

Office of
Construction
and Facilities
Management

Architecture | Engineering | Design-Build

ARCHITECT/ENGINEERS:

one eighth inch = one root

0 4 8 16

ADDENDUM 1 — BID AND CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS 05/29/20 Revisions: Date

CONSULTANTS:

**DESIGN** TREE

engineering + land surveying

St. Cloud | Alexandria | Rogers

320-217-5557

DIRECT SUPERVISION AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA.

PRINTED NAME JEREMY E. ANDERSON

DATE: 12/27/2019

OR REPORT WAS PREPARED BY ME OR UNDER MY

HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN, SPECIFICATION, Drawing Title

LICENSE #: 44223

EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

Approved Project Director

ST CLOUD ADH AND EC SUPPORT

Building Number

--
Location ST CLOUD VA HEALTH CARE SYSTEM
4801 VETERANS DRIVE, ST. CLOUD MN 56303

Date
12-27-2019

Checked
JEA

Drawn
RJK

656-343

Building Number

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C7.2

**Project Number** 

Project Title

and Facilities

Management

### STORMWATER CHAMBER SPECIFICATIONS

CHAMBERS SHALL BE STORMTECH MC-3500 OR APPROVED EQUAL

FOR IMPACT AND MULTIPLE VEHICLE PRESENCES.

- 2. CHAMBERS SHALL BE MADE FROM VIRGIN, IMPACT-MODIFIED POLYPROPYLENE COPOLYMERS.
- 3. CHAMBER ROWS SHALL PROVIDE CONTINUOUS, UNOBSTRUCTED INTERNAL SPACE WITH NO INTERNAL SUPPORT PANELS THAT WOULD IMPEDE FLOW OR LIMIT ACCESS FOR INSPECTION.
- 4. THE STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THE CHAMBERS, THE STRUCTURAL BACKFILL, AND THE INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS SHALL ENSURE THAT THE LOAD FACTORS SPECIFIED IN THE AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, SECTION 12.12, ARE MET FOR: 1) LONG-DURATION DEAD LOADS AND 2) SHORT-DURATION LIVE LOADS, BASED ON THE AASHTO DESIGN TRUCK WITH CONSIDERATION
- 5. CHAMBERS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM F2418, "STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR POLYPROPYLENE (PP) CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS".
- 6. CHAMBERS SHALL BE DESIGNED AND ALLOWABLE LOADS DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787, "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS"
- 7. ONLY CHAMBERS THAT ARE APPROVED BY THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER WILL BE ALLOWED. THE CHAMBER MANUFACTURER SHALL SUBMIT THE FOLLOWING UPON REQUEST TO THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL BEFORE DELIVERING CHAMBERS TO THE
- a. A STRUCTURAL EVALUATION SEALED BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER THAT DEMONSTRATES THAT THE SAFETY FACTORS ARE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 1.95 FOR DEAD LOAD AND 1.75 FOR LIVE LOAD, THE MINIMUM REQUIRED BY ASTM F2787 AND BY AASHTO FOR THERMOPLASTIC PIPE.^J
- b. A STRUCTURAL EVALUATION SEALED BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER THAT DEMONSTRATES THAT THE LOAD FACTORS SPECIFIED IN THE AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, SECTION 12.12, ARE MET. THE 50 YEAR CREEP MODULUS DATA SPECIFIED IN ASTM F2418 MUST BE USED AS PART OF THE AASHTO STRUCTURAL EVALUATION TO VERIFY LONG-TERM PERFORMANCE.
- c. STRUCTURAL CROSS SECTION DETAIL ON WHICH THE STRUCTURAL EVALUATION IS BASED.

8. CHAMBERS AND END CAPS SHALL BE PRODUCED AT AN ISO 9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURING FACILITY.

### IMPORTANT - NOTES FOR THE BIDDING AND INSTALLATION OF MC-3500 CHAMBER SYSTEM

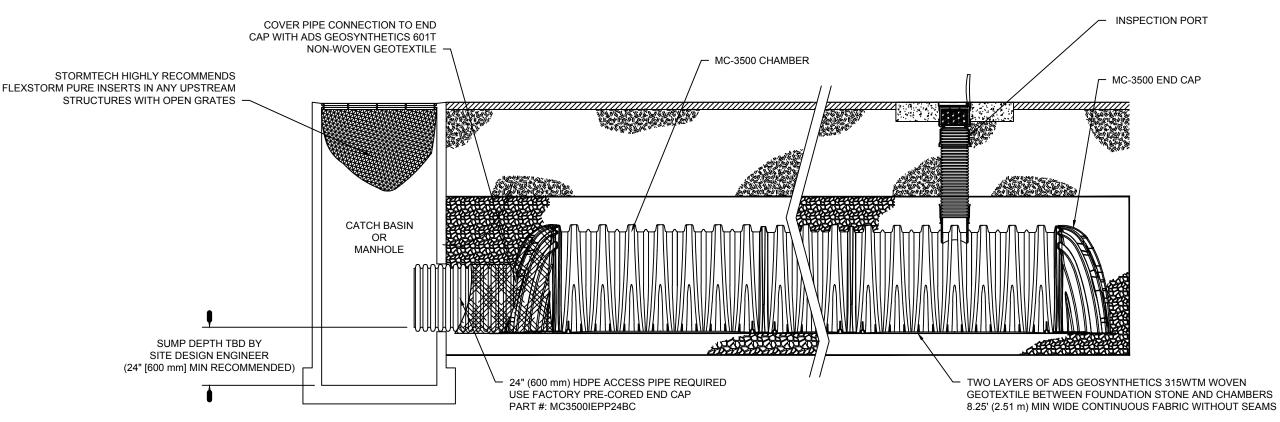
- 1. STORMTECH MC-3500 CHAMBERS SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED UNTIL THE MANUFACTURER'S REPRESENTATIVE HAS COMPLETED A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE INSTALLERS.
- 2. STORMTECH MC-3500 CHAMBERS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH MC-3500/MC-4500 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE". 3. CHAMBERS ARE NOT TO BE BACKFILLED WITH A DOZER OR AN EXCAVATOR SITUATED OVER THE CHAMBERS.
- STORMTECH RECOMMENDS 3 BACKFILL METHODS: STONESHOOTER LOCATED OFF THE CHAMBER BED.
- BACKFILL AS ROWS ARE BUILT USING AN EXCAVATOR ON THE FOUNDATION STONE OR SUBGRADE. BACKFILL FROM OUTSIDE THE EXCAVATION USING A LONG BOOM HOE OR EXCAVATOR.
- 4. THE FOUNDATION STONE SHALL BE LEVELED AND COMPACTED PRIOR TO PLACING CHAMBERS. 5. JOINTS BETWEEN CHAMBERS SHALL BE PROPERLY SEATED PRIOR TO PLACING STONE.
- 6. MAINTAIN MINIMUM 9" (230 mm) SPACING BETWEEN THE CHAMBER ROWS.
- 7. INLET AND OUTLET MANIFOLDS MUST BE INSERTED A MINIMUM OF 12" (300 mm) INTO CHAMBER END CAPS.
- EMBEDMENT STONE SURROUNDING CHAMBERS MUST BE A CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE 3/4-2" (20-50 mm) MEETING THE AASHTO M43 DESIGNATION OF #3 OR #4.^J
- STONE MUST BE PLACED ON THE TOP CENTER OF THE CHAMBER TO ANCHOR THE CHAMBERS IN PLACE AND PRESERVE ROW SPACING...'J ADS RECOMMENDS THE USE OF "FLEXSTORM CATCH IT" INSERTS DURING CONSTRUCTION FOR ALL INLETS TO PROTECT THE SUBSURFACE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FROM CONSTRUCTION SITE RUNOFF.

### NOTES FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT

- STORMTECH MC-3500 CHAMBERS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH MC-3500/MC-4500 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".^J THE USE OF EQUIPMENT OVER MC-3500 CHAMBERS IS LIMITED: NO EQUIPMENT IS ALLOWED ON BARE CHAMBERS.
- NO RUBBER TIRED LOADER, DUMP TRUCK, OR EXCAVATORS ARE ALLOWED UNTIL PROPER FILL DEPTHS ARE REACHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH MC-3500/MC-4500 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE". WEIGHT LIMITS FOR CONSRUCTION EQUIPMENT CAN BE FOUND IN THE "STORMTECH MC-3500/MC-4500 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".^J

### FULL 36" (900 mm) OF STABILIZED COVER MATERIALS OVER THE CHAMBERS IS REQUIRED FOR DUMP TRUCK TRAVEL OR DUMPING. USE OF A DOZER TO PUSH EMBEDMENT STONE BETWEEN THE ROWS OF CHAMBERS MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO CHAMBERS AND IS NOT AN ACCEPTABLE BACKFILL METHOD. ANY CHAMBERS DAMAGED BY USING THE "DUMP AND PUSH" METHOD ARE NOT COVERED UNDER THE STORMTECH STANDARD

CONTACT STORMTECH AT 1-888-892-2694 WITH ANY QUESTIONS ON INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS OR WEIGHT LIMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT.



### MC-3500 ISOLATOR ROW DETAIL

## **INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE**

- STEP 1) INSPECT ISOLATOR ROW FOR SEDIMENT
  - A. INSPECTION PORTS (IF PRESENT) A.1. REMOVE/OPEN LID ON NYLOPLAST INLINE DRAIN A.2. REMOVE AND CLEAN FLEXSTORM FILTER IF INSTALLED
  - A.3. USING A FLASHLIGHT AND STADIA ROD, MEASURE DEPTH OF SEDIMENT AND RECORD ON MAINTENANCE LOG A.4. LOWER A CAMERA INTO ISOLATOR ROW FOR VISUAL INSPECTION OF SEDIMENT LEVELS (OPTIONAL)
  - A.5. IF SEDIMENT IS AT, OR ABOVE, 3" (80 mm) PROCEED TO STEP 2. IF NOT, PROCEED TO STEP 3. B.1. REMOVE COVER FROM STRUCTURE AT UPSTREAM END OF ISOLATOR ROW
  - B.2. USING A FLASHLIGHT, INSPECT DOWN THE ISOLATOR ROW THROUGH OUTLET PIPE^Ji) MIRRORS ON POLES OR CAMERAS MAY BE USED TO AVOID A CONFINED SPACE ENTRY^Jii) FOLLOW OSHA REGULATIONS FOR CONFINED SPACE ENTRY IF ENTERING MANHOLE
- B.3. IF SEDIMENT IS AT, OR ABOVE, 3" (80 mm) PROCEED TO STEP 2. IF NOT, PROCEED TO STEP 3. STEP 2) CLEAN OUT ISOLATOR ROW USING THE JETVAC PROCESS
- A. A FIXED CULVERT CLEANING NOZZLE WITH REAR FACING SPREAD OF 45" (1.1 m) OR MORE IS PREFERRED B. APPLY MULTIPLE PASSES OF JETVAC UNTIL BACKFLUSH WATER IS CLEAN C. VACUUM STRUCTURE SUMP AS REQUIRED
- STEP 3) REPLACE ALL COVERS, GRATES, FILTERS, AND LIDS; RECORD OBSERVATIONS AND ACTIONS.

## STEP 4) INSPECT AND CLEAN BASINS AND MANHOLES UPSTREAM OF THE STORMTECH SYSTEM.

TOP OF STONE ELEVATION: 1241.50

8" PVC OUTLET INV:1240.52

TOP OF CHAMBER ELEVATION: 1240.50

BOTTOM OF STONE ELEVATION: 1236.00

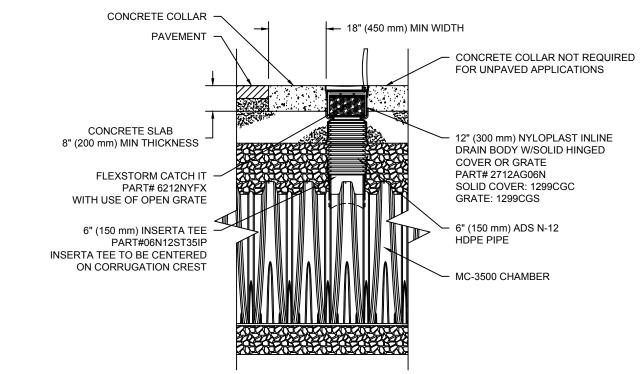
BOTTOM OF CHAMBER ELEVATION: 1236.75

24" HDPE INVERT INTO ISOLATOR ROW: 1237.42

**PLAN ELEVATIONS & PIPE SIZES** 

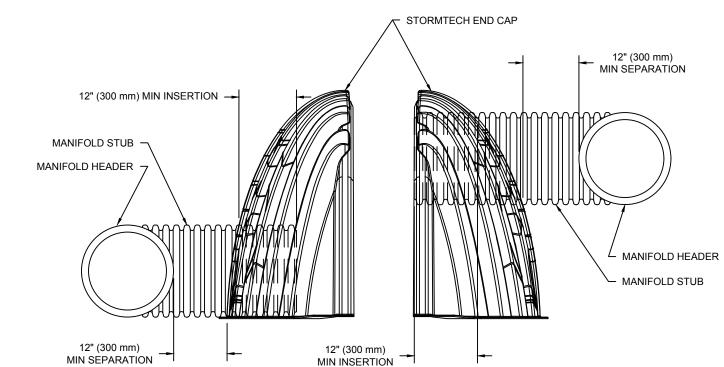
12" MANIFOLD INV: 1238.92 (MAXIMUM) (TYPICAL OF ALL MANIFOLDS)

1. INSPECT EVERY 6 MONTHS DURING THE FIRST YEAR OF OPERATION. ADJUST THE INSPECTION INTERVAL BASED ON PREVIOUS OBSERVATIONS OF SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION AND HIGH WATER ELEVATIONS.^J 2. CONDUCT JETTING AND VACTORING ANNUALLY OR WHEN INSPECTION SHOWS THAT MAINTENANCE IS NECESSARY



MC-3500 6" INSPECTION PORT DETAIL

## MC-SERIES END CAP INSERTION DETAIL

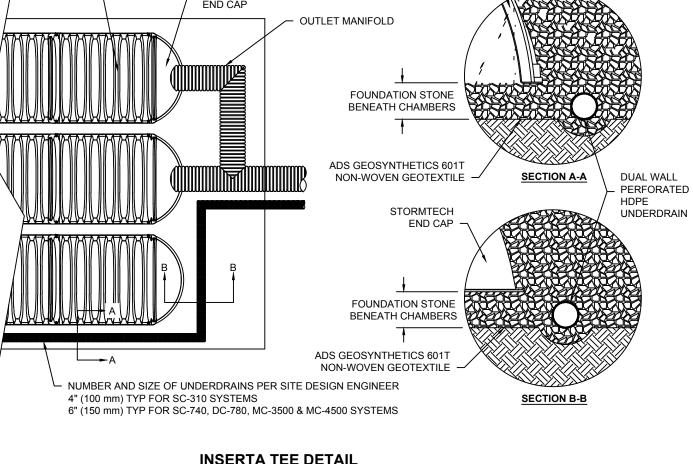


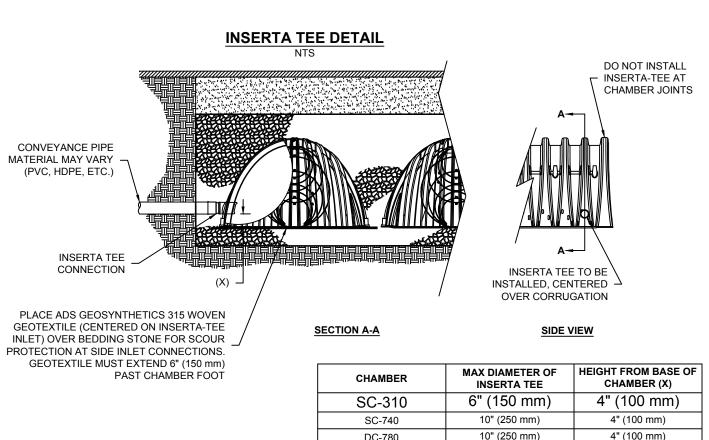
NOTE: MANIFOLD STUB MUST BE LAID HORIZONTAL

FOR A PROPER FIT IN END CAP OPENING.

### END CAP - OUTLET MANIFOLD FOUNDATION STON BENEATH CHAMBERS ADS GEOSYNTHETICS 601T NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE -SECTION A-A **DUAL WALL** - PERFORATED UNDERDRAIN END CAP -FOUNDATION STONE BENEATH CHAMBERS ADS GEOSYNTHETICS 601T NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE

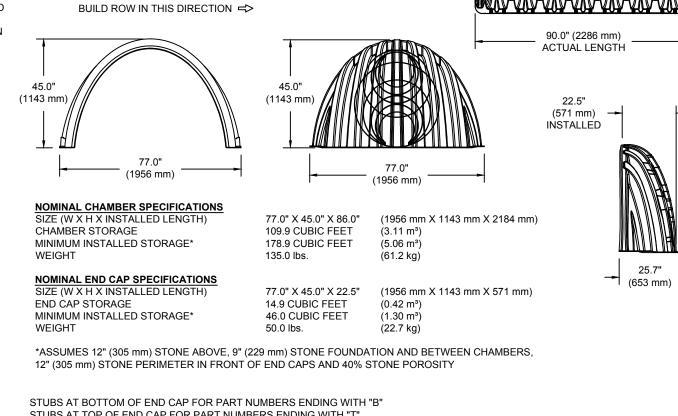
**UNDERDRAIN DETAIL** 





PART NUMBERS WILL VARY BASED ON INLET PIPE MATERIALS.

CONTACT STORMTECH FOR MORE INFORMATION.



MC-3500 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

- LOWER JOINT CORRUGATION

STIFFENING RIB

STIFFENING RIB

─ UPPER JOINT CORRUGATION

86.0" (2184 mm)

INSTALLED

PART#	STUB	В	С
AC3500IEPP06T	6" (150 mm)	33.21" (844 mm)	
MC3500IEPP06B	0 (130 11111)		0.66" (17 mm)
MC3500IEPP08T	8" (200 mm)	31.16" (791 mm)	
MC3500IEPP08B	8 (200 mm)		0.81" (21 mm)
MC3500IEPP10T	10" (250 mm)	29.04" (738 mm)	
MC3500IEPP10B	10 (250 11111)		0.93" (24 mm)
MC3500IEPP12T	12" (300 mm)	26.36" (670 mm)	
MC3500IEPP12B	12 (300 11111)		1.35" (34 mm)
MC3500IEPP15T	15" (375 mm)	23.39" (594 mm)	
MC3500IEPP15B	15 (3/5111111)		1.50" (38 mm)
MC3500IEPP18TC	18" (450 mm)	20.03" (509 mm)	
MC3500IEPP18BC	16 (430 11111)		1.77" (45 mm)
MC3500IEPP24TC	24" (600 mm)	14.48" (368 mm)	
MC3500IEPP24BC	24 (000 11111)		2.06" (52 mm)
MC3500IEPP30BC	30" (750 mm)		
OTE: ALL DIMENSIONS A	RE NOMINAL		

CUSTOM INVERT LOCATIONS ON THE MC-3500 END CAP CUT IN THE FIELD ARE NOT RECOMMENDED

THE INVERT LOCATION IN COLUMN 'B' ARE THE HIGHTEST POSSIBLE FOR THE PIPE SIZE.

FOR PIPE SIZES GREATER THAN 10" (250 mm)



### ACCEPTABLE FILL MATERIALS: STORMTECH MC-3500 CHAMBER SYSTEMS

INSERTA TEE FITTINGS AVAILABLE FOR SDR 26, SDR 35, SCH 40 IPS

GASKETED & SOLVENT WELD, N-12, HP STORM, C-900 OR DUCTILE IRON

CHA ADD MAX DENS AN	DITIONAL LAYERS IN 12" (300 mm)	EMBEDMENT STONE: FILL SURROUNDING THE CHAMBERS FROM THE FOUNDATION STONE ('A' LAYER) TO THE 'C' LAYER ABOVE.	CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE, NOMINAL SIZE DISTRIBUTION BETWEEN 3/4-2 INCH (20-50 mm)	AASHTO M43 <sup>1</sup> 3, 4
D	Α	FOUNDATION STONE: FILL BELOW CHAMBERS FROM THE SUBGRADE UP TO THE FOOT (BOTTOM) OF THE CHAMBER.	CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE, NOMINAL SIZE DISTRIBUTION BETWEEN 3/4-2 INCH (20-50 mm)	AASHTO M43 <sup>1</sup> 3, 4
PLATE COMPA CT OR ROLL TO ACHIEV E A FLAT SURFA CE. 23	INITIAL FILL: FILL MATERIAL FOR LAYER 'C' STARTS FROM THE TOP OF THE EMBEDMENT STONE ('B' LAYER) TO 24" (600 mm) ABOVE THE TOP OF THE CHAMBER. NOTE THAT PAVEMENT SUBBASE MAY BE A PART OF THE 'C' LAYER.	GRANULAR WELL-GRADED SOIL/AGGREGATE MIXTURES, <35% FINES OR PROCESSED AGGREGATE.  MOST PAVEMENT SUBBASE MATERIALS CAN BE USED IN LIEU OF THIS LAYER.		
				NO COMPACTION REQUIRED.

1. THE LISTED AASHTO DESIGNATIONS ARE FOR GRADATIONS ONLY. THE STONE MUST ALSO BE CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED STORMTECH COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS ARE MET FOR 'A' LOCATION MATERIALS WHEN PLACED AND COMPACTED IN 9" (230 mm) (MAX) LIFTS USING TWO FULL COVERAGES WITH A VIBRATORY COMPACTOR. WHERE INFILTRATION SURFACES MAY BE COMPROMISED BY COMPACTION, FOR STANDARD DESIGN LOAD CONDITIONS, A FLAT SURFACE MAY BE ACHIEVED BY RAKING OR DRAGGING WITHOUT COMPACTION EQUIPMENT. FOR SPECIAL LOAD DESIGNS, CONTACT STORMTECH FOR COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS.

### ADS GEOSYNTHETICS 601T NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE ALL PAVEMENT LAYER (DESIGNED AROUND CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE IN A & B LAYER; BY SITE DESIGN ENGINEER) PERIMETER STONE (SEE NOTE 6) (600 mm) MIN\* 12" (300 mm) MIN **EXCAVATION WALL** (CAN BE SLOPED OR VERTICAL) DEPTH OF STONE TO BE DETERMINED BY DESIGN ENGINEER 9" (230 mm) MIN 6" (150 mm) MIN ———— (230 mm) MIN -- 77" (1950 mm) -- 12" (300 mm) TYP MC-3500 SUBGRADE SOILS END CAP (SEE NOTE 5)

- MC-3500 CHAMBERS SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM F2418 "STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR POLYPROPYLENE (PP) CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS". AJ MC-3500 CHAMBERS SHALL BE DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787 "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS". A
- "ACCEPTABLE FILL MATERIALS" TABLE ABOVE PROVIDES MATERIAL LOCATIONS, DESCRIPTIONS, GRADATIONS, AND COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUNDATION, EMBEDMENT, AND FILL MATERIALS. 'J THE "SITE DESIGN ENGINEER" REFERS TO THE ENGINEER RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN AND LAYOUT OF THE STORMTECH CHAMBERS FOR THIS PROJECT.^J
- THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSING THE BEARING RESISTANCE (ALLOWABLE BEARING CAPACITY) OF THE SUBGRADE SOILS AND THE DEPTH OF FOUNDATION STONE WITH CONSIDERATION FOR THE RANGE OF
- PERIMETER STONE MUST BE EXTENDED HORIZONTALLY TO THE EXCAVATION WALL FOR BOTH VERTICAL AND SLOPED EXCAVATION WALLS. 7. ONCE LAYER 'C' IS PLACED, ANY SOIL/MATERIAL CAN BE PLACED IN LAYER 'D' UP TO THE FINISHED GRADE. MOST PAVEMENT SUBBASE SOILS CAN BE USED TO REPLACE THE MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS OF LAYER 'C' OR 'D' AT THE SITE DESIGN

FULLY SPRINKLED **BID DOCUMENTS** 

FOR CONSTRUCTION

Project Title HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN, SPECIFICATION, Drawing Title **Project Number** CONSULTANTS: ARCHITECT/ENGINEERS: OR REPORT WAS PREPARED BY ME OR UNDER MY 656-343 DIRECT SUPERVISION AND THAT I AM A DULY CENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE STORMTECH DETAILS ST CLOUD ADH AND EC SUPPORT LAWS OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA. **Building Number** paradigm **DESIGN** TREE Location ST CLOUD VA HEALTH CARE SYSTEM Drawing Number **Approved Project Director** 4801 VETERANS DRIVE, ST. CLOUD MIN 56303 engineering + land surveying

one eighth inch = one toot

0 4 8 16

ADDENDUM 1 — BID AND CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS 05/29/20 Revisions: Date

St. Cloud | Alexandria | Rogers 320-217-5557

Architecture | Engineering | Design-Build

DATE: 12/27/2019

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Checked Drawn rjk 12-27-2019 JEA

Office of Construction and Facilities Management 25

All existing stormwater runoff is collected on site through the campus storm sewer system prior to discharging in the Sauk River, which is the northerly border of the property, and is listed by the MPCA as impaired. The VA Campus has a vast combination of BMP's on site prior to discharging runoff, which include but not limited to, infiltration basins, underground stormwater storage systems, rain gardens, and

The Owner (St. Cloud VA) and the Contractor (TBD) are responsible co-permittees for the implementation of the SWPPP. The Contractor and Owner shall apply for the NPDES Construction General Permit immediately after award of Contract. The complete application must be submitted prior to start of construction activity. The Contractor is responsible for installation, inspection, maintenance, and repair of all erosion prevention and sediment control BMPs before, during, and after active construction. The Contractor shall amend the SWPPP before beginning construction to include the chain of responsibility of all operators on the site, or if not known, the title or position of the responsible party. The Contractor is responsible for identifying a person knowledgeable and experienced in the application of erosion prevention and sediment control BMPs who will oversee the implementation of the SWPPP before and during construction until the construction project is complete, the entire site has undergone Final Stabilization, and an NOT has been submitted the MPCA. The Contractor must also supply the COR with SWPPP training certificates for both the BMP Installer AND the person overseeing the SWPPP. The owner must identify who will be responsible for the the long-term operations and maintenance of all permanent stormwater management systems. The Contractor is liable until final stabilization of all disturbed areas is achieved and the Notice of Termination (NOT)/ Permit Modification form is submitted to the MPCA (as specified in the NPDES construction permit). Once the identity of Responsible Parties is known, the SWPPP must be amended to include this information in the area below.

Project Engineer St. Cloud VA Contact: Contractor TBD Jeremy E. Anderson, PE Jon Copeland Projects Section, General Engineer Design Tree Engineering, Inc. 120 17th Ave. W. VA Healthcare System

Alexandria, MN 56308 St. Cloud, MN (320)762-1290, ext. 104 (320) 252-1670 ext. 6678 or (320) 255-6346 jea@designtreeengineering.com

### **SWPPP Amendments:**

The Owner or Contractor must amend the SWPPP as necessary to include additional requirements, such as additional or modified BMPs that are designed to correct problems identified or address situations whenever:

1. There is a change in design, construction, operation, maintenance, weather or seasonal conditions that has a significant effect on the discharge of pollutants to surface water or underground waters.

- 2. Inspections or investigations by site owner or operators, USEPA or MPCA officials indicate the SWPPP is not effective in eliminating or significantly minimizing the discharge of pollutants to surface waters or underground waters or that the discharges are causing water quality standard exceedances.
- 3. The SWPPP is not achieving the general objectives of minimizing pollutants in stormwater discharges associated with construction activity, or the SWPPP is not consistent with the terms and conditions of
- 4. At any time after the permit coverage is effective, the MPCA deems necessary.

Construction shall be governed by MnDOT, City of St. Cloud, and St. Cloud VA's Specifications, special provisions, amendments and the project specifications and detail plates. Permits and maps relating to this project's SWPPP can be found in the Project Manual. The Contractor shall keep the inspection and maintenance log and NPDES permit on-site at all time during active construction. Please refer to plans and specifications for additional SWPPP information.

Soil Compaction should be minimized and topsoil should be preserved whenever and wherever possible during construction.

All soil stock piling shall include sediment control devices and shall be placed in areas away from surface waters or natural buffers.

### Special Water, Impaired Water & TMDL Implementation Plans:

All disturbed areas not actively being worked must be stabilized within 7 days. The Owner is responsible for the long term maintenance of all infiltration basins and private storm sewer systems. Inlet protection, silt fences, final stabilization, and BMP's must be implemented prior to allowing any water runoff to be discharge off-site.

The site discharges storm water into an underground infiltration basin and overflows to the Sauk River which is considered a special/impaired river system.

### <u>Calculations:</u>

Area to be Disturbed = 1.18 AC

Pre-Construction Impervious Area = 0.10 AC Post-Construction Impervious Area = 0.50 AC

Net Increase in Impervious Area = 0.40 AC

- 1.4" x 21,780 SF = 2,541 cubic feet Water Quality Volume 1.4" From New Impervious Existing Runoff Rates Proposed Runoff Rates 2yr storm = 0.00 cfs2yr storm= 0.00 cfs Treatment Volume Provided with BMP (Stormtech) - 9,278 cubic feet 10yr storm = 0.00 cfs10yr storm = 0.14 cfs

100yr storm= 1.02 cfs 100yr storm= 0.00 cfs

## Sequence of Construction- NPDES Permit needed for this contract, requirements apply:

Contractor to verify that all applicable permits have been obtained and NPDES permit modification form has been submitted to MPCA prior to the start of construction.

- 1. The Contractor must plan for and implement appropriate construction phasing, vegetation buffer strips, horizontal slope grading, and other construction practices that minimize erosion. The location of
- areas not to be disturbed are shown on Plans.
- 2. The Contractor shall be responsible for full implementation of and maintenance required by the SWPPP Narrative until the Notice of Termination is approved by the MPCA. 3. The Contractor shall construct Erosion and Sediment Control BMPs in the following construction sequence:
  - a. Install rock construction entrances where indicated in the Plans.
  - b. Install silt fence where indicated in the Plans.
- c. Install silt fence around proposed infiltration and bioretention BMPs to protect soils from compaction.
- d. Install inlet protection at each existing inlet as shown on the Plans.
- e. Locate Portable toilets on flat surfaces away from drainage paths. Stake in areas susceptible to high winds.
- f. Construct concrete washout area and provide signage.
- g. Establish Waste Control Areas
- h. Construct temporary sediment basins where 5 acres or more drain to one location. (Infiltration Basin 1, 2, and 5 may be used as temporary basins).
- Construct diversions to sediment basins.
- j. Rough Grade Site.
- k. Leave disturbed area of site in a roughened condition to limit erosion. Temporarily stabilize areas that will be inactive for a period of 7 or more days.
- I. Install storm drainage system and place inlet protection as each inlet is installed. Energy dissipation devices shall be in place and functional within 24 hours of connecting pipe outlets to surface
- m. Protect and repair BMPs, as necessary.
- n. Perform street sweeping as needed and as directed by the COR.
- Temporarily stabilize areas not be actively worked. p. Site construction (Paving, Sidewalks, Buildings, etc.)
- q. Final Grading.
- r. Final stabilization (seeding, planting). Stabilize soil with or sod or MNDOT Seed Mix 25-251 or 35-241
- s. Remove temporary basins when permanent cover has reduced the acreage of disturbed soil to less than five (5) acres draining to a common location.
- t. Construct stormwater infiltration basins & bioretention basins only when contributing drainage area has been constructed and fully stabilized.
- u. Remove Erosion Control Devices upon site establishment in accordance with NPDES Notice of Termination.

Final stabilization is not met until all of the following are completed.

- a. Stabilization by uniform perennial vegetative cover (70% density of it's expected final growth). Sod or MNDOT Seed Mixes 25-251 or 35-241 shall be used for final stabilization.
- b. Permanent stormwater management system is constructed, meets all requirements, and is operational.

CONSULTANTS:

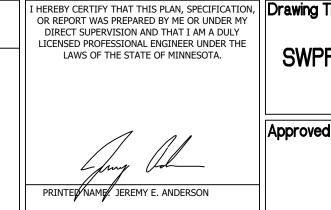
- c. Drainage ditches fully stabilized.
- d. All temporary synthetic and structural BMPs are removed.
- e. Sediment from conveyance systems and sedimentation basins are cleaned out (returned to design capacity).

CONTRACTOR MUST PROVIDE ALL SWPPP DOCUMENTS & AMENDMENTS TO THE COR PRIOR TO THE NOT BEING SUBMITTED TO MPCA.

Notice of Termination (NOT) is submitted to MPCA.

# **DESIGN** TREE engineering + land surveying St. Cloud | Alexandria | Rogers 320-217-5557

ARCHITECT/ENGINEERS: paradigm Architecture | Engineering | Design-Build



Erosion Control Maintenance and Inspection: BMP inspection and maintenance Responsible Party\_\_\_

- Findings of inspection, including recommendations for corrective actions

d. Repairs or replacement of all erosion control devices shall occur within 24 hours of discovery.

f. Temporary diversion berms shall be inspected and any breaches promptly repaired.

- Date and amount of all rainfall events greater than 0.5" in 24 hours

- Corrective actions taken (including dates, times, and party completing maintenance activities.

(3) any discharges that occur during the inspection (s) must be described in writing and photographed.

i. Removal of of sediment and restabilization of surface waters shall be accomplished within 7 days of discovery.

source of contamination to stormwater or are designed to be exposed to stormwater are not held to this requirement:

d. Solid waste must be stored, collected and disposed of properly in compliance with Minn. R. ch. 7035.

7. Provide secondary containment for hazardous materials per OSHA requirements anywhere applicable during construction.

St. Cloud VA shall be responsible for performing future operations and maintenance of the permanent stormwater management systems on the property.

Contacts

Chelle Benson

Nicki Blake-Bradley

St. Paul Office

Jordan Lillemon

Jeremy E. Anderson, PE

**TBD** 

LOCATION OF SWPPP REQUIRMENTS

TITLE

Sauk River

**Erosion Control Plan** 

Site Grading and Utility Plan

Details

**Erosion Control Plan** 

Details

**Erosion Control Plan** 

Final Stormwater Management Study

effective controls an waste from the washing activity must be properly disposed of.

to the start of any construction. All disturbed areas not actively being worked must be stabilized within 7 days.

4. The Contractor must properly use and store soaps, detergents, or solvents.

measures are required for discharge water that contains suspended solids.

manufacturer specifications and accepted engineering practices.

Temporary Sediment Basins, BMP Treatment & BMP Pretreatment Practices:

Project is not required to provide Temporary Sediment Basins for construction.

Temperature is controlled by infiltrating 100% of the stormwater routed to the BMP.

Two pre-treatment sumps are proposed prior to discharging stormwater to the Proposed BMP.

a. Inspect erosion control a minimum of once per week and after each rain event measuring 0.5 inches or more. Record inspections on MPCA inspection log sheet.

(2) Rainfall amounts must be obtained by a properly maintained rain gauge installed onsite, or by a weather station that wis withinin one mile or by a weather reporting system.

c. Rock Construction Entrances shall be inspected for clogging of river rocker. River rock that has become clogged with sediment shall be removed and replace with fresh river rock.

g. Tracked sediment from construction vehicles onto public streets and paved areas (including paved areas on the construction site—shall be removed within 24 hours of discovery.

e. Portable toilets must be positioned so tat they are secure an will not be tipped or knocked over. Sanitary waste must be disposed of properly in accordance with Mlnn. R. ch. 7041.

The Stormwater BMP has 100% Removals of Total Suspended Solids (TSS) & Total Phosphorus (TP) and zero discharge from a 100-Year Storm Event by utilizing the highly infiltrative soils on-site.

b. Silt fences, erosion control devices at storm sewer inlets and other erosion control devices shall be cleaned when sediment reached \( \frac{1}{3} \) of the height of the erosion control device, within 24 hours.

e. Temporary sediment basins shall be cleaned when sediment reached ½ of the outlet's height or half of the basins storage volume. the basin shall be drained and sediment removed within 72 hours.

a. Silt fences and erosion control devices at storm sewer in lets shall be inspected for depth of sediment, tears, to see if fabric is securely attached to support posts or structure, and to see that posts and devices are securely in place.

h. The bottom and side slopes of proposed storm water treatment basins shall be stabilized within 200 feet of property lines or point of discharges to any surface water, including; curb and gutter, pavement, storm sewer, swales, or other similar storm

1. Storage, Handling, and Disposal of Construction Products, Materials and Wastes: The Contractor shall comply with the following to minimize the exposure to stormwater of any of the products, materials, or wastes/ Products or wastes which are either not a

a. Building products that have the potential to leach pollutants must be under cover (e.g. plastic sheeting or temporary roofs) to prevent the discharge of pollutants or protected by a similarly effective means designed to minimize contact with stormwater b. Pesticides, herbicides, insecticides, fertilizers, treatment chemicals, and landscape materials must be under cover (e.g., plastic sheeting or temporary roofs) to prevent the discharge of pollutants or protected by similarly effective means designed to

c. Hazardous materials, toxic waste, (including oil, diesel fuel, gasoline, hydraulic fluids, paint solvents, petroleum-based products, wood preservatives, additives, curing compounds, and acids\_\_ must be properly stored in sealed containers to prevent

2. Fueling and Maintenance of Equipment or Vehicles; Spill Prevention and Response: The Contractor shall take reasonable steps to prevent the discharge of spilled or leaked chemicals, including fuel, from any areas where chemicals or fuel will be loaded or

3. Vehicle and Equipment Washing: If the Contractor washes the exterior of vehicles or equipment on the project site, washing must be limited to a defined area of the site. Runoff from the washing area must be contained in a sediment basin or other similarly

6. Concrete and other washouts waste: The Contractor must provide effective containment for all liquid and solid wastes generated by washout operations (concrete, stucco, paint, form release oils, curing compounds and other construction materials) related

to the construction activity. The liquid and solid washout wastes must not contact the ground, and the containments must be designed so that it dos not result in runoff from the washout operations or areas. Liquid and solid wastes must be disposed of

Dewatering or basin draining that may have turbid or sediment laden discharge water must be discharged to a temporary or permanent sedimentation basin on the project site whenever possible. Discharge from the temporary or permanent sedimentation basin

The Erosion and Sediment Control BMPs shall be installed as necessary to minimize erosion from disturbed surfaces and capture sediment on site and shall meet the NPDES permit Part IV construction activity requirements. Perimeter controls shall be placed prior

The Permittees must implement the entire SWPPP and the requirements of the NPDES permit. The BMPs identified in the SWPPP and in the permit must be selected, installed and maintained in an appropriate and functional manner that is in accordance with

must be visually checked to ensure adequate treatment is obtained in the basin and nuisance conditions, impacts to wetlands, and erosion in receiving channels or on downslope properties will not result from the discharge. Adequate sedimentation control

If using filters with backwash water, either haul the backwash water away for disposal, return the backwash water to the beginning of the treatment process, or incorporate the backwash water into the site in a manner that does not erode into runoff.

that an appropriate disposal method is available for recovered spilled materials. The Contractor must report and clean up spills immediately as required by Minn. Stat. §115.061, using dry clean up measures where possible.

properly and in compliance with MPCA rules. A sign must be installed adjacent to each washout facility that requires site personnel to utilize the proper facilities for disposal of concrete and other washout wastes.

spills, leaks or other discharge. Restricted access storage areas must be provided to prevent vandalism. Storage and disposal of hazardous materials must be in compliance with Minn. R. Ch 7045 including secondary containment

unloaded including the use of drip pans or absorbents unless infeasible. The contractor must conduct fueling in a contained area unless infeasible. The Contractor must ensure adequate supplies are available at all times to clean up discharged materials and

- Documentation of changes made to the SWPPP as required by the NPDES General Stormwater Permit for Construction Activity

Inspect erosion control devices and provide routine maintenance as follows:

- Name of person (s) conducting inspection

(1) Inspections are not required where the ground is frozen.

Date and Time of inspections

2. Provide Maintenance for all devices as follows:

Pollution Prevention Management Measures

minimize contact with stormwater.

5. No engine degreasing is allowed on site.

Dewatering and Basin Draining:

Timing of BMP Installation:

Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan:

Future Operation and Maintenance (O&M)

**AGENCY** 

**Stearns County** 

**DNR Waters** 

ACOE

State Duty Officer

SWPPP Designer

**Erosion Control Review** 

**Erosion Control Supervisor** 

DESCRIPTION

RECEIVING SURFACE WATER

Final Stabilization

Drainage Plans

Drainage Details

**Erosion Control Sheets** 

**Erosion Control Details** 

**Erosion & Sediment Control Quantities** 

Existing & Proposed Drainage Maps

(1) Records of each inspection and maintenance activity shall include:

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SWPPP NARRATIVE	
proved Project Director	

Title	Project Title			Project Number
			656-343	
PP NARRATIVE	ST CLOUD ADH AND EC SUPPORT			Building Number
d Project Director	Location ST CLOUD VA HEALTH CARE SYSTEM 4801 VETERANS DRIVE, ST. CLOUD MN 56303			}
	Date		Drawn	(i) C7.4
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PHONE NUMBER

(320) 656-3613

(320) 223-7844

(651) 290-5375

(800)422-0798

(320) 762-1290 ext. 109

(320) 762-1290 ext. 104

SHEET # OR SPECIFICATION SECTION

C4.0 & C5.0

C7.0 - C7.3

Project Manual

FULLY SPRINKLED **BID DOCUMENTS** FOR CONSTRUCTION Office of

University of Minnesota

Jordan Lillemon

Design of Construction SWPPP (May 31 2022)

Construction and Facilities Management

ADDENDUM 1 — BID AND CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS 05/29/20 evisions: Date

DATE: 12/27/2019

LICENSE #: 44223

12-27-2019

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