
Representative samples were selected for laboratory analysis. The testing program consisted of determining moisture content, dry density, grain size distribution, Atterberg limits, and percent passing the number 200 sieve. The laboratory test results can be found on the boring logs, opposite the samples they represent or on the following laboratory data sheets.

Also, one bulk sample of the subgrade soils was tested to determine the standard Proctor maximum density and California Bearing Ratio (CBR). The test results can be found on the attached laboratory data sheets.

Descriptive classifications of the soils indicated on the boring logs are in accordance with the General Notes in Appendix C and the Unified Soil Classification System. Also shown are estimated Unified Soil Classification Symbols. A brief description of this classification system is included in Appendix C of this report. All classification was by visual manual procedures.

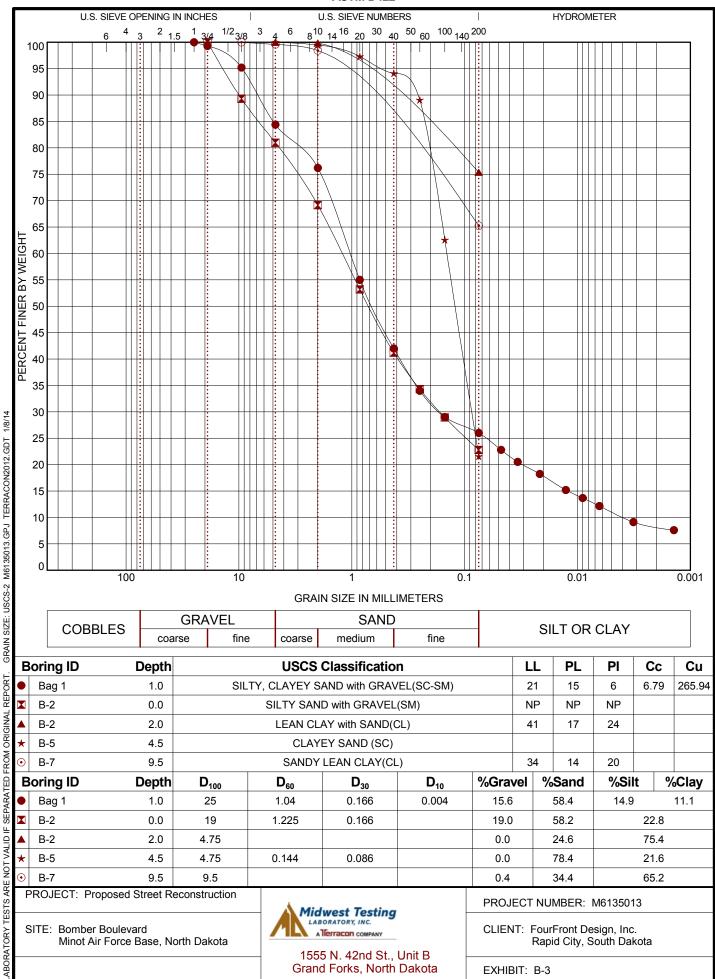
ATTERBERG LIMITS RESULTS

ASTM D4318



GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

ASTM D422

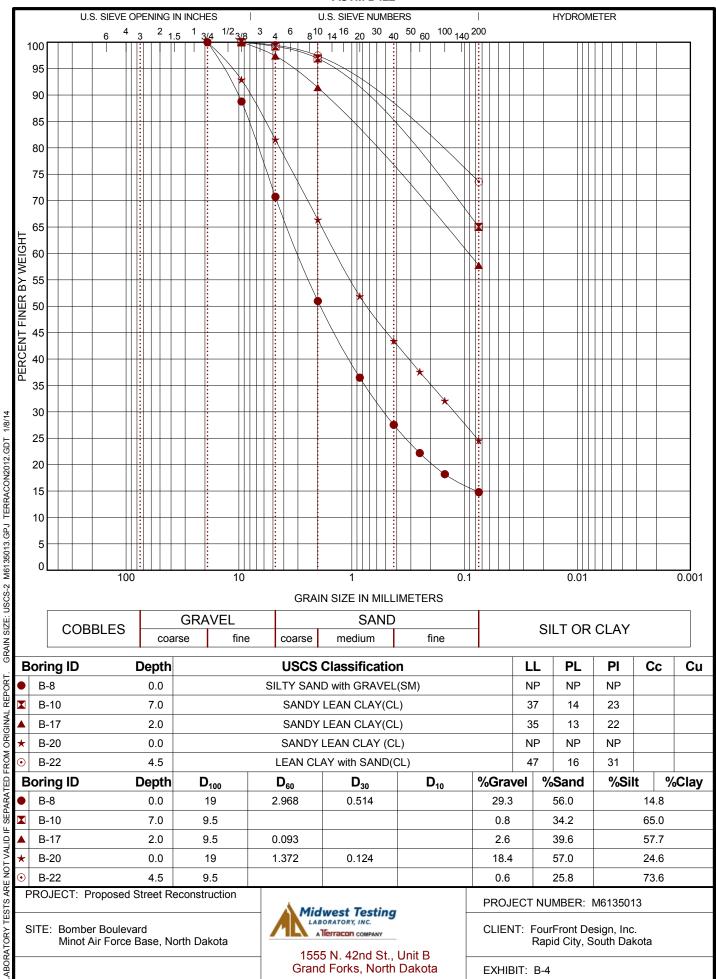


1555 N. 42nd St., Unit B Grand Forks, North Dakota

EXHIBIT: B-3

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

ASTM D422

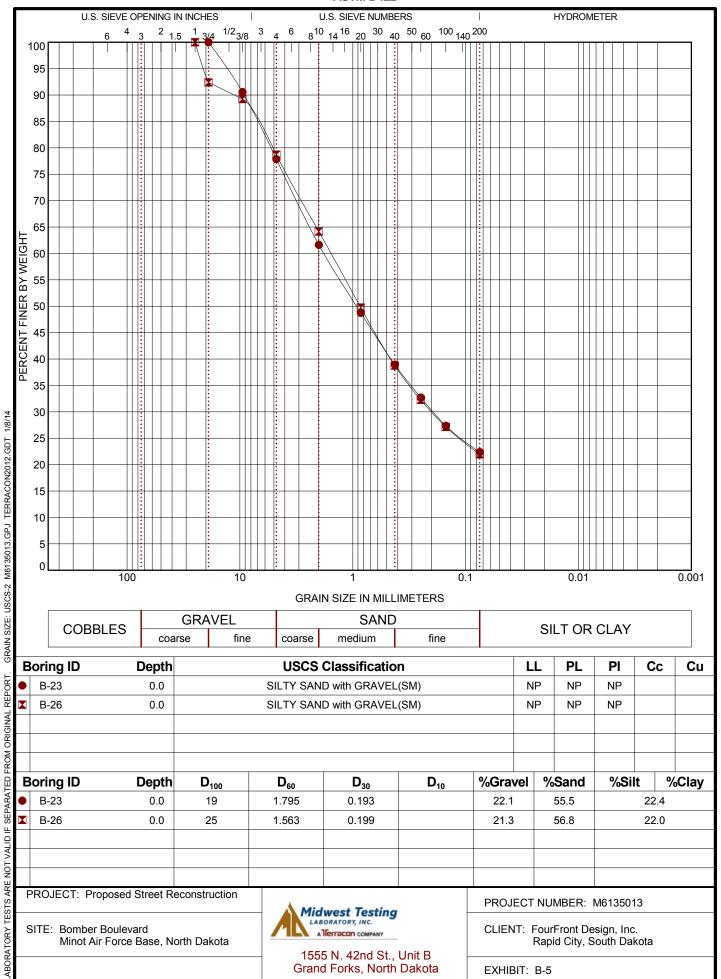


1555 N. 42nd St., Unit B Grand Forks, North Dakota

EXHIBIT: B-4

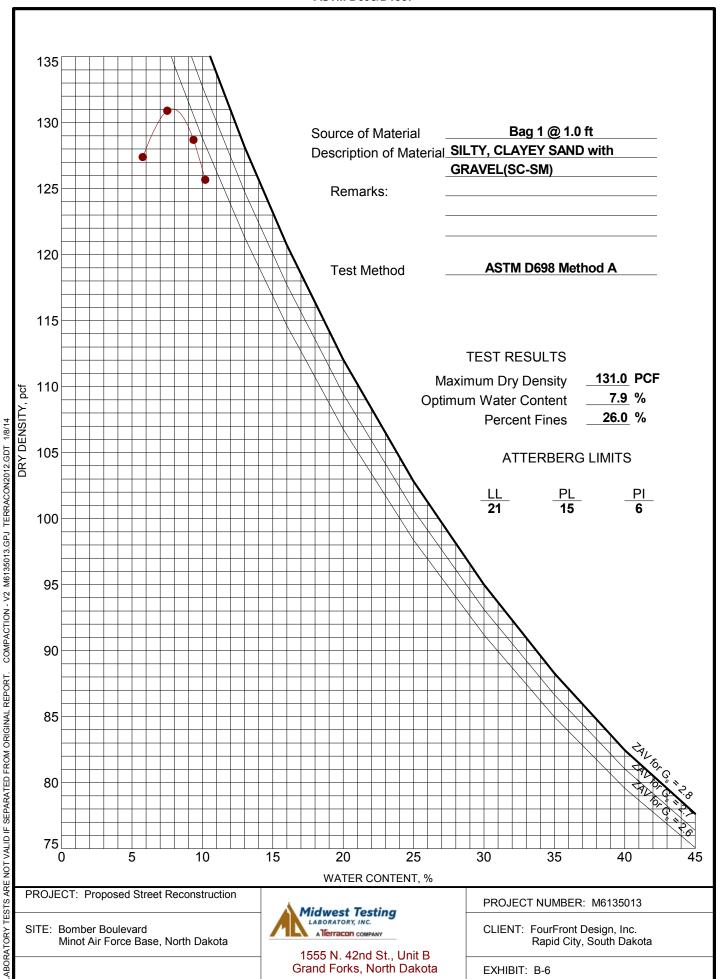
GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

ASTM D422

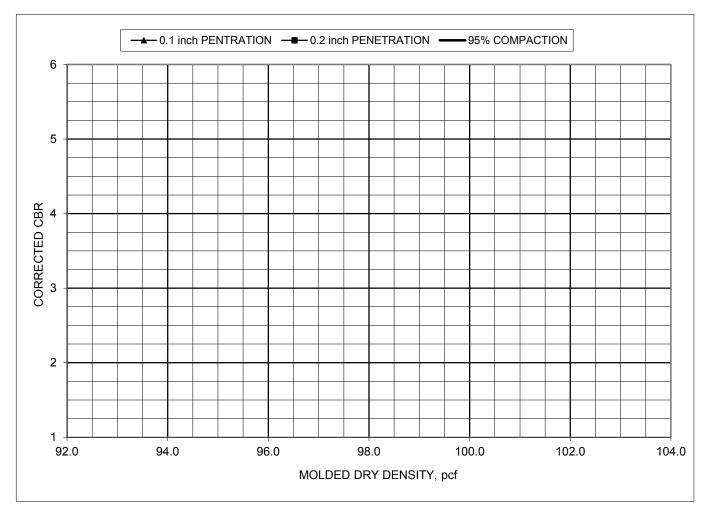


MOISTURE-DENSITY RELATIONSHIP

ASTM D698/D1557



CBR (CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO) OF LABORATORY COMPACTED SOILS ASTM D1883



<u>MOLDED</u>	<u>MOLDED</u>			
<u>WATER</u>	<u>DRY</u>	MOLDED	CORRECTED	CORRECTED
CONTENT,	DENSITY,	COMPACTION,	<u>CBR</u>	<u>CBR</u>
<u>%</u>	<u>pcf</u>	<u>%</u>	0.1 inch	<u>0.2 inch</u>
5.9	122.2	93.3	5.8	5.6
7.9	125.1	95.5	8.1	8.1
9.9	123.2	94.0	NA	2.4

 BORING NO. Bag 1
 SAMPLE NO. 1
 DEPTH, feet 0.0 to 5.0

 DESCRIPTION Silty Clayey Sand with Gravel

 JOB NAME: Bomber Blvd.
 MAXIMUM DENSITY, pcf 131.0

 JOB LOCATION: Minot Air Force Base
 OPTIMUM MOISTURE, % 7.9

 JOB NO.: M6135013
 LIQUID LIMIT 21

DATE: 1/6/2014 PLASTICITY INDEX 6

TESTED BY: APPROVED BY: N:\Projects\2013\M6135013\Working Files\Laboratory-Field Data-Boring Logs\[M6135013 \text{Multi Point.xlsx}]DATA ENTRY

<u> Terracon</u>

California Bearing Ratio of Laboratory-Compacted Soils

 Report Number:
 M6135013

 Service Date:
 12/30/13

 Report Date:
 01/06/14

 Task:
 95% at +2%



Client Project

FourFront Design Bomber Blvd.

Project No. M6135013

SAMPLE INFORMATION

Sample Number: Proctor Method: ASTM D698 - Method A Boring Number: Bag 1 Maximum Dry Density (pcf): 131.0 Sample Location: Optimum Moisture: 7.9 0-5' 21 Depth: Liquid Limit: Material Description: Plasticity Index: 6

CBR TEST DATA

CBR value at 0.100 inch	NA
CBR Value at 0.200 inch	2.4
a	4.0
Surcharge Weight (lbs)	10
Soaking Condition	Soaked
Length of Soaking (hours)	96
Swell (%)	2.1

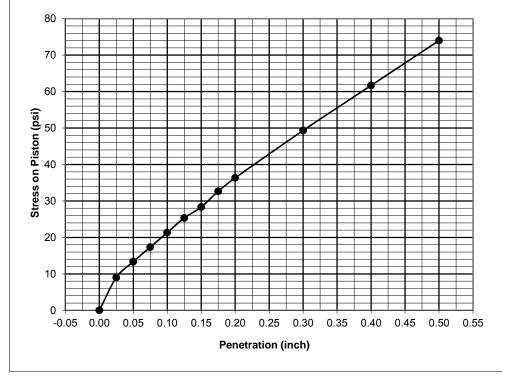
DENSITY DATA

CDD Value at 0 100 to al

Dry Density Before Soaking (pcf) 123.2 Compaction of Proctor (%) 94.1

MOISTURE DATA

Before Compaction (%)	9.8
After Compaction (%)	10.0
Top 1" After Soaking (%)	10.3
Average After Soaking (%)	10.0



Comments:

Test Methods: ASTM D1883

California Bearing Ratio of Laboratory-Compacted Soils

Report Number: M6135013 **Service Date:** 12/30/13 **Report Date:** 01/06/14 Task: 95% at Opt



Project Client

Bomber Blvd. FourFront Design

> M6135013 Project No.

SAMPLE INFORMATION

Sample Number: Proctor Method: ASTM D698 - Method A Boring Number: Maximum Dry Density (pcf): Bag 1 131.0 Sample Location: Optimum Moisture: 7.9 0-5' 21 Depth: Liquid Limit: Material Description: Plasticity Index: 6

CBR TEST DATA

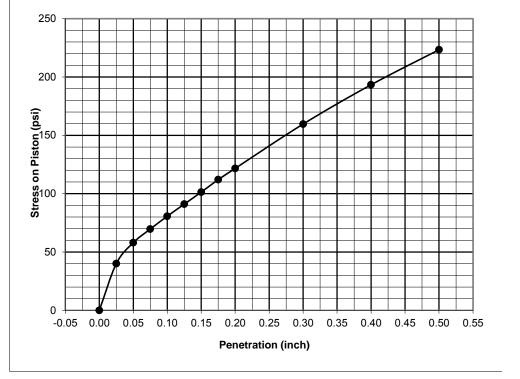
CBR Value at 0.100 inch	8.1
CBR Value at 0.200 inch	8.1
Surcharge Weight (lbs)	10
Soaking Condition	Soaked
Length of Soaking (hours)	96
Swell (%)	4.4

DENSITY DATA

Dry Density Before Soaking (pcf)	125.1
Compaction of Proctor (%)	95.5

MOISTURE DATA

Before Compaction (%)	7.8
After Compaction (%)	7.9
Top 1" After Soaking (%)	10.9
Average After Soaking (%)	99



Comments:

Test Methods: ASTM D1883

California Bearing Ratio of Laboratory-Compacted Soils

 Report Number:
 M6135013

 Service Date:
 12/30/13

 Report Date:
 01/06/14

 Task:
 95% at -2%



Client Project

FourFront Design Bomber Blvd.

Project No. M6135013

SAMPLE INFORMATION

Sample Number: Proctor Method: ASTM D698 - Method A Boring Number: Maximum Dry Density (pcf): 131.0 Bag 1 Sample Location: Optimum Moisture: 7.9 0-5' 21 Depth: Liquid Limit: Material Description: Plasticity Index: 6

CBR TEST DATA

CBR Value at 0.100 inch	5.8
CBR Value at 0.200 inch	5.6
Surcharge Weight (lbs)	10
Soaking Condition	Soaked
Length of Soaking (hours)	96
Swell (%)	4.7

DENSITY DATA

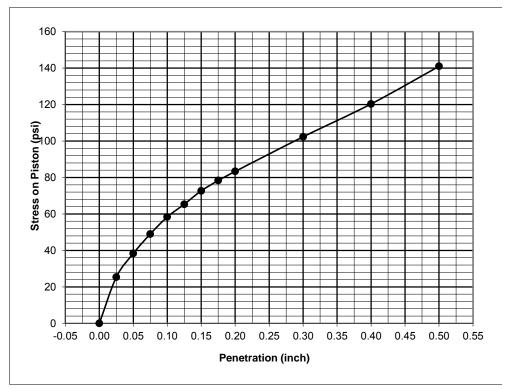
Dry Density Before Soaking (pcf)	122.2
Compaction of Proctor (%)	93.2

MOISTURE DATA

Before Compaction (%)	5.8
After Compaction (%)	5.9
Top 1" After Soaking (%)	13.0
Average After Soaking (%)	11.3

Comments:

Test Methods: ASTM D1883



APPENDIX C SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS

GENERAL NOTES

DESCRIPTION OF SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

			Water Initially Encountered		(HP)	Hand Penetrometer
	Auger Split Spoon		Water Level After a Specified Period of Time		(T)	Torvane
D N	Cuttings /	EVEL	Water Level After a Specified Period of Time	STS	(DCP)	Dynamic Cone Penetrometer
SAMPLI		R	Water levels indicated on the soil boring logs are the levels measured in the	D TE	(PID)	Photo-Ionization Detector
SA		WATE	borehole at the times indicated. Groundwater level variations will occur over time. In low permeability soils, accurate determination of groundwater levels is not possible with short term water level observations.	FIEL	(OVA)	Organic Vapor Analyzer

DESCRIPTIVE SOIL CLASSIFICATION

Soil classification is based on the Unified Soil Classification System. Coarse Grained Soils have more than 50% of their dry weight retained on a #200 sieve; their principal descriptors are: boulders, cobbles, gravel or sand. Fine Grained Soils have less than 50% of their dry weight retained on a #200 sieve; they are principally described as clays if they are plastic, and silts if they are slightly plastic or non-plastic. Major constituents may be added as modifiers and minor constituents may be added according to the relative proportions based on grain size. In addition to gradation, coarse-grained soils are defined on the basis of their in-place relative density and fine-grained soils on the basis of their consistency.

LOCATION AND ELEVATION NOTES

Unless otherwise noted, Latitude and Longitude are approximately determined using a hand-held GPS device. The accuracy of such devices is variable. Surface elevation data annotated with +/- indicates that no actual topographical survey was conducted to confirm the surface elevation. Instead, the surface elevation was approximately determined from topographic maps of the area.

STRENGTH TERMS	RELATIVE DENSITY OF COARSE-GRAINED SOILS (More than 50% retained on No. 200 sieve.) Density determined by Standard Penetration Resistance		CONSISTENCY OF FINE-GRAINED SOILS (50% or more passing the No. 200 sieve.) Consistency determined by laboratory shear strength testing, field visual-manual procedures or standard penetration resistance			
	Descriptive Term (Density)	Standard Penetration or N-Value Blows/Ft.	Descriptive Term (Consistency)	Unconfined Compressive Strength Qu, (psf)	Standard Penetration or N-Value Blows/Ft.	
	Very Loose	0 - 3	Very Soft	less than 500	0 - 1	
	Loose	4 - 9	Soft	500 to 1,000	2 - 4	
	Medium Dense	10 - 29	Medium Stiff	1,000 to 2,000	4 - 8	
	Dense	30 - 50	Stiff	2,000 to 4,000	8 - 15	
	Very Dense	> 50	Very Stiff	4,000 to 8,000	15 - 30	
			Hard	> 8,000	> 30	

RELATIVE PROPORTIONS OF SAND AND GRAVEL

GRAIN SIZE TERMINOLOGY

PLASTICITY DESCRIPTION

<u>Descriptive Term(s)</u>	Percent of	<u>Major Component</u>	Particle Size
of other constituents	Dry Weight	<u>of Sample</u>	
Trace With Modifier	< 15 15 - 29 > 30	Boulders Cobbles Gravel Sand Silt or Clay	Over 12 in. (300 mm) 12 in. to 3 in. (300mm to 75mm) 3 in. to #4 sieve (75mm to 4.75 mm) #4 to #200 sieve (4.75mm to 0.075mm Passing #200 sieve (0.075mm)

RELATIVE PROPORTIONS OF FINES

Descriptive Term(s)	Percent of	<u>Term</u>	Plasticity Index
of other constituents	<u>Dry Weight</u>	Non-plastic	0
Trace	< 5	Low	1 - 10
With	5 - 12	Medium	11 - 30
Modifier	> 12	High	> 30



Exhibit: C-1

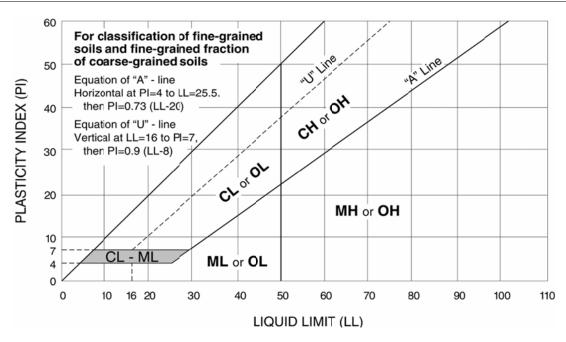
UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

					Soil Classification	
Criteria for Assigr	ning Group Symbols	and Group Names	s Using Laboratory Tests ^A	Group Symbol	Group Name ^B	
	Gravels: More than 50% of coarse fraction retained on No. 4 sieve	Clean Gravels: Less than 5% fines ^C	$Cu \ge 4$ and $1 \le Cc \le 3^E$	GW	Well-graded gravel F	
			Cu < 4 and/or 1 > Cc > 3 ^E	GP	Poorly graded gravel F	
		Gravels with Fines:	Fines classify as ML or MH	GM	Silty gravel F,G,H	
Coarse Grained Soils: More than 50% retained		More than 12% fines ^C	Fines classify as CL or CH	GC	Clayey gravel F,G,H	
on No. 200 sieve	Sands: 50% or more of coarse fraction passes No. 4 sieve	Clean Sands:	Cu ≥ 6 and 1 ≤ Cc ≤ 3 ^E	SW	Well-graded sand I	
3		Less than 5% fines D	Cu < 6 and/or 1 > Cc > 3 ^E	SP	Poorly graded sand I	
		Sands with Fines: More than 12% fines D	Fines classify as ML or MH	SM	Silty sand G,H,I	
			Fines classify as CL or CH	SC	Clayey sand G,H,I	
	Silts and Clays: Liquid limit less than 50	Inorganic:	PI > 7 and plots on or above "A" line J	CL	Lean clay K,L,M	
			PI < 4 or plots below "A" line J	ML	Silt K,L,M	
· · - · ·		Organic:	Liquid limit - oven dried	OL	Organic clay K,L,M,N	
Fine-Grained Soils: 50% or more passes the			Liquid limit - not dried		Organic silt K,L,M,O	
No. 200 sieve	Silts and Clays: Liquid limit 50 or more	Inorganic:	PI plots on or above "A" line	CH	Fat clay ^{K,L,M}	
			PI plots below "A" line	MH	Elastic Silt K,L,M	
		Organic:	Liquid limit - oven dried	ОН	Organic clay K,L,M,P	
			Liquid limit - not dried < 0.75		Organic silt K,L,M,Q	
Highly organic soils:	Primarily organic matter, dark in color, and organic odor			PT	Peat	

^A Based on the material passing the 3-inch (75-mm) sieve

^E Cu =
$$D_{60}/D_{10}$$
 Cc = $\frac{(D_{30})^2}{D_{10} \times D_{60}}$

^Q PI plots below "A" line.





^B If field sample contained cobbles or boulders, or both, add "with cobbles or boulders, or both" to group name.

^c Gravels with 5 to 12% fines require dual symbols: GW-GM well-graded gravel with silt, GW-GC well-graded gravel with clay, GP-GM poorly graded gravel with silt, GP-GC poorly graded gravel with clay.

graded gravel with silt, GP-GC poorly graded gravel with clay.

Description Sands with 5 to 12% fines require dual symbols: SW-SM well-graded sand with silt, SW-SC well-graded sand with clay, SP-SM poorly graded sand with silt, SP-SC poorly graded sand with clay

 $^{^{\}text{F}}$ If soil contains \geq 15% sand, add "with sand" to group name.

^G If fines classify as CL-ML, use dual symbol GC-GM, or SC-SM.

^H If fines are organic, add "with organic fines" to group name.

 $^{^{1}\,}$ If soil contains $\geq 15\%$ gravel, add "with gravel" to group name.

If Atterberg limits plot in shaded area, soil is a CL-ML, silty clay.

K If soil contains 15 to 29% plus No. 200, add "with sand" or "with gravel," whichever is predominant.

^L If soil contains ≥ 30% plus No. 200 predominantly sand, add "sandy" to group name.

M If soil contains ≥ 30% plus No. 200, predominantly gravel, add "gravelly" to group name.

 $^{^{}N}$ PI \geq 4 and plots on or above "A" line.

 $^{^{\}rm O}$ PI < 4 or plots below "A" line.

P PI plots on or above "A" line.

BUILDING STRONG!

