## St. Cloud EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades VA PROJECT NUMBER: 656-21-235

## **4801 VETERANS DRIVE ST CLOUD, MN 56303**



Veterans Health Administration

## **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS** Volume 1: DIVISIONS 00 - 14

ANDERSON ENGINEERING OF MN, LLC Project Number: 16305

Issue for **100% CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS Issued for Bidding** MARCH 30, 2022

# \land N D E R S O N

Anderson Engineering of Minnesota, LLC 13605 1st Avenue North Plymouth, MN 55441 Phone: 763-412-4000 Fax: 763-412-4090

Prepared in association with the following: **Specialized Engineering Solutions** 10360 Ellison Circle Omaha, NE 68134

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### CERTIFICATIONS PAGE

#### Architect:

I hereby certify that this plan, specification, or report was prepared by me or under my direct supervision and that I am a duly Licensed Architect under the laws of the State of Minnesota

Ton

Typed or Printed Name: <u>Tom Olesak</u> License Number: 18157

#### Professional Engineer: (Civil)

I hereby certify that this plan, specification, or report was prepared by me or under my direct supervision and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the state of Minnesota

ila J Nich

Typed or Printed Name: <u>Ian J. Weber</u> License Number: <u>55502</u>

#### Professional Engineer: (Structural)

I hereby certify that this plan, specification, or report was prepared by me or under my direct supervision and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the state of Minnesota

Typed or Printed Name: <u>Zachary D. Craig</u> License Number: 57219

CERTIFICATIONS PAGE

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#### CERTIFICATIONS PAGE

#### Professional Engineer: (Mechanical)

I hereby certify that this plan, specification, or report was prepared by me or under my direct supervision and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the state of Minnesota

At D /m

Typed or Printed Name: <u>Robert Lowe</u> License Number: <u>24706</u>

#### Professional Engineer: (Plumbing)

I hereby certify that this plan, specification, or report was prepared by me or under my direct supervision and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the state of Minnesota

alt D for

Typed or Printed Name: <u>Robert Lowe</u> License Number: <u>24706</u>

#### Professional Engineer: (Fire Protection)

I hereby certify that this plan, specification, or report was prepared by me or under my direct supervision and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the state of Minnesota

At D/we

Typed	or	Printed	Name:	Robert	Lowe			
Licens	se	Number:	24706	_	_			

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#### Professional Engineer: (Electrical)

I hereby certify that this plan, specification, or report was prepared by me or under my direct supervision and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the state of Minnesota

Alex Que

Typed or Printed Name: <u>Alexander Quast</u> License Number: <u>53095</u>

Professional Engineer: (Technology)

I hereby certify that this plan, specification, or report was prepared by me or under my direct supervision and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the state of Minnesota

Typed or Printed Name: <u>Nathan Timm</u>\_\_\_\_\_ License Number: 346555

- - - END - - -

#### DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS VHA MASTER SPECIFICATIONS

## TABLE OF CONTENTSSection000110

SECTION NO.	DIVISION AND SECTION TITLES	
	DIVISION 00 - SPECIAL SECTIONS	
00 01 15	List of Drawing Sheets	05-20
	DIVISION 01 - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS	
01 00 00	General Requirements	11-21
01 32 16.15	Project Schedules (Small Projects - Design/Bid/Build	11-21
01 33 23	Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples	06-21
01 35 26	Safety Requirements	11-21
01 42 19	Reference Standards	11-20
01 45 00	Quality Control	02-21
01 45 29	Testing Laboratory Services	11-18
01 45 35	Special Inspections	06-21
01 57 19	Temporary Environmental Controls	01-21
01 58 16	Temporary Interior Signage	07-15
01 74 19	Construction Waste Management	11-21
01 81 13	Sustainable Construction Requirements	10-17
01 91 00	General Commissioning Requirements	10-15
	DIVISION 02 - EXISTING CONDITIONS	
02 21 13	Site Surveys	01-21
02 41 00	Demolition	08-17
02 82 13.13	Glovebag Asbestos Abatement	01-21
02 82 13.19	Asbestos Floor Tile and Mastic Abatement	01-21
02 83 33.13	Lead-Based Paint Removal and Disposal	01-21
	DIVISION 03 - CONCRETE	
03 30 53	(Short-Form) Cast-in-Place Concrete	01-21
03 48 33	Precast Concrete Utility Trench	
	DIVISION 04 - MASONRY	
04 05 13	Masonry Mortaring	10-17
04 05 16	Masonry Grouting	01-21
04 20 00	Unit Masonry	08-17
04 20 00 04 72 00	Cast Stone Masonry	01-21
	DIVISION 05 - METALS	
05 31 00	Steel Decking	01-21

SECTION NO.	DIVISION AND SECTION TITLES	DATE
05 40 00	Cold-Formed Metal Framing	01-21
05 50 00	Metal Fabrications	08-18
	DIVISION 06 - WOOD, PLASTICS AND COMPOSITES	
06 10 00	Rough Carpentry	10-17
	DIVISION 07 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION	
07 01 50.19	Drononation for Do Doofing	01-21
07 01 30.19	Preparation for Re-Roofing Bituminous Dampproofing	01-21
07 13 26	Self-Adhering Sheet Waterproofing	01-21
07 14 16	Cold Fluid-Applied Waterproofing	
07 21 13	Thermal Insulation	01-21
07 22 00	Roof and Deck Insulation	01-21
07 24 00	Exterior Insulation and Finish Systems	01-21
07 27 26	Fluid-Applied Membrane Air Barrier, Vapor Permeable	01-21
07 31 13	Asphalt Shingles	02-21
07 53 23	Ethylene-Propylene-Diene-Monomer Roofing	01-21
07 60 00	Flashing and Sheet Metal	01-21
07 71 00	Roof Specialties	01-21
07 84 00	Firestopping	01-21
07 92 00	Joint Sealants	10-17
	DIVISION 08 - OPENINGS	
08 11 13	Hollow Metal Doors and Frames	01-21
08 14 00	Interior Wood Doors	01-21
08 31 13	Access Doors and Frames	01-21
08 56 66	Detention Window Screens	01-21
08 71 00	Door Hardware	01-21
	DIVISION 09 - FINISHES	
09 05 16	Subsurface Preparation for Floor Finishes	01-21
09 22 16	Non-Structural Metal Framing	06-18
09 29 00	Gypsum Board	04-20
09 30 13	Ceramic/Porcelain Tiling	01-21
09 51 00	Acoustical Ceilings	12-18
09 65 13	Resilient Base and Accessories	01-21
09 65 19	Resilient Tile Flooring	
09 65 36.13	Static Dissipative Resilient Tile Flooring	
09 91 00	Painting	01-21
	DIVISION 10 - SPECIALTIES	
10 14 00	Signage	01-21
10 22 13	Wire Mesh Partitions	01-21
10 44 13	Fire Extinguisher Cabinets	08-18

SECTION NO.	DIVISION AND SECTION TITLES	DATE
	DIVISION 21- FIRE SUPPRESSION	
21 13 13	Wet-Pipe Sprinkler Systems	06-15
	DIVISION 22 - PLUMBING	
22 05 11	Common Work Results for Plumbing	09-20
22 05 23	General-Duty Valves for Plumbing Piping	09-20
22 03 23	Plumbing Insulation	09-19
22 11 00	Facility Water Distribution	05-21
22 13 00	Facility Sanitary and Vent Piping	09-20
22 13 00	Facility Storm Drainage	09-15
	DIVISION 23 - HEATING, VENTILATING, AND AIR CONDITIONING (HVAC)	
23 05 11	Common Work Results for HVAC	02-20
23 05 93	Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing for HVAC	02-20
23 07 11	HVAC and Boiler Plant Insulation	02-20
23 21 13	Hydronic Piping	02-20
23 22 13	Steam and Condensate Heating Piping	02-20
23 23 00	Refrigerant Piping	02-20
23 31 00	HVAC Ducts and Casings	02-20
23 81 23	Computer-Room Air-Conditioners	03-20
	DIVISION 26 - ELECTRICAL	
26 05 11	Requirements for Electrical Installations	01-16
26 05 19	Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables	01-17
26 05 26	Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems	01-17
26 05 33	Raceway and Boxes for Electrical Systems	01-18
26 05 73	Overcurrent Protective Device Coordination Study	01-18
26 08 00	Commissioning of Electrical Systems	11-16
26 09 23	Lighting Controls	01-18
26 12 19	Pad-Mounted, Liquid-Filled, Medium-Voltage Transformers	01-18
26 24 16	Panelboards	01-18
26 26 00	Power Distribution Units for Static Uninterruptible	01-18
	Power Systems	
26 27 26	Wiring Devices	01-18
26 29 11	Motor Controllers	01-18
26 29 21	Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers	01-17
26 33 53.01	Static Uninterruptible Power Supply	01-17
26 33 53	Rack Mounted Uninterruptible Power Supply	
26 36 23	Automatic Transfer Switches	01-17
26 43 13	Surge Protective Devices	01-17
26 51 00	Interior Lighting	01-18

SECTION NO.	DIVISION AND SECTION TITLES	DATE
	DIVISION 27 - COMMUNICATIONS	
27 05 11	Requirements for Communications Installations	09-19
27 05 26	Grounding and Bonding for Communications Systems	06-15
27 05 33	Raceways and Boxes for Communications Systems	10-18
27 08 00	Commissioning of Communications Systems	11-16
27 10 00	Control, Communication and Signal Wiring	06-15
27 11 00	Communications Equipment Room Fittings	06-15
27 15 00	Communications Structured Cabling	01-16
	DIVISION 28 - ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY	
28 05 00	Common Work Results for Electronic Safety and Security	04-18
28 05 13	Conductors and Cables for Electronic Safety and Security	10-18
28 05 26	Grounding and Bonding for Electronic Safety and Security	09-11
28 05 28.33	Conduits and Backboxes for Electronic Safety and Security	09-11
28 16 00	Intrusion Detection System	10-11
28 31 00	Fire Detection and Alarm	10-11
	DIVISION 31 - EARTHWORK	
31 20 00	Earthwork	10-12
31 23 19	Dewatering	10-12
	DIVISION 32 - EXTERIOR IMPROVEMENTS	
32 05 23	Cement and Concrete for Exterior Improvements	08-16
32 12 16	Asphalt Paving	09-15
32 17 23	Pavement Markings	08-16
32 90 00	Planting	08-16
	DIVISION 33 - UTILITIES	
33 10 00	Water Utilities	03-17
33 40 00	Storm Sewer Utilities	12-17
	APPENDIX A	
	Appendix A - Asbestos Survey Report	

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### SECTION 00 01 15 LIST OF DRAWING SHEETS

The drawings listed below accompanying this specification form a part of the contract.

Drawing N	ю.	Title
		GENERAL - SET 1 OF 2
GIOO	00	COVER SHEET
GIOO	)1	SHEET INDEX - 1
GIOO	)2	SHEET INDEX - 2
GIOO	)3	ABBREVIATIONS
GIOO	)4	GENERAL NOTES LIFE SAFETY PHASING SCHEDULE
GIOO	)5	GENERAL NOTES AND SYMBOLS
GI10	00	SITE - OVERALL PLAN
GI10	)1	ICRA OVERVIEW PLAN
GI50		REFERENCE - ICRA DETAIL - CLASS IV CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT REFERENCE HAZARDOUS MATERIAL SITE PLAN - ASBESTOS /
HA10	-	LEAD
-		REFERENCE - EAST CORRIDORS - ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
-		REFERENCE - WEST CORRIDORS - ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
HA-T	-1A	REFERENCE - GENERAL STEAM TUNNELS - ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
		GENERAL - SET 2 OF 2
CD10	0	OVERALL DEMOLITION PLAN
CD10 CD10	-	DEMOLITION PLAN 1
CD10 CD10		DEMOLITION PLAN 2
CD10		DEMOLITION PLAN 3
CU10	-	OVERALL UTILITY PLAN
CU10	-	UTILITY PLAN 1
CU10		UTILITY PLAN 2
CU10		UTILITY PLAN 3
CP40	-	PROFILE 1
CP40		PROFILE 2
CP40	)3	PROFILE 3
CS10	00	OVERALL SITE RESTORATION PLAN
CS10	)1	SITE RESTORATION PLAN 1
CS10	)2	SITE RESTORATION PLAN 2
CS10	)3	SITE RESTORATION PLAN 3
CJ50	)1	CIVIL DETAILS
CJ50	)2	CIVIL DETAILS
AS60	00	INTERIOR SCHEDULES & SIGNAGE DETAILS

00 01 15 - 1 LIST OF DRAWING SHEETS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

AS601	BUILDING ELEMENT TYPES AND DETAILS
AS602	DOOR SCHEDULE AND ELEVATIONS
S100	STRUCTURAL TITLE SHEET
S101	STRUCTURAL NOTES
S500	FOUNDATION DETAILS
S600	MASONRY DETAILS
S700	CONCRETE DETAILS
S800	LIGHT GAUGE DETAILS
Т000	TELECOM SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS
Т800	TELECOMMUNICATION ROUTING SCHEMATIC
Т801	TELECOMMUNICATION ROUTING SCHEMATIC
Т802	TELECOMMUNICATION ROUTING SCHEMATIC
Т803	TELECOMMUNICATION ROUTING SCHEMATIC
T804	TELECOMMUNICATION DETAILS
TS001	TELECOMMUNICATION SITE PLAN
0-GE000	ELECTRICAL COVERSHEET
0-GE400	ELECTRICAL COMMON DETAILS
0-GE600	ELECTRICAL COMMON SCHEDULES

#### BUILDING 1 - SET 1 OF 2

1-GI000	BUILDING 1 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
1-GI101	BASEMENT FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
1-GI111	FIRST FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
1-GI120	SECOND FLOOR LIFE SAFETY PLAN
1-GI121	SECOND FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
1-HA-1A	REFERENCE - BASEMENT FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
1-HA-2A	REFERENCE - FIRST FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
1-на-за	REFERENCE - SECOND FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
1-HA-4A	REFERENCE - THIRD / ATTIC FLOOR ASBESOTS RE-SURVEY
1-AS100	BASEMENT FLOOR - OVERALL PLAN
1-AS110	FIRST FLOOR - OVERALL PLAN
1-AS120	SECOND FLOOR - OVERALL PLAN
1-AS130	ATTIC FLOOR - OVERALL PLAN
1-AS400	LARGE SCALE PLANS
1-AS430	BUILDING ADDITION AND ROOF PLAN
1-AS600	ELEVATIONS DETAILS SCHEDULES
1-AS601	INTERIOR PARTITION TYPES AND DETAILS
1-AS602	SECTION DETAILS
1-S120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - OVERALL
1-S130	ATTIC FLOOR PLAN - OVERALL
1-S400	LARGE SCALE PLANS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

01-E100	BASEMENT DEMOLITION - ELECTRICAL
01-E101	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION - ELECTRICAL
01-E200	BASEMENT - ELECTRICAL
01-E201	FIRST FLOOR - ELECTRICAL
01-E202	SECOND FLOOR - ELECTRICAL
01-E204	ROOF - ELECTRICAL
01-M000	MECHANICAL COVERSHEET
01-M100	BASEMENT DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL
01-M101	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL
01-M102	SECOND FLOOR DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL
01-M200	BASEMENT REMODEL - MECHANICAL
01-M201	FIRST FLOOR REMODEL - MECHANICAL
01-M202	SECOND FLOOR REMODEL - MECHANICAL
01-M400	MECHANICAL DETAILS AND DIAGRAMS
01-M600	MECHANICAL SCHEDULES

#### BUILDING 1 - SET 2 OF 2

1-TD100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
1-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
1-TD120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
1-TD130	THIRD FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
1-TN100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
1-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
1-TN120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
1-TN130	THIRD FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
1-TN200	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
1-TN210	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
1-TN220	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
1-TN230	THIRD FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
1-TN300	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS - DEMO
1-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
1-TN401	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
1-TN402	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
1-TN403	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS

#### BUILDING 2

2-GI000	BUILDING 2 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
2-GI101	BASEMENT FLOOR INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
2-HA-1A	REFERENCE - BASEMENT FLOOR - ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
2-HA-2A	REFERENCE - FIRST FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
2-на-за	REFERENCE - SECOND FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY

00 01 15 - 3 LIST OF DRAWING SHEETS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

2-AS100	BASEMENT PLANS
2-AS110	FIRST FLOOR - OVERALL PLAN
2-AS120	SECOND FLOOR - OVERALL PLAN
2-TD100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
2-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
2-TD120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
2-TD130	THIRD FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
2-TN100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
2-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
2-TN120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
2-TN130	THIRD FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
2-TN200	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
2-TN300	ENLARGED PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS - DEMO
2-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
02-E200	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL
02-E201	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL
02-E300	ELECTRICAL ENLARGED PLANS
02-E400	ELECTRICAL DIAGRAMS
02-E500	ELECTRICAL SCHEDULES
02-M100	BASEMENT AND FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL
02-M200	BASEMENT FLOOR REMODEL - MECHANICAL
02-M201	FIRST FLOOR REMODEL- MECHANICAL

3-GI000	BUILDING 3 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
3-GI111	FIRST FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
3-GI121	SECOND FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
3-на-1а	REFERENCE - BASEMENT FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
3-на-2а	REFERENCE - FIRST FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
3-на-за	REFERENCE - SECOND FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
3-HA-4A	REFERENCE - THIRD FLOOR / ATTIC ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
3-AS110	BASEMENT AND FIRST FLOOR PLANS
3-AS120	SECOND FLOOR AND ATTIC PLANS
3-TD100	BASEMENT & FIRST FLOOR PLANS - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
3-TD120	SECOND & THIRD FLOOR PLANS - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
3-TN100	BASEMENT & FIRST FLOOR PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
3-TN120	SECOND & THIRD FLOOR PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
3-TN210	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
3-TN220	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
3-TN300	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS - DEMO
3-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

3-TN401	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
03-E200	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL
03-E201	FIRST FLOOR - ELECTRICAL
03-E202	SECOND FLOOR - ELECTRICAL
03-E300	ELECTRICAL ENLARGED PLANS
03-E400	ELECTRICAL RISER DIAGRAMS
03-E500	ELECTRICAL SCHEDULES
03-M101	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL
03-M102	SECOND FLOOR DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL
03-M201	FIRST FLOOR - MECHANICAL
03-M202	SECOND FLOOR REMODEL - MECHANICAL

4-GI000	BUILDING 4 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
4-GI100	BASEMENT LIFE SAFETY PLAN
4-GI101	BASEMENT FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
4-GI111	FIRST FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
4-GI121	SECOND FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
4-HA-1A	REFERENCE - BASEMENT FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
4-HA-2A	REFERENCE - FIRST FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
4-HA-3A	REFERENCE - SECOND FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
4-AS100	BASEMENT FLOOR - OVERALL PLANS
4-AS110	FIRST FLOOR - OVERALL PLANS
4-AS120	SECOND FLOOR - OVERALL PLANS
4-AS400	LARGE SCALE PLANS
4-TD100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
4-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
4-TD120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
4-TN100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
4-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
4-TN120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
4-TN200	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
4-TN210	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
4-TN220	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
4-TN300	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS - DEMO
4-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
4-TN401	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
4-TN402	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
4-TN403	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
4-TN500	ONE-LINE DIAGRAM
4-TN501	PANEL SCHEDULES

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL - EAST
FIRST FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL - EAST
SECOND FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL - EAST
ELECTRICAL ENLARGED PLANS
ELECTRICAL ONE-LINE DIAGRAMS
ELECTRICAL SCHEDULES
BASEMENT DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL - AREA B
FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL - AREA B
BASEMENT FLOOR - MECHANICAL - AREA B
FIRST FLOOR - MECHANICAL
FIRST FLOOR - MECHANICAL - AREA B
MECHANICAL SCHEDULES

#### BUILDING 5

5-GI000	BUILDING 5 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
5-GI110	FIRST LEVEL LIFE SAFETY PLAN
5-GI111	FIRST FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
5-AS110	FIRST FLOOR PLANS
5-AS500	SECTIONS DETAILS
5-AS600	ELEVATIONS DETAILS
5-S110	FIRST FLOOR PLANS
5-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
5-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
5-TN210	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
5-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
5-TN300	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS - DEMO
05-E200	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL
05-E300	ELECTRICAL ENLARGED PLANS
05-E400	ELECTRICAL ONE-LINE DIAGRAMS
05-E500	ELECTRICAL SCHEDULES
05-M101	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL
05-M201	FIRST FLOOR REMODEL - MECHANICAL

#### BUILDING 6

6-GI000	BUILDING 6 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
6-HA-1A	REFERENCE - FIRST FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
6-AS110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - OVERALL
6-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
6-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS

#### BUILDING 7 & 13

00 01 15 - 6 LIST OF DRAWING SHEETS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

7-GI000	BUILDINGS 7 & 13 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
7-GI001	FIRST FLOOR LIFE SAFETY PLAN
7-GI111	FIRST FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
7-HA-1A	REFERENCE - FIRST FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
7-HA-2A	REFERENCE - SECOND FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
13-HA-1A	REFERENCE - FIRST FLOOR - ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
7-AS110	FIRST FLOOR PLANS
7-S110	FIRST FLOOR PLANS
7-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
7-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
7-TN210	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
7-TN300	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS - DEMO
7-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
07-E100	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION PLAN - ELECTRICAL
07-E200	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL
07-E300	ELECTRICAL ENLARGED PLANS
07-E500	ELECTRICAL ONE-LINE DIAGRAMS
07-E600	ELECTRICAL SCHEDULES
07-M101	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL
07-M201	FIRST FLOOR REMODEL - MECHANICAL

8-GI000	BUILDING 8 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
8-GI111	FIRST FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
8-HA-1A	REFERENCE - BASEMENT FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
8-HA-2A	REFERENCE - FIRST FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
8-HA-3A	REFERENCE - SECOND FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
8-HA-4A	REFERENCE - ATTIC ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
8-AS100	BASEMENT FLOOR - OVERALL PLAN
8-AS110	FIRST FLOOR PLANS
8-AS120	SECOND FLOOR - OVERALL PLAN
8-TD101	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
8-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
8-TN101	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
8-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
8-TN200	FIRST LEVEL FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
8-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
08-E100	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION PLAN - ELECTRICAL
08-E200	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL
08-E201	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL
08-E300	ELECTRICAL ENLARGED PLANS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

08-E400	ELECTRICAL ONE-LINE DIAGRAMS
08-E500	ELECTRICAL SCHEDULES
08-M101	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL
08-M201	FIRST FLOOR REMODEL - MECHANICAL

#### BUILDING 9

9-GI000	BUILDING 9 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
9-GI110	FIRST FLOOR LIFE SAFETY PLAN
9-GI111	FIRST FLOOR INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
9-HA-1A	REFERENCE - BASEMENT FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
9-HA-2A	REFERENCE - FIRST FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
9-на-за	REFERENCE - SECOND FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
9-HA-4A	REFERENCE - ATTIC FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
9-AS100	BASEMENT FIRST AND SECOND FLOOR PLANS
9-TD100	FLOOR PLANS - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
9-TN100	FLOOR PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
9-TN210	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
9-TN300	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS - DEMO
9-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
09-E100	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION - ELECTRICAL
09-E200	BASEMENT - ELECTRICAL
09-E201	FIRST FLOOR - ELECTRICAL
09-E300	ELECTRICAL ENLARGED PLANS
09-E500	ELECTRICAL ONE-LINE DIAGRAMS
09-E600	ELECTRICAL SCHEDULES
09-M101	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL
09-M201	FIRST FLOOR REMODEL - MECHANICAL

10-GI000	BUILDING 10 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
10-GI101	BASEMENT FLOOR INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
10-HA-1A	REFERENCE - BASEMENT FLOOR - ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
10-HA-2A	REFERENCE - FIRST FLOOR - ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
10-HA-3A	REFERENCE - SECOND FLOOR - ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
10-AS100	BASEMENT FIRST AND SECOND FLOOR PLANS
10-TD100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLANS - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
10-TN100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
10-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
10-TD120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
10-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
10-TN120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

10-TN200	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
10-TN300	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS - DEMO
10-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
10-E200	BASEMENT - ELECTRICAL
10-E201	FIRST FLOOR - ELECTRICAL
10-E300	ELECTRICAL ENLARGED PLANS
10-E500	ELECTRICAL ONE-LINE DIAGRAMS
10-E600	ELECTRICAL SCHEDULES
10-M100	BASEMENT DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL
10-M200	BASEMENT FLOOR - MECHANICAL

#### BUILDING 11

11-GI000	BUILDING 11 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
11-GI101	BASEMENT FLOOR INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
11-на-1а	REFERENCE - BASEMENT FIRST FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
11-на-2а	REFERENCE - SECOND ATTIC FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
11-AS100	BASEMENT FIRST AND SECOND FLOOR PLANS
11-TD100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
11-TN100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
11-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
11-TD120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
11-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
11-TN120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
11-TN200	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
11-TN300	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS - DEMO
11-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
11-E200	BASEMENT - ELECTRICAL
11-E300	ELECTRICAL ENLARGED PLANS
11-E600	ELECTRICAL SCHEDULES
11-M100	BASEMENT DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL
11-M200	BASEMENT FLOOR - MECHANICAL

14-GI000	BUILDING 14 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
14-GI111	FIRST FLOOR INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
14-HA-1A	REFERENCE - BASEMENT FIRST FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
14-AS110	FIRST FLOOR PLANS
14-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
14-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
14-TN210	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
14-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

14-E101	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION - ELECTRICAL
14-E201	FIRST FLOOR - ELECTRICAL
14-E300	ELECTRICAL ENLARGED PLANS
14-E400	ELECTRICAL ONE-LINE DIAGRAMS
14-E500	ELECTRICAL SCHEDULES
14-M101	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION PLAN - MECHANICAL
14-M201	FIRST FLOOR PLAN REMODEL - MECHANICAL

28-GI000	BUILDING 28 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
28-GI100	BASEMENT FLOOR - LIFE SAFETY PLAN
28-GI101	BASEMENT FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
28-HA-1A	REFERENCE - BASEMENT FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
28-HA-2A	REFERENCE - FIRST FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
28-HA-3A	REFERENCE - SECOND FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
28-HA-4A	REFERENCE - ATTIC FLOOR FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
28-AS100	BASEMENT FLOOR - OVERALL PLAN
28-AS110	FIRST FLOOR - OVERALL PLAN
28-AS120	SECOND FLOOR - OVERALL PLAN
28-AS400	LARGE SCALE PLANS
28-S100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - OVERALL
28-S110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - OVERALL
28-S400	LARGE SCALE PLANS
28-TD100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
28-TD110	FIRSTFLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
28-TD120	SECONDFLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
28-TN100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
28-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
28-TN120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
28-TN200	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
28-TN300	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS - DEMO
28-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
28-TN401	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
28-E200	BASEMENT - ELECTRICAL
28-E201	FIRST FLOOR - ELECTRICAL
28-E300	ELECTRICAL ENLARGED PLANS
28-E400	ELECTRICAL ONE-LINE DIAGRAMS
28-E500	ELECTRICAL SCHEDULES
28-M100	BASEMENT DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL
28-M200	BASEMENT REMODEL - MECHANICAL
28-M201	FIRST FLOOR REMODEL - MECHANICAL

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### BUILDING 29

29-GI000	BUILDING 29 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
29-GI101	BASEMENT FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
29-GI111	FIRST FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
29-HA-1A	REFERENCE - BASEMENT FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
29-HA-2A	REFERENCE - FIRST FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
29-HA-3A	REFERENCE - SECOND FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
29-HA-4A	REFERENCE - ATTIC FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
29-AS100	BASEMENT PLANS
29-AS110	FIRST FLOOR PLANS
29-AS120	SECOND FLOOR - OVERALL PLAN
29-TD100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
29-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
29-TD120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
29-TD130	ATTIC FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
29-TN100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
29-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
29-TN120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
29-TN130	ATTIC FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
29-TN200	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
29-TN210	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
29-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
29-TN401	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
29-E200	BASEMENT - ELECTRICAL
29-E201	FIRST FLOOR - ELECTRICAL
29-E300	ELECTRICAL ENLARGED PLANS
29-M100	BASEMENT DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL
29-M101	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL
29-M200	BASEMENT FLOOR - MECHANICAL
29-M201	FIRST FLOOR REMODEL - MECHANICAL

#### BUILDING 48

48-GI000	BUILDING 48 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
48-GI110	FIRST FLOOR - LIFE SAFETY PLAN
48-GI111	FIRST FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
48-GI121	SECOND FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
48-HA-1A	REFERENCE - CRAWLSPACE FLOOR - ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
48-HA-2A	REFERENCE - BASEMENT FLOOR - ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
48-HA-3A	REFERENCE - FIRST FLOOR - ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
48-HA-4A	REFERENCE - SECOND FLOOR - ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY

00 01 15 - 11 LIST OF DRAWING SHEETS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

48-HA-5A	REFERENCE - THIRD ATTIC FLOOR - ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
48-AS100	BASEMENT FLOOR - OVERALL PLAN
48-AS110	FIRST FLOOR PLANS
48-AS120	SECOND FLOOR PLANS
48-TD100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
48-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
48-TD120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
48-TD130	ATTIC FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
48-TN100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
48-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
48-TN120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
48-TN130	ATTIC FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
48-TN210	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
48-TN220	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
48-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
48-TN401	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
48-E200	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL
48-E201	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL
48-E202	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL
48-E300	ELECTRICAL ENLARGED PLANS
48-E500	ELECTRICAL ONE-LINE DIAGRAMS
48-E600	ELECTRICAL SCHEDULES
48-M101	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION PLAN - MECHANICAL
48-M102	SECOND FLOOR DEMOLITION PLAN - MECHANICAL
48-M201	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - MECHANICAL
48-M202	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - MECHANICAL

49-GI000	BUILDING 49 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
49-GI101	BASEMENT FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
49-HA-1A	REFERENCE - CRAWLSPACE FLOOR - ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
49-HA-2A	REFERENCE - BASEMENT FLOOR - ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
49-HA-3A	REFERENCE - FIRST FLOOR - ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
49-HA-4A	REFERENCE - SECOND FLOOR - ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
49-AS100	BASEMENT PLANS
49-AS110	FIRST FLOOR - OVERALL PLAN
49-AS120	SECOND FLOOR - OVERALL PLAN
49-TD100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
49-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
49-TD120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
49-TN100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

49-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
49-TN120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
49-TN200	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN -TELECOM -CABLE DISTANCE
49-TN300	ENLARGED PLANS -TELECOMMUNICATIONS - DEMO
49-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
49-E200	BASEMENT - ELECTRICAL
49-E201	FIRST FLOOR - ELECTRICAL
49-E300	ELECTRICAL ENLARGED PLANS
49-E500	ELECTRICAL ONE-LINE DIAGRAMS
49-E600	ELECTRICAL SCHEDULES
49-M100	BASEMENT DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL
49-M200	BASEMENT - MECHANICAL

50-GI000	BUILDING 50 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
50-GI101	FIRST FLOOR INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
50-на-1а	REFERENCE - CRAWLSPACE FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
50-на-2а	REFERENCE - BASEMENT FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
50-на-за	REFERENCE - FIRST FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
50-HA-4A	REFERENCE - SECOND FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
50-на-5а	REFERENCE - ATTIC FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
50-AS100	BASEMENT PLANS
50-AS110	FIRST FLOOR - OVERALL PLAN
50-AS120	SECOND FLOOR - OVERALL PLAN
50-TD100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
50-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
50-TD120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
50-TN100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
50-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
50-TN120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
50-TN200	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
50-TN300	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS - DEMO
50-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
50-E100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL
50-E101	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL
50-E300	ENLARGED PLANS - ELECTRICAL
50-E500	ELECTRICAL POWER DIAGRAMS
50-E600	ELECTRICAL SCHEDULES
50-M100	BASEMENT DEMOLITION PLAN - MECHANICAL
50-M200	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - MECHANICAL

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### BUILDING 51

51-GI000	BUILDING 51 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
51-GI101	BASEMENT FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
51-GI111	FIRST FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
51-на-1а	REFERENCE - SUBBASEMENT FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
51-на-2а	REFERENCE - BASEMENT FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
51-на-за	REFERENCE - FIRST FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
51-на-4а	REFERENCE - SECOND FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
51-AS100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLANS
51-AS110	FIRST FLOOR - OVERALL PLAN
51-AS120	SECOND FLOOR - OVERALL PLAN
51-TD100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL DEMOLITION
51-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL DEMOLITION
51-TD120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL DEMOLITION
51-TN100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
51-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
51-TN120	SECOND FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
51-TN200	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
51-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
51-E100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL
51-E101	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL
51-E300	ENLARGED PLANS - ELECTRICAL
51-E500	ELECTRICAL DIAGRAMS
51-E600	ELECTRICAL SCHEDULES
51-M100	BASEMENT DEMOLITION PLAN - MECHANICAL
51-M200	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - MECHANICAL

#### BUILDINGS 54 & 69

54-GI000	BUILDINGS	54	& 69	OVER	SHEET	&	SHEET	INDEX
54-HA-1A	REFERENCE	-	FIRS	FLOOR	ASBEST	ros	S RE-SU	JRVEY
54-AS110	FIRST FLOO	DR	PLANS	5				

#### BUILDINGS 95 & 88

95-GI000	BUILDINGS 95 & 88 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
95-GI111	FIRST FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
88-HA-1A	REFERENCE - FIRST FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
95-HA-1A	REFERENCE - FIRST FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
95-AS100	FIRST FLOOR PLANS (BUILDING 95 & 88) FIRST FLOOR PLAN (BUILDING 88 & 95) - TELECOM -
95-TD110	DEMOLITION
95-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN (BUILDING 88 & 95) - TELECOMMUNICATION

00 01 15 - 14 LIST OF DRAWING SHEETS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

95-TN210	FIRST FLOOR PLAN (BUILDING 88 & 95) - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
95-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS (BUILDING 95) - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
95-E201	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL
95-E600	ELECTRICAL SCHEDULES

#### BUILDING 96

96-GI000	BUILDING 96 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
96-GI111	FIRST FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
96-HA-1A	REFERENCE - FIRST FLOOR ASBESTOS RE-SURVEY
96-AS110	FIRST FLOOR PLANS
96-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
96-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
96-TN210	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
96-TN300	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS - DEMO
96-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
96-E201	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL

BUILDING 108							
108-GI000	BUILDING 108 COVER	R SHEET & SHEET INDEX					
108-AS110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN -	• OVERALL					

#### BUILDINGS 109 & 57

109-GI000	BUILDINGS 109 & 57 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
109-GI111	FIRST FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
109-AS110	FIRST FLOOR PLANS (BUILDINGS 109 & 57)
109-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
109-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
109-TN210	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
109-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS (B57 AND B109) - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
109-E201	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL
109-M101	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL
109-M201	FIRST FLOOR REMODEL - MECHANICAL

#### BUILDING 111

111-GI000	BUILDING 111 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
111-GI101	BASEMENT FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
111-GI111	FIRST FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
111-AS100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLANS
111-AS110	FIRST FLOOR PLANS
111-TD100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
111-TN100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS

00 01 15 - 15 LIST OF DRAWING SHEETS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

111-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
111-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
111-TN210	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
111-TN200	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
111-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
111-TN401	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
111-E200	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL
111-E201	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL
111-E300	ELECTRICAL ENLARGED PLANS

#### BUILDING 112

112-GI000	BUILDING 112 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
112-AS110	FIRST FLOOR PLANS

#### BUILDING 115

115-GI000	BUILDING 115 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
115-GI111	FIRST FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
115-AS110	FIRST FLOOR PLANS
115-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
115-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
115-TN210	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
115-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
115-E201	FIRST FLOOR - ELECTRICAL
115-E300	ELECTRICAL ENLARGED PLANS
115-M101	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL
115-M201	FIRST FLOOR - MECHANICAL

#### BUILDING 116

116-GI000	BUILDING 116 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX
116-GI111	FIRST FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN
116-AS110	FIRST FLOOR PLANS
116-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - DEMOLITION
116-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
116-TN210	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE
116-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS
116-E201	FIRST FLOOR - ELECTRICAL
116-E300	ELECTRICAL ENLARGED PLANS
116-M101	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL
116-M201	FIRST FLOOR REMODEL - MECHANICAL

#### BUILDING 118

00 01 15 - 16 LIST OF DRAWING SHEETS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

118-GI000	BUILDING 118 COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX								
118-GI101	BASEMENT FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN								
118-GI111	FIRST FLOOR - INFECTION CONTROL & PHASING PLAN								
118-AS100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLANS								
118-AS110	FIRST FLOOR PLANS								
118-TD100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL DEMOLITION								
118-TN100	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS								
118-TD110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL DEMOLITION								
118-TN110	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOMMUNICATIONS								
118-TN200	BASEMENT FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE								
118-TN210	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - TELECOM - CABLE DISTANCE								
118-TN400	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS								
118-TN401	ENLARGED PLANS - TELECOMMUNICATIONS								
118-E200	BASEMENT - ELECTRICAL								
118-E201	FIRST FLOOR - ELECTRICAL								
118-E300	ELECTRICAL ENLARGED PLANS								
118-E400	ELECTRICAL ONE-LINE DIAGRAMS								
118-E500	ELECTRICAL SCHEDULES								
118-M100	BASEMENT DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL								
118-M101	FIRST FLOOR DEMOLITION - MECHANICAL								
118-M200	BASEMENT FLOOR - MECHANICAL								
118-M201	FIRST FLOOR - MECHANICAL								
	CONSTRUCT ADULT DAY HEALTH CARE								
FB1-GI000	CONSTRUCT ADULT DAY HEALTH CARE COVER SHEET & SHEET INDEX								
FB1-AS110	FIRST FLOOR - OVERALL PLAN								
LDT_V2TT0	LIK91 LIOOK - OAFKUTI LIVN								

#### CONSTRUCT PARKING STRUCTURE

FB2-GI000	CONSTRUCT	PARKING	STRUCTURE	COVER	SHEET	&	SHEET	INDEX
FB2-AS110	FIRST FLOO	DR – OVER	RALL PLAN					

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VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### SECTION 01 00 00 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

#### GENERAL

#### 1.1 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

A. Refer to section 01 35 26, SAFETY REQUIREMENTS for safety and infection control requirements.

#### 1.2 GENERAL INTENTION

- A. Contractor shall completely prepare site for building operations, including demolition and removal of existing structures, and furnish labor and materials and perform work for EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 656-21-235 as required by drawings and specifications.
- B. Visits to the site by Bidders may be made in accordance with what is listed in the solicitation and at the discretion of the Contracting Officer.
- C. Offices of Anderson Engineering, as Architect-Engineers, will render certain technical services during construction. Such services shall be considered as advisory to the Government and shall not be construed as expressing or implying a contractual act of the Government without affirmations by Contracting Officer or his duly authorized representative.
- D. Before placement and installation of work subject to tests by Contractor retained testing company, the Contractor shall notify the COR in sufficient time to enable testing laboratory personnel to be present at the site in time for proper taking and testing of specimens and field inspection. Such prior notice shall be not less than three workdays unless otherwise designated by the COR.
- E. All employees of general contractor and subcontractors shall comply with VA security management program and obtain permission of the VA police, be identified by project and employer, and restricted from unauthorized access.
- F. The Key Personnel assigned by the contractor for the performance of work on this contract shall be acceptable to VA in terms of

#### 01 00 00 -1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

personal and professional conduct and technical knowledge. Should the assignment to this contract of any person by the contractor be deemed to conflict with the interests of VA, or in the event performance is deemed to be unsatisfactory at any time during the life of the contract, the Contracting Officer may notify the contractor and request the person be removed from the assignment. The reason for removal will be documented and a request to receive key personnel replacement within three (3) business days of the notification will be made. Replacement of key personnel qualifications shall be equal to or greater than those of the key personnel being replaced. Employment and staffing difficulties will not be justification for failure to meet established schedules. The contractor is required to submit a resume with qualifications for the proposed replacement which shall be approved by the COR and CO prior to the replacement starting work.

#### 1.3 STATEMENT OF BID ITEM(S)

A. ITEM I, GENERAL CONSTRUCTION: BASE BID: Work includes general construction, alterations, roads, walks, grading, drainage, necessary removal of existing structures, and construction and certain other items.

#### 1.4 SPECIFICATIONS AND DRAWINGS FOR CONTRACTOR

A. Drawings and contract documents may be obtained from the website where the solicitation is posted. Additional copies will be at Contractor's expense.

#### 1.5 CONSTRUCTION SECURITY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Security Plan:
  - The security plan defines both physical and administrative security procedures that will remain effective for the entire duration of the project.
  - 2. The General Contractor is responsible for assuring that all sub-contractors working on the project and their employees also comply with these regulations.
- B. Security Procedures:

#### 01 00 00 -2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- General Contractor's employees shall not enter the project site without appropriate badge. They may also be subject to inspection of their personal effects when entering or leaving the project site.
- 2. Before starting work the General Contractor shall give one week's notice to the Contracting Officer so that security escort or arrangements can be provided for the employees. This notice is separate from any notices required for utility shutdown described later in this section.
- 3. No photography of VA premises is allowed without written permission of the Contracting Officer. Patients and staff are not to be photographed at any time.
- 4. VA reserves the right to close down or shut down the project site and order General Contractor's employees off the premises in the event of a national emergency. The General Contractor may return to the site only with the written approval of the Contracting Officer.
- 5. All contractor and subcontractor employees working on this project are subject to a background investigation. VA has the right to refuse to badge any employee that does not pass the background investigation. It is expected that the contractor will have the employee scheduled for the issuance of a badge well in advance of starting work. Due to the badge process, the employee will not be able come to the VA, receive badge, and conduct work on same day. There will be a \$200 fine for badges issued and not returned upon completion of project.
- 6. Contractor and subcontractor employees that will work on VA property shall submit the following information to the Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) when requesting a badge:
  - a. First, middle and last name (Legal name, as shown on picture ID)
  - b. Date of Birth (DOB)
  - c. Social Security Number (SSN)

### 01 00 00 -3 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- d. Height
- e. Eye Color
- f. Hair Color
- g. Name of Firm or Company
- h. VA Contract Number
- i. VA Project Name
- j. Name of COR
- C. Key Control:
  - The General Contractor shall provide duplicate keys and lock combinations to the Contracting officers representative (COR) for the purpose of security inspections of every area of project including tool boxes and parked machines and take any emergency action.
  - The General Contractor shall turn over all permanent lock cylinders to the VA locksmith for permanent installation. See Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE and coordinate.
  - 3. VA construction core keys will be issued to the contractor as deemed necessary by the COR. All keys must be returned when no longer needed or upon completion of the contract. There will be a \$25 charge for each key not returned at the end of the contract. Should VA security be compromised as a result of failure to return a key(s), there will be an additional charge to the contractor of \$25 for each door re-cored. There will be a \$60 charge for any VA padlocks not returned by the contractor.
- D. Document Control:
  - Before starting any work, the General Contractor/Sub Contractors shall submit an electronic security memorandum describing the approach to following goals and maintaining confidentiality of "sensitive information".
  - 2. The General Contractor is responsible for safekeeping of all drawings, project manual and other project information. This information shall be shared only with those with a specific need to accomplish the project.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 3. Certain documents, sketches, videos or photographs and drawings may be marked "Law Enforcement Sensitive" or "Sensitive Unclassified". Secure such information in separate containers and limit the access to only those who will need it for the project. Return the information to the Contracting Officer upon request.
- These security documents shall not be removed or transmitted from the project site without the written approval of Contracting Officer.
- 5. All paper waste or electronic media such as CD's and diskettes shall be shredded and destroyed in a manner acceptable to the VA.
- Notify Contracting Officer and Site Security Officer immediately when there is a loss or compromise of "sensitive information".
- All electronic information shall be stored in specified location following VA standards and procedures using an Engineering Document Management Software (EDMS).
  - a) Security, access and maintenance of all project drawings, both scanned and electronic shall be performed and tracked through the EDMS system.
  - b) "Sensitive information" including drawings and other documents may be attached to e-mail provided all VA encryption procedures are followed.
- E. Motor Vehicle Restrictions
  - Vehicle authorization request shall be required for any vehicle entering the site and such request shall be submitted 24 hours before the date and time of access. Access shall be restricted to picking up and dropping off materials and supplies.
  - Parking permits are required. A limited number of permits shall be issued for General Contractor and its employees. Contractor may park only in designated areas only. Contractor to coordinate with Contracting Officers Representative.

#### 01 00 00 -5 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

F. The existing EST FireWorks graphic command center, located in Building 7, shall be modified to include graphica displays of modified Buildings, using the FireWorks map view port capability. A graphical display of St. Cloud VA campus building layout shall be the default map viewport file. Additional map viewports for all levels of a remodeled buildings shall be programmed also. All alarm, supervisory and trouble device locations shall be mapped to both the campus building layout view and to the associated building floor plan on which the device is located.

#### 1.6 OPERATIONS AND STORAGE AREAS (FAR 52.236-10)

- A. The Contractor shall confine all operations (including storage of materials) on Government premises to areas authorized or approved by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall hold and save the Government, its officers and agents, free and harmless from liability of any nature occasioned by the Contractor's performance.
- B. Temporary buildings (e.g., storage sheds, shops, offices) and utilities may be erected by the Contractor only with the approval of the Contracting Officer and shall be built with labor and materials furnished by the Contractor without expense to the Government. The temporary buildings and utilities shall remain the property of the Contractor and shall be removed by the Contractor at its expense upon completion of the work. With the written consent of the Contracting Officer, the buildings and utilities may be abandoned and need not be removed.
- C. The Contractor shall, under regulations prescribed by the Contracting Officer, use only established roadways, or use temporary roadways constructed by the Contractor when and as authorized by the Contracting Officer. When materials are transported in prosecuting the work, vehicles shall not be loaded beyond the loading capacity recommended by the manufacturer of the vehicle or prescribed by any Federal, State, or local law or regulation. When it is necessary to cross curbs or sidewalks, the Contractor shall protect them from damage. The Contractor shall

01 00 00 -6 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS repair or pay for the repair of any damaged curbs, sidewalks, or roads.

- D. Working space and space available for storing materials shall be as determined by the COR.
- E. Execute work so as to interfere as little as possible with normal functioning of Medical Center as a whole, including operations of utility services, fire protection systems and any existing equipment, and with work being done by others. Use of equipment and tools that transmit vibrations and noises through the building structure, are not permitted in buildings that are occupied, during construction, jointly by patients or medical personnel, and Contractor's personnel, except as permitted by COR where required by limited working space.
  - Do not store materials and equipment in other than assigned areas.
  - 2. Schedule delivery of materials and equipment to immediate construction working areas within buildings in use by Department of Veterans Affairs in quantities sufficient for not more than two work days. Provide unobstructed access to Medical Center areas required to remain in operation.
  - 3. Where access by Medical Center personnel to vacated portions of buildings is not required, storage of Contractor's materials and equipment will be permitted subject to fire and safety requirements.
- F. Utilities Services: Where necessary to cut existing pipes, electrical wires, conduits, cables, etc., of utility services, or of fire protection systems or communications systems (except telephone), they shall be cut and capped at suitable places where shown; or, in absence of such indication, where directed by COR. All such actions shall be coordinated with the COR or Utility Company involved:
  - Whenever it is required that a connection fee be paid to a public utility provider for new permanent service to the construction project, for such items as water, sewer,

#### 01 00 00 -7 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

electricity, gas or steam, payment of such fee shall be the responsibility of the Government and not the Contractor.

#### G. Phasing:

- 1. The Medical Center must maintain its operation 24 hours a day 7 days a week. Therefore, any interruption in service must be scheduled and coordinated with the COR to ensure that no lapses in operation occur. It is the CONTRACTOR'S responsibility to develop a work plan and schedule detailing, at a minimum, the procedures to be employed, the equipment and materials to be used, the interim life safety measure to be used during the work, and a schedule defining the duration of the work with milestone subtasks.
  - a. Electronic Health Record Modernization (EHRM) standards as outlined in the Veteran Affairs Office of Information and Technology Infrastructure Standard for Telecommunication Spaces.
  - b. Work on the EHRM Upgrades to the entire St Cloud Campus should assume a long time period, with the potential for multiple mobilizations/demobilizations.
  - c. Work to consider additional cost potential to maintain operations and provide an acceptable sequencing to the service lines.
  - d. Main Computer Room (MCR) (a.k.a. Data Center) and Telecom Room (TR) construction/upgrades/decommissioning may assume a building-by-building, or portion of building, sequence dependent on the availability of the service lines.
  - e. Fiber paths, in both outside and inside plant, may assume a sequence of either campus wide, or segment-by-segment, emplacement or displacement.
  - f. The following brief description is a general outline of possible sequencing:
    - Upgrade existing MCR per telecommunication and electrical drawings or specifications.

#### 01 00 00 -8 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- 2) Construct outside plant, where directed, to provide pathways for primary and redundant site fiber loops from upgraded MCR to directed TRs. Maintain the existing fiber feeds from the MCR until decommissioning of non-EHRM standard information technology closets and data rooms (ITCL).
- 3) Modify inside plant, where directed, to provide pathways for primary and redundant site fiber loops from the MCR to directed TRs. Maintain the existing fiber feeds from the MCR until decommissioning of non-EHRM standard information technology closets and data rooms.
- 4) Construct new telecommunications rooms to EHRM standards. Three sections (West, Center, and East) will occur simultaneously on a building-by-building phase. Night and Day construction by building is directed in drawings. Where directed upgrade existing ITCL to EHRM standard TRs.
  - a) Emplace Infection Control Risk Assessment (ICRA) and interim life safety measures, where required.
  - b) Construct/upgrade Architectural Standards and Space Design, where directed.
    - (a) Construct additions.
    - (b) Upgrade partitions to 1 hour fire and smoke barrier.
    - (c) Upgrade doors.
    - (d) Construct leak prevention barrier to TR paritions adjacent to wet spaces
    - (e) Upgrade finishes.
  - c) Construct/upgrade Electrical Power and Grounding Standards, where directed.
    - (a) Provide A/B power panels.
    - (b) Provide grounding in new and existing-to-remain rooms.

#### 01 00 00 -9 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- (c) Power all telecommunications room loads from the new panels.
- d) Construct/upgrade Mechanical and Environment
  - Conditioning Standards and Monitoring, where directed.
  - (a) Provide HVAC upgrades
  - (b) Provide plumbing upgrades and overhead leak diverters
  - (c) Provide fire suppression upgrades
- e) Construct/upgrade Telecommunication Standards, where directed.
  - (a) Route new primary and redundant fiber to new telecommunications rooms.
  - (b) In existing to remain telecommunications rooms, route the redundant fiber backbone from the MCR.
  - (c) Maintain the existing rooms and fiber backbone cabling until the area being served by each respective telecommunications room has been recabled.
- f) Construct/upgrade, Room identification, where directed.
- g) Displace ICRA and interim life safety measures provided.
- 5) Decommission non-EHRM standard ITCL.
  - a) Emplace ICRA and interim life safety measures, where required.
  - b) Modify room as directed by COR //to storage// in all applicable standards
    - (a) Architectural Standards
    - (b) Electrical Standards
    - (c) Mechanical and Environment Conditioning Standards
    - (d) Telecommunication Standards
  - c) Modify Room identification, where required.
  - d) Displace ICRA and interim life safety measures provided.

#### 01 00 00 -10 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

e) Remove abandoned inside and outside plant.
2. To ensure such executions, Contractor shall furnish the COR with a schedule of approximate dates on which the Contractor intends to accomplish work in each specific area of site, building or portion thereof. In addition, Contractor shall notify the COR two weeks in advance of the proposed date of starting work in each specific area of site, building or portion thereof. Arrange such dates to ensure accomplishment of this work in successive phases mutually agreeable to Medical Center Director, COR, and Contractor.

- H. Buildings will be occupied during performance of work; but immediate areas of alterations will be vacated.
  - 1. Contractor shall take all measures and provide all material necessary for protecting existing equipment and property in affected areas of construction against dust and debris, so that equipment and affected areas to be used in the Medical Centers operations will not be hindered. Contractor shall permit access to Department of Veterans Affairs personnel and patients through other construction areas which serve as routes of access to such affected areas and equipment. These routes whether access or egress shall be isolated from the construction area by temporary partitions and have walking surfaces, lighting etc. to facilitate patient and staff access. Coordinate alteration work in areas occupied by Department of Veterans Affairs so that Medical Center operations will continue during the construction period.
  - Immediate areas of alterations not mentioned in preceding Subparagraph 1 will be temporarily vacated while alterations are performed.
- I. Construction Fence: Before construction operations begin, Contractor shall provide a chain link construction fence, 2.1m (seven feet) minimum height, around the construction area indicated on the drawings. Provide gates as required for access with necessary hardware, including hasps and padlocks. Fasten

## 01 00 00 -11 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

fence fabric to terminal posts with tension bands and to line posts and top and bottom rails with tie wires spaced at maximum 375mm (15 inches). Bottom of fences shall extend to 25mm (one inch) above grade. All construction temporary fencing areas shall include at least (1) man gate with panic hardware to egress the construction site. All staging area, construction area and other fencing activities shall be at least 5' back from sidewalks and roadways. Remove the fence when directed by COR.

- J. When a building and/or construction site is turned over to Contractor, Contractor shall accept entire responsibility including upkeep and maintenance therefore:
  - Contractor shall maintain a minimum temperature of 4 degrees C (40 degrees F) at all times, except as otherwise specified.
  - 2. Contractor shall maintain in operating condition existing fire protection and alarm equipment. In connection with fire alarm equipment, Contractor shall make arrangements for pre-inspection of site with Fire Department or Company (Department of Veterans Affairs or municipal) whichever will be required to respond to an alarm from Contractor's employee or watchman.
- K. Utilities Services: Maintain existing utility services for Medical Center at all times. Provide temporary facilities, labor, materials, equipment, connections, and utilities to assure uninterrupted services. Where necessary to cut existing water, steam, gases, sewer or air pipes, or conduits, wires, cables, etc. of utility services or of fire protection systems and communications systems (including telephone), they shall be cut and capped at suitable places where shown; or, in absence of such indication, where directed by COR.
  - No utility service such as water, gas, steam, sewers or electricity, or fire protection systems and communications systems may be interrupted without prior approval of COR. Electrical work shall be accomplished with all affected circuits or equipment de-energized. When an electrical outage 010000-12

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

cannot be accomplished, work on any energized circuits or equipment shall not commence without a detailed work plan, the Medical Center Director's prior knowledge and written approval. Refer to specification Sections 26 05 11, REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS, 27 05 11 REQUIREMENTS FOR COMMUNICATIONS INSTALLATIONS and 28 05 00, COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY for additional requirements.

- Contractor shall submit a request to interrupt any such services to COR, in writing, 7 days in advance of proposed interruption. Request shall state reason, date, exact time of, and approximate duration of such interruption.
- 3. Contractor will be advised (in writing) of approval of request, or of which other date and/or time such interruption will cause least inconvenience to operations of Medical Center. Interruption time approved by Medical Center may occur at other than Contractor's normal working hours.
- Major interruptions of any system must be requested, in writing, at least 15 calendar days prior to the desired time and shall be performed as directed by the COR.
- 5. In case of a contract construction emergency, service will be interrupted on approval of COR. Such approval will be confirmed in writing as soon as practical.
- 6. Whenever it is required that a connection fee be paid to a public utility provider for new permanent service to the construction project, for such items as water, sewer, electricity, gas or steam, payment of such fee shall be the responsibility of the Government and not the Contractor.
- L. Abandoned Lines: All service lines such as wires, cables, conduits, ducts, pipes and the like, and their hangers or supports, shall be removed back to their source. Those which are indicated to be abandoned but are not required to be entirely removed, shall be sealed, capped or plugged at the main, branch or panel they originate from. The lines shall not be capped in

## 01 00 00 -13 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

finished areas, but shall be removed and sealed, capped or plugged in ceilings, within furred spaces, in unfinished areas, or within walls or partitions; so that they are completely behind the finished surfaces.

- M. To minimize interference of construction activities with flow of Medical Center traffic, comply with the following:
  - Keep roads, walks and entrances to grounds, to parking and to occupied areas of buildings clear of construction materials, debris and standing construction equipment and vehicles. Wherever excavation for new utility lines cross existing roads, at least one lane must be open to traffic at all times with approval.
  - Method and scheduling of required cutting, altering and removal of existing roads, walks and entrances must be approved by the COR.
- N. Coordinate the work for this contract with other construction operations as directed by COR. This includes the scheduling of traffic and the use of roadways, as specified in Article, USE OF ROADWAYS.

### 1.7 ALTERATIONS

- A. Survey: Before any work is started, the Contractor shall make a thorough survey with the COR and a representative of VA Supply Service, of areas of buildings in which alterations occur and areas which are anticipated routes of access, and furnish a report, signed by both, to the Contracting Officer. This report shall list by rooms and spaces:
  - Existing condition and types of resilient flooring, doors, windows, walls and other surfaces not required to be altered throughout affected areas of buildings.
  - Existence and conditions of items such as plumbing fixtures and accessories, electrical fixtures, equipment, venetian blinds, shades, etc., required by drawings to be either reused or relocated, or both.

## 01 00 00 -14 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- 3. Shall note any discrepancies between drawings and existing conditions at site.
- 4. Shall designate areas for working space, materials storage and routes of access to areas within buildings where alterations occur and which have been agreed upon by Contractor and COR.
- B. Any items required by drawings to be either reused or relocated or both, found during this survey to be nonexistent, or in opinion of COR and Supply Representative, to be in such condition that their use is impossible or impractical, shall be furnished and/or replaced by Contractor with new items in accordance with specifications which will be furnished by Government. Provided the contract work is changed by reason of this subparagraph B, the contract will be modified accordingly, under provisions of clause entitled "DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS" (FAR 52.236-2) and "CHANGES" (FAR 52.243-4).
- C. Re-Survey: Thirty days before expected partial or final inspection date, the Contractor and COR together shall make a thorough re-survey of the areas of buildings involved. They shall furnish a report on conditions then existing, of resilient flooring, doors, windows, walls and other surfaces as compared with conditions of same as noted in first condition survey report:
  - Re-survey report shall also list any damage caused by Contractor to such flooring and other surfaces, despite protection measures; and, will form basis for determining extent of repair work required of Contractor to restore damage caused by Contractor's workers in executing work of this contract.
- D. Protection: Provide the following protective measures:
  - Wherever existing roof surfaces are disturbed they shall be protected against water infiltration. In case of leaks, they shall be repaired immediately upon discovery.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- Temporary protection against damage for portions of existing structures and grounds where work is to be done, materials handled and equipment moved and/or relocated.
- 3. Protection of interior of existing structures at all times, from damage, dust and weather inclemency. Wherever work is performed, floor surfaces that are to remain in place shall be adequately protected prior to starting work, and this protection shall be maintained intact until all work in the area is completed.

### 1.8 DISPOSAL AND RETENTION

- A. Materials and equipment accruing from work removed and from demolition of buildings or structures, or parts thereof, shall be disposed of as follows:
  - Reserved items which are to remain property of the Government are identified by drawings or in specifications as items to be stored. Items that remain property of the Government shall be removed or dislodged from present locations in such a manner as to prevent damage which would be detrimental to re-installation and reuse. Store such items where directed by COR.
  - 2. Items not reserved shall become property of the Contractor and be removed by Contractor from Medical Center.
  - 3. Items of portable equipment and furnishings located in rooms and spaces in which work is to be done under this contract shall remain the property of the Government. When rooms and spaces are vacated by the Department of Veterans Affairs during the alteration period, such items which are NOT required by drawings and specifications to be either relocated or reused will be removed by the Government in advance of work to avoid interfering with Contractor's operation.

# 1.9 PROTECTION OF EXISTING VEGETATION, STRUCTURES, EQUIPMENT, UTILITIES, AND IMPROVEMENTS (FAR 52.236-9)

A. The Contractor shall preserve and protect all structures, equipment, and vegetation (such as trees, shrubs, and grass) on 010000-16 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

or adjacent to the work site, which are not to be removed and which do not unreasonably interfere with the work required under this contract. The Contractor shall only remove trees when specifically authorized to do so, and shall avoid damaging vegetation that will remain in place. If any limbs or branches of trees are broken during contract performance, or by the careless operation of equipment, or by workers, the Contractor shall trim those limbs or branches with a clean cut and paint the cut with a tree-pruning compound as directed by the Contracting Officer.

- B. The Contractor shall protect from damage all existing improvements and utilities at or near the work site and on adjacent property of a third party, the locations of which are made known to or should be known by the Contractor. The Contractor shall repair any damage to those facilities, including those that are the property of a third party, resulting from failure to comply with the requirements of this contract or failure to exercise reasonable care in performing the work. If the Contractor fails or refuses to repair the damage promptly, the Contracting Officer may have the necessary work performed and charge the cost to the Contractor.
- c. Refer to Section 01 57 19, TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS, for additional requirements on protecting vegetation, soils and the environment. Refer to Articles, "Alterations", "Restoration", and "Operations and Storage Areas" for additional instructions concerning repair of damage to structures and site improvements.

#### 1.10 RESTORATION

A. Remove, cut, alter, replace, patch and repair existing work as necessary to install new work. Except as otherwise shown or specified, do not cut, alter or remove any structural work, and do not disturb any ducts, plumbing, steam, gas, or electric work without approval of the COR. Existing work to be altered or extended and that is found to be defective in any way, shall be reported to the COR before it is disturbed. Materials and workmanship used in restoring work, shall conform in type and 010000-17

quality to that of original existing construction, except as otherwise shown or specified.

- B. Upon completion of contract, deliver work complete and undamaged. Existing work (walls, ceilings, partitions, floors, mechanical and electrical work, lawns, paving, roads, walks, etc.) disturbed or removed as a result of performing required new work, shall be patched, repaired, reinstalled, or replaced with new work, and refinished and left in as good condition as existed before commencing work.
- c. At Contractor's own expense, Contractor shall immediately restore to service and repair any damage caused by Contractor's workers to existing piping and conduits, wires, cables, etc., of utility services or of fire protection systems and communications systems (including telephone) which are not scheduled for discontinuance or abandonment.
- D. Expense of repairs to such utilities and systems not shown on drawings or locations of which are unknown will be covered by adjustment to contract time and price in accordance with clause entitled "CHANGES" (FAR 52.243-4) and "DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS" (FAR 52.236-2).

### 1.11 PHYSICAL DATA - SOIL CONDITIONS

- A. Data and information furnished or referred to below is for the Contractor's information. The Government shall not be responsible for any interpretation of or conclusion drawn from the data or information by the Contractor.
  - The indications of physical conditions on the drawings and in the specifications are the result of site investigations.

### (FAR 52.236-4)

- B. Subsurface conditions have been developed by core borings and test pits. Logs of subsurface exploration are shown diagrammatically on drawings.
- c. A copy of the soil report will be made available for inspection by bidders upon request to the Engineering Officer at the VA  $$01\,00\,00\,\text{-}18$$

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Medical Center, and shall be considered part of the contract documents.

D. Government does not guarantee that other materials will not be encountered nor that proportions, conditions or character of several materials will not vary from those indicated by explorations. Bidders are expected to examine site of work and logs of borings; and, after investigation, decide for themselves character of materials and make their bids accordingly. Upon proper application to Department of Veterans Affairs, bidders will be permitted to make subsurface explorations of their own at site.

#### 1.12 PROFESSIONAL SURVEYING SERVICES

A. A registered professional land surveyor or registered civil engineer whose services are retained and paid for by the Contractor shall perform services specified herein and in other specification sections. The Contractor shall certify that the land surveyor or civil engineer is not one who is a regular employee of the Contractor, and that the land surveyor or civil engineer has no financial interest in this contract.

### 1.13 LAYOUT OF WORK

A. The Contractor shall lay out the work from Government established base lines and bench marks, indicated on the drawings, and shall be responsible for all measurements in connection with the layout. The Contractor shall furnish, at Contractor's own expense, all stakes, templates, platforms, equipment, tools, materials, and labor required to lay out any part of the work. The Contractor shall be responsible for executing the work to the lines and grades that may be established or indicated by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall also be responsible for maintaining and preserving all stakes and other marks established by the Contracting Officer until authorized to remove them. If such marks are destroyed by the Contractor or through Contractor's negligence before their removal is authorized, the Contracting Officer may replace them and deduct the expense of 010000-19

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

the replacement from any amounts due or to become due to the Contractor.

### (FAR 52.236-17)

- B. Establish and plainly mark center lines for each building and corner of column lines and/or addition to each existing building, and such other lines and grades that are reasonably necessary to properly assure that location, orientation, and elevations established for each such structure and/or addition, roads, parking lots, are in accordance with lines and elevations shown on contract drawings.
- C. Following completion of general mass excavation and before any other permanent work is performed, establish and plainly mark (through use of appropriate batter boards or other means) sufficient additional survey control points or system of points as may be necessary to assure proper alignment, orientation, and grade of all major features of work. Survey shall include, but not be limited to, location of lines and grades of footings, exterior walls, center lines of columns in both directions, major utilities and elevations of floor slabs:
  - Such additional survey control points or system of points thus established shall be checked and certified by a registered land surveyor or registered civil engineer. Furnish such certification to the COR before any work (such as footings, floor slabs, columns, walls, utilities and other major controlling features) is placed.
- D. During progress of work, and particularly as work progresses from floor to floor, Contractor shall have line grades and plumbness of all major form work checked and certified by a registered land surveyor or registered civil engineer as meeting requirements of contract drawings. Furnish such certification to the COR before any major items of concrete work are placed. In addition, Contractor shall also furnish to the COR certificates from a registered land surveyor or registered civil engineer that the

## 01 00 00 -20 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

following work is complete in every respect as required by contract drawings.

- 1. Lines of each building and/or addition.
- Elevations of bottoms of footings and tops of floors of each building and/or addition.
- 3. Lines and elevations of sewers and of all outside distribution systems.
- 4. Lines of elevations of all swales and interment areas.
- 5. Lines and elevations of roads, streets, and parking lots.
- E. Whenever changes from contract drawings are made in line or grading requiring certificates, record such changes on a reproducible drawing bearing the registered land surveyor or registered civil engineer seal, and forward these drawings upon completion of work to COR.
- F. Upon completion of the work, the Contractor shall furnish the COR one electronic copy and reproducible drawings at the scale of the contract drawings, showing the finished grade on the grid developed for constructing the work, including burial monuments and fifty foot stationing along new road centerlines. These drawings shall bear the seal of the registered land surveyor or registered civil engineer.
- G. The Contractor shall perform the surveying and layout work of this and other articles and specifications in accordance with the provisions of Article "Professional Surveying Services"

### 1.14 AS-BUILT DRAWINGS

- A. The contractor shall maintain two full size sets of as-built drawings which will be kept current during construction of the project, to include all contract changes, modifications and clarifications.
- B. All variations shall be shown in the same general detail as used in the contract drawings. To ensure compliance, as-built drawings shall be made available for the COR review, as often as requested.

## 01 00 00 -21 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- c. Contractor shall deliver two approved completed sets of as-built drawings in the electronic version (scanned PDF) to the COR within 15 calendar days after each completed phase and after the acceptance of the project by the COR.
- D. Paragraphs A, B, & C shall also apply to all shop drawings.

#### 1.15 WARRANTY MANAGEMENT

- A. Warranty Management Plan: Develop a warranty management plan which contains information relevant to FAR 52.246-21 Warranty of Construction in at least 30 days before the planned pre-warranty conference, submit four sets of the warranty management plan. Include within the warranty management plan all required actions and documents to assure that the Government receives all warranties to which it is entitled. The plan must be in narrative form and contain sufficient detail to render it suitable for use by future maintenance and repair personnel, whether tradesman, or of engineering background, not necessarily familiar with this contract. The term "status" as indicated below must include due date and whether item has been submitted or was approved. Warranty information made available during the construction phase must be submitted to the Contracting Officer for approval prior to each monthly invoice for payment. Assemble approved information in a binder and turn over to the Government upon acceptance of the work. The construction warranty period will begin on the date of the project acceptance and continue for the product warranty period. A joint 4 month and 9 month warranty inspection will be conducted, measured from time of acceptance, by the Contactor and the Contracting Officer. Include in the warranty management plan, but not limited to, the following:
  - Roles and responsibilities of all personnel associated with the warranty process, including points of contact and telephone numbers within the company of the Contractor, subcontractors, manufacturers or suppliers involved.

- Furnish with each warranty the name, address and telephone number of each of the guarantor's representatives nearest project location.
- 3. Listing and status of delivery of all Certificates of Warranty for extended warranty items, to include roofs, HVAC balancing, pumps, motors, transformers and for all commissioned systems such as fire protection and alarm systems, sprinkler systems and lightning protection systems, etc.
- 4. A list for each warranted equipment item, feature of construction or system indicating:
  - a. Name of item.
  - b. Model and serial numbers.
  - c. Location where installed.
  - d. Name and phone numbers of manufacturers and suppliers.
  - e. Name and phone numbers of manufacturers or suppliers.
  - f. Names, addresses and phone numbers of sources of spare parts.
  - g. Warranties and terms of warranty. Include one-year overall warranty of construction, including the starting date of warranty of construction. Items which have extended warranties must be indicated with separate warranty expiration dates.
  - h. Starting point and duration of warranty period.
  - i. Summary of maintenance procedures required to continue the warranty in force.
  - j. Cross-reference to specific pertinent Operation and Maintenance manuals.
  - k. Organizations, names and phone numbers of persons to call for warranty service.
  - Typical response time and repair time expected for various warranted equipment.
- 5. The plans for attendance at the 4 and 9-month post construction warranty inspections conducted by the government.

## 01 00 00 -23 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- 6. Procedure and status of tagging of all equipment covered by extended warranties.
- Copies of instructions to be posted near selected pieces of equipment where operation is critical for warranty and/or safety reasons.
- B. Performance & Payment Bonds: The Performance & Payment Bonds must remain effective throughout the construction period.
  - In the event the Contractor fails to commence and diligently pursue any construction warranty work required, the Contracting Officer will have the work performed by others, and after completion of the work, will charge the remaining construction warranty funds of expenses incurred by the Government while performing the work, including, but not limited to administrative expenses.
  - 2. In the event sufficient funds are not available to cover the construction warranty work performed by the Government at the contractor's expenses, the Contracting Officer will have the right to recoup expenses from the bonding company.
  - 3. Following oral or written notification of required construction warranty repair work, the Contractor shall respond in a timely manner. Written verification will follow oral instructions. Failure to respond will be cause for the Contracting Officer to proceed against the Contractor.
- C. Pre-Warranty Conference: Prior to contract completion, and at a time designated by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall meet with the Contracting Officer to develop a mutual understanding with respect to the requirements of this section. Communication procedures for Contractor notification of construction warranty defects, priorities with respect to the type of defect, reasonable time required for Contractor response, and other details deemed necessary by the Contracting Officer for the execution of the construction warranty will be established/ reviewed at this meeting. In connection with these requirements and at the time of the Contractor's quality control completion

01 00 00 -24 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

inspection, furnish the name, telephone number and address of a licensed and bonded company which is authorized to initiate and pursue construction warranty work action on behalf of the Contractor. This point of contract will be located within the local service area of the warranted construction, be continuously available and be responsive to Government inquiry on warranty work action and status. This requirement does not relieve the Contractor of any of its responsibilities in conjunction with other portions of this provision.

- D. Contractor's Response to Construction Warranty Service Requirements:
- E. Following oral or written notification by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall respond to construction warranty service requirements in accordance with the "Construction Warranty Service Priority List" and the three categories of priorities listed below. Submit a report on any warranty item that has been repaired during the warranty period. Include within the report the cause of the problem, date reported, corrective action taken, and when the repair was completed. If the Contractor does not perform the construction warranty within the timeframe specified, the Government will perform the work and back charge the construction warranty payment item established.
  - First Priority Code 1. Perform onsite inspection to evaluate situation, and determine course of action within 4 hours, initiate work within 6 hours and work continuously to completion or relief.
  - Second Priority Code 2. Perform onsite inspection to evaluate situation, and determine course of action within 8 hours, initiate work within 24 hours and work continuously to completion or relief.
  - 3. Third Priority Code 3. All other work to be initiated within 3 work days and work continuously to completion or relief.
  - The "Construction Warranty Service Priority List" is as follows:

## 01 00 00 -25 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- a) Code 1-Life Safety Systems
  - 1) Fire suppression systems.
  - 2) Fire alarm system(s).
- b) Code 1-Air Conditioning Systems
  - Air conditioning leak in part of the building, if causing damage.
  - 2) Air conditioning system not cooling properly.
- c) <u>Code 1 Doors</u>
  - Overhead doors not operational, causing a security, fire or safety problem.
  - Interior, exterior personnel doors or hardware, not functioning properly, causing security, fire or safety problem.
- d) Code 3-Doors
  - 1) Overhead doors not operational.
  - Interior/exterior personnel doors or hardware not functioning properly.
- e) Code 1-Electrical
  - Power failure (entire area or any building operational after 1600 hours).
  - 2) Security lights.
  - 3) Smoke detectors.
- f) Code 2-Electrical
  - Power failure (no power to a room or part of building). Receptacle and lights not operational (in a room or part of building).
- g) Code 3-Electrical

1) Exterior lights not operational.

h) Code 1-Gas

1) Leaks and pipeline breaks.

- i) Code 1-Heat
  - 1) Power failure affecting heat.
- j) <u>Code 1-Plumbing</u>
  - 1) Hot water heater failure.

### 01 00 00 -26 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 2) Leaking water supply pipes
- k) Code 2-Plumbing
  - 1) Flush valves not operating properly
  - 2) Fixture drain, supply line or any water pipe leaking.
  - 3) Toilet leaking at base.
- 1) Code 3- Plumbing

1) Leaky faucets.

- m) <u>Code 3-Interior</u>
  - 1) Floors damaged.
  - 2) Paint chipping or peeling.
  - 3) Casework damaged.
- n) <u>Code 1-Roof Leaks</u>
  - 1) Damage to property is occurring.
- o) Code 2-Water (Exterior)

1) No water to facility.

p) Code 2-Water (Hot)

1) No hot water in portion of building listed.

- q) <u>Code 3</u>
  - 1) All work not listed above.
- F. Warranty Tags: At the time of installation, tag each warranted item with a durable, oil and water-resistant tag approved by the Contracting Officer. Attach each tag with a copper wire and spray with a silicone waterproof coating. Also submit two\_record copies of the warranty tags showing the layout and design. The date of acceptance and the QC signature must remain blank until the project is accepted for beneficial occupancy. Show the following information on the tag.

Warranty Tags
Type of product/material
Model number
Serial number
Contract number

Warranty Tags
Warranty period from/to
Inspector's signature
Construction Contractor
Address
Telephone number
Warranty Contact
Address
Telephone number
Warranty response time priority code

### 1.16 USE OF ROADWAYS

A. For hauling, use only established public roads and roads on Medical Center property and, when authorized by the COR, such temporary roads which are necessary in the performance of contract work. Temporary roads shall be constructed and restoration performed by the Contractor at Contractor's expense. When necessary to cross curbing, sidewalks, or similar construction, they must be protected by well-constructed bridges.

### 1.17 TEMPORARY USE OF MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

- A. Use of new installed mechanical and electrical equipment to provide heat, ventilation, plumbing, light and power will be permitted subject to written approval and compliance with the following provisions:
  - Permission to use each unit or system must be given by COR in writing. If the equipment is not installed and maintained in accordance with the written agreement and following provisions, the COR will withdraw permission for use of the equipment.
  - Electrical installations used by the equipment shall be completed in accordance with the drawings and specifications to prevent damage to the equipment and the electrical systems, i.e. transformers, relays, circuit breakers, fuses, conductors, motor controllers and their overload elements

## 01 00 00 -28 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

shall be properly sized, coordinated and adjusted. Installation of temporary electrical equipment or devices shall be in accordance with NFPA 70, National Electrical Code, (2014 Edition), Article 590, *Temporary Installations*. Voltage supplied to each item of equipment shall be verified to be correct and it shall be determined that motors are not overloaded. The electrical equipment shall be thoroughly cleaned before using it and again immediately before final inspection including vacuum cleaning and wiping clean interior and exterior surfaces.

- Units shall be properly lubricated, balanced, and aligned.
   Vibrations must be eliminated.
- Automatic temperature control systems for preheat coils shall function properly and all safety controls shall function to prevent coil freeze-up damage.
- 5. The air filtering system utilized shall be that which is designed for the system when complete, and all filter elements shall be replaced at completion of construction and prior to testing and balancing of system.
- 6. All components of heat production and distribution system, metering equipment, condensate returns, and other auxiliary facilities used in temporary service shall be cleaned prior to use; maintained to prevent corrosion internally and externally during use; and cleaned, maintained and inspected prior to acceptance by the Government.
- B. Prior to final inspection, the equipment or parts used which show wear and tear beyond normal, shall be replaced with identical replacements, at no additional cost to the Government.
- c. This paragraph shall not reduce the requirements of the mechanical and electrical specifications sections.
- D. Any damage to the equipment or excessive wear due to prolonged use will be repaired replaced by the contractor at the contractor's expense.

## 01 00 00 -29 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

#### 1.18 TEMPORARY USE OF EXISTING ELEVATORS

- A. Use of existing elevators for handling building materials and Contractor's personnel will be permitted subject to following provisions:
  - Contractor makes all arrangements with the COR for use of elevators. The COR will ascertain that elevators are in proper condition. Contractor may use elevators for special nonrecurring time intervals when permission is granted. Personnel for operating elevators will not be provided by the Department of Veterans Affairs.
  - 2. Contractor covers and provides maximum protection of following elevator components:
    - a) Entrance jambs, heads soffits and threshold plates.
    - b) Entrance columns, canopy, return panels and inside surfaces of car enclosure walls.
    - c) Finish flooring.
  - 3. Government will accept hoisting ropes of elevator and rope of each speed governor if they are worn under normal operation. However, if these ropes are damaged by action of foreign matter such as sand, lime, grit, stones, etc., during temporary use, they shall be removed and replaced by new hoisting ropes at the contractors expense.

#### 1.19 AVAILABILITY AND USE OF UTILITY SERVICES

- A. The Government shall make all reasonably required amounts of utilities available to the Contractor from existing outlets and supplies, as specified in the contract. The amount to be paid by the Contractor for chargeable electrical services shall be the prevailing rates charged to the Government. The Contractor shall carefully conserve any utilities furnished without charge.
- B. The Contractor, at Contractor's expense and in a workmanlike manner, in compliance with code and as satisfactory to the Contracting Officer, shall install and maintain all necessary temporary connections and distribution lines, and all meters

## 01 00 00 -30 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

required to measure the amount of electricity used for the purpose of determining charges. Before final acceptance of the work by the Government, the Contractor shall remove all the temporary connections, distribution lines, meters, and associated paraphernalia and repair restore the infrastructure as required.

- c. Contractor shall install meters at Contractor's expense and furnish the Medical Centera monthly record of the Contractor's usage of electricity as hereinafter specified.
- D. Heat: Furnish temporary heat necessary to prevent injury to work and materials through dampness and cold. Use of open salamanders or any temporary heating devices which may be fire hazards or may smoke and damage finished work, will not be permitted. Maintain minimum temperatures as specified for various materials:
  - Obtain heat by connecting to Medical Center heating distribution system.
- E. Electricity (for Construction and Testing): Furnish all temporary electric services.
  - Obtain electricity by connecting to the Medical Center electrical distribution system. The Contractor shall meter and pay for electricity required for electric cranes and hoisting devices, electrical welding devices and any electrical heating devices providing temporary heat. Electricity for all other uses is available at no cost to the Contractor.
- F. Water (for Construction and Testing): Furnish temporary water service.
  - Obtain water by connecting to the Medical Center water distribution system. Provide reduced pressure backflow preventer at each connection as per code. Water is available at no cost to the Contractor.
  - Maintain connections, pipe, fittings and fixtures and conserve water-use so none is wasted. Failure to stop leakage or other wastes will be cause for revocation (at COR discretion) of use of water from Medical Center's system.
  - 3. Potable water may not be used for irrigation.

### 01 00 00 -31 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

G. Fuel: Natural and LP gas and burner fuel oil required for boiler cleaning, normal initial boiler-burner setup and adjusting, and for performing the specified boiler tests will be furnished by the Government. Fuel required for prolonged boiler-burner setup, adjustments, or modifications due to improper design or operation of boiler, burner, or control devices shall be furnished and paid by the Contractor at Contractor's expense.

#### 1.20 NEW TELEPHONE EQUIPMENT

A. The contractor shall coordinate with the work of installation of telephone equipment by others. This work shall be completed before the building is turned over to VA.

### 1.21 TESTS

- A. As per specification section 23 05 93 the contractor shall provide a written testing and commissioning plan complete with component level, equipment level, sub-system level and system level breakdowns. The plan will provide a schedule and a written sequence of what will be tested, how and what the expected outcome will be. This document will be submitted for approval prior to commencing work. The contractor shall document the results of the approved plan and submit for approval with the as built documentation.
- B. Pre-test mechanical and electrical equipment and systems and make corrections required for proper operation of such systems before requesting final tests. Final test will not be conducted unless pre-tested.
- C. Conduct final tests required in various sections of specifications in presence of an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer. Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, equipment, instruments, and forms, to conduct and record such tests.
- D. Mechanical and electrical systems shall be balanced, controlled and coordinated. A system is defined as the entire system which must be coordinated to work together during normal operation to produce results for which the system is designed. For example,

## 01 00 00 -32 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

air conditioning supply air is only one part of entire system which provides comfort conditions for a building. Other related components are return air, exhaust air, steam, chilled water, refrigerant, hot water, controls and electricity, etc. Another example of a system which involves several components of different disciplines is a boiler installation. Efficient and acceptable boiler operation depends upon the coordination and proper operation of fuel, combustion air, controls, steam, feedwater, condensate and other related components.

- E. All related components as defined above shall be functioning when any system component is tested. Tests shall be completed within a reasonably period of time during which operating and environmental conditions remain reasonably constant and are typical of the design conditions.
- F. Individual test result of any component, where required, will only be accepted when submitted with the test results of related components and of the entire system.

### 1.22 INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Contractor shall furnish Maintenance and Operating manuals (hard copies and electronic) and verbal instructions when required by the various sections of the specifications and as hereinafter specified.
- B. Manuals: Maintenance and operating manuals and one compact disc (four hard copies and one electronic copy each) for each separate piece of equipment shall be delivered to the COR coincidental with the delivery of the equipment to the job site. Manuals shall be complete, detailed guides for the maintenance and operation of equipment. They shall include complete information necessary for starting, adjusting, maintaining in continuous operation for long periods of time and dismantling and reassembling of the complete units and sub-assembly components. Manuals shall include an index covering all component parts clearly cross-referenced to diagrams and illustrations. Illustrations shall include "exploded" views showing and identifying each separate item. Emphasis shall be

01 00 00 -33 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

placed on the use of special tools and instruments. The function of each piece of equipment, component, accessory and control shall be clearly and thoroughly explained. All necessary precautions for the operation of the equipment and the reason for each precaution shall be clearly set forth. Manuals must reference the exact model, style and size of the piece of equipment and system being furnished. Manuals referencing equipment similar to but of a different model, style, and size than that furnished will not be accepted.

C. Instructions: Contractor shall provide qualified, factory-trained manufacturers' representatives to give detailed training to assigned Department of Veterans Affairs personnel in the operation and complete maintenance for each piece of equipment. All such training will be at the job site. These requirements are more specifically detailed in the various technical sections. Instructions for different items of equipment that are component parts of a complete system, shall be given in an integrated, progressive manner. All instructors for every piece of component equipment in a system shall be available until instructions for all items included in the system have been completed. This is to assure proper instruction in the operation of inter-related systems. All instruction periods shall be at such times as scheduled by the COR and shall be considered concluded only when the COR is satisfied in regard to complete and thorough coverage. The contractor shall submit a course outline with associated material to the COR for review and approval prior to scheduling training to ensure the subject matter covers the expectations of the VA and the contractual requirements. The Department of Veterans Affairs reserves the right to request the removal of, and substitution for, any instructor who, in the opinion of the COR, does not demonstrate sufficient qualifications in accordance with requirements for instructors above.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 1.23 GOVERNMENT-FURNISHED PROPERTY

- A. The Government shall deliver to the Contractor, the Government-furnished property shown on the Schedule or drawings.
- B. Equipment furnished by Government to be installed by Contractor will be furnished to Contractor at the Medical Center.
  - Storage space for equipment will be provided by the Government and the Contractor shall be prepared to unload and store such equipment therein upon its receipt at the Medical Center.
- C. Notify Contracting Officer in writing, 60 days in advance, of date on which Contractor will be prepared to receive equipment furnished by Government. Arrangements will then be made by the Government for delivery of equipment.
  - Immediately upon delivery of equipment, Contractor shall arrange for a joint inspection thereof with a representative of the Government. At such time the Contractor shall acknowledge receipt of equipment described, make notations, and immediately furnish the Government representative with a written statement as to its condition or shortages.
  - Contractor thereafter is responsible for such equipment until such time as acceptance of contract work is made by the Government.
- D. Equipment furnished by the Government will be delivered in a partially assembled (knock down) condition in accordance with existing standard commercial practices, complete with all fittings, fastenings, and appliances necessary for connections to respective services installed under contract. All fittings and appliances (i.e., couplings, ells, tees, nipples, piping, conduits, cables, and the like) necessary to make the connection between the Government furnished equipment item and the utility stub-up shall be furnished and installed by the contractor at no additional cost to the Government.
- E. Completely assemble and install the Government furnished equipment in place ready for proper operation in accordance with specifications and drawings.

## 01 00 00 -35 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

F. Furnish supervision of installation of equipment at construction site by qualified factory trained technicians regularly employed by the equipment manufacturer.

#### 1.24 RELOCATED EQUIPMENT

- A. Contractor shall disconnect, dismantle as necessary, remove and reinstall in new location, all existing equipment and items or otherwise shown to be relocated by the Contractor.
- B. Perform relocation of such equipment or items at such times and in such a manner as directed by the COR.
- C. Suitably cap existing service lines, such as steam, condensate return, water, drain, gas, air, vacuum and/or electrical, at the main whenever such lines are disconnected from equipment to be relocated. Remove abandoned lines in finished areas and cap as specified herein before under paragraph "Abandoned Lines".
- D. Provide all mechanical and electrical service connections, fittings, fastenings and any other materials necessary for assembly and installation of relocated equipment; and leave such equipment in proper operating condition.
- E. All service lines such as noted above for relocated equipment shall be in place at point of relocation ready for use before any existing equipment is disconnected. Make relocated existing equipment ready for operation or use immediately after reinstallation.

### 1.25 CONSTRUCTION SIGN

A. Provide a Construction Sign where directed by the COR. All wood members shall be of framing lumber. Cover sign frame with 0.7 mm (24 gage) galvanized sheet steel nailed securely around edges and on all bearings. Provide three 100 by 100 mm (4 inch by 4 inch) posts (or equivalent round posts) set 1200 mm (four feet) into ground. Set bottom of sign level at 900 mm (three feet) above ground and secure to posts with through bolts. Make posts full height of sign. Brace posts with 50 x 100 mm (two by four inch) material as directed.

## 01 00 00 -36 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- B. Paint all surfaces of sign and posts two coats of white gloss paint. Border and letters shall be of black gloss paint, except project title which shall be blue gloss paint.
- C. Maintain sign and remove it when directed by the COR.

### 1.26 SAFETY SIGN

- A. Provide a Safety Sign where directed by COR. Face of sign shall be 19 mm (3/4 inch) thick exterior grade plywood. Provide two 100 mm by 100 mm (four by four inch) posts extending full height of sign and 900 mm (three feet) into ground. Set bottom of sign level at 1200 mm (four feet) above ground.
- B. Paint all surfaces of Safety Sign and posts with one prime coat and two coats of white gloss paint. Letters and design shall be painted with gloss paint of colors noted.
- C. Maintain sign and remove it when directed by COR.
- D. Drawing details in VA Signage Design Manual, Section 11 Specialty Signs (found on VA TIL) show required legend and other characteristics of sign.
- E. Post the number of accident free days on a daily basis.

### 1.27 FINAL ELEVATION DIGITAL IMAGES

- A. A minimum of four (4) images of each elevation shall be taken with a minimum 6 MP camera, by a professional photographer with different settings to allow the COR to select the image to be printed. All images are provided to the RE on a CD.
- B. Photographs shall be taken upon completion, including landscaping. They shall be taken on a clear sunny day to obtain sufficient detail to show depth and to provide clear, sharp pictures. Pictures shall be 400 mm x 500 mm (16 by 20 inches), printed on regular weight paper, matte finish archival grade photographic paper and produced by a RA4 process from the digital image with a minimum 300 PPI. Identifying data shall be carried on label affixed to back of photograph without damage to photograph and shall be similar to that provided for final construction photographs.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- C. Furnish six (6) 400 mm x 500 mm (16 by 20 inch) color prints of the following building additions constructed under this project (elevations as selected by the COR from the images taken above). Photographs shall be artistically composed showing full front elevations. All images shall become property of the Government. Each of the selected six prints shall be place in a frame with a minimum of 2 inches of appropriate matting as a border. Provide a selection of a minimum of 3 different frames from which the COR will select one style to frame all six prints. Photographs with frames shall be delivered to the COR in boxes suitable for shipping.
  - 1. Building No. 1.
  - 2. Building No. 5.

### 1.28 HISTORIC PRESERVATION

A. Where the Contractor or any of the Contractor's employees, prior to, or during the construction work, are advised of or discover any possible archeological, historical and/or cultural resources, the Contractor shall immediately notify the COR verbally, and then with a written follow up.

- - - E N D - - -

## SECTION 01 32 16.15 PROJECT SCHEDULES (SMALL PROJECTS - DESIGN/BID/BUILD)

### PART 1- GENERAL

### 1.1 DESCRIPTION:

A. The Contractor shall develop a Critical Path Method (CPM) plan and schedule demonstrating fulfillment of the contract requirements (Project Schedule), and shall keep the Project Schedule up-to-date in accordance with the requirements of this section and shall utilize the plan for scheduling, coordinating and monitoring work under this contract (including all activities of subcontractors, equipment vendors and suppliers). Conventional Critical Path Method (CPM) technique shall be utilized to satisfy both time and cost applications.

### 1.2 CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATIVE:

- A. The Contractor shall designate an authorized representative responsible for the Project Schedule including preparation, review and progress reporting with and to the Contracting Officer's Representative (COTR).
- B. The Contractor's representative shall have direct project control and complete authority to act on behalf of the Contractor in fulfilling the requirements of this specification section.
- C. The Contractor's representative shall have the option of developing the project schedule within their organization or to engage the services of an outside consultant. If an outside scheduling consultant is utilized, Section 1.3 of this specification will apply.

### 1.3 CONTRACTOR'S CONSULTANT:

- A. The Contractor shall submit a qualification proposal to the COTR, within 10 days of bid acceptance. The qualification proposal shall include:
  - 1. The name and address of the proposed consultant.
  - Information to show that the proposed consultant has the qualifications to meet the requirements specified in the preceding paragraph.
  - A representative sample of prior construction projects, which the proposed consultant has performed complete project scheduling services. These representative samples shall be of similar size and scope.

01 32 16.15 - 1 PROJECT SCHEDULES

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

B. The Contracting Officer has the right to approve or disapprove the proposed consultant, and will notify the Contractor of the VA decision within seven calendar days from receipt of the qualification proposal. In case of disapproval, the Contractor shall resubmit another consultant within 10 calendar days for renewed consideration. The Contractor shall have their scheduling consultant approved prior to submitting any schedule for approval.

#### 1.4 COMPUTER PRODUCED SCHEDULES

- A. The contractor shall provide monthly, to the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA), all computer-produced time/cost schedules and reports generated from monthly project updates. This monthly computer service will include: three copies of up to five different reports (inclusive of all pages) available within the user defined reports of the scheduling software approved by the Contracting Officer; a hard copy listing of all project schedule changes, and associated data, made at the update and an electronic file of this data; and the resulting monthly updated schedule in PDM format. These must be submitted with and substantively support the contractor's monthly payment request and the signed look ahead report. The COTR shall identify the five different report formats that the contractor shall provide.
- B. The contractor shall be responsible for the correctness and timeliness of the computer-produced reports. The Contractor shall also responsible for the accurate and timely submittal of the updated project schedule and all CPM data necessary to produce the computer reports and payment request that is specified.
- C. The VA will report errors in computer-produced reports to the Contractor's representative within ten calendar days from receipt of reports. The Contractor shall reprocess the computer-produced reports and associated diskette(s), when requested by the Contracting Officer's representative, to correct errors which affect the payment and schedule for the project.

#### 1.5 THE COMPLETE PROJECT SCHEDULE SUBMITTAL

A. Within 45 calendar days after receipt of Notice to Proceed, the Contractor shall submit for the Contracting Officer's review; three blue line copies of the interim schedule on sheets of paper 765 x 1070 mm (30 x 42 inches) and an electronic file in the previously approved CPM schedule program. The submittal shall also include three copies of

> 01 32 16.15 - 2 PROJECT SCHEDULES

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

a computer-produced activity/event ID schedule showing project duration; phase completion dates; and other data, including event cost. Each activity/event on the computer-produced schedule shall contain as a minimum, but not limited to, activity/event ID, activity/event description, duration, budget amount, early start date, early finish date, late start date, late finish date and total float. Work activity/event relationships shall be restricted to finish-to-start or start-to-start without lead or lag constraints. Activity/event date constraints, not required by the contract, will not be accepted unless submitted to and approved by the Contracting Officer. The contractor shall make a separate written detailed request to the Contracting Officer identifying these date constraints and secure the Contracting Officer's written approval before incorporating them into the network diagram. The Contracting Officer's separate approval of the Project Schedule shall not excuse the contractor of this requirement. Logic events (non-work) will be permitted where necessary to reflect proper logic among work events, but must have zero duration. The complete working schedule shall reflect the Contractor's approach to scheduling the complete project. The final Project Schedule in its original form shall contain no contract changes or delays which may have been incurred during the final network diagram development period and shall reflect the entire contract duration as defined in the bid documents. These changes/delays shall be entered at the first update after the final Project Schedule has been approved. The Contractor should provide their requests for time and supporting time extension analysis for contract time as a result of contract changes/delays, after this update, and in accordance with Article, ADJUSTMENT OF CONTRACT COMPLETION.

- B. Within 30 calendar days after receipt of the complete project interim Project Schedule and the complete final Project Schedule, the Contracting Officer or his representative, will do one or both of the following:
  - Notify the Contractor concerning his actions, opinions, and objections.
  - 2. A meeting with the Contractor at or near the job site for joint review, correction or adjustment of the proposed plan will be scheduled if required. Within 14 calendar days after the joint

01 32 16.15 - 3 PROJECT SCHEDULES

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

review, the Contractor shall revise and shall submit three blue line copies of the revised Project Schedule, three copies of the revised computer-produced activity/event ID schedule and a revised electronic file as specified by the Contracting Officer. The revised submission will be reviewed by the Contracting Officer and, if found to be as previously agreed upon, will be approved.

- C. The approved baseline schedule and the computer-produced schedule(s) generated there from shall constitute the approved baseline schedule until subsequently revised in accordance with the requirements of this section.
- D. The Complete Project Schedule shall contain approximately all work activities/events.

### 1.6 WORK ACTIVITY/EVENT COST DATA

- A. The Contractor shall cost load all work activities/events except procurement activities. The cumulative amount of all cost loaded work activities/events (including alternates) shall equal the total contract price. Prorate overhead, profit and general conditions on all work activities/events for the entire project length. The contractor shall generate from this information cash flow curves indicating graphically the total percentage of work activity/event dollar value scheduled to be in place on early finish, late finish. These cash flow curves will be used by the Contracting Officer to assist him in determining approval or disapproval of the cost loading. Negative work activity/event cost data will not be acceptable, except on VA issued contract changes.
- B. The Contractor shall cost load work activities/events for warranty period services, test, balance and adjust various systems in accordance with the provisions in Article, FAR 52.232 - 5 (PAYMENT UNDER FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS) and VAAR 852.232 for (PAYMENTS UNDER FIXED PRICE CONSTRUCTION).
- C. In accordance with FAR 52.236 1 (PERFORMANCE OF WORK BY THE CONTRACTOR) and VAAR 852.236 - 72 (PERFORMANCE OF WORK BY THE CONTRACTOR), the Contractor shall submit, simultaneously with the cost per work activity/event of the construction schedule required by this Section, a responsibility code for all activities/events of the project for which the Contractor's forces will perform the work.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

D. The Contractor shall cost load work activities/events for all BID ITEMS including ASBESTOS ABATEMENT. The sum of each BID ITEM work shall equal the value of the bid item in the Contractors' bid.

### 1.7 PROJECT SCHEDULE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Show on the project schedule the sequence of work activities/events required for complete performance of all items of work. The Contractor Shall:
  - 1. Show activities/events as:
    - a. Contractor's time required for submittal of shop drawings, templates, fabrication, delivery and similar pre-construction work.
    - b. Contracting Officer's and Architect-Engineer's review and approval of shop drawings, equipment schedules, samples, template, or similar items.
    - c. Interruption of VA Facilities utilities, delivery of Government furnished equipment, and rough-in drawings, project phasing and any other specification requirements.
    - d. Test, balance and adjust various systems and pieces of equipment, maintenance and operation manuals, instructions and preventive maintenance tasks.
    - e. VA inspection and acceptance activity/event with a minimum duration of five work days at the end of each phase and immediately preceding any VA move activity/event required by the contract phasing for that phase.
  - 2. Show not only the activities/events for actual construction work for each trade category of the project, but also trade relationships to indicate the movement of trades from one area, floor, or building, to another area, floor, or building, for at least five trades who are performing major work under this contract.
  - 3. Break up the work into activities/events of a duration no longer than 20 work days each or one reporting period, except as to non-construction activities/events (i.e., procurement of materials, delivery of equipment, concrete and asphalt curing) and any other activities/events for which the COTR may approve the showing of a longer duration. The duration for VA approval of any required submittal, shop drawing, or other submittals will not be less than 20 work days.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 4. Describe work activities/events clearly, so the work is readily identifiable for assessment of completion. Activities/events labeled "start," "continue," or "completion," are not specific and will not be allowed. Lead and lag time activities will not be acceptable.
- 5. The schedule shall be generally numbered in such a way to reflect either discipline, phase or location of the work.
- B. The Contractor shall submit the following supporting data in addition to the project schedule:
  - The appropriate project calendar including working days and holidays.
  - 2. The planned number of shifts per day.
  - 3. The number of hours per shift.

Failure of the Contractor to include this data shall delay the review of the submittal until the Contracting Officer is in receipt of the missing data.

- C. To the extent that the Project Schedule or any revised Project Schedule shows anything not jointly agreed upon, it shall not be deemed to have been approved by the COTR. Failure to include any element of work required for the performance of this contract shall not excuse the Contractor from completing all work required within any applicable completion date of each phase regardless of the COTR's approval of the Project Schedule.
- D. Compact Disk Requirements and CPM Activity/Event Record Specifications: Submit to the VA an electronic file(s) containing one file of the data required to produce a schedule, reflecting all the activities/events of the complete project schedule being submitted.

### 1.8 PAYMENT TO THE CONTRACTOR:

A. Monthly, the contractor shall submit an application and certificate for payment using VA Form 10-6001a reflecting updated schedule activities and cost data in accordance with the provisions of the following Article, PAYMENT AND PROGRESS REPORTING, as the basis upon which progress payments will be made pursuant to Article, FAR 52.232 - 5 (PAYMENT UNDER FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS) and VAAR 852.232 for (PAYMENTS UNDER FIXED PRICE CONSTRUCTION). The Contractor shall be entitled to a monthly progress payment upon approval of estimates as determined from the currently approved updated project schedule. Monthly payment requests shall include: a listing of all agreed upon

> 01 32 16.15 - 6 PROJECT SCHEDULES

project schedule changes and associated data; and an electronic file (s) of the resulting monthly updated schedule.

B. Approval of the Contractor's monthly Application for Payment shall be contingent, among other factors, on the submittal of a satisfactory monthly update of the project schedule.

### 1.9 PAYMENT AND PROGRESS REPORTING

- A. Monthly schedule update meetings will be held on dates mutually agreed to by the COTR and the Contractor. Contractor and their CPM consultant (if applicable) shall attend all monthly schedule update meetings. The Contractor shall accurately update the Project Schedule and all other data required and provide this information to the COTR three work days in advance of the schedule update meeting. Job progress will be reviewed to verify:
  - Actual start and/or finish dates for updated/completed activities/events.
  - Remaining duration for each activity/event started, or scheduled to start, but not completed.
  - 3. Logic, time and cost data for change orders, and supplemental agreements that are to be incorporated into the Project Schedule.
  - Changes in activity/event sequence and/or duration which have been made, pursuant to the provisions of following Article, ADJUSTMENT OF CONTRACT COMPLETION.
  - 5. Completion percentage for all completed and partially completed activities/events.
  - Logic and duration revisions required by this section of the specifications.
  - Activity/event duration and percent complete shall be updated independently.
- B. After completion of the joint review, the contractor shall generate an updated computer-produced calendar-dated schedule and supply the Contracting Officer's representative with reports in accordance with the Article, COMPUTER PRODUCED SCHEDULES, specified.
- C. After completing the monthly schedule update, the contractor's representative or scheduling consultant shall rerun all current period contract change(s) against the prior approved monthly project schedule. The analysis shall only include original workday durations and schedule logic agreed upon by the contractor and COR for the contract change(s).

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

When there is a disagreement on logic and/or durations, the Contractor shall use the schedule logic and/or durations provided and approved by the COR. After each rerun update, the resulting electronic project schedule data file shall be appropriately identified and submitted to the VA in accordance to the requirements listed in articles 1.4 and 1.7. This electronic submission is separate from the regular monthly project schedule update requirements and shall be submitted to the COR within fourteen (14) calendar days of completing the regular schedule update. Before inserting the contract changes durations, care must be taken to ensure that only the original durations will be used for the analysis, not the reported durations after progress. In addition, once the final network diagram is approved, the contractor must recreate all manual progress payment updates on this approved network diagram and associated reruns for contract changes in each of these update periods as outlined above for regular update periods. This will require detailed record keeping for each of the manual progress payment updates.

D. Following approval of the CPM schedule, the VA, the General Contractor, its approved CPM Consultant, RE office representatives, and all subcontractors needed, as determined by the SRE, shall meet to discuss the monthly updated schedule. The main emphasis shall be to address work activities to avoid slippage of project schedule and to identify any necessary actions required to maintain project schedule during the reporting period. The Government representatives and the Contractor should conclude the meeting with a clear understanding of those work and administrative actions necessary to maintain project schedule status during the reporting period. This schedule coordination meeting will occur after each monthly project schedule update meeting utilizing the resulting schedule reports from that schedule update. If the project is behind schedule, discussions should include ways to prevent further slippage as well as ways to improve the project schedule status, when appropriate.

### 1.10 RESPONSIBILITY FOR COMPLETION

A. If it becomes apparent from the current revised monthly progress schedule that phasing or contract completion dates will not be met, the Contractor shall execute some or all of the following remedial actions:

- Increase construction manpower in such quantities and crafts as necessary to eliminate the backlog of work.
- Increase the number of working hours per shift, shifts per working day, working days per week, the amount of construction equipment, or any combination of the foregoing to eliminate the backlog of work.
- 3. Reschedule the work in conformance with the specification requirements.
- B. Prior to proceeding with any of the above actions, the Contractor shall notify and obtain approval from the COTR for the proposed schedule changes. If such actions are approved, the representative schedule revisions shall be incorporated by the Contractor into the Project Schedule before the next update, at no additional cost to the Government.

# 1.11 CHANGES TO THE SCHEDULE

- A. Within 30 calendar days after VA acceptance and approval of any updated project schedule, the Contractor shall submit a revised electronic file (s) and a list of any activity/event changes including predecessors and successors for any of the following reasons:
  - Delay in completion of any activity/event or group of activities/events, which may be involved with contract changes, strikes, unusual weather, and other delays will not relieve the Contractor from the requirements specified unless the conditions are shown on the CPM as the direct cause for delaying the project beyond the acceptable limits.
  - 2. Delays in submittals, or deliveries, or work stoppage are encountered which make rescheduling of the work necessary.
  - The schedule does not represent the actual prosecution and progress of the project.
  - When there is, or has been, a substantial revision to the activity/event costs regardless of the cause for these revisions.
- B. CPM revisions made under this paragraph which affect the previously approved computer-produced schedules for Government furnished equipment, vacating of areas by the VA Facility, contract phase(s) and sub phase(s), utilities furnished by the Government to the Contractor, or any other previously contracted item, shall be furnished in writing to the Contracting Officer for approval.

- C. Contracting Officer's approval for the revised project schedule and all relevant data is contingent upon compliance with all other paragraphs of this section and any other previous agreements by the Contracting Officer or the VA representative.
- D. The cost of revisions to the project schedule resulting from contract changes will be included in the proposal for changes in work as specified in FAR 52.243 - 4 (Changes, and will be based on the complexity of the revision or contract change, man hours expended in analyzing the change, and the total cost of the change.
- E. The cost of revisions to the Project Schedule not resulting from contract changes is the responsibility of the Contractor.

## 1.12 ADJUSTMENT OF CONTRACT COMPLETION

- A. The contract completion time will be adjusted only for causes specified in this contract. Request for an extension of the contract completion date by the Contractor shall be supported with a justification, CPM data and supporting evidence as the COTR may deem necessary for determination as to whether or not the Contractor is entitled to an extension of time under the provisions of the contract. Submission of proof based on revised activity/event logic, durations (in work days) and costs is obligatory to any approvals. The schedule must clearly display that the Contractor has used, in full, all the float time available for the work involved in this request. The Contracting Officer's determination as to the total number of days of contract extension will be based upon the current computer-produced calendar-dated schedule for the time period in question and all other relevant information.
- B. Actual delays in activities/events which, according to the computer- produced calendar-dated schedule, do not affect the extended and predicted contract completion dates shown by the critical path in the network, will not be the basis for a change to the contract completion date. The Contracting Officer will within a reasonable time after receipt of such justification and supporting evidence, review the facts and advise the Contractor in writing of the Contracting Officer's decision.
- C. The Contractor shall submit each request for a change in the contract completion date to the Contracting Officer in accordance with the provisions specified under FAR 52.243 - 4 (Changes). The Contractor

01 32 16.15 - 10 PROJECT SCHEDULES

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

shall include, as a part of each change order proposal, a sketch showing all CPM logic revisions, duration (in work days) changes, and cost changes, for work in question and its relationship to other activities on the approved network diagram.

D. All delays due to non-work activities/events such as RFI's, WEATHER, STRIKES, and similar non-work activities/events shall be analyzed on a month by month basis.

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VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

# SECTION 01 33 23

## SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. This specification defines the general requirements and procedures for submittals. A submittal is information submitted for VA review to establish compliance with the contract documents.
- B. Detailed submittal requirements are found in the technical sections of the contract specifications. The Contracting Officer may request submittals in addition to those specified when deemed necessary to adequately describe the work covered in the respective technical specifications at no additional cost to the government.
- C. VA approval of a submittal does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for any error which may exist. The Contractor is responsible for fully complying with all contract requirements and the satisfactory construction of all work, including the need to check, confirm, and coordinate the work of all subcontractors for the project. Non-compliant material incorporated in the work will be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense.

## 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Preconstruction Submittals: Submittals which are required prior to issuing contract notice to proceed or starting construction. For example, Certificates of insurance; Surety bonds; Site-specific safety plan; Construction progress schedule; Schedule of values; Submittal register; List of proposed subcontractors.
- B. Shop Drawings: Drawings, diagrams, and schedules specifically prepared to illustrate some portion of the work. Drawings prepared by or for the Contractor to show how multiple systems and interdisciplinary work will be integrated and coordinated.
- C. Product Data: Catalog cuts, illustrations, schedules, diagrams, performance charts, instructions, and brochures, which describe and illustrate size, physical appearance, and other characteristics of materials, systems, or equipment for some portion of the work. Samples of warranty language when the contract requires extended product warranties.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- D. Samples: Physical examples of materials, equipment, or workmanship that illustrate functional and aesthetic characteristics of a material or product and establish standards by which the work can be judged. Color samples from the manufacturer's standard line (or custom color samples if specified) to be used in selecting or approving colors for the project. Field samples and mock-ups constructed to establish standards by which the ensuing work can be judged.
- E. Design Data: Calculations, mix designs, analyses, or other data pertaining to a part of work.
- F. Test Reports: Report which includes findings of a test required to be performed by the Contractor on an actual portion of the work. Report which includes finding of a test made at the job site or on sample taken from the job site, on portion of work during or after installation.
- G. Certificates: Document required of Contractor, or of a manufacturer, supplier, installer, or subcontractor through Contractor. The purpose is to document procedures, acceptability of methods, or personnel qualifications for a portion of the work.
- H. Manufacturer's Instructions: Pre-printed material describing installation of a product, system, or material, including special notices and MSDS concerning impedances, hazards, and safety precautions.
- I. Manufacturer's Field Reports: Documentation of the testing and verification actions taken by manufacturer's representative at the job site on a portion of the work, during or after installation, to confirm compliance with manufacturer's standards or instructions. The documentation must indicate whether the material, product, or system has passed or failed the test.
- J. Operation and Maintenance Data: Manufacturer data that is required to operate, maintain, troubleshoot, and repair equipment, including manufacturer's help, parts list, and product line documentation. This data shall be incorporated in an operations and maintenance manual.
- K. Closeout Submittals: Documentation necessary to properly close out a construction contract. For example, Record Drawings and as-built drawings. Also, submittal requirements necessary to properly close out a phase of construction on a multi-phase contract.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### **1.3 SUBMITTAL REGISTER**

- A. The submittal register will list items of equipment and materials for which submittals are required by the specifications. This list may not be all inclusive and additional submittals may be required by the specifications. The Contractor is not relieved from supplying submittals required by the contract documents but which have been omitted from the submittal register.
- B. The submittal register will serve as a scheduling document for submittals and will be used to control submittal actions throughout the contract period.
- C. The VA will provide the initial submittal register in electronic format. Thereafter, the Contractor shall track all submittals by maintaining a complete list, including completion of all data columns, including dates on which submittals are received and returned by the VA.



- D. The Contractor shall update the submittal register as submittal actions occur and maintain the submittal register at the project site until final acceptance of all work by Contracting Officer.
- E. The Contractor shall submit formal monthly updates to the submittal register in electronic format. Each monthly update shall document actual submission and approval dates for each submittal.

## 1.4 SUBMITTAL SCHEDULING

- A. Submittals are to be scheduled, submitted, reviewed, and approved prior to the acquisition of the material or equipment.
- B. Coordinate scheduling, sequencing, preparing, and processing of submittals with performance of work so that work will not be delayed by submittal processing. Allow time for potential resubmittal.
- C. No delay costs or time extensions will be allowed for time lost in late submittals or resubmittals.
- D. All submittals are required to be approved prior to the start of the specified work activity.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 1.5 SUBMITTAL PREPARATION

- A. Each submittal is to be complete and in sufficient detail to allow ready determination of compliance with contract requirements.
- B. Collect required data for each specific material, product, unit of work, or system into a single submittal. Prominently mark choices, options, and portions applicable to the submittal. Partial submittals will not be accepted for expedition of construction effort. Submittal will be returned without review if incomplete.
- C. If available product data is incomplete, provide Contractor-prepared documentation to supplement product data and satisfy submittal requirements.
- D. All irrelevant or unnecessary data shall be removed from the submittal to facilitate accuracy and timely processing. Submittals that contain the excessive amount of irrelevant or unnecessary data will be returned with review.
- E. Provide a transmittal form for each submittal with the following information:
  - 1. Project title, location and number.
  - 2. Construction contract number.
  - 3. Date of the drawings and revisions.
  - Name, address, and telephone number of subcontractor, supplier, manufacturer, and any other subcontractor associated with the submittal.
  - 5. List paragraph number of the specification section and sheet number of the contract drawings by which the submittal is required.
  - When a resubmission, add alphabetic suffix on submittal description. For example, submittal 18 would become 18A, to indicate resubmission.
  - 7. Product identification and location in project.
- F. The Contractor is responsible for reviewing and certifying that all submittals are in compliance with contract requirements before submitting for VA review. Proposed deviations from the contract requirements are to be clearly identified. All deviations submitted must include a side by side comparison of item being proposed against item specified. Failure to point out deviations will result in the VA requiring removal and replacement of such work at the Contractor's expense.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- G. Stamp, sign, and date each submittal transmittal form indicating action taken.
- H. Stamp used by the Contractor on the submittal transmittal form to certify that the submittal meets contract requirements is to be similar to the following:

CONTRACTOR	
(Firm Name)	
Approved	
Approved with corrections as noted on submittal data and/or	
<pre>attached sheets(s)</pre>	
SIGNATURE:	
TITLE:	
DATE:	
I I	

# 1.6 SUBMITTAL FORMAT AND TRANSMISSION

- A. Provide submittals in electronic format, with the exception of material samples. Use PDF as the electronic format, unless otherwise specified or directed by the Contracting Officer.
- B. Compile the electronic submittal file as a single, complete document. Name the electronic submittal file specifically according to its contents.
- C. Electronic files must be of sufficient quality that all information is legible. Generate PDF files from original documents so that the text included in the PDF file is both searchable and can be copied. If documents are scanned, Optical Character Resolution (OCR) routines are required.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- D. All electronic document submittals should be sent through an FTP File Sharing system. Confirm that the electronic FTP file sharing system can be accessed from the VA computer network. The Contractor is responsible for setting up, providing, and maintaining the electronic FTP file sharing system for the construction contract period of performance.
- E. Provide hard copies of submittals when requested by the Contracting Officer. Up to 3 additional hard copies of any submittal may be requested at the discretion of the Contracting Officer, at no additional cost to the VA.

#### 1.7 SAMPLES

- A. Submit two sets of physical samples showing range of variation, for each required item.
- B. Where samples are specified for selection of color, finish, pattern, or texture, submit the full set of available choices for the material or product specified.
- C. When color, texture, or pattern is specified by naming a particular manufacturer and style, include one sample of that manufacturer and style, for comparison.
- D. Before submitting samples, the Contractor is to ensure that the materials or equipment will be available in quantities required in the project. No change or substitution will be permitted after a sample has been approved.
- E. The VA reserves the right to disapprove any material or equipment which previously has proven unsatisfactory in service.
- F. Physical samples supplied maybe requested back for use in the project after reviewed and approved.

#### 1.8 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

- A. Submit data specified for a given item within 30 calendar days after the item is delivered to the contract site.
- B. In the event the Contractor fails to deliver O&M Data within the time limits specified, the Contracting Officer may withhold from progress payments 50 percent of the price of the item with which such O&M Data are applicable.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 1.9 TEST REPORTS

SRE may require specific test after work has been installed or completed which could require contractor to repair test area at no additional cost to contract.

## 1.10 VA REVIEW OF SUBMITTALS AND RFIS

- A. The VA will review all submittals for compliance with the technical requirements of the contract documents. The Architect-Engineer for this project will assist the VA in reviewing all submittals and determining contractual compliance. Review will be only for conformance with the applicable codes, standards and contract requirements.
- B. Period of review for submittals begins when the VA COR receives submittal from the Contractor.
- C. Period of review for each resubmittal is the same as for initial submittal.
- D. VA review period is 21 calendar days for submittals.
- E. VA review period is 14 calendar days for RFIs.
- F. The VA will return submittals to the Contractor with the following notations:
  - 1. "Approved": authorizes the Contractor to proceed with the work covered.
  - "Approved as noted": authorizes the Contractor to proceed with the work covered provided the Contractor incorporates the noted comments and makes the noted corrections.
  - 3. "Disapproved, revise and resubmit": indicates noncompliance with the contract requirements or that submittal is incomplete. Resubmit with appropriate changes and corrections. No work shall proceed for this item until resubmittal is approved.
  - 4. "Not reviewed": indicates submittal does not have evidence of being reviewed and approved by Contractor or is not complete. A submittal marked "not reviewed" will be returned with an explanation of the reason it is not reviewed. Resubmit submittals after taking appropriate action.

### 1.11 APPROVED SUBMITTALS

A. The VA approval of submittals is not to be construed as a complete check, and indicates only that the general method of construction, materials, detailing, and other information are satisfactory.

> 01 33 23 - 8 SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- B. VA approval of a submittal does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for any error which may exist. The Contractor is responsible for fully complying with all contract requirements and the satisfactory construction of all work, including the need to check, confirm, and coordinate the work of all subcontractors for the project. Non-compliant material incorporated in the work will be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense.
- C. After submittals have been approved, no resubmittal for the purpose of substituting materials or equipment will be considered unless accompanied by an explanation of why a substitution is necessary.
- D. Retain a copy of all approved submittals at project site, including approved samples.

# 1.12 WITHHOLDING OF PAYMENT

Payment for materials incorporated in the work will not be made if required approvals have not been obtained.

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VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

# SECTION 01 35 26 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.1	APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS 2
1.2	DEFINITIONS 3
1.3	REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS 5
1.4	ACCIDENT PREVENTION PLAN (APP) 5
1.5	ACTIVITY HAZARD ANALYSES (AHAs) 10
1.6	PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE 12
1.7	"SITE SAFETY AND HEALTH OFFICER" (SSHO) and "COMPETENT PERSON" (CP) 13 $$
1.8	TRAINING 13
1.9	INSPECTIONS 15
1.10	ACCIDENTS, OSHA 300 LOGS, AND MAN-HOURS 15
1.11	PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) 16
1.12	INFECTION CONTROL
1.13	TUBERCULOSIS SCREENING
1.14	FIRE SAFETY
1.15	ELECTRICAL
1.16	FALL PROTECTION
1.17	SCAFFOLDS AND OTHER WORK PLATFORMS
1.18	EXCAVATION AND TRENCHES
1.19	CRANES
1.20	CONTROL OF HAZARDOUS ENERGY (LOCKOUT/TAGOUT)
1.21	CONFINED SPACE ENTRY
1.22	WELDING AND CUTTING
1.23	LADDERS
1.24	FLOOR & WALL OPENINGS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

# SECTION 01 35 26 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

#### 1.1 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS:

- A. Latest publications listed below form part of this Article to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designations only.
- B. American Society of Safety Engineers (ASSE):

A10.1-2011.....Pre-Project & Pre-Task Safety and Health Planning

A10.34-2012.....Protection of the Public on or Adjacent to Construction Sites

A10.38-2013.....Basic Elements of an Employer's Program to Provide a Safe and Healthful Work Environment American National Standard Construction and Demolition Operations

C. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):

E84-2013.....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials

D. The Facilities Guidelines Institute (FGI):

FGI Guidelines-2010Guidelines for Design and Construction of Healthcare Facilities

E. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):

10-2018.....Standard for Portable Fire Extinguishers

30-2018.....Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code

51B-2019..... Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work

70-2020.....National Electrical Code

70B-2019.....Recommended Practice for Electrical Equipment Maintenance

70E-2018 .....Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace

01 35 26 -2 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

99-2018..... Health Care Facilities Code

241-2019.....Standard for Safeguarding Construction, Alteration, and Demolition Operations

F. The Joint Commission (TJC)

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TJC Manual .....Comprehensive Accreditation and Certification Manual
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G. U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

10 CFR 20 .....Standards for Protection Against Radiation

H. U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA):

29 CFR 1910 .....Safety and Health Regulations for General Industry

29 CFR 1926 .....Safety and Health Regulations for Construction Industry

I. VHA Directive 2005-007

# 1.2 DEFINITIONS:

- A. Critical Lift. A lift with the hoisted load exceeding 75% of the crane's maximum capacity; lifts made out of the view of the operator (blind picks); lifts involving two or more cranes; personnel being hoisted; and special hazards such as lifts over occupied facilities, loads lifted close to power-lines, and lifts in high winds or where other adverse environmental conditions exist; and any lift which the crane operator believes is critical.
- B. OSHA "Competent Person" (CP). One who is capable of identifying existing and predictable hazards in the surroundings and working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to employees, and who has the authorization to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate them (see 29 CFR 1926.32(f)).
- C. "Qualified Person" means one who, by possession of a recognized degree, certificate, or professional standing, or who by extensive knowledge, training and experience, has successfully demonstrated his ability to

solve or resolve problems relating to the subject matter, the work, or the project.

- D. High Visibility Accident. Any mishap which may generate publicity or high visibility.
- E. Accident/Incident Criticality Categories:
  - No impact near miss incidents that should be investigated but are not required to be reported to the VA;
  - Minor incident/impact incidents that require first aid or result in minor equipment damage (less than \$5000). These incidents must be investigated but are not required to be reported to the VA;
  - 3. Moderate incident/impact Any work-related injury or illness that results in:
    - a. Days away from work (any time lost after day of injury/illness onset);
    - b. Restricted work;
    - c. Transfer to another job;
    - d. Medical treatment beyond first aid;
    - e. Loss of consciousness;
  - A significant injury or illness diagnosed by a physician or other licensed health care professional, even if it did not result in (1) through (5) above or,
  - 5. Any incident that leads to major equipment damage (greater than \$5000).
- F. These incidents must be investigated and are required to be reported to the VA;
  - 1 Major incident/impact Any mishap that leads to fatalities, hospitalizations, amputations, and losses of an eye as a result of contractors' activities. Or any incident which leads to major property damage (greater than \$20,000) and/or may generate publicity or high visibility. These incidents must be investigated and are

required to be reported to the VA as soon as practical, but not later than 2 hours after the incident.

G. Medical Treatment. Treatment administered by a physician or by registered professional personnel under the standing orders of a physician. Medical treatment does not include first aid treatment even through provided by a physician or registered personnel.

### 1.3 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS:

A. In addition to the detailed requirements included in the provisions of this contract, comply with 29 CFR 1926, comply with 29 CFR 1910 as incorporated by reference within 29 CFR 1926, comply with ASSE A10.34, and all applicable [federal, state, and local] laws, ordinances, criteria, rules and regulations. Submit matters of interpretation of standards for resolution before starting work. Where the requirements of this specification, applicable laws, criteria, ordinances, regulations, and referenced documents vary, the most stringent requirements govern except with specific approval and acceptance by the Contracting Officer Representative.

#### 1.4 ACCIDENT PREVENTION PLAN (APP):

- A. The APP (aka Construction Safety & Health Plan) shall interface with the Contractor's overall safety and health program. Include any portions of the Contractor's overall safety and health program referenced in the APP in the applicable APP element and ensure it is site-specific. The Government considers the Prime Contractor to be the "controlling authority" for all worksite safety and health of each subcontractor(s). Contractors are responsible for informing their subcontractors of the safety provisions under the terms of the contract and the penalties for noncompliance, coordinating the work to prevent one craft from interfering with or creating hazardous working conditions for other crafts, and inspecting subcontractor operations to ensure that accident prevention responsibilities are being carried out.
- B. The APP shall be prepared as follows:
  - Written in English by a qualified person who is employed by the Prime Contractor articulating the specific work and hazards pertaining to the contract (model language can be found in ASSE

A10.33). Specifically articulating the safety requirements found within these VA contract safety specifications.

- 2. Address both the Prime Contractors and the subcontractors work operations.
- 3. State measures to be taken to control hazards associated with materials, services, or equipment provided by suppliers.
- 4. Address all the elements/sub-elements and in order as follows:
  - a. **SIGNATURE SHEET**. Title, signature, and phone number of the following:
    - Plan preparer (Qualified Person such as corporate safety staff person or contracted Certified Safety Professional with construction safety experience);
    - Plan approver (company/corporate officers authorized to obligate the company);
    - 3) Plan concurrence (e.g., Chief of Operations, Corporate Chief of Safety, Corporate Industrial Hygienist, project manager or superintendent, project safety professional). Provide concurrence of other applicable corporate and project personnel (Contractor).
  - b. BACKGROUND INFORMATION. List the following:
    - 1) Contractor;
    - 2) Contract number;
    - 3) Project name;
    - Brief project description, description of work to be performed, and location; phases of work anticipated (these will require an AHA).
  - c. STATEMENT OF SAFETY AND HEALTH POLICY. Provide a copy of current corporate/company Safety and Health Policy Statement, detailing commitment to providing a safe and healthful workplace for all employees. The Contractor's written safety program goals,

objectives, and accident experience goals for this contract should be provided.

- d. **RESPONSIBILITIES AND LINES OF AUTHORITIES**. Provide the following:
  - A statement of the employer's ultimate responsibility for the implementation of his SOH program;
  - Identification and accountability of personnel responsible for safety at both corporate and project level. Contracts specifically requiring safety or industrial hygiene personnel shall include a copy of their resumes.
  - 3) The names of Competent and/or Qualified Person(s) and proof of competency/qualification to meet specific OSHA Competent/Qualified Person(s) requirements must be attached.;
  - Requirements that no work shall be performed unless a designated competent person is present on the job site;
  - 5) Requirements for pre-task Activity Hazard Analysis (AHAs);
  - 6) Lines of authority;
  - Policies and procedures regarding noncompliance with safety requirements (to include disciplinary actions for violation of safety requirements) should be identified;
- e. SUBCONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS. If applicable, provide procedures for coordinating SOH activities with other employers on the job site:
  - 1) Identification of subcontractors and suppliers (if known);
  - 2) Safety responsibilities of subcontractors and suppliers.

## f. TRAINING.

- Site-specific SOH orientation training at the time of initial hire or assignment to the project for every employee before working on the project site is required.
- 2) Mandatory training and certifications that are applicable to this project (e.g., explosive actuated tools, crane operator,

rigger, crane signal person, fall protection, electrical lockout/NFPA 70E, machine/equipment lockout, confined space, etc...) and any requirements for periodic retraining/recertification are required.

- Procedures for ongoing safety and health training for supervisors and employees shall be established to address changes in site hazards/conditions.
- OSHA 10-hour training is required for all workers on site and the OSHA 30-hour training is required for Trade Competent Persons (CPs)

## g. SAFETY AND HEALTH INSPECTIONS.

- Specific assignment of responsibilities for a minimum daily job site safety and health inspection during periods of work activity: Who will conduct (e.g., "Site Safety and Health CP"), proof of inspector's training/qualifications, when inspections will be conducted, procedures for documentation, deficiency tracking system, and follow-up procedures.
- Any external inspections/certifications that may be required (e.g., contracted CSP or CSHT)
- h. ACCIDENT/INCIDENT INVESTIGATION & REPORTING. The Contractor shall conduct mishap investigations of all Moderate and Major as well as all High Visibility Incidents. The APP shall include accident/incident investigation procedure and identify person(s) responsible to provide the following to the Contracting Officer Representative:
  - 1) Exposure data (man-hours worked);
  - 2) Accident investigation reports;
  - 3) Project site injury and illness logs.
- i. PLANS (PROGRAMS, PROCEDURES) REQUIRED. Based on a risk assessment of contracted activities and on mandatory OSHA compliance programs, the Contractor shall address all applicable occupational, patient, and public safety risks in site-specific

01 35 26 -8 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 compliance and accident prevention plans. These Plans shall include but are not be limited to procedures for addressing the risks associates with the following: 1) Emergency response; 2) Contingency for severe weather; 3) Fire Prevention; 4) Medical Support; 5) Posting of emergency telephone numbers; 6) Prevention of alcohol and drug abuse; 7) Site sanitation(housekeeping, drinking water, toilets); 8) Night operations and lighting; 9) Hazard communication program; 10) Welding/Cutting "Hot" work; 11) Electrical Safe Work Practices (Electrical LOTO/NFPA 70E); 12) General Electrical Safety; 13) Hazardous energy control (Machine LOTO); 14) Site-Specific Fall Protection & Prevention; 15) Excavation/trenching; 16) Asbestos abatement; 17) Lead abatement; 18) Crane Critical lift; 19) Respiratory protection; 20) Health hazard control program; 21) Radiation Safety Program; 22) Abrasive blasting; 23) Heat/Cold Stress Monitoring;

> 01 35 26 -9 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades March 30, 2022 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 24) Crystalline Silica Monitoring (Assessment); 25) Demolition plan (to include engineering survey); 26) Formwork and shoring erection and removal; 27) PreCast Concrete; 28) Public (Mandatory compliance with ANSI/ASSE A10.34-2012).

C. Submit the APP to the Contracting Officer Representative or Government Designated Authority for review for compliance with contract requirements in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES 15 calendar days prior to the date of the preconstruction conference for acceptance. Work cannot proceed without an accepted APP.

- D. Once accepted by the Contracting Officer Representative, the APP and attachments will be enforced as part of the contract. Disregarding the provisions of this contract or the accepted APP will be cause for stopping of work, at the discretion of the Contracting Officer in accordance with FAR Clause 52.236-13, *Accident Prevention*, until the matter has been rectified.
- E. Once work begins, changes to the accepted APP shall be made with the knowledge and concurrence of the Project Manager, project superintendent, project overall designated OSHA Competent Person, and Contracting Officer Representative. Should any severe hazard exposure, i.e. imminent danger, become evident, stop work in the area, secure the area, and develop a plan to remove the exposure and control the hazard. Notify the Contracting Officer within 24 hours of discovery. Eliminate/remove the hazard. In the interim, take all necessary action to restore and maintain safe working conditions in order to safeguard onsite personnel, visitors, the public and the environment.

### 1.5 ACTIVITY HAZARD ANALYSES (AHAS):

A. AHAs are also known as Job Hazard Analyses, Job Safety Analyses, and Activity Safety Analyses. Before beginning each work activity involving a type of work presenting hazards not experienced in previous project operations or where a new work crew or sub-contractor is to perform the work, the Contractor(s) performing that work activity shall

> 01 35 26 -10 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

prepare an AHA (Example electronic AHA forms can be found on the US Army Corps of Engineers web site)

- B. AHAs shall define the activities being performed and identify the work sequences, the specific anticipated hazards, site conditions, equipment, materials, and the control measures to be implemented to eliminate or reduce each hazard to an acceptable level of risk.
- C. Work shall not begin until the AHA for the work activity has been accepted by the Contracting Officer Representative and discussed with all engaged in the activity, including the Contractor, subcontractor(s), and Government on-site representatives at preparatory and initial control phase meetings.
  - 1. The names of the Competent/Qualified Person(s) required for a particular activity (for example, excavations, scaffolding, fall protection, other activities as specified by OSHA and/or other State and Local agencies) shall be identified and included in the AHA. Certification of their competency/qualification shall be submitted to the Government Designated Authority (GDA) for acceptance prior to the start of that work activity.
  - The AHA shall be reviewed and modified as necessary to address changing site conditions, operations, or change of competent/qualified person(s).
    - a. If more than one Competent/Qualified Person is used on the AHA activity, a list of names shall be submitted as an attachment to the AHA. Those listed must be Competent/Qualified for the type of work involved in the AHA and familiar with current site safety issues.
    - b. If a new Competent/Qualified Person (not on the original list) is added, the list shall be updated (an administrative action not requiring an updated AHA). The new person shall acknowledge in writing that he or she has reviewed the AHA and is familiar with current site safety issues.
  - Submit AHAs to the Contracting Officer Representative for review for compliance with contract requirements in accordance with Section 01
     33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES for review at least

01 35 26 -11 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

15 calendar days prior to the start of each phase. Subsequent AHAs as shall be formatted as amendments to the APP. The analysis should be used during daily inspections to ensure the implementation and effectiveness of the activity's safety and health controls.

- 4. The AHA list will be reviewed periodically (at least monthly) at the Contractor supervisory safety meeting and updated as necessary when procedures, scheduling, or hazards change.
- 5. Develop the activity hazard analyses using the project schedule as the basis for the activities performed. All activities listed on the project schedule will require an AHA. The AHAs will be developed by the contractor, supplier, or subcontractor and provided to the prime contractor for review and approval and then submitted to the Contracting Officer Representative.

#### 1.6 PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE:

- A. Contractor representatives who have a responsibility or significant role in implementation of the accident prevention program, as required by 29 CFR 1926.20(b)(1), on the project shall attend the preconstruction conference to gain a mutual understanding of its implementation. This includes the project superintendent, subcontractor superintendents, and any other assigned safety and health professionals.
- B. Discuss the details of the submitted APP to include incorporated plans, programs, procedures and a listing of anticipated AHAs that will be developed and implemented during the performance of the contract. This list of proposed AHAs will be reviewed at the conference and an agreement will be reached between the Contractor and the Contracting Officer's representative as to which phases will require an analysis. In addition, establish a schedule for the preparation, submittal, review, and acceptance of AHAs to preclude project delays.
- C. Deficiencies in the submitted APP will be brought to the attention of the Contractor within 14 days of submittal, and the Contractor shall revise the plan to correct deficiencies and re-submit it for acceptance. Do not begin work until there is an accepted APP.

## 1.7 "SITE SAFETY AND HEALTH OFFICER" (SSHO) AND "COMPETENT PERSON" (CP):

- A. The Prime Contractor shall designate a minimum of one SSHO at each project site that will be identified as the SSHO to administer the Contractor's safety program and government-accepted Accident Prevention Plan. Each subcontractor shall designate a minimum of one CP in compliance with 29 CFR 1926.20 (b) (2) that will be identified as a CP to administer their individual safety programs.
- B. Further, all specialized Competent Persons for the work crews will be supplied by the respective contractor as required by 29 CFR 1926 (i.e. Asbestos, Electrical, Cranes, & Derricks, Demolition, Fall Protection, Fire Safety/Life Safety, Ladder, Rigging, Scaffolds, and Trenches/Excavations).
- C. These Competent Persons can have collateral duties as the subcontractor's superintendent and/or work crew lead persons as well as fill more than one specialized CP role (i.e. Asbestos, Electrical, Cranes, & Derricks, Demolition, Fall Protection, Fire Safety/Life Safety, Ladder, Rigging, Scaffolds, and Trenches/Excavations).
- D. The SSHO or an equally-qualified Designated Representative/alternate will maintain a presence on the site during construction operations in accordance with FAR Clause 52.236-6: Superintendence by the Contractor. CPs will maintain presence during their construction activities in accordance with above mentioned clause. A listing of the designated SSHO and all known CPs shall be submitted prior to the start of work as part of the APP with the training documentation and/or AHA as listed in Section 1.8 below.
- E. The repeated presence of uncontrolled hazards during a contractor's work operations will result in the designated CP as being deemed incompetent and result in the required removal of the employee in accordance with FAR Clause 52.236-5: Material and Workmanship, Paragraph (c).

# 1.8 TRAINING:

A. The designated Prime Contractor SSHO must meet the requirements of all applicable OSHA standards and be capable (through training, experience, and qualifications) of ensuring that the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.16

> 01 35 26 -13 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

and other appropriate Federal, State and local requirements are met for the project. As a minimum the SSHO must have completed the OSHA 30-hour Construction Safety class and have five (5) years of construction industry safety experience or three (3) years if he/she possesses a Certified Safety Professional (CSP) or certified Construction Safety and Health Technician (CSHT) certification or have a safety and health degree from an accredited university or college.

- B. All designated CPs shall have completed the OSHA 30-hour Construction Safety course within the past 5 years.
- C. In addition to the OSHA 30 Hour Construction Safety Course, all CPs with high hazard work operations such as operations involving asbestos, electrical, cranes, demolition, work at heights/fall protection, fire safety/life safety, ladder, rigging, scaffolds, and trenches/excavations shall have a specialized formal course in the hazard recognition & control associated with those high hazard work operations. Documented "repeat" deficiencies in the execution of safety requirements will require retaking the requisite formal course.
- D. All other construction workers shall have the OSHA 10-hour Construction Safety Outreach course and any necessary safety training to be able to identify hazards within their work environment.
- E. Submit training records associated with the above training requirements to the Contracting Officer Representative for review for compliance with contract requirements in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES 15 calendar days prior to the date of the preconstruction conference for acceptance.
- F. Prior to any worker for the contractor or subcontractors beginning work, they shall undergo a safety briefing provided by the SSHO or his/her designated representative. As a minimum, this briefing shall include information on the site-specific hazards, construction limits, VAMC safety guidelines, means of egress, break areas, work hours, locations of restrooms, use of VAMC equipment, emergency procedures, accident reporting etc... Documentation shall be provided to the Contracting Officer Representative that individuals have undergone contractor's safety briefing.

G. Ongoing safety training will be accomplished in the form of weekly documented safety meeting.

## 1.9 INSPECTIONS:

- A. The SSHO shall conduct frequent and regular safety inspections (daily) of the site and each of the subcontractors CPs shall conduct frequent and regular safety inspections (daily) of the their work operations as required by 29 CFR 1926.20(b)(2). Each week, the SSHO shall conduct a formal documented inspection of the entire construction areas with the subcontractors' "Trade Safety and Health CPs" present in their work areas. Coordinate with, and report findings and corrective actions weekly to Contracting Officer Representative.
- B. A Certified Safety Professional (CSP) with specialized knowledge in construction safety or a certified Construction Safety and Health Technician (CSHT) shall randomly conduct a monthly site safety inspection. The CSP or CSHT can be a corporate safety professional or independently contracted. The CSP or CSHT will provide their certificate number on the required report for verification as necessary.
  - Results of the inspection will be documented with tracking of the identified hazards to abatement.
  - The Contracting Officer Representative will be notified immediately prior to start of the inspection and invited to accompany the inspection.
  - 3. Identified hazard and controls will be discussed to come to a mutual understanding to ensure abatement and prevent future reoccurrence.
  - 4. A report of the inspection findings with status of abatement will be provided to the Contracting Officer Representative within one week of the onsite inspection.

# 1.10 ACCIDENTS, OSHA 300 LOGS, AND MAN-HOURS:

A. The prime contractor shall establish and maintain an accident reporting, recordkeeping, and analysis system to track and analyze all injuries and illnesses, high visibility incidents, and accidental

> 01 35 26 -15 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

property damage (both government and contractor) that occur on site. Notify the Contracting Officer Representative as soon as practical, but no more than four hours after any accident meeting the definition of a Moderate or Major incidents, High Visibility Incidents, , or any weight handling and hoisting equipment accident. Within notification include contractor name; contract title; type of contract; name of activity, installation or location where accident occurred; date and time of accident; names of personnel injured; extent of property damage, if any; extent of injury, if known, and brief description of accident (to include type of construction equipment used, PPE used, etc.). Preserve the conditions and evidence on the accident site until the Contracting Officer Representative determine whether a government investigation will be conducted.

- B. Conduct an accident investigation for all Minor, Moderate and Major incidents as defined in paragraph DEFINITIONS, and property damage accidents resulting in at least \$20,000 in damages, to establish the root cause(s) of the accident. Complete the VA Form 2162 (or equivalent), and provide the report to the Contracting Officer Representative within 5 calendar days of the accident. The Contracting Officer Representative will provide copies of any required or special forms.
- C. A summation of all man-hours worked by the contractor and associated sub-contractors for each month will be reported to the Contracting Officer Representative monthly.
- D. A summation of all Minor, Moderate, and Major incidents experienced on site by the contractor and associated sub-contractors for each month will be provided to the Contracting Officer Representative monthly. The contractor and associated sub-contractors' OSHA 300 logs will be made available to the Contracting Officer Representative as requested.

## 1.11 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

- A. PPE is governed in all areas by the nature of the work the employee is performing. For example, specific PPE required for performing work on electrical equipment is identified in NFPA 70E, Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace.
- B. Mandatory PPE includes:

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- Hard Hats unless written authorization is given by the Contracting Officer Representative in circumstances of work operations that have limited potential for falling object hazards such as during finishing work or minor remodeling. With authorization to relax the requirement of hard hats, if a worker becomes exposed to an overhead falling object hazard, then hard hats would be required in accordance with the OSHA regulations.
- Safety glasses unless written authorization is given by the Contracting Officer Representative in circumstances of no eye hazards, appropriate safety glasses meeting the ANSI Z.87.1 standard must be worn by each person on site.
- 3. Appropriate Safety Shoes based on the hazards present, safety shoes meeting the requirements of ASTM F2413-11 shall be worn by each person on site unless written authorization is given by the Contracting Officer Representative in circumstances of no foot hazards.
- Hearing protection Use personal hearing protection at all times in designated noise hazardous areas or when performing noise hazardous tasks.

#### 1.12 INFECTION CONTROL

- A. Infection Control is critical in all medical center facilities. Interior construction activities causing disturbance of existing dust, or creating new dust, must be conducted within ventilation-controlled areas that minimize the flow of airborne particles into patient areas. Exterior construction activities causing disturbance of soil or creates dust in some other manner must be controlled.
- B. An AHA associated with infection control will be performed by VA personnel in accordance with FGI Guidelines (i.e. Infection Control Risk Assessment (ICRA)). The ICRA procedure found on the American Society for Healthcare Engineering (ASHE) website will be utilized. Risk classifications of Class II or lower will require approval by the Contracting Officer Representative before beginning any construction work. Risk classifications of Class III or higher will require a permit before beginning any construction work. Infection Control permits will be issued by the Contracting Officer Representative. The

01 35 26 -17 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Infection Control Permits will be posted outside the appropriate construction area. More than one permit may be issued for a construction project if the work is located in separate areas requiring separate classes. The primary project scope area for this project is: **Class I**, however, work outside the primary project scope area may vary. The required infection control precautions with each class are as follows:

- 1. Class I requirements:
  - a. During Construction Work:
    - 1) Notify the Contracting Officer Representative
    - Execute work by methods to minimize raising dust from construction operations.
    - Ceiling tiles: Immediately replace a ceiling tiles displaced for visual inspection.
  - b. Upon Completion:
    - 1) Clean work area upon completion of task
    - 2) Notify the Contracting Officer Representative
- 2. Class II requirements:
  - a. During Construction Work:
    - 1) Notify the Contracting Officer Representative
    - Provide active means to prevent airborne dust from dispersing into atmosphere such as wet methods or tool mounted dust collectors where possible.
    - 3) Water mist work surfaces to control dust while cutting.
    - 4) Seal unused doors with duct tape.
    - 5) Block off and seal air vents.
    - Remove or isolate HVAC system in areas where work is being performed.
  - b. Upon Completion:

01 35 26 -18 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

- 1) Wipe work surfaces with cleaner/disinfectant.
- 2) Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers.
- Wet mop and/or vacuum with HEPA filtered vacuum before leaving work area.
- 4) Upon completion, restore HVAC system where work was performed
- 5) Notify the Contracting Officer Representative
- 3. Class III requirements:
  - a. During Construction Work:
    - 1) Obtain permit from the Contracting Officer Representative
    - 2) Remove or Isolate HVAC system in area where work is being done to prevent contamination of duct system.
    - 3) Complete all critical barriers i.e. sheetrock, plywood, plastic, to seal area from non-work area or implement control cube method (cart with plastic covering and sealed connection to work site with HEPA vacuum for vacuuming prior to exit) before construction begins. Install construction barriers and ceiling protection carefully, outside of normal work hours.
    - 4) Maintain negative air pressure, 0.01 inches of water gauge, within work site utilizing HEPA equipped air filtration units and continuously monitored with a digital display, recording and alarm instrument, which must be calibrated on installation, maintained with periodic calibration and monitored by the contractor.
    - 5) Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers.
    - Cover transport receptacles or carts. Tape covering unless solid lid.
  - b. Upon Completion:

- Do not remove barriers from work area until completed project is inspected by the Contracting Officer Representative and thoroughly cleaned by the VA Environmental Services Department.
- Remove construction barriers and ceiling protection carefully to minimize spreading of dirt and debris associated with construction, outside of normal work hours.
- 3) Vacuum work area with HEPA filtered vacuums.
- 4) Wet mop area with cleaner/disinfectant.
- 5) Upon completion, restore HVAC system where work was performed.
- 6) Return permit to the Contracting Officer Representative
- 4. Class IV requirements:
  - a. During Construction Work:
    - 1) Obtain permit from the Contracting Officer Representative
    - Isolate HVAC system in area where work is being done to prevent contamination of duct system.
    - 3) Complete all critical barriers i.e. sheetrock, plywood, plastic, to seal area from non work area or implement control cube method (cart with plastic covering and sealed connection to work site with HEPA vacuum for vacuuming prior to exit) before construction begins. Install construction barriers and ceiling protection carefully, outside of normal work hours.
    - 4) Maintain negative air pressure, 0.01 inches of water gauge, within work site utilizing HEPA equipped air filtration units and continuously monitored with a digital display, recording and alarm instrument, which must be calibrated on installation, maintained with periodic calibration and monitored by the contractor.5) Seal holes, pipes, conduits, and punctures.
    - 6) Construct anteroom and require all personnel to pass through this room so they can be vacuumed using a HEPA vacuum cleaner

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

before leaving work site or they can wear cloth or paper coveralls that are removed each time they leave work site.

- All personnel entering work site are required to wear shoe covers. Shoe covers must be changed each time the worker exits the work area.
- b. Upon Completion:
  - Do not remove barriers from work area until completed project is inspected by the Contracting Officer Representative with thorough cleaning by the VA Environmental Services Dept.
  - Remove construction barriers and ceiling protection carefully to minimize spreading of dirt and debris associated with construction, outside of normal work hours.
  - Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers.
  - Cover transport receptacles or carts. Tape covering unless solid lid.
  - 5) Vacuum work area with HEPA filtered vacuums.
  - 6) Wet mop area with cleaner/disinfectant.
  - 7) Upon completion, restore HVAC system where work was performed.
  - 8) Return permit to the Contracting Officer Representative
- C. Barriers shall be erected as required based upon classification (Class III & IV requires barriers) and shall be constructed as follows:
  - Class III and IV closed door with masking tape applied over the frame and door is acceptable for projects that can be contained in a single room.
  - Construction, demolition or reconstruction not capable of containment within a single room must have the following barriers erected and made presentable on hospital occupied side:
    - a. Class III & IV (where dust control is the only hazard, and an agreement is reached with the Resident Engineer and Medical

Center) - Airtight plastic barrier that extends from the floor to ceiling. Seams must be sealed with duct tape to prevent dust and debris from escaping

- b. Class III & IV Drywall barrier erected with joints covered or sealed to prevent dust and debris from escaping.
- c. Class III & IV Seal all penetrations in existing barrier airtight
- d. Class III & IV Barriers at penetration of ceiling envelopes, chases and ceiling spaces to stop movement air and debris
- e. Class IV only Anteroom or double entrance openings that allow workers to remove protective clothing or vacuum off existing clothing
- f. Class III & IV At elevators shafts or stairways within the field of construction, overlapping flap minimum of two feet wide of polyethylene enclosures for personnel access.
- D. Products and Materials:
  - Sheet Plastic: Fire retardant polystyrene, 6-mil thickness meeting local fire codes
  - Barrier Doors: Self Closing One-hour fire-rated solid core wood in steel frame, painted
  - 3. Dust proof one-hour fire-rated drywall
  - 4. High Efficiency Particulate Air-Equipped filtration machine rated at 95% capture of 0.3 microns including pollen, mold spores and dust particles. HEPA filters should have ASHRAE 85 or other prefilter to extend the useful life of the HEPA. Provide both primary and secondary filtrations units. Maintenance of equipment and replacement of the HEPA filters and other filters will be in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
  - 5. Exhaust Hoses: Heavy duty, flexible steel reinforced; Ventilation Blower Hose

- 6. Adhesive Walk-off Mats: Provide minimum size mats of 24 inches x 36 inches
- 7. Disinfectant: Hospital-approved disinfectant or equivalent product
- 8. Portable Ceiling Access Module
- E. Before any construction on site begins, all contractor personnel involved in the construction or renovation activity shall be educated and trained in infection prevention measures established by the medical center.
- F. A dust control program will be established and maintained as part of the contractor's infection preventive measures in accordance with the FGI Guidelines for Design and Construction of Healthcare Facilities. Prior to start of work, prepare a plan detailing project-specific dust protection measures with associated product data, including periodic status reports, and submit to Contracting Officer Representative and Facility CSC for review for compliance with contract requirements in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES.
- G. Medical center Infection Control personnel will monitor for airborne disease (e.g. aspergillosis) during construction. A baseline of conditions will be established by the medical center prior to the start of work and periodically during the construction stage to determine impact of construction activities on indoor air quality with safe thresholds established. Indoor air quality management shall adhere to applicable ICRA, LEED, OSHA and EPA standards.
- H. In general, the following preventive measures shall be adopted during construction to keep down dust and prevent mold.
  - Contractor shall verify that construction exhaust to exterior is not reintroduced to the medical center through intake vents, or building openings. HEPA filtration is required where the exhaust dust may reenter the medical center.
  - 2. Exhaust hoses shall be exhausted so that dust is not reintroduced to the medical center.

- 3. Adhesive Walk-off/Carpet Walk-off Mats shall be used at all interior transitions from the construction area to occupied medical center area. These mats shall be changed as often as required to maintain clean work areas directly outside construction area at all times.
- 4. Vacuum and wet mop all transition areas from construction to the occupied medical center at the end of each workday. Vacuum shall utilize HEPA filtration. Maintain surrounding area frequently. Remove debris as it is created. Transport these outside the construction area in containers with tightly fitting lids.
- 5. The contractor shall not haul debris through patient-care areas without prior approval of the Resident Engineer and the Medical Center. When, approved, debris shall be hauled in enclosed dust proof containers or wrapped in plastic and sealed with duct tape. No sharp objects should be allowed to cut through the plastic. Wipe down the exterior of the containers with a damp rag to remove dust. All equipment, tools, material, etc. transported through occupied areas shall be made free from dust and moisture by vacuuming and wipe down.
- 6. There shall be no standing water during construction. This includes water in equipment drip pans and open containers within the construction areas. All accidental spills must be cleaned up and dried within 12 hours. Remove and dispose of porous materials that remain damp for more than 72 hours.
- At completion, remove construction barriers and ceiling protection carefully, outside of normal work hours. Vacuum and clean all surfaces free of dust after the removal.
- I. Final Cleanup:
  - Upon completion of project, or as work progresses, remove all construction debris from above ceiling, vertical shafts and utility chases that have been part of the construction.
  - Perform HEPA vacuum cleaning of all surfaces in the construction area. This includes walls, ceilings, cabinets, furniture (built-in or free standing), partitions, flooring, etc.

3. All new air ducts shall be cleaned prior to final inspection.

- J. Exterior Construction
  - Contractor shall verify that dust will not be introduced into the medical center through intake vents, or building openings. HEPA filtration on intake vents is required where dust may be introduced.
  - Dust created from disturbance of soil such as from vehicle movement will be wetted with use of a water truck as necessary
  - 3. All cutting, drilling, grinding, sanding, or disturbance of materials shall be accomplished with tools equipped with either local exhaust ventilation (i.e. vacuum systems) or wet suppression controls.

#### 1.13 TUBERCULOSIS SCREENING

- A. Contractor shall provide written certification that all contract employees assigned to the work site have had a pre-placement tuberculin screening within 90 days prior to assignment to the worksite and been found have negative TB screening reactions. Contractors shall be required to show documentation of negative TB screening reactions for any additional workers who are added after the 90-day requirement before they will be allowed to work on the work site. NOTE: This can be the Center for Disease Control (CDC) and Prevention and two-step skin testing or a Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved blood test.
  - Contract employees manifesting positive screening reactions to the tuberculin shall be examined according to current CDC guidelines prior to working on VHA property.
  - 2. Subsequently, if the employee is found without evidence of active (infectious) pulmonary TB, a statement documenting examination by a physician shall be on file with the employer (construction contractor), noting that the employee with a positive tuberculin screening test is without evidence of active (infectious) pulmonary TB.
  - If the employee is found with evidence of active (infectious) pulmonary TB, the employee shall require treatment with a subsequent

statement to the fact on file with the employer before being allowed to return to work on VHA property.

## 1.14 FIRE SAFETY

- A. Fire Safety Plan: Establish and maintain a site-specific fire protection program in accordance with 29 CFR 1926. Prior to start of work, prepare a plan detailing project-specific fire safety measures, including periodic status reports, and submit to Contracting Officer Representative for review for compliance with contract requirements in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES. This plan may be an element of the Accident Prevention Plan.
- B. Site and Building Access: Maintain free and unobstructed access to facility emergency services and for fire, police and other emergency response forces in accordance with NFPA 241.
- C. Separate temporary facilities, such as trailers, storage sheds, and dumpsters, from existing buildings and new construction by distances in accordance with NFPA 241. For small facilities with less than 6 m (20 feet) exposing overall length, separate by 3m (10 feet).
- D. Temporary Construction Partitions:
  - Install and maintain temporary construction partitions to provide smoke-tight separations between construction areas and adjoining areas. Construct partitions of gypsum board or treated plywood (flame spread rating of 25 or less in accordance with ASTM E84) on both sides of fire retardant treated wood or metal steel studs. Extend the partitions through suspended ceilings to floor slab deck or roof. Seal joints and penetrations. At door openings, install Class C, ¾ hour fire/smoke rated doors with self-closing devices.
  - Install one-hour fire-rated temporary construction partitions as shown on drawings to maintain integrity of existing exit stair enclosures, exit passageways, fire-rated enclosures of hazardous areas, horizontal exits, smoke barriers, vertical shafts and openings enclosures.

- 3. Close openings in smoke barriers and fire-rated construction to maintain fire ratings. Seal penetrations with listed throughpenetration firestop materials in accordance with Section 07 84 00, FIRESTOPPING.
- E. Temporary Heating and Electrical: Install, use and maintain installations in accordance with 29 CFR 1926, NFPA 241 and NFPA 70.
- F. Means of Egress: Do not block exiting for occupied buildings, including paths from exits to roads. Minimize disruptions and coordinate with Contracting Officer Representative.
- G. Egress Routes for Construction Workers: Maintain free and unobstructed egress. Inspect daily. Report findings and corrective actions weekly to Contracting Officer Representative.
- H. Fire Extinguishers: Provide and maintain extinguishers in construction areas and temporary storage areas in accordance with 29 CFR 1926, NFPA 241 and NFPA 10.
- I. Flammable and Combustible Liquids: Store, dispense and use liquids in accordance with 29 CFR 1926, NFPA 241 and NFPA 30.
- J. Sprinklers: Install, test and activate new automatic sprinklers prior to removing existing sprinklers.
  - L. Existing Fire Protection: Do not impair automatic sprinklers, smoke and heat detection, and fire alarm systems, except for portions immediately under construction, and temporarily for connections. Provide fire watch for impairments more than 4 hours in a 24-hour period. Request interruptions in accordance with Article, OPERATIONS AND STORAGE AREAS, and coordinate with Contracting Officer Representative. All existing or temporary fire protection systems (fire alarms, sprinklers) located in construction areas shall be tested as coordinated with the medical center. Parameters for the testing and results of any tests performed shall be recorded by the medical center and copies provided to the Resident Engineer.
  - M. Smoke Detectors: Prevent accidental operation. Remove temporary covers at end of work operations each day. Coordinate with Contracting Officer Representative.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- N. Hot Work: Perform and safeguard hot work operations in accordance with NFPA 241 and NFPA 51B. Coordinate with Contracting Officer Representative. Obtain permits from Contracting Officer Representative at least 72 hours in advance. Designate contractor's responsible project-site fire prevention program manager to permit hot work.
- O. Fire Hazard Prevention and Safety Inspections: Inspect entire construction areas weekly. Coordinate with, and report findings and corrective actions weekly to Contracting Officer Representative.
- P. Smoking: Smoking is prohibited in and adjacent to construction areas inside existing buildings and additions under construction. In separate and detached buildings under construction, smoking is prohibited except in designated smoking rest areas.
- Q. Dispose of waste and debris in accordance with NFPA 241. Remove from buildings daily.

#### 1.15 ELECTRICAL

- A. All electrical work shall comply with NFPA 70 (NEC), NFPA 70B, NFPA 70E, 29 CFR Part 1910 Subpart J General Environmental Controls, 29 CFR Part 1910 Subpart S Electrical, and 29 CFR 1926 Subpart K in addition to other references required by contract.
- B. All qualified persons performing electrical work under this contract shall be licensed journeyman or master electricians. All apprentice electricians performing under this contract shall be deemed unqualified persons unless they are working under the immediate supervision of a licensed electrician or master electrician.
- C. All electrical work will be accomplished de-energized and in the Electrically Safe Work Condition ( refer to NFPA 70E for Work Involving Electrical Hazards, including Exemptions to Work Permit). Any Contractor, subcontractor or temporary worker who fails to fully comply with this requirement is subject to immediate termination in accordance with FAR clause 52.236-5(c). Only in rare circumstance where achieving an electrically safe work condition prior to beginning work would increase or cause additional hazards, or is infeasible due to equipment design or operational limitations is energized work permitted. The Contracting Officer Representative with approval of the Medical Center

Director will make the determination if the circumstances would meet the exception outlined above. An AHA and permit specific to energized work activities will be developed, reviewed, and accepted by the VA prior to the start of that activity.

- Development of a Hazardous Electrical Energy Control Procedure is required prior to de-energization. A single Simple Lockout/Tagout Procedure for multiple work operations can only be used for work involving qualified person(s) de-energizing one set of conductors or circuit part source. Task specific Complex Lockout/Tagout Procedures are required at all other times.
- 2. Verification of the absence of voltage after de-energization and lockout/tagout is considered "energized electrical work" (live work) under NFPA 70E, and shall only be performed by qualified persons wearing appropriate shock protective (voltage rated) gloves and arc rate personal protective clothing and equipment, using Underwriters Laboratories (UL) tested and appropriately rated contact electrical testing instruments or equipment appropriate for the environment in which they will be used.
- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and electrical testing instruments will be readily available for inspection by the Contracting Officer Representative.
- D. Before beginning any electrical work, an Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) will be conducted to include Shock Hazard and Arc Flash Hazard analyses (NFPA Tables can be used only as a last alterative and it is strongly suggested a full Arc Flash Hazard Analyses be conducted). Work shall not begin until the AHA for the work activity and permit for energized work has been reviewed and accepted by the Contracting Officer Representative and discussed with all engaged in the activity, including the Contractor, subcontractor(s), and Government on-site representatives at preparatory and initial control phase meetings.
- E. Ground-fault circuit interrupters. GFCI protection shall be provided where an employee is operating or using cord- and plug-connected tools related to construction activity supplied by 125-volt, 15-, 20-, or 30ampere circuits. Where employees operate or use equipment supplied by greater than 125-volt, 15-, 20-, or 30- ampere circuits, GFCI

01 35 26 -29 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

protection or an assured equipment grounding conductor program shall be implemented in accordance with NFPA 70E - 2015, Chapter 1, Article 110.4(C)(2)..

## 1.16 FALL PROTECTION

- A. The fall protection (FP) threshold height requirement is 6 ft (1.8 m) for ALL WORK, unless specified differently or the OSHA 29 CFR 1926 and ACE Safety Manual EM 385-1-1 Section 21 requirements are more stringent, to include steel erection activities, systems-engineered activities (prefabricated) metal buildings, residential (wood) construction and scaffolding work.
  - The use of a Safety Monitoring System (SMS) as a fall protection method is prohibited.
  - 2. The use of Controlled Access Zone (CAZ) as a fall protection method is prohibited.
  - 3. A Warning Line System (WLS) may ONLY be used on floors or flat or low-sloped roofs (between 0 - 18.4 degrees or 4:12 slope) and shall be erected around all sides of the work area (See 29 CFR 1926.502(f) for construction of WLS requirements). Working within the WLS does not require FP. No worker shall be allowed in the area between the roof or floor edge and the WLS without FP. FP is required when working outside the WLS.
  - 4. Fall protection while using a ladder will be governed by the OSHA requirements.

#### 1.17 SCAFFOLDS AND OTHER WORK PLATFORMS

- A. All scaffolds and other work platforms construction activities shall comply with 29 CFR 1926 Subpart L.
- B. The fall protection (FP) threshold height requirement is 6 ft (1.8 m) as stated in Section 1.16.
- C. The following hierarchy and prohibitions shall be followed in selecting appropriate work platforms.
  - Scaffolds, platforms, or temporary floors shall be provided for all work except that can be performed safely from the ground or similar footing.

01 35 26 -30 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

- 2. Ladders less than 20 feet may be used as work platforms only when use of small hand tools or handling of light material is involved.
- 3. Ladder jacks, lean-to, and prop-scaffolds are prohibited.
- 4. Emergency descent devices shall not be used as working platforms.
- D. Contractors shall use a scaffold tagging system in which all scaffolds are tagged by the Competent Person. Tags shall be color-coded: green indicates the scaffold has been inspected and is safe to use; red indicates the scaffold is unsafe to use. Tags shall be readily visible, made of materials that will withstand the environment in which they are used, be legible and shall include:
  - 1. The Competent Person's name and signature;
  - 2. Dates of initial and last inspections.
- E. Mast Climbing work platforms: When access ladders, including masts designed as ladders, exceed 20 ft (6 m) in height, positive fall protection shall be used.

#### 1.18 EXCAVATION AND TRENCHES

- A. All excavation and trenching work shall comply with 29 CFR 1926 Subpart P. Excavations less than 5 feet in depth require evaluation by the contractor's "Competent Person" (CP) for determination of the necessity of an excavation protective system where kneeing, laying in, or stooping within the excavation is required.
- B. All excavations and trenches 24 inches in depth or greater shall require a written trenching and excavation permit (NOTE - some States and other local jurisdictions require separate state/jurisdictionissued excavation permits). The permit shall have two sections, one section will be completed prior to digging or drilling and the other will be completed prior to personnel entering the excavations greater than 5 feet in depth. Each section of the permit shall be provided to the Contracting Officer Representative prior to proceeding with digging or drilling and prior to proceeding with entering the excavation. After completion of the work and prior to opening a new section of an excavation, the permit shall be closed out and provided to the

Contracting Officer Representative. The permit shall be maintained onsite and the first section of the permit shall include the following:

- Estimated start time & stop time2. Specific location and nature of the work.
- Indication of the contractor's "Competent Person" (CP) in excavation safety with qualifications and signature. Formal course in excavation safety is required by the contractor's CP.
- Indication of whether soil or concrete removal to an offsite location is necessary.
- 4. Indication of whether soil samples are required to determined soil contamination.
- Indication of coordination with local authority (i.e. "One Call") or contractor's effort to determine utility location with search and survey equipment.
- Indication of review of site drawings for proximity of utilities to digging/drilling.
- C. The second section of the permit for excavations greater than five feet in depth shall include the following:
  - 1. Determination of OSHA classification of soil. Soil samples will be from freshly dug soil with samples taken from different soil type layers as necessary and placed at a safe distance from the excavation by the excavating equipment. A pocket penetronmeter will be utilized in determination of the unconfined compression strength of the soil for comparison against OSHA table (Less than 0.5 Tons/FT2 - Type C, 0.5 Tons/FT2 to 1.5 Tons/FT2 - Type B, greater than 1.5 Tons/FT2 - Type A without condition to reduce to Type B).
  - 2. Indication of selected protective system (sloping/benching, shoring, shielding). When soil classification is identified as "Type A" or "Solid Rock", only shoring or shielding or Professional Engineer designed systems can be used for protection. A Sloping/Benching system may only be used when classifying the soil as Type B or Type C. Refer to Appendix B of 29 CFR 1926, Subpart P for further information on protective systems designs.

- Indication of the spoil pile being stored at least 2 feet from the edge of the excavation and safe access being provided within 25 feet of the workers.
- 4. Indication of assessment for a potential toxic, explosive, or oxygen deficient atmosphere where oxygen deficiency (atmospheres containing less than 19.5 percent oxygen) or a hazardous atmosphere exists or could reasonably be expected to exist. Internal combustion engine equipment is not allowed in an excavation without providing force air ventilation to lower the concentration to below OSHA PELs, providing sufficient oxygen levels, and atmospheric testing as necessary to ensure safe levels are maintained.
- D As required by OSHA 29 CFR 1926.651(b)(1), the estimated location of utility installations, such as sewer, telephone, fuel, electric, water lines, or any other underground installations that reasonably may be expected to be encountered during excavation work, shall be determined prior to opening an excavation.
  - The planned dig site will be outlined/marked in white prior to locating the utilities.
  - Used of the American Public Works Association Uniform Color Code is required for the marking of the proposed excavation and located utilities.
  - 811 will be called two business days before digging on all local or State lands and public Right-of Ways.
  - 4. Digging will not commence until all known utilities are marked.
  - 5. Utility markings will be maintained
- E. Excavations will be hand dug or excavated by other similar safe and acceptable means as excavation operations approach within 3 to 5 feet of identified underground utilities. Exploratory bar or other detection equipment will be utilized as necessary to further identify the location of underground utilities.
- F. Excavations greater than 20 feet in depth require a Professional Engineer designed excavation protective system.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

# 1.19 CRANES

- A. All crane work shall comply with 29 CFR 1926 Subpart CC.
- B. Prior to operating a crane, the operator must be licensed, qualified or certified to operate the crane. Thus, all the provisions contained with Subpart CC are effective and there is no "Phase In" date.
- C. A detailed lift plan for all lifts shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer Representative 14 days prior to the scheduled lift complete with route for truck carrying load, crane load analysis, siting of crane and path of swing and all other elements of a critical lift plan where the lift meets the definition of a critical lift. Critical lifts require a more comprehensive lift plan to minimize the potential of crane failure and/or catastrophic loss. The plan must be reviewed and accepted by the General Contractor before being submitted to the VA for review. The lift will not be allowed to proceed without prior acceptance of this document.
- D. Crane operators shall not carry loads
  - 1. over the general public or VAMC personnel
  - 2. over any occupied building unless
    - a. the top two floors are vacated
    - b. or overhead protection with a design live load of 300 psf is provided

## 1.20 CONTROL OF HAZARDOUS ENERGY (LOCKOUT/TAGOUT)

A. All installation, maintenance, and servicing of equipment or machinery shall comply with 29 CFR 1910.147 except for specifically referenced operations in 29 CFR 1926 such as concrete & masonry equipment [1926.702(j)], heavy machinery & equipment [1926.600(a)(3)(i)], and process safety management of highly hazardous chemicals (1926.64). Control of hazardous electrical energy during the installation, maintenance, or servicing of electrical equipment shall comply with Section 1.15 to include NFPA 70E and other VA specific requirements discussed in the section.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 1.21 CONFINED SPACE ENTRY

- A. All confined space entry shall comply with 29 CFR 1926, Subpart AA except for specifically referenced operations in 29 CFR 1926 such as excavations/trenches [1926.651(g)].
- B. A site-specific Confined Space Entry Plan (including permitting process) shall be developed and submitted to the Contracting Officer Representative.

## 1.22 WELDING AND CUTTING

As specified in section 1.14, Hot Work: Perform and safeguard hot work operations in accordance with NFPA 241 and NFPA 51B. Coordinate with Contracting Officer Representative. Obtain permits from Contracting Officer Representative at least 72 hours in advance. Designate contractor's responsible project-site fire prevention program manager to permit hot work.

#### 1.23 LADDERS

- A. All Ladder use shall comply with 29 CFR 1926 Subpart X.
- B. All portable ladders shall be of sufficient length and shall be placed so that workers will not stretch or assume a hazardous position.
- C. Manufacturer safety labels shall be in place on ladders
- D. Step Ladders shall not be used in the closed position
- E. Top steps or cap of step ladders shall not be used as a step
- F. Portable ladders, used as temporary access, shall extend at least 3 ft (0.9 m) above the upper landing surface.
  - When a 3 ft (0.9-m) extension is not possible, a grasping device (such as a grab rail) shall be provided to assist workers in mounting and dismounting the ladder.
  - In no case shall the length of the ladder be such that ladder deflection under a load would, by itself, cause the ladder to slip from its support.
- G. Ladders shall be inspected for visible defects on a daily basis and after any occurrence that could affect their safe use. Broken or damaged ladders shall be immediately tagged "DO NOT USE," or with

01 35 26 -35 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

similar wording, and withdrawn from service until restored to a condition meeting their original design.

### 1.24 FLOOR & WALL OPENINGS

- A. All floor and wall openings shall comply with 29 CFR 1926 Subpart M.
- B. Floor and roof holes/openings are any that measure over 2 in (51 mm) in any direction of a walking/working surface which persons may trip or fall into or where objects may fall to the level below. Skylights located in floors or roofs are considered floor or roof hole/openings.
- C. All floor, roof openings or hole into which a person can accidentally walk or fall through shall be guarded either by a railing system with toeboards along all exposed sides or a load-bearing cover. When the cover is not in place, the opening or hole shall be protected by a removable guardrail system or shall be attended when the guarding system has been removed, or other fall protection system.
  - 1. Covers shall be capable of supporting, without failure, at least twice the weight of the worker, equipment and material combined.
  - 2. Covers shall be secured when installed, clearly marked with the word "HOLE", "COVER" or "Danger, Roof Opening-Do Not Remove" or colorcoded or equivalent methods (e.g., red or orange "X"). Workers must be made aware of the meaning for color coding and equivalent methods.
  - 3. Roofing material, such as roofing membrane, insulation or felts, covering or partly covering openings or holes, shall be immediately cut out. No hole or opening shall be left unattended unless covered.
  - Non-load-bearing skylights shall be guarded by a load-bearing skylight screen, cover, or railing system along all exposed sides.
  - 5. Workers are prohibited from standing/walking on skylights.

- - - E N D - - -

## SECTION 01 42 19 REFERENCE STANDARDS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

This section specifies the availability and source of references and standards specified in the project manual under paragraphs APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS and/or shown on the drawings.

# 1.2 AVAILABILITY OF SPECIFICATIONS LISTED IN THE GSA INDEX OF FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS, STANDARDS AND COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTIONS FPMR PART 101-29 (FAR 52.211-1) (AUG 1998)

- A. The GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions, FPMR Part 101-29 and copies of specifications, standards, and commercial item descriptions cited in the solicitation may be obtained for a fee by submitting a request to - GSA Federal Supply Service, Specifications Section, Suite 8100, 470 East L'Enfant Plaza, SW, Washington, DC 20407, Telephone (202) 619-8925, Facsimile (202) 619-8978.
- B. If the General Services Administration, Department of Agriculture, or Department of Veterans Affairs issued this solicitation, a single copy of specifications, standards, and commercial item descriptions cited in this solicitation may be obtained free of charge by submitting a request to the addressee in paragraph (a) of this provision. Additional copies will be issued for a fee.

# 1.3 AVAILABILITY FOR EXAMINATION OF SPECIFICATIONS NOT LISTED IN THE GSA INDEX OF FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS, STANDARDS AND COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTIONS (FAR 52.211-4) (JUN 1988)

The specifications and standards cited in this solicitation can be examined at the following location:

DEPARMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS Office of Construction & Facilities Management Facilities Quality Service (00CFM1A) 425 Eye Street N.W, (sixth floor) Washington, DC 20001 Telephone Numbers: (202) 632-5249 or (202) 632-5178 Between 9:00 AM - 3:00 PM

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

# 1.4 AVAILABILITY OF SPECIFICATIONS NOT LISTED IN THE GSA INDEX OF FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS, STANDARDS AND COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTIONS (FAR 52.211-3) (JUN 1988)

The specifications cited in this solicitation may be obtained from the associations or organizations listed below.

- AA Aluminum Association Inc. http://www.aluminum.org
- AABC Associated Air Balance Council https://www.aabc.com
- AAMA American Architectural Manufacturer's Association http://www.aamanet.org
- AASHTO American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials http://www.aashto.org
- AATCC American Association of Textile Chemists and Colorists http://www.aatcc.org
- ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists http://www.acgih.org
- ACI American Concrete Institute http://www.aci-int.net
- ACPA American Concrete Pipe Association http://www.concrete-pipe.org
- ACPPA American Concrete Pressure Pipe Association http://www.acppa.org
- ADC Air Diffusion Council http://flexibleduct.org
- AGA American Gas Association http://www.aga.org
- AGC Associated General Contractors of America http://www.agc.org

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- AGMA American Gear Manufacturers Association, Inc. http://www.agma.org
- AH American Hort

https://www.americanhort.org

- AHAM Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers http://www.aham.org
- AIA American Institute of Architects

http://www.aia.org

- AISC American Institute of Steel Construction http://www.aisc.org
- AISI American Iron and Steel Institute http://www.steel.org
- AITC American Institute of Timber Construction https://aitc-glulam.org
- AMCA Air Movement and Control Association, Inc. http://www.amca.org
- ANSI American National Standards Institute, Inc. http://www.ansi.org
- APA The Engineered Wood Association http://www.apawood.org
- ARI Air-Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute http://www.ari.org
- ARPM Association for Rubber Product Manufacturers

# https://arpm.com

- ASABE American Society of Agricultural and Biological Engineers https://www.asabe.org
- ASCE American Society of Civil Engineers http://www.asce.org

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

ASHRAE American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air-Conditioning Engineers http://www.ashrae.org

ASME American Society of Mechanical Engineers http://www.asme.org

- ASSE American Society of Sanitary Engineering International http://www.asse-plumbing.org
- ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials International http://www.astm.org
- AWI Architectural Woodwork Institute https://www.awinet.org
- AWS American Welding Society https://www.aws.org
- AWWA American Water Works Association https://www.awwa.org
- BHMA Builders Hardware Manufacturers Association https://www.buildershardware.com
- BIA The Brick Industry Association http://www.gobrick.com
- CAGI Compressed Air and Gas Institute https://www.cagi.org
- CGA Compressed Gas Association, Inc. https://www.cganet.com
- CI The Chlorine Institute, Inc. https://www.chlorineinstitute.org
- CISCA Ceilings and Interior Systems Construction Association https://www.cisca.org
- CISPI Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute https://www.cispi.org

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- CLFMI Chain Link Fence Manufacturers Institute https://www.chainlinkinfo.org
- CPA Composite Panel Association

https://www.compositepanel.org

- CPMB Concrete Plant Manufacturers Bureau https://www.cpmb.org
- CRA California Redwood Association http://www.calredwood.org
- CRSI Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute https://www.crsi.org
- CTI Cooling Technology Institute https://www.cti.org
- DHA Decorative Hardwoods Association

https://www.decorativehardwoods.org

- DHI Door and Hardware Institute https://www.dhi.org
- EGSA Electrical Generating Systems Association http://www.egsa.org
- EEI Edison Electric Institute https://www.eei.org
- EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency https://www.epa.gov
- ETL ETL Testing Services http://www.intertek.com
- FAA Federal Aviation Administration https://www.faa.gov
- FCC Federal Communications Commission https://www.fcc.gov

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

FPS	Forest Products Society http://www.forestprod.org	
GANA	Glass Association of North America http://www.glasswebsite.com	
FM	Factory Mutual Global Insurance https://www.fmglobal.com	
GA	Gypsum Association https://gypsum.org	
GSA	General Services Administration https://www.gsa.gov	
HI	Hydraulic Institute http://www.pumps.org	
ICC	International Code Council https://shop.iccsafe.org	
ICEA	Insulated Cable Engineers Association	
ICAC	Institute of Clean Air Companies http://www.icac.com	
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers $https://www.ieee.org$	
IGMA	Insulating Glass Manufacturers Alliance	
IMSA	https://www.igmaonline.org International Municipal Signal Association <u>http://www.imsasafety.org</u>	
MBMA	Metal Building Manufacturers Association	
MSS	Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry <u>http://msshq.org</u>	

https://www.naamm.orgPHCCPlumbing-Heating-Cooling Contractors Association https://www.phccweb.orgNBSNational Bureau of Standards See - NISTNBBIThe National Board of Boiler and Pressure Vessel Inspectors https://www.nationalboard.orgNECNational Electric Code See - NFPA National Fire Protection Association
https://www.phccweb.org         NBS       National Bureau of Standards See - NIST         NBBI       The National Board of Boiler and Pressure Vessel Inspectors https://www.nationalboard.org         NEC       National Electric Code
NBS       National Bureau of Standards See - NIST         NBBI       The National Board of Boiler and Pressure Vessel Inspectors https://www.nationalboard.org         NEC       National Electric Code
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NEMA National Electrical Manufacturers Association
https://www.nema.org
NFPA National Fire Protection Association
https://www.nfpa.org
NHLA National Hardwood Lumber Association
https://www.nhla.com
NIH National Institute of Health
https://www.nih.gov
NIST National Institute of Standards and Technology
https://www.nist.gov
NELMA Northeastern Lumber Manufacturers Association, Inc.
http://www.nelma.org
NPA National Particleboard Association
(See CPA, Composite Panel Association)
NSF National Sanitation Foundation
http://www.nsf.org
OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration
Department of Labor
https://www.osha.gov

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

PCA Portland Cement Association https://www.cement.org PCI Precast Prestressed Concrete Institute https://www.pci.org Plastics Pipe Institute PPI https://www.plasticpipe.org PEI Porcelain Enamel Institute http://www.porcelainenamel.com PTI Post-Tensioning Institute http://www.post-tensioning.org RFCI Resilient Floor Covering Institute https://www.rfci.com Redwood Inspection Service RIS (See Western Wood Products Association) https://www.wwpa.org SCMA Southern Cypress Manufacturers Association http://www.cypressinfo.org Steel Door Institute SDI http://www.steeldoor.org Steel Joist Institute SJI https://www.steeljoist.org SMACNA Sheet Metal & Air-Conditioning Contractors' National Association https://www.smacna.org SSPC The Society for Protective Coatings https://www.sspc.org Steel Tank Institute STI https://www.steeltank.com SWI Steel Window Institute https://www.steelwindows.com

> 01 42 19 - 8 REFERENCE STANDARDS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

TCNA Tile Council of North America

https://www.tcnatile.com

- TEMA Tubular Exchanger Manufacturers Association http://www.tema.org
- TPI Truss Plate Institute https://www.tpinst.org
- UBC The Uniform Building Code (See ICC)
- UL Underwriters' Laboratories Incorporated https://www.ul.com
- ULC Underwriters' Laboratories of Canada https://www.ulc.ca
- WCLB West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau http://www.wclib.org
- WDMA Window and Door Manufacturers Association

https://www.wdma.com

- WRCLA Western Red Cedar Lumber Association https://www.realcedar.com
- WWPA Western Wood Products Association http://www.wwpa.org

- - - E N D - - -

## SECTION 01 45 00 QUALITY CONTROL

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

This section specifies requirements for Contractor Quality Control (CQC) for Design-Bid-Build (DBB) or Design-Build (DB) construction projects. This section can be used for both project types.

## 1.2 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. The publication listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM)
  - D3740 (2012a) Minimum Requirements for Agencies Engaged in the Testing and/or Inspection of Soil and Rock as Used in Engineering Design and Construction
  - E329 (2014a) Standard Specification for Agencies Engaged in the Testing and/or Inspection of Materials Used in Construction

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

Government approval is required for all submittals. CQC inspection reports shall be submitted under this Specification section and follow the [Applicable CQC Control Phase (Preparatory, Initial, or Follow-Up)]: [Applicable Specification section] naming convention.

- 1. Preconstruction Submittals
  - a. Interim CQC Plan
  - b. CQC Plan
  - c. Additional Requirements for Design Quality Control (DQC) Plan
- 2. Design Data
  - a. Discipline-Specific Checklists
  - b. Design Quality Control
- 3. Test Reports
  - a. Verification Statement

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Establish and maintain an effective quality control (QC) system. that complies with the FAR Clause 52.246.12 titled "Inspection of Construction". QC consists of plans, procedures, and organization necessary to produce an end product which complies with the Contract requirements. The QC system covers all design and construction operations, both onsite and offsite, and be keyed to the proposed design and construction sequence. The project superintendent will be held responsible for the quality of work and is subject to removal by the Contracting Office or Authorized designee for non-compliance with the quality requirements specified in the Contract. In this context the highest level manager responsible for the overall construction activities at the site, including quality and production is the project superintendent. The project superintendent maintains a physical presence at the site at all times and is responsible for all construction and related activities at the site, except as otherwise acceptable to the Contracting Officer.

#### 3.2 CQC PLAN:

- A. Submit the CQC Plan no later than CO or Designee determine during Constructability review - 15/30/60 days after receipt of Notice to Proceed (NTP) proposed to implement the requirements of the FAR Clause 52.246.12 titled "Inspection of Construction". The Government will consider an Interim CQC Plan to match timeline established immediately above, which must be accepted within 5 business days of NTP. Design and/or construction will be permitted to begin only after acceptance of the CQC Plan or acceptance of an Interim plan applicable to the particular feature of work to be started. Work outside of the accepted Interim CQC Plan will not be permitted to begin until acceptance of a CQC Plan or another Interim CQC Plan containing the additional work scope is accepted.
- B. Content of the CQC Plan: Include, as a minimum, the following to cover all design and construction operations, both onsite and offsite, including work by subcontractors, designers of record consultants,

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

architects/engineers (A/E), fabricators, suppliers, and purchasing agents:

- A description of the QC organization, including a chart showing lines of authority and acknowledgement that the CQC staff will implement the three phase control system for all aspects of the work specified. Include a CQC System Manager that reports to the project superintendent.
- The name, qualifications (in resume format) duties, responsibilities, and authorities of each person assigned a CQC function.
- 3. A copy of the letter to the CQC System Manager signed by an authorized official of the firm which describes the responsibilities and delegates sufficient authorities to adequately perform the functions of the CQC System Manager, including authority to stop work which is not in compliance with the Contract. Letters of direction to all other various quality control representatives outlining duties, authorities, and responsibilities will be issued by the CQC System Manager. Furnish copies of these letters to the Contracting Officer or Authorized designee.
- 4. Procedures for scheduling, reviewing, certifying, and managing submittals including those of subcontractors, designers of record, consultants, A/E's offsite fabricators, suppliers and purchasing agents. These procedures must be in accordance with Section 01 33 23 Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples.
- 5. Control, verification, and acceptance of testing procedures for each specific test to include the test name, specification paragraph requiring test, feature of work to be tested, test frequency, and person responsible for each test. (Laboratory facilities approved by the Contracting Officer or Authorized designee are required to be used)
- Procedures for tracking Preparatory, Initial, and Follow-Up control phases and control, verification, and acceptance tests including documentation.
- Procedures for tracking design and construction deficiencies from identification through acceptable corrective action. Establish verification procedures that identified deficiencies have been corrected.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 8. Reporting procedures, including proposed reporting formats.
- 9. A list of the definable features of work. A definable feature of work is a task which is separate and distinct from other tasks has separate control requirements, and is identified by different trades or disciplines, or it is work by the same trade in a different environment. Although each section of specifications can generally be considered as a definable feature of work, there are frequently more than one definable feature under a particular section. This list will be agreed upon during the Coordination meeting.
- 10. Coordinate schedule work with Special Inspections required by Section 01 45 35 Special Inspections, the Statement of Special Inspections and Schedule of Special Inspections. Where the applicable Code issue by the International Code Council (ICC) calls for inspections by the Building Official, the Contractor must include the inspections in the CQC Plan and must perform the inspections required by the applicable ICC. The Contractor must perform these inspections using independent qualified inspectors. Include the Special Inspection Plan requirements in the CQC Plan.
- C. Additional Requirements for Design Quality Control (DQC) Plan: The following additional requirements apply to the DQC Plan for DB projects only and not DBB projects:
  - 1. Submit and maintain a DQC Plan as an effective QC program which assures that all services required by this contract are performed and provided in a manner that meets professional architectural and engineering quality standards. As a minimum, all documents must be technically reviewed by competent, independent reviewers identified in the DQC Plan. The same element that produced the product may not perform the independent technical review (ITR). Correct errors and deficiencies in the design documents prior to submitting them to the Government.
  - 2. Include the design schedule in the master project schedule, showing the sequence of events involved in carrying out the project design tasks within the specific Contract period. This should be at a detailed level of scheduling sufficient to identify all major design tasks, including those that control the flow of work. Include review and correction periods associated with each item. This should be a forward planning as well as a project monitoring tool. The schedule

01 45 00 - 4 QUALITY CONTROL

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

reflects calendar days and not dates for each activity. If the schedule is changed, submit a revised schedule reflecting the change within 7 calendar days. Include in the DQC Plan the disciplinespecific checklists to be used during the design and quality control of each submittal. Submit at each design phase as part of the project documentation these completed discipline-specific checklists.

- 3. Implement the DQC Plan by a DQC Manager who has the responsibility of being cognizant of and assuring that all documents on the project have been coordinated. This individual must be a person who has verifiable engineering or architectural design experience and is a Professional Engineer or Registered Architect within the state of Construction location. Notify the Contracting Officer or Authorized designee, in writing, of the name of the individual, and the name of an alternate person assigned to the position.
- D. Acceptance of Plan: Acceptance of the Contractor's plan is required prior to the start of design and construction. Acceptance is conditional and will be predicated on satisfactory performance during the design and construction. The Government reserves the right to require the Contractor to make changes in the CQC Plan and operations including removal of personnel as necessary, to obtain the quality specified.
- E. Notification of Changes: After acceptance of the CQC Plan, notify the Contracting Officer or Authorized designee in writing of any proposed change. Proposed changes are subject to acceptance by the Government prior to implementation by the Contractor.

# 3.3 COORDINATION MEETING:

After the Preconstruction Conference Post-award Conference before start of design or construction, and prior to acceptance by the Government of the CQC Plan, meet with the Contracting Officer or Authorized designee to discuss the Contractor's quality control system. Submit the CQC Plan a minimum of 5 business days prior to the Coordination Meeting. During the meeting, a mutual understanding of the system details must be developed, including the forms for recording the CC operations, design activities (if applicable), control activities, testing, administration of the system for both onsite and offsite work, and the

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

interrelationship of Contractor's Management and control with the Government's Quality Assurance. Minutes of the meeting will be prepared by the Government, signed by both the Contractor and Contracting Officer or Authorized designee and will become a part of the contract file. There can be occasions when subsequent conferences will be called by either party to reconfirm mutual understandings or address deficiencies in the CQC system or procedures which can require corrective action by the Contractor.

# 3.4 QUALITY CONTROL ORGANIZATION:

- A. Personnel Requirements: The requirements for the CQC organization are a Safety and Health Manager, CQC System Manager, a Design Quality Manager (if applicable), and sufficient number of additional qualified personnel to ensure safety and Contract compliance. The Safety and Health Manager shall satisfy the requirements of Specification 01 35 26 Safety Requirements and reports directly to a senior project (or corporate) official independent from the CQC System Manager. The Safety and Health Manager will also serve as a member of the CQC Staff. Personnel identified in the technical provisions as requiring specialized skills to assure the required work is being performed properly will also be included as part of the CQC organization. The Contractor's CQC staff maintains a presence at the site at all times during progress of the work and have complete authority and responsibility to take any action necessary to ensure Contract compliance. The CQC staff will be subject to acceptance by the Contracting Officer or Authorized designee. Provide adequate office space, filing systems, and other resources as necessary to maintain an effective and fully functional CQC organization. Promptly complete and furnish all letters, material submittals, shop drawings submittals, schedules and all other project documentation to the CQC organization. The CQC organization is responsible to maintain these documents and records at the site at all times, except as otherwise acceptable to the Government.
- B. CQC System Manager: Identify as CQC System Manager an individual within the onsite work organization that is responsible for overall management of CQC and has the authority to act in all CQC matters for the Contractor. The CQC system Manager is required to be a graduate

01 45 00 - 6 QUALITY CONTROL

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

engineer, graduate architect, or a graduate of construction management, with a minimum of PM or SRE to determine qualifications based on project complexity at construction review construction experience on construction similar to the scope of this Contract. This CQC System manager is on the site at all times during construction and is employed by the General Contractor. Identify in the plan an alternate to serve in the event of the CDQC System Manager's absence. The requirements for the alternate are the same as the CQC System Manager.

C. CQC Personnel: In addition to CQC personnel specified elsewhere in the contract, provide as part of the CQC organization specialized personnel to assist in the CQC System Manager for the following areas, as applicable: electrical, mechanical, civil, structural, environmental, architectural, materials technician submittals clerk, Commissioning Agent/LEED specialist, and low voltage systems. These individuals or specified technical companies are employees of the prime or subcontractor; be responsible to the CQC System Manager; be physically present at the construction site during work on the specialized personnel's areas of responsibility; have the necessary education or experience in accordance with the Experience Matrix listed herein. These individuals can perform other duties but need to be allowed sufficient time to perform the specialized personnel's assigned quality controls duties as described in the CQC Plan. A single person can cover more than one area provided that the single person is qualified to perform QC activities in each designated and that workload allows.

Area	Qualifications
Civil	Graduate Civil Engineer or Construction Manager with 2 years experience in the type of work being performed on this project or technician with 5 years related experience.
Mechanical	Graduate Mechanical Engineer with 2 years experience or construction professional with 5 years of experience supervising mechanical features of work in the field with a construction company.

EXPERIENCE MATRIX

Area	Qualifications
Electrical	Graduate Electrical Engineer with 2 years related experience or construction professional with 5 years of experience supervising electrical features of work in the field with a construction company.
Structural	Graduate Civil Engineer (with Structural Track or Focus), Structural Engineer, or Construction Manager with 2 years experience or construction professional with 5 years experience supervising structural features of work in the field with a construction company.
Architectural	Graduate Architect with 2 years experience or construction professional with 5 years of related experience.
Environmental	Graduate Environmental Engineer with 3 years experience.
Submittals	Submittal Clerk with 1 year experience.
Concrete, Pavement, and Soils	Materials Technician with 2 years experience for the appropriate area.
Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing (TAB)	Specialist must be a member of AABC or an experienced technicaion of the firm certified by the NEBB.
Design Quality Control Manager	Registered Architect or Professional Engineer

- D. Additional Requirements: In addition to the above experience and education requirements, the CQC System Manager and Alternate CQC System Manager are required to have completed the Construction Quality Management (CQM) for Construction course. If the CQC System Manager does not have a current specification, obtain the CQM for Contractors course identification within 90 days of award. This course is periodically offered by the Naval Facilities Engineering Command and the Army Corps of Engineers. Contact the Contracting Officer or Authorized designee for information on the next scheduled class.
- E. Organizational Changes: Maintain the CQC staff at full strength at all times. When it is necessary to make changes to the CQC staff, revise the CQC Plan to reflect the changes and submit the changes to the Contracting Officer or Authorized designee for acceptance.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

3.5 SUBMITTALS AND DELIVERABLES: Submittals have to comply with the requirements in Section 01 33 23 Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples. The CQC organization is responsible for certifying that all submittals and deliverables are in compliance with the contract requirements. When Section 01 91 00 General Commissioning Requirements is included in the contract, the submittals required by the section have to be coordinated with the Section 01 33 23 Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples to ensure adequate time is allowed for each type of submittal required.

## 3.6 CONTROL:

- A. CQC is the means by which the Contractor ensures that the construction, to include that of subcontractors and suppliers, complies with the requirements of the contract. At least three phases of control are required to be conducted by the CQC System Manager for each definable feature of the construction work as follows:
  - Preparatory Phase: This phase is performed prior to beginning work on each definable feature of work after all required plans/documents/materials are approved/accepted, and after copies are at the work site. This phase includes:
    - a. A review of each paragraph of applicable specifications, references codes, and standards. Make available during the preparatory inspection a copy of those sections of referenced codes and standards applicable to that portion of the work to be accomplished in the field. Maintain and make available in the field for use by Government personnel until final acceptance of the work.
    - b. Review of the Contract drawings.
    - c. Check to assure that all materials and equipment have been tested, submitted, and approved.
    - d. Review of provisions that have been made to provide required control inspection and testing.
    - e. Review Special Inspections required by Section 01 45 35 Special Inspections, that Statement of Special Inspections and the Schedule of Specials Inspections.

- f. Examination of the work area to assure that all required preliminary work has been completed and is in compliance with the Contract.
- g. Examination of required materials, equipment, and sample work to assure that they are on hand conform to approved shop drawings or submitted data, and are properly stored.
- h. Review of the appropriate Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) to assure safety requirements are met.
- i. Discussion of procedures for controlling quality of the work including repetitive deficiencies. Document construction tolerances and workmanship standards - contract defined or industry standard if not contract defined - for that feature of work.
- j. Check to ensure that the portion of the plan for the work to be performed has been accepted by the Contracting Officer.
- k. Discussion of the initial control phase.
- 1. The Government needs to be notified at least 48 hours or 2 business days in advance of beginning the Preparatory control phase. Include a meeting conducted by the CQC System Manager and attended by the superintendent, other CQC personnel (as applicable), and the foreman responsible for the definable feature. Document the results of the Preparatory phase actions by separate minutes prepared by the CQC System Manager and attach to the daily CQC report. Instruct applicable workers as to the acceptable level of workmanship required in order to meet contract specifications.
- B. Initial Phase: This phase is accomplished at the beginning of a definable feature of work. Accomplish the following:
  - Check work to ensure that it is in full compliance with contract requirements. Review minutes of the Preparatory meeting.
  - Verify adequacy of controls to ensure full contract compliance. Verify the required control inspection and testing is in compliance with the contract.
  - Establish level of workmanship and verify that it meets minimum acceptable workmanship standards. Compare with required sample panels as appropriate.
  - 4. Resolve all differences.

- Check safety to include compliance with an upgrading of the safety plan and activity hazard analysis. Review the activity analysis with each worker.
- 6. The Government needs to be notified at least 48 hours or 2 business days in advance of beginning the initial phase for definable features of work. Prepare separate minutes of this phase by the CQC System Manager and attach to the daily CQC report. Indicate the exact location of initial phase for definable feature of work for future reference and comparison with Follow-Up phases.
- The initial phase for each definable feature of work is repeated for each new crew to work onsite, or any time acceptable specified quality standards are not being met.
- Coordinate scheduled work with Special Inspections required by Section 01 45 35 Special Inspections, the Statement of Special Inspections, and the Schedule of Special Inspections.
- C. Follow-Up Phase: Perform daily checks to assure control activities, including control testing, are providing continued compliance with contract requirements until the completion of the particular feature of work. Record the checks in the CQC documentation. Conduct final Follow-Up checks and correct all deficiencies prior to the start of additional features of work which may be affected by the deficient work. Do not build upon nor conceal non-conforming work. Coordinate scheduled work with Special Inspections required by Section 01 45 35 Special Inspections, the Statement of Special Inspections, and the Schedule of Special Inspections
- D. Additional Preparatory and Initial Phases on the same definable features of work if: the quality ongoing work is unacceptable; if there are changes in the applicable CQC staff, onsite production supervision or work crew; if work on a definable feature is resumed after a substantial period of inactivity, or if other problems develop.

# 3.7 TESTS

A. Testing Procedure: Perform specified or required tests to verify that control measures are adequate to provide a product which conforms to contract requirements. Upon request, furnish to the Government duplicate samples of test specimens for possible testing by the Government. Testing includes operation and acceptance test when

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

specified. Procure the services of a Department of Veteran Affairs approved testing laboratory or establish an approved testing laboratory at the project site. Perform the following activities and record and provide the following data:

- 1. Verify that testing procedures comply with contract requirements.
- Verify that facilities and testing equipment are available and comply with testing standards.
- 3. Check test instrument calibration data against certified standards.
- Verify that recording forms and test identification control number system, including all of the test documentation requirements, have been prepared.
- 5. Record results of all tests taken, both passing and failing on the CQC report for the date taken. Specification paragraph reference, location where tests were taken, and the unique sequential control number identifying the test. If approved by the Contracting Officer or Authorized designee, actual test reports are submitted later with a reference to the test number and date taken. Provide an information copy of tests performed by an offsite or commercial test facility directly to the Contracting Officer or Authorized designee. Failure to submit timely test reports as stated results in nonpayment for related work performed and disapproval of the test facility for this Contract.
- B. Testing Laboratories: All testing laboratories must be validated through the procedures contained in Specification section 01 45 29 Testing Laboratory Services.
  - Capability Check: The Government reserves the right to check laboratory equipment in the proposed laboratory for compliance with the standards set forth in the contract specifications and to check the laboratory technician's testing procedures and techniques. Laboratories utilized for testing soils, concrete, asphalt and steel is required to meet criteria detailed in ASTM D3740 and ASTM E329.
  - 2. Capability Recheck: If the selected laboratory fails the capability check, the Contractor will be assessed a charge equal to value of recheck to reimburse the Government for each succeeding recheck of the laboratory or the checking of a subsequently selected laboratory. Such costs will be deducted from the Contract amount due the Contractor.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

C. Onsite Laboratory: The Government reserves the right to utilize the Contractor's control testing laboratory and equipment to make assurance tests, and to check the Contractor's testing procedures, techniques, and test results at no additional cost to the Government.

#### 3.8 COMPLETION INSPECTION

- A. Punch-Out Inspection: Conduct an inspection of the work by the CQC system Manager near the end of the work, or any increment of the work established by the specifications. Prepare and include in the CQC documentation a punch list of items which do not conform to the approved drawings and specifications. Include within the list of deficiencies the estimated date by which the deficiencies will be corrected. Make a second inspection the CQC System Manager or staff to ascertain that all deficiencies have been corrected. Once this is accomplished, notify the Government that the facility is ready for the Government Pre-Final Inspection.
- B. Pre-Final Inspection: The Government will perform the Pre-Final Inspection to verify that the facility is complete and ready to be occupied. A Government Pre-Final Punch List may be developed as a result of this inspection. Ensure that all items on this list have been corrected before notifying the Government, so that a Final Acceptance Inspection with the customer can be scheduled. Correct any items noted on the Pre-Final Inspection in a timely manner. These inspections and any deficiency corrections required by this paragraph need to be accomplished within the time slated for completion of the entire work or any particular increment of the work if the project is divided into increments by separate construction completion dates.
- C. Final Acceptance Inspection: The Contractor's QC Inspection personnel, plus the superintendent or other primary management person, and the Contracting Officer's Authorized designee is required to be in attendance at the Final Acceptance Inspection. Additional Government personnel can also be in attendance. The Final Acceptance Inspection will be formally scheduled by the Contracting Officer's or Authorized designee based upon results of the Pre-Final Inspection. Notify the Contracting Officer through the Resident Engineer office at least 14 days prior to the Final Acceptance Inspection and include the Contractor's assurance that all specific items previously identified to

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

the Contractor as being unacceptable, along with all remaining work performed under the contract, will be complete and acceptable by the date schedule for the Final Acceptance Inspection. Failure of the Contractor to have all contract work acceptably complete for this inspection will be cause for the Contracting Officer to bill the Contractor for the Government's additional inspection cost in accordance with FAR Clause 52.246-12 titled "Inspection of Construction".

# 3.9 DOCUMENTATION

- A. Quality Control Activities: Maintain current records providing factual evidence that required QC activities and tests have been performed. Include in these records the work of subcontractors and suppliers on an acceptable form that includes, as a minimum, the following information:
  - 1. The name and area of responsibility of the  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Contractor}}\xspace/\ensuremath{\mathsf{Subcontractor}}\xspace$
  - Operating plant/equipment with hours worked, idle, or down for repair.
  - 3. Work performed each day, giving location, description, and by whom. When Network Analysis (NAS) is used, identify each phase of work performed each day by NAS activity number.
  - 4. Test and control activities performed with results and references to specification/drawing requirements. Identify the Control Phase (Preparatory, Initial, and/or Follow-Up). List deficiencies noted, along with corrective action.
  - Quantity of materials received at the site with statement as to acceptability, storage, and reference to specification/drawing requirements.
  - Submittals and deliverables reviewed, with Contract reference, by whom, and action taken.
  - 7. Offsite surveillance activities, including actions taken.
  - Job safety evaluations stating what was checked, results, and instructions or corrective actions.
  - Instructions given/received and conflicts in plans and specifications.
  - Provide documentation of design quality control activities. For independent design reviews, provide, as a minimum, identification of

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

the Independent Technical Reviewer (ITR) team, the ITR review comments, responses, and the record of resolution of the comments. B. Verification Statement: Indicate a description of trades working on the project; the number of personnel working; weather conditions encountered; and any delays encountered. Cover both conforming and deficient features and include a statement that equipment and materials incorporated in the work and workmanship comply with the Contract. Furnish the original and one copy of these records in report form to the Government daily with 1 week after the date covered by the report, except that reports need not be submitted for days on which no work is performed. As a minimum, prepare and submit on report for every 7 days of no work and on the last day of a no work period. All calendar days need to be accounted for throughout the life of the contract. The first report following a day of no work will be for that day only. Reports need to be signed and dated by the CQC System Manager. Include copies of test reports and copies of reports prepared by all subordinate QC personnel within the CQC System Manager Report.

# 3.10 SAMPLE FORMS

Templates of various quality control reports can be found on the Whole Building Design Guide website at <u>https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/NAVGRAPH/</u> 01%2045%2000.00%2020 quality control reports.pdf

3.11 NOTIFICATION OF NONCOMPLIANCE: The Contracting Officer or Authorized designee will notify the Contractor of any detected noncompliance with the foregoing requirements. The Contractor should take immediate corrective action after receipt of such notice. Such notice, when delivered to the Contractor at the work site will be deemed sufficient for the purpose of notification. If the Contractor fails or refuses to comply promptly, the Contracting Officer can issue an order stopping all or part of the work until satisfactory corrective action has been taken. No part of the time lost due to such stop orders will be made the subject of claim for extension of time or for excess costs or damages by the Contractor.

--- End of Section ---

01 45 00 - 15 QUALITY CONTROL

# SECTION 01 45 29 TESTING LABORATORY SERVICES

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION:

This section specifies materials testing activities and inspection services required during project construction to be provided by a Testing Laboratory retained by the General Contractor.

### 1.2 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS:

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO): T27-11.....Standard Method of Test for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates T96-02 (R2006) ..... Standard Method of Test for Resistance to Degradation of Small-Size Coarse Aggregate by Abrasion and Impact in the Los Angeles Machine T99-10.....Standard Method of Test for Moisture-Density Relations of Soils Using a 2.5 Kg (5.5 lb.) Rammer and a 305 mm (12 in.) Drop T104-99 (R2007).....Standard Method of Test for Soundness of Aggregate by Use of Sodium Sulfate or Magnesium Sulfate T180-10.....Standard Method of Test for Moisture-Density Relations of Soils using a 4.54 kg (10 lb.) Rammer and a 457 mm (18 in.) Drop T191-02(R2006).....Standard Method of Test for Density of Soil In-Place by the Sand-Cone Method T310-13.....Standard Method of Test for In-place Density and Moisture Content of Soil and Soil-aggregate by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth)
- D. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM): A370-12.....Standard Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

C31/C31M-10.....Standard Practice for Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Field C33/C33M-11a.....Standard Specification for Concrete Aggregates C39/C39M-12.....Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of Cylindrical Concrete Specimens C109/C109M-11b.....Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of Hydraulic Cement Mortars C136-06.....Standard Test Method for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates C138/C138M-10b.....Standard Test Method for Density (Unit Weight), Yield, and Air Content (Gravimetric) of Concrete C140-12.....Standard Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Concrete Masonry Units and Related Units C143/C143M-10a.....Standard Test Method for Slump of Hydraulic Cement Concrete C172/C172M-10.....Standard Practice for Sampling Freshly Mixed Concrete C173/C173M-10b.....Standard Test Method for Air Content of freshly Mixed Concrete by the Volumetric Method C330/C330M-09.....Standard Specification for Lightweight Aggregates for Structural Concrete C567/C567M-11.....Standard Test Method for Density Structural Lightweight Concrete C780-11.....Standard Test Method for Pre-construction and Construction Evaluation of Mortars for Plain and Reinforced Unit Masonry C1019-11.....Standard Test Method for Sampling and Testing Grout C1064/C1064M-11.....Standard Test Method for Temperature of Freshly Mixed Portland Cement Concrete C1077-11c.....Standard Practice for Agencies Testing Concrete and Concrete Aggregates for Use in Construction and Criteria for Testing Agency Evaluation C1314-11a.....Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of Masonry Prisms

VA Project 656-21-235 VAMC St. Cloud, MN March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 D422-63(2007).....Standard Test Method for Particle-Size Analysis of Soils D698-07e1..... Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort D1140-00(2006).....Standard Test Methods for Amount of Material in Soils Finer than No. 200 Sieve D1143/D1143M-07e1.....Standard Test Methods for Deep Foundations Under Static Axial Compressive Load D1188-07e1.....Standard Test Method for Bulk Specific Gravity and Density of Compacted Bituminous Mixtures Using Coated Samples D1556-07.....Standard Test Method for Density and Unit Weight of Soil in Place by the Sand-Cone Method D1557-09..... Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Modified Effort (56,000ft lbf/ft3 (2,700 KNm/m3)) D2166-06.....Standard Test Method for Unconfined Compressive Strength of Cohesive Soil D2167-08).....Standard Test Method for Density and Unit Weight of Soil in Place by the Rubber Balloon Method D2216-10.....Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Determination of Water (Moisture) Content of Soil and Rock by Mass D3666-11..... Standard Specification for Minimum Requirements for Agencies Testing and Inspecting Road and Paving Materials D3740-11..... Standard Practice for Minimum Requirements for Agencies Engaged in Testing and/or Inspection of Soil and Rock as used in Engineering Design and Construction D6938-10.....Standard Test Method for In-Place Density and Water Content of Soil and Soil-Aggregate by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth) E94-04(2010).....Standard Guide for Radiographic Examination E164-08.....Standard Practice for Contact Ultrasonic Testing of Weldments

VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 E329-11c.....Standard Specification for Agencies Engaged in Construction Inspection, Testing, or Special Inspection E543-09.....Standard Specification for Agencies Performing Non-Destructive Testing E605-93 (R2011) ..... Standard Test Methods for Thickness and Density of Sprayed Fire Resistive Material (SFRM) Applied to Structural Members E709-08.....Standard Guide for Magnetic Particle Examination E1155-96(R2008).....Determining FF Floor Flatness and FL Floor Levelness Numbers F3125/F3125M-15.....Standard Specification for High Strength Structural Bolts, Steel and Alloy Steel, Heat Treated, 120 ksi (830 MPa) and 150 ksi (1040 MPa) Minimum Tensile Strength, Inch and Metric Dimensions

E. American Welding Society (AWS): D1.D1.1M-10.....Structural Welding Code-Steel

### 1.3 REQUIREMENTS:

- A. Accreditation Requirements: Construction materials testing laboratories must be accredited by a laboratory accreditation authority and will be required to submit a copy of the Certificate of Accreditation and Scope of Accreditation. The laboratory's scope of accreditation must include the appropriate ASTM standards (i.e.; E329, C1077, D3666, D3740, A880, E543) listed in the technical sections of the specifications. Laboratories engaged in Hazardous Materials Testing shall meet the requirements of OSHA and EPA. The policy applies to the specific laboratory performing the actual testing, not just the "Corporate Office."
- B. Inspection and Testing: Testing laboratory shall inspect materials and workmanship and perform tests described herein and additional tests requested by Resident Engineer. When it appears materials furnished, or work performed by Contractor fail to meet construction contract requirements, Testing Laboratory shall direct attention of Resident Engineer to such failure.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- C. Written Reports: Testing laboratory shall submit test reports to Resident Engineer, Contractor, unless other arrangements are agreed to in writing by the Resident Engineer. Submit reports of tests that fail to meet construction contract requirements on colored paper.
- D. Verbal Reports: Give verbal notification to Resident Engineer immediately of any irregularity.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EARTHWORK:

- A. General: The Testing Laboratory shall provide qualified personnel, materials, equipment, and transportation as required to perform the services identified/required herein, within the agreed to schedule and/or time frame. The work to be performed shall be as identified herein and shall include but not be limited to the following:
  - 1. Observe fill and subgrades during proof-rolling to evaluate suitability of surface material to receive fill or base course. Provide recommendations to the Resident Engineer regarding suitability or unsuitability of areas where proof-rolling was observed. Where unsuitable results are observed, witness excavation of unsuitable material and recommend to Resident Engineer extent of removal and replacement of unsuitable materials and observe proofrolling of replaced areas until satisfactory results are obtained.
  - 2. Provide full time observation of fill placement and compaction and field density testing in building areas and provide as needed observation of fill placement and compaction and field density testing in pavement areas to verify that earthwork compaction obtained is in accordance with contract documents.
  - 3. Provide supervised geotechnical technician to inspect excavation, subsurface preparation, and backfill for structural fill.
- B. Testing Compaction:
  - Determine maximum density and optimum moisture content for each type of fill, backfill and subgrade material used, in compliance with ASTM D698 and/or ASTM D1557.
  - 2. Make field density tests in accordance with the primary testing method following ASTM D6938 wherever possible. Field density tests utilizing ASTM D1556 shall be utilized on a case by case basis only if there are problems with the validity of the results from the

primary method due to specific site field conditions. Should the testing laboratory propose these alternative methods, they should provide satisfactory explanation to the Resident Engineer before the tests are conducted.

- a. Building Slab Subgrade: At least one test of subgrade for every 185 m<sup>2</sup> (2000 square feet) of building slab, but in no case fewer than three tests. In each compacted fill layer, perform one test for every 185 m<sup>2</sup> (2000 square feet) of overlaying building slab, but in no case fewer than three tests.
- b. Foundation Wall Backfill: One test per 30 m (100 feet) of each layer of compacted fill but in no case fewer than two tests.
- c. Pavement Subgrade: One test for each 335  $\rm m^2$  (400 square yards), but in no case fewer than two tests.
- d. Curb, Gutter, and Sidewalk: One test for each 90 m (300 feet), but in no case fewer than two tests.
- e. Footing Subgrade: At least one test for each layer of soil on which footings will be placed. Subsequent verification and approval of each footing subgrade may be based on a visual comparison of each subgrade with related tested subgrade when acceptable to Resident Engineer. In each compacted fill layer below wall footings, perform one field density test for every 30 m (100 feet) of wall. Verify subgrade is level, all loose or disturbed soils have been removed, and correlate actual soil conditions observed with those indicated by test borings.
- C. Fill and Backfill Material Gradation: One test per 100cubicyards stockpiled or in-place source material. Gradation of fill and backfill material shall be determined in accordance with ASTM C136.
- D. Testing for Footing Bearing Capacity: Evaluate if suitable bearing capacity material is encountered in footing subgrade.
- E. Testing Materials: Test suitability of on-site and off-site borrow as directed by Resident Engineer.

### 3.4 LANDSCAPING:

A. No testing required for remove, salvage, and replace existing topsoil.

#### 3.5 ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVING:

- A. Aggregate Base Course:
  - Determine maximum density and optimum moisture content for aggregate base material in accordance with

ASTM D1557, Method D.

- Make a minimum of three field density tests on each day's final compaction on each aggregate course in accordance with ASTM D1556.
- 3. Sample and test aggregate as necessary to insure compliance with specification requirements for gradation, wear, and soundness as specified in the applicable state highway standards and specifications.
- B. Asphalt Concrete:
  - Aggregate: Sample and test aggregates in stock pile and hot-bins as necessary to insure compliance with specification requirements for gradation (AASHTO T27), wear (AASHTO T96), and soundness (AASHTO T104).
  - 2. Temperature: Check temperature of each load of asphalt concrete at mixing plant and at site of paving operation.
  - 3. Density: Make a minimum of two field density tests in accordance with ASTM D1188 of asphalt base and surface course for each day's paving operation.

### 3.6 SITE WORK CONCRETE:

Test site work concrete including materials for concrete as required in Article CONCRETE of this section.

### 3.8 CONCRETE:

- A. Batch Plant Inspection and Materials Testing:
  - Perform continuous batch plant inspection until concrete quality is established to satisfaction of Resident Engineer with concurrence of Contracting Officer and perform periodic inspections thereafter as determined by Resident Engineer.
  - Periodically inspect and test batch proportioning equipment for accuracy and report deficiencies to Resident Engineer.
  - Sample and test mix ingredients as necessary to insure compliance with specifications.
  - Sample and test aggregates daily and as necessary for moisture content. Test the dry rodded weight of the coarse aggregate whenever

a sieve analysis is made, and when it appears there has been a change in the aggregate.

- 5. Certify, in duplicate, ingredients and proportions and amounts of ingredients in concrete conform to approved trial mixes. When concrete is batched or mixed off immediate building site, certify (by signing, initialing or stamping thereon) on delivery slips (duplicate) that ingredients in truck-load mixes conform to proportions of aggregate weight, cement factor, and water-cement ratio of approved trial mixes.
- B. Field Inspection and Materials Testing:
  - Provide a technician at site of placement at as needed times to perform the required concrete sampling and testing.
  - 2. Review the delivery tickets of the ready-mix concrete trucks arriving on-site. Notify the Contractor if the concrete cannot be placed within the specified time limits or if the type of concrete delivered is incorrect. Reject any loads that do not comply with the Specification requirements. Rejected loads are to be removed from the site at the Contractor's expense. Any rejected concrete that is placed will be subject to removal.
  - 3. Take concrete samples at point of placement in accordance with ASTM C172. Mold and cure compression test cylinders in accordance with ASTM C31. Make at least three cylinders for each 40 m<sup>3</sup> (50 cubic yards) or less of each concrete type, and at least three cylinders for any one day's pour for each concrete type. After good concrete quality control has been established and maintained as determined by Resident Engineer make three cylinders for each 80 m<sup>3</sup> (100 cubic yards) or less of each concrete type, and at least three cylinders from any one day's pour for each concrete type. Label each cylinder with an identification number. Resident Engineer may require additional cylinders to be molded and cured under job conditions.
  - 4. Perform slump tests in accordance with ASTM C143. Test the first truck each day, and every time test cylinders are made. Test pumped concrete at the hopper and at the discharge end of the hose at the beginning of each day's pumping operations to determine change in slump.
  - 5. Determine the air content of concrete per ASTM C173. For concrete required to be air-entrained, test the first truck and every 20  $\ensuremath{m^3}$

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

(25 cubic yards) thereafter each day - minimum once per day. For concrete not required to be air-entrained, test every 80 m<sup>3</sup> (100 cubic yards) at random. For pumped concrete, initially test concrete at both the hopper and the discharge end of the hose to determine change in air content.

- 6. If slump or air content fall outside specified limits, make another test immediately from another portion of same batch.
- 7. Perform unit weight tests in compliance with ASTM C138 for normal weight concrete and ASTM C567 for lightweight concrete. Test the first truck and each time cylinders are made.
- 8. Notify laboratory technician at batch plant of mix irregularities and request materials and proportioning check.
- 9. Verify that specified mixing has been accomplished.
- 10. Environmental Conditions: Determine the temperature per ASTM C1064 for each truckload of concrete during hot weather and cold weather concreting operations:
  - a. When ambient air temperature falls below 4.4 degrees C (40 degrees F), record maximum and minimum air temperatures in each 24 hour period; record air temperature inside protective enclosure; record minimum temperature of surface of hardened concrete.
  - b. When ambient air temperature rises above 29.4 degrees C (85 degrees F), record maximum and minimum air temperature in each 24 hour period; record minimum relative humidity; record maximum wind velocity; record maximum temperature of surface of hardened concrete.
- 11. Inspect the reinforcing steel placement, including bar size, bar spacing, top and bottom concrete cover, proper tie into the chairs, and grade of steel prior to concrete placement. Submit detailed report of observations.
- 12. Observe conveying, placement, and consolidation of concrete for conformance to specifications.
- Observe condition of formed surfaces upon removal of formwork prior to repair of surface defects and observe repair of surface defects.
- 14. Observe curing procedures for conformance with specifications, record dates of concrete placement, start of preliminary curing, start of final curing, end of curing period.

- 15. Observe preparations for placement of concrete:
  - a. Inspect handling, conveying, and placing equipment, inspect vibrating and compaction equipment.
  - b. Inspect preparation of construction, expansion, and isolation joints.
- 16. Observe preparations for protection from hot weather, cold weather, sun, and rain, and preparations for curing.
- 17. Observe concrete mixing:
  - a. Monitor and record amount of water added at project site.
  - b. Observe minimum and maximum mixing times.
- 18. Measure concrete flatwork for levelness and flatness as follows:
  - a. Perform Floor Tolerance Measurements  $F_F$  and  $F_L$  in accordance with ASTM E1155. Calculate the actual overall F- numbers using the inferior/superior area method.
  - b. Perform all floor tolerance measurements within 48 hours after slab installation and prior to removal of shoring and formwork.
  - c. Provide the Contractor and the Resident Engineer with the results of all profile tests, including a running tabulation of the overall  $F_F$  and  $F_L$  values for all slabs installed to date, within 72 hours after each slab installation.
- 19. Other inspections:
  - a. Grouting under base plates.
  - b. Grouting anchor bolts and reinforcing steel in hardened concrete.
- C. Laboratory Tests of Field Samples:
  - Test compression test cylinders for strength in accordance with ASTM C39. For each test series, test one cylinder at 7 days and one cylinder at 28 days. Use remaining cylinder as a spare tested as directed by Resident Engineer. Compile laboratory test reports as follows: Compressive strength test shall be result of one cylinder, except when one cylinder shows evidence of improper sampling, molding or testing, in which case it shall be discarded and strength of spare cylinder shall be used.
  - 2. Make weight tests of hardened lightweight structural concrete in accordance with ASTM C567.
  - Furnish certified compression test reports (duplicate) to Resident Engineer. In test report, indicate the following information:
     a. Cylinder identification number and date cast.

- b. Specific location at which test samples were taken.
- c. Type of concrete, slump, and percent air.
- d. Compressive strength of concrete in MPa (psi).
- e. Weight of lightweight structural concrete in  $kg/m^3$  (pounds per cubic feet).
- f. Weather conditions during placing.
- g. Temperature of concrete in each test cylinder when test cylinder was molded.
- h. Maximum and minimum ambient temperature during placing.
- i. Ambient temperature when concrete sample in test cylinder was taken.
- j. Date delivered to laboratory and date tested.

# 3.9 REINFORCEMENT:

A. Review mill test reports furnished by Contractor.

# 3.13 MASONRY:

- A. Mortar Tests:
  - 1. Laboratory compressive strength test:
    - a. Comply with ASTM C780.
    - b. Obtain samples during or immediately after discharge from batch mixer.
    - c. Furnish molds with 50 mm (2 inch), 3 compartment gang cube.
    - d. Test one sample at 7 days and 2 samples at 28 days.
  - Two tests during first week of operation; one test per week after initial test until masonry completion.
- B. Grout Tests:
  - 1. Laboratory compressive strength test:
    - a. Comply with ASTM C1019.
    - b. Test one sample at 7 days and 2 samples at 28 days.
    - c. Perform test for each 230 m<sup>2</sup> (2500 square feet) of masonry.
- C. Masonry Unit Tests:
  - 1. Laboratory Compressive Strength Test:
    - a. Comply with ASTM C140.
    - b. Test 3 samples for each 460  $m^2$  (5000 square feet) of wall area.
- D. Prism Tests: For each type of wall construction indicated, test masonry prisms per ASTM C1314 for each 460 m<sup>2</sup> (5000 square feet) of wall area. Prepare one set of prisms for testing at 7 days and one set for testing at 28 days.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 3.16 SHEAR CONNECTOR STUDS:

- A. Provide field inspection and testing services required by AWS D.1 to insure shear connector studs have been installed in accordance with contract documents.
- B. Tests: Test 20 percent of headed studs for fastening strength in accordance with AWS D1.1.
- C. Submit inspection reports, certification, and instances of noncompliance to Resident Engineer.

### 3.18 TYPE OF TEST:

Approximate Number of Tests Required

A. Earthwork:

Laboratory Compaction Test, Soils:

(ASTM D1557) (ASTM D698)

Field Density, Soils (AASHTO T191, T205, or T310) Penetration Test, Soils

C. Aggregate Base:

Laboratory Compaction, (ASTM D1557) Field Density, (ASTM D1556) Aggregate, Base Course Gradation (AASHTO T27) Wear (AASHTO T96) Soundness (AASHTO T104)

D. Asphalt Concrete:

Field Density, (ASTM D1188) Aggregate, Asphalt Concrete Gradation (AASHTO T27) Wear (AASHTO T96) Soundness (AASHTO T104)

E. Concrete:

Making and Curing Concrete Test Cylinders (ASTM C31) Compressive Strength, Test Cylinders (ASTM C39) Concrete Slump Test (ASTM C143) Concrete Air Content Test (ASTM C173) Unit Weight, Lightweight Concrete (ASTM C567) Aggregate, Normal Weight: Gradation (ASTM C33) Deleterious Substances (ASTM C33) Soundness (ASTM C33) Abrasion (ASTM C33) VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades March 30, 2022 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 Aggregate, Lightweight Gradation (ASTM C330) \_\_\_\_\_ Deleterious Substances (ASTM C330) \_\_\_\_\_ Unit Weight (ASTM C330) \_\_\_\_\_ Flatness and Levelness Readings (ASTM E1155) (number of days) \_\_\_\_\_ I. Masonry: Making and Curing Test Cubes (ASTM C109)

Compressive Strength, Test Cubes (ASTM C109) Sampling and Testing Mortar, Comp. Strength (ASTM C780) Sampling and Testing Grout, Comp. Strength (ASTM C1019) Masonry Unit, Compressive Strength (ASTM C140) Prism Tests (ASTM C1314)

L. Inspection: Technical Personnel (Man-days)

L. Technical Personnel: (Minimum \_\_\_\_\_ months)

 Technicians to perform tests and inspection listed above. Laboratory will be equipped with concrete cylinder storage facilities, compression machine, cube molds, proctor molds, balances, scales, moisture ovens, slump cones, air meter, and all necessary equipment for compaction control.

- - - E N D - - -

#### SECTION 01 45 35 SPECIAL INSPECTIONS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. This guide specification will be applicable to both new buildings and existing building rehabilitations/renovations. In addition to the Special Inspection and testing specified requirements, a registered design professional must perform structural observations during construction. All observed deficiencies will be immediately reported to the Contracting Officer. The registered design professional performing these observations will be a representative of the Designer of Record (DOR) for the building being constructed.
- B. Structural observations are required for the following project conditions per IBC Chapter 17:
  - 1. Seismic Design Category D, E or F; and assigned to Risk Cat III, IV or V.
  - Seismic Design Category D, E or F; and with a height greater than 22860 mm 75 ft.
  - Seismic Design Category E, assigned to Risk Category I or II and the building is greater than two stories above grade plane.
  - Nominal design wind speed in excess of 49 m/sec 110 mph; and assigned to Risk Cat III, IV or V.
  - Nominal design wind speed in excess of 49 m/sec 110 mph; and with a height greater than 23 m 75 ft.

### 1.2 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. The publication listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.
- B. American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE)
  - ASCE 7 (2010; Errata 2011; Supp 2 2013) Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures
- C. International Code Council (ICC)
  - 2. ICC IBC (2015) International Building Code

01 45 35-1 SPECIAL INSPECTIONS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 1.3 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Perform Special Inspections in accordance with the Statement of Special Inspections, Schedule of Special Inspections and Chapter 17 of ICC IBC. The Statement of Special Inspections and Schedule of Special Inspections are included as an attachment to this specification. Special Inspections are to be performed by an independent third party and are intended to ensure that the work of the prime contractor is in accordance with the Contract Documents and applicable building codes. Special inspections do not take the place of the three phases of control inspections performed by the Contractor's QC Manager or any testing and inspections required by other sections of the specifications.
- B. Structural observations will be performed by the Government. The contractor must provide notification to the Contracting Officer 14 days prior to the following points of construction that structural observations need to occur:

1. The Government shall perform structural observations during construction on dates reported by COR.

# 1.4 **DEFINITIONS**

- A. Continuous Special Inspections The constant monitoring of specific tasks by a special inspector. These inspections must be carried out continuously over the duration of the particular tasks.
- B. Periodic Special Inspections Special Inspections by the special inspector who is intermittently present where the work to be inspected has been or is being performed. Specific time interval on a specific Special Inspection should be indicated on the Schedule of Special Inspections.
- C. Perform Perform these Special Inspections tasks for each welded joint or member.
- D. Observe Observe these Special Inspections items on a random daily basis. Operations need not be delayed pending these inspections.
- E. Special Inspector (SI) A qualified person retained by the contractor and approved by the Contracting Officer as having the competence necessary to inspect a particular type of construction requiring Special Inspections. The SI must be an independent third party hired directly by the Prime Contractor.

- F. Associate Special Inspector (ASI) A qualified person who assists the SI in performing Special Inspections but must perform inspection under the direct supervision of the SI and cannot perform inspections without the SI on site.
- G. Third Party A third party inspector must not be company employee of the Contractor or any Sub-Contractor performing the work to be inspected.
- H. Special Inspector of Record (SIOR) SIOR must be an independent third party hired directly by the Prime Contractor and is required for the following project conditions:
  - Seismic Design Category D, E, or F; and assigned to Risk Category III, IV, or V.
  - 2. Seismic Design Category D, E, or F; and with a height greater than 22860mm 75 ft.
  - 3. Seismic Design Category E, assigned to Risk Category I or II and the building is greater than two (2) stories above grade plane.
  - Nominal design wind speed in excess o f49 m/sec 100 mph; and assigned to Risk Category III, IV, or V.
  - Nominal design wind speed in excess of 49 mm/sec 100mph; and with a height greater than 23m 75ft.
  - In addition to these conditions, the DOR is encouraged to consider using an SIOR on large magnitude or critical projects where this additional level of quality control is affordable.
- I. Contracting Officer The Government official having overall authority for administrative contracting actions. Certain contracting actions may be delegated to the Contracting Officer's Representative (COR).
- J. Contractor's Quality Control (QC) Manager An individual retained by the prime contractor and qualified in accordance with the Section 01 45 00.00 10 QUALITY CONTROL having the overall responsibility for the contractor's QC organization.
- K. Designer of Record (DOR) A registered design professional is contracted by the Government as an A/E responsible for the overall design and review of submittal documents prepared by others. The DOR is registered or licensed to practice their respective design profession as defined by the statutory requirements of the professional registration laws in state in which the design professional works. The

DOR is also referred to as the Engineer of Record (EOR) in design code documents.

- L. Statement of Special Inspections (SSI) A document developed by the DOR identifying the material, systems, components and work required to have Special Inspections and covering the following:
  - List of the Architectural Designated Seismic Systems these components are in or attached to a Risk Category IV or V structure and are needed for continued operation of the facility or their failure could impair the continued operation of the facility.
  - 2. List of the Mechanical Designated Seismic Systems
    - a. For Seismic Design Category C or Risk V, list the following:
      - Heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning (HVAC) ductwork containing hazardous materials and anchorage of such ductwork
      - Piping systems and mechanical units containing flammable, combustible, or highly toxic materials.
    - b. For Seismic Design Category D, E, or F or Risk Category V list mechanical system that meet one of the following:
      - Life safety component required to function after an earthquake
      - 2) Component that contains hazardous content,
      - All components in an essential facility needed for continued operation after an earthquake.
  - 3. List of the Electrical Designated Systems
    - a. For Seismic Design Category C or Risk V, list the anchorage of electrical equipment used for emergency or standby power systems.
    - b. For Seismic Design Category D, E or F list electrical system that meet one of the following:
      - Life safety component required to function after an earthquake
      - 2) Component that contains hazardous content,
      - All components in an essential facility needed for continued operation after an earthquake.
  - List of elements that are part of the progressive collapse resistance system.
    - a. Provide a description of the following as they apply:

- Elements of the tie force system consisting of internal longitudinal and transverse, vertical, and peripheral tie.
- 2) Elements of the alternate path system.
- Elements having enhanced local resistance. The Statement of Special Inspections and the Schedule of Special Inspections will be included as an attachment to this specification
  - a) Schedule of Special Inspections A schedule which lists each of the required Special Inspections, the extent to which each Special Inspections is to be performed, and the required frequency for each in accordance with ICC IBC Chapter 17. Template found here:





SECTION 01 45 35 Schedule of SI Temp SECTION 01 45 35 Statement of SI Tem

- b) Designated Seismic System Those nonstructural components that require design in accordance with ASCE 7 Chapter 13 and for which the component importance factor, Ip, is greater than 1.0. This designation applies to systems that are required to be operational following the Design Earthquake for RC I - IV structures and following the MCER for RC V structures. All systems in RC V facilities designated as MC-1 in accordance with UFC 3-310-04 are considered part of the Designated Seismic Systems.
- M. Submittals: Government approval is required for all submittals. CQC Special Inspection reports shall be submitted under this Specification section and follow the [Special Inspection]: [Applicable Specification section or description] naming convention. Submit the following:
  - 1. SD-01 Preconstruction Submittals;
  - 2. SIOR Letter of Acceptance;
  - 3. Special Inspections Project Manual;
  - 4. Special Inspections Agency's Written Practices
  - 5. NDT Procedures and Equipment' Calibration Records;
  - 6. SD-06 Test Reports;
  - 7. Special Inspections
  - 8. Daily Reports;

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 9. Special Inspections; Biweekly Reports;
- 10. SD-07 Certificates;
- 11. Fabrication Plant
- 12. Steel Truss Plant;
- 13. Wood Truss Plant;
- 14. AC472 Accreditation;
- 15. Steel Joist Institute Membership;
- 16. Precast Concrete Institute (PCI) Certified Plant;
- 17. Certificate of Compliance;
- 18. Special Inspector of Record Qualifications;
- 19. Special Inspector Qualifications;
- 20. Qualification Records for NDT technicians;
- 21. SD-11 Closeout Submittals;
- 22. Interim Final Report of Special Inspections;
- 23. Comprehensive Final Report of Special Inspections;
- N. Special Inspector Qualifications: Submit qualifications for each SI, ASI, and the SIOR from the following certifying associations: Associated Air Balance Council (AABC); American Concrete Institute (ACI); Association of the Wall and Ceiling Industry (AWCI); American Welding Society (AWS); Factory Mutual (FM); International Code Council (ICC); Nondestructive Testing (NDT); National Institute for Certification in Engineering Technologies (NICET); Precast/Prestressed Concrete Institute (PCI); Post-Tensioning Institute (PTI); Underwriters Laboratories (UL). Qualifications should be in accordance with the following minimums.

Area	Special Inspector	Associated Special Inspector	SIOR
Steel Construction and High Strength Bolting	ICC Structural Steel and Bolting Special Inspector certificate with on year of related experience, or Registered Professional Engineer with related experience.	Engineer-In-Training with one year of related experience.	

#### QUALIFICATIONS

Area	Special Inspector	Associated Special Inspector	SIOR
Welding Structural Steel (For highly complex steel use only AWS Certified Welding Inspectors)	ICC Welding Special Inspector certificate with one year of related experience or AWS Certified Welding Inspector	AWS Certified Associate Welding Inspector	
Nondestructive Testing of Welds	NDT Level II Certificate	NDT Level II Certificate plus one year of related experience	
Cold Formed Steel Framing	ICC Structural Steel and Bolting Special Inspector certificate with on year of related experience, or ICC Commercial Building Inspector with one year of experience; or Registered Professional Engineer with related experience.	Engineer-In-Training with one year of related experience.	
Concrete Construction	ICC Reinforced Concrete Special Inspector Certificate with one year of related experience, or ACI Concrete Construction Special Inspector, or NICET Concrete Technician Level III Certificate in Construction Materials Testing, or, Registered Professional Engineer with related experience	ACI Concrete Construction Special Inspector in Training, or Engineer-In-Training with one year of related experience	

Area	Special Inspector	Associated Special Inspector	SIOR
Prestressed Concrete Construction	ICC Pre-stressed Special Inspector Certificate with one year of related experience, or PCI Quality Control Technician/ Inspector Level II Certificate with one year of related experience, or Registered Professional Engineer with related experience.	PCI Quality Control Technician/ Inspector Level I Certificate with one year of related experience, or Engineer-In- Training with one year of related experience	
Post-Tensioned Concrete Construction	PTI Level 2 Unbonded PT Inspector Certificate, or Registered Professional Engineer with related experience	PTI Level 1 Unbonded PT Inspector Certificate with one year of related experience, or Engineer-In-Training with one year of related experience	
Masonry Construction	ICC Structural Masonry Special Inspector Certificate with one year of related experience, or Registered Professional Engineer with related experience	Engineer-In-Training with one year of related experience	
Wood	ICC Commercial Building Inspector Certificate with one year of related experience, or ICC Residential Building Inspector with on year of experience, or Registered Professional Engineer with related experience	Engineer-In-Training with one year of related experience	

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Area	Special Inspector	Associated Special Inspector	SIOR
Verification of Site Soil Condition, Fill Placement, and Load-Bearing Requirements	ICC Soils Special Inspector Certificate with one year of related experience, or NICET Soils Technician Level II Certificate in Construction Material Testing, or NICET Geotechnical Engineering Technician Level II Construction or Generalist Certificate, or Geologist-In-Training with one year of related experience, or Registered Professional Engineer with related experience	NICET Soils Technician Level I Certificate in Construction Material Testing with one year of related experience, or NICET Geotechnical Engineering Technician Level I Construction, or Generalist Certificate with one year of related experience, or Engineer-In-Training with one year of related experience	
Deep Foundations	NICET Soils Technician Level II Certificate in Construction Material Testing, or NICET Geotechnical Engineering Technician Level II Construction or Generalist Certificate, or Geologist-In-Training with one year of related experience, or Registered Professional Engineer with related experience	NICET Soils Technician Level I Certificate in Construction Material Testing with one year of related experience, or NICET Geotechnical Engineering Technician Level I Construction or Generalist Certificate with one year of related experience, or Engineer-In-Training with one year of related experience	

Area	Special Inspector	Associated Special Inspector	SIOR
Sprayed Fire Resistant Manual	ICC Spray-applied Fireproofing Special Inspector Certificate, or ICC Fire Inspector I Certificate with one year of related experience, or Registered Professional Engineer with related experience	Engineer-In-Training with one year of related experience	
Mastic and Intumescent Fire Resistant Coatings	ICC Spray-applied Fireproofing Special Inspector Certificate, or ICC Fire Inspector I Certificate with one year of related experience, or Registered Professional Engineer with related experience	Engineer-In-Training with one year of related experience.	
Exterior Insulation and Finish Systems (EIFS)	AWCI EIFS Inspector Certificate, or Exterior Design Institute Certificate, or Registered Professional Engineer with related experience	Engineer-In-Training with one year of related experience	
Fire-Resistant Penetrations and Joints	Passed the UL Firestop Exam with one year of related experience, or Passed the FM Firestop Exam with one year of related experience, or Registered Professional Engineer with related experience	Engineer-In-Training with one year of related experience.	

Area	Special Inspector	Associated Special Inspector	SIOR
Smoke Control	AABC Technician Certification with one year of related experience, or Registered Professional Engineer with related experience	Engineer-In-Training with one year of related experience.	
SIOR			Registered Professional Engineer

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 FABRICATORS SPECIAL INSPECTION

- A. Special Inspections of fabricator's work performed in the fabricator's shop is required to be inspected in accordance with the Statement of Special Inspections and the Schedule of Special Inspections unless the fabricator is certified by the approved agency to perform such work without Special Inspections. Submit the applicable certification(s) from the following list to the Contracting Officer for information to allow work performed in the fabricator's shop to not be subjected to Special Inspections.
- B. The following certifications meet the requirements for fabricator approval in accordance with paragraph 1704.2.5.2 of IBC:
  - American Institute of Steel Construction (AISC) Certified Fabrication Plant, Category STD.
  - Truss Plate Institute (TPI) steel truss plate quality assurance program certification.
  - Truss Plate Institute (TPI) wood truss plate quality assurance program certification.
  - 4. International Accreditation Service, AC472 Accreditation Steel Joist Institute Membership
  - 5. Precast Concrete Institute (PCI) Certified Plant, Group C
- C. At the completion of fabrication, submit a certificate of compliance, to be included with the comprehensive final report of Special

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

# Inspections, stating that the materials supplied and work performed by

the fabricator are in accordance the construction documents.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 RESPONSIBILIES MATRIX

Inspector	Responsibility	Condition
SIOR	<ul> <li>a. Supervise all Special Inspectors required by the contract documents and the IBC.</li> <li>b. Submit a SIOR Letter of Acceptance to the Contracting Officer attesting to acceptance of the duties of SIOR, signed and sealed by the SIOR.</li> <li>c. Verify the qualifications of all of the Special Inspectors.</li> <li>d. Verify the qualifications of fabricators.</li> </ul>	Applicable when SIOR is required
	<ul> <li>e. Submit Special Inspections agency's written practices for the monitoring and control of the agency's operations to include the following: <ol> <li>The agency's procedures for the selection and administration of inspection personnel, describing the training, experience and examination requirements for qualifications and certification of inspection personnel.</li> <li>The agency's inspection procedures, including general inspection, material controls, and visual welding inspection.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Submit qualification records for nondestructive testing (NDT) technicians designated for the project. Submit NDT procedures and equipment to be used for the project.</li> </ul>	Applicable when SIOR is required and when the structural design is required to follow AISC341 for seismic design of steel structures
	<ul> <li>g. Prepare a Special Inspections Project Manual, which will cover the following: <ol> <li>Roles and responsibilities of the following individuals during Special Inspections: SIOR, SI, General Contractor, Subcontractors, QC Manager, and DOR.</li> <li>Organizational chart and/or communication plan, indicating lines of communication</li> <li>Contractor's internal plan for scheduling inspections. Address items such as timeliness of inspection requests, who to contact for inspection requests, and availability of alternate inspectors. Contractor's internal</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	Applicable when SIOR is required

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

<ul> <li>plan for scheduling inspections. Address items such as timeliness of inspection requests, who to contact for inspection requests, and availability of alternate inspectors.</li> <li>4. Indicate the government reporting procedures.</li> <li>5. Propose forms or templates to be used by SI and SIOR to document inspections.</li> <li>6. Indicate procedures for tracking nonconforming work and verification that corrective work is complete.</li> <li>7. Indicate how the SIOR and/or SI will participate in weekly QC meetings.</li> <li>8. Indicate how special Inspections of shop fabricated items will be handled when the fabricator's shop is not certified per paragraph FABRICATOR SPECIAL INSPECTIONS.</li> <li>9. Include a section in the manual that covers each specific item requiring Special Inspections that is indicated on the Schedule of Special Inspections. Provide names and qualifications of each special inspector who will be performing the Special Inspections for each specific item. Provide detail on how the Special Inspections are to be carried out for each item so that the expectations are clear for the General Contractor and the Subcontractor performing the work. Make a copy of the Special Inspections Project Manual valiable on the job site during construction. Submit a copy of the Special Inspections project Manual will be reviewed to verify that all parties have a clear understanding of the Special Inspections provisions and the individual duties and responsibilites of each party.</li> <li>i. Maintain a 3- ring binder for the Special Inspections project Manual infinities of each party.</li> <li>i. Maintain a 3- ring binder for the Special inspection's daily and biweekly reports and the Special Inspection for each action for each action for each action for each action at the project trailer/office to allow review by the Contracting office rand the DR.</li> <li>j. Submit a copy of the Special Inspector's daily reports to the QC Manager.</li> </ul>	
<ol> <li>Propose forms or templates to be used by SI and SIOR to document inspections.</li> <li>Indicate procedures for tracking nonconforming work and verification that corrective work is complete.</li> <li>Indicate how the SIOR and/or SI will participate in weekly QC meetings.</li> <li>Indicate how Special Inspections of shop fabricated items will be handled when the fabricator's shop is not certified per paragraph FABRICATOR SPECIAL INSPECTIONS.</li> <li>Include a section in the manual that covers each specific item requiring Special Inspections that is indicated on the Schedule of Special Inspections. Provide names and qualifications of each special inspector who will be performing the Special Inspections for each specific item. Provide detail on how the Special Inspections are to be carried out for each item so that the expectations are clear for the General Contractor and the Subcontractor performing the work. Make a copy of the Special Inspections Project Manual available on the job site during construction. Submit a copy of the Special Inspections project Manual available on the dispections provisions and the individual duties and responsibilities of each party.</li> <li>Maintain a 3- ring binder for the Special Inspections provisions and the individual duties and responsibilities of each party.</li> <li>Maintain a 3- ring binder for the Special Inspections Project Manual vill be reviewed to verify that all parties have a clear understanding of the Special Inspections provisions and the individual duties and responsibilities of each party.</li> <li>Maintain a 3- ring binder for the Special Inspections Project Manual. This file must be located in a conspicuous place in the project trailer/officer and the DOR.</li> <li>Submit a copy of the Special Inspector's daily reports to the QC Manager.</li> </ol>	
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k. Discrepancies that are observed during Special Inspections must be reported to the QC Manager for correction. If discrepancies are not corrected before the special inspector leaves	Ins for

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	<ul> <li>the site the observed discrepancies must be documented in the daily report.</li> <li>1. Submit a biweekly Special Inspections report until all work requiring Special Inspections is complete. A report is required for each biweekly period in which Special Inspections activity occurs, and must include the following: <ol> <li>A brief summary of the work performed during the reporting time frame.</li> <li>Changes and/or discrepancies with the drawings, specifications, and mechanical or electrical component certification if they require seismic systems, that were observed during the reporting period.</li> <li>Discrepancies which were resolved or corrected.</li> <li>A list of nonconforming items requiring resolution.</li> <li>All applicable test results including nondestructive testing reports.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	
QC Manager	a. If there is no SIOR, QC Manager must Supervise all Special Inspectors required by the contract documents and the IBC; Verify the qualifications of all of the Special Inspectors; Verify the qualifications of fabricators; Maintain a 3- ring binder for the Special Inspector's daily and biweekly reports. This file must be located in a conspicuous place in the project trailer/office to allow review by the Contracting Officer and the DOR.	Applicable when SIOR is not required
	b. Maintain a rework items list that includes discrepancies noted on the Special Inspectors daily report.	n/a
Special Inspectors	<ul><li>a. Inspect all elements of the project for which the special inspector is qualified to inspect and are identified in the Schedule of Special Inspections.</li><li>b. Attend preparatory phase meetings related to the Definable Feature of Work (DFOW) for which the special inspector is qualified to inspect.</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>c. Submit Special Inspections agency's written practices for the monitoring and control of the agency's operations to include the following:</li> <li>1. The agency's procedures for the selection and administration of inspection personnel, describing the training, experience and</li> </ul>	Applicable when SIOR is NOT required and when the structural design is required to

	<ul><li>examination requirements for qualifications and certification of inspection personnel.</li><li>2. The agency's inspection procedures, including general inspection, material controls, and visual welding inspection.</li></ul>	follow AIS 341 for seismic design of steel
d.	Submit qualification records for nondestructive testing (NDT) technicians designated for the project.	structures
e.	Submit NDT procedures and equipment calibration records for NDT to be performed and equipment to be used for the project.]	
f.	Submit a copy of the daily reports to the QC Manager.	Applicable when SIOR
g.	Discrepancies that are observed during Special Inspections must be reported to the QC Manager for correction. If discrepancies are not corrected before the special inspector leaves the site the observed discrepancies must be documented in the daily report.	not require
h.	Submit a biweekly Special Inspection Report until all inspections are complete. A report is required for each biweekly period in which Special Inspections activity occurs, and must include the following:	
	<ol> <li>A brief summary of the work performed during the reporting time frame</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Changes and/or discrepancies with the drawings, specifications, and mechanical or electrical component certification if they require seismic systems that were observed during the reporting period.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Discrepancies which were resolved or corrected.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>A list of nonconforming items requiring resolution.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>All applicable test result including nondestructive testing reports.</li> </ol>	
j.	At the completion of the project submit a comprehensive final report of Special Inspections that documents the Special Inspections completed for the project and corrections of all discrepancies noted in the daily reports. The comprehensive final report of Special Inspections must be signed, dated and indicate the certification of the special inspector qualifying them to conduct the inspection.	

		Applicable when SIOR is required
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# 3.2 DEFECTIVE WORK

Check work as it progresses, but failure to detect any defective work or materials must in no way prevent later rejection if defective work or materials are discovered, nor obligate the Government to accept such work.

-- End of Section -

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

# SECTION 01 57 19 TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. This section specifies the control of environmental pollution and damage that the Contractor must consider for air, water, and land resources. It includes management of visual aesthetics, noise, solid waste, radiant energy, and radioactive materials, as well as other pollutants and resources encountered or generated by the Contractor. The Contractor is obligated to consider specified control measures with the costs included within the various contract items of work.
- B. Environmental pollution and damage is defined as the presence of chemical, physical, or biological elements or agents which:
  - 1. Adversely effect human health or welfare,
  - 2. Unfavorably alter ecological balances of importance to human life,
  - 3. Effect other species of importance to humankind, or;
  - 4. Degrade the utility of the environment for aesthetic, cultural, and historical purposes.
- C. Definitions of Pollutants:
  - Chemical Waste: Petroleum products, bituminous materials, salts, acids, alkalis, herbicides, pesticides, organic chemicals, and inorganic wastes.
  - Debris: Combustible and noncombustible wastes, such as leaves, tree trimmings, ashes, and waste materials resulting from construction or maintenance and repair work.
  - 3. Sediment: Soil and other debris that has been eroded and transported by runoff water.
  - Solid Waste: Rubbish, debris, garbage, and other discarded solid materials resulting from industrial, commercial, and agricultural operations and from community activities.
  - 5. Surface Discharge: The term "Surface Discharge" implies that the water is discharged with possible sheeting action and subsequent soil erosion may occur. Waters that are surface discharged may terminate in drainage ditches, storm sewers, creeks, and/or "water of the United States" and would require a permit to discharge water from the governing agency.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 6. Rubbish: Combustible and noncombustible wastes such as paper, boxes, glass and crockery, metal and lumber scrap, tin cans, and bones.
- 7. Sanitary Wastes:
  - a. Sewage: Domestic sanitary sewage and human and animal waste.
  - b. Garbage: Refuse and scraps resulting from preparation, cooking, dispensing, and consumption of food.

#### 1.2 QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Establish and maintain quality control for the environmental protection of all items set forth herein.
- B. Record on daily reports any problems in complying with laws, regulations, and ordinances. Note any corrective action taken.

### 1.3 REFERENCES

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to in the text by basic designation only.
- B. U.S. National Archives and Records Administration (NARA): 33 CFR 328.....Definitions

# 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. In accordance with Section, 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES, furnish the following:
  - 1. Environmental Protection Plan: After the contract is awarded and prior to the commencement of the work, the Contractor shall meet with the Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) to discuss the proposed Environmental Protection Plan and to develop mutual understanding relative to details of environmental protection. Not more than 20 days after the meeting, the Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Contracting Officer for approval, a written and/or graphic Environmental Protection Plan including, but not limited to, the following:
    - a. Name(s) of person(s) within the Contractor's organization who is (are) responsible for ensuring adherence to the Environmental Protection Plan.
    - b. Name(s) and qualifications of person(s) responsible for manifesting hazardous waste to be removed from the site.
    - c. Name(s) and qualifications of person(s) responsible for training the Contractor's environmental protection personnel.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- d. Description of the Contractor's environmental protection personnel training program.
- e. A list of Federal, State, and local laws, regulations, and permits concerning environmental protection, pollution control, noise control and abatement that are applicable to the Contractor's proposed operations and the requirements imposed by those laws, regulations, and permits.
- f. Methods for protection of features to be preserved within authorized work areas including trees, shrubs, vines, grasses, ground cover, landscape features, air and water quality, fish and wildlife, soil, historical, and archeological and cultural resources.
- g. Procedures to provide the environmental protection that comply with the applicable laws and regulations. Describe the procedures to correct pollution of the environment due to accident, natural causes, or failure to follow the procedures as described in the Environmental Protection Plan.
- h. Permits, licenses, and the location of the solid waste disposal area.
- i. Drawings showing locations of any proposed temporary excavations or embankments for haul roads, material storage areas, structures, sanitary facilities, and stockpiles of excess or spoil materials. Include as part of an Erosion Control Plan approved by the District Office of the U.S. Soil Conservation Service and the Department of Veterans Affairs.
- j. Environmental Monitoring Plans for the job site including land, water, air, and noise.
- k. Work Area Plan showing the proposed activity in each portion of the area and identifying the areas of limited use or nonuse. Plan should include measures for marking the limits of use areas. This plan may be incorporated within the Erosion Control Plan.
- 1. Inclusion of "best management practices" and methodologies.
- B. Approval of the Contractor's Environmental Protection Plan will not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for adequate and continued control of pollutants and other environmental protection measures.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 1.5 PROTECTION OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES

- A. Protect environmental resources within the project boundaries and those affected outside the limits of permanent work during the entire period of this contract. Confine activities to areas defined by the specifications and drawings.
- B. Protection of Land Resources: Prior to construction, identify all land resources to be preserved within the work area. Do not remove, cut, deface, injure, or destroy land resources including trees, shrubs, vines, grasses, topsoil, and landforms without permission from the COR. Do not fasten or attach ropes, cables, or guys to trees for anchorage unless specifically authorized, or where special emergency use is permitted. Provide erosion control plans, in phases where required.
  - Work Area Limits: Prior to any construction, mark the areas that require work to be performed under this contract. Mark or fence isolated areas within the general work area that are to be saved and protected. Protect monuments, works of art, and markers before construction operations begin. Convey to all personnel the purpose of marking and protecting all necessary objects.
  - Protection of Landscape: Protect trees, shrubs, vines, grasses, land forms, and other landscape features shown on the drawings to be preserved by marking, fencing, or using any other approved techniques.
    - Box and protect from damage existing trees and shrubs to remain on the construction site.
    - b. Immediately repair all damage to existing trees and shrubs by trimming, cleaning, and painting with antiseptic tree paint.
    - c. Do not store building materials or perform construction activities closer to existing trees or shrubs than the farthest extension of their limbs.
  - 3. Reduction of Exposure of Unprotected Erodible Soils: Plan and conduct earthwork to minimize the duration of exposure of unprotected soils. Clear areas in reasonably sized increments only as needed to use. Form earthwork to final grade as shown. Immediately protect side slopes and back slopes upon completion of rough grading.
  - 4. Temporary Protection of Disturbed Areas: Construct diversion ditches, benches, and berms to retard and divert runoff from the

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

construction site to protected drainage areas approved under paragraph 208 of the Clean Water Act.

- a. Sediment Basins: Trap sediment from construction areas in temporary or permanent sediment basins that accommodate the runoff of a local 50(design year) storm. After each storm, pump the basins dry and remove the accumulated sediment. Control overflow/drainage with paved weirs or by vertical overflow pipes, draining from the surface.
- b. Reuse or conserve the collected topsoil sediment as directed by the COR. Topsoil use and requirements are specified in Section 31 20 00, EARTH MOVING.
- c. Institute effluent quality monitoring programs as required by Federal, State, and local environmental agencies.
- 5. Erosion and Sedimentation Control Devices: The erosion and sediment controls selected and maintained by the Contractor shall be such that water quality standards are not violated as a result of the Contractor's activities. Construct or install all temporary and permanent erosion and sedimentation control features on the Environmental Protection Plan. Maintain temporary erosion and sediment control measures such as berms, dikes, drains, sedimentation basins, grassing, and mulching, until permanent drainage and erosion control facilities are completed and operative.
- Manage borrow areas on and off Government property to minimize erosion and to prevent sediment from entering nearby water courses or lakes.
- Manage and control spoil areas on and off Government property to limit spoil to areas on the Environmental Protection Plan and prevent erosion of soil or sediment from entering nearby water courses or lakes.
- Protect adjacent areas from despoilment by temporary excavations and embankments.
- 9. Handle and dispose of solid wastes in such a manner that will prevent contamination of the environment. Place solid wastes (excluding clearing debris) in containers that are emptied on a regular schedule. Transport all solid waste off Government property and dispose of waste in compliance with Federal, State, and local requirements.

- 10. Store chemical waste away from the work areas in corrosion resistant containers and dispose of waste in accordance with Federal, State, and local regulations.
- 11. Handle discarded materials other than those included in the solid waste category as directed by the COR.
- C. Protection of Water Resources: Keep construction activities under surveillance, management, and control to avoid pollution of surface and ground waters and sewer systems. Implement management techniques to control water pollution by the listed construction activities that are included in this contract.
  - Washing and Curing Water: Do not allow wastewater directly derived from construction activities to enter water areas. Collect and place wastewater in retention ponds allowing the suspended material to settle, the pollutants to separate, or the water to evaporate.
  - Control movement of materials and equipment at stream crossings during construction to prevent violation of water pollution control standards of the Federal, State, or local government.
  - 3. Monitor water areas affected by construction.
- D. Protection of Fish and Wildlife Resources: Keep construction activities under surveillance, management, and control to minimize interference with, disturbance of, or damage to fish and wildlife. Prior to beginning construction operations, list species that require specific attention along with measures for their protection.
- E. Protection of Air Resources: Keep construction activities under surveillance, management, and control to minimize pollution of air resources. Burning is not permitted on the job site. Keep activities, equipment, processes, and work operated or performed, in strict accordance with the State of Minnesota and Federal emission and performance laws and standards. Maintain ambient air quality standards set by the Environmental Protection Agency, for those construction operations and activities specified.
  - Particulates: Control dust particles, aerosols, and gaseous byproducts from all construction activities, processing, and preparation of materials (such as from asphaltic batch plants) at all times, including weekends, holidays, and hours when work is not in progress.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 2. Particulates Control: Maintain all excavations, stockpiles, haul roads, permanent and temporary access roads, plant sites, spoil areas, borrow areas, and all other work areas within or outside the project boundaries free from particulates which would cause a hazard or a nuisance. Sprinklering, chemical treatment of an approved type, light bituminous treatment, baghouse, scrubbers, electrostatic precipitators, or other methods are permitted to control particulates in the work area.
- 3. Hydrocarbons and Carbon Monoxide: Control monoxide emissions from equipment to Federal and State allowable limits.
- 4. Odors: Control odors of construction activities and prevent obnoxious odors from occurring.
- F. Reduction of Noise: Minimize noise using every action possible. Perform noise-producing work in less sensitive hours of the day or week as directed by the COR. Maintain noise-produced work at or below the decibel levels and within the time periods specified.
  - Perform construction activities involving repetitive, high-level impact noise only between 8:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m unless otherwise permitted by local ordinance or the COR. Repetitive impact noise on the property shall not exceed the following dB limitations:

Time Duration of Impact Noise	Sound Level in dB
More than 12 minutes in any hour	70
Less than 30 seconds of any hour	85
Less than three minutes of any hour	80
Less than 12 minutes of any hour	75

- Provide sound-deadening devices on equipment and take noise abatement measures that are necessary to comply with the requirements of this contract, consisting of, but not limited to, the following:
  - a. Maintain maximum permissible construction equipment noise levels at 15 meter (50 feet) (dBA):

EARTHMOVING		MATERIALS	HANDLING
FRONT LOADERS	75	CONCRETE MIXERS	75
BACKHOES	75	CONCRETE PUMPS	75
DOZERS	75	CRANES	75

TRACTORS	75	DERRICKS IMPACT	75
SCAPERS	80	PILE DRIVERS	95
GRADERS	75	JACK HAMMERS	75
TRUCKS	75	ROCK DRILLS	80
PAVERS, STATIONARY	80	PNEUMATIC TOOLS	80
PUMPS	75		
GENERATORS	75	SAWS	75
COMPRESSORS	75	VIBRATORS	75

- b. Use shields or other physical barriers to restrict noise transmission.
- c. Provide soundproof housings or enclosures for noise-producing machinery.
- d. Use efficient silencers on equipment air intakes.
- e. Use efficient intake and exhaust mufflers on internal combustion engines that are maintained so equipment performs below noise levels specified.
- f. Line hoppers and storage bins with sound deadening material.
- g. Conduct truck loading, unloading, and hauling operations so that noise is kept to a minimum.
- 3. Measure sound level for noise exposure due to the construction at least once every five successive working days while work is being performed above 55 dB(A) noise level. Measure noise exposure at the property line or 15 m (50 feet) from the noise source, whichever is greater. Measure the sound levels on the <u>A</u> weighing network of a General Purpose sound level meter at slow response. To minimize the effect of reflective sound waves at buildings, take measurements at 900 to 1800 mm (three to six feet) in front of any building face. Submit the recorded information to the COR noting any problems and the alternatives for mitigating actions.
- G. Restoration of Damaged Property: If any direct or indirect damage is done to public or private property resulting from any act, omission, neglect, or misconduct, the Contractor shall restore the damaged property to a condition equal to that existing before the damage at no additional cost to the Government. Repair, rebuild, or restore property as directed or make good such damage in an acceptable manner.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

H. Final Clean-up: On completion of project and after removal of all debris, rubbish, and temporary construction, Contractor shall leave the construction area in a clean condition satisfactory to the COR. Cleaning shall include off the station disposal of all items and materials not required to be salvaged, as well as all debris and rubbish resulting from demolition and new work operations.

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## SECTION 01 58 16 TEMPORARY INTERIOR SIGNAGE

## PART 1 GENERAL

### DESCRIPTION

This section specifies temporary interior signs.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 TEMPORARY SIGNS

- A. Fabricate from 50 Kg (110 pound) mat finish white paper.
- B. Cut to 100 mm (4-inch) wide by 300 mm (12 inch) long size tag.
- C. Punch 3 mm (1/8-inch) diameter hole centered on 100 mm (4-inch) dimension of tag. Edge of Hole spaced approximately 13 mm (1/2-inch) from one end on tag.
- D. Reinforce hole on both sides with gummed cloth washer or other suitable material capable of preventing tie pulling through paper edge.
- E. Ties: Steel wire 0.3 mm (0.0120-inch) thick, attach to tag with twist tie, leaving 150 mm (6-inch) long free ends.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install temporary signs attached to room door frame or room door knob, lever, or pull for doors on corridor openings.
- B. Mark on signs with felt tip marker having approximately 3 mm (1/8-inch) wide stroke for clearly legible numbers or letters.
- C. Identify room with numbers as designated on floor plans.

## 3.2 LOCATION

- A. Install on doors that have room, corridor, and space numbers shown.
- B. Doors that do not require signs are as follows:
  - Corridor barrier doors (cross-corridor) in corridor with same number.
  - 2. Folding doors or partitions.
  - 3. Toilet or bathroom doors within and between rooms.
  - 4. Communicating doors in partitions between rooms with corridor entrance doors.
  - 5. Closet doors within rooms.
- C. Replace missing, damaged, or illegible signs.

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## SECTION 01 74 19 CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. This section specifies the requirements for the management of nonhazardous building construction and demolition waste.
- B. Waste disposal in landfills shall be minimized to the greatest extent possible. Of the inevitable waste that is generated, as much of the waste material as economically feasible shall be salvaged, recycled or reused.
- C. Contractor shall use all reasonable means to divert construction and demolition waste from landfills and incinerators, and facilitate their salvage and recycle not limited to the following:
- D. Waste Management Plan development and implementation.
- E. Techniques to minimize waste generation.
- F. Sorting and separating of waste materials.
- G. Salvage of existing materials and items for reuse or resale.
- H. Recycling of materials that cannot be reused or sold.
- I. At a minimum the following waste categories shall be diverted from landfills:
- J. Soil.
- K. Inerts (eg, concrete, masonry and asphalt).
- L. Clean dimensional wood and palette wood.
- M. Green waste (biodegradable landscaping materials).
- N. Engineered wood products (plywood, particle board and I-joists, etc).
- 0. Metal products (eg, steel, wire, beverage containers, copper, etc).
- P. Sheathings
- Q. Cardboard, paper and packaging.
- R. Bitumen roofing materials.
- S. Plastics (eg, ABS, PVC).
- T. Carpet and/or pad.
- U. Gypsum board.
- V. Insulation.
- W. Paint.
- X. Fluorescent lamps.

### 1.2 RELATED WORK

A. Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.

VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades March 30, 2022 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 B. Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

C. Section 02 41 00, DEMOLITION.

#### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Contractor shall practice efficient waste management when sizing, cutting and installing building products. Processes shall be employed to ensure the generation of as little waste as possible. Construction /Demolition waste includes products of the following:
  - 1. Excess or unusable construction materials.
  - 2. Packaging used for construction products.
  - 3. Poor planning and/or layout.
  - 4. Construction error.
  - 5. Over ordering.
  - 6. Weather damage.
  - 7. Contamination.
  - 8. Mishandling.
  - 9. Breakage.
- B. Establish and maintain the management of non-hazardous building construction and demolition waste set forth herein. Conduct a site assessment to estimate the types of materials that will be generated by demolition and construction.
- C. Contractor shall develop and implement procedures to recycle construction and demolition waste to a minimum of 50 percent.
- D. Contractor shall be responsible for implementation of any special programs involving rebates or similar incentives related to recycling. Any revenues or savings obtained from salvage or recycling shall accrue to the contractor.
- E. Contractor shall provide all demolition, removal and legal disposal of materials. Contractor shall ensure that facilities used for recycling, reuse and disposal shall be permitted for the intended use to the extent required by local, state, federal regulations.
- F. Contractor shall assign a specific area to facilitate separation of materials for reuse, salvage, recycling, and return. Such areas are to be kept neat and clean and clearly marked in order to avoid contamination or mixing of materials.
- G. Contractor shall provide on-site instructions and supervision of separation, handling, salvaging, recycling, reuse and return methods to be used by all parties during waste generating stages.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

H. Record on daily reports any problems in complying with laws, regulations and ordinances with corrective action taken.

#### 1.4 TERMINOLOGY

- A. Class III Landfill: A landfill that accepts non-hazardous resources such as household, commercial and industrial waste resulting from construction, remodeling, repair and demolition operations.
- B. Clean: Untreated and unpainted; uncontaminated with adhesives, oils, solvents, mastics and like products.
- C. Construction and Demolition Waste: Includes all non-hazardous resources resulting from construction, remodeling, alterations, repair and demolition operations.
- D. Dismantle: The process of parting out a building in such a way as to preserve the usefulness of its materials and components.
- E. Disposal: Acceptance of solid wastes at a legally operating facility for the purpose of land filling (includes Class III landfills and inert fills).
- F. Inert Backfill Site: A location, other than inert fill or other disposal facility, to which inert materials are taken for the purpose of filling an excavation, shoring or other soil engineering operation.
- G. Inert Fill: A facility that can legally accept inert waste, such as asphalt and concrete exclusively for the purpose of disposal.
- H. Inert Solids/Inert Waste: Non-liquid solid resources including, but not limited to, soil and concrete that does not contain hazardous waste or soluble pollutants at concentrations in excess of water-quality objectives established by a regional water board, and does not contain significant quantities of decomposable solid resources.
- I. Mixed Debris: Loads that include commingled recyclable and nonrecyclable materials generated at the construction site.
- J. Mixed Debris Recycling Facility: A solid resource processing facility that accepts loads of mixed construction and demolition debris for the purpose of recovering re-usable and recyclable materials and disposing non-recyclable materials.
- K. Permitted Waste Hauler: A company that holds a valid permit to collect and transport solid wastes from individuals or businesses for the purpose of recycling or disposal.
- L. Recycling: The process of sorting, cleansing, treating, and reconstituting materials for the purpose of using the altered form in

the manufacture of a new product. Recycling does not include burning, incinerating or thermally destroying solid waste.

- On-site Recycling Materials that are sorted and processed on site for use in an altered state in the work, i.e. concrete crushed for use as a sub-base in paving.
- Off-site Recycling Materials hauled to a location and used in an altered form in the manufacture of new products.
- M. Recycling Facility: An operation that can legally accept materials for the purpose of processing the materials into an altered form for the manufacture of new products. Depending on the types of materials accepted and operating procedures, a recycling facility may or may not be required to have a solid waste facilities permit or be regulated by the local enforcement agency.
- N. Reuse: Materials that are recovered for use in the same form, on-site or off-site.
- Return: To give back reusable items or unused products to vendors for credit.
- P. Salvage: To remove waste materials from the site for resale or re-use by a third party.
- Q. Source-Separated Materials: Materials that are sorted by type at the site for the purpose of reuse and recycling.
- R. Solid Waste: Materials that have been designated as non-recyclable and are discarded for the purposes of disposal.
- S. Transfer Station: A facility that can legally accept solid waste for the purpose of temporarily storing the materials for re-loading onto other trucks and transporting them to a landfill for disposal, or recovering some materials for re-use or recycling.

#### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. In accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, and SAMPLES, furnish the following:
- B. Prepare and submit to the COR a written demolition debris management plan. The plan shall include, but not be limited to, the following information:
  - 1. Procedures to be used for debris management.
  - 2. Techniques to be used to minimize waste generation.
  - 3. Analysis of the estimated job site waste to be generated:

- a. List of each material and quantity to be salvaged, reused, recycled.
- b. List of each material and quantity proposed to be taken to a landfill.
- Detailed description of the Means/Methods to be used for material handling.
  - a. On site: Material separation, storage, protection where applicable.
  - b. Off site: Transportation means and destination. Include list of materials.
    - Description of materials to be site-separated and self-hauled to designated facilities.
    - Description of mixed materials to be collected by designated waste haulers and removed from the site.
      - a) The names and locations of mixed debris reuse and recycling facilities or sites.
      - b) The names and locations of trash disposal landfill facilities or sites.
      - c) Documentation that the facilities or sites are approved to receive the materials.
- C. Designated Manager responsible for instructing personnel, supervising, documenting and administer over meetings relevant to the Waste Management Plan.
- D. Monthly summary of construction and demolition debris diversion and disposal, quantifying all materials generated at the work site and disposed of or diverted from disposal through recycling.
- E. Target waste diversion rate by material and an overall diversion rate.
- F. Final report documenting the results of implementation of the preconstruction waste management plan.

## 1.6 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced by the basic designation only. In the event that criteria requirements conflict, the most stringent requirements shall be met.
- B. U.S. Green Building Council (USGBC): LEED Green Building Rating System for New Construction

 Green Building Initiative (GBI): Green Globes for New Construction 2019

## 1.7 RECORDS

A. Maintain records to document the quantity of waste generated; the quantity of waste diverted through sale, reuse, or recycling; and the quantity of waste disposed by landfill or incineration. Records shall be kept in accordance with the LEED Reference Guide and LEED Template OR Green Globes for New Construction 2019 Technical Reference Manual.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. List of each material and quantity to be salvaged, recycled, reused.
- B. List of each material and quantity proposed to be taken to a landfill.
- C. Material tracking data: Receiving parties, dates removed, transportation costs, weight tickets, tipping fees, manifests, invoices, net total costs or savings.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 COLLECTION

- A. Provide all necessary containers, bins and storage areas to facilitate effective waste management.
- B. Clearly identify containers, bins and storage areas so that recyclable materials are separated from trash and can be transported to respective recycling facility for processing.
- C. Hazardous wastes shall be separated, stored, disposed of according to local, state, federal regulations.

## 3.2 DISPOSAL

- A. Contractor shall be responsible for transporting and disposing of materials that cannot be delivered to a source-separated or mixed materials recycling facility to a transfer station or disposal facility that can accept the materials in accordance with state and federal regulations.
- B. Construction or demolition materials with no practical reuse or that cannot be salvaged or recycled shall be disposed of at a landfill or incinerator.

## 3.3 REPORT

A. With each application for progress payment, submit a summary of construction and demolition debris diversion and disposal including beginning and ending dates of period covered.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- B. Quantify all materials diverted from landfill disposal through salvage or recycling during the period with the receiving parties, dates removed, transportation costs, weight tickets, manifests, invoices. Include the net total costs or savings for each salvaged or recycled material.
- C. Quantify all materials disposed of during the period with the receiving parties, dates removed, transportation costs, weight tickets, tipping fees, manifests, invoices. Include the net total costs for each disposal.

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## SECTION 01 81 13 SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. This Section describes general requirements and procedures to comply with federal mandates and U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) policies for sustainable construction.
- B. The Design Professional has selected materials and utilized integrated design processes that achieve the Government's objectives. Contractor is responsible to maintain and support these objectives in developing means and methods for performing work and in proposing product substitutions or changes to specified processes. Obtain approval from Contracting Officer for all changes and substitutions to materials or processes. Proposed changes must meet, or exceed, materials or processes specified.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01 57 19 TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS.
- B. Section 01 74 19 CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANANGEMENT.
- C. Section 01 91 00 GENERAL COMMISSIONING REQUIREMENTS.

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Recycled Content: Recycled content of materials is defined according to Federal Trade Commission Guides for the Use of Environmental Marketing Claims (16 CFR Part 260). Recycled content value of a material assembly is determined by weight. Recycled fraction of assembly is multiplied by cost of assembly to determine recycled content value.
  - "Post-Consumer" material is defined as waste material generated by households or by commercial, industrial, and institutional facilities in their role as end users of the product, which can no longer be used for its intended purpose.
  - 2. "Pre-Consumer" material is defined as material diverted from waste stream during the manufacturing process. Excluded is reutilization of materials such as rework, regrind, or scrap generated in a process and capable of being reclaimed within the same process that generated it.
- B. Biobased Products: Biobased products are derived from plants and other renewable agricultural, marine, and forestry materials and provide an

alternative to conventional petroleum derived products. Biobased products include diverse categories such as lubricants, cleaning products, inks, fertilizers, and bioplastics.

- C. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials: Materials and products which are minimally odorous, irritating, or harmful to comfort and well-being of installers and occupants.
- D. Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC): Chemicals that are emitted as gases from certain solids or liquids. VOCs include a variety of chemicals, some of which may have short- and long-term adverse health effects.

#### **1.4 REFERENCE STANDARDS**

- A. Carpet and Rug Institute Green Label Plus program.
- B. U.S. Department of Agriculture BioPreferred program (USDA BioPreferred).
- C. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Comprehensive Procurement Guidelines (CPG).
- D. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency WaterSense Program (WaterSense).
- E. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ENERGY STAR Program (ENERGY STAR).
- F. U. S. Department of Energy Federal Energy Management Program (FEMP).
- G. Green Electronic Council EPEAT Program (EPEAT).

#### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. All submittals to be provided by contractor to COR.
- B. Sustainability Action Plan:
  - Submit documentation as required by this section; provide additional copies of typical submittals required under technical sections when sustainable construction requires copies of record submittals.
  - 2. Within 30 days after Preconstruction Meeting provide a narrative plan for complying with requirements stipulated within this section.
  - 3. Sustainability Action Plan must:
    - a. Make reference to sustainable construction submittals defined by this section.
    - b. Address all items listed under PERFORMANCE CRITERIA.
    - c. Indicate individual(s) responsible for implementing the plan.
- C. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials Tracking Spreadsheet: Within 30 days after Preconstruction Meeting provide a preliminary Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials Tracking Spreadsheet. The Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials Tracking Spreadsheet must be an electronic file and include

all materials on Project in categories described under Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials in 01 81 13.

- D. Construction Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) Management Plan:
  - Not more than 30 days after Preconstruction Meeting provide a Construction IAQ Management Plan as an electronic file including descriptions of the following:
    - a. Instruction procedures for meeting or exceeding minimum requirements of ANSI/SMACNA 008-2008, Chapter 3, including procedures for HVAC Protection, Source Control, Pathway Interruption, Housekeeping, and Scheduling.
    - b. Instruction procedures for protecting absorptive materials stored on-site or installed from moisture damage.
    - c. Schedule of submission of photographs of on-site construction IAQ management measures such as protection of ducts and on-site stored oil installed absorptive materials.
    - d. Instruction procedures if air handlers must be used during construction, including a description of filtration media to be used at each return air grille.
    - e. Instruction procedure for replacing all air-filtration media immediately prior to occupancy after completion of construction, including a description of filtration media to be used at each air handling or air supply unit.
    - f. Instruction procedures and schedule for implementing building flush-out.
- E. Product Submittals:
  - Recycled Content: Submit product data from manufacturer indicating percentages by weight of post-consumer and pre-consumer recycled content for products having recycled content (excluding MEP systems equipment and components).
  - Biobased Content: Submit product data for products to be installed or used which are included in any of the USDA BioPreferred program's product categories. Data to include percentage of biobased content and source of biobased material.
  - Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials: Submit product data confirming compliance with relevant requirements for all materials on Project in categories described under Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials in 01 81 13.

- For applicable products and equipment, submit product documentation confirming ENERGY STAR label, FEMP certification, WaterSense, and/or EPEAT certification.
- F. Sustainable Construction Progress Reports: Concurrent with each Application for Payment, submit a Sustainable Construction Progress Report to confirm adherence with Sustainability Action Plan.
  - 1. Include narratives of revised strategies for bringing work progress into compliance with plan and product submittal data.
  - Include updated and current Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials Tracking Spreadsheet.
  - 3. Include construction waste tracking, in tons or cubic yards, including waste description, whether diverted or landfilled, hauler, and percent diverted for comingled quantities; and excluding landclearing debris and soil. Provide haul receipts and documentation of diverted percentages for comingled wastes.
- G. Closeout Submittals: Within 14 days after Substantial Completion provide the following:
  - Final version of Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials Tracking Spreadsheet.
  - Manufacturer's cut sheets and product data highlighting the Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) for filtration media installed at return air grilles during construction if permanently installed air handling units are used during construction.
  - Manufacturer's cut sheets and product data highlighting the Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) for final filtration media in air handling units.
  - 4. Minimum 18 construction photographs including six photographs taken on three different occasions during construction of ANSI/SMACNA 008-2008, Chapter 3 approaches employed, along with a brief description of each approach, documenting implementation of IAQ management measures, such as protection of ducts and on-site stored or installed absorptive materials.
  - 5. Flush-out Documentation:
    - a. Product data for filtration media used during flush-out.
    - b. Product data for filtration media installed immediately prior to occupancy.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

c. Signed statement describing building air flush-out procedures including dates when flush-out was begun and completed and statement that filtration media was replaced after flush-out.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Preconstruction Meeting: After award of Contract and prior to commencement of Work, schedule and conduct meeting with COR/Resident Engineer and Architect to discuss the Project Sustainable Action Plan content as it applies to submittals, project delivery, required Construction Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) Management Plan, and other Sustainable Construction Requirements. The purpose of this meeting is to develop a mutual understanding of the Sustainable Construction Requirements and coordination of contractor's management of these requirements with the Contracting Officer and the Construction Quality Manager.
- B. Construction Job Conferences: Status of compliance with Sustainable Construction Requirements of these specifications will be an agenda item at regular job meetings conducted during the course of work at the site.

## 1.7 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designation only. Comply with applicable provisions and recommendations of the following, except as otherwise shown or specified.
- B. Green Seal Standard GS-11, Paints, 1st Edition, May 20, 1993.
- C. Green Seal Standard GC-03, Anti-Corrosive Paints, 2nd Edition, January 7, 1997.
- D. Green Seal Standard GC-36, Commercial Adhesives, October 19, 2000.
- E. South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rule 1113, Architectural Coatings, rules in effect on January 1, 2004.
- F. South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rule 1168, July 1, 2005 and rule amendment date of January 7, 2005.
- G. Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning National Contractors' Association (SMACNA) IAQ Guidelines for Occupied Buildings under Construction, 2nd Edition (ANSI/SMACNA 008-2008), Chapter 3.
- H. California Department of Public Health Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor

Sources Using Environmental Chambers, Version 1.1, Emission Testing method for California Specification 01350 (CDPH Standard Method V1.1-2010).

- I. Federal Trade Commission Guides for the Use of Environmental Marketing Claims (16 CFR Part 260).
- J. ASHRAE Standard 52.2-2007.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 PERFORMANCE CRITERIA
- A. Construction waste diversion from landfill disposal must comprise at least 50 percent of total construction waste, excluding land clearing debris and soil. Alternative daily cover (ADC) does not qualify as material diverted from disposal.
- B. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials:
  - Adhesives, sealants and sealant primers applied on site within the weatherproofing membrane must comply with VOC limits of SCAQMD Rule 1168:
    - a. Flooring Adhesives and Sealants:
      - 1) Indoor carpet adhesives: 50 g/L.
      - 2) Wood Flooring Adhesive: 100 g/L.
      - 3) Rubber Floor Adhesives: 60 g/L.
      - 4) Subfloor Adhesives: 50 g/L.
      - 5) Ceramic Tile Adhesives and Grout: 65 g/L.
      - 6) Cove Base Adhesives: 50 g/L.
      - 7) Multipurpose Construction Adhesives: 70 g/L.
      - 8) Porous Material (Except Wood) Substrate: 50 g/L.
      - 9) Wood Substrate: 30 g/L.
      - 10) Architectural Non-Porous Sealant Primer: 250 g/L.
      - 11) Architectural Porous Sealant Primer: 775 g/L.
      - 12) Other Sealant Primer: 750 g/L.
      - 13) Structural Wood Member Adhesive: 140 g/L.
      - 14) Sheet-Applied Rubber Lining Operations: 850 g/L.
      - 15) Top and Trim Adhesive: 250 g/L.
      - 16) Architectural Sealant: 250 g/L.
      - 17) Other Sealant: 420 g/L.
    - b. Non-Flooring Adhesives and Sealants:
      - 1) Drywall and Panel Adhesives: 50 g/L.

VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 2) Multipurpose Construction Adhesives: 70 g/L. 3) Structural Glazing Adhesives: 100 g/L. 4) Metal-to-Metal Substrate Adhesives: 30 g/L. 5) Plastic Foam Substrate Adhesive: 50 g/L. 6) Porous Material (Except Wood) Substrate Adhesive: 50 g/L. 7) Wood Substrate Adhesive: 30 g/L. 8) Fiberglass Substrate Adhesive: 80 g/L. 9) Architectural Non-Porous Sealant Primer: 250 g/L. 10) Architectural Porous Sealant Primer: 775 g/L. 11) Other Sealant Primer: 750 g/L. 12) PVC Welding Adhesives: 510 g/L. 13) CPVC Welding Adhesives: 490 g/L. 14) ABS Welding Adhesives: 325 g/L. 15) Plastic Cement Welding Adhesives: 250 g/L. 16) Adhesive Primer for Plastic: 550 g/L. 17) Contact Adhesive: 80 g/L. 18) Special Purpose Contact Adhesive: 250 g/L. 19) Structural Wood Member Adhesive: 140 g/L. 20) Sheet Applied Rubber Lining Operations: 850 g/L. 21) Top and Trim Adhesive: 250 g/L. 22) Architectural Sealants: 250 g/L. 23) Other Sealants: 420 g/L. 2. Aerosol adhesives applied on site within the weatherproofing membrane must comply with the following Green Seal GS-36. a. Aerosol Adhesive, General-Purpose Mist Spray: 65 percent VOCs by weight. b. Aerosol Adhesive, General-Purpose Web Spray: 55 percent VOCs by weight. c. Special-Purpose Aerosol Adhesive (All Types): 70 percent VOCs by weight. 3. Paints and coatings applied on site within the weatherproofing membrane must comply with the following criteria: a. VOC content limits for paints and coatings established in Green Seal Standard GS-11. b. VOC content limit for anti-corrosive and anti-rust paints applied

to interior ferrous metal substrates of 250 g/L established in Green Seal GC-03.

- c. Clear wood finishes, floor coatings, stains, primers, sealers, and shellacs applied to interior elements must not exceed VOC content limits established in SCAQMD Rule 1113.
- d. Comply with the following VOC content limits:
  - 1) Anti-Corrosive/Antirust Paints: 250 g/L.
  - 2) Clear Wood Finish, Lacquer: 550 g/L.
  - 3) Clear Wood Finish, Sanding Sealer: 350 g/L.
  - 4) Clear Wood Finish, Varnish: 350 g/L.
  - 5) Floor Coating: 100 g/L.
  - 6) Interior Flat Paint, Coating or Primer: 50 g/L.
  - 7) Interior Non-Flat Paint, Coating or Primer: 150 g/L.
  - 8) Sealers and Undercoaters: 200 g/L.
  - 9) Shellac, Clear: 730 g/L.
  - 10) Shellac, Pigmented: 550 g/L.
  - 11) Stain: 250 g/L.
  - 12) Clear Brushing Lacquer: 680 g/L.
  - 13) Concrete Curing Compounds: 350 g/L.
  - 14) Japans/Faux Finishing Coatings: 350 g/L.
  - 15) Magnesite Cement Coatings: 450 g/L.
  - 16) Pigmented Lacquer: 550 g/L.
  - 17) Waterproofing Sealers: 250 g/L.
  - 18) Wood Preservatives: 350 g/L.
  - 19) Low-Solids Coatings: 120 g/L.
- Carpet installed in building interior must comply with one of the following:
  - a. Meet testing and product requirements of the Carpet and Rug Institute Green Label Plus program.
  - b. Maximum VOC concentrations specified in CDPH Standard Method V1.1-2010, using office scenario at the 14 day time point.
- 5. Each non-carpet flooring element installed in building interior which is not inherently non-emitting (stone, ceramic, powder-coated metals, plated or anodized metal, glass, concrete, clay brick, and unfinished or untreated solid wood flooring) must comply with one of the following:
  - a. Meet requirements of the FloorScore standard as shown with testing by an independent third-party.

- b. Maximum VOC concentrations specified in CDPH Standard Method V1.1-2010, using office scenario at 14 day time point.
- Composite wood and agrifiber products used within the weatherproofing membrane must contain no added urea-formaldehyde resins.
- Laminating adhesives used to fabricate on-site and shop-applied composite wood and agrifiber assemblies must not contain added ureaformaldehyde.
- C. Recycled Content:
  - Any products being installed or used that are listed on EPA Comprehensive Procurement Guidelines designated product list must meet or exceed the EPA's recycled content recommendations. The EPA Comprehensive Procurement Guidelines categories include:
    - a. Building insulation.
    - b. Cement and concrete.
    - c. Consolidated and reprocessed latex paint.
    - d. Floor tiles.
    - e. Flowable fill.
    - f. Laminated paperboard.
    - g. Modular threshold ramps.
    - h. Nonpressure pipe.
    - i. Patio blocks.
    - j. Railroad grade crossing surfaces.
    - k. Roofing materials.
    - 1. Shower and restroom dividers/partitions.
    - m. Structural fiberboard.
    - n. Nylon carpet and nylon carpet backing.
    - o. Compost and fertilizer made from recovered organic materials.
    - p. Hydraulic mulch.
    - q. Lawn and garden edging.
    - r. Plastic lumber landscaping timbers and posts.
    - s. Park benches and picnic tables.
    - t. Plastic fencing.
    - u. Playground equipment.
    - v. Playground surfaces.
    - w. Bike racks.
- D. Biobased Content:

- Materials and equipment being installed or used that are listed on the USDA BioPreferred program product category list must meet or exceed USDA's minimum biobased content threshold. Refer to individual specification sections for detailed requirements applicable to that section.
  - a. USDA BioPreferred program categories include:
    - 1) Adhesive and Mastic Removers.
    - 2) Carpets.
    - 3) Cleaners.
    - 4) Corrosion Preventatives.
    - 5) Erosion Control Materials.
    - 6) Dust Suppressants.
    - 7) Fertilizers.
    - 8) Floor Cleaners and Protectors.
    - 9) Floor Coverings (Non-Carpet).
    - 10) Hydraulic Fluids.
    - 11) Industrial Cleaners.
    - 12) Interior Paints and Coatings.
    - 13) Mulch and Compost Materials.
    - 14) Multipurpose Cleaners.
    - 15) Multipurpose Lubricants.
    - 16) Packaging Films.
    - 17) Paint Removers.
    - 18) Plastic Insulating Foam.
    - 19) Pneumatic Equipment Lubricants.
    - 20) Roof Coatings.
    - 21) Wastewater Systems Coatings.
    - 22) Water Tank Coatings.
    - 23) Wood and Concrete Sealers.
    - 24) Wood and Concrete Stains.
- E. Materials, products, and equipment being installed which fall into a category covered by the WaterSense program must be WaterSense-labeled or meet or exceed WaterSense program performance requirements, unless disallowed for infection control reasons.
  - 1. WaterSense categories include:
    - a. Bathroom Faucets
    - b. Commercial Toilets

- c. Irrigation Controllers
- d. Pre-Rinse Spray Valves
- e. Residential Toilets
- f. Showerheads
- g. Spray Sprinkler Bodies
- h. Urinals
- F. Materials, products, and equipment being installed which fall into any of the following product categories must be Energy Star-labeled.
  - 1. Applicable Energy Star product categories as of 09/14/2017 include:
    - a. Appliances:
      - 1) Air Purifiers and Cleaners.
      - 2) Clothes Dryers (Residential).
      - 3) Clothes Washers (Commercial & Residential).
      - 4) Dehumidifiers.
      - 5) Dishwashers (Residential).
      - 6) Freezers (Residential).
      - 7) Refrigerators (Residential).
    - b. Electronics and Information Technology:
      - 1) Audio/Video Equipment.
      - 2) Computers.
      - 3) Data Center Storage.
      - 4) Digital Media Player.
      - 5) Enterprise Servers.
      - 6) Imaging Equipment.
      - 7) Monitors.
      - 8) Professional Displays.
      - 9) Set-Top and Cable Boxes.
      - 10) Telephones.
      - 11) Televisions.
      - 12) Uninterruptible Power Supplies.
      - 13) Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) Phones.
    - c. Food Service Equipment (Commercial):
      - 1) Dishwashers.
      - 2) Fryers.
      - 3) Griddles.
      - 4) Hot Food Holding Cabinets.
      - 5) Ice Makers.

- 6) Ovens.
- 7) Refrigerators and Freezers.
- 8) Steam Cookers.
- 9) Vending Machines.
- d. Heating and Cooling Equipment:
  - 1) Air-Source Heat Pumps (Residential).
  - 2) Boilers.
  - 3) Ceiling Fans (Residential).
  - 4) Central Air Conditioners (Residential).
  - 5) Ductless Heating and Cooling (Residential).
  - 6) Furnaces (Residential).
  - 7) Water Heaters.
  - 8) Geothermal Heat Pumps (Residential).
  - 9) Light Commercial Heating and Cooling Equipment.
  - 10) Room Air Conditioners (Residential).
  - 11) Ventilation Fans (Residential).
- e. Other:
  - 1) Decorative Light Strings.
  - 2) Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment.
  - 3) Laboratory-Grade Refrigerators and Freezers.
  - 4) Light Bulbs.
  - 5) Light Fixtures.
  - 6) Pool Pumps.
  - 7) Roof Products.
  - 8) Water Coolers.
  - 9) Windows, Doors, and Skylights.
- G. Materials, products, and equipment being installed which fall into any of the following categories must be FEMP-designated. FEMP-designated product categories as of 09/14/2017 include:
  - 1. Boilers (Commercial).
  - 2. Dishwashers (Commercial).
  - 3. Electric Chillers, Air-Cooled (Commercial).
  - 4. Electric Chillers, Water-Cooled (Commercial).
  - 5. Exterior Lighting.
  - 6. Fluorescent Ballasts.
  - 7. Fluorescent Lamps, General Service.
  - 8. Ice Machines, Water-Cooled.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 9. Industrial Lighting (High/Low Bay).
- 10. Light Emitting Diode (LED) Luminaires.
- H. Electronic products and equipment being installed which fall into any of the following categories shall be EPEAT registered. Electronic products and equipment covered by EPEAT program as of 09/14/2017 include:
  - 1. Computers.
  - 2. Displays.
  - 3. Imaging Equipment.
  - 4. Televisions.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Construction Indoor Air Quality Management:
  - During construction, meet or exceed recommended control measures of ANSI/SMACNA 008-2008, Chapter 3.
  - Protect stored on-site and installed absorptive materials from moisture damage.
  - 3. If permanently installed air handlers are used during construction, filtration media with a minimum efficiency reporting value (MERV) of 8 must be used at each return air grille, as determined by ASHRAE Standard 52.2-1999 (with errata but without addenda). Replace all filtration media immediately prior to occupancy.
  - 4. Perform building flush-out as follows:
    - a. After construction ends, prior to occupancy and with interior finishes installed, perform a building flush-out by supplying a total volume of 14000 cu. ft. of outdoor air per sq. ft. of floor area while maintaining an internal temperature of at least 60 degrees Fahrenheit and a relative humidity no higher than 60 percent. OR
    - b. If occupancy is desired prior to flush-out completion, the space may be occupied following delivery of a minimum of 3500 cu. ft. of outdoor air per sq. ft. of floor area to the space. Once a space is occupied, it must be ventilated at a minimum rate of 0.30 cfm per sq. ft. of outside air or design minimum outside air rate determined until a total of 14000 cu. ft./sq. ft. of outside air has been delivered to the space. During each day of flush-out

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

period, ventilation must begin a minimum of three hours prior to occupancy and continue during occupancy.

----END----

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## SECTION 01 91 00 GENERAL COMMISSIONING REQUIREMENTS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 COMMISSIONING DESCRIPTION

- A. This Section 01 91 00 GENERAL COMMISSIONING REQUIREMENTS shall form the basis of the construction phase commissioning process and procedures. The Commissioning Agent shall add, modify, and refine the commissioning procedures, as approved by the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA), to suit field conditions and actual manufacturer's equipment, incorporate test data and procedure results, and provide detailed scheduling for all commissioning tasks.
- B. Various sections of the project specifications require equipment startup, testing, and adjusting services. Requirements for startup, testing, and adjusting services specified in the Division 7, Division 21, Division 22, Division 23, Division 26, Division 27, Division 28, and Division 31 series sections of these specifications are intended to be provided in coordination with the commissioning services and are not intended to duplicate services. The Contractor shall coordinate the work required by individual specification sections with the commissioning services requirements specified herein.
- C. Where individual testing, adjusting, or related services are required in the project specifications and not specifically required by this commissioning requirements specification, the specified services shall be provided and copies of documentation, as required by those specifications shall be submitted to the VA and the Commissioning Agent to be indexed for future reference.
- D. Where training or educational services for VA are required and specified in other sections of the specifications, including but not limited to Division 7, Division 8, Division 21, Division 22, Division 23, Division 26, Division 27, Division 28, and Division 31 series sections of the specification, these services are intended to be provided in addition to the training and educational services specified herein.
- E. Commissioning is a systematic process of verifying that the building systems perform interactively according to the construction documents and the VA's operational needs. The commissioning process shall encompass and coordinate the system documentation, equipment startup,

control system calibration, testing and balancing, performance testing and training. Commissioning during the construction and post-occupancy phases is intended to achieve the following specific objectives according to the contract documents:

- Verify that the applicable equipment and systems are installed in accordance with the contact documents and according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 2. Verify and document proper integrated performance of equipment and systems.
- 3. Verify that Operations & Maintenance documentation is complete.
- Verify that all components requiring servicing can be accessed, serviced and removed without disturbing nearby components including ducts, piping, cabling or wiring.
- 5. Verify that the VA's operating personnel are adequately trained to enable them to operate, monitor, adjust, maintain, and repair building systems in an effective and energy-efficient manner.
- Document the successful achievement of the commissioning objectives listed above.
- F. The commissioning process does not take away from or reduce the responsibility of the Contractor to provide a finished and fully functioning product.

### **1.2 CONTRACTUAL RELATIONSHIPS**

- A. For this construction project, the Department of Veterans Affairs contracts with a Contractor to provide construction services. The contracts are administered by the VA Contracting Officer and the Resident Engineer as the designated representative of the Contracting Officer. On this project, the authority to modify the contract in any way is strictly limited to the authority of the Contracting Officer.
- B. In this project, only two contract parties are recognized and communications on contractual issues are strictly limited to VA Resident Engineer and the Contractor. It is the practice of the VA to require that communications between other parties to the contracts (Subcontractors and Vendors) be conducted through the Resident Engineer and Contractor. It is also the practice of the VA that communications between other parties of the project (Commissioning Agent and Architect/Engineer) be conducted through the Resident Engineer.

- C. Whole Building Commissioning is a process that relies upon frequent and direct communications, as well as collaboration between all parties to the construction process. By its nature, a high level of communication and cooperation between the Commissioning Agent and all other parties (Architects, Engineers, Subcontractors, Vendors, third party testing agencies, etc.) is essential to the success of the Commissioning effort.
- D. With these fundamental practices in mind, the commissioning process described herein has been developed to recognize that, in the execution of the Commissioning Process, the Commissioning Agent must develop effective methods to communicate with every member of the construction team involved in delivering commissioned systems while simultaneously respecting the exclusive contract authority of the Contracting Officer and Resident Engineer. Thus, the procedures outlined in this specification must be executed within the following limitations:
  - No communications (verbal or written) from the Commissioning Agent shall be deemed to constitute direction that modifies the terms of any contract between the Department of Veterans Affairs and the Contractor.
  - 2. Commissioning Issues identified by the Commissioning Agent will be delivered to the Resident Engineer and copied to the designated Commissioning Representatives for the Contractor and subcontractors on the Commissioning Team for information only in order to expedite the communication process. These issues must be understood as the professional opinion of the Commissioning Agent and as suggestions for resolution.
  - 3. In the event that any Commissioning Issues and suggested resolutions are deemed by the Resident Engineer to require either an official interpretation of the construction documents or require a modification of the contract documents, the Contracting Officer or Resident Engineer will issue an official directive to this effect.
  - 4. All parties to the Commissioning Process shall be individually responsible for alerting the Resident Engineer of any issues that they deem to constitute a potential contract change prior to acting on these issues.

5. Authority for resolution or modification of design and construction issues rests solely with the Contracting Officer or Resident Engineer, with appropriate technical guidance from the Architect/Engineer and/or Commissioning Agent.

## 1.3 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01 00 00 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.
- B. Section 01 32.16.15 PROJECT SCHEDULES (SMALL PROJECTS DESIGN/BID/BUILD)
- C. Section 01 33 23 SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES
- D. Section 01 81 13 SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS
- E. Section 26 08 00 COMMISSIONING OF ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS.
- F. Section 27 08 00 COMMISSIONING OF COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS.

## 1.4 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes general requirements that apply to implementation of commissioning without regard to systems, subsystems, and equipment being commissioned.
- B. The commissioning activities have been developed to support the VA requirements to meet guidelines for Federal Leadership in Environmental, Energy, and Economic Performance.
- C. The commissioning activities have been developed to support the United States Green Building Council's (USGBC) LEED ™ rating program and to support delivery of project performance in accordance with the VA requirements developed for the project to support the following credits:
  - Commissioning activities and documentation for the LEED<sup>™</sup> section on "Energy and Atmosphere" and the prerequisite of "Fundamental Building Systems Commissioning."
  - Commissioning activities and documentation for the LEED<sup>™</sup> section on "Energy and Atmosphere" requirements for the "Enhanced Building System Commissioning" credit.
  - Activities and documentation for the LEED<sup>™</sup> section on "Measurement and Verification" requirements for the Measurement and Verification credit.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

D. The commissioning activities have been developed to support the Green Buildings Initiative's Green Globes rating program and to support delivery of project performance in accordance with the VA requirements developed for the project.

# 1.5 ACRONYMS

List of Ac	List of Acronyms		
Acronym	Meaning		
A/E	Architect / Engineer Design Team		
AHJ	Authority Having Jurisdiction		
ASHRAE	Association Society for Heating Air Condition and		
	Refrigeration Engineers		
BOD	Basis of Design		
BSC	Building Systems Commissioning		
CCTV	Closed Circuit Television		
CD	Construction Documents		
CMMS	Computerized Maintenance Management System		
CO	Contracting Officer (VA)		
COR	Contracting Officer's Representative (see also VA-RE)		
COBie	Construction Operations Building Information Exchange		
CPC	Construction Phase Commissioning		
Cx	Commissioning		
CxA	Commissioning Agent		
CxM	Commissioning Manager		
CxR	Commissioning Representative		
DPC	Design Phase Commissioning		
FPT	Functional Performance Test		
GBI-GG	Green Building Initiative - Green Globes		
HVAC	Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning		
LEED	Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design		
NC	Department of Veterans Affairs National Cemetery		
NCA	Department of Veterans Affairs National Cemetery		
10021	Administration		
NEBB	National Environmental Balancing Bureau		
0&M	Operations & Maintenance		
OPR	Owner's Project Requirements		
PFC	Pre-Functional Checklist		

List of Acronyms		
Acronym	Meaning	
PFT	Pre-Functional Test	
SD	Schematic Design	
SO	Site Observation	
TAB	Test Adjust and Balance	
VA	Department of Veterans Affairs	
VAMC	VA Medical Center	
VA CFM	VA Office of Construction and Facilities Management	
VACO	VA Central Office	
VA PM	VA Project Manager	
VA-RE	VA Resident Engineer	
USGBC	United States Green Building Council	

## 1.6 DEFINITIONS

Acceptance Phase Commissioning: Commissioning tasks executed after most construction has been completed, most Site Observations and Static Tests have been completed and Pre-Functional Testing has been completed and accepted. The main commissioning activities performed during this phase are verification that the installed systems are functional by conducting Systems Functional Performance tests and Owner Training. Accuracy: The capability of an instrument to indicate the true value of a measured quantity.

**Back Check:** A back check is a verification that an agreed upon solution to a design comment has been adequately addressed in a subsequent design review

**Basis of Design (BOD):** The Engineer's Basis of Design is comprised of two components: the Design Criteria and the Design Narrative, these documents record the concepts, calculations, decisions, and product selections used to meet the Owner's Project Requirements (OPR) and to satisfy applicable regulatory requirements, standards, and guidelines. **Benchmarks:** Benchmarks are the comparison of a building's energy usage to other similar buildings and to the building itself.. For example, ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager is a frequently used and nationally recognized building energy benchmarking tool.

<u>Building Information Modeling (BIM):</u> Building Information Modeling is a parametric database which allows a building to be designed and constructed virtually in 3D, and provides reports both in 2D views and as schedules. This electronic information can be extracted and reused for pre-populating facility management CMMS systems. Building Systems Commissioning (BSC): NEBB acronym used to designate its commissioning program.

<u>Calibrate:</u> The act of comparing an instrument of unknown accuracy with a standard of known accuracy to detect, correlate, report, or eliminate by adjustment any variation in the accuracy of the tested instrument. <u>CCTV:</u> Closed circuit Television. Normally used for security surveillance and alarm detections as part of a special electrical security system.

<u>**COBie:**</u> Construction Operations Building Information Exchange (COBie) is an electronic industry data format used to transfer information developed during design, construction, and commissioning into the Computer Maintenance Management Systems (CMMS) used to operate facilities. See the Whole Building Design Guide website for further information (http://www.wbdg.org/resources/cobie.php)

<u>Commissionability</u>: Defines a design component or construction process that has the necessary elements that will allow a system or component to be effectively measured, tested, operated and commissioned <u>Commissioning Agent (CxA)</u>: The qualified Commissioning Professional who administers the Cx process by managing the Cx team and overseeing the Commissioning Process. Where CxA is used in this specification it means the Commissioning Agent, members of his staff or appointed members of the commissioning team. Note that LEED uses the term Commissioning Authority in lieu of Commissioning Agent.

<u>Commissioning Checklists</u>: Lists of data or inspections to be verified to ensure proper system or component installation, operation, and function. Verification checklists are developed and used during all phases of the commissioning process to verify that the Owner's Project Requirements (OPR) is being achieved.

<u>Commissioning Design Review</u>: The commissioning design review is a collaborative review of the design professionals design documents for items pertaining to the following: owner's project requirements; basis of design; operability and maintainability (O&M) including

01 91 00 - 7

documentation; functionality; training; energy efficiency, control systems' sequence of operations including building automation system features; commissioning specifications and the ability to functionally test the systems.

<u>Commissioning Issue</u>: A condition identified by the Commissioning Agent or other member of the Commissioning Team that adversely affects the commissionability, operability, maintainability, or functionality of a system, equipment, or component. A condition that is in conflict with the Contract Documents and/or performance requirements of the installed systems and components. (See also - Commissioning Observation).

<u>Commissioning Manager (CxM)</u>: A qualified individual appointed by the Contractor to manage the commissioning process on behalf of the Contractor.

<u>Commissioning Observation:</u> An issue identified by the Commissioning Agent or other member of the Commissioning Team that does not conform to the project OPR, contract documents or standard industry best practices. (See also Commissioning Issue)

<u>Commissioning Plan:</u> A document that outlines the commissioning process, commissioning scope and defines responsibilities, processes, schedules, and the documentation requirements of the Commissioning Process.

<u>Commissioning Process</u>: A quality focused process for enhancing the delivery of a project. The process focuses upon verifying and documenting that the facility and all of its systems, components, and assemblies are planned, designed, installed, tested, can be operated, and maintained to meet the Owner's Project Requirements.

<u>Commissioning Report</u>: The final commissioning document which presents the commissioning process results for the project. Cx reports include an executive summary, the commissioning plan, issue log,

correspondence, and all appropriate check sheets and test forms.

<u>Commissioning Representative (CxR)</u>: An individual appointed by a subcontractor to manage the commissioning process on behalf of the subcontractor.

<u>Commissioning Specifications</u>: The contract documents that detail the objective, scope and implementation of the commissioning process as developed in the Commissioning Plan.

**<u>Commissioning Team:</u>** Individual team members whose coordinated actions are responsible for implementing the Commissioning Process.

**Construction Phase Commissioning:** All commissioning efforts executed during the construction process after the design phase and prior to the Acceptance Phase Commissioning.

<u>Contract Documents (CD)</u>: Contract documents include design and construction contracts, price agreements and procedure agreements. Contract Documents also include all final and complete drawings, specifications and all applicable contract modifications or supplements.

<u>Construction Phase Commissioning (CPC)</u>: All commissioning efforts executed during the construction process after the design phase and prior to the Acceptance Phase Commissioning.

<u>Coordination Drawings</u>: Drawings showing the work of all trades that are used to illustrate that equipment can be installed in the space allocated without compromising equipment function or access for maintenance and replacement. These drawings graphically illustrate and dimension manufacturers' recommended maintenance clearances. On mechanical projects, coordination drawings include structural steel, ductwork, major piping and electrical conduit and show the elevations and locations of the above components.

**Data Logging:** The monitoring and recording of temperature, flow, current, status, pressure, etc. of equipment using stand-alone data recorders.

**Deferred System Test:** Tests that cannot be completed at the end of the acceptance phase due to ambient conditions, schedule issues or other conditions preventing testing during the normal acceptance testing period.

Deficiency: See "Commissioning Issue".

**Design Criteria:** A listing of the VA Design Criteria outlining the project design requirements, including its source. These are used during the design process to show the design elements meet the OPR. **Design Intent:** The overall term that includes the OPR and the BOD. It is a detailed explanation of the ideas, concepts, and criteria that are defined by the owner to be important. The design intent documents are utilized to provide a written record of these ideas, concepts and criteria.

**Design Narrative:** A written description of the proposed design solutions that satisfy the requirements of the OPR.

**Design Phase Commissioning (DPC):** All commissioning tasks executed during the design phase of the project.

**Environmental Systems:** Systems that use a combination of mechanical equipment, airflow, water flow and electrical energy to provide heating, ventilating, air conditioning, humidification, and dehumidification for the purpose of human comfort or process control of temperature and humidity.

**Executive Summary:** A section of the Commissioning report that reviews the general outcome of the project. It also includes any unresolved issues, recommendations for the resolution of unresolved issues and all deferred testing requirements.

**Functionality:** This defines a design component or construction process which will allow a system or component to operate or be constructed in a manner that will produce the required outcome of the OPR.

**Functional Test Procedure (FTP):** A written protocol that defines methods, steps, personnel, and acceptance criteria for tests conducted on components, equipment, assemblies, systems, and interfaces among systems.

**Industry Accepted Best Practice:** A design component or construction process that has achieved industry consensus for quality performance and functionality. Refer to the current edition of the NEBB Design Phase Commissioning Handbook for examples.

**Installation Verification:** Observations or inspections that confirm the system or component has been installed in accordance with the contract documents and to industry accepted best practices.

Integrated System Testing: Integrated Systems Testing procedures entail testing of multiple integrated systems performance to verify proper functional interface between systems. Typical Integrated Systems Testing includes verifying that building systems respond properly to loss of utility, transfer to emergency power sources, re-transfer from emergency power source to normal utility source; interface between HVAC controls and Fire Alarm systems for equipment shutdown, interface between Fire Alarm system and elevator control systems for elevator recall and shutdown; interface between Fire Alarm System and Security Access Control Systems to control access to spaces during fire alarm conditions; and other similar tests as determined for each specific project.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Issues Log: A formal and ongoing record of problems or concerns - and their resolution - that have been raised by members of the Commissioning Team during the course of the Commissioning Process. Lessons Learned Workshop: A workshop conducted to discuss and document project successes and identify opportunities for improvements for future projects.

<u>Maintainability</u>: A design component or construction process that will allow a system or component to be effectively maintained. This includes adequate room for access to adjust and repair the equipment. Maintainability also includes components that have readily obtainable repair parts or service.

<u>Manual Test:</u> Testing using hand-held instruments, immediate control system readouts or direct observation to verify performance (contrasted to analyzing monitored data taken over time to make the 'observation'). <u>Owner's Project Requirements (OPR):</u> A written document that details the project requirements and the expectations of how the building and its systems will be used and operated. These include project goals, measurable performance criteria, cost considerations, benchmarks, success criteria, and supporting information.

**Peer Review:** A formal in-depth review separate from the commissioning review processes. The level of effort and intensity is much greater than a typical commissioning facilitation or extended commissioning review. The VA usually hires an independent third-party (called the IDIQ A/E) to conduct peer reviews.

**<u>Precision</u>**: The ability of an instrument to produce repeatable readings of the same quantity under the same conditions. The precision of an instrument refers to its ability to produce a tightly grouped set of values around the mean value of the measured quantity.

**Pre-Design Phase Commissioning:** Commissioning tasks performed prior to the commencement of design activities that includes project programming and the development of the commissioning process for the project

**Pre-Functional Checklist (PFC):** A form used by the contractor to verify that appropriate components are onsite, correctly installed, set up, calibrated, functional and ready for functional testing.

**<u>Pre-Functional Test (PFT)</u>**: An inspection or test that is done before functional testing. PFT's include installation verification and system and component start up tests.

**Procedure or Protocol:** A defined approach that outlines the execution of a sequence of work or operations. Procedures are used to produce repeatable and defined results.

**<u>Range</u>**: The upper and lower limits of an instrument's ability to measure the value of a quantity for which the instrument is calibrated. **<u>Resolution</u>**: This word has two meanings in the Cx Process. The first refers to the smallest change in a measured variable that an instrument can detect. The second refers to the implementation of actions that correct a tested or observed deficiency.

<u>Site Observation Visit:</u> On-site inspections and observations made by the Commissioning Agent for the purpose of verifying component, equipment, and system installation, to observe contractor testing, equipment start-up procedures, or other purposes.

<u>Site Observation Reports (SO):</u> Reports of site inspections and observations made by the Commissioning Agent. Observation reports are intended to provide early indication of an installation issue which will need correction or analysis.

**Special System Inspections:** Inspections required by a local code authority prior to occupancy and are not normally a part of the commissioning process.

<u>Static Tests:</u> Tests or inspections that validate a specified static condition such as pressure testing. Static tests may be specification or code initiated.

**Start Up Tests:** Tests that validate the component or system is ready for automatic operation in accordance with the manufactures requirements.

<u>Systems Manual</u>: A system-focused composite document that includes all information required for the owners operators to operate the systems. <u>Test Procedure</u>: A written protocol that defines methods, personnel, and expectations for tests conducted on components, equipment, assemblies, systems, and interfaces among systems.

**Testing:** The use of specialized and calibrated instruments to measure parameters such as: temperature, pressure, vapor flow, air flow, fluid flow, rotational speed, electrical characteristics, velocity, and other data in order to determine performance, operation, or function. **Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing (TAB):** A systematic process or service applied to heating, ventilating and air-conditioning (HVAC)

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

systems and other environmental systems to achieve and document air and hydronic flow rates. The standards and procedures for providing these services are referred to as "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing" and are described in the Procedural Standards for the Testing, Adjusting and Balancing of Environmental Systems, published by NEBB or AABC. <u>Thermal Scans</u>: Thermographic pictures taken with an Infrared Thermographic Camera. Thermographic pictures show the relative temperatures of objects and surfaces and are used to identify leaks, thermal bridging, thermal intrusion, electrical overload conditions, moisture containment, and insulation failure.

**Training Plan:** A written document that details, in outline form the expectations of the operator training. Training agendas should include instruction on how to obtain service, operate, startup, shutdown and maintain all systems and components of the project.

**Trending:** Monitoring over a period of time with the building automation system.

<u>Unresolved Commissioning Issue:</u> Any Commissioning Issue that, at the time that the Final Report or the Amended Final Report is issued that has not been either resolved by the construction team or accepted by the VA. Validation: The process by which work is verified as complete and operating correctly:

- 1. First party validation occurs when a firm or individual verifying the task is the same firm or individual performing the task.
- Second party validation occurs when the firm or individual verifying the task is under the control of the firm performing the task or has other possibilities of financial conflicts of interest in the resolution (Architects, Designers, General Contractors and Third Tier Subcontractors or Vendors).
- Third party validation occurs when the firm verifying the task is not associated with or under control of the firm performing or designing the task.

<u>Verification</u>: The process by which specific documents, components, equipment, assemblies, systems, and interfaces among systems are confirmed to comply with the criteria described in the Owner's Project Requirements.

Warranty Phase Commissioning: Commissioning efforts executed after a project has been completed and accepted by the Owner. Warranty Phase

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Commissioning includes follow-up on verification of system performance, measurement and verification tasks and assistance in identifying warranty issues and enforcing warranty provisions of the construction contract.

Warranty Visit: A commissioning meeting and site review where all outstanding warranty issues and deferred testing is reviewed and discussed.

Whole Building Commissioning: Commissioning of building systems such as Building Envelope, HVAC, Electrical, Special Electrical (Fire Alarm, Security & Communications), Plumbing and Fire Protection as described in this specification.

## 1.7 SYSTEMS TO BE COMMISSIONED

A. Commissioning of a system or systems specified for this project is part of the construction process. Documentation and testing of these systems, as well as training of the VA's Operation and Maintenance personnel, is required in cooperation with the VA and the Commissioning Agent.

Systems To Be Commissioned								
System	Description							
Building Exterior Closu	re							
Foundations (excluding	Standard, special, slab-on-grade, vapor							
structural)	barriers, air barriers							
Basements	Basement walls, crawl spaces, waterproofing,							
	drainage							
Superstructure	Floor construction, roof construction,							
	sunshades, connections to adjacent structures							
Exterior Closure	Exterior walls, exterior windows, exterior							
	doors, louvers, grilles and sunscreens,							
Roofing	Roof system (including parapet), roof openings							
	(skylights, pipe chases, ducts, equipment							
	curbs, etc.)							

B. The following systems will be commissioned as part of this project:

SystemDescriptionNote:The emphasis on commissioning the above building envelope systems is on control of air flow, heat flow, noise, infrared, ultraviolet, rain penetration, moisture, durability, security, reliability, constructability, maintainability, and sustainability.SpecialtiesMedical gas certification and cross check, electrical connectionsEquipmentBarriersEquipmentEquipmentLaboratory Fume HoodsFume Hood CertificationBiological SafetyCabinet CertificationCabinetsInterface with other systems (Fire Alarm, etc.) [ASTM testing and certification by others]ElevatorsInterface with other systems (fire alarm, etc.) [ASTM testing and certification by others]EscalatorsInterface with other systems (fire alarm, etc.) [ASTM testing and certification by others]Material DeliveryInterface with other systems (fire alarm, etc.) [ASTM testing and certification by others]Material DeliveryInterface with other systems (fire alarm, etc.) [ASTM testing and certification by others]Preumatic Tube Systemselevators, etc.)Preumatic Tube SystemsFire Pump, jockey pump, fire pump	Systems To Be Commissioned						
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		etc.)					
Fire Pump Fire Pump, jockey pump, fire pump	Fire Suppression						
	Fire Pump	Fire Pump, jockey pump, fire pump					
controller/ATS		controller/ATS					

Systems To Be Commissio	ned
System	Description
Fire Sprinkler Systems	Wet pipe system, dry pipe system, pre-action
	system, special agent systems
Plumbing	
Domestic Water	Booster pumps, backflow preventers, water
Distribution	softeners, potable water storage tanks
Domestic Hot Water	Water heaters**, heat exchangers, circulation
Systems	pumps, point-of-use water heaters*
Sewerage Pump Systems	Sewage ejectors
Wastewater Pump	Sump pumps
Systems	
Sanitary Waste	Grease interceptors, acid neutralizers
Interceptors	
General Service Air	Packaged compressor systems, air dryers,
Systems	filtration
Medical Air Systems	Packaged medical air compressor units. Outlet
	certification, cross-connection verification
Medical Vacuum Systems	Packaged medical vacuum units, outlet
	certification, cross-connection verification
Dental Air Systems	Packaged dental air compressor units, outlet
	certification, cross-connect verification
Dental Evacuation and	Packaged Dental Evacuation units, packaged
Vacuum Systems	dental vacuum units, outlet certification,
	cross-connection verification
Waste Anesthesia Gas	Packaged Waste Anesthesia Gas units, outlet
Systems	certification, cross-connection verification
Medical Gas Systems	Medical gas (oxygen, nitrogen, nitrous oxide,
(other than Medical	etc.) tank/manifold systems, outlet
Air Systems)	certification, cross-connection verification
Chemical Waste Systems	Chemical storage tanks, neutralization
	systems, ventilation, process control
Reverse-Osmosis	Packaged Reverse-Osmosis systems
Systems	

Systems To Be Commissioned						
System	Description					
Water De-Alkalizing	Package Water De-Alkalizing systems					
Systems						
HVAC						
Noise and Vibration	Noise and vibration levels for critical					
Control	equipment such as Air Handlers, Chillers,					
	Cooling Towers, Boilers, Generators, etc. will					
	be commissioned as part of the system					
	commissioning					
Direct Digital Control	Operator Interface Computer, Operator Work					
System**	Station (including graphics, point mapping,					
	trends, alarms), Network Communications					
	Modules and Wiring, Integration Panels. [DDC					
	Control panels will be commissioned with the					
	systems controlled by the panel]					
Chilled Water System**	Chillers (centrifugal, rotary screw, air-					
	cooled), pumps (primary, secondary, variable					
	primary), VFDs associated with chilled water					
	system components, DDC Control Panels					
	(including integration with Building Control					
	System)					
Condenser Water	Cooling Towers, Fluid Coolers, heat					
System**	exchangers/economizers, pumps, VFDs associated					
	with condenser water system components, DDC					
	control panels.					
Steam/Heating Hot	Boilers, boiler feed water system,					
Water System**	economizers/heat recovery equipment,					
	condensate recovery, water treatment, boiler					
	fuel system, controls, interface with facility					
	DDC system.					
HVAC Air Handling	Air handling Units, packaged rooftop AHU,					
Systems**	Outdoor Air conditioning units, humidifiers,					
	DDC control panels					

Systems To Be Commissioned						
System	Description					
HVAC	General exhaust, toilet exhaust, laboratory					
Ventilation/Exhaust	exhaust, isolation exhaust, room					
Systems	pressurization control systems					
HVAC Energy Recovery	Heat Wheels, Heat Recovery Loops, AHU					
Systems**	Integrated Heat Recovery					
HVAC Terminal Unit	VAV Terminal Units, CAV terminal units, fan					
Systems**	coil units, fin-tube radiation, unit heaters					
Decentralized Unitary	Split-system HVAC systems, controls, interface					
HVAC Systems*	with facility DDC					
Unitary Heat Pump	Water-source heat pumps, controls, interface					
Systems**	with facility DDC					
Humidity Control	Humidifiers, de-humidifiers, controls,					
Systems	interface with facility DDC					
Hydronic Distribution	Pumps, DDC control panels, heat exchangers,					
Systems						
Facility Fuel Systems	Boiler fuel system, generator fuel system					
Geothermal Energy	Geothermal well, ground heat exchanger,					
Direct Use Heating **	geothermal pumps, heat exchanger, valves,					
	instrumentation					
Solar Energy Heating	Solar collectors, heat exchangers, storage					
Systems **	tanks, solar-boosted domestic hot water					
	heater, pumps, valves, instrumentation					
Facility Fuel Gas	Witness Natural gas piping pressure testing,					
Systems	natural gas compressors and storage, propane					
	storage					
Smoke Evacuation	Atrium smoke evacuation, other smoke					
System	evacuation and smoke management systems,					
	controls, interface with other systems (fire					
	alarm), emergency operation.					
Electrical						
Medium-Voltage	Medium-Voltage Switchgear, Medium-Voltage					
Electrical	Switches, Underground ductbank and					
Distribution Systems	distribution, Pad-Mount Transformers, Medium-					
	Voltage Load Interrupter Switches,					

Systems To Be Commissioned							
System	Description						
Grounding & Bonding	Witness 3rd party testing, review reports						
Systems							
Electric Power	Metering, sub-metering, power monitoring						
Monitoring Systems	systems, PLC control systems						
Electrical System	Review reports, verify field settings						
Protective Device	consistent with Study						
Study							
Secondary Unit	Medium-voltage components, transformers, low-						
Substations	voltage distribution, verify breaker testing						
	results (injection current, etc)						
Low-Voltage	Normal power distribution system, Life-safety						
Distribution System	power distribution system, critical power						
	distribution system, equipment power						
	distribution system, switchboards,						
	distribution panels, panelboards, verify						
	breaker testing results (injection current,						
	etc)						
Emergency Power	Generators, Generator paralleling switchgear,						
Generation Systems	automatic transfer switches, PLC and other						
	control systems						
Lighting & Lighting	Emergency lighting, occupancy sensors,						
Control** Systems	lighting control systems, architectural						
	dimming systems, theatrical dimming systems,						
	exterior lighting and controls						
Cathodic Protection	Review 3rd party testing results.						
Systems							
Lightning Protection	Witness 3rd party testing, review reports						
System							
Communications							
Grounding & Bonding	Witness 3rd party testing, review reports						
System							
Structured Cabling	Witness 3rd party testing, review reports						
System							
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Systems To Be Commissio	ned						
System	Description						
Master Antenna	Witness 3rd party testing, review reports						
Television System							
Public Address & Mass	Witness 3rd party testing, review reports						
Notification Systems							
Intercom & Program	Witness 3rd party testing, review reports						
Systems							
Nurse Call & Code Blue	Witness 3rd party testing, review reports						
Systems							
Security Emergency	Witness 3rd party testing, review reports						
Call Systems							
Duress Alarm Systems	Witness 3rd party testing, review reports						
Electronic Safety and S	ecurity						
Grounding & Bonding	Witness 3rd party testing, review reports						
Physical Access	Witness 3rd party testing, review reports						
Control Systems							
Access Control Systems	Witness 3rd party testing, review reports						
Security Access	Witness 3rd party testing, review reports						
Detection Systems							
Video Surveillance	Witness 3rd party testing, review reports						
System							
Electronic Personal	Witness 3rd party testing, review reports						
Protection System							
Fire Detection and	100% device acceptance testing, battery draw-						
Alarm System	down test, verify system monitoring, verify						
	interface with other systems.						
Renewable Energy Source	S						
Geothermal Energy	Geothermal well, DC-AC Inverters, storage						
Electrical Generation	batteries, turbine generator modules,						
Systems **	switchgear, combiner boxes, instrumentation,						
	monitoring and control systems						

Systems To Be Commissioned							
System	Description						
Solar Energy	Solar collector modules, DC-AC inverter,						
Electrical Power	storage batteries, combiners, Switchgear,						
Generation Systems **	instrumentation, monitoring and control						
	systems						
Wind Energy Electrical	Wind Turbines, DC-AC inverter, storage						
Power Generation	batteries, combiners, switchgear,						
Systems **	instrumentation, monitoring and control						
	systems						
Site Utilities							
Water Utilities	City Water Service Entrance, Backflow						
	Prevention, Pressure Control, Booster Pumps,						
	Irrigation Systems						
Sanitary Sewerage	City Sanitary Connection, Waste Treatment						
Utilities	Systems						
Storm Drainage	City Storm Water Connection, Site Storm Water						
Utilities	Distribution						
Energy Distribution	Connection to Third Party Energy (Steam, High						
Utilities	Temp Hot Water, Chilled Water) Supply Systems,						
	Metering, Pressure Control						
Transportation							
Active Traffic Barrier	Witness 3rd party testing						
Systems							
Integrated Systems Test	s						
Loss of Power Response	Loss of power to building, loss of power to						
	campus, restoration of power to building,						
	restoration of power to campus.						
Fire Alarm Response	Integrated System Response to Fire Alarm						
	Condition and Return to Normal						
Table Notes							
** Denotes systems that	LEED requires to be commissioned to comply						
with the LEED Fundament	al Commissioning pre-requisite.						

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 1.8 COMMISSIONING TEAM

- A. The commissioning team shall consist of, but not be limited to, representatives of Contractor, including Project Superintendent and subcontractors, installers, schedulers, suppliers, and specialists deemed appropriate by the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) and Commissioning Agent.
- B. Members Appointed by Contractor:
  - Contractor' Commissioning Manager: The designated person, company, or entity that plans, schedules and coordinates the commissioning activities for the construction team.
  - 2. Contractor's Commissioning Representative(s): Individual(s), each having authority to act on behalf of the entity he or she represents, explicitly organized to implement the commissioning process through coordinated actions.
- C. Members Appointed by VA:
  - Commissioning Agent: The designated person, company, or entity that plans, schedules, and coordinates the commissioning team to implement the commissioning process. The VA will engage the CxA under a separate contract.
  - User: Representatives of the facility user and operation and maintenance personnel.
  - 3. A/E: Representative of the Architect and engineering design professionals.

# 1.9 VA'S COMMISSIONING RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Appoint an individual, company or firm to act as the Commissioning Agent.
- B. Assign operation and maintenance personnel and schedule them to participate in commissioning team activities including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Coordination meetings.
  - Training in operation and maintenance of systems, subsystems, and equipment.
  - 3. Testing meetings.
  - 4. Witness and assist in Systems Functional Performance Testing.
  - 5. Demonstration of operation of systems, subsystems, and equipment.
- C. Provide the Construction Documents, prepared by Architect and approved by VA, to the Commissioning Agent and for use in managing the

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

commissioning process, developing the commissioning plan, systems manuals, and reviewing the operation and maintenance training plan.

# 1.10 CONTRACTOR'S COMMISSIONING RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. The Contractor shall assign a Commissioning Manager to manage commissioning activities of the Contractor, and subcontractors.
- B. The Contractor shall ensure that the commissioning responsibilities outlined in these specifications are included in all subcontracts and that subcontractors comply with the requirements of these specifications.
- C. The Contractor shall ensure that each installing subcontractor shall assign representatives with expertise and authority to act on behalf of the subcontractor and schedule them to participate in and perform commissioning team activities including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Participate in commissioning coordination meetings.
  - Conduct operation and maintenance training sessions in accordance with approved training plans.
  - Verify that Work is complete and systems are operational according to the Contract Documents, including calibration of instrumentation and controls.
  - 4. Evaluate commissioning issues and commissioning observations identified in the Commissioning Issues Log, field reports, test reports or other commissioning documents. In collaboration with entity responsible for system and equipment installation, recommend corrective action.
  - 5. Review and comment on commissioning documentation.
  - Participate in meetings to coordinate Systems Functional Performance Testing.
  - Provide schedule for operation and maintenance data submittals, equipment startup, and testing to Commissioning Agent for incorporation into the commissioning plan.
  - 8. Provide information to the Commissioning Agent for developing commissioning plan.
  - 9. Participate in training sessions for VA's operation and maintenance personnel.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

10. Provide technicians who are familiar with the construction and operation of installed systems and who shall develop specific test procedures to conduct Systems Functional Performance Testing of installed systems.

# 1.11 COMMISSIONING AGENT'S RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Organize and lead the commissioning team.
- B. Prepare the commissioning plan. See Paragraph 1.11-A of this specification Section for further information.
- C. Review and comment on selected submittals from the Contractor for general conformance with the Construction Documents. Review and comment on the ability to test and operate the system and/or equipment, including providing gages, controls and other components required to operate, maintain, and test the system. Review and comment on performance expectations of systems and equipment and interfaces between systems relating to the Construction Documents.
- D. At the beginning of the construction phase, conduct an initial construction phase coordination meeting for the purpose of reviewing the commissioning activities and establishing tentative schedules for operation and maintenance submittals; operation and maintenance training sessions; TAB Work; Pre-Functional Checklists, Systems Functional Performance Testing; and project completion.
- E. Convene commissioning team meetings for the purpose of coordination, communication, and conflict resolution; discuss status of the commissioning processes. Responsibilities include arranging for facilities, preparing agenda and attendance lists, and notifying participants. The Commissioning Agent shall prepare and distribute minutes to commissioning team members and attendees within five workdays of the commissioning meeting.
- F. Observe construction and report progress, observations and issues. Observe systems and equipment installation for adequate accessibility for maintenance and component replacement or repair, and for general conformance with the Construction Documents.
- G. Prepare Project specific Pre-Functional Checklists and Systems Functional Performance Test procedures.
- H. Coordinate Systems Functional Performance Testing schedule with the Contractor.
- I. Witness selected systems startups.

- J. Verify selected Pre-Functional Checklists completed and submitted by the Contractor.
- K. Witness and document Systems Functional Performance Testing.
- L. Compile test data, inspection reports, and certificates and include them in the systems manual and commissioning report.
- M. Review and comment on operation and maintenance (O&M) documentation and systems manual outline for compliance with the Contract Documents. Operation and maintenance documentation requirements are specified in Paragraph 1.25, Section 01 00 00 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.
- N. Review operation and maintenance training program developed by the Contractor. Verify training plans provide qualified instructors to conduct operation and maintenance training.
- O. Prepare commissioning Field Observation Reports.
- P. Prepare the Final Commissioning Report.
- Q. Return to the site at 10 months into the 12 month warranty period and review with facility staff the current building operation and the condition of outstanding issues related to the original and seasonal Systems Functional Performance Testing. Also interview facility staff and identify problems or concerns they have operating the building as originally intended. Make suggestions for improvements and for recording these changes in the O&M manuals. Identify areas that may come under warranty or under the original construction contract. Assist facility staff in developing reports, documents and requests for services to remedy outstanding problems.
- R. Assemble the final commissioning documentation, including the Final Commissioning Report and Addendum to the Final Commissioning Report.

# 1.12 COMMISSIONING DOCUMENTATION

- A. Commissioning Plan: A document, prepared by Commissioning Agent, that outlines the schedule, allocation of resources, and documentation requirements of the commissioning process, and shall include, but is not limited, to the following:
  - Plan for delivery and review of submittals, systems manuals, and other documents and reports. Identification of the relationship of these documents to other functions and a detailed description of submittals that are required to support the commissioning processes. Submittal dates shall include the latest date approved submittals must be received without adversely affecting commissioning plan.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- Description of the organization, layout, and content of commissioning documentation (including systems manual) and a detailed description of documents to be provided along with identification of responsible parties.
- 3. Identification of systems and equipment to be commissioned.
- 4. Schedule of Commissioning Coordination meetings.
- 5. Identification of items that must be completed before the next operation can proceed.
- 6. Description of responsibilities of commissioning team members.
- 7. Description of observations to be made.
- 8. Description of requirements for operation and maintenance training.
- 9. Schedule for commissioning activities with dates coordinated with overall construction schedule.
- Process and schedule for documenting changes on a continuous basis to appear in Project Record Documents.
- 11. Process and schedule for completing prestart and startup checklists for systems, subsystems, and equipment to be verified and tested.
- 12. Preliminary Systems Functional Performance Test procedures.
- B. Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures: The Commissioning Agent will develop Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures for each system to be commissioned, including subsystems, or equipment and interfaces or interlocks with other systems. Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures will include a separate entry, with space for comments, for each item to be tested. Preliminary Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures will be provided to the VA, Architect/Engineer, and Contractor for review and comment. The Systems Performance Test Procedure will include test procedures for each mode of operation and provide space to indicate whether the mode under test responded as required. Each System Functional Performance Test procedure, regardless of system, subsystem, or equipment being tested, shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
  - 1. Name and identification code of tested system.
  - 2. Test number.
  - 3. Time and date of test.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 4. Indication of whether the record is for a first test or retest following correction of a problem or issue.
- 5. Dated signatures of the person performing test and of the witness, if applicable.
- 6. Individuals present for test.
- 7. Observations and Issues.
- 8. Issue number, if any, generated as the result of test.
- C. Pre-Functional Checklists: The Commissioning Agent will prepare Pre-Functional Checklists. Pre-Functional Checklists shall be completed and signed by the Contractor, verifying that systems, subsystems, equipment, and associated controls are ready for testing. The Commissioning Agent will spot check Pre-Functional Checklists to verify accuracy and readiness for testing. Inaccurate or incomplete Pre-Functional Checklists shall be returned to the Contractor for correction and resubmission.
- D. Test and Inspection Reports: The Commissioning Agent will record test data, observations, and measurements on Systems Functional Performance Test Procedure. The report will also include recommendation for system acceptance or non-acceptance. Photographs, forms, and other means appropriate for the application shall be included with data. Commissioning Agent Will compile test and inspection reports and test and inspection certificates and include them in systems manual and commissioning report.
- E. Corrective Action Documents: The Commissioning Agent will document corrective action taken for systems and equipment that fail tests. The documentation will include any required modifications to systems and equipment and/or revisions to test procedures, if any. The Commissioning Agent will witness and document any retesting of systems and/or equipment requiring corrective action and document retest results.
- F. Commissioning Issues Log: The Commissioning Agent will prepare and maintain Commissioning Issues Log that describes Commissioning Issues and Commissioning Observations that are identified during the Commissioning process. These observations and issues include, but are not limited to, those that are at variance with the Contract Documents. The Commissioning Issues Log will identify and track issues as they are encountered, the party responsible for resolution, progress toward

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

resolution, and document how the issue was resolved. The Master Commissioning Issues Log will also track the status of unresolved issues.

- 1. Creating a Commissioning Issues Log Entry:
  - a. Identify the issue with unique numeric or alphanumeric identifier by which the issue may be tracked.
  - b. Assign a descriptive title for the issue.
  - c. Identify date and time of the issue.
  - d. Identify test number of test being performed at the time of the observation, if applicable, for cross reference.
  - e. Identify system, subsystem, and equipment to which the issue applies.
  - f. Identify location of system, subsystem, and equipment.
  - g. Include information that may be helpful in diagnosing or evaluating the issue.
  - h. Note recommended corrective action.
  - i. Identify commissioning team member responsible for corrective action.
  - j. Identify expected date of correction.
  - k. Identify person that identified the issue.
- 2. Documenting Issue Resolution:
  - a. Log date correction is completed or the issue is resolved.
  - b. Describe corrective action or resolution taken. Include description of diagnostic steps taken to determine root cause of the issue, if any.
  - c. Identify changes to the Contract Documents that may require action.
  - d. State that correction was completed and system, subsystem, and equipment are ready for retest, if applicable.
  - e. Identify person(s) who corrected or resolved the issue.
  - f. Identify person(s) verifying the issue resolution.
- G. Final Commissioning Report: The Commissioning Agent will document results of the commissioning process, including unresolved issues, and performance of systems, subsystems, and equipment. The Commissioning Report will indicate whether systems, subsystems, and equipment have been properly installed and are performing according to the Contract Documents. This report will be used by the Department of Veterans

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Affairs when determining that systems will be accepted. This report will be used to evaluate systems, subsystems, and equipment and will serve as a future reference document during VA occupancy and operation. It shall describe components and performance that exceed requirements of the Contract Documents and those that do not meet requirements of the Contract Documents. The commissioning report will include, but is not limited to, the following:

- Lists and explanations of substitutions; compromises; variances with the Contract Documents; record of conditions; and, if appropriate, recommendations for resolution. Design Narrative documentation maintained by the Commissioning Agent.
- 2. Commissioning plan.
- 3. Pre-Functional Checklists completed by the Contractor, with annotation of the Commissioning Agent review and spot check.
- 4. Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures, with annotation of test results and test completion.
- 5, Commissioning Issues Log.
- Listing of deferred and off-season test(s) not performed, including the schedule for their completion.
- H. Addendum to Final Commissioning Report: The Commissioning Agent will prepare an Addendum to the Final Commissioning Report near the end of the Warranty Period. The Addendum will indicate whether systems, subsystems, and equipment are complete and continue to perform according to the Contract Documents. The Addendum to the Final Commissioning Report shall include, but is not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Documentation of deferred and off-season test(s) results.
  - Completed Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures for off season test(s).
  - 3. Documentation that unresolved system performance issues have been resolved.
  - 4. Updated Commissioning Issues Log, including status of unresolved issues.
  - 5. Identification of potential Warranty Claims to be corrected by the Contractor.

- I. Systems Manual: The Commissioning Agent will gather required information and compile the Systems Manual. The Systems Manual will include, but is not limited to, the following:
  - Design Narrative, including system narratives, schematics, singleline diagrams, flow diagrams, equipment schedules, and changes made throughout the Project.
  - 2. Reference to Final Commissioning Plan.
  - 3. Reference to Final Commissioning Report.
  - 4. Approved Operation and Maintenance Data as submitted by the Contractor.

## 1.13 SUBMITTALS

- A. Preliminary Commissioning Plan Submittal: The Commissioning Agent has prepared a Preliminary Commissioning Plan based on the final Construction Documents. The Preliminary Commissioning Plan is included as an Appendix to this specification section. The Preliminary Commissioning Plan is provided for information only. It contains preliminary information about the following commissioning activities:
  - 1. The Commissioning Team: A list of commissioning team members by organization.
  - 2. Systems to be commissioned. A detailed list of systems to be commissioned for the project. This list also provides preliminary information on systems/equipment submittals to be reviewed by the Commissioning Agent; preliminary information on Pre-Functional Checklists that are to be completed; preliminary information on Systems Performance Testing, including information on testing sample size (where authorized by the VA).
  - 3. Commissioning Team Roles and Responsibilities: Preliminary roles and responsibilities for each Commissioning Team member.
  - Commissioning Documents: A preliminary list of commissioning-related documents, include identification of the parties responsible for preparation, review, approval, and action on each document.
  - 5. Commissioning Activities Schedule: Identification of Commissioning Activities, including Systems Functional Testing, the expected duration and predecessors for the activity.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 6. Pre-Functional Checklists: Preliminary Pre-Functional Checklists for equipment, components, subsystems, and systems to be commissioned. These Preliminary Pre-Functional Checklists provide guidance on the level of detailed information the Contractor shall include on the final submission.
- 7. Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures: Preliminary stepby-step System Functional Performance Test Procedures to be used during Systems Functional Performance Testing. These Preliminary Systems Functional Performance procedures provide information on the level of testing rigor, and the level of Contractor support required during performance of system's testing.
- B. Final Commissioning Plan Submittal: Based on the Final Construction Documents and the Contractor's project team, the Commissioning Agent will prepare the Final Commissioning Plan as described in this section. The Commissioning Agent will submit three hard copies and three sets of electronic files of Final Commissioning Plan. The Contractor shall review the Commissioning Plan and provide any comments to the VA. The Commissioning Agent will incorporate review comments into the Final Commissioning Plan as directed by the VA.
- C. Systems Functional Performance Test Procedure: The Commissioning Agent will submit preliminary Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures to the Contractor, and the VA for review and comment. The Contractor shall return review comments to the VA and the Commissioning Agent. The VA will also return review comments to the Commissioning Agent. The Commissioning Agent will incorporate review comments into the Final Systems Functional Test Procedures to be used in Systems Functional Performance Testing.
- D. Pre-Functional Checklists: The Commissioning Agent will submit Pre-Functional Checklists to be completed by the Contractor.
- E. Test and Inspection Reports: The Commissioning Agent will submit test and inspection reports to the VA with copies to the Contractor and the Architect/Engineer.
- F. Corrective Action Documents: The Commissioning Agent will submit corrective action documents to the VA Resident Engineer with copies to the Contractor and Architect.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- G. Preliminary Commissioning Report Submittal: The Commissioning Agent will submit three electronic copies of the preliminary commissioning report. One electronic copy, with review comments, will be returned to the Commissioning Agent for preparation of the final submittal.
- H. Final Commissioning Report Submittal: The Commissioning Agent will submit four sets of electronically formatted information of the final commissioning report to the VA. The final submittal will incorporate comments as directed by the VA.
- I. Data for Commissioning:
  - The Commissioning Agent will request in writing from the Contractor specific information needed about each piece of commissioned equipment or system to fulfill requirements of the Commissioning Plan.
  - The Commissioning Agent may request further documentation as is necessary for the commissioning process or to support other VA data collection requirements, including Construction Operations Building Information Exchange (COBIE), Building Information Modeling (BIM), etc.

## 1.14 COMMISSIONING PROCESS

- A. The Commissioning Agent will be responsible for the overall management of the commissioning process as well as coordinating scheduling of commissioning tasks with the VA and the Contractor. As directed by the VA, the Contractor shall incorporate Commissioning tasks, including, but not limited to, Systems Functional Performance Testing (including predecessors) with the Master Construction Schedule.
- B. Within 30 days of contract award, the Contractor shall designate a specific individual as the Commissioning Manager (CxM) to manage and lead the commissioning effort on behalf of the Contractor. The Commissioning Manager shall be the single point of contact and communications for all commissioning related services by the Contractor.
- C. Within 30 days of contract award, the Contractor shall ensure that each subcontractor designates specific individuals as Commissioning Representatives (CXR) to be responsible for commissioning related tasks. The Contractor shall ensure the designated Commissioning Representatives participate in the commissioning process as team members providing commissioning testing services, equipment operation,

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

adjustments, and corrections if necessary. The Contractor shall ensure that all Commissioning Representatives shall have sufficient authority to direct their respective staff to provide the services required, and to speak on behalf of their organizations in all commissioning related contractual matters.

## 1.15 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Instructor Qualifications: Factory authorized service representatives shall be experienced in training, operation, and maintenance procedures for installed systems, subsystems, and equipment.
- B. Test Equipment Calibration: The Contractor shall comply with test equipment manufacturer's calibration procedures and intervals. Recalibrate test instruments immediately whenever instruments have been repaired following damage or dropping. Affix calibration tags to test instruments. Instruments shall have been calibrated within six months prior to use.

## 1.16 COORDINATION

- A. Management: The Commissioning Agent will coordinate the commissioning activities with the VA and Contractor. The Commissioning Agent will submit commissioning documents and information to the VA. All commissioning team members shall work together to fulfill their contracted responsibilities and meet the objectives of the contract documents.
- B. Scheduling: The Contractor shall work with the Commissioning Agent and the VA to incorporate the commissioning activities into the construction schedule. The Commissioning Agent will provide sufficient information (including, but not limited to, tasks, durations and predecessors) on commissioning activities to allow the Contractor and the VA to schedule commissioning activities. All parties shall address scheduling issues and make necessary notifications in a timely manner in order to expedite the project and the commissioning process. The Contractor shall update the Master Construction as directed by the VA.
- C. Initial Schedule of Commissioning Events: The Commissioning Agent will provide the initial schedule of primary commissioning events in the Commissioning Plan and at the commissioning coordination meetings. The Commissioning Plan will provide a format for this schedule. As construction progresses, more detailed schedules will be developed by the Contractor with information from the Commissioning Agent.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- D. Commissioning Coordinating Meetings: The Commissioning Agent will conduct periodic Commissioning Coordination Meetings of the commissioning team to review status of commissioning activities, to discuss scheduling conflicts, and to discuss upcoming commissioning process activities.
- E. Pretesting Meetings: The Commissioning Agent will conduct pretest meetings of the commissioning team to review startup reports, Pre-Functional Checklist results, Systems Functional Performance Testing procedures, testing personnel and instrumentation requirements.
- F. Systems Functional Performance Testing Coordination: The Contractor shall coordinate testing activities to accommodate required quality assurance and control services with a minimum of delay and to avoid necessity of removing and replacing construction to accommodate testing and inspecting. The Contractor shall coordinate the schedule times for tests, inspections, obtaining samples, and similar activities.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

- A. The Contractor shall provide all standard and specialized testing equipment required to perform Systems Functional Performance Testing. Test equipment required for Systems Functional Performance Testing will be identified in the detailed System Functional Performance Test Procedure prepared by the Commissioning Agent.
- B. Data logging equipment and software required to test equipment shall be provided by the Contractor.
- C. All testing equipment shall be of sufficient quality and accuracy to test and/or measure system performance with the tolerances specified in the Specifications. If not otherwise noted, the following minimum requirements apply: Temperature sensors and digital thermometers shall have a certified calibration within the past year to an accuracy of 0.5 °C (1.0 °F) and a resolution of + or 0.1 °C (0.2 °F). Pressure sensors shall have an accuracy of + or 2.0% of the value range being measured (not full range of meter) and have been calibrated within the last year. All equipment shall be calibrated according to the manufacturer's recommended intervals and following any repairs to the equipment. Calibration tags shall be affixed or certificates readily available.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 COMMISSIONING PROCESS ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

A. The following table outlines the roles and responsibilities for the Commissioning Te the Construction Phase:

Construction Phase			CxA = Commissioning Agent					
		RE = I	Residen	it Eng	ineer		Ρ	
Commissioning Roles & Responsibilities		A/E =	Design	Arch,	/Engin	eer	A	
Commissioning R	ores « Responsibilities	PC = I	Prime C	Contra	ctor		R	
		0&M =	Gov't	Facil	ity O&	М	0	
Category	Task Description	CxA	RE	A/E	PC	0&M	Nc	
Meetings	Construction Commissioning Kick Off meeting	L	A	Р	Р	0		
	Commissioning Meetings	L	A	Р	Р	0		
	Project Progress Meetings	P	А	Р	L	0		
	Controls Meeting	L	A	Р	Р	0		
Coordination	Coordinate with [OGC's, AHJ, Vendors, etc.] to ensure that Cx interacts properly with other systems as needed to support the OPR and BOD.	L	A	Р	P	N/A		
Cx Plan & Spec	Final Commissioning Plan	L	A	R	R	0		
Schedules	Duration Schedule for Commissioning Activities	L	A	R	R	N/A		
OPR and BOD	Maintain OPR on behalf of Owner	L	A	R	R	0		

Construction Phase			Commis	sionir	L = Lead		
			Resider	P = Participate			
		A/E =	Design	eer	A = Approve		
Commissioning R	Roles & Responsibilities	PC = H	Prime C	ontrad	ctor		R = Review
		O&M =	Gov't	Facil	ity O&	М	O = Optional
Category	Task Description	CxA	RE	A/E	PC	O&M	Notes
	Maintain BOD/DID on behalf of Owner	L	A	R	R	0	
Document	TAB Plan Review	L	A	R	R	0	
Reviews	Submittal and Shop Drawing Review	R	A	R	L	0	
	Review Contractor Equipment Startup Checklists	L	A	R	R	N/A	
	Review Change Orders, ASI, and RFI	L	A	R	R	N/A	
Site	Witness Factory Testing	P	A	P	L	0	
Observations	Construction Observation Site Visits	L	A	R	R	0	
Functional	Final Pre-Functional Checklists	L	A	R	R	0	
Test Protocols	Final Functional Performance Test Protocols	L	A	R	R	0	
Technical Activities	Issues Resolution Meetings	P	A	P	L	0	
Reports and Logs	Status Reports	L	A	R	R	0	
	Maintain Commissioning Issues Log	L	A	R	R	0	

B. The following table outlines the roles and responsibilities for the Commissioning Team members during the Acceptance Phase:

Acceptance Phase		CxA =	Commi	ssion	L = Lead		
			Reside	ent En	P = Participate		
Commissioning Roles & Responsibilities		A/E =	Desig	gn Arc	neer	A = Approve	
Commissioning F	Koles & Responsibilities	PC = I	Prime	Contr		R = Review	
		0&M =	Gov <b>'</b> t	: Faci	lity O	М&	O = Optional
Category	Task Description	CxA	RE	A/E	PC	O&M	Notes
Meetings	Commissioning Meetings	L	A	Р	Р	0	
	Project Progress Meetings	Р	A	P	L	0	
	Pre-Test Coordination Meeting	L	А	Р	Р	0	
	Lessons Learned and Commissioning Report Review Meeting	L	A	Р	Р	0	
Coordination	Coordinate with [OGC's, AHJ, Vendors, etc.] to ensure that Cx interacts properly with other systems as needed to support OPR and BOD	L	P	P	Р	0	
Cx Plan & Spec	Maintain/Update Commissioning Plan	L	A	R	R	0	
Schedules	Prepare Functional Test Schedule	L	A	R	R	0	
OPR and BOD	Maintain OPR on behalf of Owner	L	A	R	R	0	
	Maintain BOD/DID on behalf of Owner	L	A	R	R	0	
Document Reviews	Review Completed Pre-Functional Checklists	L	A	R	R	0	

# VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Acceptance Phase			Commi	ssion	L = Lead		
			eside	nt Eng	P = Participate		
		A/E = Design Arch/Engineer					A = Approve
Commissioning F	Commissioning Roles & Responsibilities		rime	Contra	actor		R = Review
		O&M =	Gov <b>'</b> t	Faci	lity O	6M	O = Optional
Category	Task Description	CxA	RE	A/E	PC	0&M	Notes
	Pre-Functional Checklist Verification	L	А	R	R	0	
	Review Operations & Maintenance Manuals	L	А	R	R	R	
	Training Plan Review	L	А	R	R	R	
	Warranty Review	L	A	R	R	0	
	Review TAB Report	L	А	R	R	0	
Site	Construction Observation Site Visits	L	А	R	R	0	
Observations	Witness Selected Equipment Startup	L	A	R	R	0	
Functional	TAB Verification	L	A	R	R	0	
Test Protocols	Systems Functional Performance Testing	L	А	Р	Р	P	
	Retesting	L	A	Ρ	Р	P	
Technical Activities	Issues Resolution Meetings	P	A	P	L	0	
110010101000	Systems Training	L	S	R	P	P	
Reports and	Status Reports	L	A	R	R	0	
Logs	Maintain Commissioning Issues Log	L	А	R	R	0	
	Final Commissioning Report	L	А	R	R	R	
	Prepare Systems Manuals	L	А	R	R	R	

C. The following table outlines the roles and responsibilities for the Commissioning Team members during the Warranty Phase:

Warranty Phase	CxA = Commissioning Agent					L = Lead					
						RE = Resident Engineer					
General estimation of	A/E =	Desig	n Arc	h/Engi	neer	A = Approve					
Commissioning F	Roles & Responsibilities	PC = P	rime	Contra	actor		R = Review				
	O&M =	Gov <b>'</b> t	Faci	lity O	Μ	O = Optional					
Category	Task Description	CxA	RE	A/E	PC	O&M	Notes				
Meetings	Post-Occupancy User Review Meeting	L	A	0	Р	Р					
Site Observations	Periodic Site Visits	L	A	0	0	Р					
Functional	Deferred and/or seasonal Testing	L	А	0	Р	Р					
Test Protocols											
Technical Activities	Issues Resolution Meetings	L	S	0	0	Р					
	Post-Occupancy Warranty Checkup and review of Significant Outstanding Issues				R	Р					
Reports and	Final Commissioning Report Amendment	L	A		R	R					
Logs	Status Reports	L	А		R	R					

Functional Performance Testing may proceed without unnecessary delays. Each system to be commissioned shall have a full Pre-Functional Checklist completed by the Contractor prior to Systems Functional Performance Testing. No sampling strategies are used.

- a. The Pre-Functional Checklist will identify the trades responsible for completing the checklist. The Contractor shall ensure the appropriate trades complete the checklists.
- b. The Commissioning Agent will review completed Pre-Functional Checklists and field-verify the accuracy of the completed checklist using sampling techniques.
- 2. Startup and Initial Checkout Plan: The Contractor shall develop detailed startup plans for all equipment. The primary role of the Contractor in this process is to ensure that there is written documentation that each of the manufacturer recommended procedures have been completed. Parties responsible for startup shall be identified in the Startup Plan and in the checklist forms.
  - a. The Contractor shall develop the full startup plan by combining (or adding to) the checklists with the manufacturer's detailed startup and checkout procedures from the O&M manual data and the field checkout sheets normally used by the Contractor. The plan shall include checklists and procedures with specific boxes or lines for recording and documenting the checking and inspections of each procedure and a summary statement with a signature block at the end of the plan.
  - b. The full startup plan shall at a minimum consist of the following items:
    - 1) The Pre-Functional Checklists.
    - 2) The manufacturer's standard written startup procedures copied from the installation manuals with check boxes by each procedure and a signature block added by hand at the end.
    - 3) The manufacturer's normally used field checkout sheets.

- c. The Commissioning Agent will submit the full startup plan to the VA and Contractor for review. Final approval will be by the VA.
- d. The Contractor shall review and evaluate the procedures and the format for documenting them, noting any procedures that need to be revised or added.
- 3. Sensor and Actuator Calibration
  - a. All field installed temperature, relative humidity, CO2 and pressure sensors and gages, and all actuators (dampers and valves) on all equipment shall be calibrated using the methods described in Division 21, Division 22, Division 23, Division 26, Division 27, and Division 28 specifications.
  - b. All procedures used shall be fully documented on the Pre-Functional Checklists or other suitable forms, clearly referencing the procedures followed and written documentation of initial, intermediate and final results.
- 4. Execution of Equipment Startup
  - a. Four weeks prior to equipment startup, the Contractor shall schedule startup and checkout with the VA and Commissioning Agent. The performance of the startup and checkout shall be directed and executed by the Contractor.
  - b. The Commissioning Agent will observe the startup procedures for selected pieces of primary equipment.
  - c. The Contractor shall execute startup and provide the VA and Commissioning Agent with a signed and dated copy of the completed startup checklists, and contractor tests.
  - d. Only individuals that have direct knowledge and witnessed that a line item task on the Startup Checklist was actually performed shall initial or check that item off. It is not acceptable for witnessing supervisors to fill out these forms.

## 3.3 DEFICIENCIES, NONCONFORMANCE, AND APPROVAL IN CHECKLISTS AND STARTUP

A. The Contractor shall clearly list any outstanding items of the initial startup and Pre-Functional Checklist procedures that were not completed successfully, at the bottom of the procedures form or on an attached sheet. The procedures form and any outstanding deficiencies shall be provided to the VA and the Commissioning Agent within two days of completion.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- B. The Commissioning Agent will review the report and submit comments to the VA. The Commissioning Agent will work with the Contractor to correct and verify deficiencies or uncompleted items. The Commissioning Agent will involve the VA and others as necessary. The Contractor shall correct all areas that are noncompliant or incomplete in the checklists in a timely manner, and shall notify the VA and Commissioning Agent as soon as outstanding items have been corrected. The Contractor shall submit an updated startup report and a Statement of Correction on the original noncompliance report. When satisfactorily completed, the Commissioning Agent will recommend approval of the checklists and startup of each system to the VA.
- C. The Contractor shall be responsible for resolution of deficiencies as directed the VA.

## 3.4 PHASED COMMISSIONING

A. The project may require startup and initial checkout to be executed in phases. This phasing shall be planned and scheduled in a coordination meeting of the VA, Commissioning Agent, and the Contractor. Results will be added to the master construction schedule and the commissioning schedule.

#### 3.5 DDC SYSTEM TRENDING FOR COMMISSIONING

- A. Trending is a method of testing as a standalone method or to augment manual testing. The Contractor shall trend any and all points of the system or systems at intervals specified below.
- B. Alarms are a means to notify the system operator that abnormal conditions are present in the system. Alarms shall be structured into three tiers - Critical, Priority, and Maintenance.
  - Critical alarms are intended to be alarms that require the immediate attention of and action by the Operator. These alarms shall be displayed on the Operator Workstation in a popup style window that is graphically linked to the associated unit's graphical display. The popup style window shall be displayed on top of any active window within the screen, including non DDC system software.
  - Priority level alarms are to be printed to a printer which is connected to the Operator's Work Station located within the engineer's office. Additionally Priority level alarms shall be able

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

to be monitored and viewed through an active alarm application. Priority level alarms are alarms which shall require reaction from the operator or maintenance personnel within a normal work shift, and not immediate action.

- 3. Maintenance alarms are intended to be minor issues which would require examination by maintenance personnel within the following shift. These alarms shall be generated in a scheduled report automatically by the DDC system at the start of each shift. The generated maintenance report will be printed to a printer located within the engineer's office.
- C. The Contractor shall provide a wireless internet network in the building for use during controls programming, checkout, and commissioning. This network will allow project team members to more effectively program, view, manipulate and test control devices while being in the same room as the controlled device.
- D. The Contractor shall provide graphical trending through the DDC control system of systems being commissioned. Trending requirements are indicated below and included with the Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures. Trending shall occur before, during and after Systems Functional Performance Testing. The Contractor shall be responsible for producing graphical representations of the trended DDC points that show each system operating properly during steady state conditions as well as during the System Functional Testing. These graphical reports shall be submitted to the Resident Engineer and Commissioning Agent for review and analysis before, during dynamic operation, and after Systems Functional Performance Testing. The Contractor shall provide, but not limited to, the following trend requirements and trend submissions:
  - Pre-testing, Testing, and Post-testing Trend reports of trend logs and graphical trend plots are required as defined by the Commissioning Agent. The trend log points, sampling rate, graphical plot configuration, and duration will be dictated by the Commissioning Agent. At any time during the Commissioning Process the Commissioning Agent may recommend changes to aspects of trending as deemed necessary for proper system analysis. The Contractor shall implement any changes as directed by the Resident Engineer. Any pre-

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

test trend analysis comments generated by the Commissioning Team should be addressed and resolved by the Contractor, as directed by the Resident Engineer, prior to the execution of Systems Functional Performance Testing.

- 2. Dynamic plotting The Contractor shall also provide dynamic plotting during Systems Functional Performance testing at frequent intervals for points determined by the Systems Functional Performance Test Procedure. The graphical plots will be formatted and plotted at durations listed in the Systems Functional Performance Test Procedure.
- 3. Graphical plotting The graphical plots shall be provided with a dual y-axis allowing 15 or more trend points (series) plotted simultaneously on the graph with each series in distinct color. The plots will further require title, axis naming, legend etc. all described by the Systems Functional Performance Test Procedure. If this cannot be sufficiently accomplished directly in the Direct Digital Control System then it is the responsibility of the Contractor to plot these trend logs in Microsoft Excel.
- 4. The following tables indicate the points to be trended and alarmed by system. The Operational Trend Duration column indicates the trend duration for normal operations. The Testing Trend Duration column indicates the trend duration prior to Systems Functional Performance Testing and again after Systems Functional Performance Testing. The Type column indicates point type: AI = Analog Input, AO = Analog Output, DI = Digital Input, DO = Digital Output, Calc = Calculated Point. In the Trend Interval Column, COV = Change of Value. The Alarm Type indicates the alarm priority; C = Critical, P = Priority, and M = Maintenance. The Alarm Range column indicates when the point is considered in the alarm state. The Alarm Delay column indicates the length of time the point must remain in an alarm state before the alarm is recorded in the DDC. The intent is to allow minor, short-duration events to be corrected by the DDC system prior to recording an alarm.

Dual-Path Air Handling Unit Trending and Alarms									
Point	Туре	Trend Interval	Operationa l Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay		
OA Temperature	AI	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	N/A				
RA Temperature	AI	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	N/A				
RA Humidity	AI	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	Р	>60% RH	10 min		
Mixed Air Temp	AI	None	None	None	N/A				
SA Temp	AI	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	С	±5°F from SP	10 min		
Supply Fan Speed	AI	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	N/A				
Return Fan Speed	AI	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	N/A				
RA Pre-Filter Status	AI	None	None	None	N/A				
OA Pre-Filter Status	AI	None	None	None	N/A				
After Filter Status	AI	None	None	None	N/A				
SA Flow	AI	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	С	±10% from SP	10 min		
OA Supply Temp	AI	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	Р	±5°F from SP	10 min		
RA Supply Temp	AI	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	N/A				
RA CHW Valve Position	AI	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	N/A				
OA CHW Valve Position	AI	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	N/A				
OA HW Valve Position	AI	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	N/A				
OA Flow	AI	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	Р	±10% from SP	5 min		
RA Flow	AI	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	Р	±10% from SP	5 min		
Initial UVC Intensity (%)	AI	None	None	None	N/A				
Duct Pressure	AI	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	С	±25% from SP	6 min		
CO2 Level	AI	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	Р	±10% from SP	10 min		
					1				
Supply Fan Status	DI	COV	24 hours	3 days	С	Status <> Command	10 min		

Dual-Path Air Handling Unit Trending and Alarms										
Point	Туре	Trend Interval	Operationa 1 Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay			
Return Fan Status	DI	COV	24 hours	3 days	С	Status <> Command	10 Min			
High Static Status	DI	COV	24 hours	3 days	P	True	1 min			
Fire Alarm Status	DI	COV	24 hours	3 days	С	True	5 min			
Freeze Stat Level 1	DI	COV	24 hours	3 days	С	True	10 min			
Freeze Stat Level 2	DI	COV	24 hours	3 days	С	True	5 min			
Freeze Stat Level 3	DI	COV	24 hours	3 days	Ρ	True	1 min			
Fire/Smoke Damper Status	DI	COV	24 hours	3 days	Р	Closed	1 min			
Emergency AHU Shutdown	DI	COV	24 hours	3 days	Ρ	True	1 min			
Exhaust Fan #1 Status	DI	COV	24 hours	3 days	С	Status <> Command	10 min			
Exhaust Fan #2 Status	DI	COV	24 hours	3 days	С	Status <> Command	10 min			
Exhaust Fan #3 Status	DI	COV	24 hours	3 days	С	Status <> Command	10 min			
OA Alarm	DI	COV	24 hours	3 days	С	True	10 min			
High Static Alarm	DI	COV	24 hours	3 days	С	True	10 min			
UVC Emitter Alarm	DI	COV	24 hours	3 days	P	True	10 min			
CO2 Alarm	DI	COV	24 hours	3 days	Ρ	True	10 min			
Power Failure	DI	COV	24 hours	3 days	Ρ	True	1 min			
Supply Fan Speed	AO	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	N/A					
Return Fan Speed	AO	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	N/A					
RA CHW Valve Position	AO	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	N/A					
OA CHW Valve Position	AO	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	N/A					
OA HW Valve Position	AO	15 Min	24 hours	3 days	N/A					

Dual-Path Air Handling Unit Trending and Alarms										
Point	Туре	Trend Interval	Operationa l Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay			
Supply Fan S/S	DO	COV	24 hours	3 days	N/A					
Return Fan S/S	DO	COV	24 hours	3 days	N/A					
Fire/Smoke Dampers	DO	COV	24 hours	3 days	N/A					
Exhaust Fan S/S	DO	COV	24 hours	3 days	N/A					
Exhaust Fan S/S	DO	COV	24 hours	3 days	N/A					
Exhaust Fan S/S	DO	COV	24 hours	3 days	N/A					
AHU Energy	Calc	1 Hour	30 day	N/A	N/A					

Terminal Unit (VAV, CAV, etc.) Trending and Alarms									
Point	Туре	Trend Interval	Operationa l Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay		
Space Temperature	AI	15 Min	12 hours	3 days	Р	±5°F from SP	10 min		
Air Flow	AI	15 Min	12 hours	3 days	Р	±5°F from SP	10 min		
SA Temperature	AI	15 Min	12 hours	3 days	Р	±5°F from SP	10 min		
Local Setpoint	AI	15 Min	12 hours	3 days	М	±10°F from SP	60 min		
Space Humidity	AI	15 Min	12 hours	3 days	P	> 60% RH	5 min		
Unoccupied Override	DI	COV	12 hours	3 days	М	N/A	12 Hours		
Refrigerator Alarm	DI	COV	12 hours	3 days	С	N/A	10 min		
Damper Position	AO	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	N/A				
Heating coil Valve Position	AO	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	N/A				

4-Pipe Fan Coil Trending and Alarms									
Point	Туре	Trend Interval	Operationa l Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay		
Space Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	Р	±5°F from SP	10 min		
SA Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	Р	±5°F from SP	10 min		
Pre-Filter Status	AI	None	None	None	М	> SP	1 hour		
Water Sensor	DI	COV	12 hours	3 days	М	N/A	30 Min		
Cooling Coil Valve Position	AO	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	N/A				
Heating coil Valve Position	AO	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	N/A				
Fan Coil ON/OFF	DO	COV	12 hours	3 days	М	Status <> Command	30 min		

2-Pipe Fan Coil Unit Trending and Alarms										
Point	Туре	Trend Interval	Operationa l Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay			
Space Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	Р	±5°F from SP	10 min			
SA Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	Р	±5°F from SP	10 min			
Pre-Filter Status	AI	None	None	None	М	> SP	1 hour			
Water Sensor	DI	COV	12 hours	3 days	M	N/A	30 Min			
Cooling Coil Valve Position	AO	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	N/A					
Fan Coil ON/OFF	DO	COV	12 hours	3 days	М	Status <> Command	30 min			

Unit Heater Trending and Alarms											
Point	Туре	Trend Interval	Operationa l Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay				
Space Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	Р	±5°F from SP	10 min				
Heating Valve Position	AO	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	N/A						
Unit Heater ON/OFF	DO	COV	12 hours	3 days	М	Status <> Command	30 min				

Steam and Cond	ensate	Pumps Trend	ing and Alar	ms			Steam and Condensate Pumps Trending and Alarms										
Point	Туре	Trend Interval	Operationa l Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay										
Steam Flow (LB/HR)	AI	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	N/A												
Condensate Pump Run Hours	AI	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	N/A												
Water Meter (GPM)	AI	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	N/A												
Electric Meter (KW/H)	AI	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	N/A												
Irrigation Meter (GPM)	AI	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	N/A												
Chilled Water Flow (TONS)	AI	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	N/A												
Condensate Flow (GPM)	AI	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	N/A												
High Water Level Alarm	DI	COV	12 hours	3 days	С	True	5 Min										
Condensate Pump Start/Stop	DO	COV	12 hours	3 days	P	Status <> Command	10 min										

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Domestic Hot Wa	Domestic Hot Water Trending and Alarms										
Point	Туре	Trend Interval	Operationa 1 Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay				
Domestic HW Setpoint WH-1	AI	15 Minute	12 Hours	3 days	N/A						
Domestic HW Setpoint WH-2	AI	15 Minute	12 Hours	3 days	N/A						
Domestic HW Temperature	AI	15 Minute	12 Hours	3 days	С	> 135 oF	10 Min				
Domestic HW Temperature	AI	15 Minute	12 Hours	3 days	Р	±5°F from SP	10 Min				
Dom. Circ. Pump #1 Status	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	М	Status <> Command	30 min				
Dom. Circ. Pump #2 Status	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	М	Status <> Command	30 min				
Dom. Circ. Pump #1 Start/Stop	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A						
Dom. Circ. Pump #2 Start/Stop	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A						
Domestic HW Start/Stop	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A						

Hydronic Hot Wa	Hydronic Hot Water Trending and Alarms											
Point	Туре	Trend Interval	Operationa l Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay					
System HWS Temperature	AI	15 min	12 hours	3 days	С	±5°F from SP	10 Min					
System HWR Temperature	AI	15 min	12 hours	3 days	М	±15°F from SP	300 Min					
HX-1 Entering Temperature	AI	15 min	12 hours	3 days	Р	±5°F from SP	10 Min					
HX-2 Entering Temperature	AI	15 min	12 hours	3 days	Р	±5°F from SP	10 Min					
HX-2 Leaving Temperature	AI	15 min	12 hours	3 days	Р	±5°F from SP	10 Min					
System Flow (GPM)	AI	15 min	12 hours	3 days	N/A							

Hydronic Hot Water Trending and Alarms											
Point	Туре	Trend Interval	Operationa l Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay				
System Differential Pressure	AI	15 min	12 hours	3 days	Р	±10% from SP	8 Min				
				3 days							
HW Pump 1 Status	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	С	Status <> Command	30 min				
HW Pump 2 Status	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	С	Status <> Command	30 min				
HW Pump 1 VFD Speed	AO	15 Min	12 Hours	3 days	N/A						
HW Pump 2 VFD Speed	AO	15 Min	12 Hours	3 days	N/A						
Steam Station #1 1/3 Control Valve Position	AO	15 Min	12 Hours	3 days	N/A						
Steam Station #1 2/3 Control Valve Position	AO	15 Min	12 Hours	3 days	N/A						
Steam Station #2 1/3 Control Valve Position	AO	15 Min	12 Hours	3 days	N/A						
Steam Station #2 2/3 Control Valve Position	AO	15 Min	12 Hours	3 days	N/A						
Steam Station Bypass Valve Position	AO	15 Min	12 Hours	3 days	N/A						
HW Pump 1 Start/Stop	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A						
HW Pump 2 Start/Stop	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A						
HWR #1 Valve	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A						
HWR #2 Valve	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A						

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Chilled Water	System	Trending ar	nd Alarms				
Point	Туре	Trend Interval	Operationa l Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay
Chiller 1 Entering Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Chiller 1 Leaving Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	Р	±5°F from SP	10 Min
Chiller 1 Flow	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Chiller 1 Percent Load	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Chiller 1 KW Consumption	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Chiller 1 Tonnage	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Chiller 2 Entering Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Chiller 2 Leaving Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	Р	±5°F from SP	10 Min
Chiller 2 Flow	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Chiller 2 Percent Load	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Chiller 2 KW Consumption	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Chiller 2 Tonnage	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Primary Loop Decoupler Flow	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Primary Loop Flow	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Primary Loop Supply Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Secondary Loop Differential Pressure	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	P	±5% from SP	10 Min
Secondary Loop Flow	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Secondary Loop Supply Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Secondary Loop Return Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		

PointTypeTrend IntervalOperationa DurationTesting Trend DurationAlarm RangeSecondary Loop TonnageAI15 Minutes12 Hours3 daysN/AAlarm RangePrimary Loop Pump 1 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysCStatus CommandPrimary Loop Pump 2 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysCStatus CommandSecondary Loop Pump 1DICOV12 Hours3 daysCStatus CommandSecondary Loop Pump 2DICOV12 Hours3 daysCStatus CommandSecondary Loop Pump 2DICOV12 Hours3 daysCStatus CommandSecondary Loop Pump 2DICOV12 Hours3 daysCStatus CommandChiller 1 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysCStatus CommandChiller 1 Evaporator Flow SwitchDICOV12 Hours3 daysN/AChiller 1 Unit AlarmDICOV12 Hours3 daysN/AChiller 1 Unit AlarmDICOV12 Hours3 daysCStatus CommandChiller 2 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysCStatus CommandChiller 2 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysCStatusChiller 2 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysCStatus	Alarm Delay
Loop TonnageAIMinutes12 Hours3 daysN/APrimary Loop Pump 1 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysCStatus Comman StatusPrimary Loop 	
Primary Loop Pump 1 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysC<> Comman StatusPrimary Loop Pump 2 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysC<> Comman StatusSecondary Loop Pump 1 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysC<> Comman StatusSecondary Loop Pump 2 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysC<> Comman StatusSecondary Loop Pump 2DICOV12 Hours3 daysC<> Comman StatusChiller 1 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysC<> Comman StatusChiller 1 Evaporator Flow SwitchDICOV12 Hours3 daysN/AChiller 1 Evaporator Flow SwitchDICOV12 Hours3 daysN/AChiller 1 Unit AlarmDICOV12 Hours3 daysCTrue StatusChiller 2 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysCStatus	
Primary Loop Pump 1 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysC<> Comman StatusPrimary Loop Pump 2 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysC<> Comman StatusSecondary Loop Pump 1 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysC<> Comman StatusSecondary Loop Pump 2 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysC<> Comman StatusSecondary Loop Pump 2DICOV12 Hours3 daysC<> Comman StatusChiller 1 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysC<> Comman StatusChiller 1 Evaporator Flow SwitchDICOV12 Hours3 daysN/AChiller 1 Evaporator Flow SwitchDICOV12 Hours3 daysN/AChiller 1 Unit AlarmDICOV12 Hours3 daysCTrue StatusChiller 2 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysCStatus	
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Loop Pump 1 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysC<> Commany StatusSecondary 	30 min
Loop Pump 2 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysC<> CommanyChiller 1 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysC<> 	30 min
Chiller 1 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysC<> CommanChiller 1 Evaporator 	30 min
Evaporator Iso-ValveDICOV12 Hours3 daysN/AChiller 1 Evaporator Flow SwitchDICOV12 Hours3 daysN/AChiller 1 	30 min
Evaporator Flow SwitchDICOV12 Hours3 daysN/AChiller 1 Unit AlarmDICOV12 Hours3 daysCTrueChiller 2 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysCStatus	
Unit AlarmDICOV12 Hours3 daysCTrueChiller 2 StatusDICOV12 Hours3 daysCStatus	
Chiller 2DICOV12 Hours3 daysC<>	10 Min
Conunca	30 min
Chiller 2 Evaporator DI COV 12 Hours 3 days N/A Iso-Valve	
Chiller 2 Evaporator DI COV 12 Hours 3 days N/A Flow Switch	
Chiller 2 Unit AlarmDICOV12 Hours3 daysCTrue	10 Min
Refrigerant DetectorDICOV12 Hours3 daysCTrue	10 Min
Refrigerant Exhaust Fan DI COV 12 Hours 3 days M Status	30 min
Emergency Shutdown DI COV 12 Hours 3 days P True	1 Min

Chilled Water	Chilled Water System Trending and Alarms											
Point	Туре	Trend Interval	Operationa l Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay					
Primary Loop Pump 1 VFD Speed	AO	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A							
Primary Loop Pump 2 VFD Speed	AO	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A							
Secondary Loop Pump 1 VFD Speed	AO	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A							
Secondary Loop Pump 2 VFD Speed	AO	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A							
Primary Pump 1 Start / Stop	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A							
Primary Pump 2 Start / Stop	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A							
Secondary Pump 1 Start / Stop	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A							
Secondary Pump 2 Start / Stop	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A							
Chiller 1 Enable	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A							
Chiller 1 Iso-Valve Command	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A							
Chiller 2 Enable	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A							
Chiller 2 Iso-Valve Command	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A							
Refrigerant Exhaust Fan Start / Stop	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A							

Condenser Wate	r Syste	m Trending	and Alarms				
Point	Туре	Trend Interval	Operationa l Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay
Chiller 1 Condenser Entering Temp	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Chiller 1 Condenser Leaving Temp	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Chiller 2 Condenser Entering Temp	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Chiller 2 Condenser Leaving Temp	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Cooling Tower 1 Supply Temp	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Cooling Tower 1 Return Temp	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Cooling Tower 1 Basin Temp	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	Р	< 45 of	10 Min
Cooling Tower 2 Supply Temp	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Cooling Tower 2 Return Temp	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Cooling Tower 2 Basin Temp	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	P	< 45 of	10 Min
Condenser Water Supply Temp	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Condenser Water Return Temp	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Outdoor Air Wet Bulb	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Cooling Tower 1 Fan Status	DI	cov	12 Hours	3 days	P	Status <> Command	1 min
Cooling Tower 1 Basin Heat	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Cooling Tower 1 Heat Trace	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Cooling Tower 2 Fan Status	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	Ρ	Status <> Command	1 min
Cooling Tower 2 Basin Heat	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Cooling Tower 2 Heat Trace	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		

Condenser Wate	r Syste	m Trending	and Alarms				
Point	Туре	Trend Interval	Operationa l Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay
Chiller 1 Isolation Valve	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	Р	Status <> Command	1 min
Chiller 2 Isolation Valve	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	Р	Status <> Command	1 min
Condenser Water Pump 1 Status	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	Р	Status <> Command	1 min
Condenser Water Pump 2 Status	DI	cov	12 Hours	3 days	Р	Status <> Command	1 min
Chiller 1 Condenser Bypass Valve	AO	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Chiller 2 Condenser By- Pass Valve	AO	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Cooling Tower 1 Bypass Valve	AO	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Cooling Tower 1 Fan Speed	AO	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Cooling Tower 2 Bypass Valve	AO	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Cooling Tower 2 Fan Speed	AO	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Cooling Tower 1 Fan Start / Stop	DO	cov	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Cooling Tower 2 Fan Start / Stop	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Condenser Water Pump 1 Start / Stop	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Condenser Water Pump 2 Start / Stop	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		

Steam Boiler S	ystem I	rending and	d Alarms				
Point	Туре	Trend Interval	Operationa 1 Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay
Boiler 1 Steam Pressure	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	Р	±5% from SP	10 Min
Boiler 1 Steam Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Boiler 1 Fire Signal	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Boiler 2 Steam Pressure	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	Р	±5% from SP	10 Min
Boiler 2 Steam Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Boiler 2 Fire Signal	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
System Steam Pressure	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	P	±5% from SP	10 Min
Boiler 1 Enable	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Boiler 1 Status	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	Р	Status <> Command	10 min
Boiler 1 Alarm	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	С	True	1 Min
Boiler 1 on Fuel Oil	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Boiler 1 Low Water Alarm	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	С	True	5 Min
Boiler 1 High Water Alarm	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	С	True	5 Min
Boiler 1 Feed Pump	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Boiler 2 Enable	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Boiler 2 Status	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	Р	Status <> Command	10 min
Boiler 2 Alarm	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	С	True	1 Min
Boiler 2 on Fuel Oil	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Boiler 2 Low Water Alarm	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	С	True	5 Min
Boiler 2 High Water Alarm	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	С	True	5 Min

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Steam Boiler S	Steam Boiler System Trending and Alarms											
Point	Туре	Trend Interval	Operationa l Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay					
Boiler 2 Feed Pump	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A							
Combustion Damper Status	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	P	Status <> Command	5 min					
Condensate Recovery Pump Status	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	Р	Status <> Command	5 min					
Boiler 1 Feed Pump Start / Stop	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A							
Boiler 2 Start / Stop	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A							
Combustion Damper Command	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A							
Condensate Recovery Pump Start / Stop	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A							

Hot Water Boiler System Trending and Alarms							
Point	Туре	Trend Interval	Operationa l Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay
Outside Air Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Boiler 1 Fire Signal	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Boiler 1 Entering Water Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Boiler 1 Leaving Water Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Boiler 2 Fire Signal	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Boiler 2 Entering Water Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		

Hot Water Boiler System Trending and Alarms							
Point	Туре	Trend Interval	Operationa l Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay
Boiler 2 Leaving Water Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Hot Water Supply Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	Р	±5 oF from SP	10 Min
Hot Water Return Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Secondary Loop Differential Pressure	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	С	±5% from SP	10 Min
Lead Boiler	AI	15 Minutes	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Boiler 1 Enable	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Boiler 1 Status	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	P	Status <> Command	10 min
Boiler 1 Isolation Valve	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Boiler 1 on Fuel Oil	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Boiler 1 Alarm	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	С	True	1 Min
Boiler 2 Enable	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Boiler 2 Status	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	Р	Status <> Command	10 min
Boiler 2 Isolation Valve	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Boiler 2 on Fuel Oil	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Boiler 2 Alarm	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	С	True	1 Min
Combustion Dampers Open	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	Р	Status <> Command	10 min
Primary Pump 1 Status	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	Р	Status <> Command	10 min

Hot Water Boiler System Trending and Alarms							
Point	Туре	Trend Interval	Operationa 1 Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay
Primary Pump 2 Status	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	Р	Status <> Command	10 min
Secondary Pump 1 Status	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	Ρ	Status <> Command	10 min
Secondary Pump 2 Status	DI	COV	12 Hours	3 days	Ρ	Status <> Command	10 min
Primary Pump 1 VFD Speed	AO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Primary Pump 2 VFD Speed	AO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Secondary Pump 1 VFD Speed	AO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Secondary Pump 2 VFD Speed	AO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Hot Water System Enable	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Combustion Dampers Command	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Primary Pump 1 Start / Stop	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Primary Pump 2 Start / Stop	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Secondary Pump 1 Start / Stop	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		
Secondary Pump 2 Start / Stop	DO	COV	12 Hours	3 days	N/A		

- E. The Contractor shall provide the following information prior to Systems Functional Performance Testing. Any documentation that is modified after submission shall be recorded and resubmitted to the Resident Engineer and Commissioning Agent.
  - 1. Point-to-Point checkout documentation;

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- Sensor field calibration documentation including system name, sensor/point name, measured value, DDC value, and Correction Factor.
- 3. A sensor calibration table listing the referencing the location of procedures to following in the O&M manuals, and the frequency at which calibration should be performed for all sensors, separated by system, subsystem, and type. The calibration requirements shall be submitted both in the O&M manuals and separately in a standalone document containing all sensors for inclusion in the commissioning documentation. The following table is a sample that can be used as a template for submission.

SYSTEM					
Sensor	Calibration Frequency	O&M Calibration Procedure Reference			
Discharge air temperature	Once a year	Volume I Section D.3.aa			
Discharge static pressure	Every 6 months	Volume II Section A.1.c			

4. Loop tuning documentation and constants for each loop of the building systems. The documentation shall be submitted in outline or table separated by system, control type (e.g. heating valve temperature control); proportional, integral and derivative constants, interval (and bias if used) for each loop. The following table is a sample that can be used as a template for submission.

AIR HANDLING UNIT AHU-1						
Control	Proportional	Integral	Derivative	Interval		
Reference	Constant	Constant	Constant			
Heating Valve	1000	20	10	2 sec.		
Output	1000	20	± 0	2 500.		

## 3.6 SYSTEMS FUNCTIONAL PERFORMANCE TESTING

- A. This paragraph applies to Systems Functional Performance Testing of systems for all referenced specification Divisions.
- B. Objectives and Scope: The objective of Systems Functional Performance Testing is to demonstrate that each system is operating according to the Contract Documents. Systems Functional Performance Testing facilitates bringing the systems from a state of substantial completion to full dynamic operation. Additionally, during the testing process,

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

areas of noncompliant performance are identified and corrected, thereby improving the operation and functioning of the systems. In general, each system shall be operated through all modes of operation (seasonal, occupied, unoccupied, warm-up, cool-down, part- and full-load, fire alarm and emergency power) where there is a specified system response. The Contractor shall verify each sequence in the sequences of operation. Proper responses to such modes and conditions as power failure, freeze condition, low oil pressure, no flow, equipment failure, etc. shall also be tested.

- C. Development of Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures: Before Systems Functional Performance Test procedures are written, the Contractor shall submit all requested documentation and a current list of change orders affecting equipment or systems, including an updated points list, program code, control sequences and parameters. Using the testing parameters and requirements found in the Contract Documents and approved submittals and shop drawings, the Commissioning Agent will develop specific Systems Functional Test Procedures to verify and document proper operation of each piece of equipment and system to be commissioned. The Contractor shall assist the Commissioning Agent in developing the Systems Functional Performance Test procedures as requested by the Commissioning Agent i.e. by answering questions about equipment, operation, sequences, etc. Prior to execution, the Commissioning Agent will provide a copy of the Systems Functional Performance Test procedures to the VA, the Architect/Engineer, and the Contractor, who shall review the tests for feasibility, safety, equipment and warranty protection.
- D. Purpose of Test Procedures: The purpose of each specific Systems Functional Performance Test is to verify and document compliance with the stated criteria of acceptance given on the test form. Representative test formats and examples are found in the Commissioning Plan for this project. (The Commissioning Plan is issued as a separate document and is available for review.) The test procedure forms developed by the Commissioning Agent will include, but not be limited to, the following information:
  - 1. System and equipment or component name(s)
  - 2. Equipment location and ID number

- 3. Unique test ID number, and reference to unique Pre-Functional Checklists and startup documentation, and ID numbers for the piece of equipment
- 4. Date
- 5. Project name
- 6. Participating parties
- 7. A copy of the specification section describing the test requirements
- 8. A copy of the specific sequence of operations or other specified parameters being verified
- 9. Formulas used in any calculations
- 10. Required pretest field measurements
- 11. Instructions for setting up the test.
- 12. Special cautions, alarm limits, etc.
- 13. Specific step-by-step procedures to execute the test, in a clear, sequential and repeatable format
- 14. Acceptance criteria of proper performance with a Yes / No check box to allow for clearly marking whether or not proper performance of each part of the test was achieved.
- 15. A section for comments.
- 16. Signatures and date block for the Commissioning Agent. A place for the Contractor to initial to signify attendance at the test.
- E. Test Methods: Systems Functional Performance Testing shall be achieved by manual testing (i.e. persons manipulate the equipment and observe performance) and/or by monitoring the performance and analyzing the results using the control system's trend log capabilities or by standalone data loggers. The Contractor and Commissioning Agent shall determine which method is most appropriate for tests that do not have a method specified.
  - Simulated Conditions: Simulating conditions (not by an overwritten value) shall be allowed, although timing the testing to experience actual conditions is encouraged wherever practical.
  - 2. Overwritten Values: Overwriting sensor values to simulate a condition, such as overwriting the outside air temperature reading in a control system to be something other than it really is, shall be allowed, but shall be used with caution and avoided when possible. Such testing methods often can only test a part of a system, as the interactions and responses of other systems will be

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

erroneous or not applicable. Simulating a condition is preferable. e.g., for the above case, by heating the outside air sensor with a hair blower rather than overwriting the value or by altering the appropriate setpoint to see the desired response. Before simulating conditions or overwriting values, sensors, transducers and devices shall have been calibrated.

- 3. Simulated Signals: Using a signal generator which creates a simulated signal to test and calibrate transducers and DDC constants is generally recommended over using the sensor to act as the signal generator via simulated conditions or overwritten values.
- 4. Altering Setpoints: Rather than overwriting sensor values, and when simulating conditions is difficult, altering setpoints to test a sequence is acceptable. For example, to see the Air Conditioning compressor lockout initiate at an outside air temperature below 12 C (54 F), when the outside air temperature is above 12 C (54 F), temporarily change the lockout setpoint to be 2 C (4 F) above the current outside air temperature.
- 5. Indirect Indicators: Relying on indirect indicators for responses or performance shall be allowed only after visually and directly verifying and documenting, over the range of the tested parameters, that the indirect readings through the control system represent actual conditions and responses. Much of this verification shall be completed during systems startup and initial checkout.
- F. Setup: Each function and test shall be performed under conditions that simulate actual conditions as closely as is practically possible. The Contractor shall provide all necessary materials, system modifications, etc. to produce the necessary flows, pressures, temperatures, etc. necessary to execute the test according to the specified conditions. At completion of the test, the Contractor shall return all affected building equipment and systems, due to these temporary modifications, to their pretest condition.
- G. Sampling: No sampling is allowed in completing Pre-Functional Checklists. Sampling is allowed for Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures execution. The Commissioning Agent will determine the sampling rate. If at any point, frequent failures are occurring and

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

testing is becoming more troubleshooting than verification, the Commissioning Agent may stop the testing and require the Contractor to perform and document a checkout of the remaining units, prior to continuing with Systems Functional Performance Testing of the remaining units.

- H. Cost of Retesting: The cost associated with expanded sample System Functional Performance Tests shall be solely the responsibility of the Contractor. Any required retesting by the Contractor shall not be considered a justified reason for a claim of delay or for a time extension by the Contractor.
- I. Coordination and Scheduling: The Contractor shall provide a minimum of 7 days' notice to the Commissioning Agent and the VA regarding the completion schedule for the Pre-Functional Checklists and startup of all equipment and systems. The Commissioning Agent will schedule Systems Functional Performance Tests with the Contractor and VA. The Commissioning Agent will witness and document the Systems Functional Performance Testing of systems. The Contractor shall execute the tests in accordance with the Systems Functional Performance Test Procedure.
- J. Testing Prerequisites: In general, Systems Functional Performance Testing will be conducted only after Pre-Functional Checklists have been satisfactorily completed. The control system shall be sufficiently tested and approved by the Commissioning Agent and the VA before it is used to verify performance of other components or systems. The air balancing and water balancing shall be completed before Systems Functional Performance Testing of air-related or water-related equipment or systems are scheduled. Systems Functional Performance Testing will proceed from components to subsystems to systems. When the proper performance of all interacting individual systems has been achieved, the interface or coordinated responses between systems will be checked.
- K. Problem Solving: The Commissioning Agent will recommend solutions to problems found, however the burden of responsibility to solve, correct and retest problems is with the Contractor.
- 3.7 DOCUMENTATION, NONCONFORMANCE AND APPROVAL OF TESTS
  - A. Documentation: The Commissioning Agent will witness, and document the results of all Systems Functional Performance Tests using the specific procedural forms developed by the Commissioning Agent for that purpose.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Prior to testing, the Commissioning Agent will provide these forms to the VA and the Contractor for review and approval. The Contractor shall include the filled out forms with the O&M manual data.

- B. Nonconformance: The Commissioning Agent will record the results of the Systems Functional Performance Tests on the procedure or test form. All items of nonconformance issues will be noted and reported to the VA on Commissioning Field Reports and/or the Commissioning Master Issues Log.
  - Corrections of minor items of noncompliance identified may be made during the tests. In such cases, the item of noncompliance and resolution shall be documented on the Systems Functional Test Procedure.
  - 2. Every effort shall be made to expedite the systems functional Performance Testing process and minimize unnecessary delays, while not compromising the integrity of the procedures. However, the Commissioning Agent shall not be pressured into overlooking noncompliant work or loosening acceptance criteria to satisfy scheduling or cost issues, unless there is an overriding reason to do so by direction from the VA.
  - 3. As the Systems Functional Performance Tests progresses and an item of noncompliance is identified, the Commissioning Agent shall discuss the issue with the Contractor and the VA.
  - When there is no dispute on an item of noncompliance, and the Contractor accepts responsibility to correct it:
    - a. The Commissioning Agent will document the item of noncompliance and the Contractor's response and/or intentions. The Systems Functional Performance Test then continues or proceeds to another test or sequence. After the day's work is complete, the Commissioning Agent will submit a Commissioning Field Report to the VA. The Commissioning Agent will also note items of noncompliance and the Contractor's response in the Master Commissioning Issues Log. The Contractor shall correct the item of noncompliance and report completion to the VA and the Commissioning Agent.
    - b. The need for retesting will be determined by the Commissioning Agent. If retesting is required, the Commissioning Agent and the Contractor shall reschedule the test and the test shall be repeated.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 5. If there is a dispute about item of noncompliance, regarding whether it is an item of noncompliance, or who is responsible:
  - a. The item of noncompliance shall be documented on the test form with the Contractor's response. The item of noncompliance with the Contractor's response shall also be reported on a Commissioning Field Report and on the Master Commissioning Issues Log.
  - b. Resolutions shall be made at the lowest management level possible. Other parties are brought into the discussions as needed. Final interpretive and acceptance authority is with the Department of Veterans Affairs.
  - c. The Commissioning Agent will document the resolution process.
  - d. Once the interpretation and resolution have been decided, the Contractor shall correct the item of noncompliance, report it to the Commissioning Agent. The requirement for retesting will be determined by the Commissioning Agent. If retesting is required, the Commissioning Agent and the Contractor shall reschedule the test. Retesting shall be repeated until satisfactory performance is achieved.
- C. Cost of Retesting: The cost to retest a System Functional Performance Test shall be solely the responsibility of the Contractor. Any required retesting by the Contractor shall not be considered a justified reason for a claim of delay or for a time extension by the Contractor.
- D. Failure Due to Manufacturer Defect: If 10%, or three, whichever is greater, of identical pieces (size alone does not constitute a difference) of equipment fail to perform in compliance with the Contract Documents (mechanically or substantively) due to manufacturing defect, not allowing it to meet its submitted performance specifications, all identical units may be considered unacceptable by the VA. In such case, the Contractor shall provide the VA with the following:
  - Within one week of notification from the VA, the Contractor shall examine all other identical units making a record of the findings. The findings shall be provided to the VA within two weeks of the original notice.

- 2. Within two weeks of the original notification, the Contractor shall provide a signed and dated, written explanation of the problem, cause of failures, etc. and all proposed solutions which shall include full equipment submittals. The proposed solutions shall not significantly exceed the specification requirements of the original installation.
- 3. The VA shall determine whether a replacement of all identical units or a repair is acceptable.
- 4. Two examples of the proposed solution shall be installed by the Contractor and the VA shall be allowed to test the installations for up to one week, upon which the VA will decide whether to accept the solution.
- 5. Upon acceptance, the Contractor shall replace or repair all identical items, at their expense and extend the warranty accordingly, if the original equipment warranty had begun. The replacement/repair work shall proceed with reasonable speed beginning within one week from when parts can be obtained.
- E. Approval: The Commissioning Agent will note each satisfactorily demonstrated function on the test form. Formal approval of the Systems Functional Performance Test shall be made later after review by the Commissioning Agent and by the VA. The Commissioning Agent will evaluate each test and report to the VA using a standard form. The VA will give final approval on each test using the same form, and provide signed copies to the Commissioning Agent and the Contractor.

# 3.8 DEFERRED TESTING

- A. Unforeseen Deferred Systems Functional Performance Tests: If any Systems Functional Performance Test cannot be completed due to the building structure, required occupancy condition or other conditions, execution of the Systems Functional Performance Testing may be delayed upon approval of the VA. These Systems Functional Performance Tests shall be conducted in the same manner as the seasonal tests as soon as possible. Services of the Contractor to conduct these unforeseen Deferred Systems Functional Performance Tests shall be negotiated between the VA and the Contractor.
- B. Deferred Seasonal Testing: Deferred Seasonal Systems Functional Performance Tests are those that must be deferred until weather conditions are closer to the systems design parameters. The

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Commissioning Agent will review systems parameters and recommend which Systems Functional Performance Tests should be deferred until weather conditions more closely match systems parameters. The Contractor shall review and comment on the proposed schedule for Deferred Seasonal Testing. The VA will review and approve the schedule for Deferred Seasonal Testing. Deferred Seasonal Systems Functional Performances Tests shall be witnessed and documented by the Commissioning Agent. Deferred Seasonal Systems Functional Performance Tests shall be executed by the Contractor in accordance with these specifications.

# 3.9 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

- A. Training Preparation Conference: Before operation and maintenance training, the Commissioning Agent will convene a training preparation conference to include VA's Resident Engineer, VA's Operations and Maintenance personnel, and the Contractor. The purpose of this conference will be to discuss and plan for Training and Demonstration of VA Operations and Maintenance personnel.
- B. The Contractor shall provide training and demonstration as required by other Division 21, Division 22, Division 23, Division 26, Division 27, Division 28, and Division 31 sections. The Training and Demonstration shall include, but is not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Review the Contract Documents.
  - 2. Review installed systems, subsystems, and equipment.
  - 3. Review instructor qualifications.
  - 4. Review instructional methods and procedures.
  - 5. Review training module outlines and contents.
  - Review course materials (including operation and maintenance manuals).
  - Review and discuss locations and other facilities required for instruction.
  - Review and finalize training schedule and verify availability of educational materials, instructors, audiovisual equipment, and facilities needed to avoid delays.
  - For instruction that must occur outside, review weather and forecasted weather conditions and procedures to follow if conditions are unfavorable.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- C. Training Module Submittals: The Contractor shall submit the following information to the VA and the Commissioning Agent:
  - Instruction Program: Submit two copies of outline of instructional program for demonstration and training, including a schedule of proposed dates, times, length of instruction time, and instructors' names for each training module. Include learning objective and outline for each training module. At completion of training, submit two complete training manuals for VA's use.
  - Qualification Data: Submit qualifications for facilitator and/or instructor.
  - 3. Attendance Record: For each training module, submit list of participants and length of instruction time.
  - 4. Evaluations: For each participant and for each training module, submit results and documentation of performance-based test.
  - 5. Demonstration and Training Recording:
    - a. General: Engage a qualified commercial photographer to record demonstration and training. Record each training module separately. Include classroom instructions and demonstrations, board diagrams, and other visual aids, but not student practice. At beginning of each training module, record each chart containing learning objective and lesson outline.
    - b. Video Format: Provide high quality color DVD color on standard size DVD disks.
    - c. Recording: Mount camera on tripod before starting recording, unless otherwise necessary to show area of demonstration and training. Display continuous running time.
    - d. Narration: Describe scenes on video recording by audio narration by microphone while demonstration and training is recorded. Include description of items being viewed. Describe vantage point, indicating location, direction (by compass point), and elevation or story of construction.
    - e. Submit two copies within seven days of end of each training module.
  - 6. Transcript: Prepared on 8-1/2-by-11-inch paper, punched and bound in heavy-duty, 3-ring, vinyl-covered binders. Mark appropriate identification on front and spine of each binder. Include a cover

sheet with same label information as the corresponding videotape. Include name of Project and date of videotape on each page.

- D. Quality Assurance:
  - Facilitator Qualifications: A firm or individual experienced in training or educating maintenance personnel in a training program similar in content and extent to that indicated for this Project, and whose work has resulted in training or education with a record of successful learning performance.
  - Instructor Qualifications: A factory authorized service representative, complying with requirements in Division 01 Section "Quality Requirements," experienced in operation and maintenance procedures and training.
  - 3. Photographer Qualifications: A professional photographer who is experienced photographing construction projects.
- E. Training Coordination:
  - 1. Coordinate instruction schedule with VA's operations. Adjust schedule as required to minimize disrupting VA's operations.
  - Coordinate instructors, including providing notification of dates, times, length of instruction time, and course content.
  - 3. Coordinate content of training modules with content of approved emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. Do not submit instruction program until operation and maintenance data has been reviewed and approved by the VA.
- F. Instruction Program:
  - Program Structure: Develop an instruction program that includes individual training modules for each system and equipment not part of a system, as required by individual Specification Sections, and as follows:
    - a. Fire protection systems, including fire alarm, fire pumps, and fire suppression systems.
    - b. Intrusion detection systems.
    - c. Conveying systems, including elevators, wheelchair lifts, escalators, and automated materials handling systems.
    - d. Medical equipment, including medical gas equipment and piping.
    - e. Laboratory equipment, including laboratory air and vacuum equipment and piping.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- f. Heat generation, including boilers, feedwater equipment, pumps, steam distribution piping, condensate return systems, heating hot water heat exchangers, and heating hot water distribution piping.
- g. Refrigeration systems, including chillers, cooling towers, condensers, pumps, and distribution piping.
- h. HVAC systems, including air handling equipment, air distribution systems, and terminal equipment and devices.
- i. HVAC instrumentation and controls.
- j. Electrical service and distribution, including switchgear, transformers, switchboards, panelboards, uninterruptible power supplies, and motor controls.
- k. Packaged engine generators, including synchronizing switchgear/switchboards, and transfer switches.
- 1. Lighting equipment and controls.
- m. Communication systems, including intercommunication, surveillance, nurse call systems, public address, mass evacuation, voice and data, and entertainment television equipment.
- n. Site utilities including lift stations, condensate pumping and return systems, and storm water pumping systems.
- G. Training Modules: Develop a learning objective and teaching outline for each module. Include a description of specific skills and knowledge that participants are expected to master. For each module, include instruction for the following:
  - Basis of System Design, Operational Requirements, and Criteria: Include the following:
    - a. System, subsystem, and equipment descriptions.
    - b. Performance and design criteria if Contractor is delegated design responsibility.
    - c. Operating standards.
    - d. Regulatory requirements.
    - e. Equipment function.
    - f. Operating characteristics.
    - g. Limiting conditions.
    - H, Performance curves.
  - 2. Documentation: Review the following items in detail:
    - a. Emergency manuals.

- b. Operations manuals.
- c. Maintenance manuals.
- d. Project Record Documents.
- e. Identification systems.
- f. Warranties and bonds.
- g. Maintenance service agreements and similar continuing commitments.
- 3. Emergencies: Include the following, as applicable:
  - a. Instructions on meaning of warnings, trouble indications, and error messages.
  - b. Instructions on stopping.
  - c. Shutdown instructions for each type of emergency.
  - d. Operating instructions for conditions outside of normal operating limits.
  - e. Sequences for electric or electronic systems.
  - f. Special operating instructions and procedures.
- 4. Operations: Include the following, as applicable:
  - a. Startup procedures.
  - b. Equipment or system break-in procedures.
  - c. Routine and normal operating instructions.
  - d. Regulation and control procedures.
  - e. Control sequences.
  - f. Safety procedures.
  - g. Instructions on stopping.
  - h. Normal shutdown instructions.
  - i. Operating procedures for emergencies.
  - j. Operating procedures for system, subsystem, or equipment failure.
  - k. Seasonal and weekend operating instructions.
  - 1. Required sequences for electric or electronic systems.
  - m. Special operating instructions and procedures.
- 5. Adjustments: Include the following:
  - a. Alignments.
  - b. Checking adjustments.
  - c. Noise and vibration adjustments.
  - d. Economy and efficiency adjustments.

- 6. Troubleshooting: Include the following:
  - a. Diagnostic instructions.
  - b. Test and inspection procedures.
- 7. Maintenance: Include the following:
  - a. Inspection procedures.
  - b. Types of cleaning agents to be used and methods of cleaning.
  - c. List of cleaning agents and methods of cleaning detrimental to product.
  - d. Procedures for routine cleaning
  - e. Procedures for preventive maintenance.
  - f. Procedures for routine maintenance.
  - g. Instruction on use of special tools.
- 8. Repairs: Include the following:
  - a. Diagnosis instructions.
  - b. Repair instructions.
  - c. Disassembly; component removal, repair, and replacement; and reassembly instructions.
  - d. Instructions for identifying parts and components.
  - e. Review of spare parts needed for operation and maintenance.

## H. Training Execution:

- Preparation: Assemble educational materials necessary for instruction, including documentation and training module. Assemble training modules into a combined training manual. Set up instructional equipment at instruction location.
- 2. Instruction:
  - a. Facilitator: Engage a qualified facilitator to prepare instruction program and training modules, to coordinate instructors, and to coordinate between Contractor and Department of Veterans Affairs for number of participants, instruction times, and location.
  - b. Instructor: Engage qualified instructors to instruct VA's personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain systems, subsystems, and equipment not part of a system.
    - The Commissioning Agent will furnish an instructor to describe basis of system design, operational requirements, criteria, and regulatory requirements.

- The VA will furnish an instructor to describe VA's operational philosophy.
- The VA will furnish the Contractor with names and positions of participants.
- 3. Scheduling: Provide instruction at mutually agreed times. For equipment that requires seasonal operation, provide similar instruction at start of each season. Schedule training with the VA and the Commissioning Agent with at least seven days' advance notice.
- Evaluation: At conclusion of each training module, assess and document each participant's mastery of module by use of an oral, or a written, performance-based test.
- Cleanup: Collect used and leftover educational materials and remove from Project site. Remove instructional equipment. Restore systems and equipment to condition existing before initial training use.
- I. Demonstration and Training Recording:
  - General: Engage a qualified commercial photographer to record demonstration and training. Record each training module separately. Include classroom instructions and demonstrations, board diagrams, and other visual aids, but not student practice. At beginning of each training module, record each chart containing learning objective and lesson outline.
  - Video Format: Provide high quality color DVD color on standard size DVD disks.
  - Recording: Mount camera on tripod before starting recording, unless otherwise necessary to show area of demonstration and training. Display continuous running time.
  - 4. Narration: Describe scenes on videotape by audio narration by microphone while demonstration and training is recorded. Include description of items being viewed. Describe vantage point, indicating location, direction (by compass point), and elevation or story of construction.

- - - END - - -

- The VA will furnish an instructor to describe VA's operational philosophy.
- The VA will furnish the Contractor with names and positions of participants.
- 3. Scheduling: Provide instruction at mutually agreed times. For equipment that requires seasonal operation, provide similar instruction at start of each season. Schedule training with the VA and the Commissioning Agent with at least seven days' advance notice.
- Evaluation: At conclusion of each training module, assess and document each participant's mastery of module by use of an oral, or a written, performance-based test.
- Cleanup: Collect used and leftover educational materials and remove from Project site. Remove instructional equipment. Restore systems and equipment to condition existing before initial training use.
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  - Recording: Mount camera on tripod before starting recording, unless otherwise necessary to show area of demonstration and training. Display continuous running time.
  - 4. Narration: Describe scenes on videotape by audio narration by microphone while demonstration and training is recorded. Include description of items being viewed. Describe vantage point, indicating location, direction (by compass point), and elevation or story of construction.

- - - END - - -

## SECTION 02 21 13 SITE SURVEYS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Researching and collecting documents informing surveys.
  - 2. Performing utility survey.
  - 3. Creating survey drawings.

### 1.2 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. American Land Title Association and American Congress on Surveying and Mapping (ALTA-ACSM):
  - 1. Accuracy Standards for ALTA-ACSM Land Title Surveys.
- C. Federal Geographic Data Committee (FGDC):
  - 1.STD-007.03-98 Geospatial Positioning Accuracy Standards Part 3: National Standard for Spatial Data Accuracy.
  - 2.STD-007.04-02 Geospatial Positioning Accuracy Standards Part 4: Standards for Architecture, Engineering, Construction (A/E/C) and Facility Management.

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A.Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Survey Drawings:
  - 1. Prints: Two sets of black line, full size prints of each drawing.
  - 2.Electronic Files: Consistent with computer-aided design (CAD)
    Standards described at www.cfm.va.gov/til/projReq.asp.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Land Surveyor: One of the following:
  - Experienced professional land surveyor licensed in state in which project is located.
  - Experienced professional civil engineer licensed in state in which project is located and authorized to practice land surveying as civil engineer.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 ACCESSORIES

- A. Monuments: Iron pin, with driven 16 mm (5/8 inch) diameter, minimum 600 mm (24 inches) long to prevent displacement.
- B. Stakes: Hardwood.
- C. Flagging: Plastic, roll form, highly visible, solid color.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Research public and VA facility records for deeds, maps, monuments, plats, surveys, title certificates or abstracts, rights-of-way, easements, section line, other boundary line locations, and other documents pertaining to project site.
- B. Research public and VA facility utility records for aerial, surface, and subgrade structures and utility service lines and easements.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Coordinate with Contracting Officer's Representative for site access.
- B. Coordinate with adjacent property owners when access to adjoining properties is required.
  - 1. Notify Contracting Officer's Representative when access is denied.

#### 3.3 SURVEYS

- A. Perform survey on ground according to Accuracy Standards for ALTA-ACSM Land Title Surveys and FGDC STD-007.3 and FGDC STD-007.4.
  - 1. Provide topo contours at 1'intervals
- B. Boundary Survey:
  - 1. Locate permanent monuments within and along survey boundary.
  - Set permanent monument at property corners when monument is not found.
  - 3. Temporarily mark monument locations with stake and flagging.
  - 4. Reconcile differences between legal description and survey.
- C. Topographic Survey:
  - Vertical Control: National Geodetic Survey or existing VA Medical Center benchmark.
  - 2. Determine project site contours at maximum 300 mm (1 foot) interval.
  - 3. Determine spot elevations at specified locations.
- D. Utility Survey:

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- Locate piped utilities and utility structures. Identify service type, sizes, depths, and pressures. Establish inverts in and out on gravity sewer manholes. If depth is critical and manholes are not available identify depth with ground-penetrating radar (GPR).
- 2. Locate fire hydrants.
- 3. Locate wired utilities and utility structures. Identify service type, rated capacities, and elevations above and below grade.
- 4. Identify each utility authority including contact person and phone number.
- E. Locate permanent structures within survey boundary by perpendicular dimension to property lines.
  - 1. Determine structure plan dimensions, heights, and vertical offsets.
  - 2. Determine projections and overhangs beyond structure perimeter at grade.
  - 3. Determine number of stories and primary building materials.
- F. Locate rights-of-way and easements within and adjacent to survey boundary by perpendicular dimension to property line.
  - Locate project site access from rights-of-way by dimension from survey monument. Determine site access width.

## 3.4 SURVEY DRAWING REQUIREMENTS

- A. Consult Contracting Officer's Representative to confirm required survey scale and drawing size.
  - 1. Drawing Size: Maximum 760 by 1070 mm (30 by 42 inches).
  - 2. Boundary Survey Scale: Maximum 1 to 35 (1 inch equals 30 feet).
  - Enlarged Detail Areas: Scale as required to present dimensional data and survey information clearly. Maintain orientation aligned with smaller scale view.
  - 4. Plan Orientation: North at top of drawing sheet.
  - B. Drawing Notations:
    - Land Surveyor: Name, address, telephone number, signature, seal, and registration number.
    - Survey Dates: Date survey was initially completed and subsequent revision dates.
    - Certification: Certify each drawing adjacent to land surveyor's seal:
      - a. "I hereby certify that all information indicated on this drawing was obtained or verified by actual measurements in the field and

that every effort has been made to provide complete and accurate information."

- b. Title, number, and total number of drawings on each drawing.
- c. Scale in metric and imperial measurement.
- d. Graphic scale in metric and imperial measurement.
- e. Graphic symbol and abbreviation legends.
- f. North arrow for plan view drawings.
- g. Benchmark locations.
- h. Horizontal and vertical control datum.
- i. Adjacent property owner names.
- j. Zoning classifications.
- k. Building street numbers.
- Evidence of Possession: Indicate character and location of evidence of possession affecting project site. Notation absence signifies no observable evidence of possession.
- C. Vicinity Map: Indicate project site and nearby roadways and intersections.
- D. Record Documents Forming Survey Basis: Indicate titles, source, and recording data of documents relied upon to complete survey.
- E. Legal Description: Recorded title boundaries.
- F. Land Area: Report in sq. m (sf) or hectares (acres) as defined by the boundaries of the legal description of the surveyed premises, including legal description of the land.
  - 1. Accuracy: 0.1 sq. m (1 sq. ft.) / 0.005 hectares (0.001 acres).
- G. Boundary Lines: Show point of beginning, length and bearing for straight lines, and angle, radius, point of curvature, point of tangency, and length of curved lines.
  - Include bearing basis and data necessary to mathematically close survey.
  - When recorded and measured bearings, angles, and distances differ, indicate both recorded and measured data.
    - a. Indicate when recorded description does not mathematically close survey.
  - 3. Indicate found and installed monuments establishing basis of survey.
  - 4. Contiguity, Gores, and Overlaps: Identify discrepancies within and along survey boundary.

- H. Lots and Parcels: Indicate entire lots and parcels included within and intersected by survey boundary.
- Roadways: Indicate names and widths of rights-of-way and roadways within and abutting survey boundary.
  - Indicate changes in rights-of-way lines either completed or proposed.
  - 2. Indicate accesses to roadways.
  - 3. Indicate abandoned roadways.
  - 4. Indicated unopened dedicated roadways.
- J. Setbacks: Indicate recorded setback and building restriction lines.
- K. Structures and Site Improvements: Indicate buildings, walls, fences, signs, and other visible improvements.
  - Indicate each building dimensioned to property lines and other structures.
  - Indicate exterior dimensions of buildings at ground level. Show area of building footprint and gross floor area of entire building.
  - Indicate maximum measured height of buildings above grade, point of measurement, and number of stories.
  - Indicate spot elevations at building entrances, first floor, service docks, corners, steps, ramps, and grade slabs.
  - 5. Indicate structures and site improvements within 1500 mm (5 feet) of survey boundary.
  - 6. Indicate encroachments on project site, adjoining property, easements, rights-of-way, and setback lines from fire escapes, bay windows, windows and doors opening out, flue pipes, stoops, eaves, cornices, areaways, stoops, other building projections, and site improvements.
  - Identify setback, height, and floor space area restrictions set by applicable zoning and building codes and recorded subdivision maps. Indicate if no restrictions exist.
- L. Easements:
  - 1. Indicate easements evidenced by recorded documents.
    - a. Indicate when easements cannot be located.
  - Indicate observable easements created by roadways, rights-of-ways, water courses, drains, telephone, telegraph, electric and other wiring, water, sewer, oil, gas, and other pipelines within project

site and on adjoining properties when potentially affecting project site.

- 3. Indicate observable surface improvements of underground easements.
- M. Pavements and Railroad Tracks :
  - Indicate location, alignment, and dimensions for vehicular and pedestrian pavements and railroad tracks .
  - Indicate pavement encroachments from adjacent properties onto project site and onto adjacent properties from project site.
     a. Dimension encroachments from survey boundary.
  - Indicate roadway and railroad tracks centerlines with true bearings and lengths by 15 m (50 feet) stationing.
    - Describe curves by designating points of curvature and tangency. Include curve data and location of radius and vertex points.
    - b. Indicate elevations at station points along roadway centerlines, roadway edges, and top and bottom of curbs.
    - c. Indicate elevations at station points along railway tracks.
  - Indicate parking areas, parking striping, and total parking spaces.
     a. Identify accessible, fuel efficient, and electric vehicle parking spaces.
  - 5. Indicate curb cuts, driveways, and other accesses to public ways.
- N. Indicate cemetery and burial ground boundaries.
- O. Waterways:
  - Indicate boundaries of ponds, lakes, springs, and rivers bordering on or running through project site. Note date of measurement and that boundary is subject to change due to natural causes.
  - 2. Indicate flood plain location and elevation.
  - 3. Indicate watershed extent affecting project site.
- P. Indicate topographic contours.
- Q. Flood Zone: Indicate applicable flood zone from Federal Flood Insurance Rate Maps, by scaled map location and graphic plotting.
- R. Public and Private Utilities:
  - Indicate information source and operating authority for each utility.
  - 2. Indicate utilities existing on or serving project site.
  - Indicate fire hydrants on project site and within 150 m (500 feet) of survey boundary.

- Indicate manholes, catch basins, inlets, vaults, and other surface indications of subgrade services.
- 5. Indicate depths or invert elevations, sizes, materials, and pressures of utility pipes.
- Indicate wires and cables serving, crossing, and adjacent to project site.
- 7. Indicate exterior lighting, traffic control facilities, security, and communications systems.
- Indicate utility poles on project site and within 3 m (10 feet) of survey boundary.
- Indicate dimensions of cross-wires or overhangs affecting project site.
- S. Observable Evidence:
  - Indicate in-progress and recently completed earth moving work, building construction, and building additions.
  - Indicate in-progress and recently completed pavement construction and repairs.
  - Indicate areas used as solid waste dump, sump, and sanitary landfill.
- T. Trees:
  - Indicate individual trees with minimum 150 mm (6 inches) diameter measured at 400 mm (48 inches) above grade.
  - Indicate wooded area perimeter outline and description of predominant vegetation.

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### SECTION 02 41 00 DEMOLITION

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION:

This section specifies demolition and removal of buildings, portions of buildings, utilities, other structures and debris from trash dumps shown.

## 1.2 RELATED WORK:

- A. Demolition and removal of roads, walks, curbs, and on-grade slabs outside buildings to be demolished: Section 31 20 00, EARTH MOVING.
- B. Safety Requirements: Section 01 35 26 Safety Requirements Article, ACCIDENT PREVENTION PLAN (APP).
- C. Disconnecting utility services prior to demolition: Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.
- D. Reserved items that are to remain the property of the Government: Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.
- E. Asbestos Removal: Section 02 82 13.13 and Section 02 82 13.19, ASBESTOS ABATEMENT.
- F. Lead Paint: Section 02 83 33.13, LEAD-BASED PAINT REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL.
- G. Environmental Protection: Section 01 57 19, TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS.
- H. Construction Waste Management: Section 01 74 19 CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT.
- I. Infectious Control: Section 01 35 26, SAFETY REQUIREMENTS.

## 1.3 PROTECTION:

- A. Perform demolition in such manner as to eliminate hazards to persons and property; to minimize interference with use of adjacent areas, utilities and structures or interruption of use of such utilities; and to provide free passage to and from such adjacent areas of structures. Comply with requirements of GENERAL CONDITIONS Article, ACCIDENT PREVENTION.
- B. Provide safeguards, including warning signs, barricades, temporary fences, warning lights, and other similar items that are required for protection of all personnel during demolition and removal operations. Comply with requirements of Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS, Article PROTECTION OF EXISTING VEGETATION, STRUCTURES, EQUIPMENT, UTILITIES AND IMPROVEMENTS.

02 41 00 - 1 DEMOLITION

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- C. Maintain fences, barricades, lights, and other similar items around exposed excavations until such excavations have been completely filled.
- D. Provide enclosed dust chutes with control gates from each floor to carry debris to truck beds and govern flow of material into truck. Provide overhead bridges of tight board or prefabricated metal construction at dust chutes to protect persons and property from falling debris.
- E. Prevent spread of flying particles and dust. Sprinkle rubbish and debris with water to keep dust to a minimum. Do not use water if it results in hazardous or objectionable condition such as, but not limited to; ice, flooding, or pollution. Vacuum and dust the work area daily.
- F. In addition to previously listed fire and safety rules to be observed in performance of work, include following:
  - No wall or part of wall shall be permitted to fall outwardly from structures.
  - Wherever a cutting torch or other equipment that might cause a fire is used, provide and maintain fire extinguishers nearby ready for immediate use. Instruct all possible users in use of fire extinguishers.
  - Keep hydrants clear and accessible at all times. Prohibit debris from accumulating within a radius of 4500 mm (15 feet) of fire hydrants.
- G. Before beginning any demolition work, the Contractor shall survey the site and examine the drawings and specifications to determine the extent of the work. The contractor shall take necessary precautions to avoid damages to existing items to remain in place, to be reused, or to remain the property of the Medical Center; any damaged items shall be repaired or replaced as approved by the Resident Engineer. The Contractor shall coordinate the work of this section with all other work and shall construct and maintain shoring, bracing, and supports as required. The Contractor shall be responsible for increasing structural supports or adding new supports as may be required as a result of any cutting, removal, or demolition work performed under this contract. Do not overload structural elements. Provide new supports and reinforcement for existing construction weakened by demolition or removal works.

02 41 00 - 2 DEMOLITION

Repairs, reinforcement, or structural replacement must have Resident Engineer's approval.

- H. The work shall comply with the requirements of Section 01 57 19, TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS.
- I. The work shall comply with the requirements of Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS and Section 01 35 26, SAFETY REQUIREMENTS.

#### 1.4 UTILITY SERVICES:

- A. Demolish and remove outside utility service lines shown to be removed.
- B. Remove abandoned outside utility lines that would interfere with installation of new utility lines and new construction.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 DEMOLITION:

- A. Completely demolish and remove buildings and structures, including all appurtenances related or connected thereto, as noted below:
  - 1. As required for installation of new utility service lines.
  - To full depth within an area defined by hypothetical lines located 1500 mm (5 feet) outside building lines of new structures.
- B. Debris, including brick, concrete, stone, metals and similar materials shall become property of Contractor and shall be disposed of by him daily, off the Medical Center to avoid accumulation at the demolition site. Materials that cannot be removed daily shall be stored in areas specified by the Resident Engineer. Break up concrete slabs below grade that do not require removal from present location into pieces not exceeding 600 mm (24 inches) square to permit drainage. Contractor shall dispose debris in compliance with applicable federal, state or local permits, rules and/or regulations.
- C. In removing buildings and structures of more than two stories, demolish work story by story starting at highest level and progressing down to third floor level. Demolition of first and second stories may proceed simultaneously.
- D. Remove and legally dispose of all materials, other than earth to remain as part of project work, from any trash dumps shown. Materials removed shall shall be disposed of in compliance with applicable federal, state or local permits, rules and/or regulations. All materials in the indicated trash dump areas, including above surrounding grade and extending to a depth of 1500mm (5feet) below surrounding grade, shall

02 41 00 - 3 DEMOLITION

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

be included as part of the lump sum compensation for the work of this section. Materials that are located beneath the surface of the surrounding ground more than 1500 mm (5 feet), or materials that are discovered to be hazardous, shall be handled as unforeseen. The removal of hazardous material shall be referred to Hazardous Materials specifications.

E. Remove existing utilities as indicated or uncovered by work and terminate in a manner conforming to the nationally recognized code covering the specific utility and approved by the Resident Engineer. When Utility lines are encountered that are not indicated on the drawings, the Resident Engineer shall be notified prior to further work in that area.

### 3.2 CLEAN-UP:

On completion of work of this section and after removal of all debris, leave site in clean condition satisfactory to Resident Engineer. Clean-up shall include off the Medical Center disposal of all items and materials not required to remain property of the Government as well as all debris and rubbish resulting from demolition operations.

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VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## SECTION 02 82 13.13 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 SUMMARY OF WORK

- A. Contract Documents and Related Requirements: Drawings, general provisions of the contract, including general and supplementary conditions and other Division 01 specifications, shall apply to the work of this section. The contract documents show the work to be done under the contract and related requirements and conditions impacting the project. Related requirements and conditions include applicable codes and regulations, notices and permits, existing site conditions and restrictions on use of the site, requirements for partial owner occupancy during the work, coordination with other work and the phasing of the work. In the event the Asbestos Abatement Contractor discovers a conflict in the contract documents and/or requirements or codes, the conflict must be brought to the immediate attention of the Contracting Officer for resolution. Whenever there is a conflict or overlap in the requirements, the most stringent shall apply. Any actions taken by the Contractor without obtaining guidance from the Contracting Officer shall become the sole risk and responsibility of the Asbestos Abatement Contractor. All costs incurred due to such action are also the responsibility of the Asbestos Abatement Contractor.
- B. Extent of Work: Below is a brief description of the estimated quantities of asbestos containing materials to be abated by the Glovebag method. These quantities are for informational purposes only and are based on the best information available at the time of the specification preparation. The Contractor shall satisfy himself as to the actual quantities to be abated. Nothing in this section may be interpreted as limiting the extent of work otherwise required by this contract and related documents.
  - Removal, clean-up and disposal of ACM piping and fittings and asbestos contaminated elements in an appropriate regulated area in the following approximate quantities:

( ) linear meters (feet) of <50 mm (<2 inches) diameter pipe insulation

( ) linear meters (feet) of 50 - 150 mm (2 inches - 6 inches)
diameter pipe insulation

VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 ) linear meters (feet) of >150 mm (>6 inches) diameter pipe ( insulation ) fittings, saddle blocks, valves, T's, or other mechanical ( appurtenances 50 - 150 mm (2 inches - 6 inches) in diameter B. Related Work: 1. Section 07 84 00, FIRESTOPPING 2. Section 02 41 00, DEMOLITION 3. Division 09, FINISHES 4. Division 22, PLUMBING 5. Section 22 05 11, COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR PLUMBING 6. Section 22 05 19, METERS AND GAGES FOR PLUMBING PIPING 7. Section 22 05 23, GENERAL-DUTY VALVES FOR PLUMBING PIPING 8. Section 23 05 11, COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR HVAC 9. Section 22 11 00, FACILITY WATER DISTRIBUTION 10.Section 22 13 00, FACILITY SANITARY SEWERAGE 11.Section 22 14 00, FACILITY STORM DRAINAGE 12. Section 23 07 11, HVAC, PLUMBING, AND BOILER PLANT INSULATION. 13.Section 23 21 13, HYDRONIC PIPING 14.Section 23 22 13, STEAM AND CONDENSATE HEATING PIPING. 15. Section 23 31 00, HVAC DUCTS AND CASINGS C. TASKS: 1. The work tasks are summarized briefly as follows: a. Pre-abatement activities including pre-abatement meeting(s), inspection(s), notifications, permits, submittal approvals, worksite preparations, emergency procedures arrangements, and

- Asbestos Hazard Abatement Plans for Glovebag asbestos abatement work.
- b. Abatement activities including removal, clean-up and disposal of ACM waste, recordkeeping, security, monitoring, and inspections.
- c. Cleaning and decontamination activities including final visual inspection, air monitoring and certification of decontamination.
- D. Abatement Contractor Use of Premises:
  - The Contractor and Contractor's personnel shall cooperate fully with the VA Representative/consultant to facilitate efficient use of buildings and areas within buildings. The Contractor shall perform the work in accordance with the VA specifications, drawings, phasing

plan and in compliance with any/all applicable Federal, State and Local regulations and requirements.

2. The Contractor shall use the existing facilities in the building strictly within the limits indicated in contract documents as well as the approved VA Design and Construction Procedures. VA Design and Construction Procedures drawings of partially occupied buildings will show the limits of regulated areas; the placement of decontamination facilities; the temporary location of bagged waste ACM; the path of transport to outside the building; and the temporary waste storage area for each building/regulated area. Any variation from the arrangements shown on drawings shall be secured in writing from the VA Representative through the pre-abatement plan of action. The following limitations of use shall apply to existing facilities shown on drawings.

# 1.2 VARIATIONS IN QUANTITY

A. The quantities and locations of ACM as indicated on the drawings and the extent of work included in this section are estimated, which are limited by the physical constraints imposed by occupancy of the buildings and accessibility to ACM. Accordingly, minor variations (+/-10 percent) in quantities of ACM within the regulated area are considered as having no impact on contract price and time requirements of this contract. Where additional work is required beyond the above variation, the contractor shall provide unit prices for newly discovered ACM and those prices shall be used for additional work required under the contractor.

### 1.3 STOP ASBESTOS REMOVAL

A. If the Contracting Officer; their field representative; the facility Safety Officer/Manager or their designee, or the VA Professional Industrial Hygienist/Certified Industrial Hygienist (VPIH/CIH) presents a verbal Stop Asbestos Removal Order, the Contractor/Personnel shall immediately stop all asbestos removal and maintain HEPA filtered negative pressure air flow in the containment and adequately wet any exposed ACM. If a verbal Stop Asbestos Removal Order is issued, the VA shall follow-up with a written order to the Contractor as soon as it is practicable. The Contractor shall not resume any asbestos removal activity until authorized to do so in writing by the VA Contracting Officer. A stop asbestos removal order may be issued at any time the VA

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Contracting Officer determines abatement conditions/activities are not within VA specification, regulatory requirements or that an imminent hazard exists to human health or the environment. Work stoppage will continue until conditions have been corrected to the satisfaction of the VA. Standby time and costs for corrective actions will be borne by the Contractor, including the VPIH/CIH time. The occurrence of any of the following events shall be reported immediately by the Contractor's competent person to the VA Contracting Office or field representative using the most expeditious means (e.g., verbal or telephonic), followed up with written notification to the Contracting Officer as soon as practical. The Contractor shall immediately stop asbestos removal/disturbance activities and initiate fiber reduction activities if:

- Airborne PCM analysis results equal to or greater than 0.01 f/cc above background levels inside the building but outside the regulated area;
- 2. breach or break in regulated area containment barrier(s);
- 3. less than -0.02 inch WCG pressure in the regulated area;
- 4. serious injury/death at the site;
- 5. fire/safety emergency at the site;
- 6. respiratory protection system failure;
- 7. power failure or loss or inadequate use of wetting agent; or
- 8. any visible emissions observed outside the regulated area; or
- 9. failure to follow project specification requirements.

# 1.4 DEFINITIONS

- A. General: Definitions and explanations here are neither complete nor exclusive of all terms used in the contract documents, but are general for the work to the extent they are not stated more explicitly in another element of the contract documents. Drawings must be recognized as diagrammatic in nature and not completely descriptive of the requirements indicated therein.
- B. Glossary:

Abatement - Procedures to control fiber release from asbestoscontaining materials. Includes removal, encapsulation, enclosure, demolition, and renovation activities related to asbestos containing materials (ACM).

Aerosol - Solid or liquid particulate suspended in air.

02 82 13.13 - 4 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Adequately wet - Sufficiently mixed or penetrated with liquid to prevent the release of particulates. If visible emissions are observed coming from the ACM, then that material has not been adequately wetted. Aggressive method - Removal or disturbance of building material by sanding, abrading, grinding, or other method that breaks, crumbles, or disintegrates intact ACM.

Aggressive air sampling - EPA AHERA defined clearance sampling method using air moving equipment such as fans and leaf blowers to aggressively disturb and maintain in the air residual fibers after abatement.

AHERA - Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act. Asbestos regulations for schools issued in 1987.

**Aircell** - Pipe or duct insulation made of corrugated cardboard which contains asbestos.

Air monitoring - The process of measuring the fiber content of a known volume of air collected over a specified period of time. The NIOSH 7400 Method, Issue 3, Fifth Edition is used to determine the fiber levels in air. For personal samples, area air samples and clearance air testing using Phase Contrast Microscopy (PCM) analysis, the NIOSH Method 7402 Issue 2, Fourth Edition) can be used when it is necessary to confirm fibers counted by PCM as being asbestos. The AHERA TEM analysis may be used for background, area samples and clearance samples when required by this specification, or at the discretion of the VPIH/CIH as appropriate.

Air sample filter - The filter used to collect fibers which are then counted. The filter is made of mixed cellulose ester membrane (MCE) for PCM (Phase Contrast Microscopy, 25 mm, 3-piece with 2 inches Static Extension Cowl, 0.8 micron pore size) and MCE for TEM (Transmission Electron Microscopy, 25 mm, 3-piece with 2 inches Static Extension Cowl, 0.45 micron pore size).

Amended water - Water to which a surfactant (wetting agent) has been added to increase the penetrating ability of the liquid.

Asbestos - Includes chrysotile, amosite, crocidolite, tremolite asbestos, anthophyllite asbestos, actinolite asbestos, and any of these minerals that have been chemically treated or altered. Asbestos also includes PACM, as defined below.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Asbestos Hazard Abatement Plan (AHAP) - Asbestos work procedures required to be submitted by the contractor before work begins. Asbestos-containing material (ACM) - Any material containing more than one percent of asbestos.

Asbestos contaminated elements (ACE) - Building elements such as ceilings, walls, lights, or ductwork that are contaminated with asbestos.

Asbestos-contaminated soil (ACS) - Soil found in the work area or in adjacent areas such as crawlspaces or pipe tunnels which is contaminated with asbestos-containing material debris and cannot be easily separated from the material.

Asbestos-containing waste (ACW) material - Asbestos-containing material or asbestos contaminated objects requiring disposal.

Asbestos Project Monitor - Some States require that any person conducting asbestos abatement air sampling, clearance inspections and clearance air sampling be licensed as an asbestos project monitor.

Asbestos waste decontamination facility - A system consisting of drum/bag washing facilities and a temporary storage area for cleaned containers of asbestos waste. Used as the exit for waste and equipment leaving the regulated area. In an emergency, it may be used to evacuate personnel.

Authorized person - Any person authorized by the VA, the Contractor, or government agency and required by work duties to be present in regulated areas.

Authorized visitor - Any person approved by the VA; the contractor; or any government agency representative having jurisdiction over the regulated area (e.g., OSHA, Federal and State EPA).

**Barrier** - Any surface that isolates the regulated area and inhibits fiber migration from the regulated area.

**Containment Barrier** - An airtight barrier consisting of walls, floors, and/or ceilings of sealed plastic sheeting which surrounds and seals the outer perimeter of the regulated area.

**Critical Barrier** - The barrier responsible for isolating the regulated area from adjacent spaces, typically constructed of 2-layers of 6-mil independently installed plastic sheeting (Polyethylene) secured in place at openings such as doors, windows, penetrations or any other opening into the regulated area.

02 82 13.13 - 6 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Primary Barrier - Plastic barriers placed over critical barriers and exposed directly to abatement work or to secondary barrier. Secondary Barrier - Any additional plastic barriers used to isolate and provide protection from debris during abatement work.

**Breathing zone** - The hemisphere forward of the shoulders with a radius of about 150 - 225 mm (6 - 9 inches) from the worker's nose.

**Bridging encapsulant** - An encapsulant that forms a layer on the surface of the ACM.

Building/facility owner - The legal entity, including a lessee, which exercises control over management and recordkeeping functions relating to a building and/or facility in which asbestos activities take place.
Bulk testing - The collection and analysis of suspect asbestos containing materials.

**Certified Industrial Hygienist (CIH)** - A person certified in the comprehensive practice of industrial hygiene by the American Board of Industrial Hygiene.

**Class I asbestos work** - Activities involving the removal of Thermal System Insulation (TSI) and surfacing ACM and Presumed Asbestos Containing Material (PACM).

**Class II asbestos work** - Activities involving the removal of ACM which is not thermal system insulation or surfacing material. This includes, but is not limited to, the removal of asbestos-containing wallboard, floor tile and sheeting, roofing and siding shingles, and construction mastic.

**Clean room/Changing room** - An uncontaminated room having facilities for the storage of employee's street clothing and uncontaminated materials and equipment.

Clearance sample - The final air sample taken after all asbestos work has been done and visually inspected. Performed by the VA's Professional Industrial Hygiene Consultant/Certified Industrial Hygienist (VPIH/CIH).

**Closely resemble** - The major workplace conditions which have contributed to the levels of historic asbestos exposure, are no more protective than conditions of the current workplace.

**Competent person** - In addition to the definition in 29 CFR 1926.32(f), one who is capable of identifying existing asbestos hazards in the workplace and selecting the appropriate control strategy for asbestos

02 82 13.13 - 7 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

exposure, who has the authority to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate them, as specified in 29 CFR 1926.32(f); in addition, for Class I and II work who is specially trained in a training course which meets the criteria of EPA's Model Accreditation Plan (40 CFR 763) for supervisor.

**Contractor's Professional Industrial Hygienist (CPIH/CIH)** - The asbestos abatement contractor's industrial hygienist. The industrial hygienist must meet the qualification requirements of a PIH and may report to a certified industrial hygienist (CIH).

**Count** - Refers to the fiber count or the average number of fibers greater than five microns in length with a length-to-width (aspect) ratio of at least 3 to 1, per cubic centimeter of air.

**Crawlspace** - An area which can be found either in or adjacent to the work area. This area has limited access and egress and may contain asbestos materials and/or asbestos contaminated soil.

Decontamination area/unit - An enclosed area adjacent to and connected to the regulated area and consisting of an equipment room, shower room, and clean room, which is used for the decontamination of workers, materials, and equipment that are contaminated with asbestos. Demolition - The wrecking or taking out of any load-supporting structural member and any related razing, removing, or stripping of asbestos products.

Disposal bag - Typically 6-mil thick sift-proof, dustproof, leak-tight container used to package and transport asbestos waste from regulated areas to the approved landfill. Each bag/container must be labeled/marked in accordance with EPA, OSHA and DOT requirements. Disturbance - Asbestos Operations and Maintenance Activities (OSHA Class III) that disrupt the matrix of ACM or PACM, crumble or pulverize ACM or PACM, or generate visible debris from ACM or PACM. Disturbance includes cutting away small amounts of ACM or PACM, no greater than the amount that can be contained in one standard sized glove bag or waste bag, in order to access a building component. In no event shall the amount of ACM or PACM so disturbed exceed that which can be contained in one glove bag or disposal bag, which shall not exceed 60 inches in length or width. **Drum** - A rigid, impermeable container made of cardboard fiber, plastic, or metal which can be sealed in order to be sift-proof, dustproof, and leak-tight.

Employee exposure - The exposure to airborne asbestos that would occur if the employee were not wearing respiratory protection equipment. Encapsulant - A material that surrounds or embeds asbestos fibers in an adhesive matrix and prevents the release of fibers. Encapsulation - Treating ACM with an encapsulant.

**Enclosure** - The construction of an air tight, impermeable, permanent barrier around ACM to control the release of asbestos fibers from the material and also eliminate access to the material.

**Equipment room** - A contaminated room located within the decontamination area that is supplied with impermeable bags or containers for the disposal of contaminated protective clothing and equipment.

Fiber - A particulate form of asbestos, 5 microns or longer, with a
length to width (aspect) ratio of at least 3 to 1.

Fibers per cubic centimeter (f/cc) - Abbreviation for fibers per cubic centimeter, used to describe the level of asbestos fibers in air. Filter - Media used in respirators, vacuums, or other machines to remove particulate from air.

**Firestopping** - Material used to close the open parts of a structure in order to prevent a fire from spreading.

Friable asbestos containing material - Any material containing more than one (1) percent asbestos as determined using the method specified 40 CFR 763, Polarized Light Microscopy, that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Glovebag - Not more than a 60 x 60 inch impervious plastic bag-like enclosure affixed around an asbestos-containing material, with glovelike appendages through which materials and tools may be handled. High efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter - An ASHRAE MERV 17 filter capable of trapping and retaining at least 99.97 percent of all mono-dispersed particles of 0.3 micrometers in diameter. HEPA vacuum - Vacuum collection equipment equipped with a HEPA filter system capable of collecting and retaining asbestos fibers. Homogeneous area - An area of surfacing, thermal system insulation or miscellaneous ACM that is uniform in color, texture and date of application.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

HVAC - Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning

**Industrial hygienist (IH)** - A professional qualified by education, training, and experience to anticipate, recognize, evaluate and develop controls for occupational health hazards. Meets definition requirements of the American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA).

Industrial hygienist technician (IH Technician) - A person working under the direction of an IH or CIH who has special training, experience, certifications and licenses required for the industrial hygiene work assigned. Some States require that an industrial hygienist technician conducting asbestos abatement air sampling, clearance inspection and clearance air sampling be licensed as an asbestos project monitor.

Intact - The ACM has not crumbled, been pulverized, or otherwise
deteriorated so that the asbestos is no longer likely to be bound with
its matrix.

**Lockdown** - Applying encapsulant, after a final visual inspection, on all abated surfaces at the conclusion of ACM removal prior to removal of critical barriers.

National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) -EPA's rule to control emissions of asbestos to the environment (40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M).

**Negative initial exposure assessment** - A demonstration by the employer which complies with the criteria in 29 CFR 1926.1101 (f)(2)(iii), that employee exposure during an operation is expected to be consistently below the PEL or Excursion Limit (EL).

**Negative pressure** - Air pressure which is lower than the surrounding area, created by exhausting air from a sealed regulated area through HEPA equipped filtration units. OSHA requires maintaining -0.02 inch water column gauge inside the negative pressure enclosure.

**Negative pressure respirator** - A respirator in which the air pressure inside the facepiece is negative during inhalation relative to the air pressure outside the respirator facepiece.

Non-friable ACM - Material that contains more than 1 percent asbestos but cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

**Organic vapor cartridge** - The type of cartridge used on air purifying respirators to remove organic vapor hazardous air contaminants.

02 82 13.13 - 10 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Outside air - The air outside buildings and structures, including, but not limited to, the air under a bridge or in an open ferry dock. Owner/operator - Any person who owns, leases, operates, controls, or supervises the facility being demolished or renovated or any person who owns, leases, operates, controls, or supervises the demolition or renovation operation, or both.

**Penetrating encapsulant** - Encapsulant that is absorbed into the ACM matrix without leaving a surface layer.

**Permissible exposure limit (PEL)** - The level of exposure OSHA allows for an 8-hour time weighted average. For asbestos fibers, the eight (8) hour time-weighted average PEL is 0.1 fibers per cubic centimeter (0.1 f/cc) of air and the 30-minute Excursion Limit (EL) is 1.0 fibers per cubic centimeter (1 f/cc).

**Personal protective equipment (PPE)** - equipment designed to protect user from injury and/or specific job hazard. Such equipment may include protective clothing, hard hats, safety glasses, fall protection, and respirators.

**Personal sampling/monitoring** - Representative air samples obtained in the breathing zone for one or more workers within the regulated area using a filter cassette and a calibrated air sampling pump to determine asbestos exposure.

**Pipe tunnel** - An area, typically located adjacent to mechanical spaces or boiler rooms in which the pipes servicing the heating system in the building are routed to allow the pipes to access heating elements. These areas may contain asbestos pipe insulation, asbestos fittings, debris or asbestos-contaminated soil.

**Polarized light microscopy (PLM)** - Light microscopy using dispersion staining techniques and refractive indices to identify and quantify the type of asbestos present in a bulk sample.

**Polyethylene sheeting** - Strong plastic barrier material 4 to 6-mils thick, semi-transparent, flame retardant per NFPA 241.

**Positive/negative fit check** - A method of verifying the seal of a facepiece respirator by temporarily occluding the filters and breathing in (inhaling) and then temporarily occluding the exhalation valve and breathing out (exhaling) while checking for inward or outward leakage of the respirator respectively.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

**Presumed ACM (PACM)** - Thermal system insulation, surfacing, and flooring material installed in buildings prior to 1981. If the building owner has actual knowledge, or should have known through the exercise of due diligence that other materials are ACM, they too must be treated as PACM. The designation of PACM may be rebutted pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.1101 (k) (5).

Professional IH - An IH who meets the definition requirements of AIHA; meets the definition requirements of OSHA as a "Competent Person" at 29 CFR 1926.1101 (b); has completed two specialized EPA approved courses on management and supervision of asbestos abatement projects; has formal training in respiratory protection and waste disposal; and has a minimum of four projects of similar complexity with this project of which at least three projects serving as the supervisory IH. The PIH may be either the VA's PIH (VPIH/CIH) or Contractor's PIH (CPIH/CIH). Project designer - A person who has successfully completed the training requirements for an asbestos abatement project designer as required by 40 CFR 763 Subpart E, Appendix C, Part I; (B) (5).

Assigned Protection factor - A value assigned by OSHA/NIOSH to indicate the expected protection provided by each respirator class, when the respirator is properly selected and worn correctly. The number indicates the reduction of exposure level from outside to inside the respirator facepiece.

Qualitative fit test (QLFT) - A fit test using a challenge material that can be sensed by the wearer if leakage in the respirator occurs. Quantitative fit test (QNFT) - A fit test using a challenge material which is quantified outside and inside the respirator thus allowing the determination of the actual fit factor.

**Regulated area** - An area established by the employer to demarcate where Class I, II, III asbestos work is conducted, and any adjoining area where debris and waste from such asbestos work may accumulate; and a work area within which airborne concentrations of asbestos exceed, or there is a reasonable possibility they may exceed the PEL.

**Regulated ACM (RACM)** - Friable ACM; Category I non-friable ACM that has become friable; Category I non-friable ACM that will be or has been subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting, or abrading or; Category II non-friable ACM that has a high probability of becoming or has become crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by the forces expected to

act on the material in the course of the demolition or renovation operation.

**Removal** - All operations where ACM, PACM and/or RACM is taken out or stripped from structures or substrates, including demolition operations.

**Renovation** - Altering a facility or one or more facility components in any way, including the stripping or removal of asbestos from a facility component which does not involve demolition activity.

**Repair** - Overhauling, rebuilding, reconstructing, or reconditioning of structures or substrates, including encapsulation or other repair of ACM or PACM attached to structures or substrates.

Shower room - The portion of the PDF where personnel shower before leaving the regulated area.

Supplied air respirator (SAR) - A respiratory protection system that supplies minimum Grade D respirable air per ANSI/Compressed Gas Association Commodity Specification for Air, G-7.1-2018.

**Surfacing ACM** - A material containing more than 1 percent asbestos that is sprayed, troweled on or otherwise applied to surfaces for acoustical, decorative, fireproofing and other purposes.

**Surfactant** - A chemical added to water to decrease water's surface tension thus making it more penetrating into ACM.

**Thermal system ACM** - A material containing more than 1 percent asbestos applied to pipes, fittings, boilers, breeching, tanks, ducts, or other structural components to prevent heat loss or gain.

**Transmission electron microscopy (TEM)** - A microscopy method that can identify and count asbestos fibers.

**VA Professional Industrial Hygienist (VPIH/CIH)** - The Department of Veterans Affairs Professional Industrial Hygienist must meet the qualifications of a PIH, and may report to a Certified Industrial Hygienist (CIH).

**VA Representative** - The VA official responsible for on-going project work.

**VA Total** - means a building or substantial part of the building is completely removed, torn or knocked down, bulldozed, flattened, or razed, including removal of building debris.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

**Visible emissions** - Any emissions, which are visually detectable without the aid of instruments, coming from ACM/PACM/RACM/ACS or ACM waste material.

Waste/Equipment decontamination facility (W/EDF) - The area in which equipment is decontaminated before removal from the regulated area. Waste generator - Any owner or operator whose act or process produces asbestos-containing waste material.

Waste shipment record - The shipping document, required to be
originated and signed by the waste generator, used to track and
substantiate the disposition of asbestos-containing waste material.
Wet cleaning - The process of thoroughly eliminating, by wet methods,
any asbestos contamination from surfaces or objects.

C. Referenced Standards Organizations: See Section 01 42 19 REFERENCED STANDARDS.

## 1.5 APPLICABLE CODES AND REGULATIONS

- A. General Applicability of Codes, Regulations, and Standards:
  - 1. All work under this contract shall be done in strict accordance with all applicable Federal, State, and Local regulations, standards and codes governing asbestos abatement, and any other trade work done in conjunction with the abatement. All applicable codes, regulations and standards are adopted into this specification and will have the same force and effect as this specification.
  - The most recent edition of any relevant regulation, standard, document or code shall be in effect. Where conflict among the requirements or with these specification, exists, the most stringent requirement(s) shall be utilized.
  - 3. Copies of all standards, regulations, codes and other applicable documents, including this specification and those listed in Section 1.5 shall be available at the worksite in the clean change area of the worker decontamination system and/or the Contractor's on-site Field Office. These standards, regulations, codes and other applicable documents, including this specification and those listed in Section 1.5 may be made available electronically.
- B. Asbestos Abatement Contractor Responsibility: The Asbestos Abatement Contractor (Contractor) shall assume full responsibility and liability for compliance with all applicable Federal, State and Local regulations related to any and all aspects of the asbestos abatement project. The

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Contractor is responsible for providing and maintaining training, accreditations, medical exams, medical records, personal protective equipment (PPE), respiratory protection, and respirator fit testing, as required by applicable Federal, State and Local regulations. The Contractor shall hold the VA and VPIH/CIH consultants harmless for any Contractor's failure to comply with any applicable work, packaging, transporting, disposal, safety, health, or environmental requirement on the part of himself, his employees, or his subcontractors. The Contractor will incur all costs of the CPIH/CIH, including all sampling/analytical costs to assure compliance with OSHA/EPA/State/Local requirements related to failure to comply with the regulations applicable to the work.

- C. Federal Requirements: Federal requirements which govern some aspect of asbestos abatement include, but are not limited to, the following regulations.
  - 1. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)
    - a. Title 29 CFR 1926.1101 Construction Standard for Asbestos
    - a. Title 29 CFR 1926 Subpart E Personal Protective Equipment and Life Saving Equipment
    - b. Title 29 CFR 1910.134 Respiratory Protection
    - c. Title 29 CFR 1926 Construction Industry Standards
    - d. Title 29 CFR 1926.33 Access to Employee Exposure and Medical Records
    - e. Title 29 CFR 1926.59 same as 1910.1200 Hazard Communication
    - f. Title 29 CFR 1926 Subpart C General Safety and Health Provisions and Subpart D - Occupational Health and Environmental Controls
  - 2. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
    - a. 1.40 CFR 61 Subpart M National Emission Standard for Hazardous
       Air Pollutants Asbestos
    - a. 2.40 CFR 763.80 Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) and Asbestos Hazard Abatement Reauthorization Act (ASHARA)
  - 3. Department of Transportation (DOT)
    - a. Title 49 CFR 171 180 Transportation
- D. State Requirements:
  - State requirements that apply to the asbestos abatement work, disposal, clearance, etc.

02 82 13.13 - 15 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

- E. Local Requirements:
  - 1. If Local requirements are more stringent than Federal or State standards, the local standards are to be followed.
- F. Standards:
  - Standards which govern asbestos abatement activities include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. American National Standards Institute (ANSI/ASSP) Z9.2-2018 -Fundamentals Governing the Design and Operation of Local Exhaust Systems and ANSI/ASSE Z88.2-2015 - Practices for Respiratory Protection.
    - b. Underwriters Laboratories (UL) 586-2009 UL Standard for Safety of HEPA filter Units, 9th Edition; ANSI Approval 2017-12-19.
  - Standards which govern encapsulation work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. American Society for Testing and Materials International (ASTM).
  - 3. Standards which govern the fire and safety concerns in abatement work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 241 Standard for Safeguarding Construction, Alteration, and Demolition Operations.
    - b. NFPA 701 Standard Methods for Fire Tests for Flame Resistant Textiles and Film.
    - c. NFPA 101 Life Safety Code.
- G. EPA Guidance Documents:
  - EPA guidance documents which discuss asbestos abatement work activities are listed below. These documents are made part of this section by reference. Guidance for Controlling ACM in Buildings (Purple Book) EPA 560/5-85-024.
  - 2. Asbestos Waste Management Guidance EPA 530-SW-85-007.
  - 3. A Guide to Respiratory Protection for the Asbestos Abatement Industry EPA-560-OPTS-86-001.
  - Guide to Managing Asbestos in Place (Green Book) TS 799 20T July 1990.
- H. Notices:
  - State and Local agencies: Send written notification as required by state and local regulations including the local fire department prior to beginning any work on ACM as follows:

02 82 13.13 - 16 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- Copies of notifications shall be submitted to the VA for the facility's records in the same time frame notification are given to EPA, State, and Local authorities.
- I. Permits/Licenses: The contractor shall apply for and have all required permits and licenses to perform asbestos abatement work as required by Federal, State, and Local regulations prior to beginning any work on ACM as follows.
- J. Posting and Filing of Regulations: Maintain two (2) copies of applicable Federal, State, and Local regulations. Post one copy of each at the regulated area where workers will have daily access to the regulations and keep another copy in the Contractor's office.
- K. VA Responsibilities Prior to Commencement of Work:
  - 1. Notify occupants adjacent to regulated areas of project dates and requirements for relocation, if needed. Arrangements must be made prior to starting work for relocation of desks, files, equipment, and personal possessions to avoid unauthorized access into the regulated area. Note: Notification of adjacent personnel is required by OSHA in 29 CFR 1926.1101 (k) to prevent unnecessary or unauthorized access to the regulated area.
  - 2. Submit to the Contractor results of background air sampling; including location of samples, person who collected the samples, equipment utilized, calibration data and method of analysis. During abatement, submit to the Contractor, results of bulk material analysis and air sampling data collected during the course of the abatement. This information shall not release the Contractor from any responsibility for OSHA compliance.
- L. Emergency Action Plan and Arrangements:
  - An Emergency Action Plan shall be developed by prior to commencing abatement activities and shall be agreed to by the Contractor and the VA. The Plan shall meet the requirements of 29 CFR 1926, Subpart C, Standard 1926.35 Employee Emergency Action Plans.
  - 2. Emergency procedures shall be in written form and prominently posted in the clean room and equipment room of the decontamination unit. Everyone, prior to entering the regulated area, must read and sign these procedures to acknowledge understanding of the regulated area layout, location of emergency exits and emergency procedures.

- 3. Emergency planning shall include written notification of police, fire, and emergency medical personnel of planned abatement activities; work schedule; layout of regulated area; and access to the regulated area, particularly barriers that may affect response capabilities.
- 4. Emergency planning shall include consideration of fire, explosion, hazardous atmospheres, electrical hazards, slips/trips and falls, confined spaces, and heat stress illness. Written procedures for response to emergency situations shall be developed and employee training in procedures shall be provided.
- 5. Employees shall be trained in regulated area/site evacuation procedures in the event of workplace emergencies.
  - a. For non-life-threatening situations employees injured or otherwise incapacitated shall be decontaminated following normal procedures with assistance from fellow workers, if necessary, before exiting the regulated area to obtain proper medical treatment.
  - b. For life-threatening injury or illness, worker decontamination shall take least priority after measures to stabilize the injured worker, medical personnel shall remove them from the regulated area if back or neck injury is present, and secure proper medical treatment.
- Telephone numbers of any/all emergency response personnel shall be prominently posted in the clean room, along with the location of the nearest telephone.
- 7. The Contractor shall provide verification of first aid/CPR training for personnel responsible for providing first aid/CPR. OSHA requires medical assistance within 3-4 minutes of a life-threatening injury/illness. Bloodborne Pathogen training shall also be verified for those personnel required to provide first aid/CPR.
- 8. The Emergency Action Plan shall provide for a Contingency Plan in the event that an incident occurs that may require the modification of the Asbestos Hazard Abatement Plans during abatement. Such incidents include, but are not limited to, fire; accident; power failure; negative pressure failure; and supplied air system failure. The Contractor shall detail procedures to be followed in the event

of an incident assuring that asbestos abatement work is stopped and wetting is continued until correction of the problem.

- M. Pre-Construction Meeting:
  - Prior to commencing the work, the Contractor shall meet with the VPIH/CIH to present and review, as appropriate, the items following this paragraph. The Contractor's Competent Person(s) who will be onsite shall participate in the pre-start meeting. The pre-start meeting is to discuss and determine procedures to be used during the project. At this meeting, the Contractor shall provide:
    - a. Proof of Contractor licensing.
    - b. Proof the Competent Person is trained and accredited and approved for working in this State. Verification of the experience of the Competent Person shall also be presented.
    - c. A list of all workers who will participate in the project, including experience and verification of training and accreditation.
    - d. A list of and verification of training for all personnel who have current first-aid/CPR training. A minimum of one person per shift must have adequate training.
    - e. Current medical written opinions for all personnel working onsite meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (m).
    - f. Current fit-tests for all personnel wearing respirators on-site meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (h) and Appendix C.
    - g. A copy of the Contractor's Asbestos Hazard Abatement Plan. In these procedures, the following information must be detailed, specific for this project. A copy of the Contractor's Asbestos Hazard Abatement Plan (AHAP) for Class I Glovebag Asbestos Abatement. In these procedures, the following information must be detailed, specific for this project.
      - 1) Regulated area preparation procedures;
      - Notification requirements procedure of Contractor as required in 29 CFR 1926.1101 (d) Multi-Employer Worksites;
      - If required, decontamination area set-up/layout and decontamination procedures for employees;
      - Glovebag abatement methods/procedures and equipment to be used; and
      - 5) Personal protective equipment to be used

02 82 13.13 - 19 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

- 2. At this meeting the Contractor shall provide all submittals as required.
- 3. Procedures for handling, packaging and disposal of asbestos waste.
- 4. Emergency Action Plan and Contingency Plan Procedures.

### 1.6 PROJECT COORDINATION

- A. The following are the minimum administrative and supervisory personnel necessary for coordination of the work.
  - 1. Personnel
    - Administrative and supervisory personnel shall consist of a qualified Competent Person(s) as defined by OSHA in the Construction Standards and the Asbestos Construction Standard; Contractor Professional Industrial Hygienist and Industrial Hygiene Technicians. These employees are the Contractor's representatives responsible for compliance with these specifications and all other applicable requirements.
    - b. Non-supervisory personnel shall consist of an adequate number of qualified personnel to meet the schedule requirements of the project. Personnel shall meet required qualifications. Personnel utilized on-site shall be pre-approved by the VA Representative. A request for approval shall be submitted for any person to be employed during the project giving the person's name; last four digits of social security number; qualifications; accreditation card with color picture if required by State; Certificate of Worker's Acknowledgment; and Affidavit of Medical Surveillance and Respiratory Protection and current Respirator Fit Test.
    - c. Minimum qualifications for Contractor and assigned personnel are:
      - 1) The Contractor has conducted within the last three (3) years, three (3) projects of similar complexity and dollar value as this project; has not been cited and penalized for serious violations of Federal (and State or Local as applicable) EPA and OSHA asbestos regulations in the past three (3) years; has adequate liability/occurrence insurance for asbestos work as required by the State; is licensed in applicable State; has adequate and qualified personnel available to complete the work; has comprehensive Asbestos Hazard Abatement Plans (AHAPs) for asbestos work; and has adequate materials, equipment and supplies to perform the work.

02 82 13.13 - 20 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 2) The Competent Person has four (4) years of abatement experience of which two (2) years were as the Competent Person on the project; meets the OSHA definition of a Competent Person; has been the Competent Person on two (2) projects of similar size and complexity as this project within the past three (3) years; has completed EPA AHERA/OSHA/State/Local training requirements/accreditation(s) and refreshers; and has all required OSHA documentation related to medical and respiratory protection.
- 3) The Contractor Professional Industrial Hygienist/CIH (CPIH/CIH) shall have five (5) years of monitoring experience and supervision of asbestos abatement projects; has participated as senior IH on five (5) abatement projects, three (3) of which are similar in size and complexity as this project; has specialized EPA AHERA/OSHA training in asbestos abatement management, respiratory protection, waste disposal and asbestos inspection; has completed the NIOSH 582 Course or equivalent, Contractor/Supervisor course; and has appropriate medical/respiratory protection records/documentation.
- 4) The Abatement Personnel shall have completed the EPA AHERA/OSHA abatement worker course; have training on the Asbestos Hazard Abatement Plans of the Contractor; has one year of asbestos abatement experience within the past three (3) years of similar size and complexity; has applicable medical and respiratory protection documentation; has certificate of training/current refresher and State accreditation/license.
- 2. All personnel shall be in compliance with OSHA construction safety training as applicable and submit certification.

#### 1.7 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

A. General - Respiratory Protection Program: The Contractor shall develop and implement a written Respiratory Protection Program (RPP) which is in compliance with OSHA requirements found at 29 CFR 1926.1101 and 29 CFR 1910.134. ANSI Standard Z88.2-2015 provides excellent guidance for developing a respiratory protection program. All respirators used must be NIOSH approved for asbestos abatement activities. The written RPP shall, at a minimum, contain the basic requirements found at 29 CFR

> 02 82 13.13 - 21 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

1910.134 (c) - Respiratory Protection Program.Respiratory Protection Program Coordinator: The Respiratory Protection Program Coordinator (RPPC) must be identified and shall have two (2) years of experience coordinating RPP of similar size and complexity. The RPPC must submit a signed statement attesting to the fact that the program meets the above requirements.

- B. Selection and Use of Respirators: The procedure for the selection and use of respirators must be submitted to the VA as part of the Contractor's qualifications. The procedure must be written clearly enough for workers to understand. A copy of the Respiratory Protection Program must be available in the clean room of the decontamination unit or in the onsite Contractor's office, for reference by employees or authorized visitors.
- C. Minimum Respiratory Protection: Minimum respiratory protection shall be a ½-mask negative pressure air purifying respirator equipped with P100 filters, provided personal air samples in the workplace remain at or below 0.1 f/cc, determined as an 8-hour TWA. Full face powered air purifying respirator equipped with P100 filters shall be required until Contractor demonstrates that personal air samples are at or below 0.1 f/cc, determined as an 8-hour TWA. A higher level of respiratory protection shall be required, if fiber levels exceed 1 f/cc as an 8hour TWA, inside the regulated work area. Respirator selection shall meet the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (h) and 29 CFR 1910.134 (d) (3) (i) (A) Table 1, except as indicated in this paragraph. Abatement personnel must have a respirator for their exclusive use.
- D. Medical Written Opinion: No employee shall be allowed to wear a respirator unless a physician or other licensed health care professional has provided a written determination they are medically qualified to wear the class of respirator to be used on the project while wearing whole body impermeable garments and subjected to heat or cold stress.
- E. Respirator Fit Test: All personnel wearing respirators shall have a current quantitative fit test which was conducted in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 (f) and Appendix A. Fit tests shall be done for PAPR's which have been put into a failure mode.
- F. Respirator Fit Check: The Competent Person shall assure that the positive/negative pressure user seal check is done each time the

02 82 13.13 - 22 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

respirator is donned by an employee. Head coverings must cover respirator head straps. Any situation that prevents an effective facepiece to face seal as evidenced by failure of a user seal check shall preclude that person from entering the regulated area until resolution of the problem.

G. Maintenance and Care of Respirators: The Respiratory Protection Program Coordinator shall submit evidence and documentation showing compliance with 29 CFR 1910.134 (h) maintenance and care of respirators.

# 1.8 WORKER PROTECTION

- A. Training of Abatement Personnel: Prior to beginning any abatement activity, all personnel shall be trained in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101 (k) (9) and any additional State/Local requirements. Training must include, at a minimum, the elements listed at 29 CFR 1926.1101 (k) (9) (viii). Training shall have been conducted by a third party, EPA/State approved trainer meeting the requirements of EPA 40 CFR 763 Appendix C (AHERA MAP). Initial training certificates and current refresher and accreditation proof must be submitted for each person working at the site.
- B. Medical Examinations: Medical examinations meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (m) shall be provided for all personnel working in the regulated area, regardless of exposure levels. A current physician's written opinion as required by 29 CFR 1926.1101 (m) (4) shall be provided for each person and shall include in the medical opinion that the person has been evaluated for working in a heat and cold stress environment while wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) and is able to perform the work without risk of material health impairment.
- C. Personal Protective Equipment: Provide whole body clothing, head coverings, foot coverings and any other personal protective equipment as determined by conducting the hazard assessment required by OSHA at 29 CFR 1910.132 (d). The Competent Person shall ensure the integrity of personal protective equipment worn for the duration of the project. Duct tape shall be used to secure all suit sleeves to wrists and to secure foot coverings at the ankle.
- D. Regulated Area Entry Procedure: The Competent Person shall ensure that each time workers enter the regulated area; they remove ALL street clothes in the clean room of the decontamination unit and put on new disposable coveralls, head coverings, a clean respirator, and then

proceed through the shower room to the equipment room where they put on non-disposable required personal protective equipment

- E. Decontamination Procedure: The Competent Person shall require all personnel to adhere to following decontamination procedures whenever they leave the regulated area.
  - When exiting the regulated area, remove disposable coveralls, and ALL other clothes, disposable head coverings, and foot coverings or boots in the equipment room.
  - 2. Still wearing the respirator and completely naked, proceed to the shower. Showering is MANDATORY. Care must be taken to follow reasonable procedures in removing the respirator to avoid inhaling asbestos fibers while showering. The following procedure is required as a minimum:
    - a. Thoroughly wet body including hair and face. If using a PAPR hold blower above head to keep filters dry.
    - b. With respirator still in place, thoroughly decontaminate body, hair, respirator face piece, and all other parts of the respirator except the blower and battery pack on a PAPR. Pay particular attention to cleaning the seal between the face and respirator facepiece and under the respirator straps.
    - c. Take a deep breath, hold it and/or exhale slowly, completely wetting hair, face, and respirator. While still holding breath, remove the respirator and hold it away from the face before starting to breathe.
  - 3. Carefully decontaminate the facepiece of the respirator inside and out. If using a PAPR, shut down using the following sequence: a) first cap inlets to filters; b) turn blower off to keep debris collected on the inlet side of the filter from dislodging and contaminating the outside of the unit; c) thoroughly decontaminate blower and hoses; d) carefully decontaminate battery pack with a wet rag being cautious of getting water in the battery pack thus preventing destruction. (THIS PROCEDURE IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR RESPIRATOR CLEANING!)
  - Shower and wash body completely with soap and water. Rinse thoroughly.
  - 5. Rinse shower room walls and floor to drain prior to exiting.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 6. Proceed from shower to clean room; dry off and change into street clothes or into new disposable work clothing.
- F. Regulated Area Requirements: The Competent Person shall meet all requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (o) and assure that all requirements for Class I Glovebag regulated areas at 29 CFR 1926.1101 (e), 29 CFR 1926.1101 (g) (1) (i) (ii) (iii), 29 CFR 1926.1101 (g) (5) (ii) (iii) (iv) are met. All personnel in the regulated area shall not be allowed to eat, drink, smoke, chew tobacco or gum, apply cosmetics, or in any way interfere with the fit of their respirator.

#### **1.9 DECONTAMINATION FACILITIES**

- A. Description: Provide each regulated area with separate personnel decontamination facilities (PDF) and waste/equipment decontamination facilities (W/EDF). Ensure that the PDF are the only means of ingress and egress to the regulated area and that all equipment, bagged waste, and other material exit the regulated area only through the W/EDF.
- B. General Requirements: All personnel entering or exiting a regulated area must go through the PDF and shall follow the requirements at 29 CFR 1926.1101 (j)(1) and these specifications. All waste, equipment and contaminated materials must exit the regulated area through the W/EDF and be decontaminated in accordance with these specifications. Walls and ceilings of the PDF and W/EDF must be constructed of a minimum of 3-layers of 6-mil opaque fire retardant polyethylene sheeting and be securely attached to existing building components and/or an adequate temporary framework. A minimum of 3-layers of 6-mil poly shall also be used to cover the floor under the PDF and W/EDF units. Construct doors so that they overlap and secure to adjacent surfaces. Weight inner doorway sheets with layers of duct tape so that they close quickly after release. Put arrows on sheets so they show direction of travel and overlap. If the building adjacent area is occupied, construct a solid barrier on the occupied side(s) to protect the sheeting and reduce potential for non-authorized personnel entering the regulated area.
- C. Temporary Facilities to the PDF and W/EDF: The Competent Person shall provide temporary water service connections to the PDF and W/EDF. Backflow prevention must be provided at the point of connection to the VA system. Water supply must be of adequate pressure and meet requirements of 29 CFR 1910.141(d) (3). Provide adequate temporary

02 82 13.13 - 25 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

overhead electric power with ground fault circuit interruption (GFCI) protection. Provide a sub-panel equipped with GFCI protection for all temporary power in the clean room. Provide adequate lighting to provide a minimum of 50 foot candles in the PDF and W/EDF. Provide temporary heat, if needed, to maintain 70°F throughout the PDF and W/EDF.

- D. Personnel Decontamination Facility (PDF): The Competent Person shall provide a PDF consisting of shower room which is contiguous to a clean room and equipment room. The PDF must be sized to accommodate the number of personnel scheduled for the project. The shower room, located in the center of the PDF, shall be fitted with as many portable showers as necessary to insure all employees can complete the entire decontamination procedure within 15 minutes. The PDF shall be constructed of opaque poly for privacy. The PDF shall be constructed to eliminate any parallel routes of egress without showering.
  - 1. Clean Room: The clean room must be physically and visually separated from the rest of the building to protect the privacy of personnel changing clothes. The clean room shall be constructed of at least 3-layers of 6-mil opaque fire retardant poly to provide an air tight room. Provide a minimum of 2 - 900 mm (3 foot) wide 6-mil poly opaque fire retardant doorways. One doorway shall be the entry from outside the PDF and the second doorway shall be to the shower room of the PDF. The floor of the clean room shall be maintained in a clean, dry and sanitary condition. Shower overflow shall not be allowed into the clean room. Provide 1 storage locker per person. A portable fire extinguisher, minimum 10 pounds capacity, Type ABC, shall be provided in accordance with OSHA and NFPA Standard 10. All persons entering the regulated area shall remove all street clothing in the clean room and dress in disposable protective clothing and respiratory protection. Any person entering the clean room does so either from the outside with street clothing on or is coming from the shower room completely naked and thoroughly washed. Any person entering the regulated area to perform Glovebag removal work, in which a negative exposure assessment has been performed, shall don a double outer protective suit and respirator. Male/Females required to enter the regulated area shall be ensured of their privacy throughout the entry/exit process by posting guards at both entry

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

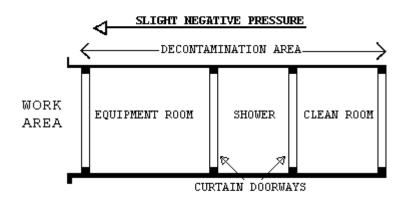
points to the PDF so no male/female can enter or exit the PDF during his/her stay in the PDF.

- 2. Shower Room: The Competent Person shall assure that the shower room is a completely water tight compartment to be used for the movement of all personnel from the clean room to the equipment room and for the showering of all personnel going from the equipment room to the clean room. Each shower shall be constructed so water runs down the walls of the shower and into a drip pan. Install a freely draining smooth floor on top of the shower pan. The shower room shall be separated from the rest of the building and from the clean room and equipment room using air tight walls made from at least 3-layers of 6-mil opaque fire retardant poly. The shower shall be equipped with a shower head and controls, hot and cold water, drainage, soap dish and continuous supply of soap, and shall be maintained in a sanitary condition throughout its use. The controls shall be arranged so an individual can shower without assistance. Provide a flexible hose shower head, hose bibs and all other items shown on Shower Schematic. Waste water will be pumped to a drain after being filtered through a minimum of a 100 micron sock in the shower drain; a 20 micron filter; and a final 5 micron filter. Filters will be changed a minimum of once per day or more often as needed. Filter changes must be done in the shower to prevent loss of contaminated water. Hose down all shower surfaces after each shift and clean any debris from the shower pan. Residue is to be disposed of as asbestos waste. The Competent Person shall provide a decontamination area at the outer perimeter of the regulated work area where the employees will decontaminate the outer protective suit and respirator by wet wiping and HEPA vacuuming.
- 3. Equipment Room: The Competent Person shall provide an equipment room which shall be an air tight compartment for the storage of work equipment/tools, reusable personal protective equipment, except for a respirator and for use as a gross decontamination area for personnel exiting the regulated area. The equipment room shall be separated from the regulated area by a minimum 3 foot wide door made with 2-layers of 6-mil opaque fire retardant poly. The equipment room shall be separated from the regulated area, the shower room and the rest of the building by air tight walls and ceiling constructed

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

of a minimum of 3-layers of 6-mil opaque fire retardant poly. Damp wipe all surfaces of the equipment room after each shift change. Provide an additional loose layer of 6-mil fire retardant poly per shift change and remove this layer after each shift. If needed, provide a temporary electrical sub-panel equipped with GFCI in the equipment room to accommodate any equipment required in the regulated area. The Competent Person shall provide a decontamination area at the outer perimeter of the regulated work area where the employees will decontaminate the outer protective suit and respirator by wet wiping and HEPA vacuuming.

4. The PDF shall be as follows: Clean room at the entrance followed by a shower room followed by an equipment room leading to the regulated area. Each doorway in the PDF shall be a minimum of 2-layers of 6mil opaque fire retardant poly.



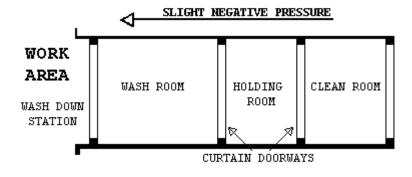
a.

- E. . Waste/Equipment Decontamination Facility (W/EDF)
  - 1. The Competent Person shall provide a W/EDF consisting of a wash room, holding room, and clean room for removal of waste, equipment and contaminated material from the regulated area. Personnel shall not enter or exit the W/EDF except in the event of an emergency. Clean debris and residue in the W/EDF daily. All surfaces in the W/EDF shall be wiped/hosed down after each shift and all debris shall be cleaned from the shower pan. The W/EDF shall consist of the following:
    - a. Wash Down Station: Provide an enclosed shower unit in the regulated area just outside the Wash Room as an equipment bag and container cleaning station.

02 82 13.13 - 28 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- b. Wash Room: Provide a wash room for cleaning of bagged or containerized asbestos containing waste materials passed from the regulated area. Construct the wash room using 50 x 100 mm (2 inches x 4 inches) wood framing and 3-layers of 6-mil fire retardant poly. Locate the wash room so that packaged materials, after being wiped clean, can be passed to the Holding Room. Doorways in the wash room shall be constructed of 2-layers of 6mil fire retardant poly.
- c. Holding Room: Provide a holding room as a drop location for bagged materials passed from the wash room. Construct the holding room using 50 x 100 mm (2 inches x 4 inches) wood framing or approved equivalent and 3-layers of 6-mil fire retardant poly. The holding room shall be located so that bagged material cannot be passed from the wash room to the clean room unless it goes through the holding room. Doorways in the holding room shall be constructed of 2-layers of 6-mil fire retardant poly.
- d. Clean Room: Provide a clean room to isolate the holding room from the exterior of the regulated area. Construct the clean room using 2 inches x 4 inches wood framing or approved equivalent and 2-layers of 6-mil fire retardant poly. The clean room shall be located so as to provide access to the holding room from the building exterior. Doorways to the clean room shall be constructed of 2-layers of 6-mil fire retardant poly. When a negative pressure differential system is used, a rigid enclosure separation between the W/EDF clean room and the adjacent areas shall be provided.
- e. The W/EDF shall be as follows: Wash Room leading to a Holding Room followed by a Clean Room leading to outside the regulated area. See diagram.



F. Waste/Equipment Decontamination Procedures: At the washdown station in the regulated area, thoroughly wet wipe/clean contaminated equipment and/or sealed polyethylene bags and pass into Wash Room after visual inspection. When passing anything into the Wash Room, close all doorways of the W/EDF, other than the doorway between the washdown station and the Wash Room. Keep all outside personnel clear of the W/EDF. Once inside the Wash Room, wet clean the equipment and/or bags. After cleaning and inspection, pass items into the Holding Room. Close all doorways except the doorway between the Holding Room and the Clean Room. Workers from the Clean Room/Exterior shall enter the Holding Room and remove the decontaminated/cleaned equipment/bags for removal and disposal. At no time shall personnel from the clean side be allowed to enter the Wash Room.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

### 2.1 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

- A. General Requirements (all abatement projects): Prior to the start of work, the contractor shall provide and maintain a sufficient quantity of materials and equipment to assure continuous and efficient work throughout the duration of the project. Work shall not start unless the following items have been delivered to the site and the CPIH/CIH has submitted verification to the VA's Representative.
  - All materials shall be delivered in their original package, container or bundle bearing the name of the manufacturer and the brand name (where applicable).
  - 2. Store all materials subject to damage off the ground, away from wet or damp surfaces and under cover sufficient enough to prevent damage

02 82 13.13 - 30 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

or contamination. Flammable and combustible materials cannot be stored inside buildings. Replacement materials shall be stored outside of the regulated area until abatement is completed.

- 3. The Contractor shall not block or hinder use of buildings by patients, staff, and visitors to the VA in partially occupied buildings by placing materials/equipment in any unauthorized location.
- 4. The Competent Person shall inspect for damaged, deteriorating or previously used materials. Such materials shall not be used and shall be removed from the worksite and disposed of properly.
- 5. Polyethylene sheeting for walls in the regulated area shall be a minimum of 4-mils. For floors and all other uses, sheeting of at least 6-mils shall be used in widths selected to minimize the frequency of joints. Fire retardant poly shall be used throughout.
- 6. The method of attaching polyethylene sheeting shall be agreed upon in advance by the Contractor and the VA and selected to minimize damage to equipment and surfaces. Method of attachment may include any combination of moisture resistant duct tape, poly tape, furring strips, spray glue, staples, nails, screws, lumber and plywood for enclosures or approved equivalent procedures capable of sealing polyethylene to dissimilar finished or unfinished surfaces under both wet and dry conditions.
- 7. Polyethylene sheeting utilized for the PDF shall be opaque white or black in color, 6-mil fire retardant poly.
- Installation and plumbing hardware, showers, hoses, drain pans, sump pumps and waste water filtration system shall be provided by the Contractor.
- 9. An adequate number of HEPA vacuums, scrapers, sprayers, nylon brushes, brooms, disposable mops, rags, sponges, staple guns, shovels, ladders and scaffolding of suitable height and length as well as meeting OSHA requirements, fall protection devices, water hose to reach all areas in the regulated area, airless spray equipment, and any other tools, materials or equipment required to conduct the abatement project. All electrically operated hand tools, equipment, electric cords shall be connected to GFCI protection.

- 10.Special protection for objects in the regulated area shall be detailed (e.g., plywood over carpeting or hardwood floors to prevent damage from scaffolds, water and falling material).
- 11.Disposal bags 2-layers of 6-mil poly for asbestos waste shall be
  pre-printed with labels, markings and address as required by OSHA,
  EPA and DOT regulations.
- 12.The VA shall be provided an advance copy of the Safety Data Sheets (SDS) as required for all hazardous chemicals under OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication in the pre-project submittal. Chlorinated compounds shall not be used with any spray adhesive, mastic remover or other product. Appropriate encapsulant(s) shall be provided.
- 13.OSHA DANGER demarcation signs, as many and as required by OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101(k)(7) shall be provided and placed by the Competent Person. All other posters and notices required by Federal, State and Local regulations shall be posted in the Clean Room.
- 14.Adequate and appropriate PPE for the project and number of personnel/shifts shall be provided. All personal protective equipment issued must be based on a written hazard assessment conducted under 29 CFR 1910.132(d)

#### 2.2 CONTAINMENT BARRIERS AND COVERINGS IN THE REGULATED AREA

- A. General: Using critical barriers, seal off the perimeter to the regulated area to completely isolate the regulated area from adjacent spaces. All horizontal surfaces in the regulated area must be covered with 2-layers of 6-mil fire retardant poly to prevent contamination and to facilitate clean-up. Should adjacent areas become contaminated, immediately stop work and clean up the contamination at no additional cost to the Government. Provide firestopping and identify all fire barrier penetrations due to abatement work as specified in Section 2.2.7; FIRESTOPPING.
- B. Preparation Prior to Sealing the Regulated Area: Place all tools, scaffolding, materials and equipment needed for working in the regulated area prior to erecting any plastic sheeting. Remove all uncontaminated removable furniture, equipment and/or supplies from the regulated area before commencing work, or completely cover with 2layers of 6-mil fire retardant poly sheeting and secure with duct tape. Lock out and tag out any HVAC systems in the regulated area.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- C. Controlling Access to the Regulated Area: Access to the regulated area is allowed only through the personnel decontamination facility (PDF), if required. All other means of access shall be eliminated and OSHA Danger demarcation signs posted as required by OSHA. If the regulated area is adjacent to or within view of an occupied area, provide a visual barrier of 6-mil opaque fire retardant poly sheeting to prevent building occupant observation. If the adjacent area is accessible to the public, the barrier must be solid.
- D. Critical Barriers: Completely separate any openings into the regulated area from adjacent areas using fire retardant poly at least 6-mils thick and duct tape. Individually seal with 2-layers of independently installed 6-mil poly and duct tape all HVAC openings into the regulated area. Individually seal all lighting fixtures, clocks, doors, windows, convectors, speakers, or any other objects in the regulated area. Heat must be shut off any objects covered with poly.
- E. Secondary Barriers: A loose layer of 6-mil fire retardant poly shall be used as a drop cloth to protect the floor/horizontal surfaces from debris generated during the Glovebag abatement. This layer shall be replaced as needed during the work.
- F. Extension of the Regulated Area: If the enclosure of the regulated area is breached in any way that could allow contamination to occur, the affected area shall be included in the regulated area and constructed as per this section. If the affected area cannot be added to the regulated area, decontamination measures must be started immediately and continue until air monitoring indicates background levels are met.
- G. Firestopping:
  - Through penetrations caused by cables, cable trays, pipes, sleeves must be firestopped with a fire-rated firestop system providing an air tight seal.
  - 2. Firestop materials that are not equal to the wall or ceiling penetrated shall be brought to the attention of the VA Representative. The Contractor shall list all areas of penetration, the type of sealant used, and whether or not the location is fire rated. Any discovery of penetrations during abatement shall be brought to the attention of the VA Representative immediately. All walls, floors and ceilings are considered fire rated unless otherwise determined by the VA Representative or Fire Marshall.

02 82 13.13 - 33 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

3. Any visible openings whether or not caused by a penetration shall be reported by the Contractor to the VA Representative for a sealant system determination. Firestops shall meet ASTM E814 and UL 1479 requirements for the opening size, penetrant, and fire rating needed

### 2.3 MONITORING, INSPECTION AND TESTING

- A. General:
  - 1. Perform throughout abatement work monitoring, inspection and testing inside and around the regulated area in accordance with the OSHA requirements and these specifications. OSHA requires that the employee exposure to asbestos must not exceed 0.1 fibers per cubic centimeter (f/cc) of air, averaged over an 8-hour work shift. The CPIH/CIH is responsible for and shall inspect and oversee the performance of the Contractor IH Technician. The IH Technician shall continuously inspect and monitor conditions inside the regulated area to ensure compliance with these specifications. In addition, the CPIH/CIH shall personally manage air sample collection, analysis, and evaluation for personnel, regulated area, and adjacent area samples inside the building, but outside the regulated area. Inside the building, but outside the regulated area air samples shall be collected at the boundary of the regulated area and/or Clean Room of the PDF, at the approximate location of HEPA exhaust discharge (if used), and at a minimum of three (3) locations in areas immediately outside the regulated work area to satisfy this specification. Additional inspection and testing requirements are also indicated in other parts of this specification.
  - 2. The VA will employ an independent industrial hygienist (VPIH/CIH) consultant and/or use its own IH to perform various services on behalf of the VA. The VPIH/CIH will perform the necessary monitoring, inspection, testing, and other support services to ensure that VA patients, employees, and visitors will not be adversely affected by the abatement work, and that the abatement work proceeds in accordance with these specifications, that the abated areas or abated buildings have been successfully decontaminated. The work of the VPIH/CIH consultant in no way relieves the Contractor from their responsibility to perform the work in accordance with contract/specification requirements, to perform continuous inspection, monitoring and testing for the safety

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

of their employees, and to perform other such services as specified. The cost of the VPIH/CIH and their services will be borne by the VA except for any repeat of final inspection and testing that may be required due to unsatisfactory initial results. Any repeated final inspections and/or testing, if required, will be paid for by the Contractor.

- 3. If fibers counted by the VPIH/CIH during abatement work, either inside or outside the regulated area, utilizing the NIOSH 7400 air monitoring method, exceed the specified respective limits, the Contractor shall stop work. The Contractor may request confirmation of the results by analysis of the samples by TEM. Request must be in writing and submitted to the VA's Representative. Cost for the confirmation of results will be borne by the Contractor for both the collection and analysis of samples and for the time delay that may/does result for this confirmation. Confirmation sampling and analysis will be the responsibility of the CPIH/CIH with review and approval of the VPIH/CIH. An agreement between the CPIH/CIH and the VPIH/CIH shall be reached on the exact details of the confirmation effort, in writing, including such things as the number of samples, location, collection, quality control on-site, analytical laboratory, interpretation of results and any follow-up actions. This written agreement shall be co-signed by the IH's and delivered to the VA's Representative.
- B. Scope of Services of the VPIH/CIH Consultant:
  - The purpose of the work of the VPIH/CIH is to: Assure quality; resolve problems; and prevent the spread of contamination beyond the regulated area. In addition, their work includes performing the final inspection and testing to determine whether the regulated area or building has been adequately decontaminated. All air monitoring is to be done utilizing PCM/TEM. The VPIH/CIH will perform the following tasks:
    - a. Task 1: Establish background levels before abatement begins by collecting background samples. Retain samples for possible TEM analysis.
    - b. Task 2: Perform representative air monitoring, inspection, and testing outside the regulated area during actual abatement work to detect any faults in the regulated area isolation and any

02 82 13.13 - 35 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

adverse impact on the surroundings from regulated area activities.

- c. Task 3: Perform unannounced visits to spot check overall compliance of work with contract/specifications. These visits may include any inspection, monitoring, and testing inside and outside the regulated area and all aspects of the operation except personnel monitoring.
- d. Task 4: Provide support to the VA Representative such as evaluation of submittals from the Contractor, resolution of unforeseen developments, etc.
- e. Task 5: Perform, in the presence of the VA Representative, final inspection and testing of a decontaminated regulated area or building at the conclusion of the abatement and clean-up work to certify compliance with all regulations and the VA requirements/specifications.
- f. Task 6: Issue certificate of decontamination for each regulated area or building and project report.
- 2. All data, inspection results and testing results generated by the VPIH/CIH will be available to the Contractor for information and consideration. The Contractor shall cooperate with and support the VPIH/CIH for efficient and smooth performance of their work.
- 3. The monitoring and inspection results of the VPIH/CIH will be used by the VA to issue any Stop Removal orders to the Contractor during abatement work and to accept or reject a regulated area or building as decontaminated.
- 4. Monitoring, Inspection and Testing by Abatement Contractor CPIH/CIH: The Contractor's CPIH/CIH is responsible for managing all monitoring, inspections, and testing required by these specifications, as well as any and all regulatory requirements adopted by these specifications. The CPIH/CIH is responsible for the continuous monitoring of all subsystems and procedures which could affect the health and safety of the Contractor's personnel. Safety and health conditions and the provision of those conditions inside the regulated area for all persons entering the regulated area is the exclusive responsibility of the Contractor/Competent Person. The person performing the personnel and area air monitoring inside the regulated area shall be an IH Technician, who shall be

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

trained and shall have specialized field experience in sampling and analysis. The IH Technician shall have successfully completed a NIOSH 582 Course or equivalent and provide documentation. The IH Technician shall participate in the AIHA Asbestos Analysis Registry or participate in the Proficiency Analytical Testing program of AIHA for fiber counting quality control assurance. The IH Technician shall also be an accredited EPA AHERA/State Contractor/Supervisor and Building Inspector. The IH Technician shall have participated in five abatement projects collecting personal and area samples and have experience in substantially similar projects in size and scope. The analytical laboratory used by the Contractor to analyze the samples shall be AIHA accredited for asbestos PAT and approved by the VA prior to start of the project. A daily log shall be maintained by the CPIH/CIH or IH Technician, documenting all OSHA requirements for personal and area air monitoring for asbestos in 29 CFR 1926.1101(f), (g) and Appendix A. This log shall be made available to the VA Representative and the VPIH/CIH upon request. The log will contain, at a minimum, information on personnel or area samples, other persons represented by the sample, the date of sample collection, start and stop times for sampling, sample volume, flow rate, and fibers/cc. The CPIH/CIH shall collect and analyze samples for each representative job being done in the regulated area, i.e., removal, wetting, clean-up, and load-out. No fewer than two (2) personal air samples or 25% of representative workforce per shift shall be collected, whichever is greater, in the regulated area; a minimum of three (3) area air samples at locations inside the building but immediately outside the regulated work area; one (1) area air sample shall be collected daily at the boundary of the regulated area and/or Clean Room of the PDF; and one (1) area air sample shall be collected daily at the approximate location of HEPA exhaust discharge, if used. In addition to the continuous monitoring required, the CPIH/CIH will perform inspection and testing at the final stages of abatement for each regulated area as specified in the CPIH/CIH responsibilities. Additionally, the CPIH/CIH will monitor and record pressure readings within the containment daily with a minimum of two readings at the beginning and at the end of a shift, and submit the data in the daily report. Pressure readings

> 02 82 13.13 - 37 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

with the containment may be omitted if negative pressure Glovebag procedures are used.

### 2.4 ASBESTOS HAZARD ABATEMENT PLAN

- A. The Contractor shall have established Asbestos Hazard Abatement Plan (AHAP) in printed form and loose leaf folder consisting of simplified text, diagrams, sketches, and pictures that establish and explain clearly the ways and procedures to be followed during all phases of the work by the Contractor's personnel. The AHAP must be modified as needed to address specific requirements of the project. The AHAP shall be submitted for review and approval prior to the start of any abatement work. The minimum topics and areas to be covered by the AHAP(s) are:
  - 1. Minimum Personnel Qualifications
  - 2. Contingency Plans and Arrangements
  - 3. Security and Safety Procedures
  - 4. Respiratory Protection/Personal Protective Equipment Program and Training
  - 5. Medical Surveillance Program and Recordkeeping
  - 6. Regulated Area Requirements for Glovebag Abatement
  - Decontamination Facilities and Entry/Exit Procedures (PDF and W/EDF) or approved equivalent.
  - 8. Monitoring, Inspections, and Testing
  - 9. Removal Procedures for Piping ACM Using the Glovebag Method
  - 10. Disposal of ACM waste
  - 11. Regulated Area Decontamination/Clean-up
  - 12. Regulated Area Visual and Air Clearance
  - 13. Project Completion/Closeout

### 2.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Pre-Start Meeting Submittals:
  - Submit to the VA a minimum of 14 days prior to the pre-start meeting the following for review and approval. Meeting this requirement is a prerequisite for the pre-start meeting for this project:
    - a. Submit a detailed work schedule for the entire project reflecting contract documents and the phasing/schedule requirements from the CPM chart.
    - b. Submit a staff organization chart showing all personnel who will be working on the project and their capacity/function. Provide their qualifications, training, accreditations, and licenses, as

02 82 13.13 - 38 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

appropriate. Provide a copy of the "Certificate of Worker's Acknowledgment" and the "Affidavit of Medical Surveillance and Respiratory Protection" for each person.

- c. Submit Asbestos Hazard Abatement Plan developed specifically for this project, incorporating the requirements of the specifications, prepared, signed and dated by the CPIH/CIH.
- d. Submit the specifics of the materials and equipment to be used for this project with manufacturer names, model numbers, performance characteristics, pictures/diagrams, and number available for the following:
  - Supplied air system, negative air machines, HEPA vacuums, air monitoring pumps, calibration devices, pressure differential monitoring device and emergency power generating system.
  - Waste water filtration system, shower system, containment barriers.
  - Encapsulantys, surfactants, hand held sprayers, airless sprayers, Glovebas, and fire extinguishers.
  - Respirators, water filtration system, shower system, containment barriers equipment.
  - 5) Fire safety equipment to be used in the regulated area.
- e. Submit the name, location, and phone number of the approved landfill; proof/verification the landfill is approved for ACM disposal; the landfill's requirements for ACM waste; the type of vehicle to be used for transportation; and name, address, and phone number of subcontractor, if used. Proof of asbestos training for transportation personnel shall be provided.
- f. Submit required notifications and arrangements made with regulatory agencies having regulatory jurisdiction and the specific contingency/emergency arrangements made with local health, fire, ambulance, hospital authorities and any other notifications/arrangements.
- g. Submit the name, location and verification of the laboratory and/or personnel to be used for analysis of air and/or bulk samples. Personal air monitoring must be done in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101(f) and Appendix A. Area or clearance air monitoring shall be conducted in accordance with EPA AHERA protocols.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- h. Submit qualifications verification: Submit the following evidence of qualifications. Make sure that all references are current and verifiable by providing current phone numbers and documentation.
  - Asbestos Abatement Company: Project experience within the past 3 years; listing projects first most similar to this project; Project Name; Type of Abatement; Duration; Cost; Reference Name/Phone Number; Final Clearance; and Completion Date.
  - 2) List of project(s) halted by owner, A/E, IH, regulatory agency in the last 3 years: Project Name; Reason; Date; Reference Name/Number; and Resolution.
  - 3) List asbestos regulatory citations (e.g., OSHA), notices of violations (e.g., Federal, State, Local NESHAP), penalties, and legal actions taken against the company including the company's officers (including damages paid) in the last 3 years. Provide copies and all information needed for verification.
- i. Submit information on personnel: Provide a resume; address each item completely; copies of certificates, accreditations, and licenses. Submit an affidavit signed by the CPIH/CIH stating that all personnel submitted below have medical records in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101(m) and that the company has implemented a medical surveillance program and written respiratory protection program, and maintains recordkeeping in accordance with the above regulations. Submit the phone number and doctor/clinic/hospital used for medical evaluations.
  - CPIH/CIH and IH Technician: Name; years of abatement experience; list of projects similar to this one; certificates, licenses, accreditations for proof of AHERA/OSHA specialized asbestos training; professional affiliations; medical opinion; and current respirator fit test.
  - 2) Competent Person(s)/Supervisor(s): Number; names; last four digits of social security numbers; years of abatement experience as Competent Person/Supervisor; list of similar projects in size/complexity as Competent Person/Supervisor; as a worker; certificates, licenses, accreditations; proof of AHERA/OSHA specialized asbestos training; maximum number of personnel supervised on a project; medical opinion (asbestos

surveillance and respirator use); and current respirator fit test.

- 3) Workers: Numbers; names; last four digits of social security numbers; years of abatement experience; certificates, licenses, accreditations; training courses in asbestos abatement and respiratory protection; medical opinion (asbestos surveillance and respirator use); and current respirator fit test.
- j. Submit copies of State license for asbestos abatement; copy of insurance policy, including exclusions with a letter from agent stating in plain language the coverage provided and the fact that asbestos abatement activities are covered by the policy; copy of AHAP(s) incorporating the requirements of this specification; information on who provides your training, how often; who provides medical surveillance, how often; who performs and how is personal air monitoring of abatement workers conducted; a list of references of independent laboratories/IH's familiar with your air monitoring and Asbestos Hazard Abatement Plans; copies of monitoring results of the five referenced projects listed and analytical method(s) used.
- k. Rented equipment must be decontaminated prior to returning to the rental agency.
- Submit, before the start of work, the manufacturer's technical data for all types of encapsulants, all SDS, and application instructions.
- B. Submittals During Abatement:
  - 1. The Competent Person shall maintain and submit a daily log at the regulated area documenting the dates and times of the following: purpose, attendees and summary of meetings; all personnel entering/exiting the regulated area; document and discuss the resolution of unusual events such as barrier breeching, equipment failures, emergencies, and any cause for stopping work; representative air monitoring and results/TWAs/ELs. Submit this information daily to the VA's Representative.
  - The CPIH/CIH shall document and maintain the inspection and approval of the regulated area preparation prior to start of work and daily during work.

- Removal of any poly barriers and/or failure of negative pressure Glovebags.
- b. Visual inspection/testing by the CPIH/CIH or IH Technician prior to application of lockdown encapsulant.
- c. Packaging and removal of ACM waste from regulated area.
- d. Disposal of ACM waste materials; copies of Waste Shipment Records/landfill receipts to the VA's Representative on a weekly basis.
- C. Submittals at Completion of Abatement: The CPIH/CIH shall submit a project report consisting of the daily log book requirements and documentation of events during the abatement project including Waste Shipment Records signed by the landfill's agent. It will also include information on the containment and transportation of waste from the containment with applicable Chain of Custody forms. The report shall include a certificate of completion, signed and dated by the CPIH/CIH, in accordance with Attachment #1. All clearance and perimeter area samples must be submitted. The VA Representative will retain the abatement report after completion of the project and provide copies of the abatement report to VAMC Office of Engineer and the Safety Office.

#### 2.6 ENCAPSULANTS

- A. Types of Encapsulants:
  - 1. The following four types of encapsulants must comply with performance requirements as stated in paragraph 2.6.2:
    - a. Removal encapsulant used as a wetting agent to remove ACM.
    - b. Bridging encapsulant provides a tough, durable coating on ACM.
    - c. Penetrating encapsulant penetrates/encapsulates ACM at least 13
      mm (1/2 inch).
    - d. Lockdown encapsulant seals microscopic fibers on surfaces after ACM removal.
- B. Performance Requirements:
  - Encapsulants shall meet the latest requirements of EPA; shall not contain toxic or hazardous substances; or solvents; and shall comply with the following performance requirements:
    - a. General Requirements for all Encapsulants:
      - 1) ASTM E84: Flame spread of 25; smoke emission of 50.
      - University of Pittsburgh Protocol: Combustion Toxicity; zero mortality.

02 82 13.13 - 42 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

- 3) ASTM C732: Accelerated Aging Test; Life Expectancy 20 years.
- 4) ASTM E96: Permeability minimum of 0.4 perms.
- b. Bridging/Penetrating Encapsulants:
  - ASTM E736: Cohesion/Adhesion Test 24 kPa (50 pounds/square foot).
  - ASTM E119: Fire Resistance 3 hours (Classified by UL for use on fibrous/cementitious fireproofing).
  - 3) ASTM D2794: Gardner Impact Test; Impact Resistance minimum 11.5 kg-mm (43 in/lb).
  - ASTM D522: Mandrel Bend Test; Flexibility no rupture or cracking
- c. Lockdown Encapsulants:
  - ASTM E119: Fire resistance 3 hours (tested with fireproofing over encapsulant applied directly to steel member).
  - 2) ASTM E736: Bond Strength 48 kPa (100 pounds/square foot) (test compatibility with cementitious and fibrous fireproofing).
  - 3) In certain situations, encapsulants may have to be applied to hot pipes/equipment. The encapsulant must be able to withstand high temperatures without cracking or creating any noxious gaseous or vapors during or after application.

#### 2.7 CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE

- A. The Contractor shall submit to the VA Representative certification from the manufacturer indicating compliance with performance requirements for encapsulants when applied according to manufacturer recommendations.
- B. Recyclable Protective Clothing: If recyclable clothing is provided, all requirements of EPA, DOT and OSHA shall be met.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 REGULATED AREA PREPARATIONS

- A. Site Security:
  - Regulated area access is to be restricted only to authorized, trained/accredited and protected personnel. These may include the Contractor's employees, employees of Subcontractors, VA employees and representatives, State and Local inspectors, and any other designated individuals. A list of authorized personnel shall be established prior to commencing the project and shall be posted in

02 82 13.13 - 43 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT the clean room of the decontamination unit or in a designated area located immediately outside of the regulated area established for Glovebag removal activities.

- 2. Entry into the regulated area by unauthorized individuals shall be reported immediately to the Competent Person by anyone observing the entry. The Competent Person shall immediately require any unauthorized person to leave the regulated area and then notify the VA Contracting Officer or VA Representative using the most expeditious means.
- 3. A log book shall be maintained in the clean room of the decontamination unit or in a designated area located immediately outside of the regulated area established for Glovebag removal activities. Anyone who enters the regulated area must record their name, affiliation, time in, and time out for each entry.
- 4. Access to the regulated area shall be through a single decontamination unit or in an area designated by the Competent Person for Glovebag removal activities. All other access (doors, windows, hallways, etc.) shall be sealed or locked to prevent entry to or exit from the regulated area. The only exceptions for this requirement are the waste/equipment load-out area which shall be sealed except during the removal of containerized asbestos waste from the regulated area, and emergency exits. Emergency exits shall not be locked from the inside; however, they shall be sealed with poly sheeting and taped until needed. In any situation where exposure to high temperatures which may result in a flame hazard, fire retardant poly sheeting must be used.
- 5. The Contractor's Competent Person shall control site security during abatement operations in order to isolate work in progress and protect adjacent personnel. A 24 hour security system shall be provided at the entrance to the regulated area to assure that all entrants are logged in/out and that only authorized personnel are allowed entrance.
- 6. The Contractor will have the VA's assistance in notifying adjacent personnel of the presence, location and quantity of ACM in the regulated area and enforcement of restricted access by the VA's employees.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 7. The regulated area shall be locked during non-working hours and secured by VA Representative or Competent Person. The VA Police shall be informed of asbestos abatement regulated areas to provide security checks during facility rounds and emergency response.
- B. OSHA Danger Signs: Post OSHA DANGER signs meeting the specifications of OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101 at any location and approaches to the regulated area where airborne concentrations of asbestos may exceed ambient background levels. Signs shall be posted at a distance sufficiently far enough away from the regulated area to permit any personnel to read the sign and take the necessary measures to avoid exposure. Additional signs will be posted following construction of the regulated area enclosure.
- C. Shut Down Lock Out Electrical: Shut down and lock out/tag out electric power to the regulated area. Provide temporary power and lighting. Insure safe installation including GFCI of temporary power sources and equipment by compliance with all applicable electrical code requirements and OSHA requirements for temporary electrical systems. Electricity shall be provided by the VA.
- D. Shut Down Lock Out HVAC: Shut down and lock out/tag out heating, cooling, and air conditioning system (HVAC) components that are in, supply or pass through the regulated area. Investigate the regulated area and agree on pre-abatement condition with the VA's Representative. Seal all intake and exhaust vents in the regulated area with duct tape and 2-ayers of independently installed 6-mil poly. Also, seal any seams in system components that pass through the regulated area. Remove all contaminated HVAC system filters and place in labeled 6-mil poly disposal bags for disposal as asbestos waste.
- E. Containment Barriers and Coverings for the Regulated Area:
  - 1. General: Seal off any openings at the perimeter of the regulated area with critical barriers to completely isolate the regulated area and to contain all airborne asbestos contamination created by the abatement activities. Should the adjacent area past the regulated area become contaminated due to improper work activities, the Contractor shall suspend work inside the regulated area, continue wetting, and clean the adjacent areas in accordance with procedures described in these specifications. Any and all costs associated with the adjacent area cleanup shall not be borne by the VA.

02 82 13.13 - 45 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 2. Preparation Prior to Sealing Off: Place all materials, equipment and supplies necessary to isolate the regulated area inside the regulated area. Remove all movable material/equipment as described above and secure all unmovable material/equipment as described above. Properly secured material/ equipment shall be considered to be outside the regulated area.
- 3. Controlling Access to the Regulated Area: Access to the regulated area is allowed only through the personnel decontamination facility (PDF) or in an area designated by the Competent Person for Glovebag removal activities. All other means of access shall be eliminated and OSHA DANGER demarcation signs posted as required by OSHA. If the regulated area is adjacent to, or within view of an occupied area, provide a visual barrier of 6-mil opaque fire retardant poly to prevent building occupant observation. If the adjacent area is accessible to the public, the barrier must be solid and capable of withstanding the negative pressure.
- 4. Critical Barriers: The regulated area must be completely separated from the adjacent area(s) and the outside by at least 2-layers of independently installed 6-mil fire retardant poly and duct tape/spray adhesive. Individually seal all supply and exhaust ventilation openings, lighting fixtures, clocks, doorways, windows, convectors, speakers, and other openings into the regulated area with 2-layers of 6-mil fire retardant poly, and taped securely in place with duct tape/spray adhesive. Critical barriers must remain in place until all work and clearances have been completed. Light fixtures shall not be operational during abatement. Auxiliary lighting shall be provided. If needed, provide plywood squares 6 inches x 6 inches x 3/8 inch (150mm x 150mm x 18mm) or approved equivalent, held in place with 6d smooth masonry/galvanized nail or approved equivalent driven through the center of the plywood square and duct tape on the poly so as to clamp the poly to the wall/surface. Locate plywood squares at each end, corner, and 4 feet (1200mm) maximum on centers
- 5. Extension of the Regulated Area: If the regulated area barrier is breached in any manner that could allow the passage of asbestos fibers or debris, the Competent Person shall immediately stop work,

02 82 13.13 - 46 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

continue wetting, and proceed to extend the regulated area to enclose the affected area as per procedures described in this specification. If the affected area cannot be enclosed, decontamination measures and cleanup shall start immediately. All personnel shall be isolated from the affected area until decontamination/cleanup is completed as verified by visual inspection and air monitoring. Air monitoring at completion must indicate background levels.

- 6. Floor Barriers: All floors within 10 feet of Glovebag work shall be covered with 2-layers of 6-mil fire retardant poly. If no breach occurs during the Glovebag abatement operation, these layers of 6-mil fire retardant poly may be reused
- F. Sanitary Facilities: The Contractor shall provide sanitary facilities for abatement personnel and maintain them in a clean and sanitary condition throughout the abatement project.
- G. Pre-Cleaning:
  - 1. Pre-Cleaning Movable Objects:
    - a. The VA will provide water for abatement purposes. The Contractor shall connect to the existing VA system. The service to the shower(s), if used, shall be supplied with backflow prevention.
    - b. Pre-cleaning of ACM contaminated items shall be performed after the enclosure has been erected and negative pressure has been established in the work area. PPE must be donned by all workers performing pre-cleaning activities. After items have been precleaned and decontaminated, they may be removed from the work area for storage until the completion of abatement in the work area.
    - c. Pre-clean all movable objects within the regulated area using a HEPA filtered vacuum and/or wet cleaning methods as appropriate. After cleaning, these objects shall be removed from the regulated area and carefully stored in an uncontaminated location.
  - 2. Pre-Cleaning Fixed Objects:
    - a. Pre-cleaning of ACM contaminated items shall be performed after the enclosure has been erected and negative pressure has been established in the work area.
    - b. Pre-clean all fixed objects in the regulated area using HEPA filtered vacuums and wet cleaning techniques as appropriate.

02 82 13.13 - 47 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Careful attention must be paid to machinery behind grills or gratings where access may be difficult but contamination may be significant. Also, pay particular attention to wall, floor and ceiling penetration behind fixed items. After pre-cleaning, enclose fixed objects with 2-layers of 6-mil poly and seal securely in place with duct tape. Objects (e.g., permanent fixtures, shelves, electronic equipment, laboratory tables, sprinklers, alarm systems, closed circuit TV equipment and computer cables) which must remain in the regulated area and that require special ventilation or enclosure requirements should be designated here along with specified means of protection. Contact the manufacturer for special protection requirements.

- 3. Pre-Cleaning Surfaces in the Regulated Area:
  - a. Pre-cleaning of ACM contaminated items shall be performed after the enclosure has been erected and negative pressure has been established in the work area.
  - b. Pre-clean all surfaces in the regulated area using HEPA filtered vacuums and wet cleaning methods as appropriate. Do not use any methods that would raise dust such as dry sweeping or vacuuming with equipment not equipped with HEPA filters. Do not disturb asbestos-containing materials during this pre-cleaning phase.
- H. Pre-Abatement Activities:
  - 1. Pre-Abatement Meeting: The VA Representative, upon receipt, review, and substantial approval of all pre-abatement submittals and verification by the CPIH/CIH that all materials and equipment required for the project are on the site, will arrange for a preabatement meeting between the Contractor, the CPIH/CIH, Competent Person, the VA Representatives, and the VPIH/CIH. The purpose of the meeting is to discuss any aspect of the submittals needing clarification or amplification and to discuss any aspect of the project execution and the sequence of the operation. The Contractor shall be prepared to provide any supplemental information or documentation to the VA's Representative regarding any submittals, materials or equipment. Upon satisfactory resolution of any outstanding issues, the VA's representative will issue a written order to proceed to the Contractor. No abatement work of any kind

described in the following provisions shall be initiated prior to the VA written order to proceed.

- 2. Pre-Abatement Inspections and Preparations:
  - a. Before any work begins on the construction of the regulated area, the Contractor will:
    - Conduct a space-by-space inspection with an authorized VA Representative and prepare a written inventory of all existing damage in those spaces where asbestos abatement will occur. Still or video photography may be used to supplement the written damage inventory. Document will be signed and certified as accurate by both parties.
    - 2) The VA Representative, the Contractor, and the VPIH/CIH must be aware of AEQA 10-95 indicating the failure to identify asbestos in the areas listed as well as common issues when preparing specifications and contract documents. This is especially critical when demolition is planned, because AHERA surveys are non-destructive, and ACM may remain undetected. A NESHAP (destructive) ACM inspection should be conducted on all building structures that will be demolished. Ensure the following areas are inspected on the project: Lay-in ceilings concealing ACM; ACM behind walls/windows from previous renovations; inside utility chases/walls; transite piping/ductwork/sheets; behind radiators; lab fume hoods; transite lab countertops; roofing materials; below window sills; water/sewer lines; electrical conduit coverings; crawl spaces( previous abatement contamination); flooring/mastic covered by carpeting/new flooring; exterior insulated wall panels; on underground fuel tanks; and steam line trench coverings.
    - 3) Ensure that all furniture, machinery, equipment, curtains, drapes, blinds, and other movable objects required to be removed from the regulated area have been cleaned and removed or properly protected from contamination.
    - Inspect existing firestopping in the regulated area. Correct as needed.
- 3. Pre-Abatement Construction and Operations:

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- a. Perform all preparatory work for the first regulated area in accordance with the approved work schedule and with this specification.
- b. Upon completion of all preparatory work, the CPIH/CIH will inspect the work and systems and will notify the VA's Representative when the work is completed in accordance with this specification. The VA's Representative may inspect the regulated area and the systems with the VPIH/CIH and may require that upon satisfactory inspection, the Contractor's employees perform all major aspects of the approved AHAP(s), especially worker protection, respiratory systems, contingency plans, decontamination procedures, and monitoring to demonstrate satisfactory operation.
- c. The CPIH/CIH shall document the pre-abatement activities described above and deliver a copy to the VA's Representative.
- d. Upon satisfactory inspection of the installation of and operation of systems the VA's Representative will notify the Contractor in writing to proceed with the asbestos abatement work in accordance with this specification.

### 3.2 REMOVAL OF PIPING ACM

A. Wetting Materials:

- Use amended water for the wetting of ACM prior to removal. The Competent Person shall assure that the wetting of ACM meets the definition of "adequately wet" in the EPA NESHAP regulation and OSHA's "wet methods" for the duration of the project. A removal encapsulant may be used instead of amended water with written approval of the VA's Representative.
- 2. Amended Water: Provide water to which a surfactant has been added to wet the ACM and reduce the potential for fiber release during disturbance of ACM. The mixture must be equal to or greater than the wetting provided by water amended by a surfactant consisting of one ounce of 50 percent polyoxyethylene ester and 50 percent polyoxyethylene ether mixed with 5 gallons (19L) of water.
- 3. Removal Encapsulant: Provide a penetrating encapsulant designed specifically for the removal of ACM. The material must, when used, result in adequate wetting of the ACM and retard fiber release

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

during disturbance equal to or greater than the amended water described above in B.

- B. Secondary Barrier and Walkways: Install as a drop cloth a 6-mil poly sheet at the beginning of each work shift where removal is to be done during that shift. Secure the drop cloth (6-mil poly sheet) with duct tape or approved equivalent to prevent it from moving or debris from getting behind it. Remove the drop cloth (6-mil poly sheet) at the end of the shift or as work in the area is completed. Keep residue on the drop cloth (6-mil poly sheet) wetted. When removing, fold inward to prevent spillage and place in a disposal bag.
- C. Wet Removal of ACM: Using acceptable Glovebag procedures, adequately and thoroughly wet the ACM to be removed prior to removal with amended water or when authorized by VA, removal encapsulant to reduce/prevent fiber release to the air. Adequate time must be allowed for the amended water or removal encapsulant to saturate the ACM. Abatement personnel must not disturb dry ACM. Use a fine spray of amended water or removal encapsulant. Saturate the material sufficiently to wet to the substrate without causing excessive dripping. The material must be sprayed repeatedly/continuously during the removal process in order to maintain adequately wet conditions. Removal encapsulants must be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions. Perforate or carefully separate, using wet methods, an outer covering that is painted or jacketed in order to allow penetration and wetting of the material. Where necessary, carefully remove covering while wetting to minimize fiber release.

#### 3.3 GLOVEBAG REMOVAL PROCEDURES

A. General: All applicable OSHA requirements and Glovebag manufacturer's recommendations shall be met during Glovebag removal operations. In cases where live steam lines are present, the lines must be shut down prior to any work being performed on the system. No abatement work shall be conducted on live, pressurized steam lines. The Contractor may choose to use a High Temperature Glovebag in which a temperature rating ranges from 300°F to 700°F on steam lines that have recently been shut down and remain at high temperature for some time. In the case where a Glovebag is not feasible, the Contractor will need to build a full negative pressure containment of sufficient size or work within a negative pressure mini-enclosure and follow all regulations as it

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

pertains to removal. The Contractor shall provide enough HEPA negative air machines to continuously maintain a negative pressure differential of -0.02 inch water column gauge (WCG) inside the regulated work area relative to adjacent non-work building areas. OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101 (g) (5) (i) (A) (2) also requires at least four (4) air changes per hour. Contractor shall increase air changes per hour as necessary to maintain volatile organic compounds below the applicable OSHA PEL. Contractor shall protect pipe insulation from being disturbed on either side of the Glovebag removal operations with a "candy stripe" layer of 6-mil poly sheet and duct tape, if Glove bag removal activities cause the piping to dislodge ACM during performance of their work.

- Mix the surfactant with water in the garden sprayer, following the manufacturer's directions.
- 2. Have each employee put on a HEPA filtered respirator approved for asbestos and check the fit using the positive/negative fit check.
- 3. Have each employee put on a disposable full-body suit. Remember, the hood goes over the respirator straps.
- Check closely the integrity of the glove bag to be used. Check all seams, gloves, sleeves, and glove openings. OSHA requires the bottom of the bag to be seamless.
- 5. Check the pipe where the work will be performed. If it is damaged (broken lagging, hanging, etc.), wrap the entire length of the pipe in poly sheeting and "candy stripe" it with duct tape.
- 6. Attach Glovebag with required tools per manufacturer's instructions.
- 7. Using the smoke tube and aspirator bulb, test 10 percent of Glovebags by placing the tube into the water porthole (two-inch opening to glove bag), and fill the bag with smoke and squeeze it. If leaks are found, they shall be taped closed using duct tape and the bag shall be retested with smoke.
- 8. Insert the wand from the water sprayer through the water porthole.
- 9. Insert the hose end from a HEPA vacuum into the upper portion of the glove bag.
- 10.Wet and remove the pipe insulation.
- 11.If the section of pipe is covered with an aluminum jacket, remove it first using the wire cutters to cut any bands and then use tin snips to remove the aluminum. It is important to fold the sharp edges in to prevent cutting the bag when placing it in the bottom.

02 82 13.13 - 52 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 12.When the work is complete, spray the upper portion of the bag and move all residue into the bottom of the bag with the other waste material. Be very thorough. Use adequate water.
- 13.Put all tools, after washing them off in the bag, in one of the sleeves of glove bag and turn it inside out, drawing it outside of the bag. Twist the sleeve tightly several times to seal it and tape it several tight turns with duct tape. Cut through the middle of the duct tape and remove the sleeve. Put the sleeve in the next glove bag or put it in a bucket of water to decontaminate the tools after cutting the sleeve open.
- 14.Turn on the HEPA vacuum and collapse the bag completely. Remove the vacuum nozzle, seal the hole with duct tape, twist the bag tightly several times in the middle, and tape it to keep the material in the bottom during removal of the glove bag from the pipe.
- 15.Slip a disposal bag over the glove bag (still attached to the pipe). Remove the tape securing the ends, and slit open the top of the glove bag and carefully fold it down into the disposal bag. Double bag and gooseneck waste materials.
- B. Negative Pressure Glovebag Procedure:
  - In addition to the above requirements, the HEPA vacuum shall be run continuously during the Glovebag procedure until completion at which time the Glovebag will be collapsed by the HEPA vacuum prior to removal from the pipe/component.
  - 2. The HEPA vacuum shall be attached and operated as needed to prevent collapse of the Glovebag during the removal process.

#### 3.4 LOCKDOWN ENCAPSULATION

- A. General: Lockdown encapsulation is an integral part of the ACM removal. At the conclusion of ACM removal and before removal of the primary barriers, all piping surfaces shall be encapsulated with a bridging encapsulant.
- B. Sealing Exposed Edges: Seal edges of ACM exposed by removal work with two coats of encapsulant. Prior to sealing, permit the exposed edges to dry completely to permit penetration of the encapsulant.

### 3.5 DISPOSAL OF ACM WASTE MATERIALS

A. General: Dispose of waste ACM and debris which is packaged in accordance with these specifications, OSHA, EPA and DOT. The landfill requirements for packaging must also be met. Transport will be in

02 82 13.13 - 53 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT compliance with 49 CFR 171 - 180 regulations. Disposal shall be done at an approved landfill. Disposal of non-friable ACM shall be done in accordance with applicable regulations.

- B. Procedures:
  - The VA must be notified at least 24 hours in advance of any waste removed from the containment
  - 2. Asbestos waste shall be packaged and moved through the W/EDF into a covered transport container in accordance with procedures in this specification. Waste shall be double-bagged and wetted with amended water prior to disposal. Wetted waste can be very heavy. Bags shall not be overfilled. Bags shall be securely sealed to prevent accidental opening and/or leakage. The top shall be tightly twisted and goose necked prior to tightly sealing with at least three wraps of duct tape. Ensure that unauthorized persons do not have access to the waste material once it is outside the regulated area. All transport containers must be covered at all times when not in use. OSHA Danger signs must be displayed during loading and unloading. Material shall not be transported in open vehicles. If drums are used for packaging, the drums shall be labeled properly and shall not be re-used.
  - 3. Waste Load Out: Waste load out shall be done in accordance with the procedures in W/EDF Decontamination Procedures. Sealed waste bags shall be decontaminated on exterior surfaces by wet cleaning and HEPA vacuuming before being placed in the second waste bag and sealed, which then must also be wet wiped and HEPA vacuumed.
  - 4. Asbestos waste with sharp edged components, i.e., nails, screws, lath, strapping, tin sheeting, jacketing, metal mesh, etc., which might tear poly bags shall be wrapped securely in burlap before packaging and, if needed, use a poly lined fiber drum as the second container, prior to disposal.

## 3.6 PROJECT DECONTAMINATION

- A. General:
  - The entire work related to project decontamination shall be performed under the close supervision and monitoring of the CPIH/CIH.
  - 2. If the asbestos abatement work is in an area which was contaminated prior to the start of abatement, the decontamination will be done by

02 82 13.13 - 54 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT cleaning the primary poly barrier prior to its removal and cleanings of the surfaces of the regulated area after the primary barrier removal.

- 3. If the asbestos abatement work is in an area which was uncontaminated prior to the start of abatement, the decontamination will be done by cleaning the primary poly barrier prior to its removal, thus preventing contamination of the building when the regulated area critical barriers are removed.
- B. Regulated Area Clearance: Air testing and other requirements which must be met before release of the Contractor and re-occupancy of the regulated area space are specified in Final Testing Procedures.
- C. Work Description: Decontamination includes the clearance air testing in the regulated area and the decontamination and removal of the enclosures/facilities installed prior to the abatement work including primary/critical barriers, PDF and W/EDF facilities, and negative pressure systems.
- D. Pre-Decontamination Conditions:
  - Before decontamination starts, all ACM waste from the regulated area shall be removed, all waste collected and removed, and the secondary barrier of poly removed and disposed of along with any gross debris generated by the work.
  - 2. At the start of decontamination, the following shall be in place.
    - a. Critical barriers over all openings consisting of two layers of
       6-mil poly which is the sole barrier between the regulated area
       and the rest of the building or outside.
    - b. Decontamination facilities, if required for personnel and equipment in operating condition.
- E. First Cleaning: Carry out a first cleaning of all surfaces of the regulated area including items of remaining poly sheeting, tools, scaffolding, ladders/staging by wet methods and HEPA vacuuming. Do not use dry dusting/sweeping/air blowing methods. Use each surface of a wetted cleaning cloth one time only and then dispose of as contaminated waste. Continue this cleaning until there is no visible residue from abated surfaces or poly or other surfaces. Remove all filters in the air handling system and dispose of as ACM waste in accordance with these specifications. The negative pressure system shall remain in

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

operation during this time, if used. Additional cleaning may be needed as determined by the CPIH/VPIH/CIH.

- F. Pre-Clearance Inspection and Testing: The CPIH/CIH and VPIH/CIH will perform a thorough and detailed visual inspection at the end of the cleaning to determine whether there is any visible residue in the regulated area. If the visual inspection is acceptable, the CPIH/CIH will perform pre-clearance sampling using aggressive clearance as detailed in 40 CFR 763 Subpart E (AHERA) Appendix A (III) (B) (7) (d). If the sampling results show values below 0.01 f/cc, then the Contractor shall notify the VA's Representative of the results with a brief report from the CPIH/CIH documenting the inspection and sampling results and a statement verifying that the regulated area is ready for lockdown encapsulation. The VA reserves the right to utilize their own VPIH/CIH to perform a pre-clearance inspection and testing for verification.
- G. Lockdown Encapsulation of Abated Surfaces: With the express written permission of the VA's Representative, perform lockdown encapsulation of all surfaces from which asbestos was abated in accordance with the procedures in this specification.

#### 3.7 FINAL VISUAL INSPECTIONS AND AIR CLEARANCE TESTING

- A. General: Notify the VA Representative 24 hours in advance for the performance of the final visual inspection and testing. The final visual inspection and testing will be performed by the VPIH/CIH after the final cleaning.
- B. Final Visual Inspection: Final visual inspection will include the entire regulated area, the PDF, all poly sheeting, seals over HVAC openings, doorways, windows, and any other openings. If any debris, residue, dust or any other suspect material is detected, the final cleaning shall be repeated at no additional cost to the VA. Dust/material samples may be collected and analyzed at no additional cost to the VA at the discretion of the VPIH/CIH to confirm visual findings. When the regulated area is visually clean the final testing can be done.
- C. Final Air Clearance Testing:
  - After an acceptable final visual inspection by the VPIH/CIH and VA Representative, the VPIH/CIH will perform the final clearance testing. Air samples will be collected and analyzed in accordance with procedures for AHERA in this specification. If work is less

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

than 260 lf/160 sf/35 cf, 5 PCM samples shall be collected for clearance and a minimum of two field blank. If work is equal to or more than 260 lf/160 sf/35 cf, AHERA TEM sampling shall be performed for clearance. TEM analysis shall be done in accordance with procedures for EPA AHERA presented in this specification. If the release criteria are not met, the Contractor shall repeat the final cleaning and continue decontamination procedures until clearance is achieved. All additional inspection and testing costs will be borne by the Contractor.

- If release criteria are met, proceed to perform the abatement closeout and to issue the certificate of completion in accordance with these specifications.
- D. Final Air Clearance Procedures:
  - 1. Contractor's Release Criteria: Work in a regulated area is complete when the regulated area is visually clean and airborne fiber levels have been reduced to or below 0.01 f/cc as measured by the AHERA PCM protocol, and < 70 AHERA asbestos structures per square millimeter (s/mm2) by AHERA TEM. No averaging of results will be used for this project. All five (5) TEM samples inside the regulated area shall be at or below 70 asbestos s/mm2 to satisfy the project final clearance criteria.
  - 2. Air Monitoring and Final Clearance Sampling: To determine if the elevated airborne fiber counts encountered during abatement operations have been reduced to the specified level, the VPIH/CIH will secure samples and analyze them according to the following procedures:
    - a. Fibers Counted: "Fibers" referred to in this section shall be either all fibers regardless of composition as counted in the NIOSH 7400 PCM method or asbestos fibers counted using the AHERA TEM method.
    - b. Aggressive Sampling: All final air testing samples shall be collected using aggressive sampling techniques except where soil is not encapsulated or enclosed. Samples will be collected on  $0.8\mu$ MCE filters for PCM analysis and  $0.45\mu$  MCE for TEM. A minimum of 3850 Liters of air using calibrated sampling pumps shall be collected for PCM samples and a minimum of 1200 Liters of air

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

using calibrated sampling pumps shall be collected for TEM clearance samples. Before pumps are started, initiate aggressive air mixing sampling as detailed in 40 CFR 763 Subpart E (AHERA) Appendix A (III)(B)(7)(d). Air samples will be collected in areas subject to normal air circulation away from corners, obstructed locations, and locations near windows, doors, or vents. After air sampling pumps have been shut off, circulating fans shall be shut off. The negative pressure system shall continue to operate.

- E. Clearance Sampling Using PCM:
  - The VPIH/CIH will perform clearance samples as indicated by the specification.
  - 2. The NIOSH 7400 PCM method will be used for clearance sampling with a minimum collection volume of 3850 Liters of air. A minimum of 5 PCM clearance samples shall be collected. All samples must be equal to or less than 0.01 f/cc to clear the regulated area.
- F. Clearance Sampling Using TEM:
  - Clearance requires 13 samples be collected; 5 inside the regulated area; 5 outside the regulated area; and 3 field blanks.
  - 2. The TEM method will be used for clearance sampling with a minimum collection volume of 1200 Liters of air. A minimum of 13 clearance samples shall be collected. All samples must be equal to or less than 70 AHERA structures per square millimeter (s/mm2) AHERA TEM, no averaging of results for this specific project.
- G. Laboratory Testing of PCM Samples: The services of an AIHA accredited laboratory will be employed by the VA to perform analysis for the PCM air samples. The accredited laboratory shall be successfully participating in the AIHA Proficiency Analytical Testing (PAT) program. Samples will be sent daily by the VPIH/CIH so that verbal/faxed reports can be received within 24-36 hours. A complete record, certified by the laboratory, of all air monitoring tests and results will be furnished to the VA's Representative and the Contractor.
- H. Laboratory Testing of Tem Samples: Samples shall be sent by the VPIH/CIH to a NIST NVLAP accredited laboratory for analysis by TEM. The laboratory shall be successfully participating in the NIST NVLAP Airborne Asbestos Analysis (TEM) program. Verbal/faxed results from the laboratory shall be available within 24-36 hours after receipt of the samples. A complete record, certified by the laboratory, of all TEM

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

results shall be furnished to the VA's Representative and the Contractor.

### 3.8 ABATEMENT CLOSEOUT AND CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

- A. Completion of Abatement Work: After thorough decontamination, seal negative air machines with 2-layers of 6-mil poly and duct tape to form a tight seal at the intake/outlet ends before removal from the regulated area. Complete asbestos abatement work upon meeting the regulated area visual and air clearance criteria and fulfilling the following:
  - 1. Remove all equipment, materials, and debris from the project area.
  - Package and dispose of all asbestos waste as required. Dispose of waste ACM and debris which is packaged in accordance with these specifications, OSHA, EPA and DOT. The landfill requirements for packaging must also be met. Transport will be in compliance with 49 CFR 171 - 180 regulations.
  - 3. Repair or replace all interior finishes damaged during the abatement work.
  - 4. The VA will be notified of any waste removed from the containment prior to 24 hours.
  - 5. Fulfill other project closeout requirements as specified elsewhere in this specification.
- B. Certificate of Completion by Contractor: The CPIH/CIH shall complete and sign the "Certificate of Completion" in accordance with Attachment 1 at the completion of the abatement and decontamination of the regulated area.
- C. Work Shifts: All work shall generally be done during administrative hours (8:00 AM to 4:30 PM) Monday - Friday excluding Federal Holidays. Any change in the work schedule must be approved in writing by the VA Representative.
- D. Re-Insulation: If required as part of the contract, replace all asbestos containing insulation with suitable non-asbestos material. Provide SDS for all replacement materials. Refer to Section 23 07 11, HVAC, PLUMBING, AND BOILER PLANT INSULATION.

### ATTACHMENT #1 CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION

DATE:	VA Project #:	
PROJECT NAME:	Abatement Contractor:	
VAMC/ADDRESS:		

- 1. I certify that I have personally inspected, monitored and supervised the
   abatement work of (specify regulated area or Building):
   which took place from / / to / /
- That throughout the work all applicable requirements/regulations and the VA's specifications were met.
- 3. That any person who entered the regulated area was protected with the appropriate personal protective equipment and respirator and that they followed the proper entry and exit procedures and the proper operating procedures for the duration of the work.
- 4. That all employees of the Abatement Contractor engaged in this work were trained in respiratory protection, were experienced with abatement work, had proper medical surveillance documentation, were fit-tested for their respirator, and were not exposed at any time during the work to asbestos without the benefit of appropriate respiratory protection.
- 5. That I performed and supervised all inspection and testing specified and required by applicable regulations and VA specifications.
- That the conditions inside the regulated area were always maintained in a safe and healthy condition and the maximum fiber count never exceeded 0.5 f/cc, except as described below.
- 7. That all abatement work was done in accordance with OSHA requirements and the manufacturer's recommendations.

CPIH/CIH Signature/Date:

CPIH/CIH Print Name:

Abatement Contractor Signature/Date:\_\_\_\_\_

Abatement Contractor Print Name:

# ATTACHMENT #2

CERTIFICATE OF WORKER'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

PROJECT	NAME :	DATE:
PROJECT	ADDRESS:	

ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR'S NAME:

WORKING WITH ASBESTOS CAN BE HAZARDOUS TO YOUR HEALTH. INHALING ASBESTOS HAS BEEN LINKED WITH VARIOUS TYPES OF CANCERS. IF YOU SMOKE AND INHALE ASBESTOS FIBERS, YOUR CHANCES OF DEVELOPING LUNG CANCER IS GREATER THAN THAT OF THE NON-SMOKING PUBLIC.

Your employer's contract with the owner for the above project requires that: You must be supplied with the proper personal protective equipment including an adequate respirator and be trained in its use. You must be trained in safe and healthy work practices and in the use of the equipment found at an asbestos abatement project. You must receive/have a current medical examination for working with asbestos. These things shall be provided at no cost to you. By signing this certificate of worker's acknowledgement you are indicating to the owner that your employer has met these obligations.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: I have been trained in the proper use of respirators and have been informed of the type of respirator to be used on the above indicated project. I have a copy of the written Respiratory Protection Program issued by my employer. I have been provided for my exclusive use, at no cost, with a respirator to be used on the above indicated project.

TRAINING COURSE: I have been trained by a third party, State/EPA accredited trainer in the requirements for an AHERA/OSHA Asbestos Abatement Worker training course, 32-hours minimum duration. I currently have a valid State accreditation certificate. The topics covered in the course include, as a minimum, the following:

Physical Characteristics and Background Information on Asbestos
Potential Health Effects Related to Exposure to Asbestos
Employee Personal Protective Equipment
Establishment of a Respiratory Protection Program
State of the Art Work Practices
Personal Hygiene
Additional Safety Hazards
Medical Monitoring
Air Monitoring
Relevant Federal, State and Local Regulatory Requirements, Procedures, and
Standards
Asbestos Waste Disposal

MEDICAL EXAMINATION: I have had a medical examination within the past 12 months which was paid for by my employer. This examination included: health history, occupational history, pulmonary function test, and may have included a chest x-ray evaluation. The physician issued a positive written opinion after the examination.

Signature:\_\_\_\_\_ Printed Name:

### ATTACHMENT #3 AFFIDAVIT OF MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE, RESPIRATORY PROTECTION AND TRAINING/ACCREDITATION

VA PROJECT NAME AND NUMBER:

VA MEDICAL FACILITY:\_\_\_\_\_

ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR'S NAME AND ADDRESS:

1. I verify that the following individual

Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Social Security Number: \_\_\_\_\_\_ who is proposed to be employed in asbestos abatement work associated with the above project by the named Abatement Contractor, is included in a medical surveillance program in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.1101(m), and that complete records of the medical surveillance program as required by 29 CFR 1926.1101(m)(n) and 29 CFR 1910.20 are kept at the offices of the Abatement Contractor at the following address. Address:

- 2. I verify that this individual has been trained, fit-tested and instructed in the use of all appropriate respiratory protection systems and that the person is capable of working in safe and healthy manner as expected and required in the expected work environment of this project.
- 3. I verify that this individual has been trained as required by 29 CFR 1926.1101(k). This individual has also obtained a valid State accreditation certificate. Documentation will be kept on-site.
- 4. I verify that I meet the minimum qualifications criteria of the VA specifications for a CPIH.

Signature of CPIH/CIH:	Date:
Printed Name of CPIH/CIH:	
Signature of Contractor:	Date:

02 82 13.13 - 62 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

Printed Name of Contractor:

#### ATTACHMENT #4

ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR/COMPETENT PERSON(S) REVIEW AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE VA'S ASBESTOS SPECIFICATIONS

VA	Project	location:
VA	Project	± :
VA	Project	Description:

This form shall be signed by the Asbestos Abatement Contractor Owner and the Asbestos Abatement Contractor's Competent Person(s) prior to any start of work at the VA related to this Specification. If the Asbestos Abatement Contractor's/Competent Person(s) has not signed this form, they shall not be allowed to work on-site.

I, the undersigned, have read VA's Asbestos Specification regarding the asbestos abatement requirements. I understand the requirements of the VA's Asbestos Specification and agree to follow these requirements as well as all required rules and regulations of OSHA/EPA/DOT and State/Local requirements. I have been given ample opportunity to read the VA's Asbestos Specification and have been given an opportunity to ask any questions regarding the content and have received a response related to those questions. I do not have any further questions regarding the content, intent and requirements of the VA's Asbestos Specification.

At the conclusion of the asbestos abatement, I will certify that all asbestos abatement work was done in accordance with the VA's Asbestos Specification and all ACM was removed properly and no fibrous residue remains on any abated surfaces.

Abatement Contractor Owner's Signature Date	
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- - - END - - -

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

### SECTION 02 82 13.19 ASBESTOS FLOOR TILE AND MASTIC ABATEMENT

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL 1
1.1 SUMMARY OF THE WORK 1
1.1.1 CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND RELATED REQUIREMENTS 1
1.1.2 EXTENT OF WORK 1
1.1.3 RELATED WORK 1
1.1.4 TASKS 1
1.1.5 ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR USE OF PREMISES 2
1.2 VARIATIONS IN QUANTITY 2
1.3 STOP ASBESTOS REMOVAL 2
1.4 DEFINITIONS 3
1.4.1 GENERAL
1.4.2 GLOSSARY 3
1.4.3 REFERENCED STANDARDS ORGANIZATIONS
1.5 APPLICABLE CODES AND REGULATIONS 10
1.5.1 GENERAL APPLICABILITY OF CODES, REGULATIONS, AND STANDARDS 10
1.5.2 CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY 11
1.5.3 FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS 11
1.5.4 STATE REQUIREMENTS 11
1.5.5 LOCAL REQUIREMENTS (NOT USED) 12
1.5.6 STANDARDS 12
1.5.7 EPA GUIDANCE DOCUMENTS 12
1.5.8 NOTICES 12
1.5.9 PERMITS 13
1.5.10 POSTING AND FILING OF REGULATIONS 13
1.5.11 VA RESPONSIBILITIES 13
1.5.12 SITE SECURITY 13
1.5.13 EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN AND ARRANGEMENTS 14
1.5.14 PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING 15
1.6 PROJECT COORDINATION 15
1.6.1 PERSONNEL 15
1.7 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION 17
1.7.1 GENERAL - RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAM 17
1.7.2 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAM COORDINATOR 17

VAMC St. Cloud, MN EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 1 St. Cloud, MN 56303			Project Mar Issued	ch 3	30, 2	2022
1.7.3 SELECTION AND USE OF RESPIRATORS		•••		•••	••••	. 17
1.7.4 MINIMUM RESPIRATORY PROTECTION	• • • •	•••		•••	• • • •	. 17
1.7.5 MEDICAL WRITTEN OPINION		• • •		•••	• • • •	. 17
1.7.6 RESPIRATOR FIT TEST				•••		. 17
1.7.7 RESPIRATOR FIT CHECK				•••		. 17
1.7.8 MAINTENANCE AND CARE OF RESPIRATORS				•••		. 18
1.8 WORKER PROTECTION				•••		. 18
1.8.1 TRAINING OF ABATEMENT PERSONNEL				•••		. 18
1.8.2 MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS				• • • •		. 18
1.8.3 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT				•••		. 18
1.8.4 REGULATED AREA ENTRY PROCEDURE						. 18
1.8.5 DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURE						. 19
1.8.6 REGULATED AREA REQUIREMENTS						. 19
PART 2 - PRODUCTS, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT						. 22
2.1 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT						. 22
2.1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS (ALL ABATEMENT PROJECTS)						. 22
2.1.2 NEGATIVE PRESSURE FILTRATION SYSTEM						. 24
2.1.3 DESIGN AND LAYOUT						. 24
2.1.4 NEGATIVE AIR MACHINES (HEPA UNITS)						. 24
2.1.5 PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL						. 25
2.2 CONTAINMENT BARRIERS AND COVERINGS IN THE REGULAT	ED Al	REA				. 25
2.2.1 GENERAL						. 25
2.2.3 CONTROLLING ACCESS TO THE REGULATED AREA						. 26
2.2.4 CRITICAL BARRIERS						. 26
2.2.5 SECONDARY BARRIERS (NOT USED)						. 26
2.2.6 EXTENSION OF THE REGULATED AREA						. 26
2.2.7 FIRESTOPPING (NOT USED)					2	28
2.3 MONITORING, INSPECTION AND TESTING						. 26
2.3.1 GENERAL						. 26
2.3.2 SCOPE OF SERVICES OF THE VPIH/CIH CONSULTANT						. 27
2.3.3 MONITORING, INSPECTION AND TESTING BY CONTRACTO	R CP	IH/	СІН			. 28
2.4 ASBESTOS HAZARD ABATEMENT PLAN						. 29
2.5 SUBMITTALS						. 29
2.5.1 PRE-START MEETING SUBMITTALS						. 29
2.5.2 SUBMITTALS DURING ABATEMENT						. 31
2.5.3 SUBMITTALS AT COMPLETION OF ABATEMENT						. 31

02 82 13.19 - ii

VAMC St. Cloud, MN EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive St. Cloud, MN 56303		Project Mai Issued	ch (	30, 20	22
PART 3 - EXECUTION	 				32
3.1 PRE-ABATEMENT ACTIVITIES	 				32
3.1.1 PRE-ABATEMENT MEETING	 		•••		32
3.1.2 PRE-ABATEMENT INSPECTIONS AND PREPARATIONS	 		•••		32
3.1.3 PRE-ABATEMENT CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATIONS	 		•••		33
3.2 REGULATED AREA PREPARATIONS	 				33
3.2.1 OSHA DANGER SIGNS	 		•••		33
3.2.2 CONTROLLING ACCESS TO THE REGULATED AREA	 		•••		33
3.2.3 SHUT DOWN - LOCK OUT ELECTRICAL	 		•••		33
3.2.4 SHUT DOWN - LOCK OUT HVAC	 		•••		34
3.2.5 SANITARY FACILITIES	 		•••		34
3.2.7 PREPARATION PRIOR TO SEALING OFF	 		•••		34
3.2.8 CRITICAL BARRIERS	 		•••		34
3.2.9 PRIMARY BARRIERS	 •		•	37	
3.2.10 FLOOR BARRIERS	 		•••	37	
3.2.11 PRE-CLEANING MOVABLE OBJECTS	 		•••		35
3.2.12 PRE-CLEANING FIXED OBJECTS	 		•••		35
3.2.13 PRE-CLEANING SURFACES IN THE REGULATED AREA	 •••		•••		35
3.2.14 EXTENSION OF THE REGULATED AREA	 		•••		35
3.3 REMOVAL OF CLASS II FLOORING	 		•••		36
3.3.1 GENERAL	 		•••		36
3.3.2 REMOVAL OF FLOORING MATERIALS	 • • •		•••		36
3.3.3 REMOVAL OF MASTIC	 		•••		36
3.4 DISPOSAL OF CLASS II WASTE MATERIAL	 		•••		36
3.4.1 GENERAL	 		•••		36
3.5 PROJECT DECONTAMINATION	 		•••		37
3.5.1 GENERAL	 		•••		37
3.5.2 REGULATED AREA CLEARANCE	 		•••		37
3.5.3 WORK DESCRIPTION	 • • •		•••		37
3.5.4 PRE-DECONTAMINATION CONDITIONS	 		•••		37
3.5.5 CLEANING	 		•••		37
3.6 VISUAL INSPECTION AND AIR CLEARANCE TESTING	 		•••		38
3.6.1 GENERAL	 		•••		38
3.6.2 VISUAL INSPECTION	 •••	•••••	•••		38
3.6.3 AIR CLEARANCE TESTING	 •••	••••	•••		38
3.6.4 FINAL AIR CLEARANCE PROCEDURES	 				38

VAMC St. Cloud, MN EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 1 St. Cloud, MN 56303	00%	Proje M Issue	arch	30, 2	2022
3.7 ABATEMENT CLOSEOUT AND CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE.		 		• • • • •	. 39
3.7.1 COMPLETION OF ABATEMENT WORK	• • • •	 ••••		• • • • •	. 39
3.7.2 CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION BY CONTRACTOR	• • • •	 ••••		• • • •	. 39
3.7.3 WORK SHIFTS	• • • •	 • • • • •		• • • • •	. 39
ATTACHMENT #1	• • • •	 • • • • •		• • • • •	40
ATTACHMENT #2					
ATTACHMENT #3	• • • •	 ••••		• • • • •	. 42
ATTACHMENT #4	• • • •	 ••••		• • • • •	. 43

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY OF THE WORK

#### 1.1.1 CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND RELATED REQUIREMENTS

Drawings, general provisions of the contract, including general and supplementary conditions and other Division 01 specifications, shall apply to the work of this section. The contract documents show the work to be done under the contract and related requirements and conditions impacting the project. Related requirements and conditions include applicable codes and regulations, notices and permits, existing site conditions and restrictions on use of the site, requirements for partial owner occupancy during the work, coordination with other work and the phasing of the work. In the event the Asbestos Abatement Contractor discovers a conflict in the contract documents and/or requirements or codes, the conflict must be brought to the immediate attention of the Contracting Officer for resolution. Whenever there is a conflict or overlap in the requirements, the most stringent shall apply. Any actions taken by the Contractor without obtaining guidance from the Contracting Officer shall become the sole risk and responsibility of the Asbestos Abatement Contractor. All costs incurred due to such action are also the responsibility of the Asbestos Abatement Contractor.

#### 1.1.2 EXTENT OF WORK

- A. Below is a brief description of the estimated quantities of asbestos flooring materials to be abated. These quantities are for informational purposes only and are based on the best information available at the time of the specification preparation. The Contractor shall satisfy himself as the actual quantities to be abated. Nothing in this section may be interpreted as limiting the extent of work otherwise required by this contract and related documents.
- B. Removal, clean-up and disposal of ACM flooring in an appropriate regulated area in the following approximate quantities:

(2,560) square feet of mastic under non-asbestos floor tile

#### 1.1.3 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 02 41 00, DEMOLITION.
- C. Division 09, FINISHES.

#### 1.1.4 TASKS

The work tasks are summarized briefly as follows:

- A. Pre-abatement activities including pre-abatement meeting(s), inspection(s), notifications, permits, submittal approvals, regulated area preparations, emergency procedures arrangements, and Asbestos Hazard Abatement Plans for asbestos abatement work.
- B. Abatement activities including removal, encapsulation, clean-up and disposal of ACM waste, recordkeeping, security, air monitoring, and inspections.
- C. Cleaning and decontamination activities including final visual inspection, air monitoring and certification of decontamination.

## 1.1.5 ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR USE OF PREMISES

- A. The Contractor and Contractor's personnel shall cooperate fully with the VA representative/consultant to facilitate efficient use of buildings and areas within buildings. The Contractor shall perform the work in accordance with the VA specifications, drawings, phasing plan and in compliance with any/all applicable Federal, State and Local regulations and requirements.
- B. The Contractor shall use the existing facilities in the building strictly within the limits indicated in contract documents as well as the approved VA Design Construction Procedure. Any variation from the arrangements shown on drawings shall be secured in writing from the VA representative through the pre-abatement plan of action. The following limitations of use shall apply to existing facilities shown on drawings:

#### 1.2 VARIATIONS IN QUANTITY

The quantities and locations of ACM as indicated on the drawings and the extent of work included in this section are estimated which are limited by the physical constraints imposed by occupancy of the buildings and accessibility to ACM. Accordingly, minor variations (+/-5%) in quantities of ACM within the regulated area are considered as having no impact on contract price and time requirements of this contract. Where additional work is required beyond the above variation, the contractor shall provide unit prices for newly discovered ACM and those prices shall be used for additional work required under the contractor.

## 1.3 STOP ASBESTOS REMOVAL

If the Contracting Officer; their field representative; (the facility Safety Officer/Manager or their designee, or the VA Professional Industrial Hygienist/Certified Industrial Hygienist (VPIH/CIH) presents a verbal Stop Asbestos Removal Order, the Contractor/Personnel shall immediately stop all asbestos removal and maintain HEPA filtered negative pressure air flow in the containment and adequately wet any exposed ACM. If a verbal Stop Asbestos Removal Order is issued, the VA shall followup with a written order to the Contractor as soon as it is practicable. The Contractor shall not resume any asbestos removal activity until authorized to do so in writing by the VA Contracting Officer. A stop asbestos removal order may be issued at any time the VA Contracting Officer determines abatement conditions/activities are not within VA specification, regulatory requirements or that an imminent hazard exists to human health or the environment. Work stoppage will continue until conditions have been corrected to the satisfaction of the VA. Standby time and costs for corrective actions will be borne by the Contractor, including the VPIH/CIH time. The occurrence of any of the following events shall be reported immediately by the Contractor's competent person to the VA Contracting Office or field representative using the most expeditious means (e.g., verbal or telephonic), followed up with written notification to the Contracting Officer as soon as practical. The Contractor shall immediately stop asbestos removal/disturbance activities and initiate fiber reduction activities:

- A. Airborne PCM analysis results equal to or greater than 0.01 f/cc outside a regulated area;
- B. breach or break in regulated area containment barrier(s);
- C. less than -0.02'' WCG pressure in the regulated area;
- D. serious injury/death at the site;

- E. fire/safety emergency at the site;
- F. respiratory protection system failure;
- G. power failure or loss of wetting agent; or
- H. any visible emissions observed outside the regulated area.

#### 1.4 DEFINITIONS

## 1.4.1 GENERAL

Definitions and explanations here are neither complete nor exclusive of all terms used in the contract documents, but are general for the work to the extent they are not stated more explicitly in another element of the contract documents. Drawings must be recognized as diagrammatic in nature and not completely descriptive of the requirements indicated therein.

## 1.4.2 GLOSSARY

Abatement - Procedures to control fiber release from asbestos-containing materials. Includes removal, encapsulation, enclosure, demolition, and renovation activities related to asbestos containing materials (ACM). Aerosol - Solid or liquid particulate suspended in air.

Adequately wet - Sufficiently mixed or penetrated with liquid to prevent the release of particulates. If visible emissions are observed coming from the ACM, then that material has not been adequately wetted.

**Aggressive method** - Removal or disturbance of building material by sanding, abrading, grinding, or other method that breaks, crumbles, or disintegrates intact ACM.

**Aggressive sampling** - EPA AHERA defined clearance sampling method using air moving equipment such as fans and leaf blowers to aggressively disturb and maintain in the air residual fibers after abatement.

**AHERA** - Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act. Asbestos regulations for schools issued in 1987.

**Aircell** - Pipe or duct insulation made of corrugated cardboard which contains asbestos.

Air monitoring - The process of measuring the fiber content of a known volume of air collected over a specified period of time. The NIOSH 7400 Method, Issue 2 is used to determine the fiber levels in air. For personal samples and clearance air testing using Phase Contrast Microscopy (PCM) analysis. NIOSH Method 7402 can be used when it is necessary to confirm fibers counted by PCM as being asbestos. The AHERA TEM analysis may be used for background, area samples and clearance samples when required by this specification, or at the discretion of the VPIH/CIH as appropriate.

Air sample filter - The filter used to collect fibers which are then counted. The filter is made of mixed cellulose ester membrane for PCM (Phase Contrast Microscopy) and polycarbonate for TEM (Transmission Electron Microscopy)

Amended water - Water to which a surfactant (wetting agent) has been added to increase the penetrating ability of the liquid.

Asbestos - Includes chrysotile, amosite, crocidolite, tremolite asbestos, anthophyllite asbestos, actinolite asbestos, and any of these minerals that have been chemically treated or altered. Asbestos also includes PACM, as defined below.

Asbestos Hazard Abatement Plan (AHAP) - Asbestos work procedures required to be submitted by the contractor before work begins.

Asbestos-containing material (ACM) - Any material containing more than one percent of asbestos.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Asbestos contaminated elements (ACE) - Building elements such as ceilings, walls, lights, or ductwork that are contaminated with asbestos.

Asbestos-contaminated soil (ACS) - Soil found in the work area or in adjacent areas such as crawlspaces or pipe tunnels which is contaminated with asbestos-containing material debris and cannot be easily separated from the material.

Asbestos-containing waste (ACW) material - Asbestos-containing material or asbestos contaminated objects requiring disposal.

Asbestos Project Monitor - Some states require that any person conducting asbestos abatement clearance inspections and clearance air sampling be licensed as an asbestos project monitor.

Asbestos waste decontamination facility - A system consisting of drum/bag washing facilities and a temporary storage area for cleaned containers of asbestos waste. Used as the exit for waste and equipment leaving the regulated area. In an emergency, it may be used to evacuate personnel.

Authorized person - Any person authorized by the VA, the Contractor, or government agency and required by work duties to be present in regulated areas.

Authorized visitor - Any person approved by the VA; the contractor; or any government agency representative having jurisdiction over the regulated area (e.g., OSHA, Federal and State EPA0.

**Barrier** - Any surface the isolates the regulated area and inhibits fiber migration from the regulated area.

**Containment Barrier** - An airtight barrier consisting of walls, floors, and/or ceilings of sealed plastic sheeting which surrounds and seals the outer perimeter of the regulated area.

**Critical Barrier** - The barrier responsible for isolating the regulated area from adjacent spaces, typically constructed of plastic sheeting secured in place at openings such as doors, windows, or any other opening into the regulated area.

**Primary Barrier** - Plastic barriers placed over critical barriers and exposed directly to abatement work.

Secondary Barrier - Any additional plastic barriers used to isolate and provide protection from debris during abatement work.

**Breathing zone** - The hemisphere forward of the shoulders with a radius of about 150 - 225 mm (6 - 9 inches) from the worker's nose.

**Bridging encapsulant** - An encapsulant that forms a layer on the surface of the ACM.

**Building/facility owner** - The legal entity, including a lessee, which exercises control over management and recordkeeping functions relating to a building and/or facility in which asbestos activities take place.

Bulk testing - The collection and analysis of suspect asbestos containing
materials.

**Certified Industrial Hygienist (CIH)** - A person certified in the comprehensive practice of industrial hygiene by the American Board of Industrial Hygiene.

**Class I asbestos work** - Activities involving the removal of Thermal System Insulation (TSI) and surfacing ACM and Presumed Asbestos Containing Material (PACM).

**Class II asbestos work** - Activities involving the removal of ACM which is not thermal system insulation or surfacing material. This includes, but is not limited to, the removal of asbestos-containing wallboard, floor tile and sheeting, roofing and siding shingles, and construction mastic.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

**Clean room/Changing room** - An uncontaminated room having facilities for the storage of employee's street clothing and uncontaminated materials and equipment.

**Clearance sample** - The final air sample taken after all asbestos work has been done and visually inspected. Performed by the VA's professional industrial hygiene consultant/Certified Industrial Hygienist (VPIH/CIH). **Closely resemble** - The major workplace conditions which have contributed to the levels of historic asbestos exposure, are no more protective than conditions of the current workplace.

**Competent person** - In addition to the definition in 29 CFR 1926.32(f), one who is capable of identifying existing asbestos hazards in the workplace and selecting the appropriate control strategy for asbestos exposure, who has the authority to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate them, as specified in 29 CFR 1926.32(f); in addition, for Class I and II work who is specially trained in a training course which meets the criteria of EPA's Model Accreditation Plan (40 CFR 763) for supervisor.

**Contractor's Professional Industrial Hygienist (CPIH/CIH)** - The asbestos abatement contractor's industrial hygienist. The industrial hygienist must meet the qualification requirements of a PIH and may be a certified industrial hygienist (CIH).

**Count** - Refers to the fiber count or the average number of fibers greater than five microns in length with a length-to-width (aspect) ratio of at least 3 to 1, per cubic centimeter of air.

**Crawlspace** - An area which can be found either in or adjacent to the work area. This area has limited access and egress and may contain asbestos materials and/or asbestos contaminated soil.

**Decontamination area/unit** - An enclosed area adjacent to and connected to the regulated area and consisting of an equipment room, shower room, and clean room, which is used for the decontamination of workers, materials, and equipment that are contaminated with asbestos.

**Demolition** - The wrecking or taking out of any load-supporting structural member and any related razing, removing, or stripping of asbestos products.

VA Total - means a building or substantial part of the building is completely removed, torn or knocked down, bulldozed, flattened, or razed, including removal of building debris.

**Disposal bag** - Typically 6 mil thick sift-proof, dustproof, leak-tight container used to package and transport asbestos waste from regulated areas to the approved landfill. Each bag/container must be labeled/marked in accordance with EPA, OSHA and DOT requirements.

**Disturbance** - Activities that disrupt the matrix of ACM or PACM, crumble or pulverize ACM or PACM, or generate visible debris from ACM or PACM. Disturbance includes cutting away small amounts of ACM or PACM, no greater than the amount that can be contained in one standard sized glove bag or waste bag in order to access a building component. In no event shall the amount of ACM or PACM so disturbed exceed that which can be contained in one glove bag or disposal bag which shall not exceed 60 inches in length or width.

**Drum** - A rigid, impermeable container made of cardboard fiber, plastic, or metal which can be sealed in order to be sift-proof, dustproof, and leak-tight.

**Employee exposure** - The exposure to airborne asbestos that would occur if the employee were not wearing respiratory protection equipment.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

**Encapsulant** - A material that surrounds or embeds asbestos fibers in an adhesive matrix and prevents the release of fibers.

Encapsulation - Treating ACM with an encapsulant.

**Enclosure** - The construction of an air tight, impermeable, permanent barrier around ACM to control the release of asbestos fibers from the material and also eliminate access to the material.

**Equipment room** - A contaminated room located within the decontamination area that is supplied with impermeable bags or containers for the disposal of contaminated protective clothing and equipment.

**Fiber** - A particulate form of asbestos, 5 microns or longer, with a length to width (aspect) ratio of at least 3 to 1.

Fibers per cubic centimeter (f/cc) - Abbreviation for fibers per cubic centimeter, used to describe the level of asbestos fibers in air.

Filter - Media used in respirators, vacuums, or other machines to remove
particulate from air.

**Firestopping** - Material used to close the open parts of a structure in order to prevent a fire from spreading.

Friable asbestos containing material - Any material containing more than one (1) percent or asbestos as determined using the method specified in appendix A, Subpart F, 40 CFR 763, section 1, Polarized Light Microscopy, that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

**Glovebag** - Not more than a 60  $\times$  60 inch impervious plastic bag-like enclosure affixed around an asbestos-containing material, with glove-like appendages through which materials and tools may be handled.

High efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter - An ASHRAE MERV 17 filter capable of trapping and retaining at least 99.97 percent of all monodispersed particles of 0.3 micrometers in diameter.

**HEPA vacuum** - Vacuum collection equipment equipped with a HEPA filter system capable of collecting and retaining asbestos fibers.

Homogeneous area - An area of surfacing, thermal system insulation or miscellaneous ACM that is uniform in color, texture and date of application.

HVAC - Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning

**Industrial hygienist (IH)** - A professional qualified by education, training, and experience to anticipate, recognize, evaluate and develop controls for occupational health hazards. Meets definition requirements of the American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA).

Industrial hygienist technician (IH Technician) - A person working under the direction of an IH or CIH who has special training, experience, certifications and licenses required for the industrial hygiene work assigned. Some states require that an industrial hygienist technician conducting asbestos abatement clearance inspection and clearance air sampling be licensed as an asbestos project monitor.

**Intact** - The ACM has not crumbled, been pulverized, or otherwise deteriorated so that the asbestos is no longer likely to be bound with its matrix.

**Lockdown** - Applying encapsulant, after a final visual inspection, on all abated surfaces at the conclusion of ACM removal prior to removal of critical barriers.

National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) - EPA's rule to control emissions of asbestos to the environment (40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M).

Negative initial exposure assessment - A demonstration by the employer which complies with the criteria in 29 CFR 1926.1101 (f)(2)(iii), that

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

employee exposure during an operation is expected to be consistently below the PELs.

**Negative pressure** - Air pressure which is lower than the surrounding area, created by exhausting air from a sealed regulated area through HEPA equipped filtration units. OSHA requires maintaining -0.02" water column gauge inside the negative pressure enclosure.

**Negative pressure respirator** - A respirator in which the air pressure inside the facepiece is negative during inhalation relative to the air pressure outside the respirator facepiece.

Non-friable ACM - Material that contains more than 1 percent asbestos but cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

**Organic vapor cartridge** - The type of cartridge used on air purifying respirators to remove organic vapor hazardous air contaminants.

**Outside air** - The air outside buildings and structures, including, but not limited to, the air under a bridge or in an open ferry dock.

**Owner/operator** - Any person who owns, leases, operates, controls, or supervises the facility being demolished or renovated or any person who owns, leases, operates, controls, or supervises the demolition or renovation operation, or both.

**Penetrating encapsulant** - Encapsulant that is absorbed into the ACM matrix without leaving a surface layer.

**Personal protective equipment (PPE)** - equipment designed to protect user from injury and/or specific job hazard. Such equipment may include protective clothing, hard hats, safety glasses, and respirators.

**Personal sampling/monitoring** - Representative air samples obtained in the breathing zone for one or workers within the regulated area using a filter cassette and a calibrated air sampling pump to determine asbestos exposure.

**Permissible exposure limit (PEL)** - The level of exposure OSHA allows for an 8 hour time weighted average. For asbestos fibers, the eight (8) hour time weighted average PEL is 0.1 fibers per cubic centimeter (0.1 f/cc) of air and the 30-minute Excursion Limit is 1.0 fibers per cubic centimeter (1 f/cc).

**Pipe Tunnel** - An area, typically located adjacent to mechanical spaces or boiler rooms in which the pipes servicing the heating system in the building are routed to allow the pipes to access heating elements. These areas may contain asbestos pipe insulation, asbestos fittings, or asbestos-contaminated soil.

**Polarized light microscopy (PLM)** - Light microscopy using dispersion staining techniques and refractive indices to identify and quantify the type(s) of asbestos present in a bulk sample.

**Polyethylene sheeting** - Strong plastic barrier material 4 to 6 mils thick, semi-transparent, flame retardant per NFPA 241.

**Positive/negative fit check** - A method of verifying the seal of a facepiece respirator by temporarily occluding the filters and breathing in (inhaling) and then temporarily occluding the exhalation valve and breathing out (exhaling) while checking for inward or outward leakage of the respirator respectively.

**Presumed ACM (PACM)** - Thermal system insulation, surfacing, and flooring material installed in buildings prior to 1981. If the building owner has actual knowledge, or should have known through the exercise of due diligence that other materials are ACM, they too must be treated as PACM. The designation of PACM may be rebutted pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.1101 (b). **Professional IH** - An IH who meets the definition requirements of AIHA; meets the definition requirements of OSHA as a "Competent Person" at 29

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

CFR 1926.1101 (b); has completed two specialized EPA approved courses on management and supervision of asbestos abatement projects; has formal training in respiratory protection and waste disposal; and has a minimum of four projects of similar complexity with this project of which at least three projects serving as the supervisory IH. The PIH may be either the VA's PIH (VPIH) of Contractor's PIH (CPIH/CIH).

**Project designer** - A person who has successfully completed the training requirements for an asbestos abatement project designer as required by 40 CFR 763 Appendix C, Part I; (B) (5).

Assigned Protection factor - A value assigned by OSHA/NIOSH to indicate the expected protection provided by each respirator class, when the respirator is properly selected and worn correctly. The number indicates the reduction of exposure level from outside to inside the respirator facepiece.

**Qualitative fit test (QLFT)** - A fit test using a challenge material that can be sensed by the wearer if leakage in the respirator occurs.

Quantitative fit test (QNFT) - A fit test using a challenge material which is quantified outside and inside the respirator thus allowing the determination of the actual fit factor.

**Regulated area** - An area established by the employer to demarcate where Class I, II, and III asbestos work is conducted, and any adjoining area where debris and waste from such asbestos work may accumulate; and a work area within which airborne concentrations of asbestos exceed, or there is a reasonable possibility they may exceed the PEL.

**Regulated ACM (RACM)** - Friable ACM; Category I non-friable ACM that has become friable; Category I non-friable ACM that will be or has been subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting, or abrading or; Category II nonfriable ACM that has a high probability of becoming or has become crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by the forces expected to act on the material in the course of the demolition or renovation operation. **Removal** - All operations where ACM, PACM and/or RACM is taken out or stripped from structures or substrates, including demolition operations. **Renovation** - Altering a facility or one or more facility components in any way, including the stripping or removal of asbestos from a facility component which does not involve demolition activity.

**Repair** - Overhauling, rebuilding, reconstructing, or reconditioning of structures or substrates, including encapsulation or other repair of ACM or PACM attached to structures or substrates.

Shower room - The portion of the PDF where personnel shower before leaving the regulated area.

**Supplied air respirator (SAR)** - A respiratory protection system that supplies minimum Grade D respirable air per ANSI/Compressed Gas Association Commodity Specification for Air, G-7.1-1989.

**Surfacing ACM** - A material containing more than 1 percent asbestos that is sprayed, troweled on or otherwise applied to surfaces for acoustical, fireproofing and other purposes.

**Surfactant** - A chemical added to water to decrease water's surface tension thus making it more penetrating into ACM.

**Thermal system ACM** - A material containing more than 1 percent asbestos applied to pipes, fittings, boilers, breeching, tanks, ducts, or other structural components to prevent heat loss or gain.

**Transmission electron microscopy (TEM)** - A microscopy method that can identify and count asbestos fibers.

**VA Professional Industrial Hygienist (VPIH/CIH)** - The Department of Veterans Affairs Professional Industrial Hygienist must meet the

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

qualifications of a PIH, and may be a Certified Industrial Hygienist (CIH).

**VA Representative** - The VA official responsible for on-going project work. **Visible emissions** - Any emissions, which are visually detectable without the aid of instruments, coming from ACM/PACM/RACM/ACS or ACM waste material.

Waste/Equipment decontamination facility (W/EDF) - The area in which equipment is decontaminated before removal from the regulated area.

Waste generator - Any owner or operator whose act or process produces asbestos-containing waste material.

Waste shipment record - The shipping document, required to be originated and signed by the waste generator, used to track and substantiate the disposition of asbestos-containing waste material.

Wet cleaning - The process of thoroughly eliminating, by wet methods, any asbestos contamination from surfaces or objects.

#### 1.4.3 REFERENCED STANDARDS ORGANIZATIONS

The following acronyms or abbreviations as referenced in contract/ specification documents are defined to mean the associated names. Names and addresses may be subject to change.

- A. VA Department of Veterans Affairs 810 Vermont Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20420
- B. AIHA American Industrial Hygiene Association 2700 Prosperity Avenue, Suite 250 Fairfax, VA 22031 703-849-8888
- C. ANSI American National Standards Institute 1430 Broadway New York, NY 10018 212-354-3300
- D. ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials 1916 Race St. Philadelphia, PA 19103 215-299-5400
- E. CFR Code of Federal Regulations Government Printing Office Washington, DC 20420
- F. CGA Compressed Gas Association 1235 Jefferson Davis Highway Arlington, VA 22202 703-979-0900
- G. CS Commercial Standard of the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)
   U. S. Department of Commerce Government Printing Office Washington, DC 20420

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- H. EPA Environmental Protection Agency 401 M St., SW Washington, DC 20460 202-382-3949
- I. MIL-STD Military Standards/Standardization Division Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense Washington, DC 20420
- I. NEC National Electrical Code (by NFPA)
- J. NEMA National Electrical Manufacturer's Association 2101 L Street, NW Washington, DC 20037
- K. NFPA National Fire Protection Association 1 Batterymarch Park P.O. Box 9101 Quincy, MA 02269-9101 800-344-3555
- L. NIOSH National Institutes for Occupational Safety and Health 4676 Columbia Parkway Cincinnati, OH 45226 513-533-8236
- M. OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration U.S. Department of Labor Government Printing Office Washington, DC 20402
- N. UL Underwriters Laboratory 333 Pfingsten Rd. Northbrook, IL 60062 312-272-8800

#### 1.5 APPLICABLE CODES AND REGULATIONS

# 1.5.1 GENERAL APPLICABILITY OF CODES, REGULATIONS, AND STANDARDS

- A. All work under this contract shall be done in strict accordance with all applicable Federal, State, and local regulations, standards and codes governing asbestos abatement, and any other trade work done in conjunction with the abatement. All applicable codes, regulations and standards are adopted into this specification and will have the same force and effect as this specification.
- B. The most recent edition of any relevant regulation, standard, document or code shall be in effect. Where conflict among the requirements or with these specifications exists, the most stringent requirement(s) shall be utilized.
- C. Copies of all standards, regulations, codes and other applicable documents, including this specification and those listed in Section 1.5 shall be available at the worksite in the clean change area of the worker decontamination system.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 1.5.2 CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY

The Asbestos Abatement Contractor (Contractor) shall assume full responsibility and liability for compliance with all applicable Federal, State and Local regulations related to any and all aspects of the asbestos abatement project. The Contractor is responsible for providing and maintaining training, accreditations, medical exams, medical records, personal protective equipment (PPE) including respiratory protection including respirator fit testing, as required by applicable Federal, State and Local regulations. The Contractor shall hold the VA and VPIH/CIH consultants harmless for any Contractor's failure to comply with any applicable work, packaging, transporting, disposal, safety, health, or environmental requirement on the part of himself, his employees, or his subcontractors. The Contractor will incur all costs of the CPIH/CIH, including all sampling/analytical costs to assure compliance with OSHA/EPA/State requirements related to failure to comply with the regulations applicable to the work.

# 1.5.3 FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS

Federal requirements which govern some aspect of asbestos abatement include, but are not limited to, the following regulations.

- A. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)
  - 1. Title 29 CFR 1926.1101 Construction Standard for Asbestos
  - 2. Title 29 CFR 1910.132 Personal Protective Equipment
  - 3. Title 29 CFR 1910.134 Respiratory Protection
  - 4. Title 29 CFR 1926 Construction Industry Standards
  - 5. Title 29 CFR 1910.20 Access to Employee Exposure and Medical Records
  - 6. Title 29 CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication
  - 7. Title 29 CFR 1910.151 Medical and First Aid
- B. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
  - 40 CFR 61 Subpart A and M (Revised Subpart B) National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants - Asbestos.
  - 2. 40 CFR 763.80 Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA)
- C. Department of Transportation (DOT) Title 49 CFR 100 - 185 - Transportation

#### 1.5.4 STATE REQUIREMENTS

State requirements that apply to the asbestos abatement work, disposal, clearance, etc., include, but are not limited to, the following:

Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA):

- The MPCA has been delegated the authority by the EPA to enforce NESHAP regulations. They may also review projects for compliance with MDH Asbestos Abatement Rules.
- Guidance Regarding Proper Containment, Shipping and Final Disposal of Asbestos Residual Materials at MPCA-Permitted Landfills (*Minnesota Rules 7035.1700*).

Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry:

- 1. Maintenance and Repair of Buildings and Equipment-Asbestos (Minnesota Rules 5205.0660).
- 2. Demolition, Restoration, Remodeling Survey (Minnesota Rules 5207.0035).

02 82 13.19 - 11 ASBESTOS FLOOR TILE AND MASTIC ABATEMENT

Minnesota Department of Health:

1. Asbestos Abatement Rules (Minnesota Rules 4620.3000 to 4620.3724 and Minnesota Statute Sections 326.70 to 326.81).

## 1.5.5 LOCAL REQUIREMENTS (NOT USED)

## 1.5.6 STANDARDS

- A. Standards which govern asbestos abatement activities include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Z9.2-79 Fundamentals Governing the Design and Operation of Local Exhaust Systems Z88.2 -Practices for Respiratory Protection.
  - 2. Underwriters Laboratories (UL) 586-90 UL Standard for Safety of HEPA filter Units, 7th Edition.
- B. Standards which govern encapsulation work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
- C. Standards which govern the fire and safety concerns in abatement work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 241 Standard for Safeguarding Construction, Alteration, and Demolition Operations.
  - 2. NFPA 701 Standard Methods for Fire Tests for Flame Resistant Textiles and Film.
  - 3. NFPA 101 Life Safety Code

#### 1.5.7 EPA GUIDANCE DOCUMENTS

- A. EPA guidance documents which discuss asbestos abatement work activities are listed below. These documents are made part of this section by reference. EPA publications can be ordered from (800) 424-9065.
- B. Guidance for Controlling ACM in Buildings (Purple Book) EPA 560/5-85-024
- C. Asbestos Waste Management Guidance EPA 530-SW-85-007
- D. A Guide to Respiratory Protection for the Asbestos Abatement Industry EPA-560-OPTS-86-001
- E. Guide to Managing Asbestos in Place (Green Book) TS 799 20T July 1990

#### 1.5.8 NOTICES

- A. State and Local agencies: Send written notification as required by state and local regulations including the local fire department prior to beginning any work on ACM as follows:
- B. Copies of notifications shall be submitted to the VA for the facility's records in the same time frame notification are given to EPA, State, and Local authorities.
- MN Asbestos Coordinator MPCA, Metro Districts Regular Facilities Section 520 Lafayette Road St. Paul, MN 55155-4194

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## 1.5.9 PERMITS

- A. The contractor shall apply for and have all required permits and licenses to perform asbestos abatement work as required by Federal, State, and Local regulations.
- At least five (5) calendar days prior to commencement of work, submit "Notification of Intent to Perform an Asbestos Abatement Project" with a copy of a signed contract or other written evidence of the total cost of the abatement project and a check in the amount of one percent of the total cost of the abatement project, made payable to "Minnesota Department of Health", to:

Minnesota Department of Health Division of Environmental Health Asbestos/Lead Compliance Unit P.O. Box 64497 St. Paul, MN 55164-0497 651-201-4610/4620

The Contractor shall list the CPIH as the AIR MONITORING CONTRACTOR on the above referenced notification.

## 1.5.10 POSTING AND FILING OF REGULATIONS

A. Maintain two (2) copies of applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Post one copy of each at the regulated area where workers will have daily access to the regulations and keep another copy in the Contractor's office.

## 1.5.11 VA RESPONSIBILITIES

Prior to commencement of work:

A. Notify occupants adjacent to regulated areas of project dates and requirements for relocation, if needed. Arrangements must be made prior to starting work for relocation of desks, files, equipments and personal possessions to avoid unauthorized access into the regulated area. Note: Notification of adjacent personnel is required by OSHA in 29 CFR 1926.1101 (k) to prevent unnecessary or unauthorized access to the regulated area.

## 1.5.12 SITE SECURITY

- A. Regulated area access is to be restricted only to authorized, trained/accredited and protected personnel. These may include the Contractor's employees, employees of Subcontractors, VA employees and representatives, State and local inspectors, and any other designated individuals. A list of authorized personnel shall be established prior to commencing the project and be posted in the clean room of the decontamination unit.
- B. Entry into the regulated area by unauthorized individuals shall be reported immediately to the Competent Person by anyone observing the entry. The Competent person shall immediately notify the VA.
- C. A log book shall be maintained in the clean room of the decontamination unit. Anyone who enters the regulated area must record their name, affiliation, time in, and time out for each entry.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- D. Access to the regulated area shall be through of a critical barrier doorway. All other access (doors, windows, hallways, etc.) shall be sealed or locked to prevent entry to or exit from the regulated area. The only exceptions for this requirement are the waste/equipment load-out area which shall be sealed except during the removal of containerized asbestos waste from the regulated area, and emergency exits. Emergency exits shall not be locked from the inside; however, they shall be sealed with poly sheeting and taped until needed.
- E. The Contractor's Competent Person shall control site security during abatement operations in order to isolate work in progress and protect adjacent personnel. A 24 hour security system shall be provided at the entrance to the regulated area to assure that all entrants are logged in/out and that only authorized personnel are allowed entrance.
- F. The Contractor will have the VA's assistance in notifying adjacent personnel of the presence, location and quantity of ACM in the regulated area and enforcement of restricted access by the VA's employees.
- G. The regulated area shall be locked during non-working hours and secured by VA security guards.

# 1.5.13 EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN AND ARRANGEMENTS

- A. An Emergency Action Plan shall be developed prior to commencing abatement activities and shall be agreed to by the Contractor and the VA. The Plan shall meet the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.38 (a); (b).
- B. Emergency procedures shall be in written form and prominently posted in the clean room and equipment room of the decontamination unit. Everyone, prior to entering the regulated area, must read and sign these procedures to acknowledge understanding of the regulated area layout, location of emergency exits and emergency procedures.
- C. Emergency planning shall include written notification of police, fire, and emergency medical personnel of planned abatement activities; work schedule; layout of regulated area; and access to the regulated area, particularly barriers that may affect response capabilities.
- D. Emergency planning shall include consideration of fire, explosion, hazardous atmospheres, electrical hazards, slips/trips and falls, confined spaces, and heat stress illness. Written procedures for response to emergency situations shall be developed and employee training in procedures shall be provided.
- E. Employees shall be trained in regulated area/site evacuation procedures in the event of workplace emergencies.
  - 1. For non life-threatening situations employees injured or otherwise incapacitated shall decontaminate following normal procedures with assistance from fellow workers, if necessary, before exiting the regulated area to obtain proper medical treatment.
  - 2. For life-threatening injury or illness, worker decontamination shall take least priority after measures to stabilize the injured worker, remove them from the regulated area, and secure proper medical treatment.
- F. Telephone numbers of any/all emergency response personnel shall be prominently posted in the clean room, along with the location of the nearest telephone.
- G. The Contractor shall provide verification of first aid/CPR training for personnel responsible for providing first aid/CPR. OSHA requires medical assistance within 3-4 minutes of a life-threatening injury/illness. Bloodborne Pathogen training shall also be verified for those personnel required to provide first aid/CPR.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

H. The Emergency Action Plan shall provide for a Contingency Plan in the event that an incident occurs that may require the modification of the Asbestos Hazard Abatement Plans during abatement. Such incidents include, but are not limited to, fire; accident; power failure; negative pressure failure; and supplied air system failure. The Contractor shall detail procedures to be followed in the event of an incident assuring that asbestos abatement work is stopped and wetting is continued until correction of the problem.

## 1.5.14 PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING

Prior to commencing the work, the Contractor shall meet with the VA Certified Industrial Hygienist (VPCIH) to present and review, as appropriate, the items following this paragraph. The Contractor's Competent Person(s) who will be on-site shall participate in the prestart meeting. The pre-start meeting is to discuss and determine procedures to be used during the project. At this meeting, the Contractor shall provide:

- A. Proof of Contractor licensing.
- B. Proof the Competent Person(s) is trained and accredited and approved for working in this State. Verification of the experience of the Competent Person(s) shall also be presented.
- C. A list of all workers who will participate in the project, including experience and verification of training and accreditation.
- D. A list of and verification of training for all personnel who have current first-aid/CPR training. A minimum of one person per shift must have adequate training.
- E. Current medical written opinions for all personnel working on-site meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (m).
- F. Current fit-tests for all personnel wearing respirators on-site meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (h) and Appendix C.
- G. A copy of the Asbestos Hazard Abatement Plan. In these procedures, the following information must be detailed, specific for this project.
  - 1. Regulated area preparation procedures;
  - Notification requirements procedure of Contractor as required in 29 CFR 1926.1101 (d);
  - Decontamination area set-up/layout and decontamination procedures for employees;
  - 4. Abatement methods/procedures and equipment to be used;
  - 5. Personal protective equipment to be used;
- H. At this meeting the Contractor shall provide all submittals as required.
- I. Procedures for handling, packaging and disposal of asbestos waste.
- J. Emergency Action Plan and Contingency Plan Procedures.

# 1.6 PROJECT COORDINATION

The following are the minimum administrative and supervisory personnel necessary for coordination of the work.

# 1.6.1 PERSONNEL

A. Administrative and supervisory personnel shall consist of a qualified Competent Person(s) as defined by OSHA in the Construction Standards and the Asbestos Construction Standard; Contractor Professional Industrial Hygienist and Industrial Hygiene Technicians. These employees are the

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Contractor's representatives responsible for compliance with these specifications and all other applicable requirements.

- B. Non-supervisory personnel shall consist of an adequate number of qualified personnel to meet the schedule requirements of the project. Personnel shall meet required qualifications. Personnel utilized on-site shall be pre-approved by the VA representative. A request for approval shall be submitted for any person to be employed during the project giving the person's name; social security number; qualifications; accreditation card with color picture; Certificate of Worker's Acknowledgment; and Affidavit of Medical Surveillance and Respiratory Protection and current Respirator Fit Test.
- C. Minimum qualifications for Contractor and assigned personnel are:
  - 1. The Contractor has conducted within the last three (3) years, three (3) projects of similar complexity and dollar value as this project; has not been cited and penalized for serious violations of federal (and state as applicable) EPA and OSHA asbestos regulations in the past three (3) years; has adequate liability/occurrence insurance for asbestos work as required by the state; is licensed in applicable states; has adequate and qualified personnel available to complete the work; has comprehensive Asbestos Hazard Abatement Plans for asbestos work; and has adequate materials, equipment and supplies to perform the work.
  - 2. The Competent Person has four (4) years of abatement experience of which two (2) years were as the Competent Person on the project; meets the OSHA definition of a Competent Person; has been the Competent Person on two (2) projects of similar size and complexity as this project within the past three (3) years; has completed EPA AHERA/OSHA/State/Local training requirements/accreditation(s) and refreshers; and has all required OSHA documentation related to medical and respiratory protection.
  - 3. The Contractor Professional Industrial Hygienist/CIH (CPIH/CIH) shall have five (5) years of monitoring experience and supervision of asbestos abatement projects; has participated as senior IH on five (5) abatement projects, three (3) of which are similar in size and complexity as this project; has developed at least one complete Asbestos Hazard Abatement Plan for asbestos abatement; has trained abatement personnel for three (3) years; has specialized EPA AHERA/OSHA training in asbestos abatement management, respiratory protection, waste disposal and asbestos inspection; has completed the NIOSH 582 Course or equivalent, Contractor/Supervisor course; and has appropriate medical/respiratory protection records/documentation.
  - 4. The Abatement Personnel shall have completed the EPA AHERA/OSHA abatement worker course; have training on the Asbestos Hazard Abatement Plans of the Contractor; has one year of asbestos abatement experience within the past three (3) years of similar size and complexity; has applicable medical and respiratory protection documentation; and has certificate of training/current refresher and State accreditation/license.

All personnel should be in compliance with OSHA construction safety training as applicable and submit certification.

#### 1.7 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

# 1.7.1 GENERAL - RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAM

The Contractor shall develop and implement a written Respiratory Protection Program (RPP) which is in compliance with the January 8, 1998 OSHA requirements found at 29 CFR 1926.1101 and 29 CFR 1910.Subpart I;134. ANSI Standard Z88.2-1992 provides excellent guidance for developing a respiratory protection program. All respirators used must be NIOSH approved for asbestos abatement activities. The written RPP shall, at a minimum, contain the basic requirements found at 29 CFR 1910.134 (c)(1)(i - ix) - Respiratory Protection Program.

## 1.7.2 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAM COORDINATOR

The Respiratory Protection Program Coordinator (RPPC) must be identified and shall have two (2) years experience coordinating RPP of similar size and complexity. The RPPC must submit a signed statement attesting to the fact that the program meets the above requirements.

## 1.7.3 SELECTION AND USE OF RESPIRATORS

The procedure for the selection and use of respirators must be submitted to the VA as part of the Contractor's qualifications. The procedure must written clearly enough for workers to understand. A copy of the Respiratory Protection Program must be available in the clean room of the decontamination unit for reference by employees or authorized visitors.

#### 1.7.4 MINIMUM RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Minimum respiratory protection shall be a half face, HEPA filtered, air purifying respirator when fiber levels are maintained consistently at or below 0.1 f/cc. A higher level of respiratory protection may be provided or required, depending on fiber levels. Respirator selection shall meet the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (h); Table 1, except as indicated in this paragraph. Abatement personnel must have a respirator for their exclusive use.

# 1.7.5 MEDICAL WRITTEN OPINION

No employee shall be allowed to wear a respirator unless a physician or other licensed health care professional has provided a written determination they are medically qualified to wear the class of respirator to be used on the project while wearing whole body impermeable garments and subjected to heat or cold stress.

## 1.7.6 RESPIRATOR FIT TEST

All personnel wearing respirators shall have a current qualitative/quantitative fit test which was conducted in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 (f) and Appendix A. Quantitative fit tests shall be done for PAPRs which have been put into a motor/blower failure mode.

## 1.7.7 RESPIRATOR FIT CHECK

The Competent Person shall assure that the positive/negative pressure user seal check is done each time the respirator is donned by an employee. Head coverings must cover respirator head straps. Any situation that prevents an effective facepiece to face seal as evidenced by failure of

a user seal check shall preclude that person from wearing a respirator inside the regulated area until resolution of the problem.

## 1.7.8 MAINTENANCE AND CARE OF RESPIRATORS

The Respiratory Protection Program Coordinator shall submit evidence and documentation showing compliance with 29 CFR 1910.134 (h) Maintenance and Care of Respirators.

#### 1.7.9 SUPPLIED AIR SYSTEMS

If a supplied air system is used, the system shall meet all requirements of 29 CFR 1910.134 and the ANSI/Compressed Gas Association (CGA) Commodity Specification for Air current requirements for Type 1 -Grade D breathing air. Low pressure systems are not allowed to be used on asbestos abatement projects. Supplied Air respirator use shall be in accordance with EPA/NIOSH publication EPA-560-OPTS-86-001 "A Guide to Respiratory Protection for the Asbestos Abatement Industry". The competent person on site will be responsible for the supplied air system to ensure the safety of the worker.

## 1.8 WORKER PROTECTION

## 1.8.1 TRAINING OF ABATEMENT PERSONNEL

Prior to beginning any abatement activity, all personnel shall be trained in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101 (k)(9) and any additional State/Local requirements. Training must include, at a minimum, the elements listed at 29 CFR 1926.1101 (k)(9)(viii). Training shall have been conducted by a third party, EPA/State approved trainer meeting the requirements of EPA 40 CFR 763 Appendix C (AHERA MAP). Initial training certificates and current refresher and accreditation proof must be submitted for each person working at the site.

## 1.8.2 MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS

Medical examinations meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (m) shall be provided for all personnel working in the regulated area, regardless of exposure levels. A current physician's written opinion as required by 29 CFR 1926.1101 (m) (4) shall be provided for each person and shall include in the medical opinion the person has been evaluated for working in a heat and cold stress environment while wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) and is able to perform the work without risk of material health impairment.

## 1.8.3 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Provide whole body clothing, head coverings, foot coverings and any other personal protective equipment as determined by conducting the hazard assessment required by OSHA at 29 CFR 1910.132 (d). The Competent Person shall ensure the integrity of personal protective equipment worn for the duration of the project. Duct tape shall be used to secure all suit sleeves to wrists and to secure foot coverings at the ankle. Worker protection shall meet the most stringent requirements.

## 1.8.4 REGULATED AREA ENTRY PROCEDURE

The Competent Person shall ensure that each time workers enter the regulated area they remove ALL street clothes in the clean room of the

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

decontamination unit and put on new disposable coveralls, head coverings, a clean respirator, and then proceed through the shower room to the equipment room where they put on non-disposable required personal protective equipment.

## 1.8.5 DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURE

The Competent Person shall require all personnel to adhere to following decontamination procedures whenever they leave the regulated area.

- A. When exiting the regulated area, remove all disposable PPE and dispose of in a disposal bag provided in the regulated area.
- B.Carefully decontaminate and clean the respirator. Put in a clean container/bag.

#### 1.8.6 REGULATED AREA REQUIREMENTS

The Competent Person shall meet all requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (o) and assure that all requirements for Class I regulated areas at 29 CFR 1926.1101 (e) are met applicable to Class II work. All personnel in the regulated area shall not be allowed to eat, drink, smoke, chew tobacco or gum, apply cosmetics, or in any way interfere with the fit of their respirator.

### 1.9 DECONTAMINATION FACILITIES

#### 1.9.1 DESCRIPTION

Provide each regulated area with separate personnel decontamination facilities (PDF) and waste/equipment decontamination facilities (W/EDF). Ensure that the PDF are the only means of ingress and egress to the regulated area and that all equipment, bagged waste, and other material exit the regulated area only through the W/EDF.

## 1.9.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

All personnel entering or exiting a regulated area must go through the PDF and shall follow the requirements at 29 CFR 1926.1101 (j)(1) and these specifications. All waste, equipment and contaminated materials must exit the regulated area through the W/EDF and be decontaminated in accordance with these specifications. Walls and ceilings of the PDF and W/EDF must be constructed of a minimum of 3 layers of 6 mil opaque fire retardant polyethylene sheeting and be securely attached to existing building components and/or an adequate temporary framework. A minimum of 3 layers of 6 mil poly shall also be used to cover the floor under the PDF and W/EDF units. Construct doors so that they overlap and secure to adjacent surfaces. Weight inner doorway sheets with layers of duct tape so that they close quickly after release. Put arrows on sheets so they show direction of travel and overlap. If the building adjacent area is occupied, construct a solid barrier on the occupied side(s) to protect the sheeting and reduce potential for non-authorized personnel entering the regulated area.

# 1.9.3 TEMPORARY FACILITIES TO THE PDF AND W/EDF

The Competent Person shall provide temporary water service connections to the PDF and W/EDF. Backflow prevention must be provided at the point of connection to the VA system. Water supply must be of adequate pressure and meet requirements of 29 CFR 1910.141 (d)(3). Provide adequate

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

temporary overhead electric power with ground fault circuit interruption (GFCI) protection. Provide a sub-panel equipped with GFCI protection for all temporary power in the clean room. Provide adequate lighting to provide a minimum of 50 foot candles in the PDF and W/EDF. Provide temporary heat, if needed, to maintain 70°F throughout the PDF and W/EDF.

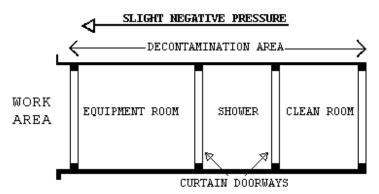
# 1.9.4 PERSONNEL DECONTAMINATION FACILITY (PDF)

- 1. Clean Room: The clean room must be physically and visually separated from the rest of the building to protect the privacy of personnel changing clothes. The clean room shall be constructed of at least 3 layers of 6 mil opaque fire retardant poly to provide an air tight room. Provide a minimum of 2 - 900 mm (3 foot) wide 6 mil poly opaque fire retardant doorways. One doorway shall be the entry from outside the PDF and the second doorway shall be to the airlock prior to the shower room of the PDF. The floor of the clean room shall be maintained in a clean, dry condition. Shower overflow shall not be allowed into the clean room. Provide 1 storage locker per person. A portable fire extinguisher, minimum 10 pounds capacity, Type ABC, shall be provided in accordance with OSHA and NFPA Standard 10. All persons entering the regulated area shall remove all street clothing in the clean room and dress in disposable protective clothing and respiratory protection. Any person entering the clean room does so either from the outside with street clothing on or is coming from the shower room completely naked and thoroughly washed. Females required to enter the regulated area shall be ensured of their privacy throughout the entry/exit process by posting quards at both entry points to the PDF so no male can enter or exit the PDF during her stay in the PDF.
- 2. Shower Room: The Competent Person shall assure that the shower room is a completely water tight compartment to be used for the movement of all personnel from the clean room to the equipment room and for the showering of all personnel going from the equipment room to the clean room. Each shower shall be constructed so water runs down the walls of the shower and into a drip pan. Install a freely draining smooth floor on top of the shower pan. The shower room shall be separated from the rest of the building and from the clean room and equipment room using air tight walls made from at least 3 layers of 6 mil opaque fire retardant poly. The shower shall be equipped with a shower head and controls, hot and cold water, drainage, soap dish and continuous supply of soap, and shall be maintained in a sanitary condition throughout its use. The controls shall be arranged so an individual can shower without assistance. Provide a flexible hose shower head, hose bibs and all other items shown on Shower Schematic. Waste water will be pumped to a drain after being filtered through a minimum of a 100 micron sock in the shower drain; a 20 micron filter; and a final 5 micron filter. Filters will be changed a minimum of daily or more often as needed. Filter changes must be done in the shower to prevent loss of contaminated water. Hose down all shower surfaces after each shift and clean any debris from the shower pan. Residue is to be disposed of as asbestos waste.
- 3. Equipment Room: The Competent Person shall provide an equipment room which shall be an air tight compartment for the storage of work equipment/tools, reusable personal protective equipment, except for a respirator and for use as a gross decontamination area for personnel exiting the regulated area. The equipment room shall be separated from

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

the regulated area by a minimum 3 foot wide door made with 2 layers of 6 mil opaque fire retardant poly. The equipment room shall be separated from the regulated area, the shower room and the rest of the building by air tight walls and ceiling constructed of a minimum of 3 layers of 6 mil opaque fire retardant poly. Damp wipe all surfaces of the equipment room after each shift change. Provide an additional loose layer of 6 mil fire retardant poly per shift change and remove this layer after each shift. If needed, provide a temporary electrical subpanel equipped with GFCI in the equipment room to accommodate any equipment required in the regulated area.

4. The PDF shall be as follows: Clean room at the entrance followed by an airlock followed by a shower room followed by an airlock followed by an equipment room leading to the regulated area. Each doorway in the PDF shall be a minimum of 2 layers of 6 mil opaque fire retardant poly.



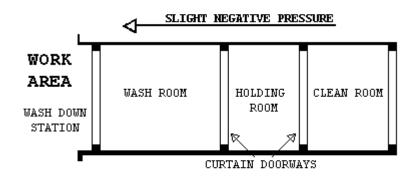
#### 1.9.5 WASTE/EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION FACILITY (W/EDF)

The Competent Person shall provide an W/EDF consisting of a wash room, holding room, and clean room for removal of waste, equipment and contaminated material from the regulated area. Personnel shall not enter or exit the W/EDF except in the event of an emergency. Clean debris and residue in the W/EDF daily. All surfaces in the W/EDF shall be wiped/hosed down after each shift and all debris shall be cleaned from the shower pan. The W/EDF shall consist of the following:

- 1. Wash Down Station: Provide an enclosed shower unit in the regulated area just outside the Wash Room as an equipment bag and container cleaning station.
- 2. Wash Room: Provide a wash room for cleaning of bagged or containerized asbestos containing waste materials passed from the regulated area. Construct the wash room using 50 x 100 mm (2" x 4") wood framing and 3 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly. Locate the wash room so that packaged materials, after being wiped clean, can be passed to the Holding Room. Doorways in the wash room shall be constructed of 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly.
- 3. Holding Room: Provide a holding room as a drop location for bagged materials passed from the wash room. Construct the holding room using 50 x 100 mm (2" x 4") wood framing and 3 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly. The holding room shall be located so that bagged material cannot be passed from the wash room to the clean room unless it goes through the holding room. Doorways in the holding room shall be constructed of 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 4. Clean Room: Provide a clean room to isolate the holding room from the exterior of the regulated area. Construct the clean room using 2 x 4 wood framing and 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly. The clean room shall be located so as to provide access to the holding room from the building exterior. Doorways to the clean room shall be constructed of 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly. When a negative pressure differential system is used, a rigid enclosure separation between the W/EDF clean room and the adjacent areas shall be provided.
- 5. The W/EDF shall be as follows: Wash Room leading to a Holding Room followed by a Clean Room leading to outside the regulated area. See diagram.



#### 1.9.6 WASTE/EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES

At the washdown station in the regulated area, thoroughly wet clean contaminated equipment and/or sealed polyethylene bags and pass into Wash Room after visual inspection. When passing anything into the Wash Room, close all doorways of the W/EDF, other than the doorway between the washdown station and the Wash Room. Keep all outside personnel clear of the W/EDF. Once inside the Wash Room, wet clean the equipment and/or bags. After cleaning and inspection, pass items into the Holding Room. Close all doorways except the doorway between the Holding Room and the Clean Room. Workers from the Clean Room/Exterior shall enter the Holding Room and remove the decontaminated/cleaned equipment/bags for removal and disposal. These personnel will not be required to wear PPE. At no time shall personnel from the clean side be allowed to enter the Wash Room.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

## 2.1 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

#### 2.1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS (ALL ABATEMENT PROJECTS)

Prior to the start of work, the contractor shall provide and maintain a sufficient quantity of materials and equipment to assure continuous and efficient work throughout the duration of the project. Work shall not start unless the following items have been delivered to the site and the CPIH/CIH has submitted verification to the VA's representative.

A. All materials shall be delivered in their original package, container or bundle bearing the name of the manufacturer and the brand name (where applicable).

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- B. Store all materials subject to damage off the ground, away from wet or damp surfaces and under cover sufficient enough to prevent damage or contamination. Flammable and combustible materials cannot be stored inside buildings. Replacement materials shall be stored outside of the regulated area until abatement is completed.
- C. The Contractor shall not block or hinder use of buildings by patients, staff, and visitors to the VA in partially occupied buildings by placing materials/equipment in any unauthorized location.
- D. The Competent Person shall inspect for damaged, deteriorating or previously used materials. Such materials shall not be used and shall be removed from the worksite and disposed of properly.
- E. Polyethylene sheeting for walls in the regulated area shall be a minimum of 4-mils. For floors and all other uses, sheeting of at least 6-mil shall be used in widths selected to minimize the frequency of joints. Fire retardant poly shall be used throughout.
- F. The method of attaching polyethylene sheeting shall be agreed upon in advance by the Contractor and the VA and selected to minimize damage to equipment and surfaces. Method of attachment may include any combination of moisture resistant duct tape furring strips, spray glue, staples, nails, screws, lumber and plywood for enclosures or other effective procedures capable of sealing polyethylene to dissimilar finished or unfinished surfaces under both wet and dry conditions.
- G. Polyethylene sheeting utilized for the PDF shall be opaque white or black in color, 6 mil fire retardant poly.
- H. Installation and plumbing hardware, showers, hoses, drain pans, sump pumps and waste water filtration system shall be provided by the Contractor.
- I. An adequate number of HEPA vacuums, scrapers, sprayers, nylon brushes, brooms, disposable mops, rags, sponges, staple guns, shovels, ladders and scaffolding of suitable height and length as well as meeting OSHA requirements, fall protection devices, water hose to reach all areas in the regulated area, airless spray equipment, and any other tools, materials or equipment required to conduct the abatement project. All electrically operated hand tools, equipment, electric cords shall be connected to GFCI protection.
- J. Special protection for objects in the regulated area shall be detailed (e.g., plywood over carpeting or hardwood floors to prevent damage from scaffolds, water and falling material).
- K. Disposal bags 2 layers of 6 mil poly for asbestos waste shall be preprinted with labels, markings and address as required by OSHA, EPA and DOT regulations.
- L. The VA shall be provided an advance copy of the MSDS as required for all hazardous chemicals under OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication in the pre-project submittal. Chlorinated compounds shall not be used with any spray adhesive, mastic remover or other product. Appropriate encapsulant(s) shall be provided.
- M. OSHA DANGER demarcation signs, as many and as required by OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101(k)(7) shall be provided and placed by the Competent Person. All other posters and notices required by Federal and State regulations shall be posted in the Clean Room.
- N. Adequate and appropriate PPE for the project and number of personnel/shifts shall be provided. All personal protective equipment issued must be based on a written hazard assessment conducted under 29 CFR 1910.132(d).

## 2.1.2 NEGATIVE PRESSURE FILTRATION SYSTEM

The Contractor shall provide enough HEPA negative air machines to continuously maintain a pressure differential of -0.02" water column gauge (WCG). The Competent Person shall determine the number of units needed for the regulated area by dividing the cubic feet in the regulated area by 15 and then dividing that result by the cubic feet per minute (CFM) for each unit to determine the number of units needed to continuously maintain a pressure differential of -0.02" WCG. Provide a standby unit in the event of machine failure and/or emergency in an adjacent area.

NIOSH has done extensive studies and has determined that negative air machines typically operate at  $\sim 50\%$  efficiency. The contractor shall consider this in their determination of number of units needed to continuously maintain a pressure differential of -0.02" WCG. The contractor shall use 8 air changes per hour or double the number of machines, based on their calculations, or submit proof their machines operate at stated capacities, at a 2" pressure drop across the filters.

# 2.1.3 DESIGN AND LAYOUT

- A. Before start of work submit the design and layout of the regulated area and the negative air machines. The submittal shall indicate the number of, location of and size of negative air machines. The point(s) of exhaust, air flow within the regulated area, anticipated negative pressure differential, and supporting calculations for sizing shall be provided. In addition, submit the following:
  - 1. Method of supplying power to the units and designation/location of the panels.
  - 2. Description of testing method(s) for correct air volume and pressure differential.
  - 3. If auxiliary power supply is to be provided for the negative air machines, provide a schematic diagram of the power supply and manufacturer's data on the generator and switch.

# 2.1.4 NEGATIVE AIR MACHINES (HEPA UNITS)

- A. Negative Air Machine Cabinet: The cabinet shall be constructed of steel or other durable material capable of withstanding potential damage from rough handling and transportation. The width of the cabinet shall be less than 30" in order to fit in standard doorways. The cabinet must be factory sealed to prevent asbestos fibers from being released during use, transport, or maintenance. Any access to and replacement of filters shall be from the inlet end. The unit must be on casters or wheels.
- B. Negative Air Machine Fan: The rating capacity of the fan must indicate the CFM under actual operating conditions. Manufacturer's typically use "free-air" (no resistance) conditions when rating fans. The fan must be a centrifugal type fan.
- C. Negative Air Machine Final Filter: The final filter shall be a HEPA filter. The filter media must be completely sealed on all edges within a structurally rigid frame. The filter shall align with a continuous flexible gasket material in the negative air machine housing to form an air tight seal. Each HEPA filter shall be certified by the manufacturer to have an efficiency of not less than 99.97%. Testing shall have been done in accordance with Military Standard MIL-STD-282 and Army Instruction Manual 136-300-175A. Each filter must bear a UL586 label to indicate ability to perform under specified conditions. Each filter shall be marked

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

with the name of the manufacturer, serial number, air flow rating, efficiency and resistance, and the direction of test air flow.

- D. Negative Air Machine Pre-filters: The pre-filters, which protect the final HEPA filter by removing larger particles, are required to prolong the operating life of the HEPA filter. Two stages of pre-filtration are required. A first stage pre-filter shall be a low efficiency type for particles 10 micron or larger. A second stage pre-filter shall have a medium efficiency effective for particles down to 5 micron or larger. Pre-filters shall be installed either on or in the intake opening of the NAM and the second stage filter must be held in place with a special housing or clamps.
- E. Negative Air Machine Instrumentation: Each unit must be equipped with a gauge to measure the pressure drop across the filters and to indicate when filters have become loaded and need to be changed. A table indicating the cfm for various pressure readings on the gauge shall be affixed near the gauge for reference or the reading shall indicate at what point the filters shall be changed, noting cfm delivery. The unit must have an elapsed time meter to show total hours of operation.
- F. Negative Air Machine Safety and Warning Devices: An electrical/ mechanical lockout must be provided to prevent the fan from being operated without a HEPA filter. Units must be equipped with an automatic shutdown device to stop the fan in the event of a rupture in the HEPA filter or blockage in the discharge of the fan. Warning lights are required to indicate normal operation; too high a pressure drop across filters; or too low of a pressure drop across filters.
- G. Negative Air Machine Electrical: All electrical components shall be approved by the National Electrical Manufacturer's Association (NEMA) and Underwriters Laboratories (UL). Each unit must be provided with overload protection and the motor, fan, fan housing, and cabinet must be grounded.
- H. It is essential that replacement HEPA filters be tested using an "inline" testing method, to ensure the seal around the periphery was not damaged during replacement. Damage to the outer HEPA filter seal could allow contaminated air to bypass the HEPA filter and be discharged to an inappropriate location. Contractor will provide written documentation of test results for negative air machine units with HEPA filters changed by the contractor or documentation when changed and tested by the contractor filters.

# 2.1.5 PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL

The fully operational negative air system within the regulated area shall continuously maintain a pressure differential of -0.02" water column gauge. Before any disturbance of any asbestos material, this shall be demonstrated to the VA by use of a pressure differential meter/manometer as required by OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101(e)(5)(i). The Competent Person shall be responsible for providing, maintaining, and documenting the negative pressure and air changes as required by OSHA and this specification.

#### 2.2 CONTAINMENT BARRIERS AND COVERINGS IN THE REGULATED AREA

#### 2.2.1 GENERAL

A. Using critical barriers, seal off the perimeter to the regulated area to completely isolate the regulated area from adjacent spaces. All surfaces in the regulated area must be covered to prevent contamination and to facilitate clean-up. Should adjacent areas become contaminated as a result of the work, shall immediately stop work and clean up the contamination

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

at no additional cost to the VA. Provide firestopping and identify all fire barrier penetrations due to abatement work as specified in Section 3.1.4.8; FIRESTOPPING.

B. Place all tools, scaffolding, materials and equipment needed for working in the regulated area prior to erecting any plastic sheeting. All uncontaminated removable furniture, equipment and/or supplies shall be removed by the VA from the regulated area before commencing work. Any objects remaining in the regulated area shall be completely covered with 2 layers of 6-mil fire retardant poly sheeting and secured with duct tape. Lock out and tag out any HVAC/electrical systems in the regulated area.

## 2.2.3 CONTROLLING ACCESS TO THE REGULATED AREA

Access to the regulated area is allowed only through the personnel decontamination facility (PDF). All other means of access shall be eliminated and OSHA DANGER demarcation signs posted as required by OSHA. If the regulated area is adjacent to, or within view of an occupied area, provide a visual barrier of 6 mil opaque fire retardant poly to prevent building occupant observation. If the adjacent area is accessible to the public, the barrier must be solid and capable of withstanding the negative pressure.

# 2.2.4 CRITICAL BARRIERS

Completely separate any operations in the regulated area from adjacent areas using 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly and duct tape. Individually seal with 2 layers of 6 mil poly and duct tape all HVAC openings into the regulated area. Individually seal all lighting fixtures, clocks, doors, windows, convectors, speakers, or any other objects/openings in the regulated area. Heat must be shut off any objects covered with poly.

#### 2.2.5 SECONDARY BARRIERS (NOT USED)

## 2.2.6 EXTENSION OF THE REGULATED AREA

If the enclosure of the regulated area is breached in any way that could allow contamination to occur, the affected area shall be included in the regulated area and constructed as per this section. Decontamination measures must be started immediately and continue until air monitoring indicates background levels are met.

#### 2.2.7 FIRESTOPPING (NOT USED)

#### 2.3 MONITORING, INSPECTION AND TESTING

# 2.3.1 GENERAL

A. Perform throughout abatement work air monitoring, inspection and testing inside and around the regulated area in accordance with the OSHA requirements and these specifications. OSHA requires that the Employee exposure to asbestos must not exceed 0.1 fibers per cubic centimeter (f/cc) of air, averaged over an 8-hour work shift. The CPIH/CIH is responsible for and shall inspect and oversee the performance of the Contractor IH Technician. The IH Technician shall continuously inspect

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

and monitor conditions inside the regulated area to ensure compliance with these specifications. In addition, the CPIH/CIH shall personally manage air sample collection, analysis, and evaluation for personnel, regulated area, and adjacent area samples to satisfy OSHA and MDH requirements. Additional inspection and testing requirements are also indicated in other parts of this specification.

- B. The VA will employ an independent industrial hygienist (VPIH/CIH) consultant and/or use its own IH to perform various services on behalf of the VA. Performance of services provided by the VPIH/CIH shall not supersede nor eliminate the Contractor's responsibilities as required under MDH Asbestos Abatement Rules. The VPIH/CIH will perform the necessary air monitoring, inspection, testing, and other support services to ensure that VA patients, employees, and visitors will not be adversely affected by the abatement work, and that the abatement work proceeds in accordance with these specifications, that the abated areas or abated buildings have been successfully decontaminated. The work of the VPIH/CIH consultant in no way relieves the Contractor from their responsibility to perform the work in accordance with contract/specification requirements, to perform continuous inspection, air monitoring and testing for the safety of their employees and building occupants, and to perform other such services as specified. The cost of the VPIH/CIH and their services will be borne by the VA except for any repeat of final inspection and testing that may be required due to unsatisfactory initial results. Any repeated final inspections and/or testing, if required, will be paid for by the Contractor.
- C. If fibers counted by the VPIH/CIH and/or CPIH/CIH during abatement work, either inside or outside the regulated area, utilizing the NIOSH 7400 air monitoring method, exceed the specified respective limits, the Contractor shall stop work. The Contractor may request confirmation of the results by analysis of the samples by TEM. Request must be in writing and submitted to the VA's representative. Cost for the confirmation of results will be borne by the Contractor for both the collection and analysis of samples and for the time delay that may/does result for this confirmation. Confirmation sampling and analysis will be the responsibility of the CPIH/CIH with review and approval of the VPIH/CIH. An agreement between the CPIH/CIH and the VPIH/CIH shall be reached on the exact details of the confirmation effort, in writing, including such things as the number of samples, location, collection, quality control on-site, analytical laboratory, interpretation of results and any follow-up actions. This written agreement shall be co-signed by the IH's and delivered to the VA's representative.

## 2.3.2 SCOPE OF SERVICES OF THE VPIH/CIH CONSULTANT

- A. The purpose of the work of the VPIH/CIH is to: assure quality; adherence to the specification; resolve problems; prevent the spread of contamination beyond the regulated area; and assure clearance at the end of the project. In addition, their work includes performing the final inspection and testing to determine whether the regulated area or building has been adequately decontaminated. All air monitoring is to be done utilizing PCM/TEM. The VPIH/CIH will perform the following tasks:
  - 1. Task 1: Perform continuous air monitoring, inspection, and testing outside the regulated area during actual abatement work to detect any faults in the regulated area isolation and any adverse impact on the surroundings from regulated area activities.

- Task 2: Perform unannounced visits to spot check overall compliance of work with contract/specifications. These visits may include any inspection, air monitoring, and testing inside and outside the regulated area and all aspects of the operation except personnel monitoring.
- 3. Task 3: Provide support to the VA representative such as evaluation of submittals from the Contractor, resolution of conflicts, interpret data, etc.
- 4. Task 4: Perform, in the presence of the VA representative, final inspection and testing of a decontaminated regulated area at the conclusion of the abatement to certify compliance with all regulations and VA requirements/specifications.
- 5. Task 5: Issue certificate of decontamination for each regulated area and project report.
- B. All documentation, inspection results and testing results generated by the VPIH/CIH will be available to the Contractor for information and consideration. The Contractor shall cooperate with and support the VPIH/CIH for efficient and smooth performance of their work.
- C. The air monitoring and inspection results of the VPIH/CIH will be used by the VA to issue any Stop Removal orders to the Contractor during abatement work and to accept or reject a regulated area or building as decontaminated.

# 2.3.3 MONITORING, INSPECTION AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR CPIH/CIH

The Contractor's CPIH/CIH is responsible for managing all monitoring, inspections, and testing required by these specifications, as well as any and all regulatory requirements adopted by these specifications. The CPIH/CIH is responsible for the continuous monitoring of all subsystems and procedures which could affect the health and safety of the Contractor's personnel. Safety and health conditions and the provision of those conditions inside the regulated area for all persons entering the regulated area is the exclusive responsibility of the Contractor/Competent Person. The person performing the personnel and area air monitoring inside the regulated area shall be an IH Technician, who shall be trained and shall have specialized field experience in sampling and analysis. The IH Technician shall have successfully completed a NIOSH 582 Course or equivalent, a Minnesota Air Sampling Course and provide documentation. The IH Technician shall participate in the AIHA Asbestos Analysis Registry or participate in the Proficiency Analytic Testing program of AIHA for fiber counting quality control assurance. The IH also be an Technician shall accredited EPA AHERA/State Contractor/Supervisor (or Abatement Worker) and Building Inspector. The IH Technician shall have participated in five abatement projects collecting personal and area samples as well as responsibility for documentation on substantially similar projects in size and scope. The analytic laboratory used by the Contractor to analyze the samples shall be AIHA accredited for asbestos PAT and approved by the VA prior to start of the project. A daily log shall be maintained by the CPIH/CIH or IH Technician, documenting all OSHA requirements for air personal monitoring for asbestos in 29 CFR 1926.1101 (f), (g) and Appendix A. This log shall be made available to the VA representative and the VPIH/CIH upon request. The log will contain, at a minimum, information on personnel or area samples, other persons represented by the sample, the date of sample collection, start and stop times for sampling, sample volume, flow rate,

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

and fibers/cc. The CPIH/CIH shall collect and analyze samples for each representative job being done in the regulated area, i.e., removal, wetting, clean-up, and load-out. No fewer than two personal samples per shift shall be collected and one area sample per 1,000 square feet of regulated area where abatement is taking place and one sample per shift in the clean room area shall be collected. In addition to the continuous monitoring required, the CPIH/CIH will perform inspection and testing at the final stages of abatement for each regulated area as specified in the CPIH/CIH responsibilities. Additionally, the CPIH/CIH will monitor and record pressure readings within the containment daily with a minimum of two readings at the beginning and at the end of a shift, and submit the data in the daily report.

#### 2.4 ASBESTOS HAZARD ABATEMENT PLAN

The Contractor shall have established Asbestos Hazard Abatement Plan (AHAP) in printed form and loose leaf folder consisting of simplified text, diagrams, sketches, and pictures that establish and explain clearly the procedures to be followed during all phases of the work by the Contractor's personnel. The AHAP must be modified as needed to address specific requirements of this project and the specifications. The AHAP(s) shall be submitted for review and approval to the VA prior to the start of any abatement work. The minimum topics and areas to be covered by the AHAP(s) are:

- A. Minimum Personnel Qualifications
- B. Emergency Action Plan/Contingency Plans and Arrangements
- C. Security and Safety Procedures
- D. Respiratory Protection/Personal Protective Equipment Program and Training
- E. Medical Surveillance Program and Recordkeeping
- F. Regulated Area Requirements Containment Barriers/Isolation of Regulated Area
- G. Decontamination Facilities and Entry/Exit Procedures (PDF and W/EDF)
- H. Negative Pressure Systems Requirements
- I. Monitoring, Inspections, and Testing
- J. Removal Procedures for ACM
- K. Removal of Contaminated Soil (if applicable)
- L. Encapsulation Procedures for ACM
- M. Disposal of ACM waste/equipment
- N. Regulated Area Decontamination/Clean-up
- O. Regulated Area Visual and Air Clearance
- P. Project Completion/Closeout

#### 2.5 SUBMITTALS

## 2.5.1 PRE-START MEETING SUBMITTALS

Submit to the VA a minimum of 14 days prior to the pre-start meeting the following for review and approval. Meeting this requirement is a prerequisite for the pre-start meeting for this project:

- A. Submit a detailed work schedule for the entire project reflecting contract documents and the phasing/schedule requirements from the CPM chart.
- B. Submit a staff organization chart showing all personnel who will be working on the project and their capacity/function. Provide their qualifications, training, accreditations, and licenses, as appropriate. Provide a copy of the "Certificate of Worker's Acknowledgment" and the "Affidavit of Medical Surveillance and Respiratory Protection" for each person.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- C. Submit Asbestos Hazard Abatement Plan developed specifically for this project, incorporating the requirements of the specifications, prepared, signed and dated by the CPIH/CIH.
- D. Submit the specifics of the materials and equipment to be used for this project with manufacturer names, model numbers, performance characteristics, pictures/diagrams, and number available for the following:
  - Supplied air system, negative air machines, HEPA vacuums, air monitoring pumps, calibration devices, pressure differential monitoring device and emergency power generating system.
  - 2. Waste water filtration system, shower system, containment barriers.
  - 3. Encapsulants, surfactants, hand held sprayers, airless sprayers, and fire extinguishers.
  - 4. Respirators, protective clothing, personal protective equipment.
  - 5. Fire safety equipment to be used in the regulated area.
- E. Submit the name, location, and phone number of the approved landfill; proof/verification the landfill is approved for ACM disposal; the landfill's requirements for ACM waste; the type of vehicle to be used for transportation; and name, address, and phone number of subcontractor, if used. Proof of asbestos training for transportation personnel shall be provided.
- F. Submit required notifications, permits and arrangements made with regulatory agencies having regulatory jurisdiction and the specific contingency/emergency arrangements made with local health, fire, ambulance, hospital authorities and any other notifications/arrangements.
- G. Submit the name, location and verification of the laboratory and/or personnel to be used for analysis of air and/or bulk samples. Personal air monitoring must be done in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101(f) and Appendix A. And area or clearance air monitoring in accordance with EPA AHERA protocols.
- H. Submit qualifications verification: Submit the following evidence of qualifications. Make sure that all references are current and verifiable by providing current phone numbers and documentation.
  - Asbestos Abatement Company: Project experience within the past 3 years; listing projects first most similar to this project: Project Name; Type of Abatement; Duration; Cost; Reference Name/Phone Number; Final Clearance; and Completion Date
  - 2. List of project(s) halted by owner, A/E, IH, regulatory agency in the last 3 years: Project Name; Reason; Date; Reference Name/Number; Resolution
  - 3. List asbestos regulatory citations (e.g., OSHA), notices of violations (e.g., Federal and state EPA), penalties, and legal actions taken against the company including and of the company's officers (including damages paid) in the last 3 years. Provide copies and all information needed for verification.
- I. Submit information on personnel: Provide a resume; address each item completely; copies of certificates, accreditations, and licenses. Submit an affidavit signed by the CPIH/CIH stating that all personnel submitted below have medical records in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101(m) and 29 CFR 1910.20 and that the company has implemented a medical surveillance program and written respiratory protection program, and maintains recordkeeping in accordance with the above regulations. Submit the phone number and doctor/clinic/hospital used for medical evaluations.
  1. CPIH/CIH and IH Technician: Name; years of abatement experience; list of projects similar to this one; certificates, licenses, accreditations for proof of AHERA/OSHA specialized asbestos training;

professional affiliations; number of workers trained; samples of training materials; samples of AHAP(s) developed; medical opinion; and current respirator fit test.

- 2. Competent Person(s)/Supervisor(s): Number; names; social security numbers; years of abatement experience as Competent Person/Supervisor; list of similar projects in size/complexity as Competent Person/Supervisor; as a worker; certificates, licenses, accreditations; proof of AHERA/OSHA specialized asbestos training; maximum number of personnel supervised on a project; medical opinion (asbestos surveillance and respirator use); and current respirator fit test.
- 3. Workers: Numbers; names; social security numbers; years of abatement experience; certificates, licenses, accreditations; training courses in asbestos abatement and respiratory protection; medical opinion (asbestos surveillance and respirator use); and current respirator fit test.
- J. Submit copies of State license for asbestos abatement; copy of insurance policy, including exclusions with a letter from agent stating in plain language the coverage provided and the fact that asbestos abatement activities are covered by the policy; copy of the AHAP incorporating the requirements of this specification; information on who provides your training, how often; who provides medical surveillance, how often; who performs and how is personal air monitoring of abatement workers conducted; a list of references of independent laboratories/IH's familiar with your air monitoring and Asbestos Hazard Abatement Plans; copies of monitoring results of the five referenced projects listed and analytical method(s) used.
- K. Rented equipment must be decontaminated prior to returning to the rental agency.
- L. Submit, before the start of work, the manufacturer's technical data for all types of encapsulants, all MSDS, and application instructions.

## 2.5.2 SUBMITTALS DURING ABATEMENT

- A. The Competent Person shall maintain and submit a daily log at the regulated area documenting the dates and times of the following: purpose, attendees and summary of meetings; all personnel entering/exiting the regulated area; document and discuss the resolution of unusual events such as barrier breeching, equipment failures, emergencies, and any cause for stopping work; representative air monitoring and results/TWAs/ELs. Submit this information daily to the VPIH/CIH.
- B. The CPIH/CIH shall document and maintain the inspection and approval of the regulated area preparation prior to start of work and daily during work.
  - 1. Removal of any poly barriers.
  - 2. Visual inspection/testing by the CPIH/CIH or IH Technician prior to application of lockdown encapsulant.
  - 3. Packaging and removal of ACM waste from regulated area.
  - 4. Disposal of ACM waste materials; copies of Waste Shipment Records/landfill receipts to the VA's representative on a weekly basis.

## 2.5.3 SUBMITTALS AT COMPLETION OF ABATEMENT

The CPIH/CIH shall submit a project report consisting of the daily log book requirements and documentation of events during the abatement project including Waste Shipment Records signed by the landfill's agent. It will

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

also include information on the containment and transportation of waste from the containment with applicable Chain of Custody forms. The report shall include a certificate of completion, signed and dated by the CPIH/CIH, in accordance with Attachment #1. All clearance and perimeter area samples must be submitted. The VA Representative will retain the abatement report after completion of the project and provide copies of the abatement report to VAMC Office of Engineer and the Safety Office.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 PRE-ABATEMENT ACTIVITIES

#### 3.1.1 PRE-ABATEMENT MEETING

The VA representative, upon receipt, review, and substantial approval of all pre-abatement submittals and verification by the CPIH/CIH that all materials and equipment required for the project are on the site, will arrange for a pre-abatement meeting between the Contractor, the CPIH/CIH, Competent Person(s), the VA representative(s), and the VPIH/CIH. The purpose of the meeting is to discuss any aspect of the submittals needing clarification or amplification and to discuss any aspect of the project execution and the sequence of the operation. The Contractor shall be prepared to provide any supplemental information/documentation to the VA's representative regarding any submittals, documentation, materials or equipment. Upon satisfactory resolution of any outstanding issues, the VA's representative will issue a written order to proceed to the Contractor. No abatement work of any kind described in the following provisions shall be initiated prior to the VA written order to proceed.

# 3.1.2 PRE-ABATEMENT INSPECTIONS AND PREPARATIONS

Before any work begins on the construction of the regulated area, the Contractor will:

- A. Conduct a space-by-space inspection with an authorized VA representative and prepare a written inventory of all existing damage in those spaces where asbestos abatement will occur. Still or video photography may be used to supplement the written damage inventory. Document will be signed and certified as accurate by both parties.
- B. The VA Representative, the Contractor, and the VPIH/CIH must be aware of AEQA 10-95 indicating the failure to identify asbestos in the areas listed as well as common issues when preparing specifications and contract documents. This is especially critical when demolition is planned, because AHERA surveys are non-destructive, and ACM may remain undetected. A NESHAPS (destructive) ACM inspection should be conducted on all building structures that will be demolished. Ensure the following areas are inspected on the project: Lay-in ceilings concealing ACM; ACM behind walls/windows from previous renovations; inside utility chases/walls; transite piping/ductwork/sheets; behind radiators; lab fume hoods; transite lab countertops; roofing materials; below window sills; water/sewer lines; electrical conduit coverings; crawl spaces( previous abatement contamination); flooring/mastic covered by carpeting/new flooring; exterior insulated wall panels; on underground fuel tanks; and steam line trench coverings.
- C. Ensure that all furniture, machinery, equipment, curtains, drapes, blinds, and other movable objects required to be removed from the

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

regulated area have been cleaned and removed or properly protected from contamination.

D. If present and required, remove and dispose of carpeting from floors in the regulated area. If ACM floor tile is attached to the carpet while the Contractor is removing the carpet that section of the carpet will be disposed of as asbestos waste.

#### 3.1.3 PRE-ABATEMENT CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATIONS

- A. Perform all preparatory work for the first regulated area in accordance with the approved work schedule and with this specification.
- B. Upon completion of all preparatory work, the CPIH/CIH will inspect the work and systems and will notify the VA's representative when the work is completed in accordance with this specification. The VA's representative may inspect the regulated area and the systems with the VPIH/CIH and may require that upon satisfactory inspection, the Contractor's employees perform all major aspects of the approved AHAP, especially worker protection, respiratory systems, contingency plans, decontamination procedures, and monitoring to demonstrate satisfactory operation. The operational systems for respiratory protection and the negative pressure system shall be demonstrated for proper performance.
- C. The CPIH/CIH shall document the pre-abatement activities described above and deliver a copy to the VA's representative.
- D. Upon satisfactory inspection of the installation of and operation of systems the VA's representative will notify the Contractor in writing to proceed with the asbestos abatement work in accordance with this specification and all applicable regulations.

## 3.2 REGULATED AREA PREPARATIONS

#### 3.2.1 OSHA DANGER SIGNS

Post OSHA DANGER signs meeting the specifications of OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101 at any location and approaches to the regulated area where airborne concentrations of asbestos may exceed the PEL. Signs shall be posted at a distance sufficiently far enough away from the regulated area to permit any personnel to read the sign and take the necessary measures to avoid exposure. Additional signs will be posted following construction of the regulated area enclosure.

## 3.2.2 CONTROLLING ACCESS TO THE REGULATED AREA

Access to the regulated area is allowed only through the personnel decontamination facility (PDF), if required. All other means of access shall be eliminated and OSHA Danger demarcation signs posted as required by OSHA. If the regulated area is adjacent to or within view of an occupied area, provide a visual barrier of 6 mil opaque fire retardant poly sheeting to prevent building occupant observation. If the adjacent area is accessible to the public, the barrier must be solid.

## 3.2.3 SHUT DOWN - LOCK OUT ELECTRICAL

Shut down and lock out/tag out electric power to the regulated area. Provide temporary power and lighting. Insure safe installation including GFCI of temporary power sources and equipment by compliance with all applicable electrical code requirements and OSHA requirements for temporary electrical systems. Electricity shall be provided by the VA.

> 02 82 13.19 - 33 ASBESTOS FLOOR TILE AND MASTIC ABATEMENT

# 3.2.4 SHUT DOWN - LOCK OUT HVAC

Shut down and lock out/tag out heating, cooling, and air conditioning system (HVAC) components that are in, supply or pass through the regulated area.

Investigate the regulated area and agree on pre-abatement condition with the VA's representative. Seal all intake and exhaust vents in the regulated area with duct tape and 2 layers of 6-mil poly. Also, seal any seams in system components that pass through the regulated area. Remove all contaminated HVAC system filters and place in labeled 6-mil poly disposal bags for disposal as asbestos waste.

#### 3.2.5 SANITARY FACILITIES

The Contractor shall provide sanitary facilities for abatement personnel and maintain them in a clean and sanitary condition throughout the abatement project.

## 3.2.6 WATER FOR ABATEMENT

The VA will provide water for abatement purposes. The Contractor shall connect to the existing VA system. The service to the shower(s) shall be supplied with backflow prevention.

## 3.2.7 PREPARATION PRIOR TO SEALING OFF

Place all tools, materials and equipment needed for working in the regulated area prior to erecting any plastic sheeting. Remove all uncontaminated removable furniture, equipment and/or supplies from the regulated area before commencing work, or completely cover with 2 layers of 6-mil fire retardant poly sheeting and secure with duct tape. Lock out and tag out any HVAC systems in the regulated area.

# 3.2.8 CRITICAL BARRIERS

Completely separate any openings into the regulated area from adjacent areas using fire retardant poly at least 6 mils thick and duct tape. Individually seal with 2 layers of 6 mil poly and duct tape all HVAC openings into the regulated area. Individually seal all lighting fixtures, clocks, doors, windows, convectors, speakers, or any other objects in the regulated area. Heat must be shut off any objects covered with poly

# 3.2.9 PRIMARY BARRIERS

Cover the regulated area with two layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly on the floors and one layer of 4 mil, fire retardant poly on the walls, unless otherwise directed in writing by the VA representative. Floor layers must form a right angle with the wall and turn up the wall at least 300 mm (12"). Seams must overlap at least 1800 mm (6') and must be spray glued and taped. Install sheeting so that layers can be removed independently from each other. Carpeting shall be covered with three layers of 6 mil poly. Corrugated cardboard sheets must be placed between the bottom and middle layers of poly. Mechanically support and seal with duct tape and glue all wall layers.

# 3.2.10 FLOOR BARRIERS

If floor removal is not being done, all floors in the regulated area shall be covered with 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly and brought up the wall 12 inches

# 3.2.110 PRE-CLEANING MOVABLE OBJECTS

Pre-cleaning of ACM contaminated items shall be performed after the enclosure has been erected and negative pressure has been established in the work area. After items have been pre-cleaned and decontaminated, they may be removed from the work area for storage until the completion of abatement in the work area.

Pre-clean all movable objects within the regulated area using a HEPA filtered vacuum and/or wet cleaning methods as appropriate. After cleaning, these objects shall be removed from the regulated area and carefully stored in an uncontaminated location.

# 3.2.12 PRE-CLEANING FIXED OBJECTS

Pre-cleaning of ACM contaminated items shall be performed after the enclosure has been erected and negative pressure has been established in the work area

Pre-clean all fixed objects in the regulated area using HEPA filtered vacuums and/or wet cleaning techniques as appropriate. Careful attention must be paid to machinery behind grills or gratings where access may be difficult but contamination may be significant. Also, pay particular attention to wall, floor and ceiling penetration behind fixed items. After pre-cleaning, enclose fixed objects with 2 layers of 6-mil poly and seal securely in place with duct tape. Objects (e.g., permanent fixtures, shelves, electronic equipment, laboratory tables, sprinklers, alarm systems, closed circuit TV equipment and computer cables) which must remain in the regulated area and that require special ventilation or enclosure requirements should be designated here along with specified means of protection. Contact the manufacturer for special protection requirements.

# 3.2.13 PRE-CLEANING SURFACES IN THE REGULATED AREA

Pre-cleaning of ACM contaminated items shall be performed after the enclosure has been erected and negative pressure has been established in the work area

Pre-clean all surfaces in the regulated area using HEPA filtered vacuums and/or wet cleaning methods as appropriate. Do not use any methods that would raise dust such as dry sweeping or vacuuming with equipment not equipped with HEPA filters. Do not disturb asbestos-containing materials during this pre-cleaning phase.

# 3.2.14 EXTENSION OF THE REGULATED AREA

If the regulated area barrier is breached in any manner that could allow the passage of asbestos fibers or debris, the Competent Person shall immediately stop work, continue wetting, and proceed to extend the regulated area to enclose the affected area as per procedures described

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

in this specification. If the affected area cannot be enclosed, decontamination measures and cleanup shall start immediately. All personnel shall be isolated from the affected area until decontamination/cleanup is completed as verified by visual inspection and air monitoring. Air monitoring at completion must indicate background levels.

# 3.3 REMOVAL OF CLASS II FLOORING

## 3.3.1 GENERAL

All applicable requirements of OSHA, EPA, and DOT shall be followed during Class II work. Keep materials intact; do not disturb; wet while working with it; wrap as soon as possible with 2 layers of 6 mil plastic for disposal.

## 3.3.2 REMOVAL OF FLOORING MATERIALS

A. All requirements of OSHA Flooring agreement provisions shall be followed: 1. The Contractor shall provide enough HEPA negative air machines to effect > - 0.02" WCG pressure. Provide a standby unit in the event of machine failure and/or emergency in an adjacent area. The contractor shall use double the number of machines, based on their calculations, or submit proof their machines operate at stated capacities, at a 2" pressure drop across the filters.

2. Flooring shall be removed intact, as much as possible. Do not rip or tear flooring.

- 3. Mechanical chipping or sanding is not allowed.
- 4.
- 5. Wet clean and HEPA vacuum the floor before and after removal of flooring.
- Place a 6 mil poly layer 4' by 10' adjacent to the regulated area for use as a decontaminated area. All waste must be contained in the regulated area.
- 7. Package all waste in 6 mil poly lined fiberboard drums.

### 3.3.3 REMOVAL OF MASTIC

- A. All chemical mastic removers must be low in volatile organic compound (VOC) content, have a flash point greater than 200° Fahrenheit, contain no chlorinated solvents, and comply with California Air Resources Board (CARB) thresholds for VOCs (effective January 1, 2010).
- B. A negative air machine as required under flooring removal shall be provided.
- C. Follow all manufacturers' instructions in the use of the mastic removal material.
- D. Package all waste in 6 mil poly lined fiberboard drums.
- E. Prior to application of any liquid material, check the floor for penetrations and seal before removing mastic.

## 3.4 DISPOSAL OF CLASS II WASTE MATERIAL

# 3.4.1 GENERAL

Dispose of waste ACM and debris which is packaged in accordance with these specifications, OSHA, EPA and DOT. The landfill requirements for packaging must also be met. Transport will be in compliance with 49 CFR 100-185

regulations. Disposal shall be done at an approved landfill. Disposal of non-friable ACM shall be done in accordance with applicable regulations.

## 3.5 PROJECT DECONTAMINATION

# 3.5.1 GENERAL

- A. The VA must be notified at least 24 hours in advance of any waste removed from the containment,
- B. The entire work related to project decontamination shall be performed under the close supervision and monitoring of the CPIH/CIH.
- C. If the asbestos abatement work is in an area which was contaminated prior to the start of abatement, the decontamination will be done by cleaning the primary barrier poly prior to its removal and cleanings of the surfaces of the regulated area after the primary barrier removal.
- D. If the asbestos abatement work is in an area which was uncontaminated prior to the start of abatement, the decontamination will be done by cleaning the primary barrier poly prior to its removal, thus preventing contamination of the building when the regulated area critical barriers are removed.

#### 3.5.2 REGULATED AREA CLEARANCE

Air testing and other requirements which must be met before release of the Contractor and re-occupancy of the regulated area space are specified in Final Testing Procedures.

#### 3.5.3 WORK DESCRIPTION

Decontamination includes the clearance air testing in the regulated area and the decontamination and removal of the enclosures/facilities installed prior to the abatement work including primary/critical barriers, PDF and W/EDF facilities, and negative pressure systems.

## 3.5.4 PRE-DECONTAMINATION CONDITIONS

- A. Before decontamination starts, all ACM waste from the regulated area shall be removed, all waste collected and removed, and the secondary barrier of poly removed and disposed of along with any gross debris generated by the work.
- B. At the start of decontamination, the following shall be in place:
  - 1. Critical barriers over all openings consisting of two layers of 6 mil poly which is the sole barrier between the regulated area and the rest of the building or outside.
  - 2. Decontamination facilities, if required for personnel and equipment in operating condition.

## 3.5.5 CLEANING

Carry out a first cleaning of all surfaces of the regulated area including items of remaining poly sheeting, tools, scaffolding, ladders/staging by wet methods and/or HEPA vacuuming. Do not use dry dusting/sweeping/air blowing methods. Use each surface of a wetted cleaning cloth one time only and then dispose of as contaminated waste. Continue this cleaning until there is no visible residue from abated surfaces or poly or other surfaces. Remove all filters in the air handling system and dispose of as ACM waste in accordance with these specifications. The negative pressure

system shall remain in operation during this time. Additional cleaning(s) may be needed as determined by the CPIH/VPIH/CIH.

# 3.6 VISUAL INSPECTION AND AIR CLEARANCE TESTING

# 3.6.1 GENERAL

Notify the VA representative 24 hours in advance for the performance of the final visual inspection and testing. The final visual inspection and testing will be performed by the VPIH/CIH after the final cleaning.

#### 3.6.2 VISUAL INSPECTION

Final visual inspection will include the entire regulated area, the PDF, all poly sheeting, seals over HVAC openings, doorways, windows, and any other openings. If any debris, residue, dust or any other suspect material is detected, the final cleaning shall be repeated at no cost to the VA. Dust/material samples may be collected and analyzed at no cost to the VA at the discretion of the VPIH/CIH to confirm visual findings. When the regulated area is visually clean the final testing can be done.

## 3.6.3 AIR CLEARANCE TESTING

- A. After an acceptable final visual inspection by the VPIH/CIH and VA Representative, the VPIH/CIH will perform the final clearance testing. Air samples will be collected and analyzed in accordance with procedures for AHERA in this specification. 5 PCM samples shall be collected for clearance and a minimum of two field blanks. If the release criteria are not met, the Contractor shall repeat the final cleaning and continue decontamination procedures until clearance is achieved. All additional inspection and testing costs will be borne by the Contractor.
- B. If release criteria are met, proceed to perform the abatement closeout and to issue the certificate of completion in accordance with these specifications.

# 3.6.4 FINAL AIR CLEARANCE PROCEDURES

- A. Contractor's Release Criteria: Work in a regulated area is complete when the regulated area is visually clean and airborne fiber levels have been reduced to or below 0.01 f/cc as measured by the AHERA PCM protocol.
- B. Air Monitoring and Final Clearance Sampling: To determine if the elevated airborne fiber counts encountered during abatement operations have been reduced to the specified level, the VPIH/CIH will secure samples and analyze them according to the following procedures:
  - 1. Fibers Counted: "Fibers" referred to in this section shall be either all fibers regardless of composition as counted in the NIOSH 7400 PCM method.
  - 2. Aggressive Sampling: All final air testing samples shall be collected using aggressive sampling techniques except where soil is not encapsulated or enclosed. Samples will be collected on  $0.8\mu$  MCE filters for PCM analysis. A minimum of 2000 Liters of using calibrated pumps shall be collected for clearance samples. Before pumps are started, initiate aggressive air mixing sampling as detailed in 40 CFR 763 Subpart E (AHERA) Appendix A (III)(B)(7)(d). Air samples will be collected in areas subject to normal air circulation away from corners, obstructed locations, and locations near windows, doors, or vents. After air sampling pumps have been shut off, circulating fans shall be shut off. The negative pressure system shall continue to operate.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 3.7 ABATEMENT CLOSEOUT AND CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

#### 3.7.1 COMPLETION OF ABATEMENT WORK

- A. After thorough decontamination, complete asbestos abatement work upon meeting the regulated area clearance criteria and fulfilling the following:
  - 1. Remove all equipment, materials, and debris from the project area.
  - 2. Package and dispose of all asbestos waste as required.
  - 3. Repair or replace all interior finishes damaged during the abatement work.
  - 4. Fulfill other project closeout requirements as specified elsewhere in this specification.

#### 3.7.2 CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION BY CONTRACTOR

The CPIH shall complete and sign the "Certificate of Completion" in accordance with Attachment 1 at the completion of the abatement and decontamination of the regulated area.

#### 3.7.3 WORK SHIFTS

All work shall be done during administrative hours (8:00 AM to 4:30 PM) Monday - Friday excluding Federal Holidays. Any change in the work schedule must be approved in writing by the VA Representative.

## ATTACHMENT #1

## CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION

DATE:	VA Project #:	
PROJECT NAME:	Abatement Contractor:	
VAMC/ADDRESS:		

1. I certify that I have personally inspected, monitored and supervised the abatement work of (specify regulated area or Building):

which took place from / / to / /

- That throughout the work all applicable requirements/regulations and the VA's specifications were met.
- 3. That any person who entered the regulated area was protected with the appropriate personal protective equipment and respirator and that they followed the proper entry and exit procedures and the proper operating procedures for the duration of the work.
- 4. That all employees of the Abatement Contractor engaged in this work were trained in respiratory protection, were experienced with abatement work, had proper medical surveillance documentation, were fit-tested for their respirator, and were not exposed at any time during the work to asbestos without the benefit of appropriate respiratory protection.
- 5. That I performed and supervised all inspection and testing specified and required by applicable regulations and VA specifications.
- That the conditions inside the regulated area were always maintained in a safe and healthy condition and the maximum fiber count never exceeded 0.5 f/cc, except as described below.
- 7. That all abatement work was done in accordance with OSHA requirements and the manufacturer's recommendations.

CPIH/CIH Signature/Date:\_\_\_\_\_

CPIH/CIH Print Name:

Abatement Contractor Signature/Date:

Abatement Contractor Print Name:

#### ATTACHMENT #2

CERTIFICATE OF WORKER'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

PROJECT	NAME :	DATE:
PROJECT .	ADDRESS:	
ABATEMEN	T CONTRACTOR'S NAME:	

\_\_\_\_\_

# WORKING WITH ASBESTOS CAN BE HAZARDOUS TO YOUR HEALTH. INHALING ASBESTOS HAS BEEN LINKED WITH VARIOUS TYPES OF CANCERS. IF YOU SMOKE AND INHALE ASBESTOS FIBERS, YOUR CHANCES OF DEVELOPING LUNG CANCER IS GREATER THAN THAT OF THE NON-SMOKING PUBLIC.

Your employer's contract with the owner for the above project requires that: You must be supplied with the proper personal protective equipment including an adequate respirator and be trained in its use. You must be trained in safe and healthy work practices and in the use of the equipment found at an asbestos abatement project. You must receive/have a current medical examination for working with asbestos. These things shall be provided at no cost to you. By signing this certificate you are indicating to the owner that your employer has met these obligations.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: I have been trained in the proper use of respirators and have been informed of the type of respirator to be used on the above indicated project. I have a copy of the written Respiratory Protection Program issued by my employer. I have been provided for my exclusive use, at no cost, with a respirator to be used on the above indicated project.

TRAINING COURSE: I have been trained by a third party, State/EPA accredited trainer in the requirements for an AHERA/OSHA Asbestos Abatement Worker training course, 32 hours minimum duration. I currently have a valid State accreditation certificate. The topics covered in the course include, as a minimum, the following:

Physical Characteristics and Background Information on Asbestos Potential Health Effects Related to Exposure to Asbestos Employee Personal Protective Equipment Establishment of a Respiratory Protection Program State of the Art Work Practices Personal Hygiene Additional Safety Hazards Medical Monitoring Air Monitoring Relevant Federal, State and Local Regulatory Requirements, Procedures, and Standards Asbestos Waste Disposal

MEDICAL EXAMINATION: I have had a medical examination within the past 12 months which was paid for by my employer. This examination included: health history, occupational history, pulmonary function test, and may have included a chest x-ray evaluation. The physician issued a positive written opinion after the examination.

Signature:\_\_\_\_\_

Printed Name:

Social Security Number:\_\_\_\_\_

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Witness:

ATTACHMENT #3

		AVIT OF ING/ACCREDITAT	MEDICAL FION	SURVEILLANCE,	RESPIRATORY	PROTECTION	AND
VA	PRO	JECT NAME AND	NUMBER:				
ABA	TEI	MENT CONTRACTO	R'S NAME A	ND ADDRESS:			
1.	I	verify that t	he followi:	ng individual			
	Na	me:		Social	Security Number:		
	wh	the above pr medical surve that complete 29 CFR 1926.1	oject by t eillance pr e records o 1101(m)(n)	the named Abate cogram in accor of the medical	ement Contractor dance with 29 CE surveillance pro 0.20 are kept at	ork associated w , is included i TR 1926.1101(m), ogram as required the offices of	n a and by
		Address:					
the cap	us abl	se of all appr	opriate rea in safe a	spiratory prote nd healthy mann	ction systems an	ed and instructed d that the person and required in	n is
3.	I	1926.1101(k).	This	individual ha		required by 29 ed a valid St con-site.	
4.	I	verify that specification			ualifications c	riteria of the	VA
Sig	nat	cure of CPIH/C	IH:			Date:	
Pri	nte	ed Name of CPI	H/CIH:			_	
Sig	nat	ure of Contra	ctor:			Date:	
		ed Name of Con					

ATTACHMENT #4

# ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR/COMPETENT PERSON(S) REVIEW AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE VA'S ASBESTOS SPECIFICATIONS

VA Project Location:\_\_\_\_\_

VA Project #:

VA Project Description:

This form shall be signed by the Asbestos Abatement Contractor Owner and the Asbestos Abatement Contractor's Competent Person(s) prior to any start of work at the VA related to this Specification. If the Asbestos Abatement Contractor's/Competent Person(s) has not signed this form, they shall not be allowed to work on-site.

I, the undersigned, have read VA's Asbestos Specification regarding the asbestos abatement requirements. I understand the requirements of the VA's Asbestos Specification and agree to follow these requirements as well as all required rules and regulations of OSHA/EPA/DOT and State/Local requirements. I have been given ample opportunity to read the VA's Asbestos Specification and have been given an opportunity to ask any questions regarding the content and have received a response related to those questions. I do not have any further questions regarding the content, intent and requirements of the VA's Asbestos Specification.

At the conclusion of the asbestos abatement, I will certify that all asbestos abatement work was done in accordance with the VA's Asbestos Specification and all ACM was removed properly and no fibrous residue remains on any abated surfaces.

Abatement Contractor Owner's Signature\_\_\_\_\_\_Date\_\_\_\_\_

Abatement Contractor Competent Person(s) \_\_\_\_\_ Date\_\_\_\_

- - END- - - -

# SECTION 02 83 33.13 LEAD-BASED PAINT REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - Removing and disposal of lead-based paint at interior and exterior locations as identified in the drawings via intact components removal procedures of doors and windows and demolition of glazed tiles with controls needed to limit occupational and environmental exposure to lead hazards.

#### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Demolition: Section 02 41 00, DEMOLITION.
- B. Hazardous Material Abatement: Section 02 82 13.13, GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT.
- C. Hazardous Material Abatement: Section 02 82 13.19, ASBESTOS FLOOR TILE AND MASTIC ABATEMENT.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Action Level: Employee exposure, without regard to use of respirator, to lead airborne concentration of 30 micrograms per cubic meter (0.03 parts per million) of air averaged over 8-hour period. As used in this section, "30 micrograms per cubic meter of air (0.03 parts per million)" refers to action level.
- B. Area Monitoring: Sampling of lead concentrations within lead control area and inside physical boundaries which are representative of airborne lead concentrations which may reach breathing zone of personnel potentially exposed to lead.
- C. Breathing Zone: Area within hemisphere, forward of shoulders, with 150 mm to 225 mm (6 to 9 inches) radius and center at nose or mouth of employee.
- D. Certified Industrial Hygienist (CIH): As used in this section, refers to an Industrial Hygienist employed by Contractor.
- E. Certified Lead Firm. "Certified lead firm" means a person that employs individuals to perform regulated lead work, with the exception of renovation, and is certified by the commissioner under Minnesota Statutes section 144.9505.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- F. Change Rooms and Shower Facilities: Rooms within designated physical boundary around lead control area equipped with separate storage facilities for clean protective work clothing and equipment and for street clothes which prevent cross- contamination.
- G. Competent Person: Person capable of identifying lead hazards in work area and authorized by contractor to take corrective action.
- H. Decontamination Room: Room for removal of contaminated personal protective equipment (PPE).
- I. Eight-Hour Time Weighted Average (TWA): Airborne concentration of lead averaged over 8-hour workday to which an employee is exposed.
- J. High Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) Filter Equipment: HEPA filtered vacuuming equipment with UL 586 filter system capable of collecting and retaining lead-contaminated paint dust. HEPA filter means 99.97 percent efficient against 0.3 micron (0.012 mil) size particles.
- K. Lead: Metallic lead, inorganic lead compounds, and organic lead soaps. Excluded from this definition are other organic lead compounds.
- L. Lead Control Area: Enclosed area or structure with full containment to prevent spreading lead dust, paint chips, and debris from lead-based paint removal operations. Lead control area is isolated by physical boundaries to prevent unauthorized entry of personnel.
- M. Lead Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL): Fifty micrograms per cubic meter (0.05 parts per million) of air as 8-hour time weighted average as determined by 29 CFR Part 1910.1025. When employee is exposed for more than 8 hours per work day, determine PEL by following formula. PEL micrograms/cubic meter (parts per million) of air = 400/No. of hrs. worked per day.
- N. Personnel Monitoring: Sampling of lead concentrations within employee breathing zone to determine 8-hour time weighted average concentration according to 29 CFR Part 1910.1025. Take samples representative of employee's work tasks.
- O. Physical Boundary: Area physically roped or partitioned off around enclosed lead control area to limit unauthorized entry of personnel. As used in this section, "inside boundary" shall mean same as "outside lead control area."

# 1.4 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.

# VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- B. American National Standards Institute (ANSI):
  - Z9.2-12 Fundamentals Governing the Design & Operation of Local Exhaust Ventilation Systems.
  - 2. Z88.6-2006 Respiratory Protection
- C. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR):
  - 1. 29 CFR Part 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards.
  - 2. 29 CFR Part 1926 Safety and Health Regulations for Construction.
  - 3. 40 CFR Part 260 Hazardous Waste Management System: General.
  - 4. 40 CFR Part 261 Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste.
  - 5. 40 CFR Part 262 Standards Applicable to Generators of Hazardous Waste.
  - 40 CFR Part 263 Standards Applicable to Transporters of Hazardous Waste.
  - 40 CFR Part 264 Standards for Owners and Operations of Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities.
  - 40 CFR Part 265 Interim Status Standards for Owners and Operators of Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities.
  - 9. 40 CFR Part 268 Land Disposal Restrictions.
  - 10. 49 CFR Part 172 Hazardous Material Table, Special Provisions, Hazardous Material Communications, Emergency Response Information, and Training Requirements, and Security Plans.
  - 11. 49 CFR Part 178 Specifications for Packagings.
- D. National Institute for Occupational Safety And Health (NIOSH) NIOSH OSHA Booklet 3142 Lead in Construction
- E. Underwriters Laboratories (UL):
  - 1. 586-09 High-Efficiency, Particulate, Air Filter Units.

## 1.5 PRE-REMOVAL MEETINGS

- A. Conduct pre-removal meeting at project site before beginning Work of this section.
  - 1. Required Participants:
    - a. Contracting Officer's Representative.
    - b. Certified Industrial Hygienist.
    - c. Certified Lead Firm's Competent Person(s) who will be on-site.
  - Meeting Agenda: Distribute agenda to participants minimum 3 days before meeting.
    - a. Respiratory protection program.
    - b. Hazard communication program.

02 83 33.13 - 3 LEAD BASED PAINT REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- c. Hazardous waste management plan.
- d. Safety and health regulation compliance.
- e. Employee training.
- f. Removal schedule.
- g. Removal sequence.
- h. Preparatory work.
- i. Protection before, during, and after removal.
- j. Removal.
- k. Inspecting and testing.
- 1. Other items affecting successful completion.
- 3. Document and distribute meeting minutes to participants to record decisions affecting installation.

# 1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
    - a. Paint removal products.
    - b. Vacuum filters.
    - c. Respirators.
  - 2. Safety data sheet for each paint removal product.
  - 3. Installation instructions.
    - a. Paint removal products.
- C. Test Reports: Submit testing laboratory reports.
  - Submit air monitoring results within three working days, signed by testing laboratory employee performing air monitoring, employee analyzing sample, and CIH.
- D. Certificates: Certify completed training.
  - Submit certificate for each employee signed and dated by CIH and employee stating employee was trained.
- E. Qualifications: Substantiate qualifications comply with specifications.
  - 1. Certified Lead Firm.
  - 2. Testing laboratory.
    - a. Name, address, and telephone number.
    - b. Current evidence of participation in NIOSH PAT Program.
    - c. Copy of current AIHA accreditation certificate.
  - 3. Industrial hygienist.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- a. Name, address, and telephone number.
- b. Resume showing previous experience.
- c. Copy of current ABIH CIH certification.
- 4. Paint disposal facility.
  - a. Name, address, and telephone number.
  - b. Current license or authorization to receive and dispose lead contaminated waste.
- F. Record Documents:
  - Completed and signed hazardous waste manifest from waste transporter.
  - 2. Paint disposal facility receipts, manifest and disposition reports.
  - 3. Certification of medical examinations.
  - 4. Employee training certification.

#### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Safety and Health Regulation Compliance:

- Comply with laws, ordinances, rules, and regulations of federal, state, and local authorities having jurisdiction regarding removing, handling, storing, transporting, and disposing lead waste materials.
  - a. Comply with applicable requirements of 29 CFR Part 1910.1025.
  - b. Notify Contracting Officer's Representative and request resolution of conflicts between regulations and specified requirements before starting work.
- Comply with the following local laws, ordinances, criteria, rules and regulations regarding removing, handling, storing, transporting, and disposing lead-contaminated materials:
  - a. Minnesota Statutes 144.9501-144.9512.
  - b. Minnesota Administrative Rules 4761.2000-4761.2700.
- B. Certified Lead Firm: Experienced contractor, registered or licensed by applicable state agency regulating lead-based paint removal.
- C. Testing Laboratory: State certified independent testing laboratory experienced in airborne lead monitoring, testing, and reporting.
  - Successful participant in NIOSH Proficiency Analytical Testing (PAT) Program within prior 12 months.
  - 2. Accredited by American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA).
- D. Certified Industrial Hygienist: Certified as CIH by American Board of Industrial Hygiene in comprehensive practice and responsible for:
  - 1. Certify Training.

- 2. Review and approve lead-based paint removal plan for conformance to applicable referenced standards.
- 3. Inspect lead-based paint removal work for conformance with approved plan.
- 4. Direct monitoring.
- 5. Ensure work is performed according to specifications.
- Ensure personnel and environment hazardous exposures are adequately controlled.
- E. Paint Disposal Facility: State certified disposal facility qualified to receive and dispose lead-based paint.
- F. Lead-based Paint Removal Plan:
  - Submit detailed, site-specific plan describing lead-based paint removal procedures.
  - Include sketch showing location, size, and details of lead control areas, decontamination rooms, change rooms, shower facilities, and mechanical ventilation system.
  - 3. Include eating, drinking, and restroom procedures, interface of trades, work sequencing, collected wastewater and paint debris disposal plan, air sampling plan, respirators, protective equipment, and detailed description of containment methods ensuring airborne lead concentrations do not exceed action level outside lead control area.
    - Eating, drinking, and smoking are not acceptable within lead control area.
  - Include air sampling, training and strategy, sampling methodology, frequency, duration, and qualifications of air monitoring personnel.
- G. Respiratory Protection Program: Establish and implement program required by 29 CFR Part 1910.134, 29 CFR Part 1910.1025, and 29 CFR Part 1926.62.
  - Provide each employee negative pressure or other appropriate respirator.
    - Test fit each employee's respirator at initial fitting and maximum 6 month intervals, as required by 29 CFR Part 1926.62.
- H. Hazard Communication Program: Establish and implement program required by 29 CFR Part 1910.1200.

- I. Hazardous Waste Management Plan: Establish and implement plan according to applicable requirements of Federal, State, and local hazardous waste regulations including the following:
  - 1. Identification of hazardous wastes associated with work.
  - 2. Estimated quantities of generated and disposed waste.
  - Names and qualifications of each contractor transporting, storing, treating, and disposing wastes. Include facility location and 24-hour point of contact.
  - Names and qualifications (experience and training) of personnel working on-site with hazardous wastes.
  - 5. List of required waste handling equipment including cleaning, volume reduction, and transport equipment.
  - Spill prevention, containment, and cleanup contingency implementation measures.
  - Work plan and schedule for waste containment, removal, and disposal with daily waste cleaned up and containerization.
  - 8. Hazardous waste disposal cost.

#### 1.8 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PAINT REMOVAL PRODUCTS

A. Chemical Stripper: Chemical strippers are not to be utilized for paint removal activities.

#### 2.2 ACCESSORIES

- A. Waste Collection Drums: 49 CFR Part 178; Type 1A2, steel, removable head, 200 L (55 gal.) capacity, capable of containing waste without loss.
- B. Vacuum Cleaner: HEPA filtered type.
- C. Scrapers:
  - 1. Metal type for use on metal, concrete, and masonry surfaces.
  - 2. Plastic type for use on wood, plaster, gypsum board, and other surfaces.
- D. Rinse Water: Potable.
- E. Cleaning Cloths: Cotton.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Before exposure to lead-contaminated dust, provide workers with comprehensive medical examination required by 29 CFR Part 1926.62 (I)
  - (1) (i) and (ii).
  - Exemption: Examination is not required when employee medical records show last examination required by 29 CFR Part 1926.62(I) was completed within previous 12 months.
- B. Maintain complete and accurate employee medical records according to 29 CFR Part 1910.20.
- C. Train each employee performing paint removal, disposal, and air sampling operations according to 29 CFR Part 1926.62.
  - Certify training is completed before employee is permitted to work on project and enter lead control area.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Protect existing work indicated to remain.
  - Perform paint removal work without damaging and contaminating adjacent work.
  - 2. Restore damage and contamination to original condition.
- B. Notify Contracting Officer 20 days before starting paint removal work.
- C. Lead Control Area Requirements:
  - Establish lead control area by completely enclosing lead-based paint component removal work areas by roping off the work area and laying down 6-mil plastic sheet drop clothes.
  - Contain ceramic tile removal operations using negative pressure full containment system with minimum one change room and HEPA filtered exhaust.
- D. Boundary Requirements: Provide physical boundaries around lead control area by roping off the area, designated on drawings, or providing curtains, portable partitions or other enclosures to ensure that airborne lead concentrations do not meet or exceed action level outside of lead control area.
- E. Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning (HVAC) Systems: Shut down, lock out, and isolate HVAC systems supplying exhausting, and passing through lead control areas. Seal HVAC inlets and outlet within lead

control area with 6-mil plastic sheet and tape. Tape seal seams in HVAC components passing through lead control area.

- F. Change Room and Shower Facilities: Provide clean change rooms and shower facilities within physical boundary around lead control area according to 29 CFR Part 1926.62.
- G. Mechanical Ventilation System:
  - 1. Provide ventilation system to control personnel exposure to lead according to 29 CFR Part 1926.57.
  - Design, construct, install, and maintain HEPA filtered fixed local exhaust ventilation system according to ANSI Z9.2 and approved by CIH.
  - 3. Exhaust ventilation air to exterior wherever possible.
  - 4. When exhaust ventilation air must be recirculated into work area, provide HEPA filter with reliable back-up filter and controls to monitor lead concentration in return air and to bypass recirculation system automatically when system fails.
- H. Personnel Protection: Provide and use required protective clothing and equipment within lead control area.
- I. Warning Signs: Provide warning signs complying with 29 CFR Part 1926.62 at lead control area approaches. Locate signs so personnel read signs and take necessary precautions before entering lead control area.

#### 3.3 WORK PROCEDURES

- A. Remove lead-based paint according to approved lead-based paint removal plan.
  - Remove lead-based glaze ceramic tiles within a negative pressure full containment system in conjunction with asbestos abatement.
  - Remove lead-based paint door and window systems via intact component removal procedures.
  - Perform work only in presence of CIH or Industrial Hygienist (IH) Technician under direction of CIH ensuring continuous inspection of work in progress and direction of air monitoring activities.
  - 4. Handle, store, transport, and dispose lead or and lead contaminated waste according to 40 CFR Part 260, 40 CFR Part 261,
    40 CFR Part 262, 40 CFR Part 263, 40 CFR Part 264, and
    40 CFR Part 265. Comply with land disposal restriction notification requirements as required by 40 CFR Part 268.

# VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- B. Use procedures and equipment required to limit occupational and environmental lead exposure when lead-based paint is removed according to 29 CFR Part 1926.62.
- C. Dispose removed paint and waste according to Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), federal, state, and local requirements.
- D. Personnel Exiting Procedures:
  - When personnel exit lead control area, comply with the following procedures:
    - a. Vacuum exposed clothing surfaces.
    - Remove protective clothing and equipment in decontamination room. Place clothing in approved impermeable disposal bag.
    - c. Shower.
    - d. Dress in clean clothes before leaving lead control area.
- E. Monitoring General:
  - Monitor airborne lead concentrations according to
     29 CFR Part 1910.1025by testing laboratory as directed by CIH.
  - Take personal air monitoring samples on employees anticipated to have greatest exposure risk as determined by CIH. Additionally, take air monitoring samples on minimum 25 percent of work crew or minimum of two employees, whichever is greater, during each work shift.
  - 3. Submit results of air monitoring samples, signed by CIH, within 24 hours after taking air samples. Notify Contracting Officer's Representative immediately of lead exposure at or exceeding action level outside of lead control area.
- F. Monitoring During Paint Removal:
  - Perform personal and area monitoring during entire paint removal operation.
  - Conduct area monitoring at physical boundary daily for each work shift to ensure unprotected personnel are not exposed above action level anytime.
  - 3. For outdoor operations, take at least one sample on each shift leeward of lead control area. When adjacent areas are contaminated, clean area of contamination and have CIH visually inspect and certify lead contamination is cleaned.
  - 4. Stop work when outside boundary lead levels meet or exceed action level. Notify Contracting Officer's Representative, immediately.

- 5. Correct conditions causing increased lead concentration as directed by CIH.
- Review sampling data collected during work stoppage to determine if conditions require additional work method modifications as determined by CIH.
- 7. Resume paint removal when approved by CIH.

# 3.4 LEAD-BASED PAINT REMOVAL

- A. Remove paint within areas indicated on drawings completely exposing substrate. Minimize damage to substrate.
- B. Comply with paint removal processes described in the lead paint removal plan.
- C. Lead-Based Paint Removal: Select processes for each application to minimize work area lead contamination and waste.

# 3.5 SUBSTRATE SURFACE PREPARATION

- A. Protect substrates from deterioration and contamination until refinished.
- B. Prepare and paint substrates according to Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.

#### 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Field Tests: Performed by testing laboratory specified in Section 01 45 29, TESTING LABORATORY SERVICES.
- B. Perform sampling and testing for:
  - 1. OSHA Lead in Air monitoring.

# 3.7 CLEANING AND DISPOSAL

- A. Cleaning:
  - Maintain lead control area surfaces free of accumulating paint chips and dust. Confine dust, debris, and waste to work area.
  - Clean the work area of visible lead paint contamination by vacuuming with a HEPA filtered vacuum cleaner and wet mopping the work area. Do not dry sweep or use compressed air to clean up the work area.
  - Vacuum clean work area daily, at end of each shift, and when paint removal operation is complete.
- B. CIH Certification: Certify in writing that inside and outside lead control area air monitoring samples are less than action level, employee respiratory protection was adequate, the work was performed

according to 29 CFR Part 1926.62, and no visible accumulations of lead-based paint and dust remain on worksite.

- Do not remove lead control area or roped-off boundary and warning signs before Contracting Officer's Representative's receipt of CIH's certification.
- 2. Reclean areas showing dust or residual paint chips.
- C. Testing: Where indicated and when directed by Contracting Officer's Representative, test lead-based paint residue and used abrasive according to 40 CFR Part 261 for hazardous waste.
- D. Waste Collection:
  - Collect lead-contaminated materials including waste, scrap, debris, bags, containers, equipment, and clothing, which may produce airborne lead contamination.
  - 2. Place lead contaminated materials in waste disposal drums. Label each drum identifying waste type according to 49 CFR Part 172 and date waste materials were first put into drum. Obtain and complete the Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest forms. Comply with land disposal restriction notification requirements required by 40 CFR Part 268:
  - 3. The CIH shall collect Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) samples of waste, not including the demolition debris and the testing shall be performed by a laboratory accredited by either the American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA) or the American Association of Laboratory Accreditation (AALA).
    - a. Waste tested which results in a lead content in the leachate of greater than or equal to five parts per million is to be considered hazardous, handled and disposed of according to local, city, state, and federal regulations.
  - 4. Coordinate temporary storage location on project site with Contracting Officer's Representative.
- E. Waste Disposal:
  - Do not store hazardous waste drums in temporary storage location longer than 90 calendar days from drum label date.
  - 2. Remove, transport, and deliver drums to paint disposal facility.
    - a. Obtain signed receipt including date, time, quantity, and description of materials received according to 40 CFR Part 262.

VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades March 30, 2022 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 b. Obtain final report of materials disposition after disposal

completion.

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VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

# SECTION 03 30 53 (SHORT FORM) CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Cast-in-place structural concrete.
  - 2. Slab on grade infill.
  - 3. Suspended slab infill on metal deck.
  - 4. Foundation wall infill.
  - 5. Concrete for metal pan stair fill.
  - 6. Footings.
  - 7. Equipment pads.
  - 8. Preparation of existing surfaces to receive concrete.
  - 9. Preparation of existing surface to received concrete topping.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01 45 29, TESTING LABORATORY SERVICES: Materials Testing and Inspection During Construction.
- B. Section 07 11 13, BITUMINOUS DAMPPROOFING: Bituminous Dampproofing.
- C. Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS
- D. Section 32 05 23, CEMENT AND CONCRETE FOR EXTERIOR IMPROVEMENTS: Concrete Roads, Walks, and Similar Exterior Site Work.

#### 1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this Section.
- B. American Concrete Institute (ACI):

117-10(R2015).....Specification for Tolerances for Concrete

Construction and Materials and Commentary

211.1-91(R2009).....Standard Practice for Selecting Proportions for Normal, Heavyweight, and Mass Concrete.

211.2-98(R2004).....Standard Practice for Selecting Proportions for Structural Lightweight Concrete.

301/301M-16.....Specifications for Structural Concrete.

306.1-90(R2002).....Cold Weather Concreting.

- 318/318M-19.....Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete and Commentary
- 347R-14 .....Guide to Formwork for Concrete.

VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 SP-66-04-....ACI Detailing Manual. C. ASTM International (ASTM): A615/A615M-20.....Standard Specification for Deformed and Plain Carbon Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement A996/A996M-16.....Standard Specification for Rail Steel and Axle Steel Deformed Bars for Concrete Reinforcement A1064/A1064M-18a.....Standard Specification for Carbon-Steel Wire and Welded Wire Reinforcement, Plain and Deformed, for Concrete C33/C33M-18.....Standard Specification for Concrete Aggregates. C39/C39M-20.....Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of Cylindrical Concrete Specimens. C94/C94M-20.....Standard Specification for Ready-Mixed Concrete. C143/C143M-20.....Standard Test Method for Slump of Hydraulic Cement Concrete. C150/C150M-20.....Standard Specification for Portland Cement. C171-16.....Standard Specification for Sheet Materials for Curing Concrete. C192/C192M-19.....Standard practice for Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Laboratory. C219-20a.....Standard Terminology Relating to Hydraulic and Other Inorganic Cements. C260/C260M-10a(2016)....Standard Specification for Air-Entraining Admixtures for Concrete. C330/C330M-17a.....Standard Specification for Lightweight Aggregates for Structural Concrete. C494/C494M-19.....Standard Specification for Chemical Admixtures for Concrete. C618-19 ..... Standard Specification for Coal Fly Ash and Raw or Calcined Natural Pozzolan for Use in Concrete. C881/C881M-20 .....Standard Specification for Epoxy-Resin-Base Bonding Systems for Concrete. C989/C989M-18a .....Standard Specification for Slag Cement for Use in Concrete and Mortars.

VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 C1240-20 .....Standard Specification for Silica Fume Used in Cementitious Mixtures. D1751-18 .....Standard Specification for Preformed Expansion Joint Fillers for Concrete Paving and Structural Construction (Non-extruding and Resilient Bituminous Types). E1155-20.....Determining FF Floor Flatness and FL Floor Levelness Numbers. E1745-17 .....Standard Specification for Water Vapor Retarders Used in Contact with Soil or Granular Fill under Concrete Slabs. D. International Concrete Repair Institute: 310.2R-2013 -.....Selecting and Specifying Concrete Surface Preparation for Sealers, Coatings, Polymer

Overlays, and Concrete Repair.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Procedures: Refer to Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES. All items indicated below are required submittals requiring Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) review and approval.
- B. Submittal Drawings:
  - Submit large scale drawings of reinforcing steel, including all reinforcing bend diagrams and reinforcing details, to the COR for review and approval.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Concrete Mix Design.
  - 2. Air-entraining admixture, chemical admixtures, and curing compounds.
  - 3. Indicate manufacturer's recommendation for each application.
- D. Sustainable Construction Submittals:
  - Recycled Content: Identify post-consumer and pre-consumer recycled content percentage by weight.
- E. Certificates: Certify products comply with specifications.
  - 1. Each ready mix concrete batch delivered to site.

# 1.5 DELIVERY

A. Deliver each ready-mixed concrete batch with mix certification in duplicate according to ASTM International(ASTM) C94/C94M.

03 30 53 - 3 CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 1.6 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement: ASTM C150/C150M, Type I or II.
- B. Pozzolans:
  - Fly Ash: ASTM International (ASTM) C618, Class C or F including supplementary optional physical requirements. Pozzolans shall not exceed 25 percent of total cementitious materials by weight.
  - 2. Slag: ASTM International (ASTM) C989/C989M; Grade 80.
  - 3. Silica Fume: ASTM International (ASTM) C1240.
- C. Coarse Aggregate: ASTM International (ASTM) C33/C33M.
  - 1. Size 467 for footings and walls over 300 mm (12 inches) thick.
  - 2. Size 7 for coarse aggregate for applied topping and metal pan stair fill.
  - 3. Size 67 for other applications.
- D. Fine Aggregate: ASTM International (ASTM) C33/C33M.
- E. Lightweight Aggregate for Structural Concrete: ASTM International(ASTM) C330/C330M, Table 1.
- F. Mixing Water: Fresh, clean, and potable.
- G. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM International (ASTM) C260/C260M.
- H. Chemical Admixtures: ASTM International (ASTM) C494/C494M.
- I. Vapor Barrier: ASTM International(ASTM) E1745, Class A with a minimum puncture resistance of 2200 g (3000 pounds); minimum 0.38 mm (15 mil) thick.
- J. Reinforcing Steel: ASTM International(ASTM) A615/A615M or ASTM International(ASTM) A996/A996M, deformed. See Structural Drawings for grade.
- K. Forms: Wood, plywood, metal, or other materials, approved by Contracting Officer, of grade or type suitable to obtain type of finish specified.
  - Plywood: Exterior grade, free of defects and patches on contact surface.
  - 2. Lumber: Sound, grade-marked, S4S stress graded softwood.

03 30 53 - 4 CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

3. Form coating: As recommended by Contractor.

- L. Welded Wire Fabric: ASTM International (ASTM) A1064/A1064M, Grade 70; sized as indicated.
- M. Expansion Joint Filler: ASTM International (ASTM) D1751.
- N. Sheet Materials for Curing Concrete: ASTM International (ASTM) C171.
- O. Abrasive Aggregates: Aluminum oxide grains or emery grits.
- P. Liquid Densifier/Sealer: 100 percent active colorless aqueous siliconate solution.
- Q. Grout, Non-Shrinking: Premixed ferrous or non-ferrous. Grout to show no settlement or vertical drying shrinkage at 3 days. Compressive strength for grout, at least 18 MPa (2500 psi) at 3 days and 35 MPa (5000 psi) at 28 days.

# 2.2 ACCESSORIES

- A. Bonding Agent: ASTM International (ASTM) C 1059/C 1059M, Type II.
- B. Structural Adhesive: ASTM International (ASTM) C881, 2-component material suitable for use on dry or damp surfaces. Provide material Type, Grade, and Class to suit Project requirements.
- C. Water Stops: Rubber base with self-healing properties. Expanding clay based products not acceptable.
- D. Weeps: Geotextile type as recommended by Contractor and approved by the COR.

## 2.3 CONCRETE MIXES

- A. Design concrete mixes according to ASTM International (ASTM) C94/C94M, Option C.
- B. Compressive strength at 28 days: minimum 30 MPa (4,000 psi).
- C. Submit mix design and results of compression tests to the Contracting Officer for his evaluation. Identify all materials, including admixtures, making-up the concrete.
- D. Maximum Slump for Vibrated Concrete: 100 mm (4 inches) tested according to ASTM International (ASTM) C143.
- E. Cement and Water Factor (See Table I):

TABLE I - CEMENT AND WATER FACTORS FOR CONCRETE				
Concrete: Strength	Non-Air-Entrained		Air-Er	ntrained
Min. 28 Day Comp.	Min. Cement	Max. Water	Min. Cement	Max. Water
Str.	kg/cu. m	Cement Ratio	kg/cu. m	Cement Ratio
MPa (psi)	(lbs./cu.		(lbs./cu.	
	yd.)		yd.)	
35 (5000)1,3	375 (630)	0.45	385 (650)	0.40
30 (4000)1,3	325 (550)	0.55	340 (570)	0.50
25 (3000)1,3	280 (470)	0.65	290 (490)	0.55
25 (3000)1,2	300 (500)	See 4 Below	310 (520)	See 4 Below

Notes:

1. If trial mixes are used, achieve a compressive strength 8.3 MPa (1 200 psi) in excess of f'c. For concrete strengths greater than 35 MPa (5,000 psi), achieve a compressive strength 9.7 MPa (1,400 psi) in excess of f'c.

2. Lightweight Structural Concrete: Pump mixes may require higher cement values as specified in ACI 318/318M.

3. For Concrete Exposed to High Sulfate Content Soils: Maximum water cement ratio is 0.44.

4. Laboratory Determined according to ACI 211.1 for normal weight concrete or ACI 211.2 for lightweight structural concrete.

F. Air-entrainment as specified, and conform with the following for air content table:

TABLE II - TOTAL AIR CONTENT FOR	VARIOUS SIZES OF COARSE AGGREGATES
Nominal Maximum Size of	Total Air Content, percent
Coarse Aggregate	
10 mm (3/8 inches)	6 Moderate exposure; 7.5 severe exposure
13 mm (1/2 inches)	5.5 Moderate exposure; 7 severe exposure
19 mm (3/4 inches)	5 Moderate exposure; 6 severe exposure
25 mm (1 inches)	4.5 Moderate exposure; 6 severe exposure
40 mm (1 1/2 inches)	4.5 Moderate exposure; 5.5 severe exposure

#### 2.4 BATCHING AND MIXING

A. Store, batch, and mix materials according to ASTM C94/C94M.

 Job-Mixed: Batch mix concrete in stationary mixers as specified in ASTM International(ASTM) C94/C94M.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- Ready-Mixed Concrete: Comply with ASTM International (ASTM) C94/C94M, except use of non-agitating equipment for transporting concrete to Site is not acceptable.
- 3. EXECUTION Mixing Structural Lightweight Concrete: Charge mixer with 2/3 of total mixing water and total aggregate for each batch. Mix ingredients minimum 30 seconds in stationary mixer or minimum 10 revolutions at mixing speed in truck mixer. Add remaining mixing water and other ingredients and continue mixing. Above procedure may be modified as recommended by aggregate producer.
- 4. When aggregate producer's instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer's Representative consideration.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 FORMWORK

- A. Installation: Conform to ACI 347. Construct forms to obtain concrete of the shapes, dimensions and profiles indicated, with tight joints.
- B. Design and construct forms to prevent bowing-out of forms between supports and to be removable without prying against or otherwise damaging fresh concrete.
- C. When patching formed concrete, seal form edges against existing surface to prevent leakage; set forms so that patch is flush with adjacent surfaces.
- D. Treating and Wetting: Treat or wet concrete contact surfaces:
  - 1. Coat plywood and lumber forms with non-staining form sealer.
  - 2. Wet wood forms thoroughly when they are not treated with form release agent.
  - 3. Prevent water from accumulating and remaining within forms.
  - 4. Clean and coat removable metal forms with light form oil before reinforcement is placed.
  - 5. In hot weather, cool metal forms by thoroughly wetting with water just before placing concrete.
  - 6. Prevent water from accumulating and remaining within forms.
- E. Inserts, Sleeves, and Similar Items: Install flashing reglets, masonry ties, anchors, inserts, wires, hangers, sleeves, boxes for floor hinges, and other cast-in items specified in other Sections. Place where indicated, square, flush and secured to formwork.

- F. Construction Tolerances General: Install and maintain concrete formwork to assure completion of work within specified tolerances.
- G. Adjust or replace completed work exceeding specified tolerances before placing concrete.

#### 3.2 REINFORCEMENT

- A. Install concrete reinforcement according to ACI 318 and ACI SP-66.
- B. Support and securely tie reinforcing steel to prevent displacement during placing of concrete.
- C. Drilling for Dowels in Existing Concrete: Use sharp bits, drill hole slightly oversize, fill with epoxy grout, inset the dowel, and remove excess epoxy.
- D. High corrosive environments require either epoxy coated rebar or galvanized rebar. All new reinforcement in building 7 shall either be epoxy coated or galvanized.
  - Epoxy coating for reinforcing shall conform to ASTM A-775 and ACI-301 Section 3.2.
  - 2. Where epoxy coating is required, all chairs, slab bolsters, support bars, and spacers shall be plastic coated, or epoxy coated.

# 3.3 VAPOR BARRIER

- A. Except where membrane waterproofing is required, place interior concrete slabs on a continuous vapor barrier.
- B. Lap joints 150 mm (6 inches) and seal with a compatible pressure-sensitive tape.
- C. Patch punctures and tears.

## 3.4 PLACING CONCRETE

- A. Remove water from excavations before concrete is placed. Remove hardened concrete, debris and other foreign materials from interior of forms, and from inside of mixing and conveying equipment. Obtain approval from Contracting Officer's Representative before placing concrete.
- B. Install screeds at required elevations for concrete slabs.
- C. Roughen and clean free from laitance, foreign matter, and loose particles before placing new concrete on existing concrete.
  - Blow-out areas with compressed air and immediately coat contact areas with adhesive in compliance with manufacturer's instructions.
- D. Place structural concrete according to ACI 301 and ACI 318.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- E. Convey concrete from mixer to final place of deposit by method that will prevent segregation or loss of ingredients. Do not deposit, in Work, concrete that has attained its initial set or has contained its water or cement more than 1 1/2 hours. Do not allow concrete to drop freely more than 1500 mm (5 feet) in unexposed work nor more than 900 mm (3 feet) in exposed work.
- F. Place and consolidate concrete in horizontal layers not exceeding 300 mm (12 inches) in thickness. Consolidate concrete by spading, rodding, and mechanical vibrator. Do not secure vibrator to forms or reinforcement. Continuously vibrate during placement of concrete.
- G. Concrete Fill in Stair Tread and Landing Pans: Coat steel with bonding agent and fill pans with concrete. Reinforce with 2 inch by 2 inch by 1.6 mm (0.06 inch) welded wire mesh at midpoint.
- H. Hot Weather Concrete Placement: As recommended by ACI 305.1 to prevent adversely affecting properties and serviceability of hardened concrete.
- I. Cold Weather Concrete Placement: As recommended by ACI 306.1, to prevent freezing of thin sections less than 300 mm (12 inches) and to permit concrete to gain strength properly.
  - Do not use calcium chloride without written approval from Contracting Officer's Representative.

#### **3.5 TOLERANCES**

- A. Slab on Grade Finish Tolerance: Comply with ACI 117, FF-number and FL-number method.
  - 1. Paragraph 4.8.3, Class A 3 mm (1/8 inches) for offset in form-work.
  - 2. Table R4.8.4, "Flat" 6 mm (1/4 inch) in 3 m (10 feet) for slabs.

# 3.6 PROTECTION AND CURING

- A. Protect exposed surfaces of concrete from premature drying, wash by rain or running water, wind, mechanical damage, and excessive hot or cold temperatures.
- B. Curing Methods: Cure concrete with curing compound using wet method with sheets.
- C. Formed Concrete Curing: Wet the tops and exposed portions of formed concrete and keep moist until forms are removed.
  - If forms are removed before 14 days after concrete is cast, install sheet curing materials as specified above.
- D. Concrete Flatwork Curing:

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- Install sheet materials according to the manufacturer's instructions.
  - a. When manufacturer's instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer's Representative consideration.

# 3.7 FORM REMOVAL

- A. Maintain forms in place until concrete is self-supporting, with construction operation loads.
- B. Remove fins, laitance and loose material from concrete surfaces when forms are removed. Repair honeycombs, rock pockets, sand runs, spalls, or otherwise damaged surfaces by patching with the same mix as concrete minus the coarse aggregates.
- C. Finish to match adjacent surfaces.

## 3.8 FINISHES

- A. Vertical and Overhead Surface Finishes:
  - Surfaces Exposed to View Scheduled for Paint Finish: Remove fins, burrs and similar projections by mechanical means approved by Contracting Officer's Representative flush with adjacent surface. Lightly rub with fine abrasive stone or hone. Use ample amount of water during rubbing without working up a lather of mortar or changing texture of concrete.
  - 2. Surfaces Exposed to View in Finished Areas: Grout finish, unless otherwise shown, for uniform color and smooth finish treated.
    - a. Remove laitance, fins and burrs.
    - b. Scrub concrete with wire brushes. Clean stained concrete surfaces with hone or stone.
    - c. Apply grout composed of 1 part Portland cement and 1 part clean, fine sand (smaller than 600 micro-m (No. 30) sieve). Work grout into surface of concrete with cork floats or fiber brushes until pits and honeycomb are filled.
    - d. After grout has hardened, but is still plastic, remove surplus grout with sponge rubber float and by rubbing with clean burlap.
    - e. In hot, dry weather fog spray surfaces with water to keep grout wet during setting period. Complete finished areas in same day. Confine limits of finished areas to natural breaks in wall surface. Do not leave grout on concrete surface overnight.
- B. Slab Finishes:

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 1. Allow bleed water to evaporate before surface is finished. Do not sprinkle dry cement on surface to absorb water.
- Scratch Finish: Rake or wire broom after partial setting slab surfaces to received bonded applied cementitious application, within 2 hours after placing, to roughen surface and provide permanent bond between base slab and applied cementitious materials.
- Float Finish: Interior, interior stair treads, and platforms, both equipment pads, and slabs to receive non-cementitious materials, except as specified.
  - a. Screen and float to smooth dense finish.
  - b. After first floating, while surface is still soft, check surfaces for alignment using straightedge or template. Correct high spots by cutting down with trowel or similar tool. Correct low spots by filling in with material same composition as floor finish. Remove any surface projections on floated finish by rubbing or dry grinding. Refloat slab to uniform sandy texture.
- 4. Steel Trowel Finish: Applied toppings, concrete surfaces to receive resilient floor covering or carpet, future floor roof and other monolithic concrete floor slabs exposed to view without other finish indicated or specified.
  - a. Delay final steel troweling to secure smooth, dense surface, usually when surface can no longer be dented by fingers. During final troweling, tilt steel trowel at slight angle and exert heavy pressure on trowel to compact cement paste and form dense, smooth surface.
  - b. Finished surface: Free from trowel marks. Uniform in texture and appearance.
- 5. Broom Finish: Finish exterior slabs, ramps, and stair treads with bristle brush moistened with clear water after surfaces have been floated.
- 6. Finished Slab Flatness (FF) and Levelness (FL):
  - a. Slab on Grade: Specified overall value FF 25/FL 20. Minimum local value FF 17/FL 15.
  - b. Test flatness and levelness according to ASTM E1155.

# **3.9 SURFACE TREATMENTS**

A. Mix and apply the following surface treatments according to manufacturer's instructions.

03 30 53 - 11 CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- When manufacturer's instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer's Representative consideration.
- B. Liquid Densifier/Sealer: Use for exposed concrete floors and concrete floors to receive carpeting except those specified to receive non-slip finish.
- C. Slip Resistant Finish:
  - Except where safety nosing and tread coverings are shown, apply abrasive aggregate to treads and platforms of concrete steps and stairs, and to surfaces of exterior concrete ramps and platforms.
    - a. Broadcast aggregate uniformly over concrete surface. Trowel concrete surface to smooth dense finish. After curing, rub treated surface with abrasive brick and water sufficiently to slightly expose abrasive aggregate.

# 3.10 RESURFACING FLOORS

- A. Remove existing flooring by abrasive blasting or grinding, in areas to receive resurfacing, to expose existing structural slab. Achieve a surface profile of 2 to 4 according to ICRI 310.2R for the condition found at Site.
- B. Prepare exposed structural slab surface by cleaning, wetting, and applying adhesive according to manufacturer's instructions as specified in the flooring section.

# 3.11 FOUNDATION WALL INFILL

- A. Install air-entrained concrete at foundation wall infill, as indicated.
- B. Install expansion and contraction joints, waterstops, weep holes, reinforcement and railing sleeves, as indicated.
- C. Finish exposed surfaces to match adjacent concrete surfaces, new or existing.
- D. Place porous backfill, as indicated on Drawings.

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VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

# SECTION 03 48 33 PRECAST CONCRETE UTILITY TRENCH

## PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. The work of this Section is to furnish all labor, materials, manpower, tools and equipment required to complete the manufacturing and installation of the precast concrete utility trench as specified and/or shown in the drawings, including but not limited to the work to:
  - 1. Fabricate
  - 2. Transport and deliver to site
  - 3. Unload units on dunnage or gravel
  - 4. Store and/or install precast concrete utility trench
  - 5. Install subbase foundation
  - 6. Install units in the prepared trench
  - 7. Backfill around the utility trench
  - 8. Install sand and/or backfill on top of the utility trench
  - 9. Compact fill materials
  - 10. Topsoil
  - 11. Provide additional Materials:
    - a. Three (3) OSHA -approved trench lid lifting apparatus
    - b. Five (5) extra utility trench lids
  - 12. Other Associated Work

# 1.2 DESIGN OVERVIEW

- A. The design of the units shall be as described in this Section and their installation layout shall be as illustrated on the Drawings. Design requirements shall be as follows:
  - All precast utility trenches shall be structurally designed for lateral soil pressure plus live loads specified hereafter.
  - 2. All designs will require that the manufacturer provide fabrication drawings stamped by a Professional Engineer indicating that the design meets or exceeds the structural requirements contained herein.

- 3. Alternative precast trench component designs may be proposed if all the following requirements are met:
  - a. Comply with the design criteria and the functional tests of this specification.
  - b. All provisions of this specification shall apply to any proposed alternative design.
  - c. The Government may accept or reject part, or all, of any proposed alternative design. The Contractor will pay for all cost for alternate designs, submittals, and reviews.

# 1.3 RELATED WORK

- A. Excavation and Backfill: Division 31 "EARTHWORK."
- B. Materials Testing and Inspection during Fabrication and Construction: Division 1 Section TESTING LABORATORY SERVICES.

# 1.4 SUSTAINABILITY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Materials in this section may contribute towards contract compliance with sustainability requirements. See Section 01 81 11, SUSTAINABLE DESIGN REQUIRMENTS, for project, local/regional materials, low-emitting materials, recycled content, certified wood requirements.
- B. Blended Cement: It is the intent of this specification to reduce CO2 emissions and other environmentally detrimental effects resulting from the production of Portland cement by requiring that all concrete mixes, in aggregate, utilize blended cement mixes to displace Portland cement typically included in conventional construction. Provide the following submittals:
  1. Copies of concrete design mixes for all installed concrete.
  2. Copies of typical regional baseline concrete design mixes for

all compressive strengths used on the Project.

3. Quantities in cubic yards of each installed concrete mix.

C. Biobased Material: For products designated by the USDA's BioPreferred® program, provide products that meet or exceed USDA recommendations for biobased content, subject to the products

compliance with performance requirements in this Section. For more information regarding the product categories covered by the BioPreferred® program, visit http://www.biopreferred.gov.

# 1.5 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS FOR RECYCLED CONTENT

- A. Products and Materials with Post-Consumer Content and Recovered Materials Content:
  - 1. Contractor is obligated by contract to satisfy Federal mandates for procurement of products and materials meeting recommendations for post-consumer content and recovered materials content; the list of designated product categories with recommendations has been compiled by the EPA - refer to http://www.epa.gov/wastes/conserve/tools/cpg/products/
  - Materials or products specified by this section may be obligated to satisfy this Federal mandate and Comprehensive Procurement Guidelines program.
  - 3. The EPA website also provides tools such as a Product Supplier Directory search engine and product resource guides.
- B. Fulfillment of regulatory requirements does not relieve the Contractor of satisfying sustainability requirements stipulated by Section 01 81 11, SUSTAINABLE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS, as it relates to recycled content; additional product and material selections with recycled content may be required, as determined by Contractor's Sustainability Action Plan.

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer's Qualifications: Bid documents shall include documentation that manufacturer has a minimum of three years of experience with pre-casting units of similar type. Current plant certification for the location(s) that will be producing units for this project from the National Precast Concrete Association (NPCA) shall be provided as a submittal prior to any work being performed.

- B. Provide a written stamped certification from a licensed Structural Engineer that certifies that the units being manufactured conform to the specified design and performance requirements.
- C. Installation Qualifications: Provide written documentation that verifies:
  - The installer has been regularly engaged, for at least three years, in installation of pre-cast concrete similar to this project.
- D. Fabricate precast utility trench to the interior dimensions shown in the drawings.
  - 1. Replace or repair units that do not comply with the individual dimensions and tolerances.

# 1.7 DESIGN CRITERIA

- A. Design Criteria (Precast Utility Trench): All design calculations and drawings shall be signed and sealed by qualified licensed Structural Engineer.
  - The units shall be of the following type, style, and size:
     a. Type: Precast concrete.
    - b. Style: One-piece box with separate outer lid.
    - c. Utility Trench interior size: Interior minimum dimensions are as shown in the drawings.
    - e. Unit height and wall thickness are as shown in the drawings.
    - f. Basis of design: Tenwa Precast Trench Solutions HS20 Road Crossing Trench (BHC4824-120).
  - 2. Load Conditions for design of units shall be as follows:
    - a. Passage of a wheel axle load of 14,500 kg (32,000 lbs.) after installation.
  - 3. Submit to the Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) for approval the following:

- a. Five sets of design documentation showing structural design of the units.
  - This documentation shall include dimensions, methods of construction, and calculations.
- b. The Structural Engineer that stamps the design calculations and drawings shall provide:
  - Written recommendations indicating the extent of voids that are allowable in the produced units, without causing any degradation of loading capacity from the design load values.
  - 2) Written recommendations on the conditions where repairs will be allowed, and materials and methods to be used for repairs. Written statement shall include a description of crack dimensions within units (length, width, and depth) that are allowable without repair, that are allowable with repair (and the recommended repair process), and that should be rejected.
  - 3) Written statement that all repairs to the units shall only be allowed if they are performed according to the written recommendations of the Structural Engineer.
- 4. The precast components shall be designed to conform to the requirements stated in ASTM C857-07 "Practice for Minimum Structural Design Loading for Underground Precast Concrete Utility Structures", ASTM C858-07 " Specifications for Underground Precast Concrete Utility Structures", and ACI-318 "Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete and Commentary on Building Code Requirements in Structural Concrete".
- B. Design Criteria (Concrete Lids):
  - 1. To be removable and replaceable.
  - Lid lifting shall be from top positioned lift anchors (4required per lid).

- a. Furnish the cemetery with three (3) OSHA approved and tag certified lifting devices for removing the lid.
- 3. Load Conditions for design of lids shall be as follows: a. Passage of a wheel axle load of 14,500 kg (32,000 lbs.) after installation.
- The precast trench system shall be designed and constructed so that supplemental support such as protection rods or cross supports are not required.

## **1.8 ALLOWABLE TOLERANCES**

A. Tolerances of individual units shall be as follows:

- Variation in overall trench outside dimensions of unit (height, length and width): 3 mm (1/8") plus or minus.
- 2. Variation in thickness of precast panels and elements: 1.5 mm (1/16'') plus or minus.
- Maximum height differential in final placement in the ground:
   3 mm (1/8") above or below design grade.
- 4. All cracks may be cause for rejection. Per paragraph 1.7.A.3.b the structural engineer shall identify crack dimensions (length, width, and depth) that are allowable without repair, that may be repaired, and that should be rejected. Where cracks or other damage is identified, the COR may request confirmation from the structural engineer of the acceptability of the proposed resolution (no action, accepted with repair, or rejection). Such confirmation shall be incidental to the unit installation.

### 1.9 SUBMITTALS

- A. In accordance with Section 01 33 23, SAMPLES AND SHOP DRAWINGS, within 45 days of the approval of the shop drawings, furnish to the COR the following:
  - 1. Samples: deliver to the site for testing and inspection:
    - a. Three precast concrete utility trench units.
- B. Submit a detailed concrete Mix Design.

- C. Submit Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Installation Narrative:
    - a. Method of transportation.
    - b. Method of handling and placement.
  - 2. Production Drawings:
    - a. Elevation view of each unit.
    - b. Plan view of unit.
    - c. Sections and details to show quantities, sizes and position of reinforcing steel, inserts, and essential embedded hardware for fabrication, handling, transportation, and installation.
    - d. Section, details, and location of specialty lid lifting anchors and lid lifting system.
    - e. Dimensions and finishes.
    - f. Identification and location of each trench part in the trench layout along with a bill of material.
- D. Submit Product Design Data:
  - Structural adequacy calculations of units (precast utility trench units), performed by a licensed Structural Engineer.
  - 2. Loadings for Design Calculations:
    - a. Initial handling and erection stresses.
    - b. Dead and live loads specified.
    - c. Other loads specified for units as applicable.
    - d. Deflection of precast members.
    - e. Product test reports:
      - The concrete shall be tested for the compressive strength and beam flexural strength as specified herein. An approved independent, commercial testing laboratory shall perform tests. Certified copies of test reports, including test data and results shall be submitted to the COR immediately after the strength tests have been completed. The tests shall be as specified herein.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 2) Prior to backfilling around the utility trench and at contractor expense, the COR may pick a single unit for coring another bottom slab drainage hole by an independent lab with said core being analyzed (petrography testing) and results submitted verifying evidence of fly ash or other pozzolans as specified.
- 3) Based on failed testing, the COR may request more frequent testing to ensure quality of the product and pozzolans content is present, again at contractor expense.
- 3. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - a. Each type of anchorage, angle, and fastener.

# 1.10 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Delivery and Handling: Units shall be transported, stored, and handled so as to prevent damage to surfaces, edges and corners and to prevent development of stresses and cracks. Provide temporary bracing protection devices and measures as necessary to prevent damage to the units during handling, transportation, and storage. Transportation, storage, and handling of units without damage is required. Any damage caused by accident or negligence on the Contractor's part shall be corrected at the Contractor's expense. Use the designed lifting wire system to transport the units. On the job site, forklift handling of the units may be approved by the COR only following:
  - 1. Verification that the structural design is adequate.
  - Verification by the manufacturer and demonstration that the field procedures will cause no damage to the units.
  - 3. Submission of written safety procedures to be followed so the procedure is maintained as SAFE.

B. Storage:

 Units may be at other designated locations(s) on site as identified by the COR, as long as they are set on blocking,

gravel or other approved methods to prevent damage or plugging of the bottom drainage holes.

- C. Markings and Identifications:
  - 2. Date of manufacture (month, day, and year) shall be written on the box and bottom of lid with permanent ink or an equivalent marking. Markings shall not be visible at the surface upon installation.

## 1.11 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate the manufacture, delivery, storage, and installation of the units with related work and the COR.

# 1.12 WARRANTY

A. After erection, completed work will be, subject to terms of Article, WARRANTY in Division 01, GENERAL CONDITIONS, except warranty period is extended to five years.

## 1.13 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by the basic designation only. Comply with applicable provisions and recommendations of the following, except as otherwise shown or specified.
- B. American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials

T99-01(2011) Moisture-Density Relations of Soils Using a
2.5 kg (5.5 lb) Rammer and a 305 mm (12
inch) Drop.
T180-01(2011) Moisture-Density Relations of Soils using a

4.54 kg (10 lb) Rammer and a 457 mm (18 inch) Drop.

C. American Concrete Institute:

ACI Manual of Concrete Practice 2011 Edition.

ACI 318-05 Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades March 30, 2022 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 D. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM): A36/A36M-12 Standard Specification for Carbon Structural Steel. A153/A153M-09 Standard Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware. A496 Specification for Steel Wire, Deformed, for Concrete Reinforcement Standard Specification for Deformed and A615/A615M-13 Plain Carbon-Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement A1064/A1064M-13 Standard Specifications for Carbon-Steel Wire and Welded Wire Reinforcement, Plain and Deformed, for Concrete. C31/C31M-12 Standard Practice for Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Field. C33/C33M-13 Standard Specification for Concrete Aggregates C39/C39M-14 Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of Cylindrical Concrete Specimen Standard Test Method for Flexural Strength C78/C78M-10e1 for Concrete (Using Simple Beam with Third-Point Loading) C150/C150M-12 Standard Specification for Portland Cement. C172/C172M-14 Standard Practice for Sampling Freshly Mixed Concrete. C260/C260M-10a Standard Specification for Air-Training Admixtures for Concrete. C494/C494M-13 Standard Specification for Chemical Admixtures for Concrete C595/C595-13 Standard Specification for Blended Hydraulic Cement.

VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades March 30, 2022 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 C1017/C1017M-13 Standard Specification for Chemical Admixtures for Use in Producing Flowing Concrete. C1116/C1116M-10a Standard Specification for Fiber-Reinforced Concrete. C1157/C1157M-11 Standard Performance Specification for Hydraulic Cement C1399/C1399M-10 Standard Test Methods for Obtaining Residual-Strength of Fiber-Reinforced Concrete. C1602/C1602M-12 Standard Specification for Mixing Water Used in the Production of Hydraulic Cement Concrete.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Precast Concrete: All precast concrete utility trenches shall be of concrete with the following:
  - 1. A minimum 28 days compressive strength of 35 MPa (5,000 psi)
  - 2. A minimum of 15% cement substitute of fly ash and/or other pozzolans.
  - 3. Hydraulic Cement: ASTM C150
  - 4. Normal weight Aggregates: ASTM C33
  - 5. Water: ASTM C1602
  - 6. Chemical Admixtures:
    - a. Water reducers, accelerating and retarding: ASTM C494
    - b. Air Entraining: ASTM C260
    - c. Admixtures with no standard designation shall be used only with approval of VA.
  - Prohibited Admixtures: Calcium Chloride thiocyanates or admixtures containing more than 0.1 percent chloride ions.
  - 8. 6% entrainment air by volume.
- B. Reinforcement:

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 1. Welded Steel Wire Fabric: ASTM A1064.
- 2. Steel Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A496, cold drawn.
- 3. Steel Reinforcement: ASTM A615 Grade 60, deformed.
- Inserts, Anchors, Dowels and Accessories: Per the manufacturer's recommendation, and as approved by the COR.
- C. Form Coatings:
  - Use commercial formulation form-coating compounds that will not bond with, stain, or adversely affect concrete surfaces.

## 2.2 FABRICATION

A. General:

- Units shall be fabricated in accordance with the minimum interior dimensions and tolerances indicated herein, with concrete surfaces that are smooth and free of irregularities.
- 2. Batching and mixing of concrete shall conform to ACI A301, ASTM C94, and ACI 304. All materials shall be pre-weighed prior to mixing.
- B. Finishes:
  - 1. Surface holes 6 mm (1/4") and smaller caused by air bubbles, normal color variations, normal form joint marks, small chips 6mm (1/4") and smaller and spalling no more than 0.1 square meter (one square foot) total per unit are permitted on the unexposed surfaces. Exposed, precast sidewalk surfacing shall meet the finishing requirements of section 32 05 23 Cement and Concrete for Exterior Improvements.
  - 2. Exposed steel reinforcing, honeycomb, bug holes, and cracks not within tolerances are not permitted.
  - 3. The lid lifting system shall be per the manufacturer's recommendation.

4. Concrete shall have no evidence of segregation of materials.C. Reinforcement:

- Provide steel reinforcing as required for casting, handling, erection loads, lateral and overhead fill, and equipment live loads.
- Reinforcing steel shall be free of dirt, mill scale, rust, oil, grease, ice, snow, water and placed within approved tolerances in accordance with ACI 318.
- 3. Fabrication and placement shall conform with ACI-318.
- D. Concrete Placement:
  - Porosity, strength, weight, and gradation of coarse aggregate shall be as required to produce specified characteristics.
  - Units shall be cast in steel forms designed to suit shape and finish required. Each element of the unit shall be cast as an integral piece free of joints and seams.
- E. Curing:
  - 75% of specified concrete compressive strength shall be attained before transportation of units to the VAHCS campus or storage site.
  - Units shall be cured as required to develop specified structural characteristics and shall be stored in a manner that will permit all surfaces to cure equally.
  - Units shall be properly cured in accordance with the applicable provisions of the current ACI Manual of Concrete Practice.
- F. Surface Treatment and Corrective Work:
  - 1. Units that have minor chipping of edges and corners on the unexposed surfaces shall be repaired by a method approved by the COR. On the exposed surfaces, chipped surfaces shall be reviewed by the COR or the COR's designated representative, and either be repaired by a method approved by the COR, or removed and replaced at no cost to the government.
  - 2. Cracked/damaged units exceeding tolerances shall be removed by the contractor at no cost to the government.

3. Any corrective work beyond what the COR determines is minor, shall be handled according to written procedures from the Structural Engineer that stamped the design for the units. Otherwise, the units shall be removed and replaced.

## 2.3 TESTING AND INSPECTION

- A. Contractor's Responsibility for Inspection: The Contractor is responsible for the performance of all inspection requirements including:
  - 1. Removal of lids
  - 2. Replacement of the lids for inspection by the COR.
    - a. The COR reserves the right to perform any of the inspections set forth in the specification when deemed necessary to assure that the units conform to prescribed requirements.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 FIELD QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Testing: The contractor shall procure an independent qualified testing agency to perform concrete tests during production and prepare test reports.
  - 1. Concrete Cylinder testing for compressive strength:
    - a. Three cylinders per day of unit production to be taken in accordance to ASTM C172 as applicable to SCC.
    - b. Strength to exceed 35 MPa (5000 psi) after 28 days curing in accordance to ASTM C31 & C39.
    - c. Test inverted slump when cylinders are made.
  - 2. Beam testing to confirm design flexure strength:
    - a. Once at the beginning of production, a minimum of three beams with fiber shall be taken for testing of Flexural Performance of Fiber-Reinforced Concrete in accordance with ASTM C78 and C1399. All beams' flexural strength shall exceed the design flexural strength requirements and residual strength of fiber reinforced concrete, and shall

exceed capacity of conventionally reinforced concrete wall design as submitted by the Structural Engineer and approved by VA. Fiber Manufacturer shall verify type and dosage rate of the test beams are identical in production.

3. A single verification test of fly ash in the unit's concrete mix required at the discretion of the COR.

### 3.2 GENERAL LAYOUT CONTROL

A. A professional registered Land Surveyor shall establish sufficient lines, grades and control for the horizontal placement, slope of the base and top, and vertical alignment for the sides of units in accordance with the design drawings.

# 3.3 PREPARATION

- A. Before beginning installation, inspect work of other trades insofar as it affects the work of this section. Commencing installation of units will be construed as accepting as suitable the work of other trades.
- B. Verify by survey, rough grading of aggregate. Provide a certification by the professional surveyor to the COR that the rough grading for the base stone, as well as that the survey control points for setting have been set according to the plans; prior to the Contractor starting to set units in the field. The Surveyor shall indicate to the COR where the control points are located and how they are protected.
- C. Verify by testing, compaction of prepared subgrade and subbase to meet Standard Proctor (ASTM D698).
- D. Verify by survey locations and elevations of units relative to control points indicated on plans.

# 3.4 HANDLING, INSTALLATION AND PAINTING

- A. Handling:
  - Units shall be handled in a vertical plane at all times and stacked vertically on wood supports of adequate strength or placed on gravel until erected.

- 2. Lift units with suitable lifting devices at points provided by manufacturer.
- Provide temporary wood bracing to comply with manufacturer's recommendations to keep unit bottoms off ground during storage.
- B. Installation:
  - Install units by competent erector crews trained and certified as competent by unit's manufacturer.
  - 2. Use all means necessary to protect units from being damaged in transport and during and after installation. Lids or other parts of the units that show damage from bouncing during transport shall be replaced by the contractor at no cost to the Owner.
  - 3. Accurately install by aligning and leveling units in accordance with plans.
  - 4. After installation, remove lids with the specified lifting apparatus for inspection by the COR inspector. After completion of inspection, the Contractor shall replace the lids. Any damage to lids or units will be the responsibility of the contractor.

# 3.5 PROTECTION OF WORK

A. Use all means necessary to protect units from being damaged during and after installation.

# 3.6 REPLACEMENT AND REPAIR

- A. Remove and replace units that the COR has determined are damaged, cracked beyond tolerances, broken, improperly fabricated, or otherwise defective and are structurally unsound and unacceptable.
- B. Units having minor defects not affecting serviceability or appearance may be repaired when approved by the COR or VA's Inspector.

- C. Proposed repair work shall be sound, permanent, and flush with adjacent surfaces and submitted for approval by the COR.
- D. Replacements and repairs shall be done at no additional cost to the Government.

## 3.7 BACKFILLING AND FIELD PROTECTION

- A. Prior to the backfill being placed along the precast utility trench, a professional registered Land Surveyor shall:
  - Survey the in-place units and provide a written certification that they are, within allowable tolerances installed:
    - a. At the design locations
    - b. Properly aligned
    - c. At correct elevations and slopes
- B. The following documents shall be provided to the COR:
  - An electronic drawing of the as-built conditions for the installed units.
  - 2. A written certification that during the manufacturing, handling, and setting that each of the lifting apparatuses were operated using the designed lifting device, and that any excessive concrete debris has been removed to allow free operation of the lifting devices. A description of when in the process each of the lifting bowls were used shall also be provided.
- C. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring that the units do not move during the backfill operations, including but not limited to providing adequate blocking at the base of the units, if deemed necessary, to prevent them from moving during the backfill operations.
- D. Protect installed units during backfill operations.
- E. Install approved backfill against outside walls of all units, ensuring no voids are remaining. Approved backfill shall:
  - Contain no materials that will cause a concentrated point load.

- 2. The perimeter wall backfill shall be compacted to Standard Proctor (AASHTO T-99) to 95% density to the level equal to the top of the units.
- 3. Shall be compacted without using large vibratory equipment near units.
- F. No equipment over the units should exceed the design loads as specified herein, which includes compacting equipment. No vibratory compaction equipment over or alongside units unless impact loads are shown not to exceed the design loads.
- M. Do not store or stockpile any material on top of installed units.
- N. Do not allow any vehicle on top of installed units. Affected units subject to said loading condition as determined by the COR shall be inspected for possible damages with lid lifting, fill replacement and all other work as necessary, all at contractor's expense.

## 3.8 INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE

A. Final inspection and acceptance will be by the COR.

- - E N D - - -

### SECTION 04 05 13 MASONRY MORTARING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Masonry mortar installed by other concrete and masonry sections.

#### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Mortar used in Section:
  - 1. Section 04 05 16, MASONRY GROUTING.
  - 2. Section 04 20 00, UNIT MASONRY, Mockup requirements.
  - 3. Section 04 72 00 CAST STONE MASONRY.
- B. Mortar Color: Match existing adjacent.

#### 1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM):
  - 1. C40/C40M-11 Organic Impurities in Fine Aggregates for Concrete.
  - 2. C91/C91M-12 Masonry Cement.
  - 3. C144-11 -Aggregate for Masonry Mortar.
  - 4. C150/C150M-15 Portland Cement.
  - 5. C207-06(2011) Hydrated Lime for Masonry Purposes.
  - 6. C270-14a Mortar of Unit Masonry.
  - 7. C595/C595M-15e1 Blended Hydraulic Cements.
  - C780-15 Preconstruction and Construction Evaluation of Mortars for Plain and Reinforced Unit Masonry.
  - 9. C979/C979M-10 Pigments for Integrally Colored Concrete.
  - 10. C1329/C1329M-15 Mortar Cement.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
- C. Certificates: Certify each product complies with specifications.
  - 1. Portland cement.
  - 2. Masonry cement.
  - 3. Mortar cement.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 4. Hydrated lime.
- 5. Fine aggregate.
- 6. Color admixture.
- D. Qualifications: Substantiate qualifications comply with specifications.
  - 1. Testing laboratory.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Preconstruction Testing:
  - Engage independent testing laboratory to tests and submit reports.
     a. Deliver samples to laboratory in number and quantity required for testing.
  - 2. Test mortar and materials specified.
  - 3. Mortar:
    - a. Test for compressive strength and water retention according to ASTM C270.
    - b. Minimum Mortar compressive strengths 28 days:
      - 1) Type M: 17.2 MPa (2,500 psi).
      - 2) Type S: 12.4 MPa (1,800 psi).
      - 3) Type N: 5.1 MPa (750 psi).
  - 4. Non Staining Cement: Test for water soluble alkali.
    - a. Water Soluble Alkali: Maximum 0.03 percent.
  - 5. Sand: Test for deleterious substances, organic impurities, soundness and grading.

### 1.6 DELIVERY

- A. Deliver products in manufacturer's original sealed packaging.
- B. Mark packaging, legibly. Indicate manufacturer's name or brand, type, color, production run number, and manufacture date.
- C. Before installation, return or dispose of products within distorted, damaged, or opened packaging.

#### 1.7 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Store masonry materials under waterproof covers on planking clear of ground.
  - 1. Protect loose, bulk materials from contamination.
- B. Protect products from damage during handling and construction operations.

#### 1.8 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C207, Type S.
- B. Aggregate for Masonry Mortar: ASTM C144 and as follows:
  - 1. Light colored sand for mortar for laying face brick.
  - White plastering sand meeting sieve analysis for mortar joints for pointing except that 100 percent passes No. 8 sieve, and maximum 5 percent retained on No. 16 sieve.
  - 3. Test sand for color value according to ASTM C40/C40M. Sand producing color darker than specified standard is unacceptable.
- C. Blended Hydraulic Cement: ASTM C595/C595M, Type IS, IP.
- D. Masonry Cement: ASTM C91/C91M. Type N, S, Or M.
  - 1. Use white masonry cement whenever white mortar is specified.
- E. Mortar Cement: ASTM C1329/C1329M, Type N, S or M.
- F. Portland Cement: ASTM C150/C150M, Type I.
  - 1. Use white Portland cement wherever white mortar is specified.
- G. Pigments: ASTM C979/C979M; inorganic, inert, mineral pigments only, unaffected by atmospheric conditions, nonfading, alkali resistant, and water insoluble.
- H. Water: Potable, free of substances that are detrimental to mortar, masonry, and metal.
- I. Integral Water Repellant: use only mortar containing integral water repellent mortar admixture at the manufacturer's recommended addition rate and mix according to the manufacturer's recommended instructions.

#### 2.2 PRODUCTS - GENERAL

- A. Basis of Design: Match existing. Brick Masonry exterior to match adjacent building/structure, vendor and color mix to be coordinated with VA and SHPO.
- B. Provide each product from one manufacturer and from one production run.

### 2.3 MIXES

A. Pointing Mortar for New Work:

- For Cast Stone or Precast Concrete: Proportion by volume; one part white Portland cement, two parts white sand, and 1/5 part hydrated lime.
- 2. Pointing Mortar for Glazed Structural Facing Tile:
  - a. Proportion by volume: One part white Portland cement, two parts of graded white sand passing Number 50 sieve, and 1/8 part hydrated lime.
- B. Tuck Pointing Mortar for Repair Work: Tuck pointing mortar.
- C. Masonry Mortar: ASTM C270.
  - 1. Admixtures:
    - a. Do not use mortar admixtures, and color admixtures unless approved by Contracting Officer's Representative.
    - b. Do not use antifreeze compounds.
- D. Colored Mortar:
  - 1. Maintain uniform mortar color for exposed work, throughout.
  - 2. Match mortar color with existing masonry.
  - 3. Alteration Work Mortar Color: Match existing mortar unless specified otherwise.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for product installation.
- B. Protect existing construction and completed work from damage.

## 3.2 MIXING

- A. Measure ingredients by volume using known capacity container.
- B. Mix for 3 to 5 minutes in a mechanically operated mortar mixer.
- C. Mix water with dry ingredients in sufficient amount to provide a workable mixture which will adhere to vertical surfaces of masonry units.
- D. Mortar Stiffened Because of Water Loss Through Evaporation:
  - Re-temper by adding water to restore to proper consistency and workability.
  - Discard mortar reaching initial set or unused within two hours of mixing.
- E. Pointing Mortar:

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- Mix dry ingredients with enough water to produce damp mixture of workable consistency retaining shape when formed into ball.
- 2. Allow mortar to stand in dampened condition for 60 to 90 minutes.
- 3. Add water to bring mortar to a workable consistency before use.

### 3.3 MORTARING

- A. Type M Mortar: Use for parging below grade.
- B. Type S Mortar: Use for masonry containing vertical reinforcing bars (non-engineered) and masonry below grade and engineered reinforced unit masonry work.
- C. Brick Veneer Over Frame Back Up Walls: Use Type S Portland cement-lime mortar.
- D. Type N Mortar: Use for other masonry work.
- E. Type N Mortar: Use for pointing items and tuck pointing specified.

#### 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Field Tests: Performed by testing laboratory specified in Section 01 45 29, TESTING LABORATORY SERVICES.
  - Take and test samples during progress of work according to ASTM C780.

- - E N D - -

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

### SECTION 04 05 16 MASONRY GROUTING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Grout for filling hollow concrete masonry cores.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

A. Section 04 20 00, UNIT MASONRY: Mockup Requirements.

B. Section 09 91 00, PAINTING

#### 1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section American National Standards Institute (ANSI): A118.6-19 - .....Standard Cement Grouts for Tile Installation.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM):

C40/C40M-20 - .....Organic Impurities in Fine Aggregates for Concrete.

C150/C150M-20Portland Cement.
C207-18 Hydrated Lime for Masonry Purposes.
C404-18Aggregates for Masonry Grout.
C476-20Grout for Masonry.
C595/C595M-20Blended Hydraulic Cement.
C979/C979M-16Pigments for Integrally Colored Concrete
C1019-19Sampling and Testing Grout.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES. All items indicated below are required submittals requiring Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) review and approval.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
- C. Sustainable Construction Submittals:
  - Recycled Content: Identify pre-consumer recycled content percentage by weight.
- D. Test Reports: Certify each product complies with specifications.
  - 1. Grout, each type.
  - 2. Cement.

- 3. Aggregate.
- E. Certificates: Certify each product complies with specifications.
  - 1. Blended hydraulic cement.
  - 2. Portland cement.
  - 3. Grout.
  - 4. Hydrated lime.
  - 5. Aggregate.
  - 6. Color admixture.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Preconstruction Testing:
  - 1. Engage independent testing laboratory to perform tests and submit reports.
    - a. Deliver samples to laboratory in number and quantity required for testing.
  - 2. Grout:
    - a. Test compressive strength according to ASTM C1019 standard.
  - 3. Cement:
    - a. Test for water soluble alkali (nonstaining) when nonstaining cement is specified.
    - b. Nonstaining cement containing more than 0.03 percent water soluble alkali.
  - 4. Aggregate:
    - Test for deleterious substances, organic impurities, soundness and grading.

#### 1.6 DELIVERY

- A. Deliver products in manufacturer's original sealed packaging.
- B. Mark packaging, legibly. Indicate manufacturer's name or brand, type, production run number, and manufacture date.

### 1.7 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Store masonry materials under waterproof covers on planking clear of ground, and protect damage from handling, dirt, stain, water and wind.
- B. Protect products from damage during handling and construction operations.

## 1.8 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Grout Components:
  - 1. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C207, Type S.
  - 2. Aggregate For Masonry Grout: ASTM C404, Size 8.
  - 3. Blended Hydraulic Cement: ASTM C595, Type IS, IP.
  - 4. Portland Cement: ASTM C150, Type I.
  - 5. Liquid Acrylic Resin:
    - a. A formulation of acrylic polymers and modifiers in liquid form designed for use as an additive for mortar to improve physical properties.
  - Water: Potable, free of substances that are detrimental to grout, masonry, and metal.

### 2.2 PRODUCTS - GENERAL

- A. Provide each product from one manufacturer and from one production run.
- B. Sustainable Construction Requirements:
  - 1. Blended Hydraulic Cement Recycled Content:
    - a. Fly Ash: 25 percent total recycled content, minimum.
    - b. Combined Fly Ash and Pozzolan: 25 percent total recycled content, minimum.
    - c. Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag: 50 percent total recycled content, minimum.
    - d. Combined Fly Ash or Pozzolan and Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag: 50 percent Portland cement minimum, with fly ash or pozzolan not exceeding 25 percent total recycled content, minimum.

## 2.3 MIXES

- A. Grout: ASTM C476; fine grout and coarse grout.
  - 1. Color Admixture:
    - a. Pigments: ASTM C979, inert, stable to atmospheric conditions, nonfading, alkali resistant, and water insoluble.
    - b. Use mineral pigments only. Organic pigments are not acceptable.
- B. Ready-Mixed Grout: ANSI A118.8.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for product installation.
- B. Protect existing construction and completed work from damage.

- C. Clean mortar from masonry cells protruding more than 13 mm (1/2 inch) to permit grout flow.
- D. Remove debris from grout spaces.
- E. Verify reinforcement is correctly placed before placing grout.

# 3.2 MIXING

- A. Mix grout in mechanically operated mixer.
  - 1. Mix grout for five minutes, minimum.
- B. Measure ingredients by volume using container of known capacity.
- C. Mix water with grout dry ingredients.
  - 1. Slump Range: 200 to 275 mm (8 to 11 inches).

### 3.3 GROUTING

- A. Install grout according to Section 04 20 00, UNIT MASONRY.
- B. Use fine grout for filling wall cavities and hollow concrete masonry units where smallest cell dimension is 50 mm (2 inches) or less.
- C. Use either fine grout or coarse grout for filling wall cavities and hollow concrete masonry units where smallest cell dimension is greater than 50 mm (2 inches).
- D. Use grout for filling bond beam or lintel units.

- - E N D - -

### SECTION 04 20 00 UNIT MASONRY

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Face brick assemblies for exterior walls and concrete masonry unit (CMU) assemblies for exterior walls and interior partitions:

#### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Sealants and Sealant Installation: Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.
- B. Mortar: Section 04 05 13, MASONRY MORTARING.
- C. Grout: Section 04 05 18, MASONRY GROUTING.
- D. Cast stone: Section 02 72 00, CAST STONE MASONRY.
- E. Color and Texture of Masonry Units: Match existing adjacent.

#### 1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. American Concrete Institute (ACI):
  - 1. 315-99 Details and Detailing of Concrete Reinforcement.
  - 2. 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602-13 Specification for Masonry Structures.
- C. ASTM International (ASTM):
  - A615/A615M-15ae1 Deformed and Plain Carbon-Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement.
  - 2. A951/A951M-14 Steel Wire for Masonry Joint Reinforcement.
  - A1064/A1064M-15 Carbon-Steel Wire and Welded Wire Reinforcement, Plain and Deformed, for Concrete.
  - 4. C34-13 Structural Clay Load-Bearing Wall tile.
  - 5. C55-14a Concrete Building Brick.
  - 6. C56-13 Structural Clay Nonloadbearing Tile.
  - C62-13a Building Brick (Solid Masonry Units Made from Clay or Shale).
  - 8. C67-14 Sampling and Testing Brick and Structural Clay Tile.
  - 9. C90-14 Load-Bearing Concrete Masonry Units.
  - 10. C126-15 Ceramic Glazed Structural Clay Facing Tile, Facing Brick, and Solid Masonry Units.
  - C216-15 Facing Brick (Solid Masonry Units Made From Clay or Shale).
  - 12. C612-14 Mineral Fiber Block and Board Thermal Insulation.

04 20 00 - 1 UNIT MASONRY

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

13. C744-14 - Prefaced Concrete and Calcium Silicate Masonry Units.

14. D1056-14 - Flexible Cellular Materials - Sponge or Expanded Rubber.

15. D2240-05(2010) - Rubber Property-Durometer Hardness.

16. F1667-15 - Driven Fasteners: Nails, Spikes, and Staples.

- D. American Welding Society (AWS):
  - 1. D1.4/D1.4M-11 Structural Welding Code Reinforcing Steel.
- E. Brick Industry Association (BIA):
  - 1. TN 11B-88 Guide Specifications for Brick Masonry, Part 3.
- F. Federal Specifications (Fed. Spec.):
  - 1. FF-S-107C(2) Screws, Tapping and Drive.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Submittal Drawings:
  - Fabrication, bending, and placement of reinforcing bars. Comply with ACI 315. Show bar schedules, diagrams of bent bars, stirrup spacing, lateral ties and other arrangements and assemblies.
  - 2. Special masonry shapes, profiles, and placement.
  - 3. Masonry units for typical window and door openings, and, for special conditions as affected by structural conditions.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
  - 2. Installation instructions.
- D. Samples:
  - Face brick: Sample panel, 200 mm by 400 mm (8 inches by 16 inches,) showing full color range and texture of bricks, bond, and proposed mortar joints.
  - Ceramic Glazed Facing Brick: Sample panel, 200 mm by 400 mm (8 inches by 16 inches,) showing full color range and texture of bricks, bond, and proposed mortar joints.
  - 3. Concrete masonry units, when exposed in finish work.
  - 4. Anchors and Ties: Each type.
  - 5. Joint Reinforcing: 1200 mm (48 inches) long each type.
  - Glazed Structural Facing Tile: Clipped panels (triplicate) of four wall units with base units, showing color range, each color and texture.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- E. Sustainable Construction Submittals:
  - Recycled Content: Identify post-consumer and pre-consumer recycled content percentage by weight.
- F. Test reports: Certify products comply with specifications.
  - 1. Ceramic glazed facing brick.
- G. Certificates: Certify products comply with specifications.
  - 1. Face brick.
  - Solid and load-bearing concrete masonry units, including fire-resistant rated units.
  - 3. Ceramic glazed facing brick.
  - 4. Glazed structural clay facing tile.
  - 5. Structural clay tile units.
- H. Delegated Design Drawings and Calculations: Signed and sealed by responsible design professional.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Welders and Welding Procedures Qualifications: AWS D1.4/D1.4M.
- B. Mockups:
  - Before starting masonry, build a mockup panel minimum 1800 mm by 1800 mm (6 feet by 6 feet) with 600 mm (24 inch) 90 degree return for outside corner at location directed by the COR.
    - a. Use masonry units from random cubes of units delivered on site.
    - b. Include structural backup, reinforcing, ties, and anchors.
  - 2. Mockup panel approved by Contracting Officer's Representative set workmanship and aesthetic quality for masonry work.
  - 3. Clean sample panel to test cleaning methods.
  - 4. Remove mockup panel when directed by Contracting Officer's Representative.

#### 1.6 DELIVERY

- A. Deliver products in manufacturer's original sealed packaging.
- B. Mark packaging, legibly. Indicate manufacturer's name or brand, type, color, production run number, and manufacture date.
- C. Before installation, return or dispose of products within distorted, damaged, or opened packaging.

## 1.7 STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Store products above grade, protected from contamination.

B. Protect products from damage during handling and construction operations.

### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Hot and Cold Weather Requirements: Comply with ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602.

#### 1.9 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

A. Delegated Design: Prepare submittal documents including design calculations and drawings signed and sealed by registered design professional, licensed in state where work is located.

#### 2.2 PRODUCTS - GENERAL

- A. Basis of Design: Match Existing. Brick Masonry exterior to match adjacent building/structure, vendor and color mix to be coordinated with VA and SHPO.
- B. Provide each product from one manufacturer and from one production run.
- C. Sustainable Construction Requirements:
  - Concrete Masonry Unit Recycled Content: 50% total recycled content, minimum. Select products with recycled content to achieve overall Project recycled content requirement.
  - 2. Steel Recycled Content: 30 percent total recycled content, minimum.

### 2.3 UNIT MASONRY PRODUCTS

- A. Brick:
  - 1. Face Brick:
    - a. ASTM C216, Grade SW, Type FBS.
    - b. Brick when tested according to ASTM C67: Classified slightly efflorescent or better.
    - c. Size:
      - 1) Modular.
  - Building Brick: ASTM C62, Grade MW for backup ; Grade SW where in contact with earth.

- 3. One Face Exposed: Grade S, Type I.
- 4. Two Faces Exposed: Grade S, Type II.
- B. Concrete Masonry Units (CMU):
  - 1. Hollow and Solid Load-Bearing Concrete Masonry Units: ASTM C90.
    - a. Unit Weight: Normal weight.
    - b. Fire rated units for fire rated partitions.
  - Sizes: Modular, 200 mm by 400 mm (8 inches by 16 inches) nominal face dimension; thickness as indicated on drawings.
  - For molded faces used as a finished surface, use concrete masonry units with uniform fine to medium surface texture unless specified otherwise.
  - Use bullnose concrete masonry units at corners exposed in finished work with 25 mm (1 inch) minimum radius rounded vertical exterior corners (bullnose units).
  - 5. Required strength properties are shown in the structural drawing notes.
  - 6. Integral Water Repellant: incorporate into the mix design of the concrete during manufacture and add to the mortar in the field.

### 2.4 ANCHORS, TIES, AND REINFORCEMENT

- A. Steel Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A615/A615M; Grade 60, deformed bars.
- B. Joint Reinforcement:
  - 1. Form from wire complying with ASTM A951/A951M.
  - 2. Hot dipped galvanized after fabrication.
  - Width of joint reinforcement 40 mm (1.6 inches) less than nominal thickness of masonry wall or partition.
  - 4. Cross wires welded to longitudinal wires.
  - 5. Joint reinforcement minimum 3000 mm (10 feet) long, factory cut.
  - 6. Joint reinforcement with crimp formed drip is not acceptable.
  - Maximum spacing of cross wires 400 mm (16 inch) to longitudinal wires.
  - 8. Ladder Design:
    - a. Longitudinal wires deformed 5 mm (3/16") diameter wire.
    - b. Cross wires 4 mm (0.16 inch) diameter.
  - 9. Trussed Design:
    - Longitudinal and cross wires minimum 4 mm (0.16 inch nominal) diameter.

04 20 00 - 5 UNIT MASONRY

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

b. Longitudinal wires deformed.

- 10. Multiple Wythes and Cavity Wall Ties:
  - a. Longitudinal wires 4 mm (0.16 inch), two in each wythe with ladder truss wires 4 mm (0.16 inch) overlay, welded to each longitudinal wire.
  - b. Longitudinal wires 4 mm (0.16 inch) with U shape 4 mm (0.16 inch) rectangular ties extending into other wythe minimum 75 mm (3 inches) spaced 400 mm on center (16 inches). Adjustable type with U shape tie designed to receive 4 mm (0.16 inch) pintle projecting into other wythe 75 mm (3 inches min.).
- C. Adjustable Veneer Anchor for Framed Walls:
  - 1. Two piece, adjustable anchor and tie.
  - Anchor and tie may be either loop or angle type; provide only one type throughout.
  - 3. Loop Type:
    - a. Anchor: Screw-on galvanized steel anchor strap 2.75 mm
      (0.11 inch) by 19 mm (3/4 inch) wide by 225 mm (9 inches) long, with 9 mm (0.35 inch) offset and 100 mm (4 inch) adjustment.
      Provide 5 mm (0.20 inch) hole at each end for fasteners.
    - b. Ties: Triangular tie, fabricated of 5 mm (0.20 inch) diameter galvanized cold drawn steel wire. Ties long enough to engage anchor and be embedded minimum 50 mm (2 inches) into bed joint of masonry veneer.
  - 4. Angle Type:
    - Anchor: Minimum 2 mm (16 gage) thick galvanized steel angle shaped anchor strap. Provide hole in vertical leg for fastener.
       Provide hole near end of outstanding leg to suit upstanding portion of tie.
    - b. Tie: Fabricate from 5 mm (0.20 inch) diameter galvanized cold drawn steel wire. Form "L" shape to be embedded minimum 50 mm (2 inches) into the bed joint of masonry veneer and provide upstanding leg to fit through hole in anchor and be long enough to allow 50 mm (2 inches) of vertical adjustment.
- D. Individual Ties:
  - Rectangular ties: Form from 5 mm (3/16 inch) diameter galvanized steel rod to rectangular shape minimum 50 mm (2 inches) wide by sufficient length for ends of ties to extend within 25 mm (1 inch)

of each face of wall. Ties that are crimped to form drip are not acceptable.

- 2. Adjustable Cavity Wall Ties:
  - a. Adjustable wall ties may be furnished at Contractor's option.
  - b. Two piece type permitting up to 40 mm (1-1/2 inch) adjustment.
  - c. Form ties from 5 mm (3/16 inch) diameter galvanized steel wire.
  - d. Form one piece to rectangular shape 105 mm (4-1/8 inches) wide by length required to extend into bed joint 50 mm (2 inches).
  - e. Form other piece to 75 mm (3 inch) long by 75 mm (3 inch) wide shape, having 75 mm (3 inch) long bent section for engaging 105 mm (4-1/8 inch) wide piece to form adjustable connection.

### 2.5 ACCESSORIES

A. Shear Keys:

- Solid extruded cross-shaped section of rubber, neoprene, or polyvinyl chloride, with durometer hardness of approximately 80 when tested according to ASTM D2240, and minimum shear strength of 3.5 MPa (500 psi).
- 2. Shear Key Dimensions: Nominal 70 mm by 8 mm for long flange and 38 mm by 16 mm for short flange (2-3/4 inches by 5/16 inch for long flange, and 1-1/2 inches by 5/8 inch for short flange).
- B. Weeps:
  - 1. Weep Hole: Flexible PVC louvered configuration with rectangular closure strip at top.
- C. Cavity Drain Material: Open mesh polyester sheets or strips to prevent mortar droppings from clogging the cavity.
- D. Preformed Compressible Joint Filler:
  - 1. Thickness and depth to fill joint.
  - 2. Closed Cell Neoprene: ASTM D1056, Type 2, Class A, Grade 1, B2F1.
  - 3. Non-Combustible Type: ASTM C612, Type 5, Max. Temp.1800 degrees F.
- E. Box Board:
  - 1. Mineral Fiber Board: ASTM C612, Type 1.
  - 2. 25 mm (1 inch) thickness.
  - Other spacing material having similar characteristics is acceptable subject to Contracting Officer's Representative's approval.
- F. Masonry Cleaner:
  - 1. Detergent type cleaner selected for each type masonry.

- 2. Acid cleaners are not acceptable.
- Use soapless type specially prepared for cleaning brick or concrete masonry as appropriate.
- G. Fasteners:
  - Concrete Nails: ASTM F1667, Type I, Style 11, 19 mm (3/4 inch) minimum length.
  - Masonry Nails: ASTM F1667, Type I, Style 17, 19 mm (3/4 inch) minimum length.
  - 3. Screws: FS-FF-S-107, Type A, AB, SF thread forming or cutting.
- H. Welding Materials: AWS D1.4/D1.4M, type to suit application.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

- A. Install products according to manufacturer's instructions and approved submittal drawings.
  - When manufacturer's instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer's Representative consideration.
- B. Keep finish work free from mortar smears or spatters, and leave neat and clean.
- C. Wall Openings:
  - Fill hollow metal frames built into masonry walls and partitions solid with mortar as laying of masonry progresses.
  - When items are not available when walls are built, prepare openings for subsequent installation.
- D. Tooling Joints:
  - Do not tool until mortar has stiffened enough to retain thumb print when thumb is pressed against mortar.
  - Tool while mortar is soft enough to be compressed into joints and not raked out.
  - Finish joints in exterior face masonry work with jointing tool, and provide smooth, water-tight concave joint unless specified otherwise.
  - 4. Tool Exposed interior joints in finish work concave unless specified otherwise.
- E. Partition Height:

- 1. Extend partitions minimum 100 mm (4 inches) above suspended ceiling or to overhead construction where no ceiling occurs.
- 2. Extend following partitions to overhead construction.
  - Full height partitions, and fire partitions and smoke partitions indicated on drawings.
  - b. Both walls at expansion joints.
  - c. Corridor walls.
  - d. Walls at stairway and stair halls, elevators, dumbwaiters, trash and laundry chute shafts, and other vertical shafts.
  - e. Walls at refrigerator space.
  - f. Reinforced masonry partitions.
- 3. Extend finished masonry partitions minimum 100 mm (4 inches) above suspended ceiling and continue with concrete masonry units or structural clay tile to overhead construction:
- F. Lintels:
  - Lintels are required per the contract drawings. Openings not shown in the contract drawings should be assumed to require a lintel and the EOR should be consulted.
  - Precast concrete lintels of 25 MPa (3,000 psi) concrete, same thickness as partition, and with one No. 16 (No. 5) deformed bar top and bottom for each 100 mm (4 inches) of nominal thickness, is acceptable in lieu of reinforced CMU masonry lintels.
  - Use steel lintels, for openings greater than 1600 m (63 inches) wide, brick masonry openings, and elevator openings unless shown otherwise.
  - Doors having overhead concealed door closers require steel lintel, and pocket for closer box.
  - 5. Lintel Bearing Length: Minimum 100 mm (4 inches) at both ends.
  - Build masonry openings or arches over wood or metal centering and supports when steel lintels are not used.
- G. Wall, Furring, and Partition Units:
  - Lay out field units to provide one-half running bond, unless indicated otherwise.
  - 2. Align head joints of alternate vertical courses.
  - At sides of openings, balance head joints in each course on vertical center lines of openings.
  - 4. Minimum Masonry Unit Length: 100 mm (4 inches).

04 20 00 - 9 UNIT MASONRY

- On interior partitions provide 6 mm (1/4 inch) open joint for caulking between existing construction, exterior walls, and concrete work.
- Use minimum 100 mm (4 inches) nominal thick masonry for free standing furring, unless indicated otherwise.
- Do not abut existing plastered surfaces except suspended ceilings with new masonry partitions.
- H. Use minimum 100 mm (4 inches) nominal thick masonry for fireproofing steel columns unless indicated otherwise.
- Before connecting new masonry with previously laid masonry, remove loosened masonry or mortar, and clean and wet work in place as specified under wetting.
- J. When new masonry partitions start on existing floors, machine cut existing floor finish material down to concrete surface.
- K. Wetting and Wetting Test:
  - 1. Test and wet brick and clay tile according to BIA TN 11B.
  - Do not wet concrete masonry units or glazed structural facing tile before laying.
- L. Temporary Formwork: Provide formwork and shores as required for temporary support of reinforced masonry elements.
- M. Construct formwork to conform to shape, line and dimensions indicated on drawings. Make sufficiently tight to prevent mortar, grout, or concrete leakage. Brace, tie and support formwork as required to maintain position and shape during construction and curing of reinforced masonry.
- N. Do not remove forms and shores until reinforced masonry members have hardened sufficiently to carry their own weight and other reasonable temporary construction loads.
- O. Minimum Curing Times Before Removing Shores and Forms:
  - 1. Girders and Beams: 10 days.
  - 2. Slabs: 7 days.
  - 3. Reinforced Masonry Soffits: 7 days.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION - ANCHORAGE

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- A. Masonry Facing to Backup and Cavity Wall Ties:
  - 1. Use individual ties for new work.
  - Stagger ties in alternate courses, and space at 400 mm (16 inches) maximum vertically, and 400 mm (16 inches) horizontally.
  - At openings, provide additional ties spaced maximum 900 mm (36 inches) apart vertically around perimeter of opening, and within 300 mm (12 inches) from edge of opening.
  - 4. Anchor new masonry facing to existing masonry with adjustable cavity wall ties spaced at 400 mm (16 inch) maximum vertical intervals and at every second masonry unit horizontally. Fasten ties to masonry with masonry nails.
  - 5. Option: Install joint reinforcing for multiple wythes and cavity wall ties spaced maximum 400 mm (16 inches) vertically.
  - 6. Tie interior and exterior wythes of reinforced masonry walls together with individual ties. Provide ties at intervals maximum 400 mm (16 inches) on center horizontally, and 400 mm (16 inches) on center vertically. Lay ties in the same line vertically in order to facilitate vibrating of the grout pours.
- B. Anchorage of Abutting Masonry:
  - Anchor interior 100 mm (4 inch) thick masonry partitions to exterior masonry walls with wall ties. Space ties at 600 mm (24 inches) maximum vertical intervals. Extend ties 100 mm (4 inches) minimum into masonry.
  - Anchor interior masonry bearing walls or interior masonry partitions over 100 mm (4 inches) thick to masonry walls with rigid wall anchors spaced at 400 mm (16 inch) maximum vertical intervals.
  - 3. Anchor abutting masonry walls and partitions to concrete with dovetail anchors. Install dovetail slots vertically in concrete at centerline of abutting wall or partition. Locate dovetail anchors at 400 mm (16 inch) maximum vertical intervals. Secure anchors to existing wall with two 9 mm (3/8 inch) by 75 mm (3 inch) expansion bolts or two power-driven fasteners.
  - 4. Anchor abutting interior masonry partitions to existing concrete and existing masonry construction, with adjustable wall ties. Extend ties minimum 100 mm (4 inches) into joints of new masonry. Fasten ties to existing concrete and masonry construction, with powder actuated drive pins, nail or other means that provides rigid

04 20 00 - 11 UNIT MASONRY anchorage. Install anchors at 400 mm (16 inch) maximum vertical intervals.

- C. Masonry Furring:
  - Anchor masonry furring less than 100 mm (4 inches) nominal thick to masonry walls or to concrete with adjustable wall ties or dovetail anchors.
  - 2. Space at maximum 400 mm (16 inches) on center in both directions.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION - REINFORCEMENT

- A. Joint Reinforcement:
  - Install joint reinforcement in CMU wythe of combination brick and CMU, cavity walls, and single wythe concrete masonry unit walls or partitions.
  - Reinforcing is acceptable in lieu of individual ties for anchoring brick facing to CMU backup in exterior masonry walls.
  - Locate joint reinforcement in mortar joints at 400 mm (16 inch) maximum vertical intervals.
  - Additional joint reinforcement is required in mortar joints at both 200 mm (8 inches) and 400 (16 inches) above and below windows, doors, louvers and similar openings in masonry.
  - 5. Wherever brick masonry is backed up with stacked bond masonry, install multiple wythe joint reinforcement in every two courses of CMU backup, and in corresponding joint of facing brick.
- B. Steel Reinforcing Bars:
  - Install reinforcing bars in cells of hollow masonry units where required for vertical reinforcement and in bond beam units for horizontal reinforcement. Install in wall cavities of reinforced masonry walls where indicated on drawings.
  - 2. Bond Beams:
    - a. Form Bond beams of load-bearing concrete masonry units filled with grout and reinforced with two No. 15m (No. 5) reinforcing bars unless shown otherwise. Do not cut reinforcement.
    - Brake bond beams only at expansion joints and at control joints, if shown.

### 3.4 INSTALLATION - BRICK EXPANSION AND CMU CONTROL JOINTS

- A. Provide brick expansion joint (EJ) and CMU control joints (CJ) where indicated on drawings.
- B. Keep joint free of mortar and other debris.
- C. Joints Occur In Masonry Walls:
  - 1. Install preformed compressible joint filler in brick wythe.
  - 2. Install cross shaped shear keys in concrete masonry unit wythe with preformed compressible joint filler on both sides of shear key.
- D. Use standard notched concrete masonry units (sash blocks) made in full and half-length units where shear keys are used to create a continuous vertical joint.
- E. Interrupt joint reinforcement at expansion and control joints.
- F. Fill opening in exposed face of expansion and control joints with sealant as specified in Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.
- G. Do not install joints at corners of openings.

#### 3.5 INSTALLATION - BUILDING EXPANSION AND SEISMIC JOINTS (NOT USED)

#### 3.6 INSTALLATION - ISOLATION JOINT

- A. Where full height walls and partitions lie parallel or perpendicular to and under structural beams and shelf angles, provide minimum 9 mm (3/8 inch) separation between walls and partitions and bottom of beams and shelf angles.
- B. Insert continuous full width strip of non-combustible type compressible joint filler.
- C. Fill opening in exposed face of isolation joints with sealant as specified in Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.

### 3.7 INSTALLATION - BRICKWORK

- A. Lay clay brick according to BIA TN 11B.
- B. Laying:
  - 1. Match bond of existing building on alterations and additions.
  - 2. Maintain bond pattern throughout.
  - Do not use brick smaller than half-brick at any angle, corner, break, and jamb.
  - 4. Where length of cut brick is greater than one half length, maintain vertical joint location.

- 5. Lay exposed brickwork joints symmetrical about center lines of openings.
- Do not structurally bond multi-wythe brick walls, unless indicated on drawings.
- 7. Before starting work, lay facing brick on foundation wall and adjust bond to openings, angles, and corners.
- 8. Lay brick for sills with wash and drip.
- 9. Build solid brickwork as required for anchorage of items.
- C. Joints:
  - Exterior And Interior Joint Widths: Lay for three equal joints in 200 mm (8 inches) vertically, unless shown otherwise.
  - Rake joints for pointing with colored mortar when colored mortar is not full depth.
  - 3. Arches:
    - a. Flat arches (jack arches) lay with camber of 1 in 200 (1/16 inch per foot) of span.
    - b. Face radial arches with radial brick with center line of joints on radial lines.
    - c. Form Radial joints of equal width.
    - d. Bond arches into backing with metal ties in every other joint.
- D. Weep Holes:
  - Install weep holes at 600 mm (24 inches) on center in bottom of vertical joints of exterior masonry veneer or cavity wall facing over foundations, bond beams, and other water stops in wall.
  - Form weep holes using wicks made of mineral fiber insulation strips turned up 200 mm (8 inches) in cavity. Anchor top of strip to backup to securely hold in place.
  - Install sand or pea gravel in cavity approximately 75 mm (3 inches) high between weep holes.
- E. Solid Exterior Walls:
  - Build with 100 mm (4 inches) of nominal thick facing brick, backed up with concrete masonry units.
  - Construct solid brick jambs minimum 20 mm (0.81 inches) wide at exterior wall openings and at recesses, except where exposed concrete unit backup is shown.
  - 3. Do not install full bonding headers.
  - 4. Parging:

- a. For solid masonry walls, lay backup to height of six brick courses, parge backup with 13 mm (1/2 inch) of mortar troweled smooth; then lay exterior wythe to height of backup.
- b. Make parging continuous over backup, and extend 150 mm(6 inches) onto adjacent concrete or masonry.
- c. Parge ends and backs for recesses in exterior walls to thickness of 13 mm (1/2 inch).
- d. Parge inside surface of exterior walls to produce true even surface to receive insulation.
- 5. Coordinate with building insulation for thickness of insulation and allowance of air space behind exterior wythe.
- 6. In locations where driven rains are expected, install bituminous dampproofing on cavity side of inner wythe.
- F. Cavity Walls:
  - 1. Keep air space clean of mortar accumulations and debris.
  - Lay the interior wythe of the masonry wall full height where air barrier is required on cavity face. Coordinate to install air barrier before laying outer wythe.
  - 3. Insulated Cavity Type Exterior Walls:
    - a. Install insulation against cavity face of inner masonry wythe.
    - b. Place insulation between rows of ties or joint reinforcing.
       Adhere insulation to masonry surface with a bonding agent as recommended by insulation manufacturer.
    - c. Lay outer masonry wythe up with air space between insulation and masonry units.
  - 4. Veneer Framed Walls:
    - Build with 100 mm (4 inches) of face brick over sheathed stud wall with air space.
    - b. Keep air space clean of mortar accumulations and debris.

# 3.8 INSTALLATION - CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS

- A. Types and Uses:
  - Provide special concrete masonry shapes as required. Provide solid concrete masonry units, where full units cannot be installed, or where needed for anchorage of accessories.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- Provide solid load-bearing concrete masonry units or grout cell of hollow units at jambs of openings in walls, where structural members impose loads directly on concrete masonry, and where shown.
- Provide rounded corner (bullnose) shapes at opening jambs in exposed work and at exterior corners.
- 4. Do not install brick jambs in exposed finish work.
- 5. Install concrete building brick only as filler in backup material where not exposed.
- Construct fire resistance in fire rated partitions meeting fire ratings indicated on drawings.
- 7. Structural Clay Tile Units (Option):
  - a. Structural clay tile units load-bearing or non-load bearing as required, may be installed in lieu of concrete masonry units, only, but not as an exposed surface, foundation walls or where otherwise noted.
  - b. Set units as specified for concrete masonry units.
  - c. Install brick or load-bearing structural clay tile units, with cores set vertically, and filled with grout where structural members impose concentrated load directly on structural clay tile masonry.
- 8. Where lead-lined concrete masonry unit partitions terminate below underside of overhead floor or roof deck, fill remaining open space between top of partition and underside of overhead floor or roof deck, with standard concrete masonry units of same thickness as lead lined units.
- B. Laying:
  - Lay concrete masonry units with 9 mm (3/8 inch) joints, with a bond overlap of minimum 1/4 of unit length, except where stack bond is indicated on drawings.
  - 2. Do not wet concrete masonry units before laying.
  - Bond external corners of partitions by overlapping alternate courses.
  - 4. Lay first course in a full mortar bed.
  - 5. Set anchorage items as work progress.
  - 6. Where ends of anchors, bolts, and other embedded items, project into voids of units, completely fill voids with mortar or grout.

- 7. Provide 6 mm (1/4 inch) open joint for sealant between existing construction, exterior walls, concrete work, and abutting masonry partitions. Open joint not required at new openings through existing walls or infilled existing openings.
- Lay concrete masonry units with full face shell mortar beds and fill head joint beds for depth equivalent to face shell thickness.
- 9. Lay concrete masonry units so cores of units, that are to be filled with grout, are vertically continuous with joints of cross webs of such cores completely filled with mortar. Unobstructed core openings minimum 50 mm (2 inches) by 75 mm (3 inches).
- Do not wedge masonry against steel reinforcing. Minimum 13 mm
   (1/2 inch) clear distance between reinforcing and masonry units.
- 11. Install deformed reinforcing bars of sizes indicated on drawings.
- 12. At time of placement, ensure steel reinforcement is free of loose rust, mud, oil, and other contamination capable of affecting bond.
- 13. Place steel reinforcement at spacing indicated on drawings before grouting.
- 14. Minimum clear distance between parallel bars: One bar diameter.
- 15. Hold vertical steel reinforcement in place vertically by centering clips, caging devices, tie wire, or other approved methods.
- 16. Support vertical bars near each end and at maximum 192 bar diameter on center.
- 17. Splice reinforcement or attach reinforcement to dowels by placing in contact and securing with wire ties.
- 18. Stagger splices in adjacent horizontal reinforcing bars. Lap reinforcing bars at splices a minimum of 40 bar diameters.
- 19. Grout cells of concrete masonry units, containing reinforcing bars, solid as specified.
- 20. Install cavity and joint reinforcement as masonry work progresses.
- 21. Rake joints 6 to 10 mm (1/4 to 3/8 inch) deep for pointing with colored mortar when colored mortar is not full depth.
- C. Waterproofing Parging:
  - Parge earth side of concrete masonry unit basement walls with mortar applied in two coats, each coat 6 mm (1/4 inch) thick.
  - Clean wall surfaces to receive parging of dirt, oil, or grease, and moisten before application of first coat.

- Roughen first coat when partially set, permit to hardened for 24 hours, and moisten before application of second coat.
- 4. Keep second coat damp for minimum 48 hours.
- 5. Thicken parging and round to form a cove at the junction of outside wall face and footing.

### 3.9 GROUTING

- A. Preparation:
  - 1. Clean grout space of mortar droppings before placing grout.
  - 2. Close cleanouts.
  - 3. Install vertical solid masonry dams across grout space for full height of wall at intervals of maximum 9000 mm (30 feet). Do not bond dam units into wythes as masonry headers.
  - 4. Verify reinforcing bars are installed as indicated on drawings.
- B. Placing:
  - 1. Place grout in grout space in lifts as specified.
  - Consolidate each grout lift after free water has disappeared but before plasticity is lost.
  - 3. Do not slush with mortar or use mortar with grout.
  - 4. Interruptions:
    - a. When grouting must be stopped for more than an hour, top off grout 40 mm (1-1/2 inches) below top of last masonry course.
    - b. Grout from dam to dam on high lift method.
    - c. Longitudinal run of masonry may be stopped off only by raking back one-half masonry unit length in each course and stopping grout 100 mm (4 inches) back of rake on low lift method.
- C. Puddling Method:
  - Consolidate by puddling with grout stick during and immediately after placing.
  - Grout cores of concrete masonry units containing reinforcing bars solid as masonry work progresses.
- D. Low Lift Method:
  - 1. Construct masonry to 1.5 m (5 feet) maximum height before grouting.
  - Grout in one continuous operation and consolidate grout by mechanical vibration and reconsolidate after initial water loss and settlement has occurred.
- E. High Lift Method:

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 1. Do not pour grout until masonry wall has cured minimum of 4 hours.
- 2. Place grout in 1.5 m (5 feet) maximum lifts.
- 3. Exception:
  - a. Where following conditions are met, place grout in 3.86 m (12.67 feet) maximum lifts.
  - b. Masonry has cured minimum of 4 hours.
  - c. Grout slump is maintained between 250 and 275 mm (10 and 11 inches).
  - d. No intermediate reinforced bond beams are placed between top and bottom of grout lift.
- When vibrating succeeding lifts, extend vibrator 300 to 450 mm (12 to 18 inches) into preceding lift.

# 3.10 PLACING REINFORCEMENT

- A. General: Clean reinforcement of loose rust, mill scale, earth, ice or other materials which will reduce bond to mortar or grout. Do not use reinforcement bars with kinks or bends not shown on drawings or approved submittal drawings, or bars with reduced cross-section due to excessive rusting or other causes.
- B. Position reinforcement accurately at spacing indicated on drawings. Support and secure vertical bars against displacement. Install horizontal reinforcement as masonry work progresses. Where vertical bars are shown in close proximity, provide clear distance between bars of minimum one bar diameter or 25 mm (1 inch), whichever is greater.
- C. Splice reinforcement bars only where indicated on drawings, unless approved by Contracting Officer's Representative. Provide lapped splices. In splicing vertical bars or attaching to dowels, lap ends, place in contact and wire tie.
- D. Provide minimum lap as indicated on approved submittal drawings, or if not indicated, minimum 48 bar diameters.
- E. Weld splices where indicated on drawings according to AWS D1.4/D1.4M.
- F. Embed metal ties in mortar joints as work progresses, with minimum mortar cover of 15 mm (5/8 inch) on exterior face of walls and 13 mm (1/2 inch) at other locations.
- G. Embed prefabricated horizontal joint reinforcement as work progresses, with minimum cover of 15 mm (5/8 inch) on exterior face of walls and 13 mm (1/2 inch) at other locations. Lap joint reinforcement minimum

150 mm (6 inches) at ends. Use prefabricated "L" and "T" sections to provide continuity at corners and intersections. Cut and bend joint reinforcement for continuity at returns, offsets, column fireproofing, pipe enclosures and other special conditions.

- H. Anchoring: Anchor reinforced masonry work to supporting structure as indicated on drawings.
- Anchor reinforced masonry walls at intersections with non-reinforced masonry.

### 3.11 INSTALLATION OF REINFORCED CONCRETE UNIT MASONRY

- A. Do not wet concrete masonry units (CMU).
- B. Lay CMU units with full-face shell mortar beds. Fill vertical head joints (end joints between units) solidly with mortar from face of unit to distance behind face equal to thickness of longitudinal face shells. Solidly bed cross-webs of starting courses in mortar. Maintain head and bed 9 mm (3/8 inch) joint widths.
- C. Where solid CMU units are shown, lay with full mortar head and bed joints.
- D. Walls:
  - Pattern Bond: Lay CMU wall units in 1/2-running bond with vertical joints in each course centered on units in courses above and below, unless otherwise indicated. Bond and interlock each course at corners and intersections. Use special-shaped units where shown, and as required for corners, jambs, sash, control joints, lintels, bond beams and other special conditions.
  - 2. Maintain vertical continuity of core or cell cavities, which are to be reinforced and grouted, to provide minimum clear dimension indicated and to provide minimum clearance and grout coverage for vertical reinforcement bars. Keep cavities free of mortar. Solidly bed webs in mortar where adjacent to reinforced cores or cells.
  - 3. Where horizontally reinforced beams (bond beams) are indicated on drawings, use special units or modify regular units to allow for placement of continuous horizontal reinforcement bars. Place small mesh expanded metal lath or wire screening in mortar joints under bond beam courses over cores or cells of non-reinforced vertical cells, or provide units with solid bottoms.
- E. Columns, Piers and Pilasters:

- Use CMU units of size, shape and number of vertical core spaces shown. If not shown, use units which provide minimum clearances and grout coverage for number and size of vertical reinforcement bars shown.
- Provide pattern bond shown, or if not shown, alternate head joints in vertical alignment.
- F. Grouting:
  - Use fine grout for filling spaces less than 100 mm (4 inches) in one or both horizontal directions.
  - Use coarse grout for filling 100 mm (4 inch) spaces or larger in both horizontal directions.
  - Grouting Technique: At Contractor's option, use either low-lift or high-lift grouting techniques.
- G. Low-Lift Grouting:
  - Provide minimum clear dimension of 50 mm (2 inches) and clear area of 5160 sq. mm (8 sq. inches) in vertical cores to be grouted.
  - Place vertical reinforcement before grouting of CMU. Extend above elevation of maximum pour height as required for splicing. Support in position at vertical intervals not exceeding 192 bar diameters nor 3 m (10 feet).
  - 3. Lay CMU to maximum pour height. Do not exceed 1.5 m (5 feet) height, or if bond beam occurs below 1.5 m (5 feet) height, stop pour 38 mm (1-1/2 inches) below top of bond beam.
  - Rod or vibrate grout during placing. Place grout continuously; do not interrupt pouring of grout for more than one hour. Terminate grout pours 38 mm (1-1/2 inches) below top course of pour.
  - 5. Bond Beams: Stop grout in vertical cells 38 mm (1-1/2 inches) below bond beam course. Place horizontal reinforcement in bond beams; lap at corners and intersections as indicated on drawings. Place grout in bond beam course before filling vertical cores above bond beam.
- H. High-Lift Grouting:
  - Do not use high-lift grouting technique for grouting of CMU unless minimum cavity dimension and area is 75 mm (3 inches) and 6450 sq. mm (10 sq. inches), respectively.
  - Provide cleanout holes in first course at vertical cells which are to be filled with grout.

- Use units with one face shell removed and provide temporary supports for units above, or use header units with concrete brick supports, or cut openings in one face shell.
- Construct masonry to full height of maximum grout pour before placing grout.
- 5. Limit grout lifts to maximum height of 1.5 m (5 feet) and grout pour to maximum height of 7.3 m (24 feet), for single wythe hollow concrete masonry walls, unless otherwise indicated.
- 6. Place vertical reinforcement before grouting. Place before or after laying masonry units, to suit application. Tie vertical reinforcement to dowels at base of masonry where shown and thread CMU over or around reinforcement. Support vertical reinforcement at intervals not exceeding 192 bar diameters nor 3 m (10 feet).
- 7. Where individual bars are placed after laying masonry, place wire loops extending into cells as masonry is laid and loosen before mortar sets. After insertion of reinforcement bar, pull loops and bar to proper position and tie free ends.
- Where reinforcement is prefabricated into cage units before placing, fabricate units with vertical reinforcement bars and lateral ties of the size and spacing indicated.
- 9. Place horizontal beam reinforcement as masonry units are laid.
- 10. Preparation of Grout Spaces: Before grouting, inspect and clean grout spaces. Remove dust, dirt, mortar droppings, loose pieces of masonry and other foreign materials from grout spaces. Clean reinforcement and adjust to proper position. Clean top surface of structural members supporting masonry to ensure bond. After final cleaning and inspection, close cleanout holes and brace closures to resist grout pressures.
- 11. Do not place grout until entire height of masonry to be grouted has attained sufficient strength to resist displacement of masonry units and breaking of mortar bond. Install shores and bracing, if required, before starting grouting operations.
- 12. Limit grout pours to sections which can be completed in one working day with maximum one hour interruption of pouring operation. Place grout in lifts which do not exceed 1.5 m (5 feet). Allow minimum 30 minutes and maximum one hour between lifts. Mechanically consolidate each lift.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 13. Place grout in lintels or beams over openings in one continuous pour.
- 14. Where bond beam occurs more than one course below top of pour, fill bond beam course to within 25 mm (1 inch) of vertically reinforced cavities, during construction of masonry.
- 15. When more than one pour is required to complete a given section of masonry, extend reinforcement beyond masonry as required for splicing. Pour grout to within 38 mm (1-1/2 inches) of top course of first pour. After grouted masonry is cured, lay masonry units and place reinforcement for second pour section before grouting. Repeat sequence if more pours are required.

### 3.12 CONSTRUCTION TOLERANCES

- A. Lay masonry units plumb, level and true to line within tolerances according to ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602 and as follows:
- B. Maximum variation from plumb:
  - 1. In 3000 mm (10 feet) 6 mm (1/4 inch).
  - 2. In 6000 mm (20 feet) 9 mm (3/8 inch).
  - 3. In 12,000 mm (40 feet) or more 13 mm (1/2 inch).
- C. Maximum variation from level:
  - 1. In any bay or up to 6000 mm (20 feet) 6 mm (1/4 inch).
  - 2. In 12,000 mm (40 feet) or more 13 mm (1/2 inch).
- D. Maximum variation from linear building lines:
  - 1. In any bay or up to 6000 mm (20 feet) 13 mm (1/2 inch).
  - 2. In 12,000 mm (40 feet) or more 19 mm (3/4 inch).
- E. Maximum variation in cross-sectional dimensions of columns and thickness of walls from dimensions shown:
  - 1. Minus 6 mm (1/4 inch).
  - 2. Plus 13 mm (1/2 inch).
- F. Maximum variation in prepared opening dimensions:
  - 1. Accurate to minus 0 mm (0 inch).
  - 2. Plus 6 mm (1/4 inch).

### 3.13 CLEANING AND REPAIR

- A. General:
  - 1. Clean exposed masonry surfaces on completion.
  - Protect adjoining construction materials and landscaping during cleaning operations.

- Cut out defective exposed new joints to depth of approximately 19 mm (3/4 inch) and repoint.
- Remove mortar droppings and other foreign substances from wall surfaces.
- B. Brickwork:
  - 1. First wet surfaces with clean water, then wash down with detergent solution. Do not use muriatic acid.
  - Brush with stiff fiber brushes while washing, and immediately wash with clean water.
  - Remove traces of detergent, foreign streaks, or stains of any nature.
- C. Concrete Masonry Units:
  - Immediately following setting, brush exposed surfaces free of mortar or other foreign matter.
  - 2. Allow mud to dry before brushing.
- D. Glazed Structural Facing Tile or Brick Units:
  - Clean as recommended manufacturer. Protect light colored mortar joints from discoloration during cleaning.
  - 2. Use on solid masonry walls.
  - 3. Prepare schedule of test locations.

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VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

### SECTION 04 72 00 CAST STONE MASONRY

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. This section specifies manufactured concrete units to simulate a natural stone.
- B. Installation of cast stone units.

### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS
- B. Section 04 05 13, MASONRY MORTARING, Setting and pointing mortar.
- C. Section 04 05 16, MASONRY GROUTING, Setting and grouting.
- D. Section 04 20 00, UNIT MASONRY, Mockup requirements.
- E. Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS, Joint sealant and application.
- F. Color and texture of cast stone masonry, match color adjacent stone.

# 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES. All items indicated below are required submittals requiring Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) review and approval.
- B. Samples:
  - Cast stone, sample panel, size 100 by 300 by 300 mm (4 by 12 by 12 inches) each color and finish.
  - Show finish on two 100 mm (4-inch) edges and 300 by 300 mm (12 by 12 inch) surface.
- C. Shop Drawings:
  - Cast stone showing exposed faces, profiles, cross sections, anchorage, reinforcing, jointing and sizes.
  - 2. Setting drawings with setting mark.
- D. Certificates: Test results indicating that the cast stone meets specification requirements and proof of plant certification.
- E. Submit manufacturers test results of cast stone previously made by manufacturer.
- F. Laboratory Data: Description of testing laboratories facilities and qualifications of its principals and key personnel.
- G. List of jobs furnished by the manufacturer, which were similar in scope and at least three (3) years of age.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

### 1.4 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Store cast stone under waterproof covers on planking clear of ground.
- B. Protect from handling, dirt, stain, and water damage.
- C. Mark production units with the identification marks as shown on the shop drawings.
- D. Package units and protect them from staining or damage during shipping and storage.
- E. Provide an itemized list of product to support the bill of lading.

### 1.5 WARRANTY

A. Warranty exterior masonry walls against moisture leaks, any defects and subject to terms of "Warranty of Construction", FAR clause 52.246-21, except that warranty period shall be two years.

### 1.6 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by the basic designation only. Comply with applicable provisions and recommendations of the following, except as otherwise shown or specified.
- B. Cast Stone Institute Technical Manual and Cast Stone Institute standard specifications.
- C. ASTM International(ASTM):

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A167-99(R2009).....Stainless and Heat Resisting Chromium-Nickel
                      Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip
A615/A615M-20.....Standard Specification for Deformed and Plain
                      Carbon Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement
A1064/A1064M-18a.....Standard Specification for Carbon-Steel Wire
                      and Welded Wire Reinforcement, Plain and
                      Deformed, for Concrete
C33/C33M-18.....Standard Specification for Concrete Aggregates
C150/C150M-20.....Standard Specification for Portland Cement
C503/C503M-15.....Standard Specification for Marble Dimension
                      Stone (Exterior)
C568/C568M-15.....Standard Specification for Limestone Dimension
                      Stone
C615/C615M-18e1.....Standard Specification for Granite Dimension
                      Stone
C616/C616M-15.....Standard Specification for Quartz-Based
                      Dimension Stone
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04 72 00 - 2 CAST STONE MASONRY

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

C979/C979M-16.....Standard Specification for Pigments for Integrally Colored Concrete C1194-19....Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of Architectural Cast Stone C1195-19a....Standard Test Method for Absorption of Architectural Cast Stone C1364-19....Standard Specification for Architectural Cast Stone. D2244-16....Standard Practice for Calculation of Color Differences from Instrumentally Measured Color Coordinates.

# 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. The Manufacturer:

- Must have 5 years minimum continuous operating experience and have facilities for manufacturing cast stone as described herein. Manufacturer shall have sufficient plant facilities to produce the shapes, quantities and size of cast stone required in accordance with the project schedule.
- 2. Must be a member of the Cast Stone Institute.
- Must have a certified plant (certification by the Cast Stone Institute).
- B. Stone setter: Must have 5 years' experience setting cast or natural building stone.
- C. Testing: One (1) sample from production units may be selected at random from the field for each 500 cubic feet (14 meters squared) delivered to the job:
  - Three (3) field cut cube specimens from each of these sample shall have an average minimum compressive strength of not less than 85 percent with no single specimen testing less than 75 percent of design strength as specified.
  - Three (3) field cut cube specimens from each of these samples shall have an average maximum cold-water absorption of 6 percent.
  - 3. Field specimens shall be tested in accordance with ASTMC 1194 and C 1195.
  - Manufacturer shall submit a written list of projects similar and at least three (3) years of age, along with owner, architect and contractor references.

04 72 00 - 3 CAST STONE MASONRY

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### **1.8 MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES**

- A. Cross section dimensions shall not deviate by more than + 1/8 inch (3 mm) from approved dimension.
- B. Length of units shall not deviate by more than length /360 or + 1/8 inch (3mm), whichever is greater, not to exceed + 1/4 inch (6 mm). Maximum length of any unit shall not exceed 15 times the average thickness of such unit unless otherwise agreed by the manufacturer.
- C. Warp bow or twist of units shall not exceed length/360 or + 1/8 inch (3 mm), whichever is greater.
- D. Location of dowel holes, anchor slots, flashing grooves, false joints and similar features - On formed sides of unit, 1/8 inch (3 mm), on unformed sides of unit, 3/8 inch (9 mm) maximum deviation.

### 1.9 MOCK-UP

A. Provide full size unit(s) for use in construction of the mock-up as part of the requirements of Unit Masonry and becomes the standard of workmanship for the project.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 ARCHITECTURAL CAST STONE

- A. Comply with ASTM C 1364
- B. Physical properties: Provide the following:
  - Compressive Strength ASTM C 1194: 6,500 psi (45 Mpa) minimum for products at 28 days.
  - Absorption ASTM C 1195: 6 percent maximum by the cold water method, or 10 percent maximum by the boiling method for products as 28 days.
  - 3. Air Content ASTM C173 or C231, for wet cast product shall be 4-8 percent for units exposed to freeze-thaw environments. Air entrainment is not required for vibrant dry tamp (VDT) products.
  - Freeze thaw ASTM C 1364L The cumulative percent weight loss (CPWL) shall be less than 5 percent after 300 cycles of freezing and thawing.
  - Linear Shrinkage ASTM C 426L Shrinkage shall not exceed 0.065 percent.
- C. Job site testing One (1) sample from production units may be selected at random from the field for each 500 cubic feet (14 cubic meters) delivered to the job site:

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- Three (3) field cut cube specimens from each of these samples shall have an average minimum compressive strength of not less than 85 percent with no single specimen testing less than 75 percent of design strength as allowed by ACI 318.
- 2. Three (3) field cut cube specimens from each of these samples shall have an average maximum cold-water absorption of 6 percent.
- 3. Field specimens shall be tested in accordance with ASTM C 1194 and C 1195.

### 2.2 RAW MATERIALS

- A. Portland cement Type I or Type III, white and/or grey, ASTM C 150.
- B. Coarse aggregates Granite, quartz or limestone, ASTM C 33, except for gradation, and are optional for the vibrant dry tamp (VDT) casting method.
- C. Fine aggregates Manufactured or natural sands, ASTM C 33, except for gradation.
- D. Colors Inorganic iron oxide pigments, ASTM C 979 except that carbon black pigments shall not be used.
- E. Admixtures- Comply with the following:
  - 1. ASTM C 260 for air-entraining admixtures.
  - ASTM C 494/C 495 M Types A-G for water reducing, retarding, accelerating and high range admixtures.
  - 3. Other admixtures: integral water repellents and other chemicals, for which no ASTM Standard exists, shall be previously established as suitable for use in concrete by proven field performance or through laboratory testing.
  - ASTM C 618 mineral admixtures of dark and variable colors shall not be used in surfaces intended to be exposed to view.
  - 5. ASTM C 989 granulated blast furnace slag may be used to improve physical properties. Tests are required to verify these features.
- F. Water Potable
- G. Reinforcing bars:
  - 1. ASTM A 615/A 615M. Grade 40 or 60 steel galvanized or epoxy coated when cover is less than 1.5 inch (37 mm).
  - 2. Welded Wire Fabric: ASTM A 1064 where applicable for wet cast units.
- H. All anchors, dowels and other anchoring devices and shims shall be standard building stone anchors commercially available in a non-

04 72 00 - 5 CAST STONE MASONRY

corrosive material such as zinc plated, galvanized steel, brass, or stainless steel Type 302 or 304.

# 2.3 COLOR AND FINISH

- A. Match sample on file.
- B. All surfaces intended to be exposed to view shall have a fine-grained texture similar to natural stone, with no air voids in excess of 1/32 inch (0.8 mm) and the density of such voids shall be less than 3 occurrences per any 1 inch (25 mm) and not obvious under direct daylight illumination at a 5 feet (1.5 meters) distance.
- C. Units shall exhibit a texture approximately equal to the approved sample when viewed under direct daylight illumination at a 10 feet (3 meters) distance.
- D. ASTM D 2244 permissible variation in color between units of comparable age subjected to similar weathering exposure.
  - 1. Total color difference not greater than 6 units.
  - 2. Total hue difference-not greater than 2 units.

### 2.4 REINFORCING

A. Reinforce the units as required by the drawings and for safe handling and structural stress.

1. Minimum reinforcing shall be 0.25 percent of the cross section area.

- B. Reinforcement shall be non-corrosive where faces exposed to weather are covered with less than 1.5inch (38 mm) of concrete material. All reinforcement shall have minimum coverage of twice the diameter of the bars.
- C. Minor chipping resulting from shipment and delivery shall not be grounds for rejection. Minor chips shall not be obvious under direct daylight illumination from a 20 foot (6 meter) distance.
- D. The occurrence of crazing or efflorescence shall not constitute a cause for rejection.
- E. Remove cement film, if required, from exposed surface prior to packaging for shipment.

### 2.5 CURING

A. Cure units in a warm curing chamber 100 degrees F (37.8 degrees C) at 95 percent relative humidity for approximately 12 hours, or cure in a 95 percent moist environment at a minimum 70 degrees F (21.1 degrees C) for 16 hours after casting. Additional yard curing at 95 percent relative humidity shall be 350-degree-days (i.e. 7 days @ 50 degrees F

> 04 72 00 - 6 CAST STONE MASONRY

(10.0 degrees C) or 5 days @ 70 degrees F (21.0 degrees C) prior to shipping. Form cured units shall be protected from moisture evaporation with curing blankets or curing compounds after casting.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Installing contractor shall check cast stone materials for fit and finish prior to installation. Do not set unacceptable units.

#### 3.2 SETTING TOLERANCES

- A. Comply with Cast Stone Institute Technical Manual.
- B. Set stones 1/8 inch (3 mm) or less, within the plane of adjacent units.
- C. Joints, plus 1/6 inch (1.5 mm), minus 1/8 inch (3 mm).

### 3.3 JOINTING

- A. Joint size:
  - 1. At stone/brick joints 3/8 inch (9.5 cm).
  - At stone/stone joints in vertical position 1/4 inch (6 mm) (3/8 inch (9.5 mm) optional).
  - 3. Stone/stone joint exposed on top 3/8 inch (.5 mm).

### B. Joint Materials:

- 1. Mortar, Type N, ASTM C 270.
- 2. Use a full bed of mortar at all bed joints.
- 3. Flush vertical joints full with mortar.
- Leave all joints with exposed tops or under relieving angles open for sealant.
- 5. Leave head joints in coping and projecting components open for sealant.

### C. Location of joints:

- 1. As shown on shop drawings.
- 2. At control and expansion joints unless otherwise shown.

### 3.4 SETTING

- A. Drench units with clean water prior to setting.
- B. Fill dowel holes and anchor slots completely with mortar or non-shrink grout.
- C. Set units in full bed of mortar, unless otherwise detailed.
- D. Rake mortar joints 3/4 inch (18 mm) for pointing.
- E. Remove excess mortar from unit faces immediately after setting.
- F. Tuck point unit joints to a slight concave profile.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

### 3.5 JOINT PROTECTION

- A. Comply with requirements of Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.
- B. Prime ends of units, insert properly sized backing rod and install required sealant.

### 3.6 REPAIR AND CLEANING

- A. Repair chips with touchup materials furnished by manufacturer.
- B. Saturate units to be cleaned prior to applying an approved masonry cleaner.
- C. Consult with manufacturer for appropriate cleaners.

### 3.7 INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE

A. Inspect finished installation according to Bulletin #36 published by the Cast Stone Institute.

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### SECTION 05 31 00 STEEL DECKING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - Single pan fluted metal form deck supporting concrete fill as roof substrate.
  - Corrugated metal form deck supporting concrete fill as roof substrate.
  - 3. Single pan fluted metal roof deck as roof substrate.
  - 4. Acoustic metal roof deck as roof substrate.

### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01 81 13. SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS.
- B. Section 09 91 00, PAINTING: Finish Painting.

### **1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. AISI American Iron and Steel Institute. S100-16.....Specification for the Design of Cold-formed

Steel Structural Members.

C. American Welding Society (AWS):

D1.1/D1.1M-20.....Structural Welding Code - Steel.

1.3/D1.3M-18..... Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel.

D. ASTM International (ASTM):

A36/A36M-19.....Standard Specification for Carbon Structural Steel.

A653/A653M-20.....Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process.

A1008/A1008M-20.....Standard Specification for Steel, Sheet, Cold-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy, High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, Solution Hardened, and Baked Hardenable. VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 C423-17..... Standard Test Method for Sound Absorption and Sound Absorption Coefficients by the Reverberation Room Method. E119-20.....Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials. E. FM Global (FM): 1-28-15.....Wind Design. Factory Mutual Research Approval Guide. F. Master Painters Institute (MPI): No. 18..... Primer, Zinc Rich, Organic. G. Military Specifications (Mil. Spec.): MIL-P-21035B..... Paint, High Zinc Dust Content, Galvanizing Repair. H. Steel Deck Institute (SDI): No. 31-07..... Design Manual for Composite Deck, Form Decks, and Roof Decks. I. UL LLC (UL): Listed Online Certifications Directory. 1.4 SUBMITTALS A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES. All items indicated below are required submittals requiring Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) review and approval. B. Submittal Drawings: 1. Show layout, connections to supporting members, anchorage, sump pans, accessories, deck openings and reinforcements.

- Show similar information necessary for completing installation as shown and specified, including supplementary framing, ridge and valley plates, cant strips, cut openings, special jointing or other accessories.
- Show welding, side lap, closure, deck reinforcing and closure reinforcing details.
- 4. Show openings required for work of other trades, including openings not shown on structural drawings. Indicate where temporary shoring is required to satisfy design criteria.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 1. Description of each product.
- 2. Show steel decking section properties and structural characteristics.
- D. Certificates: Certify each product complies with specifications.
  - 1. Fire Resistance Product Listing: For each metal deck type and thickness supporting concrete slab or fill.
- ${\tt E.}$  Qualifications: Substantiate qualifications comply with specifications.
  - 1. Welders and welding procedures.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Welders and Welding Procedures Qualifications: AWS D1.3/D1.3M.

#### 1.6 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MATERIALS

A. Galvanized Steel Sheet: ASTM A653/A653M; G60 coating.

### 2.2 METAL ROOF DECK

- A. Metal Roof Deck: UL Listed as metal roof deck panels.
  - 1. Steel decking of the type, depth, thickness, and section properties as shown.
- B. Metal Form Deck Type 1: Single pan fluted units as permanent form for reinforced concrete slabs.
  - 1. Depth and Thickness: As indicated on drawings.
  - 2. Material: Galvanized sheet steel.
  - 3. Depth and Thickness: As indicated on drawings.
  - 4.
- C. Do not use steel deck for hanging supports of building components including suspended ceilings, electrical light fixtures, plumbing, heating, or air conditioning pipes or ducts or electrical conduits.

#### 2.3 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate steel decking in sufficient lengths to extend over 3 or more supports, except for interstitial levels.
  - 1. Cut metal deck units to proper length in shop.
- B. Fabricate accessories required to complete installation of steel decking.
  - 1. Exposed to View: Fabricate from sheet steel matching metal decking.
  - 2. Concealed from View: Fabricate from galvanized sheet steel.

05 31 00 - 3 STEEL DECKING

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- C. Sheet Metal Accessories:
  - Metal Cover Plates: For end-abutting decking, to close gaps at changes in deck direction, columns, walls and openings.
     a. Sheet Steel: Minimum 1.0 mm (0.04 inch) thick.
  - Continuous Sheet Metal Edging: At openings, concrete slab edges and roof deck edges.

a. Sheet Steel: Minimum 1.0 mm (0.04 inch) thick.

- Metal Closure Strips: For openings between decking and other construction. Form to configurations required to provide tight-fitting closures at open ends of flutes and sides of decking.
   a. Sheet Steel: Minimum 1.0 mm (0.04 inch) thick.
- 4. Ridge and Valley Plates: Minimum 100 mm (4 inch) wide ridge and valley plates where roof slope exceeds 1/24 (1/2 inch per foot).a. Sheet Steel: Minimum 1.0 mm (0.04 inch) thick.
- 5. Cant Strips: Provide bent metal 45 degree leg cant strips where indicated on the drawings. Fabricate cant strips with minimum 125 mm (5 inch) face width.

a. Sheet Steel: Minimum 0.8 mm (0.03 inch) thick.

- 6. Seat Angles for Deck: Provide where beam does not frame into column.
- 7. Sump Pans for Roof Drains: Fabricated from single piece galvanized sheet steel with level bottoms and sloping sides to direct water flow to drain. Provide sump pans of adequate size to receive roof drains and with bearing flanges minimum 75 mm (3 inches) wide. Recess pans minimum 38 mm (1-1/2 inches) below roof deck surface, unless otherwise shown or required by deck configuration. Drain holes will be field cut.

a. Sheet Steel: Minimum 1.7 mm (0.06 inch) thick.

### 2.4 FINISHES

A. Shop prime painted sheet steel with two coats of primer.

### 2.5 ACCESSORIES

- A. Primer: Manufacturer's standard primer compatible with finish painting specified in Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.
- B. Welding Materials: AWS D1.1, type to suit application.
- C. Galvanizing Repair Paint: MPI No. 18.
- D. Touch-Up Paint: Match shop finish.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for product installation.
- B. Protect existing construction and completed work from damage.
- C. Remove contaminates from structural steel surfaces where steel decking will be welded.
- D. Verify structural steel framing installation is completed, plumbed, and aligned with temporary bracing installed where required.
- E. Coordinate with structural steel erector to prevent overloading of structural members when placing steel decking for installation.

#### 3.2 ERECTION

- A. Do not use floor deck units for storage or working platforms until permanently secured. Do not overload deck units once placed. Replace deck units that become damaged after erection and before casting concrete at no cost additional to the Government.
- B. Place steel decking at right angles to supporting members with ends located over supports.
- C. Lap end joints 50 mm (2 inches), minimum.
- D. Fluted Form Deck Fastening:
  - 1. Fasten form deck to steel supporting members by welding.
    - a. Welds: 16 mm (5/8 inch) diameter puddle welds or elongated welds of equal strength.
    - b. Weld Spacing: Maximum 300 mm (12 inches) on center with minimum two welds per unit at each support.
    - c. Where two units abut, fasten each unit individually to supporting steel framework.
  - End Closure Fastening: Tack weld or self-tapping No. 8 or larger machine screws at 900 mm (3 feet) on center.
    - a. Longitudinal End Closure Fastening: Tack weld only.
  - 3. Weld side laps of adjacent decking units.
    - a. Fastener Locations: Mid-span and maximum 900 mm (3 feet) on center.
- E. Corrugated Form Deck Fastening:
  - Weld end laps of corrugated form deck units in valley of side lap and at middle of sheet.
    - a. Weld Spacing: Maximum 380 mm (15 inches) on center.

05 31 00 - 5 STEEL DECKING

- Weld corrugated deck to intermediate supports in X-pattern. Weld in valley of side laps on every other support and in valley of center corrugation on remaining support.
  - a. Weld Spacing: Maximum 760 mm (30 inches) on center.
- F. Cutting and Fitting:
  - Field cut steel decking to accommodate columns and other penetrating items.
  - 2. Cut openings located and dimensioned on Structural Drawings.
  - Coordinate openings for other penetrations shown on approved submittal drawings but not shown on Structural Drawings.
     a. Cut and reinforce required opening.
  - Make cuts neat and trim using metal saw, drill or punch-out device. Cutting with torches is prohibited.
  - 5. Do not make cuts in the metal deck that are not shown on the approved metal decking submittal drawings.
    - a. When additional openings are required, submit scaled drawing, locating required opening and other openings and supports in immediate area.
    - b. Do not cut the opening until drawing is approved by Contracting Officer's Representative.
    - c. Provide additional reinforcing and framing required for opening.
    - d. Failure to comply with these requirements is cause for rejection of the work and removal and replacement of the affected steel decking.
  - Opening Reinforcement: Provide additional metal reinforcement and closure pieces as required for strength, continuity of decking, and support of other work.
- G. Touch up damaged factory finishes.
  - 1. Apply galvanizing repair paint to damaged galvanized surfaces.
  - 2. Apply touch up paint to damaged shop painted surfaces.

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# SECTION 05 40 00 COLD-FORMED METAL FRAMING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. This section specifies materials and services required for installation of cold-formed steel, including tracks and required accessories as shown and specified. This Section includes the following:
  - 1. Exterior load-bearing steel stud walls.
  - 2. Interior load-bearing steel stud walls.
  - 3. Steel joists.

### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01 81 13 SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS.
- B. Section 09 22 16, NON-STRUCTURAL METAL FRAMING: Non-load-bearing metal stud framing assemblies.
- C. Section 09 29 00, GYPSUM BOARD: Gypsum board assemblies.

### 1.3 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

- A. Design steel in accordance with American Iron and Steel Institute Publication "Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members", except as otherwise shown or specified.
- B. Structural Performance: Engineer, fabricate, and erect cold-formed metal framing to withstand design loads within limits and under conditions required.
  - 1. Design Loads:
    - Gravity, wind and seismic loading as indicated on the drawings or in this specification.
  - 2. Design framing systems to withstand design loads without deflections greater than the following:
    - a. Exterior Load-Bearing Walls: Lateral deflection of 1/360 of the wall height.
    - b. Interior Load-Bearing Walls: Lateral deflection of 1/240 of the wall height.
    - c. Floor Joists: Vertical deflection of 1/240 of the span.
  - Design framing systems to provide for movement of framing members without damage or overstressing, sheathing failure, connection failure, undue strain on fasteners and anchors, or other detrimental

effects when subject to a maximum ambient temperature change (range) of 67 degrees C (120 degrees F).

- Design framing system to accommodate deflection of primary building structure and construction tolerances, and to maintain clearances at openings.
- Design exterior non-load-bearing curtain wall framing to accommodate lateral deflection without regard to contribution of sheathing materials.
- 6. Engineering Responsibility: Engage a fabricator who assumes undivided responsibility for engineering cold-formed metal framing by employing a qualified professional engineer to prepare design calculations, shop drawings, and other structural data. Exception: Light gauge sizes (geometry, thickness, and steel grade)shown on structural drawings can be assumed to be in the scope of the EOR.

# 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES. All items indicated below are required submittals requiring Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) review and approval
- B. Shop Drawings: Shop and erection drawings showing steel unit layout, connections to supporting members, and information necessary to complete installation as shown and specified.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data: Showing steel component sections and specifying structural characteristics.
- D. Blast Design Calculations: Light Gauge Members and Connections. This sections only applies to exterior light gauge walls which require blast design. Not all exterior walls may require blast design.
  - 1. Submit calculations for review and approval prepared by qualified blast consultant, with a minimum of 5 years experience in design of blast resistant window systems when delegated designer of the light gauge responsible for design of light gauge members for gravity, wind and seismic loadings varies from minimum sizes required for blast loading shown on the drawings. The magnitudes of the design threats W1, W2 and GP1, are defined in the Physical Security and Resiliency Design Standards Data Definitions which is a document separate from the referenced VA Security and Resiliency Design Manual. The Physical Security and Resiliency Design Standards Data

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Definitions are provided on a need to know basis by the structural blast specialist performing the blast design on VA projects. It is the responsibility of the delegated engineer responsible for the design of blast resistant cold formed framing to request and obtain the Physical Security Design and Resiliency Data Standard Data Definitions from the VA Office of Construction and Facilities Management (CFM). Any associated delays or increased costs due to failure to obtain this information will be borne by the contractor.

- E. Sustainable Construction Submittals:
  - Recycled Content: Identify post-consumer and pre-consumer recycled content percentage by weight.

### 1.5 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designation only.
- B. American Iron and Steel Institute (AISI): Specification and Commentary for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members (2016)

С.	ASTM International (ASTM):	
	A36/A36M-19	.Standard Specification for Carbon Structural
		Steel
	A123/A123M-17	.Standard Specifications for Zinc (Hot-Dip
		Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products
	A153/A153M-16a	.Standard Specifications for Zinc Coating (Hot-
		Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware
	A307-14e1	.Standard Specifications for Carbon Steel Bolts,
		Studs, and Threaded Rod 60,000 PSI Tensile
		Strength
	A653/A653M-20	.Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc
		Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc Iron Alloy Coated
		(Galvannealed) by the Hot Dip Process
	C955-18e1	.Standard Specification for Cold Formed Steel
		Structural Framing Members
	С1107/1107М-20	.Standard Specification for Packaged Dry,
		Hydraulic-Cement Grout (Non-shrink)
	E488/E488M-18	.Standard Test Methods for Strength of Anchors
		in Concrete Elements

E1190-11(2018).....Standard Test Methods for Strength of Power-Actuated Fasteners Installed in Structural

# Members

D. American Welding Society (AWS):

D1.3/D1.3M-18.....Structural Welding Code-Sheet Steel

E. Military Specifications (Mil. Spec.):

MIL-P-21035B..... Paint, High Zinc Dust Content, Galvanizing Repair

F. VA Physical Security and Resiliency Design Manual October 1, 2020.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 **MATERIALS**

- A. Sheet Steel for joists, studs and accessories 16 gauge and heavier: ASTM A653, structural steel, zinc coated G60 with a yield of 340 MPa (50 ksi) minimum.
- B. Sheet Steel for joists, studs and accessories 18 gauge and lighter: ASTM A653, structural steel, zinc coated G60 with a yield of 230 MPa (33 ksi) minimum.
- C. Galvanizing Repair Paint: MIL-P-21035B.

### 2.2 WALL FRAMING

- A. Steel Studs: Complying with ASTM C 955. Manufacturer's standard Cshaped steel studs of web depth indicated, with lipped flanges, and complying with the following:
  - Minimum Base-Steel Thickness(uncoated): 1.09 mm (0.0428 inch). See structural drawings for more stringent requirements.
  - Flange Width: 1-5/8 inches. See structural drawings for more stringent requirements.
  - 3. Web: Punched webs are only allowed for not load bearing partitions.
- B. Steel Track: Manufacturer's standard U-shaped steel track, unpunched, of web depths indicated, with straight flanges, and complying with the following:
  - 1. Design Uncoated-Steel Thickness: Matching steel studs.
  - 2. Flange Width: Manufacturer's standard deep flange where indicated, standard flange elsewhere.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

### 2.3 JOIST FRAMING

- A. Steel Joists: Manufacturer's standard C-shaped steel joists, unpunched, of web depths indicated, with lipped flanges, and complying with the following:
  - 1. Minimum Base-Steel Thickness: 1.09 mm (0.0428 inch).
  - 2. Design Thickness: 1.15 mm (0.0451 inch).
  - 3. Flange Width: 2 inches
- B. Steel Joist Track: Manufacturer's standard U-shaped steel joist track, unpunched, of web depths indicated, with straight flanges, and complying with the following:
  - 1. Design Thickness: Matching steel joists.
  - Flange Width: 1 5/8-inches minimum. Detailing requirements may indicate specific flange widths

### 2.4 FRAMING ACCESSORIES

- A. Fabricate steel framing accessories of the same material and finish used for framing members, with a minimum yield strength of 230 MPa (33 ksi).
- B. Provide accessories of manufacturer's standard thickness and configuration, unless otherwise indicated, as follows:
  - 1. Supplementary framing.
  - 2. Bracing, bridging, and solid blocking.
  - 3. Deflection track and vertical slide clips.
  - 4. Stud kickers and girts.
  - 5. Joist hangers and end closures.
  - 6. Reinforcement plates.

# 2.5 ANCHORS, CLIPS, AND FASTENERS

- A. Steel Shapes and Clips: ASTM A36, zinc coated by the hot-dip process according to ASTM A123.
- B. Cast-in-Place Anchor Bolts and Studs: ASTM A307, Grade A, zinc coated by the hot-dip process according to ASTM A153.
- C. Expansion Anchors: Fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 5 times the design load, as determined by testing per ASTM E488 conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.
- D. Power-Actuated Anchors: Fastener system of type suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 10 times

the design load, as determined by testing per ASTM E1190 conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.

E. Mechanical Fasteners: Corrosion-resistant coated, self-drilling, selfthreading steel drill screws. Low-profile head beneath sheathing, manufacturer's standard elsewhere.

### 2.6 **REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Welding in accordance with AWS D1.3
- B. Furnish members and accessories by one manufacturer only.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 FABRICATION

- A. Framing components may be preassembled into panels. Panels shall be square with components attached.
- B. Cut framing components squarely or as required for attachment. Cut framing members by sawing or shearing; do not torch cut.
- C. Hold members in place until fastened.
- D. Fasten cold-formed metal framing members by welding or screw fastening, as standard with fabricator. Wire tying of framing members is not permitted.
  - 1. Comply with AWS requirements and procedures for welding, appearance and quality of welds, and methods used in correcting welding work.
  - Locate mechanical fasteners and install according to cold-formed metal framing manufacturer's instructions with screw penetrating joined members by not less than 3 exposed screw threads.
- E. Where required, provide specified insulation in double header members and double jamb studs which will not be accessible after erection.

#### 3.2 ERECTION

- A. Handle and lift prefabricated panels in a manner as to not distort any member.
- B. Securely anchor tracks to supports as shown.
- C. At butt joints, securely anchor two pieces of track to same supporting member or butt-weld or splice together.
- D. Plumb, align, and securely attach studs to flanges or webs of both upper and lower tracks.
- E. All axially loaded members shall be aligned vertically to allow for full transfer of the loads down to the foundation. Vertical alignment shall be maintained at floor/wall intersections.

- F. Install jack studs above and below openings and as required to furnish support. Securely attach jack studs to supporting members.
- G. Install headers in all openings that are larger than the stud spacing in that wall.
- H. Attach bridging for studs in a manner to prevent stud rotation. Space bridging rows as shown.
- Studs in one piece for their entire length, splices will not be permitted.
- J. Provide a load distribution member at top track where joist is not located directly over bearing stud.
- K. Provide joist bridging and web stiffeners at reaction points where shown.
- L. Provide end blocking where joist ends are not restrained from rotation.
- M. Provide an additional joist under parallel partitions, unless otherwise shown, when partition length exceeds one-half joist span and when floor and roof openings interrupt one or more spanning members.
- N. Provide temporary bracing and leave in place until framing is permanently stabilized.
- O. Do not bridge building expansion joints with cold-formed metal framing. Independently frame both sides of joints.
- P. Fasten reinforcement plate over web penetrations that exceed size of manufacturer's standard punched openings.

### 3.3 TOLERANCES

- A. Vertical alignment (plumbness) of studs shall be within 1/960th of the span.
- B. Horizontal alignment (levelness) of walls shall be within 1/960th of their respective lengths.
- C. Spacing of studs shall not be more than 3 mm (1/8 inch) +/- from the designed spacing providing that the cumulative error does not exceed the requirements of the finishing materials.
- D. Prefabricated panels shall be not more than 3 mm (1/8 inch) +/- out of square within the length of that panel.

#### 3.4 FIELD REPAIR

A. Touch-up damaged galvanizing with galvanizing repair paint.

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### SECTION 05 50 00 METAL FABRICATIONS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

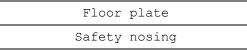
- A. This section specifies items and assemblies fabricated from structural steel shapes and other materials as shown and specified.
- B. Items specified.
  - 1. Frames:
  - 3. Guards
  - 4. Loose Lintels
  - 5. Plate Door Sill
  - 6. Safety Nosings

### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Railings attached to steel stairs: Section 05 51 00, METAL STAIRS.
- B. Prime and finish painting: Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:



- C. Shop Drawings:
  - Each item specified, showing complete detail, location in the project, material and size of components, method of joining various components and assemblies, finish, and location, size and type of anchors.
  - 2. Mark items requiring field assembly for erection identification and furnish erection drawings and instructions.
  - 3. Provide templates and rough-in measurements as required.
- D. Manufacturer's Certificates:
  - 1. Anodized finish as specified.
  - 2. Live load designs as specified.
- E. Design Calculations for specified live loads including dead loads.

05 50 00- 1 METAL FABRICATIONS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

F. Furnish setting drawings and instructions for installation of anchors to be preset into concrete and masonry work, and for the positioning of items having anchors to be built into concrete or masonry construction.

### **1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Each manufactured product shall meet, as a minimum, the requirements specified, and shall be a standard commercial product of a manufacturer regularly presently manufacturing items of type specified.
- B. Each product type shall be the same and be made by the same manufacturer.
- C. Assembled product to the greatest extent possible before delivery to the site.
- D. Include additional features, which are not specifically prohibited by this specification, but which are a part of the manufacturer's standard commercial product.

# 1.5 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME): B18.6.1-97.....Wood Screws B18.2.2-87(R2010).....Square and Hex Nuts
- C. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM): A36/A36M-14.....Structural Steel A47-99(R2014).....Malleable Iron Castings A48-03(R2012)....Gray Iron Castings A53-12.....Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated Welded and Seamless A123-15.....Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products A240/A240M-15.....Standard Specification for Chromium and Chromium-Nickel Stainless Steel Plate, Sheet and Strip for Pressure Vessels and for General Applications. A269-15.....Seamless and Welded Austenitic Stainless Steel Tubing for General Service A307-14.....Carbon Steel Bolts and Studs, 60,000 PSI Tensile Strength

05 50 00- 2 METAL FABRICATIONS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

A391/A391M-07(R2015)....Grade 80 Alloy Steel Chain A786/A786M-15.....Rolled Steel Floor Plate B221-14.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Shapes, and Tubes B456-11.....Electrodeposited Coatings of Copper Plus Nickel Plus Chromium and Nickel Plus Chromium B632-08.....Aluminum-Alloy Rolled Tread Plate C1107-13..... Packaged Dry, Hydraulic-Cement Grout (Nonshrink) D3656-13.....Insect Screening and Louver Cloth Woven from Vinyl-Coated Glass Yarns F436-16.....Hardened Steel Washers F468-06(R2015).....Nonferrous Bolts, Hex Cap Screws, Socket Head Cap Screws and Studs for General Use F593-13.....Stainless Steel Bolts, Hex Cap Screws, and Studs F1667-15.....Driven Fasteners: Nails, Spikes and Staples D. American Welding Society (AWS): D1.1-15..... Structural Welding Code Steel D1.2-14.....Structural Welding Code Aluminum D1.3-18.....Structural Welding Code Sheet Steel E. National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers (NAAMM) AMP 521-01(R2012).....Pipe Railing Manual AMP 500-06.....Metal Finishes Manual MBG 531-09(R2017).....Metal Bar Grating Manual MBG 532-09.....Heavy Duty Metal Bar Grating Manual F. Structural Steel Painting Council (SSPC)/Society of Protective Coatings: SP 1-15.....No. 1, Solvent Cleaning SP 2-04.....No. 2, Hand Tool Cleaning SP 3-04.....No. 3, Power Tool Cleaning G. Federal Specifications (Fed. Spec): RR-T-650E.....Treads, Metallic and Nonmetallic, Nonskid PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 DESIGN CRITERIA

A. In addition to the dead loads, design fabrications to support the following live loads unless otherwise specified.

05 50 00- 3 METAL FABRICATIONS

- B. Ladders and Rungs: 120 kg (250 pounds) at any point.
- C. Railings and Handrails: 900 N (200 pounds) in any direction at any point.
- D. Floor Plates: 500 kg/m<sup>2</sup> (100 pounds per square foot).

### 2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Structural Steel: ASTM A36.
- B. Stainless Steel: ASTM A240, Type 302 or 304.
- C. Aluminum, Extruded: ASTM B221, Alloy 6063-T5 unless otherwise specified. For structural shapes use alloy 6061-T6 and alloy 6061-T4511.
- D. Floor Plate:
  - 1. Steel ASTM A786.
  - 2. Aluminum: ASTM B632.
- E. Steel Pipe (Bollard): ASTM A53.
  - 1. Galvanized for exterior locations.
  - 2. Type S, Grade A unless specified otherwise.
  - 3. NPS (inside diameter) as shown.
- F. Cast-Iron: ASTM A48, Class 30, commercial pattern.
- G. Malleable Iron Castings: A47.
- H. Primer Paint: As specified in Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.
- I. Stainless Steel Tubing: ASTM A269, type 302 or 304.
- J. Modular Channel Units:
  - Factory fabricated, channel shaped, cold formed sheet steel shapes, complete with fittings bolts and nuts required for assembly.
  - 2. Form channel within turned pyramid shaped clamping ridges on each side.
  - 3. Provide case hardened steel nuts with serrated grooves in the top edges designed to be inserted in the channel at any point and be given a quarter turn so as to engage the channel clamping ridges. Provide each nut with a spring designed to hold the nut in place.
  - 4. Factory finish channels and parts with oven baked primer when exposed to view. Channels fabricated of ASTM A525, G90 galvanized steel may have primer omitted in concealed locations. Finish screws and nuts with zinc coating.
  - Fabricate snap-in closure plates to fit and close exposed channel openings of not more than 0.3 mm (0.0125 inch) thick stainless steel.

05 50 00- 4 METAL FABRICATIONS

- K. Grout: ASTM C1107, pourable type.
- L. Insect Screening: ASTM D3656.

# 2.3 HARDWARE

- A. Rough Hardware:
  - Furnish rough hardware with a standard plating, applied after punching, forming and assembly of parts; galvanized, cadmium plated, or zinc-coated by electro-galvanizing process. Galvanized G-90 where specified.
  - 2. Use G90 galvanized coating on ferrous metal for exterior work unless non-ferrous metal or stainless is used.
- B. Fasteners:
  - 1. Bolts with Nuts:
    - a. ASME B18.2.2.
    - b. ASTM A307 for 415 MPa (60,000 psi) tensile strength bolts.
    - c. ASTM F468 for nonferrous bolts.
    - d. ASTM F593 for stainless steel.
  - 2. Screws: ASME B18.6.1.
  - 3. Washers: ASTM F436, type to suit material and anchorage.
  - 4. Nails: ASTM F1667, Type I, style 6 or 14 for finish work.

### 2.4 FABRICATION GENERAL

- A. Material
  - Use material as specified. Use material of commercial quality and suitable for intended purpose for material that is not named or its standard of quality not specified.
  - Use material free of defects which could affect the appearance or service ability of the finished product.
- B. Size:
  - 1. Size and thickness of members as shown.
  - 2. When size and thickness is not specified or shown for an individual part, use size and thickness not less than that used for the same component on similar standard commercial items or in accordance with established shop methods.
- C. Connections
  - Except as otherwise specified, connections may be made by welding, riveting or bolting.
  - 2. Field riveting will not be approved.

- 3. Design size, number and placement of fasteners, to develop a joint strength of not less than the design value.
- 4. Holes, for rivets and bolts: Accurately punched or drilled and burrs removed.
- 5. Size and shape welds to develop the full design strength of the parts connected by welds and to transmit imposed stresses without permanent deformation or failure when subject to service loadings.
- Use Rivets and bolts of material selected to prevent corrosion (electrolysis) at bimetallic contacts. Plated or coated material will not be approved.
- 7. Use stainless steel connectors for removable members machine screws or bolts.
- D. Fasteners and Anchors
  - Use methods for fastening or anchoring metal fabrications to building construction as shown or specified.
  - 2. Where fasteners and anchors are not shown, design the type, size, location and spacing to resist the loads imposed without deformation of the members or causing failure of the anchor or fastener, and suit the sequence of installation.
  - Use material and finish of the fasteners compatible with the kinds of materials which are fastened together and their location in the finished work.
  - 4. Fasteners for securing metal fabrications to new construction only, may be by use of threaded or wedge type inserts or by anchors for welding to the metal fabrication for installation before the concrete is placed or as masonry is laid.
  - 5. Fasteners for securing metal fabrication to existing construction or new construction may be expansion bolts, toggle bolts, power actuated drive pins, welding, self drilling and tapping screws or bolts.
- E. Workmanship
  - 1. General:
    - a. Fabricate items to design shown.
    - b. Furnish members in longest lengths commercially available within the limits shown and specified.
    - c. Fabricate straight, true, free from warp and twist, and where applicable square and in same plane.

05 50 00- 6 METAL FABRICATIONS

- d. Provide holes, sinkages and reinforcement shown and required for fasteners and anchorage items.
- e. Provide openings, cut-outs, and tapped holes for attachment and clearances required for work of other trades.
- f. Prepare members for the installation and fitting of hardware.
- g. Cut openings in gratings and floor plates for the passage of ducts, sumps, pipes, conduits and similar items. Provide reinforcement to support cut edges.
- h. Fabricate surfaces and edges free from sharp edges, burrs and projections which may cause injury.
- 2. Welding:
  - a. Weld in accordance with AWS.
  - b. Welds shall show good fusion, be free from cracks and porosity and accomplish secure and rigid joints in proper alignment.
  - c. Where exposed in the finished work, continuous weld for the full length of the members joined and have depressed areas filled and protruding welds finished smooth and flush with adjacent surfaces.
  - d. Finish welded joints to match finish of adjacent surface.
- 3. Joining:
  - a. Miter or butt members at corners.
  - b. Where frames members are butted at corners, cut leg of frame member perpendicular to surface, as required for clearance.
- 4. Anchors:
  - a. Where metal fabrications are shown to be preset in concrete, weld 32 x 3 mm (1-1/4 by 1/8 inch) steel strap anchors, 150 mm (6 inches) long with 25 mm (one inch) hooked end, to back of member at 600 mm (2 feet) on center, unless otherwise shown.
  - b. Where metal fabrications are shown to be built into masonry use 32 x 3 mm (1-1/4 by 1/8 inch) steel strap anchors, 250 mm (10 inches) long with 50 mm (2 inch) hooked end, welded to back of member at 600 mm (2 feet) on center, unless otherwise shown.
- 5. Cutting and Fitting:
  - Accurately cut, machine and fit joints, corners, copes, and miters.
  - b. Fit removable members to be easily removed.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- c. Design and construct field connections in the most practical place for appearance and ease of installation.
- d. Fit pieces together as required.
- e. Fabricate connections for ease of assembly and disassembly without use of special tools.
- f. Joints firm when assembled.
- g. Conceal joining, fitting and welding on exposed work as far as practical.
- h. Do not show rivets and screws prominently on the exposed face.
- i. The fit of components and the alignment of holes shall eliminate the need to modify component or to use exceptional force in the assembly of item and eliminate the need to use other than common tools.
- F. Finish:
  - 1. Finish exposed surfaces in accordance with NAAMM AMP 500 Metal Finishes Manual.
  - 2. Aluminum: NAAMM AMP 501.
    - a. Mill finish, AA-M10, as fabricated, use unless specified otherwise.
    - b. Clear anodic coating, AA-C22A41, chemically etched medium matte, with Architectural Class 1, 0.7 mils or thicker.
    - c. Colored anodic coating, AA-C22A42, chemically etched medium matte with Architectural Class 1, 0.7 mils or thicker.
    - d. Painted: AA-C22R10.
  - 3. Steel and Iron: NAAMM AMP 504.
    - a. Zinc coated (Galvanized): ASTM A123, G90 unless noted otherwise.
    - b. Surfaces exposed in the finished work:
      - 1) Finish smooth rough surfaces and remove projections.
      - 2) Fill holes, dents and similar voids and depressions with epoxy type patching compound.
    - c. Shop Prime Painting:
      - 1) Surfaces of Ferrous metal:
        - a) Items not specified to have other coatings.
        - b) Galvanized surfaces specified to have prime paint.
        - c) Remove all loose mill scale, rust, and paint, by hand or power tool cleaning as defined in SSPC-SP2 and SP3.

05 50 00- 8 METAL FABRICATIONS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- d) Clean of oil, grease, soil and other detrimental matter by use of solvents or cleaning compounds as defined in SSPC-SP1.
- e) After cleaning and finishing apply one coat of primer as specified in Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.
- 2) Non ferrous metals: Comply with MAAMM-500 series.
- 4. Stainless Steel: NAAMM AMP-504 Finish No. 4.
- G. Protection:
  - Insulate aluminum surfaces that will come in contact with concrete, masonry, plaster, or metals other than stainless steel, zinc or white bronze by giving a coat of heavy-bodied alkali resisting bituminous paint or other approved paint in shop.
  - Spot prime all abraded and damaged areas of zinc coating which expose the bare metal, using zinc rich paint on hot-dip zinc coat items and zinc dust primer on all other zinc coated items.

# 2.5

## 2.6 FRAMES

- A. Channel Door Frames:
  - 1. Fabricate of structural steel channels of size shown.
  - 2. Miter and weld frames at corners.
  - 3. Where anchored to masonry or embedded in concrete, weld to back of frame at each jamb, 5 mm (3/16 inch) thick by 44 mm (1-3/4 inch) wide steel strap anchors with ends turned 50 mm (2 inches), and of sufficient length to extend at least 300 mm (12 inches) into wall. Space anchors 600 mm (24 inches) above bottom of frame and 600 mm (24 inches) o.c. to top of jamb. Weld clip angles to bottom of jambs and provide holes for expansion bolts.
  - 4. Where anchored to concrete or masonry in prepared openings, drill holes at jambs for anchoring with expansion bolts. Weld clip angles to bottom of frame and provide holes for expansion bolt anchors as shown. Drill holes starting 600 mm (24 inches) above bottom of frame and 600 mm (24 inches) o.c. to top of jamb and at top of jamb. Provide pipe spacers at holes welded to channel.
  - 5. Where closure plates are shown, continuously weld them to the channel flanges.

- 6. Weld continuous 19 x 19 x 3 mm ( $3/4 \times 3/4 \times 1/8$  inch) thick steel angles to the interior side of each channel leg at the head and jambs to form a caulking groove.
- Prepare frame for installation of hardware specified in Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE.
  - a. Cut a slot in the lock jamb to receive the lock bolt.
  - b. Where shown use continuous solid steel bar stops at perimeter of frame, weld or secure with countersunk machine screws at not more than 450 mm (18 inches) on center.

### 2.7 GUARDS

- A. Wall Corner Guards:
  - 1. Fabricate from steel angles and furnish with anchors as shown.
  - 2. Continuously weld anchor to angle.
- B. Edge Guard Angles for Openings in slabs.
  - 1. Fabricate from steel angles of sizes and with anchorage shown.
  - 2. Where size of angle is not shown, provide 50 x 50 x 6 mm (2 x 2 x 1/4 inch) steel angle with 32 x 5 mm (1-1/4 x 3/16 inch) strap anchors, welded to back.
  - 3. Miter or butt angles at corners and weld.
  - Use one anchor near end and three feet on centers between end anchors.

# 2.8

### 2.9

# 2.10 LOOSE LINTELS

- A. Furnish lintels of sizes shown. Where size of lintels is not shown, provide the sizes specified.
- B. Fabricate lintels with not less than 150 mm (6 inch) bearing at each end for nonbearing masonry walls, and 200 mm (8 inch) bearing at each end for bearing walls.
- C. Provide one angle lintel for each 100 mm (4 inches) of masonry thickness as follows except as otherwise specified or shown.
  - 1. Openings 750 mm to 1800 mm (2-1/2 feet to 6 feet) 100 x 90 x 8 mm (4 x 3-1/2 x 5/16 inch).
  - 2. Openings 1800 mm to 3000 mm (6 feet to 10 feet) 150 x 90 x 9 mm (6
     x 3-1/2 x 3/8 inch).
- D. For 150 mm (6 inch) thick masonry openings 750 mm to 3000 mm (2-1/2 feet to 10 feet) use one angle 150 x 90 x 9 mm (6 x 3-1/2 x 3/8 inch).

05 50 00- 10 METAL FABRICATIONS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- E. Provide bearing plates for lintels where shown.
- F. Weld or bolt upstanding legs of double angle lintels together with 19 mm (3/4 inch bolts) spaced at 300 mm (12 inches) on centers.
- G. Insert spreaders at bolt points to separate the angles for insertion of metal windows, louver, and other anchorage.
- H. Where shown or specified, punch upstanding legs of single lintels to suit size and spacing of anchor bolts.
- I. Elevator Entrance:
  - Fabricate lintel from plate bent to channel shape, and provide a minimum of 100 mm (4 inch) bearing each end.
  - Cut away the front leg of the channel at each end to allow for concealment behind elevator hoistway entrance frame.

## 2.11

## 2.12 PLATE DOOR SILL

- A. Fabricate of checkered plate as detailed.
  - 1. Aluminum Plate: ASTM B632, 3 mm (0.125 inch) thick.
  - 2. Steel Plate: ASTM A786, 3 mm (0.125 inch thick), galvanized G90.
- B. Fabricate for anchorage with flat head countersunk bolts at each end and not over 300 mm (12 inches), o.c.

## 2.13 SAFETY NOSINGS

- A. Fed. Spec. RR-T-650, Type C.
  - 1. Aluminum: Class 2, Style 2.
  - 2. Cast iron: Class 4.
- B. Fabricate nosings for exterior use from cast aluminum, and nosings for interior use from either cast aluminum or cast iron. Use one Class throughout.
- C. Fabricate nosings approximately 100 mm (4 inches) wide with not more than 9 mm (3/8 inch) nose.
- D. Provide nosings with integral type anchors spaced not more than 100 mm (4 inches) from each end and intermediate anchors spaced approximately 375 mm (15 inches) on center.
- E. Fabricate nosings to extend within 100 mm (4 inches) of ends of concrete stair treads except where shown to extend full width.
- F. Fabricate nosings to extend full width between stringers of metal stairs and full width of door openings.
- G. On curved steps fabricate to terminate at point of curvature of steps having short radius curved ends.

- 2.14
- 2.15
- 2.16
- 2.17
- 2.18

### 2.19 SCREENED ACCESS DOORS AND FRAMES

- A. Galvanized ASTM A123, G-90 after fabrication.
- B. Wall frame:
  - 1. Fabricate frame from steel angles or channels as shown.
  - 2. Continuously weld 38 x 13 mm  $(1-1/2 \times 1/2 \text{ inch})$  steel channel door stop to angle frame. Cut out lock strike opening in channel.
  - Miter and weld channel frame at corners. Reinforce corner with 3 mm (1/8 inch) plate angle.
  - 4. Reinforce channel frame with 3 x 150 mm (1/8 x 6 inch) long steel plate at channel back to cutout for latch. Cutout lock strike opening in channel face. Drill and tap for hinge anchorage.
  - 5. Drill jambs for 6 mm (1/4 inch) bolt anchors at top and bottom and not over 450 mm (18 inches) between top and bottom.
  - 6. Fabricate frame for door to sit flush with face of frame.
- C. Doors
  - Fabricate door using steel channel frame with 3 mm (1/8 inch) angle plate reinforcing at corners.
  - 2. Miter and weld corners.
  - Fabricate lock box of 1.6 mm (1/16 inch) plate and weld to channel surround.
  - 4. Provide wire mesh constructed of 3.5 mm (0.135 inch) diameter galvanized steel wire crimped and woven into 38 mm (1-1/2 inch) diamond mesh pattern. Fasten the wire mesh to door frames by bending the ends of each strand of wire over through channel clinched and welded to channel door frame.
  - 5. Weld steel plate back-bands to channel door frame at hinge stiles only.
  - 6. Screen on doors in exterior walls.
    - a. Fabricate rewirable frame for screen from either extruded or tubular aluminum.
    - b. Design to allow for removing or replacement frame and screening or adjoining items without damage.

05 50 00- 12 METAL FABRICATIONS

c. Use aluminum insect screening specified.

d. Use stainless steel fasteners for securing screen to door.

- D. Hardware:
  - Install hinged door to fixed frame with two 63 mm (2-1/2 inch) brass or bronze hinges.
  - Install lock or latch specified in Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE in lockbox.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Set work accurately, in alignment and where shown, plumb, level, free of rack and twist, and set parallel or perpendicular as required to line and plane of surface.
- B. Items set into concrete or masonry.
  - Provide temporary bracing for such items until concrete or masonry is set.
  - 2. Place in accordance with setting drawings and instructions.
  - 3. Build strap anchors, into masonry as work progresses.
- C. Set frames of gratings, covers, corner guards, trap doors and similar items flush with finish floor or wall surface and, where applicable, flush with side of opening.
- D. Field weld in accordance with AWS.
  - 1. Design and finish as specified for shop welding.
  - 2. Use continuous weld unless specified otherwise.
- E. Install anchoring devices and fasteners as shown and as necessary for securing metal fabrications to building construction as specified. Power actuated drive pins may be used except for removable items and where members would be deformed or substrate damaged by their use.
- F. Spot prime all abraded and damaged areas of zinc coating as specified and all abraded and damaged areas of shop prime coat with same kind of paint used for shop priming.
- G. Isolate aluminum from dissimilar metals and from contact with concrete and masonry materials as required to prevent electrolysis and corrosion.
- H. Secure escutcheon plate with set screw.
- 3.2
- 3.3

# 3.4

# 3.5 DOOR FRAMES

- A. Secure clip angles at bottom of frames to concrete slab with expansion bolts as shown.
- B. Level and plumb frame; brace in position required.
- C. At masonry, set frames in walls so anchors are built-in as the work progresses unless shown otherwise.
- D. Set frames in formwork for frames cast into concrete.
- E. Where frames are set in prepared openings, bolt to wall with spacers and expansion bolts.

# 3.6 OTHER FRAMES

- A. Set frame flush with surface unless shown otherwise.
- B. Anchor frames at ends and not over 450 mm (18 inches) on centers unless shown otherwise.
- C. Set in formwork before concrete is placed.

### 3.7 GUARDS

- A. Steel Angle Corner Guards:
  - 1. Build into masonry as the work progress.
  - 2. Set into formwork before concrete is placed.
  - Set angles flush with edge of opening and finish floor or wall or as shown.
  - 4. At existing construction fasten angle and filler piece to adjoining construction with 16 mm (5/8 inch) diameter by 75 mm (3 inch) long expansion bolts 450 mm (18 inches) on center.
  - 5. Install Guard Angles at Edges of Openings in Slab where shown.
- B. Channel Guard at Top Edge of Concrete Platforms:
  - 1. Install in formwork before concrete is placed.
  - 2. Set channel flush with top of the platform.
- C. Wheel Guards:
  - 1. Set flanges of wheel guard at least 50 mm (2 inches) into pavement.
  - 2. Anchor to walls as shown, expansion bolt if not shown.

# 3.8

# 3.9 STEEL LINTELS

- A. Use lintel sizes and combinations shown or specified.
- B. Install lintels with longest leg upstanding, except for openings in 150 mm (6 inch) masonry walls install lintels with longest leg horizontal.

05 50 00- 14 METAL FABRICATIONS

C. Install lintels to have not less than 150 mm (6 inch) bearing at each end for nonbearing walls, and 200 mm (8 inch) bearing at each end for bearing walls.

# 3.10

### 3.11 PLATE DOOR SILL

- A. Install after roofing base flashing and counter flashing work is completed.
- B. Set in sealant and bolt to curb.

# 3.12 SAFETY NOSINGS

- A. Except as specified and where preformed rubber treads are shown or specified install safety nosings at the following:
  - 1. Exterior concrete steps.
  - 2. Door sills of areaway entrances curbs.
  - Exposed edges of curbs of door sills at transformer and service rooms.
  - Interior concrete steps, including concrete filled treads of metal stairs of service stairs.
- B. Install flush with horizontal and vertical surfaces.
- C. Install nosing to within 100 mm (4 inches) of ends of concrete stair treads, except where shown to extend full width.
- D. Extend nosings full width of door openings.
- E. Extend nosings, full width between stringers of metal stairs, and terminate at point of curvature of steps having short radius curved ends.

3.13

3.14

3.15

3.16

#### 3.17 SCREENED ACCESS DOOR

- A. Set frame in opening so that clearance at jambs is equal and secure with expansion bolts.
- B. Use shims at bolts to prevent deformation of frame members in prepared openings.
- C. Set frame in mortar bed and build in anchors as the masonry work progresses.
- D. Grout jambs solid with mortar.

05 50 00- 15 METAL FABRICATIONS

E. Secure insect screen to inside of door with stainless steel fasteners on doors in exterior walls.

3.18

3.19

### 3.20 CLEAN AND ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust movable parts including hardware to operate as designed without binding or deformation of the members centered in the opening or frame and, where applicable, contact surfaces fit tight and even without forcing or warping the components.
- B. Clean after installation exposed prefinished and plated items and items fabricated from stainless steel, aluminum and copper alloys, as recommended by the metal manufacture and protected from damage until completion of the project.

- - - E N D - - -

## SECTION 06 10 00 ROUGH CARPENTRY

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION:

A. This section specifies wood blocking, framing, furring, nailers, rough hardware, and light wood construction. Wood construction shall only be used for construction of exterior roof and wall details and wood shall not be used inside of the building envelope (except wood door, MDF casework and plywood mounted to TR room partitions).All plywood shall be fire treated. In partition /wall backing shall be metal.

# 1.2 RELATED WORK:

- A. Sustainable design requirements: Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS.
- B. Backing: Section 05 50 00, Metal Fabrications.

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS:

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittals, as described below:
- Postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content as specified in PART 2 - PRODUCTS.
- Volatile organic compounds per volume as specified in PART 2 - PRODUCTS.
- 3. For composite wood products, submit documentation indicating that product contains no added urea formaldehyde.
- C. Shop Drawings showing framing connection details, fasteners, connections and dimensions.
- D. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Submit data for lumber, panels, hardware and adhesives.
  - Submit data for wood-preservative treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification from treating plants that treated materials comply with requirements. Indicate type of preservative used and net amount of preservative retained.
  - 3. Submit data for fire retardant treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements. Include physical properties of

treated materials based on testing by a qualified independent testing agency.

- For products receiving a waterborne treatment, submit statement that moisture content of treated materials was reduced to levels specified before shipment to project site.
- E. Manufacturer's certificate for unmarked lumber.

# 1.4 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING:

- A. Protect lumber and other products from dampness both during and after delivery at site.
- B. Pile lumber in stacks in such manner as to provide air circulation around surfaces of each piece.
- C. Stack plywood and other board products so as to prevent warping.
- D. Locate stacks on well drained areas, supported at least 152 mm (6 inches) above grade and cover with well-ventilated sheds having firmly constructed over hanging roof with sufficient end wall to protect lumber from driving rain.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

A. Installer: A firm with a minimum of three (3) years' experience in the type of work required by this section.

### 1.6 GRADING AND MARKINGS:

A. Any unmarked lumber or plywood panel for its grade and species will not be allowed on VA Construction sites for lumber and material not normally grade marked, provide manufacturer's certificates (approved by an American Lumber Standards approved agency) attesting that lumber and material meet the specified the specified requirements.

## 1.7 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS:

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in the text by basic designation only.
- B. American Forest and Paper Association (AFPA): NDS-15.....National Design Specification for Wood Construction WCD1-01.....Details for Conventional Wood Frame

Construction

- C. American Institute of Timber Construction (AITC): A190.1-07.....Structural Glued Laminated Timber
- D. American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME):

06 10 00 - 2 ROUGH CARPENTRY VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 B18.2.1-12(R2013).....Square and Hex Bolts and Screws B18.2.2-10.....Square and Hex Nuts B18.6.1-81 (R2008) ..... Wood Screws E. American Plywood Association (APA): E30-11.....Engineered Wood Construction Guide F. ASTM International (ASTM): A653/A653M-13.....Steel Sheet Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot Dip Process C954-11.....Steel Drill Screws for the Application of Gypsum Board or Metal Plaster Bases to Steel Studs from 0.033 inch (2.24 mm) to 0.112-inch (2.84 mm) in thickness C1002-14.....Steel Self-Piercing Tapping Screws for the Application of Gypsum Panel Products or Metal Plaster Bases to Wood Studs or Metal Studs D198-14.....Test Methods of Static Tests of Lumber in Structural Sizes D2344/D2344M-13.....Test Method for Short-Beam Strength of Polymer Matrix Composite Materials and Their Laminates D2559-12a.....Adhesives for Structural Laminated Wood Products for Use Under Exterior (Wet Use) Exposure Conditions D3498-03(R2011).....Adhesives for Field-Gluing Plywood to Lumber Framing for Floor Systems D6108-13..... Test Method for Compressive Properties of Plastic Lumber and Shapes D6109-13.....Test Methods for Flexural Properties of Unreinforced and Reinforced Plastic Lumber and Related Products D6111-13a.....Test Method for Bulk Density and Specific Gravity of Plastic Lumber and Shapes by Displacement D6112-13.....Test Methods for Compressive and Flexural Creep and Creep-Rupture of Plastic Lumber and Shapes F844-07a(R2013).....Washers, Steel, Plan (Flat) Unhardened for General Use

> 06 10 00 - 3 ROUGH CARPENTRY

VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 F1667-13.....Nails, Spikes, and Staples G. American Wood Protection Association (AWPA): AWPA Book of Standards H. Commercial Item Description (CID): A-A-55615..... And Lag Bolt Self Threading Anchors) I. Forest Stewardship Council (FSC): FSC-STD-01-001 (Ver. 4-0) FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship J. Military Specification (Mil. Spec.): MIL-L-19140E.....Lumber and Plywood, Fire-Retardant Treated K. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA): 40 CFR 59(2014).....National Volatile Organic Compound Emission Standards for Consumer and Commercial Products L. Truss Plate Institute (TPI): TPI-85..... Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses M. U.S. Department of Commerce Product Standard (PS) PS 1-95.....Construction and Industrial Plywood PS 20-10.....American Softwood Lumber Standard N. ICC Evaluation Service (ICC ES): AC09.....Quality Control of Wood Shakes and Shingles AC174.....Deck Board Span Ratings and Guardrail Systems (Guards and Handrails) PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 LUMBER:

- A. Unless otherwise specified, each piece of lumber must bear grade mark, stamp, or other identifying marks indicating grades of material, and rules or standards under which produced.
  - Identifying marks are to be in accordance with rule or standard under which material is produced, including requirements for qualifications and authority of the inspection organization, usage of authorized identification, and information included in the identification.
  - Inspection agency for lumber approved by the Board of Review, American Lumber Standards Committee, to grade species used.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- B. Structural Members: Species and grade as listed in the AFPA NDS having design stresses as shown.
- C. Lumber Other Than Structural:
  - Unless otherwise specified, species graded under the grading rules of an inspection agency approved by Board of Review, American Lumber Standards Committee.
  - Framing lumber: Minimum extreme fiber stress in bending of 7584 kPa (1100 PSI).
  - 3. Furring, blocking, nailers and similar items 101 mm (4 inches) and narrower Standard Grade; and, members 152 mm (6 inches) and wider, Number 2 Grade.
- D. Sizes:
  - 1. Conforming to PS 20.
  - Size references are nominal sizes, unless otherwise specified, actual sizes within manufacturing tolerances allowed by standard under which produced.
- E. Moisture Content:
  - Maximum moisture content of wood products is to be as follows at the time of delivery to site.
    - a. Boards and lumber 50 mm (2 inches) and less in thickness: 19 percent or less.
    - b. Lumber over 50 mm (2 inches) thick: 25 percent or less.
- F. Fire Retardant Treatment:
  - 1. Comply with Mil Spec. MIL-L-19140.
  - Treatment and performance inspection, by an independent and qualified testing agency that establishes performance ratings.
  - 3. All Plywood used in the project shall be fire treated.
- G. Preservative Treatment:
  - 1. Do not treat Heart Redwood and Western Red Cedar.
  - 2. Treat wood members and plywood exposed to weather or in contact with plaster, masonry or concrete, including framing of open roofed structures; sills, sole plates, furring, and sleepers that are less than 610 mm (24 inches) from ground; nailers, edge strips, blocking, crickets, curbs, cant, vent strips and other members provided in connection with roofing and flashing materials.
  - 3. Treat other members specified as preservative treated (PT).

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

4. Preservative treat by the pressure method complying with AWPA Book use category system standards U1 and T1, except any process involving the use of Chromated Copper Arsenate (CCA) or other agents classified as carcinogenic for pressure treating wood is not permitted.

# 2.3 PLYWOOD:

- A. Comply with PS 1.
- B. Bear the mark of a recognized association or independent inspection agency that maintains continuing control over quality of plywood which identifies compliance by veneer grade, group number, span rating where applicable, and glue type.

# 2.5 ROUGH HARDWARE AND ADHESIVES:

- A. Anchor Bolts:
  - 1. ASME B18.2.1 and ASME B18.2.2 galvanized, 13 mm (1/2 inch) unless shown otherwise.
  - Extend at least 203 mm (8 inches) into masonry or concrete with ends bent 50 mm (2 inches).
- B. Miscellaneous Bolts: Expansion Bolts: C1D A-A-55615; lag bolt, long enough to extend at least 65 mm (2-1/2 inches) into masonry or concrete. Provide 13 mm (1/2 inch) bolt unless shown otherwise.
- C. Washers
  - 1. ASTM F844.
  - Provide zinc or cadmium coated steel or cast iron for washers exposed to weather.
- D. Screws:
  - 1. Wood to Wood: ASME B18.6.1 or ASTM C1002.
  - 2. Wood to Steel: ASTM C954, or ASTM C1002.
- E. Nails:
  - Size and type best suited for purpose unless noted otherwise. Provide aluminum-alloy nails, plated nails, or zinc-coated nails, for nailing wood work exposed to weather and on roof blocking.
  - 2. ASTM F1667:
    - a. Common: Type I, Style 10.
    - b. Concrete: Type I, Style 11.
    - c. Barbed: Type I, Style 26.
    - d. Underlayment: Type I, Style 25.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- e. Masonry: Type I, Style 27.
- f. Provide special nails designed for use with ties, strap anchors, framing connectors, joists hangers, and similar items. Nails not less than 32 mm (1-1/4 inches) long, 8d and deformed or annular ring shank.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION OF FRAMING AND MISCELLANEOUS WOOD MEMBERS:

- A. Fasteners:
  - 1. Nails.
    - a. Nail in accordance with the Recommended Nailing Schedule as specified in AFPA WCD1 where detailed nailing requirements are not specified in nailing schedule. Select nail size and nail spacing sufficient to develop adequate strength for the connection without splitting the members.
  - 1. Bolts:
    - a. Fit bolt heads and nuts bearing on wood with washers.
    - b. Countersink bolt heads flush with the surface of nailers.
    - c. Embed in concrete and solid masonry or provide expansion bolts. Special bolts or screws designed for anchor to solid masonry or concrete in drilled holes may be used.
    - d. Provide toggle bolts to hollow masonry or sheet metal.
    - e. Provide bolts to steel over 2.84 mm (0.112 inch, 11 gage) in thickness. Secure wood nailers to vertical structural steel members with bolts, placed one at ends of nailer and 610 mm (24 inch) intervals between end bolts. Provide clips to beam flanges.
  - 3. Drill Screws to steel less than 2.84 mm (0.112 inch) thick.a. ASTM C1002 for steel less than 0.84 mm (0.033 inch) thick.b. ASTM C954 for steel over 0.84 mm (0.033 inch) thick.
  - 4. Power actuated drive pins may be provided where practical to anchor to solid masonry, concrete, or steel.
  - 5. Do not anchor to wood plugs or nailing blocks in masonry or concrete. Provide metal plugs, inserts or similar fastening.
  - 6. Screws to Join Wood:
    - a. Where shown or option to nails.

- b. ASTM C1002, sized to provide not less than 25 mm (1 inch) penetration into anchorage member.
- c. Spaced same as nails.
- E. Blocking Nailers, and Furring:
  - 1. Install furring, blocking, nailers, and grounds where shown.
  - 2. Provide longest lengths practicable.
  - 3. Provide fire retardant treated wood blocking where shown at openings and where shown or specified.
  - 4. Layers of Blocking or Plates:
    - a. Stagger end joints between upper and lower pieces.
    - b. Nail at ends and not over 610 mm (24 inches) between ends.
    - c. Stagger nails from side to side of wood member over 127 mm (5 inches) in width.

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VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

# SECTION 07 01 50.19 PREPARATION FOR RE-ROOFING

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Partial roof removal for new roof system installation.
  - Roofing membrane and selective roofing system component removal for new roof membrane installation.
- B. Existing Roofing System: EPDM. System components include:
  - 1. Pavers and paver supports.
  - 2. Roofing membrane.

### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 05 31 00, STEEL DECKING.
- B. Section 07 60 00, FLASHING AND SHEET METAL: Sheet Metal Counterflashing.

### 1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. American National Standards Institute/Single-Ply Roofing Institute (ANSI/SPRI):

FX-1 (R2016).....Standard Field Test Procedure for Determining

the Withdrawal Resistance of Roofing Fasteners.

C. American Society for Nondestructive Testing (ASNT): SNT-TC-1A (2019).....Personnel Qualification and Certification for

Nondestructive Testing.

D.	ASTM International (ASTM	):
	C208-12(2017)e2	Cellulosic Fiber Insulating Board.
	C578-19	Rigid, Cellular Polystyrene Thermal Insulation.
	C728-17a	Perlite Thermal Insulation Board.
	С1177/С1177м-17	Glass Mat Gypsum Substrate for Use as
		Sheathing.
	C1153-10(2015)	Location of Wet Insulation in Roofing Systems
		Using Infrared Imaging.
	С1278/С1278М-17	Standard Specification Fiber-Reinforced Gypsum
		Panel.
	D4263-83(2018)	Indicating Moisture in Concrete by the Plastic
		Sheet Method.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

E. U.S. Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST): DOC PS 1-19.....Structural Plywood. DOC PS 2-18.....Performance Standard for Wood-Based

Structural-Use Panels.

## **1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS**

- A. Conduct preinstallation meeting minimum 30 days before beginning Work
  - of this section.
  - 1. Required Participants:
    - a. Contracting Officer's Representative.
    - b. Architect/Engineer.
    - c. Inspection and Testing Agency.
    - d. Contractor.
    - e. Installer.
    - f. Manufacturer's field representative.
    - g. Other installers responsible for adjacent and intersecting work, including mechanical and electrical equipment installers.
  - Meeting Agenda: Distribute agenda to participants minimum 3 days before meeting.
    - a. Removal and installation schedule.
    - b. Removal and installation sequence.
    - c. Preparatory work.
    - d. Protection before, during, and after installation.
    - e. Removal and installation.
    - f. Temporary roofing including daily terminations.
    - g. Transitions and connections to other work.
    - h. Inspecting and testing.
    - i. Other items affecting successful completion.
  - 3. Document and distribute meeting minutes to participants to record decisions affecting installation.

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Submittal Drawings:
  - 1. Show size, configuration, and installation details.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.

07 01 50.19 - 2 PREPARATION FOR RE-ROOFING

- 2. Description of temporary roof system and components.
- 3. List of patching materials.
- 4. Recover board fastening requirements.
- 5. Temporary roofing installation instructions, removal instructions, preparation instructions to receive new roofing.
- 6. Existing roofing warrantor's instructions.
- D. Photographs: Document existing conditions potentially affected by roofing operations before work begins.
- E. Field Inspection Reports:
  - Certify warrantor inspected completed roofing and existing warranty remains in effect.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications:
  - 1. Same installer as ETHYLENE-PROPYLENE-DIENE-MONOMER (EPDM) ROOFING .
  - 2. Licensed to perform asbestos abatement in Project jurisdiction when removal of asbestos-containing material is required.
  - 3. Approved by existing roofing system warrantor when work affects existing roofing system under warranty.

### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Building Occupancy: Perform work to minimize disruption to normal building operations.
  - Verify occupants are evacuated from affected building areas when working on structurally impaired roof decking above occupied areas.
  - 2. Provide notice minimum 72 hours before beginning activities affecting normal building operations.
- B. Weather Limitations: Proceed with reroofing preparation only during dry weather conditions as specified for new roofing installation in Section Section 07 53 23, ETHYLENE-PROPYLENE-DIENE-MONOMER (EPDM) ROOFING.
  - Remove only as much roofing in one day as can be made watertight in same day.
- C. Hazardous materials are not expected in existing roofing system.
  - 1. Known hazardous materials were removed before start of work.
  - Do not disturb suspected hazardous materials. When discovered, notify Contracting Officer's Representative.
  - 3. Hazardous materials discovered during execution of the work will be removed by Government as work of a separate contract.

## 1.8 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Patching Materials: Match existing roofing system materials.
- B. Plywood Sheathing: See Section 06 10 00, ROUGH CARPENTRY.
- C. Metal Flashing: See Section 07 60 00, FLASHING AND SHEET METAL.
- D. Temporary Protection Materials:
  - 1. Expanded Polystyrene (EPS) Insulation: ASTM C578-19.
  - 2. Plywood: NIST DOC PS 1-19, Grade CD Exposure 1-18.
  - 3. Oriented Strand Board (OSB): NIST DOC PS 2-18, Exposure 1.
- E. Temporary Roofing System Materials: Contractor's option with approval by COR.
- F. Recover Board:
  - 1. Insulation: See Section 07 22 00, ROOF AND DECK INSULATION.
- G. Fasteners: Type and size required by roof membrane manufacturer to resist wind uplift.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Infrared Roof Moisture Survey: Ground-based, walk-over type performed according to ASTM C1153-10(2015).
  - 1. Record the entire survey on DVD and provide one copy to Contracting Officer's Representative with report.
  - Include in report thermograms of suspect areas and corresponding daytime photos of same locations.
  - Conduct inspection by NDT test technician certified to at least Level 2 in Thermal/Infrared test method according to ASNT SNT-TC-1A.
  - Mark out roof areas determined to be wet to indicate minimum areas to be removed.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for product installation.
- B. Protect existing roofing system indicated to remain.
  - Cover roof membrane with temporary protection materials without impeding drainage.
  - 2. Limit traffic and material storage to protected areas.

07 01 50.19 - 4 PREPARATION FOR RE-ROOFING

- 3. Maintain temporary protection until replacement roofing is completed.
- C. Protect existing construction and completed work from damage.
- D. Protect landscaping from damage.
- E. Maintain access to existing walkways and adjacent occupied facilities.
- F. Coordinate use of rooftop fresh air intakes with Contracting Officer's Representative to minimize effect on indoor air quality.
- G. Ensure temporary protection materials are available for immediate use in case of unexpected rain.
- H. Ensure roof drainage remains functional.
  - 1. Keep drainage systems clear of debris.
  - 2. Prevent water from entering building and existing roofing system.
- I. Coordinate rooftop utilities remaining active during roofing work with Contacting Officer's Representative.

# 3.3 RE-ROOFING PREPARATION - GENERAL

- A. Notify Contacting Officer's Representative of planned operations, daily.
  - 1. Identify location and extent of roofing removal.
  - 2. Request authorization to proceed.

### 3.4 OVERBURDEN REMOVAL

- A. Remove aggregate ballast.
  - 1. Store aggregate ballast for reuse.
- B. Remove loose aggregate from bituminous membrane surface.
- C. Remove pavers and paver support.
  - 1. Store undamaged pavers and paver supports for reuse.
  - 2. Dispose of damaged pavers.

# 3.5 COMPLETE ROOFING SYSTEM REMOVAL

- A. Remove existing roofing system completely, exposing structural roof deck.
  - 1. Remove cover board, roof insulation, vapor retarder, and substrate board.
  - 2. Remove or cut-off roofing system fasteners.

### 3.6 PARTIAL ROOFING SYSTEM REMOVAL

- A. Remove existing roofing completely, exposing structural roof deck at locations and to extent indicated on drawings.
  - Remove cover board, roof insulation, vapor retarder, and substrate board.

2. Remove or cut-off roofing system fasteners.

# 3.7 ROOFING MEMBRANE AND SELECTIVE ROOFING SYSTEM COMPONENT REMOVAL

- A. Remove existing roofing membrane, only, in locations and to extent indicated on drawings.
- B. Visually inspect cover board, roof insulation for moisture immediately after roof membrane removal.
  - Coordinate with Contracting Officer's Representative to observe inspections.
  - 2. Identify wet roofing system components required to be removed.
  - 3. Mark roofing system removal locations and extents.
- C. Remove wet roofing system components.
  - Remove or cut-off roofing system fasteners when removals expose structural roof deck.
- D. Patch selective roofing system removals immediately after inspection and repair.
- E. Install patching materials to match existing roofing system.
- F. Patch roofing membrane to maintain building watertight, unless new roofing membrane is installed same day as removal and repair.

### 3.8 DECK PREPARATION

- A. Inspect structural roof deck after roofing system removal.
- B. Concrete Roof Decks:
  - 1. Visually confirm concrete roof deck is dry.
  - Perform moisture test according to ASTM D4263-83(2018) each day for each separate roof area.
    - a. Proceed with roofing work only when moisture is not observed.
  - Secure roof deck with additional fastenings as indicated on drawings determined by Contracting Officer's Representative.
  - Replace roof deck as indicated on drawings determined by Contracting Officer's Representative.

### 3.9 TEMPORARY ROOFING

- A. Install temporary roofing to maintain building watertight.
- B. Remove temporary roofing before installing new roofing.
- C. Prepare temporary roofing to receive new roofing.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## 3.10 BASE FLASHING REMOVAL

- A. Expose base flashings to permit removal.
  - 1. Two-Piece Counterflashings: Remove cap flashing and store for reuse.
  - 2. Single Piece Counterflashings: Carefully bend counterflashing.
  - 3. Metal Copings: Remove decorative cap and store for reuse.
- B. Remove existing base flashings.
  - 1. Clean substrates to receive new flashings.
- C. Replace counterflashings damaged during removal.
  - 1. Counterflashings: See Section 07 60 00 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL.
- D. Remove existing parapet sheathing and inspect parapet framing.
  - 1. Notify Contracting Officer's Representative of damaged framing.
- E. Install pressure-preservative treated plywood sheathing, 15 mm (19/32 inch) thick.

# 3.11 RECOVER BOARD INSTALLATION

- A. Install recover boards over existing with butted joints. Stagger end joints in adjacent rows.
- B. Fasten recover boards to resist wind-uplift.
  - 1. Fastening Requirements: See Section 07 53 23, ETHYLENE-PROPYLENE-DIENE-MONOMER (EPDM) ROOFING.
  - Uplift Resistance: Base on pull out resistance determined by specified field testing.

## 3.12 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Field Tests: Performed by testing laboratory specified in Section 01 45 29, TESTING LABORATORY SERVICES.
  - 1. Fastener Pull Out Tests: ANSI/SPRI FX-1(2016).
- B. Existing Roofing System Warrantor Services:
  - Inspect reroofing preparation and roofing installation to verify compliance with existing warranty conditions.
  - 2. Submit reports of field inspections, and supplemental instructions issued during inspections.

# 3.13 DISPOSAL

- A. Collect waste materials in containers.
- B. Remove waste materials from project site, regularly, to prevent accumulation.
- C. Legally dispose of waste materials.

- - E N D - -

07 01 50.19 - 7 PREPARATION FOR RE-ROOFING

# SECTION 07 11 13 BITUMINOUS DAMPPROOFING

# PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Bituminous dampproofing on concrete surfaces.

## 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 03 30 53, (SHORT FORM) CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE: Concrete Foundation Walls.
- B. Section 04 20 00, UNIT MASONRY.

#### 1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM):

C578-19.....Rigid, Cellular Polystyrene Thermal insulation. D226/D226M-17....Asphalt-Saturated Organic Felt Used in Roofing and Waterproofing.

D449/D449M-03(2014)el...Asphalt Used in Dampproofing and Waterproofing. D1227-13(2019)el.....Emulsified Asphalt Used as a Protective Coating for Roofing.

D6380/D6380M-03(2018)...Asphalt Roll Roofing (Organic Felt). D6506/D6506M-01(2018)el.Asphalt Based Protection Board for Below-Grade Waterproofing.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
  - 2. Application instructions.

### 1.5 DELIVERY

- A. Deliver products in manufacturer's original sealed packaging.
- B. Mark packaging, legibly. Indicate manufacturer's name or brand, type, color, production run number, and manufacture date.
- C. Before installation, return or dispose of products within distorted, damaged, or opened packaging.

## 1.6 STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Store products indoors in dry, weathertight facility.

B. Protect products from damage during handling and construction operations.

### 1.7 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

A. Control moisture migration through concrete or masonry exterior walls where no hydrostatic head occurs or is anticipated.

## 2.2 PRODUCTS - GENERAL

- A. Provide each product from one manufacturer and from one production run.
- B. Hot Applied Bituminous Dampproofing:
  - 1. Asphalt: ASTM D449/D449M, Type I.
- C. Cold Applied Bituminous Dampproofing:
  - 1. Asphalt: ASTM D1227, Type III (spray grade).

## 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Asphalt Saturated Felt: ASTM D226/D226M, Type I, 7 kg (15 pound).
- B. Protection Course: ASTM D6506, 3 mm (1/8 inch) thick, semirigid sheets of fiberglass or mineral-reinforced-asphaltic core, pressure laminated between two asphalt-saturated fibrous liners. Smooth-surfaced roll roofing complying with ASTM D6380/D6380M, Class S, Type III. Extruded-polystyrene board insulation, unfaced, ASTM C 578, Type X, 13 mm (1/2 inch) thick.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for product installation.
- B. Protect existing construction and completed work from damage.
- C. Clean substrates. Remove contaminants capable of affecting subsequently installed product's performance.
- D. Remove free water; surfaces may remain damp.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

- A. Install products according to manufacturer's instructions and approved submittal drawings.
  - When manufacturer's instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer's Representative consideration.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

### 3.3 DAMPPROOFING INSTALLATION

- A. Applications:
  - 1. Apply to surfaces where indicated on drawings.
- B. Apply dampproofing at 1 liter/square meter (2-1/2 gallon per

100 square feet), minimum, each coat.

1. Allow 24 hours drying time between coats.

C. Adhere protection course to conceal dampproofing before backfilling.

# 3.4 PROTECTION

- A. Protect dampproofing and protection course from construction operations.
- B. Repair damage.

# - - E N D - -

# SECTION 07 13 26 SELF-ADHERING SHEET WATERPROOFING

# PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 DESCRIPTION

A. This section specifies self-adhering sheet waterproofing materials for use in areas of ambient temperatures of 40 degrees Fahrenheit and above, suitable for both vertical and horizontal applications and necessary primer.

#### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Sheet waterproofing and primer.
  - 2. Printed installation instructions.
- C. Certificates:
  - 1. Sheet waterproofing manufacturer's approval primer used.
- D. Samples:
  - 1. Sheet waterproofing, 150 mm (6 inches) square.
- E. Warranty: submit warranty identifying the terms and conditions stated in Section 1.5.

### 1.3 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING:

- A. Deliver materials to job in manufacturer's original unopened containers with brand name marked thereon, and label(s) with name of material, manufacturer's stock number and date of manufacturer and material safety data sheet.
- B. Unload and store to prevent injury to materials.
  - Store materials in well ventilated area, protect from damage from the weather, excessive temperatures (lower than 10 degrees C (50 degrees F) or prolonged temperature is above 32 degrees C (90 degrees F)).

### 1.4 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- Do not apply membrane when surface temperature is below or inclement weather conditions conflict with manufacturer's published requirements.
- 2. Coordinate waterproofing work with other trades.

- Warn personnel against breathing of vapors and contact of material with skin or eyes. Wear applicable protective clothing and respiratory protection gear.
- Keep flammable products away from spark or flame. Do not allow the use of spark producing equipment during application and until all vapors have dissipated.
- 5. Maintain work area in a neat and orderly condition, removing empty containers, rags, and rubbish daily from the site.

### 1.5 WARRANTY

A. Sheet waterproofing is subject to the terms of Article titled "Warranty of Construction", FAR clause 52.246-21, except that warranty period is extended to five years.

# 1.6 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS:

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced by basic designation only.
- B. Federal Specification (Fed. Spec.): ASTM D 3767.....Standard Practice for Rubber - Measurement of Dimensions ASTM D 412 .....Standard Test Method for Rubber Properties in Tension ASTM D 882 .....Standard Test Method for Tensile Properties of Thin Plastic Sheeting ASTM E 96 .....Standard Test Methods for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials ASTM C 836.....Standard Specification for High Solids, Cold Liquid-Applied Elastomeric Waterproofing Membrane for Use with Separate Wearing Course ASTM D 903 .....Standard Test Method for Peel or Stripping Strength of Adhesive Bonds ASTM D 1876 .....Standard Test Methods for Peel Release of Adhesives (T-Peel) ASTM D 570 .....Standard Test Method for Water Absorption of Plastics ASTM D 5385 .....Standard Test Method for Hydrostatic Pressure Resistance of Waterproofing Membranes

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SELF-ADHESIVE SHEET MEMBRANE WATERPROOFING:

- A. 56 mil rubberized-asphalt membrane laminated to 4 mil cross-laminated polyethylene film, and shall meet or exceed the following requirements:
  - 1. Thickness: 60 mils, ASTM D3767
  - 2. Tensile Strength (Membrane): 325 psi, ASTM D412
  - 3. Tensile Strength (Film): 5000 psi, ASTM D882
  - 4. Elongation: 350% minimum, ASTM D412
  - 5. Permeance: 0.05 Perm maximum, ASTM E96
  - 6. Crack Cycling at -25 degree F (100 cycles): Unaffected, ASTM C836
  - 7. Peel Strength: 10.0 lb/in, ASTM D903
  - 8. Puncture Resistance: 60 lb (min), ASTM E154
  - 9. Water Absorption: 0.1% by weight, ASTM D570
  - 10. Hydrostatic Head: 230 feet, ASTM D5385
- B. Product/Manufacturer Basis of Design:
  - CCW MiraDRI 860/861 sheet membrane, by Carlisle Coatings & Waterproofing Inc, 900 Hensley Lane, Wylie, TX 75098, Phone: 800-527-7092; or approved equal.

#### 2.2 SURFACE PRIMER:

- A. As recommended by the manufacturer of the sheet waterproofing for prevention of vapor transmission.
- B. Compatible with adjacent materials where contact occurs.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION:

- A. Before installing waterproofing, adjoining surfaces shall be clean, smooth, firm and dry.
- B. Concrete surfaces shall be cured a minimum of seven days and be free from release agents, concrete curing agents, and other contaminates.
- C. Remove all high spots and loose and foreign particles and fill all voids, depressions joints and cracks with concrete patching compound.
- D. Ensure vertical surfaces have a continuous supportive back substrate for waterproofing.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION:

- A. Refer to manufacturer's literature for recommendations on installation, including but not limited to, the following
  - Apply primer/contact adhesive at rate recommended by manufacturer. Recoat areas which were not waterproofed the same day or if

07 13 26 - 3 SELF-ADHERING SHEET WATERPROOFING

contaminated by dust. Mask and protect adjoining exposed finish surfaces to protect those surfaces from excessive application of primer.

- Do not install membrane until primer/contact adhesive is completely dry. Dry time will vary with weather conditions.
- 3. Seal installation at the end of the day.
- 4. Apply protective covering (gypsum board) in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

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VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

# SECTION 07 14 16 COLD FLUID-APPLIED WATERPROOFING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

A. This section specifies cold fluid-applied elastomeric waterproofing and crack prevention membrane at interior masonry wall partitions at telecom rooms adjacent to wet locations.

### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 04 20 00, UNIT MASONRY.
- B. Section 07 13 26, SELF-ADHERING SHEET WATERPROOFING.
- C. Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.

# 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer's Qualifications: Waterproofing manufacturer to have a minimum of five (5) years' experience in manufacturing latex mastic deck covering products specified herein. Obtain products from single manufacturer or from sources recommended by manufacturer for use with waterproofing and incorporated in manufacturer's warranty. Submit manufacturer's qualifications.
- B. Installers Qualifications: Work is to be performed by installer having three (3) years' experience for work relating to this section and approved in writing by waterproofing manufacturer. Submit installer qualifications.

### **1.4 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM):

D412-16.....Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers-Tension

D570-98(2018).....Water Absorption of Plastics D903-98(2017)....Peel or Stripping Strength of Adhesive Bonds D2240-15e1....Rubber Property-Durometer Hardness D7088....Resistance to Hydrostatic Pressure D6904....Resistance to Wind-Driven Rain

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Waterproofing.
  - 2. Installation instructions.
  - 3. Primer, as recommended by manufacturer.
- C. Certificates:
  - 1. Compliance of material with specification requirements.
  - 2. Manufacturer's qualifications as specified.
  - 3. Installer's qualifications as specified.
- D. Manufacturer warranty.

## 1.6 DELIVERY

A. Deliver materials to job site in original sealed containers identified with manufacturer's name and brand.

## 1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Construction Warranty: Comply with FAR clause 52.246-21 "Warranty of Construction".
- B. Manufacturer Warranty: Manufacturer shall warranty their waterproofing for a minimum of five (5) years starting from the date of installation and final acceptance by the Government. Submit manufacturer warranty.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 WATERPROOFING

A. Product to be a cold fluid-applied elastomeric material with latex base and facility approved VOC designed primarily for waterproofing masonry.1. Basis of Design - Drylok Extreme Concrete & Masonry Waterproofer

#### 2.2 PRIMER

A. As recommended by the waterproofing manufacturer.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Apply waterproofing as per the manufacturer's written instructions.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Prepare surface by removing dirt or other foreign matter including any concrete curing agents.
- B. Patch all holes, or cracks, and the floor/wall joint with a fast setting hydraulic cement, and smooth the patch evenly with the surface

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

around it. Check the joint where the floor and wall meet and fill any breaks with recommended plug product.

- C. Apply primer by roller.
- D. Use only with adequate ventilation. Apply basecoat and pigmented topcoat as per manufacturer's instructions.
- E. Provide finish of two coats for a total minimum thickness not less than 21-13 wet mils/2 coats (533-330 microns) or as recommended by manufacturer.

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## SECTION 07 21 13 THERMAL INSULATION

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Thermal insulation.
    - a. Board or block insulation at foundation perimeter.
    - b. Batt or blanket insulation at exterior framed walls.
    - c. Board or block insulation at floor assemblies above unconditioned spaces.
    - d. Board or block insulation at masonry cavity walls.
    - e. Loose fill insulation at exterior hollow masonry walls.
  - 2. Acoustical insulation.
    - a. Semi-rigid insulation at interior framed partitions.
    - b. Batt and blanket insulation at interior framed partitions .
    - c. Board insulation at interior concrete and masonry partitions.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS: Adhesives VOC Limits.
- B. Section 07 84 00, FIRESTOPPING: Safing Insulation.

# 1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM):

C516-19	.Vermiculite Loose Fill Thermal Insulation.
C549-18	.Perlite Loose Fill Insulation.
C552-17e1	.Cellular Glass Thermal Insulation.
C553-13(2019)	.Mineral Fiber Blanket Thermal Insulation for
	Commercial and Industrial Applications.
C578-19	.Rigid, Cellular Polystyrene Thermal Insulation.
C591-20	.Unfaced Preformed Rigid Cellular
	Polyisocyanurate Thermal Insulation.
C612-14(2019)	.Mineral Fiber Block and Board Thermal
	Insulation.
C665-17	.Mineral-Fiber Blanket Thermal Insulation for
	Light Frame Construction and Manufactured
	Housing.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

C728-17a.....Perlite Thermal Insulation Board. C954-18....Steel Drill Screws for the Application of Gypsum Panel Products or Metal Plaster Base to Steel Studs From 0.033 (0.84 mm) inch to 0.112 inch (2.84 mm) in thickness. C1002-18....Steel Self-Piercing Tapping Screws for Application of Gypsum Panel Products or Metal Plaster Bases to Wood Studs or Steel Studs.

D312/D312M-16a.....Asphalt Used in Roofing.

E84-20.....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials.

F1667-18a.....Driven Fasteners: Nails, Spikes, and Staples.

# 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Submittal Drawings:
  - 1. Show insulation type, thickness, and R-value for each location.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
  - Adhesive indicating manufacturer recommendation for each application.
- D. Sustainable Construction Submittals:
  - Recycled Content: Identify post-consumer and pre-consumer recycled content percentage by weight.
  - 2. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials: Show volatile organic compound types and quantities.

## 1.5 DELIVERY

- A. Deliver products in manufacturer's original sealed packaging.
- B. Mark packaging, legibly. Indicate manufacturer's name or brand, type, production run number, and manufacture date.
- C. Before installation, return or dispose of products within distorted, damaged, or opened packaging.

# 1.6 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Store products indoors in dry, weathertight facility.
- B. Protect products from damage during handling and construction operations.
- C. Protect foam plastic insulation from UV exposure.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

### 1.7 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 INSULATION - GENERAL

- A. Insulation Thickness:
  - 1. Provide thickness required by R-value shown on schedule.
- B. Insulation Types:
  - 1. Provide one insulation type for each application.
  - 2. No formaldehyde products.
  - 3. No fiberglass.
- C. Sustainable Construction Requirements:
  - 1. Insulation Recycled Content:
    - a. Polyisocyanurate/polyurethane rigid foam: 9 percent recovered material.
    - b. Polyisocyanurate/polyurethane foam-in-place: 5 percent recovered material.
    - c. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials: Comply with VOC limits specified in Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS for the following products:
    - d. Non-Flooring Adhesives and Sealants.

### 2.2 THERMAL INSULATION

- A. Perimeter Insulation In Contact with Soil:
  - 1. Polystyrene Board: ASTM C578, Type IV, V, VI, VII, or IX.
  - 2. Cellular Glass Block: ASTM C552, Type I or IV.
- B. Exterior Framing or Furring Insulation:
  - 1. Mineral Fiber: ASTM C665, Type II, Class C, Category I where concealed by thermal barrier.
  - 2. Mineral Fiber: ASTM C665, Type III, Class A at other locations.

# 2.3 ACOUSTICAL INSULATION

- A. Semi Rigid, Batts and Blankets:
  - 1. Widths and lengths to fit tight against framing.
  - 2. Mineral Fiber boards: ASTM C553, Type II, flexible, or Type III, semi rigid unfaced.
    - a. Density: nominal 4.5 pound.
  - 3. Mineral Fiber Batt or Blankets: ASTM C665 unfaced.
  - 4. Maximum Surface Burning Characteristics: ASTM E84.

07 21 13 - 3 THERMAL INSULATION

- a. Flame Spread Rating: 25.
- b. Smoke Developed Rating: 450.
- B. Sound Deadening Board:
  - 1. Mineral Fiber Board: ASTM C612, Type IB.
    - a. Thickness: 13 mm (1/2 inch).

# 2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Fasteners:
  - 1. Staples or Nails: ASTM F1667, zinc-coated, size and type to suit application.
  - 2. Screws: ASTM C954 or ASTM C1002, size and length to suit application with washer minimum 50 mm (2 inches) diameter.
  - Impaling Pins: Steel pins with head minimum 50 mm (2 inches) diameter.
    - Length: As required to extend beyond insulation and retain cap washer when washer is placed on pin.
    - b. Adhesive: Type recommended by manufacturer to suit application.
- B. Insulation Adhesive: Nonflammable type recommended by insulation manufacturer to suit application.
- C. Tape: Pressure sensitive adhesive on one face.

# 2.5 BUILDING ENVELOPE INSULTATION SCHEDULE

Insulation Schedule - Building Envelope				
Element	Assembly	Basis-of- Design	Table 5.5-5 Requirement	
	Value		Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. R-Value
Roof				
Low- sloped	Board insulation entirely above deck	R-30 c.i.	U-0.032	R-30 c.i.
Sloped Roof	Batt insulation entirely above deck	R-30 c.i.	U-0.032	R-30 c.i.
Wall, Above Grade				
Masonry	Ext. Wall - Mass	U-0.090	U-0.090	R-11.4 c.i.
Metal Frame	Ext. Wall - Steel-framed - EIFS	R-13 + R- 10 c.i.	U-0.055	R-13 + R- 10 c.i.
Wall, Below Grade				

Insulation Schedule - Building Envelope					
Element	Assembly	Basis-of- Design	Table 5.5-5 Requirement		
		Value	Assembly Maximum	Insulation Min. R-Value	
Basement Level	Ext. Wall - Below Grade - Concrete	R-7.5 c.i.	C-0.119	R-7.5 c.i.	

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for product installation.
- B. Protect existing construction and completed work from damage.
- C. Clean substrates. Remove contaminants capable of affecting subsequently installed product's performance.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

- A. Install products according to manufacturer's instructions and approved submittal drawings.
  - When manufacturer's instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer's Representative consideration.
- B. Install insulation with vapor barrier facing the heated side, unless indicated otherwise.
- C. Install board insulation with joints close and flush, in regular courses, and with end joints staggered.
- D. Install batt and blanket insulation with joints tight. Fill framing voids completely. Seal penetrations, terminations, facing joints, facing cuts, tears, and unlapped joints with tape.
- E. Fit insulation tight against adjoining construction and penetrations, unless indicated otherwise.

# 3.3 THERMAL INSULATION

- A. Perimeter Insulation In Contact with Soil:
  - 1. Vertical insulation:
    - a. Fill joints of insulation with same material used for bonding.
    - b. Bond polystyrene board to surfaces with adhesive.
    - c. Bond cellular glass insulation to surfaces with hot asphalt or adhesive cement.
  - 2. Horizontal insulation under concrete floor slab:

07 21 13 - 5 THERMAL INSULATION

- a. Lay insulation boards and blocks horizontally on level, compacted and drained fill.
- b. Extend insulation from foundation walls towards center of building minimum 600 mm (24 inches).
- B. Exterior Framing or Furring Insulation:
  - 1. General:
    - a. Open voids are not acceptable.
    - b. Pack insulation around door frames and windows, in building expansion joints, door soffits, and other voids.
    - c. Pack behind outlets, around pipes, ducts, and services encased in walls.
    - d. Hold insulation in place with pressure sensitive tape.
    - e. Lap facing flanges together over framing for continuous surface.
       Seal penetrations through insulation and facings.
  - Metal Studs: Fasten insulation between metal studs, framing, and furring with pressure sensitive tape continuous along flanged edges.
  - 3. Wood Studs:
    - a. Fasten insulation between wood studs or framing with nails or staples through flanged edges on face of stud.
    - b. Space fastenings maximum 150 mm (six inches) apart.
  - Roof Rafters and Floor Joists: Friction fit insulation between framing to provide minimum 50 mm (2 inch) air space between insulation and roof sheathing and subfloor.
  - 5. Ceilings and Soffits:
    - a. Wood Framing:
      - Fasten blanket insulation between wood framing and joists with nails or staples through flanged edges of insulation.
      - 2) Space fastenings maximum 150 mm (6 inches) on center.
    - b. Metal Framing:
      - Fasten insulation between metal framing with pressure sensitive tape continuous along flanged edges.
      - At metal framing and ceilings suspension systems, install insulation above suspended ceilings and metal framing at right angles to main runners and framing.
      - Tape insulation tightly together without gaps. Cover metal framing members with insulation.
    - c. Ceiling Transitions:

- 1) In areas where suspended ceilings transition to structural ceiling, install blanket or batt insulation.
- Extend insulation from suspended ceiling to underside of structure above.
- 3) Secure blanket and batt with continuous cleats to structure above.
- C. Inside Face of Exterior Wall Insulation:
  - Location: On interior face of solid masonry and concrete walls, beams, beam soffits, underside of floors, and to face of studs to support interior wall finish where indicated.
  - Bond insulation to solid vertical surfaces with adhesive. Fill joints with adhesive cement.
  - Fasten board insulation to face of studs with screws, nails or staples. Space fastenings maximum 300 mm (12 inches) on center. Stagger fasteners at board joints. Install fasteners at each corner.
- D. Floor Assemblies Above Unconditioned Spaces:
  - Use impaling pins for attach insulation to underside of horizontal surfaces. Space fastenings as required to hold insulation in place and prevent sagging.
    - a. Bond insulation with adhesive when separate vapor retarder is used.
- E. Masonry Cavity Wall Insulation:
  - Install insulation on exterior faces of concrete and masonry inner wythes of cavity walls.
  - 2. Bond polystyrene board to surfaces with adhesive.
  - 3. Bond polyurethane or polyisocyanurate board, and perlite board to surfaces with adhesive.
  - Bond cellular glass insulation to surfaces with hot asphalt or adhesive cement.
  - 5. Fill insulation joints with same material used for bonding.
- F. Masonry Fill Insulation:
  - Pour fill insulation in masonry unit hollow cores from tops of walls, or from sill where windows or other openings occur.
  - 2. Pour in lifts of maximum 6 m (20 feet).

# 3.4 ACOUSTICAL INSULATION

- A. General:
  - 1. Install insulation without voids.

- Pack insulation around door frames and windows, in building expansion joints, door soffits, and other voids.
- Pack behind outlets, around pipes, ducts, and services encased in walls.
- 4. Hold insulation in place with pressure sensitive tape.
- 5. Lap facer flanges together over framing for continuous surface. Seal all penetrations through the insulation and facers.
- 6. Do not compress insulation below required thickness except where embedded items prevent required thickness.
- B. Semi Rigid, Batts and Blankets:
  - When insulation is not full thickness of cavity, adhere insulation to one side of cavity, maintaining continuity of insulation and covering penetrations or embedments.
    - a. Metal Framing:
      - 1) Fasten insulation between metal framing with pressure sensitive tape continuous along flanged edges.
      - At metal framing or ceilings suspension systems, install blanket insulation above suspended ceilings or metal framing at right angles to the main runners or framing.
      - Tape insulation tightly together so no gaps occur and metal framing members are covered by insulation.

# 3.5 CLEANING

A. Remove excess adhesive before adhesive sets.

# 3.6 PROTECTION

- A. Protect insulation from construction operations.
- B. Repair damage.

- - E N D - -

# SECTION 07 22 00 ROOF AND DECK INSULATION

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
- B. Roof and deck insulation, vapor retarder, on new metal deck or existing concrete substrates ready to receive roofing or waterproofing membrane.
- C. Repairs and alteration work to existing roof insulation.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS: Non-Flooring Adhesives and Sealants VOC Limits.
- B. Section 06 10 00, ROUGH CARPENTRY: Wood Cants, Blocking, and Edge Strips.

# 1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. American Society of Civil Engineers ASCE 7-16.....Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures
- C. American Society of Heating, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning (ASHRAE):

Standard 90.1-13.....Energy Standard for Buildings Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings.

D. ASTM International (ASTM):

C208-12(2017)e2......Cellulosic Fiber Insulating Board. C552-17e1....Cellular Glass Thermal Insulation. C726-17.....Mineral Fiber Roof Insulation Board. C728-17a....Perlite Thermal Insulation Board. C1177/C1177M-17....Glass Mat Gypsum Substrate for Use as Sheathing. C1278/C1278M-17....Fiber-Reinforced Gypsum Panel. C1289-19....Faced Rigid Cellular Polyisocyanurate Thermal Insulation Board. C1396/C1396M-17....Gypsum Board. D41/D41M-11 (2016)....Asphalt Primer Used in Roofing, Dampproofing, and Waterproofing. D312/D312M-16a.....Asphalt Used in Roofing. VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 D1970/D1970M-20.....Self-Adhering Polymer Modified Bituminous Sheet Materials Used as Steep Roofing Underlayment for Ice Dam Protection. D2178/D2178M-15a.....Asphalt Glass Felt Used in Roofing and Waterproofing. D2822/D2822M-05(2011)e1.Asphalt Roof Cement, Asbestos Containing. D4586/D4586M-07(2018)...Asphalt Roof Cement, Asbestos-Free. E84-20.....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials. F1667-18a.....Driven Fasteners: Nails, Spikes, and Staples. E. National Roofing Contractors Association (NRCA): Manual-15..... The NRCA Roofing Manual: Membrane Roof Systems-2019. F. UL LLC (UL): Listed Online Certifications Directory. G. U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA): USDA BioPreferred Program Catalog. H. U.S. Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST): DOC PS 1-19.....Structural Plywood. DOC PS 2-18.....Performance Standard for Wood-Based Structural-Use Panels. 1.4 SUBMITTALS A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES. B. Submittal Drawings: 1. Show size, configuration, and installation details. a. Nailers, cants, and terminations. b. Layout of insulation showing slopes, tapers, penetrations, and edge conditions.

- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
- D. Samples:
  - 1. Roof insulation, each type.
  - 2. Fasteners, each type.
- E. Sustainable Construction Submittals:

- 1. Recycled Content: Identify post-consumer and pre-consumer recycled content percentage by weight.
- 2. Biobased Content:
  - a. Show type and quantity for each product.
- 3. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials:
  - a. Show volatile organic compound types and quantities.
  - b. Certify each fiber product contains no formaldehyde.
- F. Qualifications: Substantiate qualifications meet specifications.
  - 1. Installer.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Same installer as Division 07 roofing section installer.

# 1.6 DELIVERY

- A. Comply with recommendations of NRCA Manual.
- B. Deliver products in manufacturer's original sealed packaging.
- C. Mark packaging, legibly. Indicate manufacturer's name or brand, type, and manufacture date.
- D. Before installation, return or dispose of products within distorted, damaged, or opened packaging.

#### 1.7 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Comply with recommendations of NRCA Manual.
- B. Store products indoors in dry, weathertight facility.
- C. Protect products from damage during handling and construction operations.

### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Environment: Install products when existing and forecasted weather permit installation according to manufacturer's instructions.

# 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."
- B. Manufacturer's Warranty: Warrant substrate board, vapor retarder, insulation, and cover board against material and manufacturing defects as part of Division 07 roofing system warranty.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

A. Insulation Thermal Performance: See Thermal Insulation Specification

07 22 00 - 3 ROOF AND DECK INSULATION

- 1. Overall Average R Value: R-30 c.i (RSI-5.2830 c.i.), minimum.
- 2. Any Location R Value: R-15 (RSI-2.6416), minimum.
- B. Fire and Wind Uplift Resistance: Provide roof insulation complying with requirements specified in Division 07 roofing section.
- C. Insulation on Metal Decking: UL labeled indicating compliance with one of the following:
  - 1. UL Listed.
  - 2. Insulation Surface Burning Characteristics: When tested according to ASTM E84.
    - a. Flame Spread Rating: 75 maximum.
    - b. Smoke Developed Rating: 150 maximum.

# 2.2 PRODUCTS - GENERAL

- A. Provide each product from one manufacturer.
- B. Sustainable Construction Requirements:
  - 1. Insulation Recycled Content:
    - a. Mineral Fiber: 75 percent total recycled content, minimum.
    - b. Rigid Foam: 9 percent total recycled content, minimum.
  - 2. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials: Comply with VOC limits specified in Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS for the following products:
    - a. Non-flooring adhesives and sealants.

# 2.3 ADHESIVES

- A. Primer: ASTM D41/D41M.
- B. Asphalt: ASTM D312, Type III or IV for vapor retarders and insulation.
- C. Modified Asphaltic Insulation Adhesive: Insulation manufacturer's recommended modified asphaltic, asbestos-free, cold-applied adhesive formulated to adhere roof insulation to substrate or to another insulation layer.
- D. Bead-Applied Urethane Insulation Adhesive: Insulation manufacturer's recommended bead-applied, low-rise, one- or multicomponent urethane adhesive formulated to adhere roof insulation to substrate or to another insulation layer.
- E. Full-Spread Applied Urethane Insulation Adhesive: Insulation manufacturer's recommended spray-applied, low-rise, two-component urethane adhesive formulated to adhere roof insulation to substrate or to another insulation layer.

F. Roof Cement: Asbestos free, ASTM D2822/D2822M, Type I or Type II; or, ASTM D4586/D4586M, Type I or Type II.

# 2.4 ROOF AND DECK INSULATION

- A. Roof and Deck Insulation, General: Preformed roof insulation boards approved by roofing manufacturer.
- B. Polyisocyanurate Board Insulation: ASTM C1289, Type II, Class 1, Grade
  2, faced with glass fiber reinforced cellulosic felt facers on both
  major surfaces of the core foam.
- C. Tapered Roof Insulation System:
  - Fabricate of mineral fiberboard, polyisocyanurate, perlite board, or cellular glass. Use only one insulation material for tapered sections. Use only factory-tapered insulation.
  - Cut to provide high and low points with crickets and slopes as shown.
  - 3. Minimum thickness of tapered sections; 38 mm (1-1/2 inch).
  - 4. Minimum slope 1/48 (1/4 inch per 12 inches).
- D. Composite Nail Base Insulated Roof Sheathing:
  - Oriented-Strand-Board-Surfaced, Polyisocyanurate-Foam Sheathing: Polyisocyanurate thermal insulation ASTM C1289, Type V, insulation thickness as shown, with oriented strand board laminated to top surface.
  - Oriented Strand Board: NIST DOC PS 1, Exposure 1, 16 mm (5/8 inch) thick.
  - 3. Bottom surface faced with felt facers.

# 2.5 INSULATION ACCESSORIES

- A. Glass (Felt): ASTM D2178/D2178M, Type VI, heavy duty ply sheet.
- B. Cants and Tapered Edge Strips:
  - 1. Wood Cant Strips: Refer to Section 06 10 00, ROUGH CARPENTRY.
  - 2. Insulation Cant Strips: ASTM C208, Type II, Grade 1, cellulosic-fiber insulation board.
  - 3. Tapered Edge Strips: 1/12 (1 inch per 12 inches), from 0 mm
    - (0 inches), 300 mm to 450 mm (12 inches to 18 inches) wide.
    - a. Cellulosic Fiberboard: ASTM C208.
    - b. Mineral Fiberboard: ASTM C726.
    - c. Perlite Board: ASTM C728.
- C. Vapor Retarder:
  - 1. Glass-Fiber Felts: ASTM D2178/D2178M, Type IV, asphalt impregnated.

07 22 00 - 5 ROOF AND DECK INSULATION

- 2. Self-Adhering Sheet Vapor Retarder: ASTM D1970/D1970M, minimum 1.0 mm (40 mils) thick membrane of HDPE film fully coated with asphalt adhesive, or 0.76 to 1.0 mm (30 to 40 mils) thick membrane of butyl rubber based adhesive backed by a layer of high density cross-laminated polyethylene; maximum permeance rating of 6 ng/Pa/s/sq. m (0.1 perms).
- D. Substrate Board:
  - 1. Gypsum Board: ASTM C1396/C1396M, 16 mm (5/8 inch) thick, Type X.

#### 2.6 ACCESSORIES

- A. Fasteners: Corrosion-resistant carbon steel fasteners and galvalume-coated steel or plastic round plates for fastening substrate board and insulation to roof deck.
- B. Nails: ASTM F1667; type to suit application.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Comply with requirements of Division 07 roofing section.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for product installation.
- B. Protect existing construction and completed work from damage.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

- A. Install products according to manufacturer's instructions.
  - When manufacturer's instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer's Representative consideration.
- B. Comply with requirements of UL for insulated steel roof deck.
- C. Attach substrate board and other products to meet requirements of Division 07 roofing section.

#### 3.4 SUBSTRATE BOARD INSTALLATION

- A. Fasten substrate board to top flanges of steel decking to resist uplift pressures according requirements for specified roofing system.
  - Locate the long dimension edge joints solidly bearing on top of decking ribs.

# 3.5 VAPOR RETARDER INSTALLATION

- A. Vapor Retarder Installation, General:
  - 1. Install continuous vapor retarder on roof decks where indicated.
  - At vertical surfaces, turn up vapor retarder to top of insulation or base flashing.

07 22 00 - 6 ROOF AND DECK INSULATION

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 3. Seal penetrations through vapor retarder with roof cement to prevent moisture entry from below.
- B. Cast in Place Concrete Decks, Except Insulating Concrete:
  - 1. Prime deck as specified.
  - 2. Apply two plies of asphalt saturated felt mopped down to deck.

### 3.6 INSULATION INSTALLATION

- A. Insulation Installation, General:
  - Base Sheet: Where required by roofing system, install one lapped base sheet specified in Division 07 roofing section by mechanically fastening to roofing substrate before installation of insulation.
  - 2. Cant Strips: Install preformed insulation cant strips or wood cant strips at junctures of roofing system with vertical construction.
  - 3. Use same insulation as existing for roof repair and alterations unless specified otherwise.
- B. Insulation Thickness:
  - 1. Thickness of roof insulation shown on drawings is nominal. Provide thickness required to comply with specified thermal performance.
  - Insulation on Metal Decks: Provide insulation in minimum thickness recommended by insulation manufacturer to span deck flutes. Support edges of insulation on metal deck ribs.
  - When actual insulation thickness differs from drawings, coordinate alignment and location of roof drains, flashing, gravel stops, fascias and similar items.
  - Where tapered insulation is used, maintain insulation thickness at high points and roof edges shown on drawings.
     a. Low Point Thickness: Minimum 38 mm (1-1/2 inches).
  - Use minimum two layers of insulation when required thickness is
     68 mm (2.7 inch) or greater.
- C. Lay insulating units with close joints, in regular courses and with end joints staggered.
  - 1. Stagger joints between layers minimum 150 mm (6 inches).
- D. Lay units with long dimension perpendicular to the rolled (longitudinal) direction of the roofing felt.
- E. Seal cut edges at penetrations and at edges against blocking with bitumen or roof cement.
- F. Cut to fit tightly against blocking or penetrations.

- G. Cover all insulation installed on the same day; comply with temporary protection requirements of Division 07 roofing section.
- H. Installation Method:
  - 1. Adhered Insulation:
    - a. Prime substrate as required.
    - b. Set each layer of insulation firmly in solid mopping of hot asphalt.
    - c. Set each layer of insulation firmly in ribbons of bead-applied insulation adhesive.
    - d. Set each layer of insulation firmly in uniform application of full-spread insulation adhesive.
  - 2. Mechanically Fastened Insulation:
    - a. Fasten insulation according to requirements in Division 07 roofing section.
    - b. Fasten insulation to resist uplift pressures specified in Division 07 roofing section and ASCE-7.
  - 3. Mechanically Fastened and Adhered Insulation:
    - Fasten first layer of insulation according to "Mechanically Fastened Insulation" requirements.
    - b. Fasten each subsequent layer of insulation according to "Adhered Insulation" requirements.

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VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

# SECTION 07 24 00 EXTERIOR INSULATION AND FINISH SYSTEMS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Exterior insulation and finish systems (EIFS).

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

A. Section 09 29 00, GYPSUM SHEATHING: Gypsum Board Sheathing.

#### **1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. American National Standards Institute (ANSI): A108/A118/A136-19.....Installation of Ceramic Tile. A137.1-19.....Ceramic Tile - Version 1.
- C. ASTM International (ASTM):
  - B117-19..... Operating Salt Spray (Fog) Apparatus.
  - C67/C67M-20.....Sampling and Testing Brick and Structural Clay Tile.
  - C177-19.....Steady-State Heat Flux Measurements and Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Guarded-Hot-Plate Apparatus.

C297/C297M-16.....Flatwise Tensile Strength of Sandwich Constructions.

C578-19.....Rigid, Cellular Polystyrene Thermal Insulation. C666/C666M-15....Resistance of Concrete to Rapid Freezing and Thawing.

C920-18.....Elastomeric Joint Sealants.

D968-17.....Abrasion Resistance of Organic Coatings by Falling Abrasive.

- D2794-93(2019).....Resistance of Organic Coatings to the Effects of Rapid Deformation (Impact).
- E84-20.....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials.
- E96/E96M-16.....Water Vapor Transmission of Materials.

E119-20.....Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials.

VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 E330/E330M-14.....Structural Performance of Exterior Windows, Doors, Skylights and Curtain Walls by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference. E331-00(2016).....Water Penetration of Exterior Windows, Skylights, Doors, and Curtain Wall by Uniform Static Air Pressure Differences. E2486/E2486M-13(2018)...Impact Resistance of Class PB and PI Exterior Insulation and Finish Systems (EIFS). G90-17.....Performing Accelerated Outdoor Weathering of Nonmetallic Materials Using Concentrated

Natural Sunlight.

# **1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS**

- A. Conduct preinstallation meeting at project site minimum 30 days before beginning Work of this section.
  - 1. Required Participants:
    - a. Contracting Officer's Representative.
    - b. Architect/Engineer.
    - c. Inspection and Testing Agency.
    - d. Contractor.
    - e. Installer.
    - f. Manufacturer's field representative.
    - g. Other installers responsible for adjacent and intersecting work, including air barriers and sealants.
  - Meeting Agenda: Distribute agenda to participants minimum 3 days before meeting.
    - a. Installation schedule.
    - b. Installation sequence.
    - c. Preparatory work.
    - d. Protection before, during, and after installation.
    - e. Installation.
    - f. Terminations.
    - g. Transitions and connections to other work.
    - h. Inspecting and testing.
    - i. Other items affecting successful completion.
  - 3. Document and distribute meeting minutes to participants to record decisions affecting installation.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Submittal Drawings:
  - 1. Show size, configuration, and fabrication and installation details.
  - Show details for corner treatment, sills, soffits, dentils, quoins, lintels, openings, penetrations, flashing, and other special applications.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
  - 2. Installation instructions.
  - 3. Warranty.
- D. Samples: Two 300 mm (1 foot) square samples of EIFS finishes over cement board identical to proposed installation in thickness, color, texture, insulation and workmanship.
- E. Test reports: Certify each product and complete system complies with specifications.
- F. Qualifications: Substantiate qualifications comply with specifications.
  - Manufacturer's approved Installer with five years' project experience. Submit list of projects recently completed.

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mock-Up: Provide full size mock-up of area indicated on Drawings, demonstrating quality and aesthetics of EIFS. Construct Mock-up in location and orientation at Project Site approved by the Resident Engineer. Design and provide structural framework assembly necessary to support and display mock-up. EIFS work shall not begin until mock-up approval by the Senior Resident Engineer. Mock-up shall remain in place until work on Project is complete, unless otherwise directed by the Senior Resident Engineer. At project completion, remove and dispose of mock-up.
- B. Installer Qualifications:
  - Manufacturer's Approved Installer that regularly installs specified products. Installer to review Construction Documents with manufacturer prior to bidding/installation.
  - Installed specified products with satisfactory service on five similar installations for minimum five years.

a. Project Experience List: Provide contact names and addresses for completed projects.

# 1.7 DELIVERY

- A. Deliver products in manufacturer's original sealed packaging.
- B. Mark packaging, legibly. Indicate manufacturer's name or brand, type, production run number, and manufacture date.
- C. Before installation, return or dispose of products within distorted, damaged, or opened packaging.

#### 1.8 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Store products indoors in dry, weathertight, conditioned facility.
- B. Protect products from damage during handling and construction operations.

# 1.9 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Environment: Unless greater temperature is required by system manufacturer, install products only when ambient air temperature is minimum 7 degrees C (45 degrees F) and rising and predicted to persist for 24 hours after installation.

#### 1.10 WARRANTY

- A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."
- B. Manufacturer's Warranty: Warrant EIFS system materials against material and manufacturing defects.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PRODUCTS - GENERAL

- A. Basis of Design: Outsulation Plus MD, a Dryvit System. Provide Exterior Insulation Finish System as indicated on Drawings by either Dryvit Systems, Inc., Senergy: BASF Corporation, or Sto Corporation..
- B. Provide system components from one manufacturer .

# 2.2 DIRECT EXTERIOR FINISH SYSTEMS (DEFS) (NOT USED)

#### 2.3 EXTERIOR INSULATION AND FINISH SYSTEM (EIFS)

- A. Description: Polymer-Based (PB) system consists of Type I molded rigid polystyrene insulation adhered to sheathing and finished with glass-fiber-mesh reinforced based-coat and textured finish coat.
- B. Performance Requirements:
  - Surface Burning Characteristics: When tested according to ASTM E84.
     a. Flame Spread Rating: 25 maximum.

07 24 00 - 4 EXTERIOR INSULATION AND FINISH SYSTEMS b. Smoke Developed Rating: 450 maximum.

- Full Scale Wall Fire Test: No significant surface flaming or propagation of vertical or lateral flames when tested according to ASTM E119.
- 3. Impact Resistance (Sample to be cured. Finish, base coat and fabric over 25 mm (1 inch) insulation typical of project application), ASTM E2486/E2486M:
  - a. Medium Impact Resistance 5.65 to 10.1 J (50-89 inch-pounds).
  - b. High Impact Resistance 10.2 to 17J (90-150 inch-lbs.).
  - c. Ultra-High Impact Resistance Minimum 17.1 J (150 inch-pounds)- No broken reinforcing fabric.
- 4. Structural Performance: (Test panels 1200 mm x 1200 mm (4 feet by 4 feet) typical of project application): ASTM E330/E330M, no permanent deformation, delamination or deterioration for positive and negative pressures as required.

a. Wind Loads: Uniform pressure as indicated on Structural Drawings.

- 5. Water Penetration: ASTM E331, no water penetration minimum 720Pa (15 psf) for windows and 300 Pa (6.24 psf) for curtain wall assembly.
- 6. Abrasion Resistance: ASTM D968, 500 liters of sand with slight smoothing and no loss of film integrity.
- 7. Accelerated Weathering: ASTM G90; 2000 hours with no deterioration.
- 8. Salt Spray Resistance: ASTM B117; Withstand 300 hours with no deleterious effects.
- 9. Water Vapor: ASTM E96/E96M; Maximum 12 grains/hour/square meter (18 grains/hour/square foot.).
- 10. Absorption-Freeze-Thaw (Pre-weighed 100 mm x 200 mm (4 inch by 8 inch) specimens; 25 mm (1 inch) insulation, faced with finish coat cured and stored in air; tested with edges and back open), ASTM C67. a. 50 Cycles: 20 hours at 9 degrees C (4 degrees F); 4-hour thaw in water.
  - b. After 50 cycles; total weight gain of maximum 6.2 grams. No checking splitting, or cracking.
- C. Adhesive: Manufacturers standard product including primer compatible with sheathing.
- D. Insulation:
  - Thermal Resistance: Thermal resistance (R-value), as indicated, measured by ASTM C177.

07 24 00 - 5 EXTERIOR INSULATION AND FINISH SYSTEMS

- Insulating Material: ASTM C578, as recommended by EIFS manufacturer and treated to be compatible with EIFS components. Age insulation minimum of 6 weeks before installation.
- 3. Provide Type I Molded Expanded Polystyrene (MEPS) insulation board for Type PB systems, in sizes as required except maximum 600 mm X 1200 mm (24 X 48 inches) boards, and maximum 100 mm (4 inches) thick.
- E. Drainage Board and WRVB.
- F. Accessories:
  - Trim, control joints, weep screed, edging, anchors, expansion joints, and other items required for proper installation as recommended by EIFS manufacturer.
  - 2. Metal Items and Fasteners: Corrosion resistant.
- G. Reinforcing Fabric: Balanced, open weave, glass fiber fabric made from twisted multi-end strands specifically treated for compatibility with the other materials of system.
  - 1. Minimum weight 100 grams/square meter (4.3 ounces/square yard).
- H. Base Coat: Manufacturer's standard.
- I. Finish Coat: Manufacturer's standard. Minimum thickness 1.5 mm (1/16 inch), complying with performance requirements.
- J. Sealant: ASTM C920; Class 50 with 100 percent recovery. Type, grade and use as recommended by sealant manufacturer.
  - 1. When required, provide non-staining primer, bond breaker, and backer rods as recommended by sealant manufacturer.
  - 2. Do not use absorptive materials as backer rods.

# 2.4 UNIT FINISH (NOT USED)

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for product installation.
- B. Protect existing construction and completed work from damage.
- C. Notify Contracting Officer's Representative in writing of conditions detrimental to proper completion of work.
- D. Do not proceed with work until unsatisfactory conditions are corrected.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

A. Install products according to manufacturer's instructions and approved submittal drawings .

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

 When manufacturer's instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer's Representative consideration.

# 3.3 CONTROL JOINT INSTALLATION

- A. See drawings for location of building control joints and surface control joints.
- B. Install surface control joints as follows:
  - Exterior Insulation and Finish System. Install at 15 meters (50 feet) maximum in both directions and at building expansion joints, floor lines and where EIFS intersects other materials per manufacturer's recommendations.

### 3.4 SEALANT INSTALLATION

- A. Exterior Insulation and Finish System: Apply sealant according to EIFS manufacturer's recommendation.
- B. Do not apply sealant in locations intended for water drainage.

# 3.5 SYNTHETIC STUCCO FINISH INSTALLATION

- A. Joint Reinforcement: Pre-fill gypsum board joints and trim with synthetic stucco base coat mixed according to manufacturer's directions.
  - Immediately embed reinforcing tape into wet base coat and tightly trowel to board surface to avoid crowning joints.
  - 2. Cure for four hours minimum before applying base coat.
- B. Base Coat: Uniformly apply base coat minimum 1.6 mm (1/16 inch) thick, smooth and flat over entire surface including joints and trim. Dampen board surface as necessary under rapid drying conditions.
  - 1. Embed reinforcing fabric in basecoat while wet and cover with basecoat material so fabric pattern is not visible.
- C. Finish: Trowel apply exterior finish to base coat texturing surface as specified to uniform thickness of 1.5 mm to 5 mm (1/16 inch to 3/16 inch).
  - 1. Dampen base coat as necessary under rapid drying conditions.
  - 2. Extend finish so breaks between batches occur at surface breaks such as corners, control joints, windows, and other interruptions.

# 3.6 UNIT FINISH INSTALLATION (NOT USED)

# 3.7 EXTERIOR INSULATION AND FINISH SYSTEM INSTALLATION

A. Insulation Board Layout: Place horizontally from level base line. Stagger vertical joints and interlock at corners. Butt joints tightly.

> 07 24 00 - 7 EXTERIOR INSULATION AND FINISH SYSTEMS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Provide flush surfaces at joints. Offset insulation board joints from joints in sheathing minimum 200 mm (8 inches). Do not align joints with corners of doors, windows and other openings. Do not leave insulation board exposed longer than recommended by insulation manufacturer.

- B. Adhesive: Apply directly to entire back surface of the insulation board as recommended by the system manufacturer and immediately apply to gypsum board substrate. Apply firm pressure over entire board to ensure uniform contact and level surface. Allow adhesive to cure for 24 hours minimum before sanding.
- C. Create means of drainage between insulation board and gypsum board sheathing.
- D. Flash penetrations and terminations to discharge water to exterior.
- E. Mechanical Fasteners: Fasten with manufacturer's standard anchors, spaced as recommended by manufacturer, maximum 600 mm (24 inches) on center horizontally and vertically.
- F. Sanding: Sand entire surface of insulation before applying base coat, level high joints and remove dirt and weathering damage. Do not pre-fill low areas with basecoat.
- G. Base Coat: Trowel apply uniform thickness of base coat to insulation with minimum thickness of 1-1/2 times reinforcing fabric thickness and minimum 2.4 mm (3/32 inches) wet thickness.
- H. Install reinforcing fabric embedded in base coat. Provide diagonal reinforcement at opening corners, back wrapping, and other reinforcement recommended by EIFS manufacturer. Ensure fabric pattern is not visible beneath the surface of the basecoat after installation. Cure basecoat 24 hours minimum before applying finish coat.
- I. Finish Coat:
  - Inspect basecoat for damage or defects and repair before applying finish coat.
  - 2. Trowel apply finish coat minimum 1.6 mm (1/16 inch) thick.
  - 3. Texture finish as required.
  - 4. Surface Tolerance: Maximum 1/500 (1/4 inch in 10 feet) deviation from plumb and plane.

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### SECTION 07 27 26

# FLUID-APPLIED MEMBRANE AIR BARRIERS, VAPOR PERMEABLE

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - Fluid-applied vapor-permeable air barrier at exterior above grade wall assemblies.
  - 2. Connection to adjacent air barrier components providing a durable, continuous, full building air barrier.

### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01 45 29 TESTING LABORATORY SERVICES: General Quality Assurance and Quality Control Requirements.
- B. Section 01 81 13 SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS: General Sustainable Construction Requirements.
- C. Section 07 60 00 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL: Metal Flashing Requiring Air Barrier Transitions.
- D. Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS: Joint Sealants.
- E. Section 09 29 00 GYPSUM BOARD: Wall Sheathings Air Barrier Substrates.

#### 1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. Air Barrier Association of America (ABAA): Quality Assurance Program.
- C. ASTM International (ASTM):

C920-18Elastomeric Joint Sealants.
C1193-16Use of Joint Sealants.
D412-16 Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic
Elastomers-Tension.
E96/E96M-16Water Vapor Transmission of Materials.
E162-16 Surface Flammability of Materials Using a
Radiant Heat Energy Source.
E783-02(2018)Field Measurement of Air Leakage Through
Installed Exterior Windows and Doors.
E1186-17 Air Leakage Site Detection in Building
Envelopes and Air Barrier Systems.
E2178-13Air Permanence of Building Materials.
E2357-18 Determining Air Leakage of Air Barrier
Assemblies.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
  - 1. Show size, configuration, and fabrication and installation details.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
  - 2. Installation instructions.
- C. Sustainable Construction Submittals:
  - 1. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials:
    - a. Identify volatile organic compound types and quantities.
- D. Test reports:
  - 1. Submit field inspection and test reports.
- E. Certificates: Certify each product complies with specifications.
  - Compatibility: Certify products are compatible with adjacent materials.
- F. Qualifications: Substantiate qualifications comply with specifications.
  - 1. Manufacturer with project experience list.
  - 2. Installer with project experience list.
    - a. Include personnel qualifications.
    - b. Field supervisor qualifications.
    - c. Certify installer approval by air barrier manufacturer.
- G. Installation Audit:
  - 1. Submit audit report.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Coordinate work with adjacent and related work to provide continuous, unbroken, durable air barrier system.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications:
  - 1. Regularly and presently manufactures specified products.
  - Manufactured specified products with satisfactory service on five similar installations for minimum five years.
  - 3. Accreditation by ABAA.
- C. Installer Qualifications:
  - 1. Regularly and presently installs specified products.
  - 2. Approved by manufacturer.
  - 3. Applicators certified according to ABAA Quality Assurance Program.

- Applicators trained and certified by manufacturer of air barrier system.
- 5. Full time on-site field supervisor has completed three projects of similar scope within last year.
- D. Testing Agency Qualifications:
  - 1. Accredited by International Accreditation Service, Inc. or American Association for Laboratory Accreditation.
  - Staff experienced in installation of specified system and qualified to perform observation and inspection specified and determine compliance with project requirements.

# 1.6 DELIVERY

- A. Deliver products in manufacturer's original sealed packaging.
- B. Mark packaging, legibly. Indicate manufacturer's name or brand, type, production run number, and manufacture date.
- C. Before installation, return or dispose of products within distorted, damaged, or opened packaging.

#### 1.7 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Store products indoors in dry, weathertight, conditioned facility.
- B. Protect products from damage during handling and construction operations.

### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environment:
  - Work Area Ambient Temperature Range: 4 to 32 degrees C (40 to 90 degrees F) continuously, beginning 48 hours before installation.
  - 2. Surface Requirements: visibly dry, and complying with manufacturer's instructions.

#### 1.9 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

A. Air-Barrier Assembly Air Leakage: Maximum 0.2 L/s/square meter (0.04 cfm/square feet) of surface area at 75 Pa (1.57 psf) differential pressure when tested according to ASTM E2357.

- B. Provide full system of compatible materials under conditions of service and application required. Compatibility based on testing by material manufacturer.
- C. Perform as continuous vapor permeable air barrier and moisture drainage plane.
- D. Transition to adjacent flashings and discharge water to building exterior.
- E. Accommodate substrate movement and seal expansion and control joints, construction material transitions, opening transitions, penetrations, and perimeter conditions without moisture deterioration and air leakage exceeding performance requirements.

### 2.2 PRODUCTS - GENERAL

- A. Provide air barrier system components from one manufacturer.
- B. Sustainable Construction Requirements:
  - Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials: Comply with VOC limits specified in Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS for the following products:
    - a. Non-Flooring Adhesives and Sealants.

# 2.3 AIR BARRIER

- A. Fluid-Applied, Vapor-Permeable Membrane Air Barrier:
  - 1. Elastomeric, modified bituminous or synthetic polymer membrane.
  - Air Permeance: ASTM E2178: 0.02 L/s/square meter (0.004 cfm/square feet) of surface area at 75 Pa (1.57 psf) differential pressure.
  - Vapor Permeance: ASTM E96/E96M: Minimum 580 ng/Pa/s/square meter (10 perms).
  - 4. Elongation: Ultimate, ASTM D412, Die C: 200 percent, minimum.
  - 5. Thickness: Minimum 1.0 mm (40 mils) dry film thickness, applied in single continuous coat.
  - 6. Surface Burning Characteristics: When tested according to ASTM E84.
    - a. Flame Spread Rating: 25 maximum.
    - b. Smoke Developed Rating: 450 maximum.

# 2.4 ACCESSORIES

A. Primer: Waterborne primer complying with VOC requirements, recommended air barrier manufacturer to suit application.

#### 07 27 26 - 4

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- B. Counterflashing Sheet: Modified bituminous, minimum 1.0 mm (40 mils) thick, self-adhering composite sheet consisting of minimum 0.8 mm (33 mils) of rubberized asphalt laminated to polyethylene film.
- C. Substrate Patching Material: Manufacturer's standard trowel-grade filler material.
- D. Sprayed Polyurethane Foam Sealant: Foamed-in-place, 24 to 32 kg/cu. m (1.5 to 2.0 pcf) density, with maximum flame-spread index of 25 when tested according to ASTM E84.
- E. Joint Sealant: ASTM C920, single-component, neutral-curing silicone; Class 100/50 (low modulus), Grade NS, Use NT related to exposure, approved by membrane air barrier manufacturer for adhesion and compatibility with membrane air barrier and accessories.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for product installation.
- B. Protect existing construction and completed work from damage.
- C. Correct substrate deficiencies:
  - 1. Remove projections and excess materials and fill voids with substrate patching material.
  - Remove contaminants capable of affecting subsequently installed product's performance.
- D. Prepare and treat substrate joints and cracks according to ASTM C1193 and membrane air barrier manufacturer's instructions.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION - AIR BARRIER

- A. Install products according to manufacturer's instructions and approved submittal drawings.
  - When manufacturer's instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer's Representative consideration.
- B. Apply primer.
- C. Install transition strips and accessory materials.
- D. Seal air barrier to adjacent components of building air barrier system.
- E. Install flexible opening transition at each opening perimeter. Extend transition onto each substrate minimum 75 mm (3 inches).
  - 1. Fill gaps at perimeter of openings with foam sealant.
- F. At penetrations, seal transition strips around penetrating objects with termination mastic.

#### 07 27 26 - 5

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 1. Fill gaps at perimeter of penetrations with sprayed polyurethane foam sealant.
- G. At top of through-wall flashings, seal with continuous transition strip of manufacturer's recommended material to suit application.
- H. Apply air barrier in full contact with substrate to produce continuous seal with transitions.
- Apply fluid membrane in thickness recommended by manufacturer, and minimum specified thickness.
- J. Leave air barrier exposed until tested and inspected and approved by Contracting Officer's Representative.

## 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Field Inspections.
  - Perform inspections and tests before concealing air barrier with subsequent work.
- B. Inspections:
  - Compatibility of materials within air barrier system and adjacent materials.
  - 2. Suitability of substrate and support for air barrier.
  - 3. Suitability of conditions under which air barrier is applied.
  - 4. Adequacy of substrate priming.
  - 5. Application and treatment of joints and edges of transition strips, flexible opening transitions, and accessory materials.
  - Continuity and gap-free installation of air barrier, transition strips, and accessory materials.
- C. Inspection and Test Frequency: Determined by installed air barrier surface area.
  - 1. Up to 900 square meter (10,000 square feet): One inspection.
  - 2. 901 3,300 square meter (10,001 35,000 square feet): Two
    inspections.
  - 3. 3,300 7,000 square meter (35,001 75,000 square feet): Three inspections.
  - 4. 7,001 11,600 square meter (75,001 125,000 square feet): Four inspections.
  - 5. 11,601 19,000 square meter (125,001 200,000 square feet): Five inspections.
  - 6. Over 19,000 square meter (200,000 square feet): Six inspections.

#### 07 27 26 - 6

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- D. Submit inspection and test reports to Contracting Officer's Representative within seven calendar days of completing inspection and test.
- E. Defective Work:
  - 1. Correct deficiencies, make necessary repairs, and retest as required to demonstrate compliance with specified requirements.

#### 3.4 CLEANING

- A. Remove masking materials.
- B. Clean spills and overspray using cleaning agents recommended by manufacturers of affected construction.

#### 3.5 PROTECTION

- A. Protect air barrier from construction operations.
- B. Protect air barrier from exposure to UV light exposure exceeding manufacturer's recommendation.
- C. Replace overexposed materials and retest.

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# SECTION 07 31 13 ASPHALT SHINGLES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Fiberglass asphalt shingles over underlayment nailed to roof sheathing.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 07 60 00, FLASHING AND SHEET METAL: Counterflashing and Flashing of Roof Projections.
- B. Section 06 10 00, ROUGH CARPENTRY: Roof sheathing.
- C. Section 07 60 00, FLASHING AND SHEET METAL: Gutters and Conductors.
- D. Section 07 71 00, ROOF SPECIALTIES: Roof Hatches (Scuttles) and Roof Vents.

# 1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM):

D226/D226M-17.....Asphalt-Saturated Organic Felt Used in Roofing and Waterproofing.

D1970/D1970M-19.....Self-Adhering Polymer Modified Bituminous Sheet Materials Used as Steep Roofing Underlayment for Ice Dam Protection.

D3018/D3018M-11(2017)...Class A Asphalt Shingles Surfaced with Mineral Granules.

D3161/D3161M-20.....Wind Resistance of Steep Slope Roofing Products (Fan-Induced Method).

D3462/D3462M-19.....Asphalt Shingles Made from Glass Felt and Surfaced with Mineral Granules.

F1667-18a.....Driven Fasteners: Nails, Spikes, and Staples.

C. UL LLC (UL):

790 (Edition 8) .....Fire Tests of Roof Coverings.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
  - 2. Installation instructions.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 3. Warranty.
- C. Samples: Shingles: Full size each type, color and texture.
- D. Sustainable Construction Submittals:

1. Solar Reflectance Index (SRI) for asphalt shingles.

### 1.5 DELIVERY

- A. Deliver products in manufacturer's original sealed packaging.
- B. Mark packaging, legibly. Indicate manufacturer's name or brand, type, color, production run number, manufacture date, and the label of Underwriters Laboratories.
- C. Before installation, return or dispose of products within distorted, damaged, or opened packaging.

## 1.6 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Store shingles according to manufacturer's instructions. Store roll goods on end in upright position.
- B. Protect products from damage during handling and construction operations.
- C. Keep materials dry, covered completely and protected from weather.

#### 1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."
- B. Manufacturer's Warranty: Warrant asphalt shingles against material and manufacturing defects.
  - 1. Material Warranty Period: 25 years.
  - Wind-Speed Warranty Period: Resist wind speeds up to 97 km/h (60 mph) for 5 years.
  - 3. Algae-Resistance Warranty Period: No discoloration for 15 years.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 PRODUCTS - GENERAL

- A. Asphalt Shingles to be 3 tab, 30 year warranty, match existing/adjacent structure.
- B. Provide each product from one manufacturer.
  - 1. Provide each product exposed to view from one production run.
- C. Sustainable Construction Requirements:
  - Asphalt Shingle Recycled Content: 50 percent post-consumer recycled content, minimum.
  - 2. Solar Reflectance Index: 29, minimum.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 2.2 ASPHALT SHINGLES

- A. Asphalt Shingles: Fiberglass reinforced, laminated type, square butt.
  - 1. ASTM D3462/D3462M and ASTM D3018/D3018M, Type I, self-sealing.
  - 2. ASTM D3161/D3161M, Class D or F wind-resistant.
  - 3. UL 790 Class A fire resistance.
  - 4. Minimum Weight: 10.3 kg/square meter (210 lbs./100 square feet).

#### 2.3 ROOFING NAILS

- A. ASTM F1667, Type I, Style 20, galvanized steel, deformed shanks, heads 10 mm to 11 mm (3/8 inch to 7/16 inch) diameter.
  - 1. Nails for Shingles: 32 mm (1-1/4 inches) long.
  - 2. Nails for Felt: 19 mm (3/4 inch) long.

#### 2.4 ROOFING UNDERLAYMENT

- A. Organic Felt: ASTM D226/D226M, Type 1.
- B. Self-Adhering Modified Bituminous Underlayment: ASTMD1970/D1970M.

# 2.5 METAL FLASHING

A. Provide metal roof flashings, including apron flashings, step flashings, valley flashings, drip edges, and vent pipe flashings specified in Section 07 60 00, FLASHING AND SHEET METAL.

#### 2.6 RIDGE VENTS

- A. Ridge Vents: Manufacturer's standard ridge vent for use under asphalt shingles.
  - Provide ridge vents with internal filters, internal baffles, or external baffles, for weather protection.
  - 2. Free Area: Minimum 25400 square mm per m (12 square inches per foot).

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for roofing installation.
  - Verify roof substrates are sound, within manufacturer's tolerances, and free from defects which would interfere with roofing installation.
  - Verify roof accessories, vent pipes and other projections through roof are in place and roof flashing is installed, or ready for installation, before installing shingles.
- B. Protect existing construction and completed work from damage.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

- A. Install products according to manufacturer's instructions and approved submittal drawings.
  - When manufacturer's instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer's Representative consideration.

## 3.3 METAL DRIP EDGE INSTALLATION

- A. At eaves and rakes, install stainless steel drip edges specified in Section 07 60 00, FLASHING AND SHEET METAL.
  - 1. Eaves: Install metal drip edge before underlayment.
  - 2. Rakes: Install metal drip edge after underlayment.
- B. Secure metal drip edges with compatible nails spaced maximum 250 mm (10 inches) on center along inner edges.

# 3.4 FLASHING INSTALLATION

- A. Install metal flashings specified in Section 07 60 00, FLASHING AND SHEET METAL at intersections of roofs, adjoining walls, or projections through deck such as chimneys and vent stacks.
- B. Install metal valley flashing shown and as specified under Section 07 60 00, FLASHING AND SHEET METAL.
  - Secure valley flashing according to shingle manufacturer's instructions.
  - 2. Expose flashing in open portion of valley 125 mm (5 inches) minimum, and lap shingles over flashing 125 mm (5 inches) minimum.

#### 3.5 UNDERLAYMENT INSTALLATION

- A. Install self-adhering sheet underlayment, working from low point to high point. Lap sides 90 mm (3-1/2 inches) minimum, and lap ends 150 mm (6 inches) minimum. Install at the following locations:
  - Eaves and Rakes: From edge of eave and rake to 600 mm (24 inches) minimum beyond inside face of exterior wall.

a. Lap underlayment over eave metal drip edge.

- Valleys, Hips and Roof Slope Transitions: Centered over change in slope, and extended 450 mm (18 inches) minimum on both sides.
- 3. Ridges: Centered on ridge, and extended 900 mm (36 inches) minimum on both sides. Do not cover ridge vent opening.
- 4. Sidewalls and Projections through Roof: Extended 450 mm (18 inches) from projection, and extended up projection 100 mm (4 inches) minimum.

- 5. Firmly roll underlayment to ensure adhesion to roof deck and metal flashings.
- B. Install organic felt underlayment on roof deck not covered by self-adhering sheet underlayment, with 100 mm (4 inches) minimum end laps, 50 mm (2 inches) minimum head laps, and 300 mm (12 inches) minimum ridge laps. Nail felt 125 mm (5 inches) on centers along laps.

### 3.6 ROOF ACCESSORY INSTALLATION

- A. Lap underlayment and asphalt shingles over upslope base flanges of roof accessory flashings.
- B. Install underlayment and asphalt shingles over side slope base flanges of roof accessory flashings.
- C. Install downslope base flanges of roof accessories over asphalt shingles.

# 3.7 ASPHALT SHINGLE INSTALLATION

- A. Install shingles aligned parallel to roof eave, nailed to roof sheathing.
  - 1. Exposure: 125 mm (5 inches) maximum.
  - 2. Head lap: 50 mm (2 inches) minimum.
- B. Install asphalt-shingle starter strip with tabs removed, and overhanging lower edge of roof 13 mm (1/2 inch).
- C. Valleys: Open Closed.

# 3.8 RIDGE VENT INSTALLATION

- A. Install ridge vents over shingles.
  - Extent: Continuous along ridges extending to within <distance> of rakes.

# 3.9 HIP AND RIDGE SHINGLE INSTALLATION

- A. Bend each shingle lengthwise down center to provide equal exposure on both sides of hip and ridge.
  - Begin ridge installation at leeward end of ridge. Cover ridge vents with shingles. Do not cover ridge vent openings with ridge shingles.
  - 2. Begin hip installation at eave.
- B. Install shingles with maximum 125 mm (5 inches) exposure. Secure each shingle with one nail on both sides of hip and ridge, 215 mm (8-1/2 inches) back from exposed end and one inch up from edge.

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VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

# SECTION 07 53 23

#### ETHYLENE-PROPYLENE-DIENE-MONOMER ROOFING

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Ethylene Propylene Diene Monomer (EPDM) sheet roofing ballasted to insulated metal roof deck.
  - 2. Fire rated roof system.

### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS: Non-Flooring Adhesives and Sealants VOC Limits.
- B. Section 07 01 50.19, PREPARATION FOR REROOFING: Preparation of Existing Membrane Roofs and Repair Areas.
- C. Section 07 22 00, ROOF AND DECK INSULATION: Substrate Board, Vapor Retarder, Roof Insulation, and Cover Board.
- D. Section 07 60 00, FLASHING AND SHEET METAL

#### **1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. American National Standards Institute/Single-Ply Roofing Institute (ANSI/SPRI):

FX-1-16..... Standard Field Test Procedure for Determining the Withdrawal Resistance of Roofing Fasteners.

RP-4 2019......Wind Design Standard for Ballasted Single-ply Roofing Systems.

C. American Society of Civil Engineers/Structural Engineering Institute (ASCE/SEI):

7-16.....Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures.

D. American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc. (ASHRAE): 90.1-13.....Energy Standard for Buildings Except Low-Rise

Residential Buildings.

E. ASTM International (ASTM): A276/A276M-17.....Stainless Steel Bars and Shapes. B209-14....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate. B209M-14....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate (Metric). VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 C67-20.....Sampling and Testing Brick and Structural Clay Tile. C140/C140M-20a.....Sampling and Testing Concrete Masonry Units and Related Units. C936/C936M-20.....Solid Concrete Interlocking Paving Units. C1371-15.....Determination of Emittance of Materials Near Room Temperature Using Portable Emissometers. C1549-16.....Determination of Solar Reflectance Near Ambient Temperature Using a Portable Solar Reflectometer. D751-19.....Standard Test Methods for Coated Fabrics. D1248-16..... Polyethylene Plastics Extrusion Materials for Wire and Cable. D1876-08(2015)e1.....Peel Resistance of Adhesives (T-Peel Test). D2103-15.....Polyethylene Film and Sheeting. D2240-15e1.....Rubber Property-Durometer Hardness. D3884-09(2017).....Abrasion Resistance of Textile Fabrics (Rotary Platform, Double-Head Method). D4263-83(2018).....Indicating Moisture in Concrete by the Plastic Sheet Method. D4586/D4586M-07(2018)...Asphalt Roof Cement, Asbestos-Free. D4637/D4637M-15.....EPDM Sheet Used in Single-Ply Roof Membrane. E96/E96M-16.....Water Vapor Transmission of Materials. E408-13(2019).....Total Normal Emittance of Surfaces Using Inspection-Meter Techniques. E1918-16..... Measuring Solar Reflectance of Horizontal and Low-Sloped Surfaces in the Field. E1980-11(2019).....Measuring Solar Reflectance of Horizontal and Low-Sloped Surfaces in the Field. G21-15.....Resistance of Synthetic Polymeric Materials to Fungi. F. Cool Roof Rating Council (CRRC): 1-20.....Product Rating Program. G. Federal Specifications (Fed. Spec.): UU-B-790A.....Building Paper, Vegetable Fiber: (Kraft, Waterproofed, Water Repellent and Fire Resistant).

VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 H. Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation (FL): Approved Product Approval. I. National Roofing Contractors Association (NRCA): Manual-19......The NRCA Roofing Manual: Membrane Roof Systems. J. U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA): USDA BioPreferred Catalog. K. UL LLC (UL): 580-06..... Tests for Uplift Resistance of Roof Assemblies. 1897-20.....Uplift Tests for Roof Covering Systems. L. U.S. Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST): DOC PS 1-19.....Structural Plywood. DOC PS 2-18.....Performance Standard for Wood-Based Structural-Use Panels. M. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA): Energy Star..... ENERGY STAR Program Requirements for Roof Products Version 3.0. 1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS A. Conduct preinstallation meeting at the Project site minimum 30 days before beginning Work of this section. 1. Required Participants:

- a. Contracting Officer's Representative.
- b. Architect/Engineer.
- c. Inspection and Testing Agency.
- d. Contractor.
- e. Installer.
- f. Manufacturer's field representative.
- g. Other installers responsible for adjacent and intersecting work, including roof deck, flashings, roof specialties, roof accessories, utility penetrations, rooftop curbs and equipment, and lightning protection.
- Meeting Agenda: Distribute agenda to participants minimum 3 days before meeting.
  - a. Installation schedule.
  - b. Installation sequence.
  - c. Preparatory work.
  - d. Protection before, during, and after installation.

07 53 23 **-** 3

ETHYLENE-PROPYLENE-DIENE-MONOMER ROOFING

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- e. Installation.
- f. Terminations.
- g. Transitions and connections to other work.
- h. Inspecting and testing.
- i. Other items affecting successful completion.
- j. Pull out test of fasteners.
- k. Material storage, including roof deck load limitations.
- 3. Document and distribute meeting minutes to participants to record decisions affecting installation.

#### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Submittal Drawings:
  - 1. Roofing membrane layout.
  - 2. Roof membrane penetration details.
  - 3. Base flashing and termination details.
  - 4. Ballast and paver layout.
  - 5. Paver anchoring locations and details.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
  - 2. Minimum fastener pull out resistance.
  - 3. Installation instructions.
  - 4. Warranty.
  - 5. Product Data for Federally-Mandated Bio-Based Materials: For roof materials, indicating USDA designation and compliance with definitions for bio-based products, Rapidly Renewable Materials, and certified sustainable wood content.
- D. Sustainable Construction Submittals:
  - 1. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials:
    - a. Show volatile organic compound types and quantities.
  - 2. Energy Star label for roofing membrane.
- E. Samples:
  - 1. Roofing Membrane: 150 mm (6 inch) square.
  - 2. Base Flashing: 150 mm (6 inch) square.
  - 3. Fasteners: Each type.
  - 4. Roofing Membrane Seam: 300 mm (12 inches) square.
- F. Certificates: Certify products comply with specifications.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 1. Fire and windstorm classification.
- 2. Energy performance requirements.
- G. Qualifications: Substantiate qualifications comply with specifications.
  - 1. Installer, including supervisors with project experience list .
  - 2. Manufacturer's field representative with project experience list .
- H. Field quality control reports.
- Temporary protection plan. Include list of proposed temporary materials.
- J. Operation and Maintenance Data:
  - 1. Maintenance manuals.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications:
  - Approved by roofing system manufacturer as installer for roofing system with specified warranty.
  - 2. Regularly installs specified products.
  - Installed specified products with satisfactory service on five similar installations for minimum five years.
    - Project Experience List: Provide contact names and addresses for completed projects.
  - Employs full-time supervisors experienced installing specified system and able to communicate with Contracting Officer's Representative and installer's personnel.
- B. Manufacturer's Field Representative:
  - Manufacturer's full-time technical employee or independent roofing inspector.
  - Individual certified by Roof Consultants Institute as Registered Roof Observer.

### 1.7 DELIVERY

- A. Deliver products in manufacturer's original sealed packaging.
- B. Mark packaging, legibly. Indicate manufacturer's name or brand, type, and manufacture date.
- C. Before installation, return or dispose of products within distorted, damaged, or opened packaging.

# 1.8 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Comply with NRCA Manual storage and handling requirements.
- B. Store products indoors in dry, weathertight facility.
- C. Store adhesives according to manufacturer's instructions.

07 53 23 - 5 ETHYLENE-PROPYLENE-DIENE-MONOMER ROOFING

- D. Protect products from damage during handling and construction operations.
- E. Products stored on the roof deck must not cause permanent deck deflection.

### 1.9 FIELD CONDITIONS

#### A. Environment:

- Product Temperature: Minimum 4 degrees C (40 degrees F) and rising before installation.
- 2. Weather Limitations: Install roofing only during dry current and forecasted weather conditions.

# 1.10 WARRANTY

- A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."
- B. Manufacturer's Warranty: Warrant roofing system against material and manufacturing defects and agree to repair any leak caused by a defect in the roofing system materials or workmanship of the installer.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

A. Roofing System: Ballasted roofing membrane, base flashing, roof insulation, fasteners, cover boards, substrate boards vapor retarders copings edge metal and walkway pads.

### 2.2 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

- A. Design roofing system meeting specified performance:
  - Load Resistance: ASCE/SEI 7; Design criteria :as indicated on Drawings.
  - 2. Energy Performance:
    - a. EPA Energy Star Listed for low-slope roof products.

# 2.3 PRODUCTS - GENERAL

- A. Basis of Design: Fully adhered membrane to match existing.
- B. Provide roof system components from one manufacturer.
- C. Sustainable Construction Requirements:
  - Bio-Based Materials: Where applicable, provide products designated by USDA and meeting or exceeding USDA recommendations for bio-based content, and products meeting Rapidly Renewable Materials and certified sustainable wood content definitions; refer to www.biopreferred.gov.

- 2. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials: Comply with VOC limits specified in Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS for the following products:
  - a. Non-flooring adhesives and sealants.

## 2.4 EPDM ROOFING MEMBRANE

- A. EPDM Sheet: ASTM D4637/D4637M, Type I non-re Type II internally reinforced .
  - 1. Thickness: 1.5 mm (60 mils) .
  - 2. Color: Same as existing roof membrane at replaced areas. Building addition membrane to match existing adjacent.
- B. Additional Properties:

PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	REQUIREMENT
Shore A Hardness	ASTM D2240	55 to 75 Durometer
Water Vapor Permeance	ASTM E96/E96M	Minimum 8 ng/Pa/s/sq. m (0.14 perms) Water Method
Fungi Resistance	ASTM G21	After 21 days, no sustained growth or discoloration.

1. Use fire retardant membrane when not protected by ballast or pavers. Verify for UL or approval.

## 2.5 MEMBRANE ACCESSORY MATERIALS

- A. Sheet roofing manufacturer's specified products.
- B. Flashing Sheet: Manufacturer's standard; same material, and color as roofing membrane.
  - Self-curing EPDM flashing adaptable to irregular shapes and surfaces.
  - 2. Minimum Thickness: 1.5 mm (0.060 inch).
- C. Factory Formed Flashings: Inside and outside corners, pipe boots, and other special flashing shapes to minimize field fabrication.
- D. Splice Adhesive or Tape: Manufacturer's standard for roofing membrane and flashing sheet.
- E. Splice Lap Sealant: Liquid EPDM rubber for exposed lap edge.
- F. Bonding Adhesive: Manufacturer's standard, water or solvent based, to suit substrates.

- G. Termination Bars: Manufacturer's standard, stainless steel or aluminum, 25 mm wide by 3 mm thick (1 inch wide by 1/8 inch thick) factory drilled for fasteners.
- H. Battens: Manufacturer's standard, galvannealed or galvanized steel, 25 mm wide by 1.3 mm thick (1 inch wide by 0.05 inch thick), factory punched for fasteners.
- I. Pipe Compression Clamp:
  - 1. Stainless steel drawband.
  - 2. Worm drive clamp device.
- J. Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard coated steel with metal or plastic plates, to suit application.
- K. Fastener Sealer: One part elastomeric adhesive sealant.
- L. Temporary Closure Sealers (Night Sealant): Polyurethane two part sealer.
- M. Primers, Splice Tapes, Cleaners, and Butyl Rubber Seals: As specified by roof membrane manufacturer.
- N. Asphalt Roof Cement: ASTM D4586/D4586M.

### 2.6 FASTENERS

- A. Fasteners and washers required for securing pavers together with straps and to walls or other anchorage:
  - 1. Straps for Securing Pavers Together:
    - a. Stainless Steel: ASTM A276/A276M, Type 302 or 304, minimum0.46 mm (0.018 inch) thick.
    - b. Aluminum Strap: ASTM B209/B209M, minimum 2.39 mm (0.094 inch) thick.
    - c. Round corners on straps.
    - d. Form straps 38 mm (1-1/2 inches) wide, 3 m (10 feet) maximum length with 6 by 10 mm (1/4 by 3/8 inch) punched slotted holes at 100 mm (4 inch) centers centered on width of strap. Punch hole size 2 mm (1/16 inch) larger than fastener shank when shank is thicker than 5 mm (3/16 inch).
- B. Fasteners or Connectors for Pavers:
  - For Concrete Pavers: Extruded interlocking hollow shape polyethylene connector:
    - a. ASTM D1248, Type 1, low density, Class C, black weather resistant, Grade E6, tensile strength 15 MPa (2200 psi), Shore D hardness of 4, brittleness low temperature - 82 degrees C

(180 degrees F), softening temperature above 80 degrees C (176 degrees F).

- b. Length: 50 mm (2 inches), with center stop and insert leg with ribs to resist withdrawal; minimum 1.3 mm (0.05 inch) thick.
- 2. Fasteners for Pavers Straps:
  - a. Stainless steel as recommended by manufacturer of paver in which fastener is anchored.
  - b. Fasteners that are not acceptable include:
    - 1) Impact or power actuated fasteners.
    - 2) Fasteners that do not require a predrilled pilot hole.
    - 3) Fasteners with lead or white metal anchors.
    - 4) Plastic anchors not stabilized against ultraviolet light.

# 2.7 SEPARATION SHEET

- A. Polyethylene Film: ASTM D2103, 0.2 mm (6 mils) thick.
- B. Building Paper: Fed. Spec. UU-B-790.
  - 1. Water Vapor Resistance: Type I, Grade A, Style 4, reinforced.
  - 2. Water Vapor Permeable: Type I, Grade D, Style 4, reinforced.

#### 2.8 FLEXIBLE TUBING

- A. Closed cell neoprene, butyl polyethylene, vinyl, or polyethylene tube or rod.
- B. Diameter approximately 1-1/2 times joint width.

# 2.9 WALKWAY PADS

A. Manufacturer's standard, slip resistant, approximately 450 mm by 450 mm (30 by 30 inches) square and 5 mm (3/16 inch) thick with rounded corners.

# 2.10 ROOF PAVERS

- A. Roof Pavers: Precast, normal weight, non-interlocking concrete units with ribbed bottom surface for drainage.
  - 1. Weight: Minimum 73 kg/square meter (15 pounds/square foot).
  - 2. Size: Match existing.
  - 3. Compressive Strength: ASTM C140; Minimum (8,000 psi).
  - 4. Water Absorption: ASTM C936; Maximum 5 percent.
  - 5. Freeze Thaw: ASTM C67; Maximum 1 percent mass loss.

# 2.11 ACCESSORIES

- A. Temporary Protection Materials:
  - 1. Expanded Polystyrene (EPS) Insulation: ASTM C578.
  - 2. Plywood: NIST DOC PS 1, Grade CD Exposure 1.

3. Oriented Strand Board (OSB): NIST DOC PS 2, Exposure 1.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for product installation with roofing installer and roofing inspector present.
  - 1. Verify roof penetrations are complete, secured against movement,.
  - 2. Verify roof deck is adequately secured to resist wind uplift.
  - 3. Verify roof deck is clean, dry, and in-plane ready to receive roofing system.
- B. Correct unsatisfactory conditions before beginning roofing work.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Complete roof deck construction before beginning roofing work:
  - Curbs, blocking, edge strips, and other components to which roofing and base flashing is attached in place ready to receive insulation and roofing.
  - Coordinate roofing membrane installation with flashing work and roof insulation work so insulation and flashing are installed concurrently to permit continuous roofing operations.
  - Complete installation of flashing, insulation, and roofing in same day except for the area where temporary protection is required when work is stopped for inclement weather or end of workday.
- B. Dry out surfaces including roof deck flutes, that become wet from any cause during progress of the work before roofing work is resumed. Apply materials to dry substrates, only.
- C. Broom clean roof decks. Remove dust, dirt and debris.
- D. Remove projections capable of damaging roofing materials.
- E. Concrete Decks, except Insulating Concrete:
  - Test concrete decks for moisture according to ASTM D4263 before installing roofing materials.
  - Prime concrete decks. Keep primer back 100 mm (f4our inches) from precast concrete deck joints.
  - 3. Allow primer to dry before application of bitumen.
- F. Insulating Concrete Decks:
  - Allow deck to dry out minimum five days after installation before installing roofing materials.
  - Allow additional drying time when precipitation occurs before installing roofing materials.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- G. Existing Membrane Roofs and Repair Areas:
  - 1. Comply with Section 07 01 50.19 PREPARATION FOR REROOFING.

# 3.3 TEMPORARY PROTECTION

- A. Install temporary protection consisting of a temporary seal and water cut-offs at the end of each day's work and when work is halted for an indefinite period or work is stopped when precipitation is imminent.
- B. Install temporary cap flashing over top of base flashings where permanent flashings are not in place to protect against water intrusion into roofing system. Securely anchor in place to prevent blow off and damage by construction activities.
- C. Temporarily seal exposed insulation surfaces within roofing membrane.
  - Apply temporary seal and water cut off by extending roofing membrane beyond insulation and securely embedding edge of the roofing membrane in 6 mm (1/4 inch) thick by 50 mm (2 inches) wide strip of temporary closure sealant. Weight roofing membrane edge with sandbags, to prevent displacement; space sandbags maximum 2400 mm (8 feet) on center.
  - Direct water away from work. Provide drainage, preventing water accumulation.
  - 3. Check daily to ensure temporary seal remains watertight. Reseal open areas and weight down.
- D. Before the work resumes, cut off and discard portions of roof membrane in contact with temporary seal.
  - 1. Cut minimum 150 mm (6 inches) back from sealed edges and surfaces.
- E. Remove sandbags and store for reuse.

# 3.4 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Install products according to manufacturer's instructions and approved submittal drawings.
  - When manufacturer's instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer's Representative consideration.
- B. Comply with NRCA Manual installation requirements.
- C. Comply with UL 580 or UL 1897 for uplift resistance.
- D. Do not allow membrane and flashing to contact surfaces contaminated with asphalt, coal tar, oil, grease, or other substances incompatible with EPDM.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 3.5 ROOFING INSTALLATION

- A. Install membrane perpendicular to long dimension of insulation boards.
- B. Begin membrane installation at roof low point and work towards high point. Lap membrane shingled in water flow direction.
- C. Position membrane free of buckles and wrinkles.
- D. Roll membrane out; inspect for defects as membrane is unrolled. Remove defective areas:
  - 1. Allow 30 minutes for membrane to relax before proceeding.
  - 2. Lap edges and ends minimum 75 mm (3 inches). Clean lap surfaces.
  - 3. Install seam adhesive or tape, unless furnished with factory applied adhesive strips. Apply pressure to develop full adhesion.
  - 4. Check seams to ensure continuous adhesion and correct defects.
  - 5. Finish seam edges with beveled bead of lap sealant.
  - 6. Finish seams same day as membrane is installed.
  - 7. Anchor membrane perimeter to roof deck and parapet wall as indicated on drawings.
- E. Membrane Perimeter Anchorage:
  - Install batten with fasteners at perimeter of each roof area, curb flashing, expansion joints and similar penetrations on top of roof membrane as indicated on drawings.
  - 2. Mechanical Fastening:
    - a. Space fasteners maximum 300 mm (12 inches) on center, starting 25 mm (1 inch) from ends.
    - b. When battens are cut, round edge and corners before installing.
    - c. Set fasteners in lap sealant and cover fastener head with fastener sealer, including batten.
    - d. Stop batten where batten interferes with drainage. Space ends of batten 150 mm (6 inch) apart.
    - e. Cover batten with 225 mm (9 inch) wide strip of flashing sheet. Seal laps with lap seam adhesive and finish edges with lap sealant.
    - f. At fascia-cants turn roofing membrane down over front edge of blocking, cant, or nailer. Secure roofing membrane to vertical portion of nailer; with fasteners spaced maximum 150 mm (6 inches) on centers.

- g. At parapet walls intersecting building walls and curbs, secure roofing membrane to structural deck with fasteners 150 mm (6 inches) on center or as shown in NRCA Manual.
- F. Adhered System Installation:
  - Apply bonding adhesive in quantities required by roofing membrane manufacturer.
  - Fold sheet back on itself, clean and coat the bottom side of the membrane and the top of substrate with adhesive. Do not coat the lap joint area.
  - After adhesive has set according to adhesive manufacturer's instructions, roll roofing membrane into adhesive minimizing voids and wrinkles.
  - 4. Repeat for other half of sheet.
  - 5. Cut voids and wrinkles to lay flat. Clean and patch cut area.
- G. System Installation:
  - 1. Adhere membrane to comply with ANSI/SPRI RP-4 requirements.

#### 3.6 FLASHING INSTALLATION

- A. Install flashings on same day as roofing membrane is installed. When flashing cannot be completely installed in one day, complete installation until flashing is watertight and provide temporary covers or seals.
- B. Installing Base Flashing and Pipe Flashing:
  - Install flashing sheet to pipes, walls and curbs to minimum 200 mm (8 inches) height above roof surfaces and extend roofing manufacturer's standard lap dimension onto roofing membranes.
    - a. Adhere flashing with bonding adhesive.
    - b. Form inside and outside corners of flashing sheet according to NRCA Manual. Form pipe flashing according to NRCA Manual.
    - c. Lap ends roofing manufacturer's standard dimension.
    - d. Adhesively splice flashing sheets together, and adhesively splice flashing sheets to roofing membranes. Finish exposed edges with lap sealant.
  - Anchor top of flashing to walls and curbs with fasteners spaced maximum 150 mm (6 inches) on center. Use surface mounted fastening strip with sealant on ducts. Use pipe clamps on pipes or other round penetrations.
  - 3. Apply sealant to top edge of flashing.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- C. Installing Building Expansion Joints:
  - 1. Install base flashing on curbs as specified.
  - Install flexible tubing 1-1/2 times width of joint centered over joint. Cover tubing with flashing sheet adhered to base flashing and lapping base flashing roofing manufacturer's standard dimension. Finish edges of laps with lap sealant.
- D. Repairs to Membrane and Flashings:
  - Remove sections of roofing membrane or flashing sheet that are creased, wrinkled, or fishmouthed.
  - 2. Cover removed areas, cuts and damaged areas with patch extending 100 mm (4 inches) beyond damaged, cut, or removed area. Adhesively splice patch to roofing membrane or flashing sheet. Finish edge of lap with lap sealant.

#### 3.7 WALKWAY PAD INSTALLATION

- A. Clean membrane where pads are applied.
- B. Adhere pads to membrane with splicing cement.
- C. Layout with minimum 25 mm (1 inch) and maximum 50 mm (2 inch) space between pads.

## 3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Field Tests.
  - Fastener Pull Out Tests: ANSI/SPRI FX-1; one test for every 230 square meter (2,500 square foot) of deck. Perform tests for each combination of fastener type and roof deck type before installing roof insulation.
    - Test at locations selected by Contracting Officer's Representative.
    - b. Do not proceed with roofing work when pull out resistance is less than manufacturer's required resistance.
    - c. Test Results:
      - Repeat tests using different fastener type or use additional fasteners achieve pull out resistance required to meet specified wind uplift performance.
      - Patch cementitious deck to repair areas of fastener tests holes.
  - Examine and probe roofing membrane and flashing seams in presence of Contracting Officer's Representative and Manufacturer's field representative.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 3. Probe seams to detect marginal bonds, voids, skips, and fishmouths.
- 4. Cut 100 mm (4 inch) wide by 300 mm (12 inch) long samples through seams where directed by Contracting Officer's Representative.
- 5. Cut one sample for every 450 meter (1500 feet) of seams.
- 6. Cut samples perpendicular to seams.
- 7. Failure of samples to pass ASTM D1876 test will be cause for rejection of work.
- Repair areas where samples are taken and where marginal bond, voids, and skips occur.
- 9. Repair fishmouths and wrinkles by cutting to lay flat. Install patch over cut area extending 100 mm (4 inches) beyond cut.
- B. Manufacturer Services:
  - Inspect initial installation, installation in progress, and completed work.
  - 2. Issue supplemental installation instructions necessitated by field conditions.
  - 3. Prepare and submit inspection reports.
  - Certify completed installation complies with manufacturer's instructions and warranty requirements.

### 3.9 CLEANING

- A. Remove excess adhesive before adhesive sets.
- B. Clean exposed roofing surfaces. Remove contaminants and stains .

#### 3.10 PROTECTION

- A. Protect roofing system from traffic and construction operations.
  - Protect roofing system when used for subsequent work platform, materials storage, or staging.
  - 2. Distribute scaffolding loads to exert maximum 50 percent roofing system materials compressive strength.
- B. Loose lay temporary insulation board overlaid with plywood or OSB.1. Weight boards to secure against wind uplift.
- C. Remove protection when directed by Contacting Officer's Representative.
- D. Repair damage.

- - E N D - -

# SECTION 07 60 00 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 DESCRIPTION

A. Formed sheet metal work for wall and roof flashing, copings, roof edge metal, fasciae, drainage specialties.

## 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 07 53 23 ETHYLENE-PROPYLENE-DIENE-MONOMER ROOFING Membrane base flashings and stripping.
- B. Section 07 71 00 ROOF SPECIALTIES: Manufactured flashing, copings, roof edge metal, and fasciae.
- C. Division 07 ROOFING AND WALL SYSTEM: Flashing components of factory finished roofing and wall systems.
- D. Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS: Joint Sealants.
- E. Section 09 91 00, PAINTING: Paint materials and application.
- F. Division 22, PLUMBING: Integral flashing components of manufactured roof specialties and accessories or equipment.
- G. Division 23 HVAC: Integral flashing components of manufactured roof specialties and accessories or equipment.

### **1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only. Editions of applicable publications current on date of issue of bidding documents apply unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Aluminum Association (AA):

AA-C22A41.....Aluminum Chemically etched medium matte, with

clear anodic coating, Class I Architectural, 0.7-mil thick

AA-C22A42.....Chemically etched medium matte, with integrally colored anodic coating, Class I Architectural,

0.7 mils thick

AA-C22A44......Chemically etched medium matte with

electrolytically deposited metallic compound,

integrally colored coating Class I

Architectural, 0.7-mil thick finish

C. American National Standards Institute/Single-Ply Roofing Institute/Factory Mutual (ANSI/SPRI/FM):

> 07 60 00 - 1 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL

VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 4435/ES-1-11......Wind Design Standard for Edge Systems Used with Low Slope Roofing Systems D. American Architectural Manufacturers Association (AAMA): AAMA 620-02.....Voluntary Specification for High Performance Organic Coatings on Coil Coated Architectural Aluminum AAMA 621-02.....Voluntary Specification for High Performance Organic Coatings on Coil Coated Architectural Hot Dipped Galvanized (HDG) and Zinc-Aluminum Coated Steel Substrates E. ASTM International (ASTM): A240/A240M-20.....Standard Specification for Chromium and Chromium-Nickel Stainless Steel Plate, Sheet and Strip for Pressure Vessels and for General Applications. A653/A653M-20.....Steel Sheet Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc Alloy Coated (Galvanized) by the Hot- Dip Process B32-08(2014).....Solder Metal B209-14.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate B370-12(2019).....Copper Sheet and Strip for Building Construction D173/D173M-03(2018)....Bitumen-Saturated Cotton Fabrics Used in Roofing and Waterproofing D412-16.....Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers-Tension D1187/D1187M-97(2018)...Asphalt Base Emulsions for Use as Protective Coatings for Metal D1784-20......Rigid Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Compounds and Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Compounds D3656/D3656M-13.....Insect Screening and Louver Cloth Woven from Vinyl-Coated Glass Yarns D4586/D4586M-07(2018)...Asphalt Roof Cement, Asbestos Free F. Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association (SMACNA): Architectural Sheet Metal Manual. G. National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers (NAAMM):

> 07 60 00 - 2 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

AMP 500-06.....Metal Finishes Manual

- H. Federal Specification (Fed. Spec):
  - A-A-1925A..... Shield, Expansion; (Nail Anchors)
  - UU-B-790A.....Building Paper, Vegetable Fiber
- I. International Code Commission (ICC): International Building Code, Current Edition

### 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Wind Uplift Forces: Resist the following forces per FM Approvals 1-49:
  - Wind Zone 3: 2.20 to 4.98 kPa (46 to 104 pound force/square foot):
     9.96-kPa (208 pound force/square foot) perimeter uplift force,
     14.94-kPa (312 pound force/square foot) corner uplift force, and
     4.98-kPa (104 pound force/square foot) outward force.
- B. Wind Design Standard: Fabricate and install copings roof-edge flashings tested per ANSI/SPRI/FM ES-1 to resist design pressure indicated on Drawings.

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Shop Drawings: For all specified items, including:
  - 1. Flashings
  - 2. Copings
  - 3. Gravel Stop-Fascia
  - 4. Gutter and Conductors
  - 5. Fascia-cant
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data: For all specified items, including:
  - 1. Two-piece counterflashing
  - 2. Thru wall flashing
  - 3. Expansion joint cover, each type
  - 4. Nonreinforced, elastomeric sheeting
  - 5. Copper clad stainless steel
  - 6. Polyethylene coated copper
  - 7. Bituminous coated copper
  - 8. Copper covered paper
  - 9. Fascia-cant
- D. Certificates: Indicating compliance with specified finishing requirements, from applicator and contractor.

07 60 00 - 3 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL MATERIALS

- A. All flashing and sheet metal shall match adjacent structure unless approved in writing otherwise. Campus typical is dark bronze.
- B. Profile of flashing is subject to SHPO standards and historic profiles previously approved on campus.

# 2.2 FLASHING ACCESSORIES

- A. Solder: ASTM B32; flux type and alloy composition as required for use with metals to be soldered.
- B. Rosin Paper: Fed-Spec. UU-B-790, Type I, Grade D, Style 1b, Rosin-sized sheathing paper, weighing approximately 3 Kg/10 m<sup>2</sup> ( 6 pounds/100 square feet).
- C. Bituminous Paint: ASTM D1187, Type I.
- D. Fasteners:
  - Use copper, copper alloy, bronze, brass, or stainless steel for copper and copper clad stainless steel, and stainless steel for stainless steel and aluminum alloy. Use galvanized steel or stainless steel for galvanized steel.
  - 2. Nails:
    - a. Minimum diameter for copper nails: 3 mm (0.109 inch).
    - b. Minimum diameter for aluminum nails 3 mm (0.105 inch).
    - c. Minimum diameter for stainless steel nails: 2 mm (0.095 inch) and annular threaded.
    - d. Length to provide not less than 22 mm (7/8 inch) penetration into anchorage.
  - 3. Rivets: Not less than 3 mm (1/8 inch) diameter.
  - 4. Expansion Shields: Fed Spec A-A-1925A.
- E. Sealant: As specified in Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS for exterior locations.
- F. Insect Screening: ASTM D3656, 18 by 18 regular mesh.
- G. Roof Cement: ASTM D4586.

#### 2.3 SHEET METAL THICKNESS

- A. Except as otherwise shown or specified use thickness or weight of sheet metal as follows:
- B. Concealed Locations (Built into Construction):
  - 1. Copper: 30g (10 oz) minimum 0.33 mm (0.013 inch thick).

07 60 00 - 4 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL

# VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 2. Stainless steel: 0.25 mm (0.010 inch) thick.
- 3. Copper clad stainless steel: 0.25 mm (0.010 inch) thick.
- 4. Galvanized steel: 0.5 mm (0.021 inch) thick.
- C. Exposed Locations:
  - 1. Copper: 0.4 Kg (16 oz).
  - 2. Stainless steel: 0.4 mm (0.015 inch).
  - 3. Copper clad stainless steel: 0.4 mm (0.015 inch).
- D. Thickness of aluminum or galvanized steel is specified with each item.

#### 2.4 FABRICATION, GENERAL

- A. Jointing:
  - In general, stainless steel joints, except expansion and contraction joints, shall be locked and soldered.
  - 2. Joints shall conform to following requirements:
    - a. Flat-lock joints shall finish not less than 19 mm (3/4 inch) wide.
    - b. Lap joints subject to stress shall finish not less than 25 mm (one inch) wide and shall be soldered and riveted.
    - c. Unsoldered lap joints shall finish not less than 100 mm (4 inches) wide.
  - 3. Flat and lap joints shall be made in direction of flow.
  - 4. Edges of bituminous coated copper, copper covered paper, nonreinforced elastomeric sheeting and polyethylene coated copper shall be jointed by lapping not less than 100 mm (4 inches) in the direction of flow and cementing with asphalt roof cement or sealant as required by the manufacturer's printed instructions.
- B. Cleats:
  - Fabricate cleats to secure flashings and sheet metal work over 300 mm (12 inches) wide and where specified.
  - Provide cleats for maximum spacing of 300 mm (12 inch) centers unless specified otherwise.
  - Form cleats of same metal and weights or thickness as the sheet metal being installed unless specified otherwise.
  - 4. Fabricate cleats from 50 mm (2 inch) wide strip. Form end with not less than 19 mm (3/4 inch) wide loose lock to item for anchorage. Form other end of length to receive nails free of item to be anchored and end edge to be folded over and cover nail heads.
- C. Edge Strips or Continuous Cleats:

07 60 00 - 5 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL

- 1. Fabricate continuous edge strips where shown and specified to secure loose edges of the sheet metal work.
- Except as otherwise specified, fabricate edge strips or minimum 1.25 mm (0.050 inch) thick aluminum.
- 3. Use material compatible with sheet metal to be secured by the edge strip.
- Fabricate in 3000 mm (10 feet) maximum lengths with not less than 19 mm (3/4 inch) loose lock into metal secured by edge strip.
- 5. Fabricate Strips for fascia anchorage to extend below the supporting wood construction to form a drip and to allow the flashing to be hooked over the lower edge at least 19 mm (3/4-inch).
- 6. Fabricate anchor edge maximum width of 75 mm (3 inches) or of sufficient width to provide adequate bearing area to insure a rigid installation using 1.6 mm (0.0625 inch) thick aluminum.
- D. Drips:
  - Form drips at lower edge of sheet metal counter-flashings (cap flashings), fascias, gravel stops, wall copings, by folding edge back 13 mm (1/2 inch) and bending out 45 degrees from vertical to carry water away from the wall.
  - Form drip to provide hook to engage cleat or edge strip for fastening for not less than 19 mm (3/4 inch) loose lock where shown.
- E. Edges:
  - Edges of flashings concealed in masonry joints opposite drain side shall be turned up 6 mm (1/4 inch) to form dam, unless otherwise specified or shown otherwise.
  - 2. Finish exposed edges of flashing with a 6 mm (1/4 inch) hem formed by folding edge of flashing back on itself when not hooked to edge strip or cleat. Use 6 mm (1/4 inch) minimum penetration beyond wall face with drip for through-wall flashing exposed edge.
  - All metal roof edges shall meet requirements of IBC, current edition.
- F. Metal Options:
  - Where options are permitted for different metals use only one metal throughout.
  - Stainless steel may be used in concealed locations for fasteners of other metals exposed to view.

 Where copper gravel stops, copings and flashings will carry water onto cast stone, stone, or architectural concrete, or stainless steel.

# 2.5 FINISHES

- A. Use same finish on adjacent metal or components and exposed metal surfaces unless specified or shown otherwise.
- B. In accordance with NAAMM Metal Finishes Manual AMP 500, unless otherwise specified.
- C. Finish exposed metal surfaces as follows, unless specified otherwise:
  - 1. Copper: Mill finish.
  - 2. Stainless Steel: Finish No. 2B or 2D.
  - 3. Aluminum:
    - a. Clear Finish: AA-C22A41 medium matte, clear anodic coating, Class1 Architectural, 18 mm (0.7 mils) thick.
    - b. Colored Finish: AA-C22A42 (anodized) or AA-C22A44 (electrolytically deposited metallic compound) medium matte, integrally colored coating, Class 1 Architectural, 18 mm (0.7 mils) thick. Dyes will not be accepted.
    - c. Fluorocarbon Finish: AAMA 620, high performance organic coating.
    - d. Mill finish.
  - 4. Steel and Galvanized Steel:
    - a. Finish painted under Section 09 91 00, PAINTING unless specified as prefinished item.
    - b. Manufacturer's finish:
      - 1) Baked on prime coat over a phosphate coating.
      - 2) Baked-on prime and finish coat over a phosphate coating.
      - Fluorocarbon Finish: AAMA 621, high performance organic coating.

#### 2.6 THROUGH-WALL FLASHINGS

- A. Form through-wall flashing to provide a mechanical bond or key against lateral movement in all directions. Install a sheet having 2 mm (1/16 inch) deep transverse channels spaced four to every 25 mm (one inch), or ribbed diagonal pattern, or having other deformation unless specified otherwise.
  - Fabricate in not less than 2400 mm (8 feet) lengths; 3000 mm (10 feet) maximum lengths.

07 60 00 - 7 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 2. Fabricate so keying nests at overlaps.
- B. For Masonry Work When Concealed Except for Drip:
  - 1. Either copper, stainless steel, or copper clad stainless steel.
  - 2. Form an integral dam at least 5 mm (3/16 inch) high at back edge.
  - 3. Form exposed portions of flashing with drip, approximately 6 mm (1/4 inch) projection beyond wall face.
- C. For Masonry Work When Exposed Edge Forms a Receiver for Counter Flashing:
  - 1. Use same metal and thickness as counter flashing.
  - 2. Form an integral dam at least 5 mm (3/16 inch) high at back edge.
  - 3. Form exposed portion as snap lock receiver for counter flashing upper edge.
- D. For Flashing at Architectural Precast Concrete Panels or Stone Panels.
  - 1. Use plan flat sheet of stainless steel.
  - 2. Form exposed portions with drip as specified or receiver.
- E. Window Sill Flashing and Lintel Flashing:
  - Use either copper, stainless steel, copper clad stainless-steel plane flat sheet, or nonreinforced elastomeric sheeting, bituminous coated copper, copper covered paper, or polyethylene coated copper.
  - Fabricate flashing at ends with folded corners to turn up 5 mm (3/16 inch) in first vertical masonry joint beyond masonry opening.
  - 3. Turn up back edge as shown.
  - 4. Form exposed portion with drip as specified or receiver.
- F. Door Sill Flashing:
  - Where concealed, use either 0.5 Kg (20 ounce) copper, 0.5 mm (0.018 inch) thick stainless steel, or 0.5 mm (0.018 inch) thick copper clad stainless steel.
  - 2. Where shown on drawings as combined counter flashing under threshold, sill plate, door sill, or where subject to foot traffic, use either 0.6 Kg (24 ounce) copper, 0.6 mm (0.024 inch) stainless steel, or 0.6 mm (0.024 inch) thick stainless steel.
  - Fabricate flashing at ends to turn up 5 mm (3/16 inch) in first vertical masonry joint beyond masonry opening with folded corners.

# 2.7 BASE FLASHING

A. Use metal base flashing at vertical surfaces intersecting built-up roofing without cant strips or where shown.

- Use either copper, or stainless steel, thickness specified unless specified otherwise.
- When flashing is over 250 mm (10 inches) in vertical height or horizontal width use either 0.5 Kg (20 oz) copper or 0.5 mm (0.018 inch) stainless steel.
- Use stainless steel at aluminum roof curbs where flashing contacts the aluminum.
- 4. Use either copper, or stainless steel at pipe flashings.
- B. Fabricate metal base flashing up vertical surfaces not less than 200 mm (8 inch) nor more than 400 mm (16 inch).
- C. Fabricate roof flange not less than 100 mm (4 inches) wide unless shown otherwise. When base flashing length exceeds 2400 mm (8 feet) form flange edge with 13 mm (1/2 inch) hem to receive cleats.
- D. Form base flashing bent from strip except pipe flashing. Fabricate ends for riveted soldered lap seam joints. Fabricate expansion joint ends as specified.
- E. Pipe Flashing: (Other than engine exhaust or flue stack)
  - Fabricate roof flange not less than 100 mm (4 inches) beyond sleeve on all sides.
  - Extend sleeve up and around pipe and flange out at bottom not less than 13 mm (1/2 inch) and solder to flange and sleeve seam to make watertight.
  - 3. At low pipes 200 mm (8 inch) to 450 mm (18 inch) above roof:
    - a. Form top of sleeve to turn down into the pipe at least 25 mm (one inch).
    - b. Allow for loose fit around and into the pipe.
  - At high pipes and pipes with goosenecks or other obstructions which would prevent turning the flashing down into the pipe:
    - a. Extend sleeve up not less than 300 mm (12 inch) above roofing.
    - b. Allow for loose fit around pipe.

# 2.8 COUNTERFLASHING (CAP FLASHING OR HOODS)

- A. Stainless steel, unless specified otherwise.
- B. Fabricate to lap base flashing a minimum of 100 mm (4 inches) with drip:
  - Form lock seams for outside corners. Allow for lap joints at ends and inside corners.

- 2. In general, form flashing in lengths not less than 2400 mm (8 feet) and not more than 3000 mm (10 feet).
- 3. Two-piece, lock in type flashing may be used in-lieu-of one piece counter-flashing.
- 4. Manufactured assemblies may be used.
- 5. Where counterflashing is installed at new work use an integral flange at the top designed to be extended into the masonry joint or reglet in concrete.
- 6. Where counterflashing is installed at existing work use surface applied type, formed to provide a space for the application of sealant at the top edge.
- C. One-piece Counterflashing:
  - 1. Back edge turned up and fabricate to lock into reglet in concrete.
  - Upper edge formed to extend full depth of masonry unit in mortar joint with back edge turned up 6 mm (1/4 inch).
- D. Two-Piece Counterflashing:
  - Receiver to extend into masonry wall depth of masonry unit with back edge turned up 6 mm (1/4 inch) and exposed edge designed to receive and lock counterflashing upper edge when inserted.
  - 2. Counterflashing upper edge designed to snap lock into receiver.
- E. Surface Mounted Counterflashing; one or two piece:
  - Use at existing or new surfaces where flashing cannot be inserted in vertical surface.
  - 2. One piece fabricate upper edge folded double for 65 mm (2 1/2 inches) with top 19 mm (3/4 inch) bent out to form "V" joint sealant pocket with vertical surface. Perforate flat double area against vertical surface with horizontally slotted fastener holes at 400 mm (16 inch) centers between end holes. Option: One piece surface mounted counter-flashing (cap flashing) may be used. Fabricate as detailed on Plate 51 of SMACNA Architectural Sheet Metal Manual.
  - 3. Two pieces: Fabricate upper edge to lock into surface mounted receiver. Fabricate receiver joint sealant pocket on upper edge and lower edge to receive counterflashing, with slotted fastener holes at 400 mm (16 inch) centers between upper and lower edge.
- F. Pipe Counterflashing:

- Form flashing for water-tight umbrella with upper portion against pipe to receive a draw band and upper edge to form a "V" joint sealant receiver approximately 19 mm (3/4 inch) deep.
- 2. Fabricate 100 mm (4 inch) over lap at end.
- 3. Fabricate draw band of same metal as counter flashing. Use 0.6 Kg (24 oz) copper or 0.33 mm (0.013 inch) thick stainless steel or copper coated stainless steel.
- 4. Use stainless steel bolt on draw band tightening assembly.
- 5. Vent pipe counter flashing may be fabricated to omit draw band and turn down 25 mm (one inch) inside vent pipe.
- G. Where vented edge decks intersect vertical surfaces, form in one piece, shape to slope down to a point level with and in front of edge-set notched plank; then, down vertically, overlapping base flashing.

# 2.9 HANGING GUTTERS

- A. Fabricate gutters of not less than the following:1. 1.3mm (0.051inch) thick aluminum.
- B. Fabricate hanging gutters in sections not less than 2400 mm (8 feet) long, except at ends of runs where shorter lengths are required.
- C. Building side of gutter shall be not less than 38 mm (1 1/2 inches) higher than exterior side same height as exterior side.
- D. Gutter Bead: Stiffen outer edge of gutter by folding edge over approximately 19 mm (3/4 inch) toward roof and down approximately19 mm (3/4 inch) unless shown otherwise.
- E. Gutter Spacers:
  - 1. Fabricate of same material and thickness as gutter.
  - Fabricate 25 mm (one inch) wide strap and fasten to gutters not over 900 mm (36 inches) on center.
  - 3. Turn back edge up 25 mm (one inch) and lap front edge over gutter bead.
  - 4. Rivet and solder to gutter except rivet and seal to aluminum.
- F. Outlet Tubes:
  - Form outlet tubes to connect gutters to conductors of same metal and thickness as gutters extend into the conductor 75 mm (3 inch).
     Flange upper end of outlet tube 13 mm (1/2 inch).
  - Lock and solder longitudinal seam except use sealant in lieu of solder with aluminum.

07 60 00 - 11 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL

- 3. Solder tube to gutter. Seal aluminum tube to gutter and rivet to gutter.
- 4. Fabricate basket strainers of same material as gutters.
- G. Gutter Brackets:
  - Fabricate of same metal as gutter. Use the following:
     a. 6 by 25 mm (1/4 by 1 inch)aluminum.
  - 2. Fabricate to gutter profile.
  - Drill two 5 mm (3/16 inch) diameter holes in anchor leg for countersunk flat head screws.

#### 2.10 CONDUCTORS (DOWNSPOUTS)

- A. Fabricate conductors of same metal and thickness as gutters in sections approximately 3000 mm (10 feet) long with 19 mm (3/4 inch) wide flat locked seams.
  - 1. Fabricate open face channel shape with hemmed longitudinal edges.
- B. Fabricate elbows by mitering, riveting, and soldering except seal aluminum in lieu of solder. Lap upper section to the inside of the lower piece.
- C. Fabricate conductor brackets or hangers of same material as conductor, 2 mm (1/16 inch) thick by 25 mm (one inch) minimum width. Form to support conductors 25 mm (one inch) from wall surface in accordance with Architectural Sheet Metal Manual for rectangular and round shapes.
- D. Conductor Heads:
  - 1. Fabricate of same material as conductor.
  - Fabricate conductor heads to not less than 250 mm (10 inch) wide by
     200 mm (8 inch) deep by 200 mm (8 inches) from front to back.
  - Form front and side edges channel shape not less than 13 mm (1/2 inch) wide flanges with edge hemmed.
  - Slope bottom to sleeve to conductor or downspout at not less than 60 degree angle.
  - 5. Extend wall edge not less than 25 mm (one inch) above front edge.
  - 6. Solder joints for water tight assembly.
  - Fabricate outlet tube or sleeve at bottom not less than 50 mm (2 inches) long to insert into conductor.

# 2.11 SCUPPERS

- A. Fabricate scuppers with minimum of 100 mm (4 inch) wide flange.
- B. Provide flange at top on through wall scupper to extend to top of base flashing.

07 60 00 - 12 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- C. Fabricate exterior wall side to project not less than 13 mm (1/2 inch) beyond face of wall with drip at bottom outlet edge.
- D. Fabricate not less than 100 mm (4 inch) wide flange to lap behind gravel stop fascia.
- E. Fabricate exterior wall flange for through wall scupper not less than 25 mm (one inch) wide on top and sides with edges hemmed.
- F. Fabricate gravel stop bar of 25 mm x 25 mm (one by one inch) angle strip soldered to bottom of scupper.
- G. Fabricate scupper not less than 200 mm (8 inch) wide and not less than 125 mm (5 inch) high for through wall scupper.
- H. Solder joints watertight.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

A. General:

- Install flashing and sheet metal items as shown in Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association, Inc., publication, ARCHITECTURAL SHEET METAL MANUAL, except as otherwise shown or specified.
- 2. Apply Sealant as specified in Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.
- 3. Apply sheet metal and other flashing material to surfaces which are smooth, sound, clean, dry and free from defects that might affect the application.
- 4. Remove projections which would puncture the materials and fill holes and depressions with material compatible with the substrate. Cover holes or cracks in wood wider than 6 mm (1/4 inch) with sheet metal compatible with the roofing and flashing material used.
- Coordinate with masonry work for the application of a skim coat of mortar to surfaces of unit masonry to receive flashing material before the application of flashing.
- 6. Apply a layer of 7 Kg (15 pound) saturated felt followed by a layer of rosin paper to wood surfaces to be covered with copper. Lap each ply 50 mm (2 inch) with the slope and nail with large headed copper nails.
- Confine direct nailing of sheet metal to strips 300 mm (12 inch) or less wide. Nail flashing along one edge only. Space nail not over 100 mm (4 inches) on center unless specified otherwise.

- 8. Install bolts, rivets, and screws where indicated, specified, or required in accordance with the SMACNA Sheet Metal Manual. Space rivets at 75 mm (3 inch) on centers in two rows in a staggered position. Use neoprene washers under fastener heads when fastener head is exposed.
- 9. Coordinate with roofing work for the installation of metal base flashings and other metal items having roof flanges for anchorage and watertight installation.
- 10. Nail continuous cleats on 75 mm (3 inch) on centers in two rows in a staggered position.
- Nail individual cleats with two nails and bend end tab over nail heads. Lock other end of cleat into hemmed edge.
- 12. Install flashings in conjunction with other trades so that flashings are inserted in other materials and joined together to provide a water tight installation.
- 13. Where required to prevent galvanic action between dissimilar metal isolate the contact areas of dissimilar metal with sheet lead, waterproof building paper, or a coat of bituminous paint.
- 14. Isolate aluminum in contact with dissimilar metals others than stainless steel, white bronze or other metal compatible with aluminum by:
  - a. Paint dissimilar metal with a prime coat of zinc-chromate or other suitable primer, followed by two coats of aluminum paint.
  - b. Paint dissimilar metal with a coat of bituminous paint.
  - c. Apply an approved caulking material between aluminum and dissimilar metal.
- 15. Paint aluminum in contact with or built into mortar, concrete, plaster, or other masonry materials with a coat of bituminous paint.
- 16. Paint aluminum in contact with absorptive materials that may become repeatedly wet with two coats of bituminous paint or two coats of aluminum paint.
- 17. Bitumen Stops:
  - a. Install bitumen stops for built-up roof opening penetrations through deck and at formed sheet metal gravel stops.
  - b. Nail leg of bitumen stop at 300 mm (12 inch) intervals to nailing strip at roof edge before roofing material is installed.

07 60 00 - 14 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL

### 3.2 THROUGH-WALL FLASHING

- A. General:
  - Install continuous through-wall flashing between top of concrete foundation walls and bottom of masonry building walls; at top of concrete floors; under masonry, concrete, or stone copings and elsewhere as shown.
  - Where exposed portions are used as a counterflashings, lap base flashings at least 100 mm (4 inches) and use thickness of metal as specified for exposed locations.
  - 3. Exposed edge of flashing may be formed as a receiver for two piece counter flashing as specified.
  - Terminate exterior edge beyond face of wall approximately 6 mm (1/4 inch) with drip edge where not part of counter flashing.
  - 5. Turn back edge up 6 mm (1/4 inch) unless noted otherwise where flashing terminates in mortar joint or hollow masonry unit joint.
  - Terminate interior raised edge in masonry backup unit approximately 38 mm (1 1/2 inch) into unit unless shown otherwise.
  - Under copings terminate both edges beyond face of wall approximately
     6 mm (1/4 inch) with drip edge.
  - Lap end joints at least two corrugations, but not less than 100 mm (4 inches). Seal laps with sealant.
  - 9. Where dowels, reinforcing bars and fastening devices penetrate flashing, seal penetration with sealing compound. Sealing compound is specified in Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.
  - 10. Coordinate with other work to set in a bed of mortar above and below flashing so that total thickness of the two layers of mortar and flashing are same as regular mortar joint.
  - 11. Where ends of flashing terminate turn ends up 25 mm (1 inch) and fold corners to form dam extending to wall face in vertical mortar or veneer joint.
  - Turn flashing up not less than 200 mm (8 inch) between masonry or behind exterior veneer.
  - 13. When flashing terminates in reglet extend flashing full depth into reglet and secure with lead or plastic wedges spaced 150 mm (6 inch) on center.
  - 14. Continue flashing around columns:

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- a. Where flashing cannot be inserted in column reglet hold flashing vertical leg against column.
- b. Counterflash top edge with 75 mm (3 inch) wide strip of saturated cotton unless shown otherwise. Secure cotton strip with roof cement to column. Lap base flashing with cotton strip 38 mm (1 1/2 inch).
- B. Flashing at Top of Concrete Foundation Walls Where concrete is exposed. Turn up not less than 200 mm (8 inch) high and into masonry backup mortar joint or reglet in concrete backup as specified.
- C. Flashing at Top of Concrete Floors (except where shelf angles occur): Place flashing in horizontal masonry joint not less than 200 mm (8 inch) below floor slab and extend into backup masonry joint at floor slab 38 mm (1 1/2 inch).
- D. Flashing at Cavity Wall Construction: Where flashing occurs in cavity walls turn vertical portion up against backup under waterproofing, if any, into mortar joint. Turn up over insulation, if any, and horizontally through insulation into mortar joint.
- E. Flashing at Veneer Walls:
  - 1. Install near line of finish floors over shelf angles or where shown.
  - 2. Turn up against sheathing.
  - 3. At stud framing, hem top edge 19 mm (3/4 inch) and secure to each stud with stainless steel fasteners through sheathing.
  - 4. At concrete backing, extend flashing into reglet as specified.
  - 5. Coordinate with installation of waterproofing or asphalt felt for lap over top of flashing.
- F. Lintel Flashing when not part of shelf angle flashing:
  - Install flashing full length of lintel to nearest vertical joint in masonry over veneer.
  - Turn ends up 25 mm (one inch) and fold corners to form dam and extend end to face of wall.
  - Turn back edge up to top of lintel; terminate back edge as specified for back-up wall.
- G. Window Sill Flashing:
  - Install flashing to extend not less than 100 mm (4 inch) beyond ends of sill into vertical joint of masonry or veneer.
  - 2. Turn back edge up to terminate under window frame.

- 3. Turn ends up 25 mm (one inch) and fold corners to form dam and extend to face of wall.
- H. Door Sill Flashing:
  - Install flashing under bottom of plate sills of doors over curbs opening onto roofs. Extend flashing out to form counter flashing or receiver for counter flashing over base flashing. Set in sealant.
  - Extend sill flashing 200 mm (8 inch) beyond jamb opening. Turn ends up one inch in vertical masonry joint, extend end to face of wall. Join to counter flashing for water tight joint.
  - 3. Where doors thresholds cover over waterproof membranes install sill flashing over water proof membrane under thresholds. Extend beyond opening to cover exposed portion of waterproof membrane and not less than 150 mm (6 inch) beyond door jamb opening at ends. Turn up approximately 6 mm (1/4 inch) under threshold.
- I. Flashing at Masonry, Stone, or Precast Concrete Copings:
  - Install flashing with drips on both wall faces unless shown otherwise.
  - Form penetration openings to fit tight against dowel or other item with edge turned up. Seal penetrations with sealant.

### 3.3 BASE FLASHING

- A. Install where roof membrane type base flashing is not used and where shown.
  - Install flashing at intersections of roofs with vertical surfaces or at penetrations through roofs, to provide watertight construction.
  - Install metal flashings and accessories having flanges extending out on top of the built-up roofing before final bituminous coat and roof aggregate is applied.
  - Set flanges in heavy trowel coat of roof cement and nail through flanges into wood nailers over bituminous roofing.
  - 4. Secure flange by nailing through roofing into wood blocking with nails spaced 75 mm (3 inch) on centers or, when flange over 100 mm (4 inch) wide terminate in a 13 mm (1/2 inch) folded edge anchored with cleats spaced 200 mm (8 inch) on center. Secure one end of cleat over nail heads. Lock other end into the seam.
- B. For long runs of base flashings install in lengths of not less than 2400 mm (8 feet) nor more than 3000 mm (ten feet). Install a 75 mm (3 inch) wide slip type, loose lock expansion joint filled with sealant in

joints of base flashing sections over 2400 mm (8 feet) in length. Lock and solder corner joints at corners.

C. Extend base flashing up under counter flashing of roof specialties and accessories or equipment not less than 75 mm (3 inch).

# 3.4 COUNTERFLASHING (CAP FLASHING OR HOODS)

- A. General:
  - Install counterflashing over and in conjunction with installation of base flashings, except as otherwise specified or shown.
  - Install counterflashing to lap base flashings not less than 100 mm (4 inch).
  - Install upper edge or top of counterflashing not less than 225 mm (9 inch) above top of the roofing.
  - 4. Lap joints not less than 100 mm (4 inch). Stagger joints with relation to metal base flashing joints.
  - 5. Use surface applied counterflashing on existing surfaces and new work where not possible to integrate into item.
  - 6. When fastening to concrete or masonry, use screws driven in expansion shields set in concrete or masonry. Use screws to wood and sheet metal. Set fasteners in mortar joints of masonry work.
- B. One Piece Counterflashing:
  - 1. Where flashing is installed at new masonry, coordinate to insure proper height, embed in mortar, and end lap.
  - Where flashing is installed in reglet in concrete insert upper edge into reglet. Hold flashing in place with lead wedges spaced not more than 200 mm (8 inch) apart. Fill joint with sealant.
  - 3. Where flashing is surface mounted on flat surfaces.
    - a. When top edge is double folded anchor flat portion below sealant
       "V" joint with fasteners spaced not over 400 mm (16 inch) on center:
      - 1) Locate fasteners in masonry mortar joints.
      - 2) Use screws to sheet metal or wood.
    - b. Fill joint at top with sealant.
  - 4. Where flashing or hood is mounted on pipe.
    - a. Secure with draw band tight against pipe.
    - b. Set hood and secure to pipe with a one by 25 mm x 3 mm (1 x 1/8 inch) bolt on stainless steel draw band type clamp, or a stainless worm gear type clamp.

07 60 00 - 18 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL

c. Completely fill joint at top with sealant.

- C. Two-Piece Counterflashing:
  - 1. Where receiver is installed at new masonry coordinate to insure proper height, embed in mortar, and lap.
  - 2. Surface applied type receiver:
    - a. Secure to face construction in accordance, with manufacturers' instructions.
    - b. Completely fill space at the top edge of receiver with sealant.
  - Insert counter flashing in receiver in accordance with fabricator or manufacturer's instructions and to fit tight against base flashing.
- D. Where vented edge occur install so lower edge of counterflashing is against base flashing.
- E. When counter flashing is a component of other flashing install as shown.

# 3.5 COPINGS

- A. General:
  - On walls topped with a wood plank, install a continuous edge strip on the front and rear edge of the plank. Lock the coping to the edge strip with a 19 mm (3/4 inch) loose lock seam.
  - Where shown turn down roof side of coping and extend down over base flashing as specified for counter-flashing. Secure counter-flashing to lock strip in coping at continuous cleat.
  - Install ends adjoining existing construction so as to form space for installation of sealants. Sealant is specified in Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.
- B. Aluminum Coping:
  - 1. Install with 6 mm (1/4 inch) joint between ends of coping sections.
  - Install joint covers, centered at each joint, and securely lock in place.
- C. Stainless steel Copings:
  - Join ends of sheets by a 19 mm (3/4 inch) locked and soldered seam, except at intervals of 9600 mm (32 feet), provide a 38 mm (1 1/2 inch) loose locked expansion joint filled with sealant or mastic.
  - 2. At straight runs between 7200 mm (24 feet) and 19200 mm (64 feet) locate expansion joint at center.

07 60 00 - 19 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

3. At straight runs that exceed 9600 mm (32 feet) and form the leg of a corner locate the expansion joint not more than 4800 mm (16 feet) from the corner.

# 3.6 HANGING GUTTERS

- A. Hang gutters with high points equidistant from downspouts. Slope at not less than 1:200 (1/16 inch per foot).
- B. Lap joints, except for expansion joints, at least 25 mm (one inch) in the direction of flow. Rivet and seal or solder lapped joints.
- C. Support gutters in brackets spaced not more than 600 mm (24 inch) on centers, brackets attached to facial or wood nailer by at least two screws or nails.
  - For copper or copper clad stainless steel gutters use brass or bronze brackets.
  - 2. For stainless steel gutters use stainless steel brackets.
  - 3. For aluminum gutters use aluminum brackets or stainless steel brackets.
  - 4. Use brass or stainless steel screws.
- D. Secure brackets to gutters in such a manner as to allow free movement of gutter due to expansion and contraction.

#### 3.7 CONDUCTORS (DOWNSPOUTS)

- A. Where scuppers discharge into downspouts install conductor head to receive discharge with back edge up behind drip edge of scupper. Fasten and seal joint. Sleeve conductors to gutter outlet tubes and fasten joint and joints between sections.
- B. Set conductors plumb and clear of wall, and anchor to wall with two anchor straps, located near top and bottom of each section of conductor. Strap at top shall be fixed to downspout, intermediate straps and strap at bottom shall be slotted to allow not less than 13 mm (1/2 inch) movement for each 3000 mm (10 feet) of downspout.
- C. Install elbows, offsets and shoes where shown and required. Slope not less than 45 degrees.

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VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

### SECTION 07 71 00 ROOF SPECIALTIES

# PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 DESCRIPTION

A. This section specifies copings and fascias.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS: Sustainable Design Requirements.
- B. Section 07 21 13, THERMAL INSULATION: General Insulation.
- C. Section 07 22 00, ROOF AND DECK INSULATION: Rigid Insulations for Roofing.
- D. Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS: Sealant Material and Installation.

# 1.3 QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Provide roof accessories that products of manufacturers regularly engaged in producing the kinds of products specified.
- B. For each accessory type provide products made by the same manufacturer.
- C. Assemble each accessory to the greatest extent possible before delivery to the site.
- D. Provide each accessory with FM approval listing for class specified.

### 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide roof accessories that withstand exposure to weather and resist thermal movement without failure, rattling, leaking, or fastener disengagement due to defective manufacture, fabrication, or installation.
- B. Provide roof accessories listed in FM Approvals "RoofNav" and approved for windstorm classification Class as shown on drawings. Identify materials with FM Approval markings.
- C. Manufacture and install roof accessories to allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes to prevent buckling, opening of joints, hole elongation, overstressing of components, failure of joint sealants, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects.
  - Provide clips that resist rotation and avoid shear stress as a result of thermal movements.
  - For design purposes, base provisions for thermal movement on assumed ambient temperature (range) from minus 18 degrees C (0 degrees F), ambient to 82 degrees C (180 degrees F).

07 71 00 - 1 ROOF SPECIALTIES

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittals, as described below:
  - Postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content as specified in PART 2 - PRODUCTS.
- C. Samples: Representative sample panel of color-anodized aluminum not less than 101 x 101 mm (4 x 4 inches), except extrusions are to be of a width not less than section to be used. Submit sample that shows coating with integral color and texture. Include manufacturer's identifying label.
- D. Shop Drawings: Each item specified showing design, details of construction, installation and fastenings.
- E. Manufacturer's Literature and Data: Each item specified.
- F. Certificates: Stating that aluminum has been given specified thickness of anodizing.

## 1.6 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS:

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM):
  - A240/A240M-20.....Chromium and Chromium-Nickel Stainless Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip for Pressure Vessels and for General Applications

A653/A653M-20.....Steel Sheet Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot Dip Process

A666-15.....Annealed or Cold-Worked Austenitic Stainless Steel Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Flat Bar

- B209-14.....Aluminum and Aluminum Alloy-Sheet and Plate
- B209M-14.....Aluminum and Aluminum Alloy-Sheet and Plate (Metric)
- B221-14.....Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Shapes, and Tubes
- B221M-13.....Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire,

Shapes, and Tubes (Metric)

B32-08(2014).....Solder Metal

07 71 00 - 2 ROOF SPECIALTIES

VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 B370-12(2019).....Copper Sheet and Strip for Building Construction B882-10(2018).....Pre-Patinated Copper for Architectural Applications C612-14(2019).....Mineral Fiber Block and Board Thermal Insulation D1187/D1187M-97(2018)...Asphalt-Base Emulsions for Use as Protective Coatings for Metal D1970/D1970M-20.....Self-Adhering Polymer Modified Bituminous Sheet Materials Used as Steep Roofing Underlayment for Ice Dam Protection D226/D226M-17.....Asphalt-Saturated Organic Felt Used in Roofing and Waterproofing D4869/D4969M-16a.....Asphalt-Saturated Organic Felt Underlayment Used In Steep Slope Roofing C. National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers (NAAMM): AMP 500-06.....Metal Finishes Manual D. American Architectural Manufacturers Association (AAMA): 2605-11..... Content of the second se Architectural Extrusions and Panels. 611-14..... Anodized Architectural Aluminum E. FM Global (FM): RoofNav..... Approved Roofing Assemblies and Products PART 2 - PRODUCTS 2.1 MATERIALS A. Aluminum, Extruded: ASTM B221M (B221). B. Aluminum Sheet: ASTM B209M (B209). C. Galvanized Sheet Steel: ASTM A653/A653M; G-90 coating. D. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A240/A240M or ASTM A666, Type 304. E. Recycled Content of Metal Products: Postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content not less than 30 percent. F. Insulation: ASTM C612, Class 1 or 2. 2.2 UNDERLAYMENT A. Self-Adhering Modified Bitumen Underlayment:

 Provide self-adhering modified bitumen membrane underlayment material in compliance with ASTM D1970/D1970M, suitable for use as underlayment for metal copings and fascias.

> 07 71 00 - 3 ROOF SPECIALTIES

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- Provide membrane resistant to cyclical elevated temperatures for extended period of time in high heat service conditions (stable after testing at 116 degrees C (240 degrees F)).
- 3. Provide membrane with integral non-tacking top surface of polyethylene film or other surface material to serve as separator between bituminous material and metal products to be applied above.
- 4. Provide primer.
- B. Felt Underlayment: Provide No. 30 asphalt saturated organic, non-perforated felt underlayment in compliance with ASTM D226/D226M, Type II, or ASTM D4869/D4869M.
- C. Slip Sheet: Provide 0.24 kg per square meter (5 pounds per 100 sf) rosin sized unsaturated building paper for slip sheet.

# 2.3 COPINGS

- A. Fabricate of aluminum sheet not less than 3.2-mm (0.125 inch) thick.
- B. Turn outer edges down each face of wall as shown on construction documents.
- C. Maximum lengths of 3.05 M (10 feet).
- D. Shop fabricate external and internal corners as one-piece assemblies with not less than 305 mm (12 inch) leg lengths.
- E. Provide 101 mm (4 inch) wide 0.81 mm (0.032 inch) thick watertight joint covers.
- F. Provide anchor gutter bar of 0.81 mm (0.032 inch) thick with anchor holes formed for underside of joint.
- G. Provide concealed guttered splice plate of 0.81 mm (0.032 inch) thick with butyl or other resilient seal strips anchored to splice plate for underside of joint. Use galvanized steel anchor plate providing compression spring anchoring of coping cover.
- H. Finish: Two-coat fluoropolymer Color dark bronze.

## 2.4 EXTRUDED ALUMINUM FASCIAS

- A. Fabricate of aluminum not less than 2 mm (0.078 inch) thick.
- B. Turn fascia down face of wall and up above roof as shown in construction documents.
- C. Maximum lengths of 3.05 M (10-feet).
- D. Shop fabricate external and internal corners as one (1)-piece assemblies with not less than 305 mm (12 inch) leg lengths.

- E. Provide 101 mm (4 inch) wide 2 mm (0.078 inch) thick watertight joint covers with 152 mm (6 inch) wide 0.8 mm (0.030 inch) thick underside joint flashing.
- F. Finish: Two-coat fluoropolymer Color dark bronze.

## 2.5 FINISH:

- A. In accordance with NAAMM AMP 500-505.
- B. Aluminum, Mill Finish: AA-MIX, as fabricated.
- C. Fluoropolymer Finishes: High performance organic coating. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
  - Two-Coat Fluoropolymer: AAMA 2605. Fluoropolymer finish containing not less than 70 percent PVDF resin by weight in color coat.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, to verify actual locations, dimensions, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Verify that substrate is sound, dry, smooth, clean, sloped for drainage where applicable, and securely anchored.
- C. Underlayment Installation:
  - 1. Self-Adhering Sheet Underlayment:
    - a. Apply primer as required by manufacturer.
    - b. Comply with temperature restrictions of underlayment manufacturer for installation.
    - c. Apply wrinkle free, in shingle fashion to shed water, and with end laps of not less than 152 mm (6 inches) staggered 610 mm (24 inches) between courses.
    - d. Overlap side edges not less than 89 mm (3-1/2 inches). Roll laps with roller.
    - e. Cover underlayment within 14 days.
    - f. Apply continuously under copings and roof-edge fascias and gravel stops.
    - g. Coordinate application of self-adhering sheet underlayment under roof specialties with requirements for continuity with adjacent air barrier materials.
- D. Install roof accessories where indicated in construction documents.
- E. Secure with fasteners in accordance with manufacture's printed installation instructions and approved shop drawings unless shown

otherwise. Provide fasteners suitable for application, for metal types being secured and designed to meet performance requirements.

- F. Where soldered joints are required, clean surfaces to be soldered, removing oils and foreign matter.
  - 1. Pre-tin edges of sheets to be soldered to a width of 38 mm (1-1/2 inches).
  - 2. Reduce pre-tinning where pre-tinned surface would show in completed work.
  - 3. Do not use torches for soldering.
  - 4. Heat surfaces to receive solder and flow solder into joint.
  - 5. Fill joint completely.
  - 6. Completely remove flux and spatter from exposed surfaces.
- G. Coordinate to install insulation where shown; see Section 07 21 13, THERMAL INSULATION and Section 07 22 00, ROOF AND DECK INSULATION.
- H. Comply with section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS to install sealants where required by manufactures installation instructions.
- I. Coordinate with roofing work for installation of items in sequence to prevent water infiltration.
- J. Aluminum Coping:
  - Install sections of coping with approximately 6 mm (1/4-inch) space between ends of sections.
  - 2. Center joint gutter bar and covers at joints and lock in place.
  - When snap-on system is installed ensure front and back edges are locked in place.

## 3.2 PROTECTION OF ALUMINUM

- A. Provide protection for aluminum against galvanic action wherever dissimilar materials are in contact, by painting the contact surfaces of the dissimilar material with two (2) coats of asphalt coating (complete coverage), or by separating the contact surfaces with a preformed neoprene tape having pressure sensitive adhesive coating on one (1) side.
- B. Paint aluminum in contact with wood, concrete and masonry, or other absorptive materials, that may become repeatedly wet, with two (2) coats of asphalt coating.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

# 3.3 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust expansion joints to close tightly and be watertight; insuring maximum allowance for building movement.

# 3.4 PROTECTION

A. Protect roof accessories from damage during installation and after completion of the work from subsequent construction.

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## SECTION 07 84 00 FIRESTOPPING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Provide UL or equivalent approved firestopping system for the closures of openings in walls, floors, and roof decks against penetration of flame, heat, and smoke or gases in fire resistant rated construction.
- B. Provide UL or equivalent approved firestopping system for the closure of openings in walls against penetration of gases or smoke in smoke partitions.

### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS: Sustainable Design Requirements.
- B. Section 07 81 00, APPLIED FIREPROOFING: Spray applied fireproofing.
- C. Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS: Sealants and application.
- D. Section 23 31 00, HVAC DUCTS AND CASINGS: Fire and smoke damper assemblies in ductwork.

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittals, as described below:
  - Volatile organic compounds per volume as specified in PART 2 - PRODUCTS.
- C. Installer qualifications.
- D. Inspector qualifications.
- E. Manufacturers literature, data, and installation instructions for types of firestopping and smoke stopping used.
- F. List of FM, UL, or WH classification number of systems installed.
- G. Certified laboratory test reports for ASTM E814 tests for systems not listed by FM, UL, or WH proposed for use.
- H. Submit certificates from manufacturer attesting that firestopping materials comply with the specified requirements.

## 1.4 DELIVERY AND STORAGE

- A. Deliver materials in their original unopened containers with manufacturer's name and product identification.
- B. Store in a location providing protection from damage and exposure to the elements.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. FM, UL, or WH or other approved laboratory tested products will be acceptable.
- B. Installer Qualifications: A firm that has been approved by FM Global according to FM Global 4991 or been evaluated by UL and found to comply with UL's "Qualified Firestop Contractor Program Requirements." Submit qualification data.
- C. Inspector Qualifications: Contractor to engage a qualified inspector to perform inspections and final reports. The inspector to meet the criteria contained in ASTM E699 for agencies involved in quality assurance and to have a minimum of two years' experience in construction field inspections of firestopping systems, products, and assemblies. The inspector to be completely independent of, and divested from, the Contractor, the installer, the manufacturer, and the supplier of material or item being inspected. Submit inspector qualifications.

#### **1.6 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM): E84-20.....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials E699-16....Standard Specification for Agencies Involved in Testing, Quality Assurance, and Evaluating of Manufactured Building Components E814-13a(2017).....Fire Tests of Penetration Firestop Systems E2174-20a....Standard Practice for On-Site Inspection of Installed Firestop Systems E2393-20....Standard Practice for On-Site Inspection of Installed Fire Resistive Joint Systems and Perimeter Fire Barriers
  C. FM Global (FM):

Annual Issue Approval Guide Building Materials 4991-13......Approval of Firestop Contractors

- D. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL): Annual Issue Building Materials Directory
- E. Annual Issue Fire Resistance Directory

07 84 00 - 2 FIRESTOPPING

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VA Project 656-21-235
March 30, 2022
100% CD Issued for Bidding
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723-Edition 11(2018)....Standard for Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials

1479-04(2015).....Fire Tests of Penetration Firestops

- F. Intertek Testing Services Warnock Hersey (ITS-WH):
   Annual Issue Certification Listings
- G. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA):

40 CFR 59(2014).....National Volatile Organic Compound Emission Standards for Consumer and Commercial Products

PART 2 - PRODUCTS - ONLY RED FIRE CAULK ALLOWED. NO OTHER COLOR OF FIRE CAULK PERMITTED. REQUIRE 3RD PARTY FIRE PROOFING AND CAULKING INSPECTIONS. USE PART 3 - 25% SAMPLING METHOD WITH A 10% RETEST REQUIREMENT UNTIL ALL SAMPLES PASS

## 3.1 FIRESTOP SYSTEMS

- A. Provide either factory built (Firestop Devices) or field erected (through-Penetration Firestop Systems) to form a specific building system maintaining required integrity of the fire barrier and stop the passage of gases or smoke. Firestop systems to accommodate building movements without impairing their integrity.
- B. Through-penetration firestop systems and firestop devices tested in accordance with ASTM E814 or UL 1479 using the "F" or "T" rating to maintain the same rating and integrity as the fire barrier being sealed. "T" ratings are not required for penetrations smaller than or equal to 101 mm (4 inches) nominal pipe or 0.01 square meter (16 square inches) in overall cross sectional area.
- C. Firestop sealants used for firestopping or smoke sealing to have the following properties:
  - 1. Contain no flammable or toxic solvents.
  - Release no dangerous or flammable out gassing during the drying or curing of products.
  - Water-resistant after drying or curing and unaffected by high humidity, condensation or transient water exposure.
  - When installed in exposed areas, capable of being sanded and finished with similar surface treatments as used on the surrounding wall or floor surface.
  - 5. VOC Content: Firestopping sealants and sealant primers to comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, (EPA Method 24):

07 84 00 - 3 FIRESTOPPING

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

a. Sealants: 250 g/L.

- b. Sealant Primers for Nonporous Substrates: 250 g/L.
- c. Sealant Primers for Porous Substrates: 775 g/L.
- D. Firestopping system or devices used for penetrations by glass pipe, plastic pipe or conduits, unenclosed cables, or other non-metallic materials to have following properties:
  - 1. Classified for use with the particular type of penetrating material used.
  - Penetrations containing loose electrical cables, computer data cables, and communications cables protected using firestopping systems that allow unrestricted cable changes without damage to the seal.
- E. Maximum flame spread of 25 and smoke development of 50 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84 or UL 723. Material to be an approved firestopping material as listed in UL Fire Resistance Directory or by a nationally recognized testing laboratory.
- F. FM, UL, or WH rated or tested by an approved laboratory in accordance with ASTM E814.
- G. Materials to be nontoxic and noncarcinogen at all stages of application or during fire conditions and to not contain hazardous chemicals. Provide firestop material that is free from Ethylene Glycol, PCB, MEK, and asbestos.
- H. For firestopping exposed to view, traffic, moisture, and physical damage, provide products that do not deteriorate when exposed to these conditions.
  - For piping penetrations for plumbing and wet-pipe sprinkler systems, provide moisture-resistant through-penetration firestop systems.
  - 2. For floor penetrations with annular spaces exceeding 101 mm (4 inches) or more in width and exposed to possible loading and traffic, provide firestop systems capable of supporting the floor loads involved either by installing floor plates or by other means acceptable to the firestop manufacturer.
  - 3. For penetrations involving insulated piping, provide throughpenetration firestop systems not requiring removal of insulation.

# 3.2 SMOKE STOPPING IN SMOKE PARTITIONS

A. Provide silicone sealant in smoke partitions as specified in Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.

> 07 84 00 - 4 FIRESTOPPING

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- B. Provide mineral fiber filler and bond breaker behind sealant.
- C. Sealants to have a maximum flame spread of 25 and smoke developed of 50 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
- D. When used in exposed areas capable of being sanded and finished with similar surface treatments as used on the surrounding wall or floor surface.

### PART 4 - EXECUTION

### 4.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Submit product data and installation instructions, as required by article, submittals, after an on-site examination of areas to receive firestopping.
- B. Examine substrates and conditions with installer present for compliance with requirements for opening configuration, penetrating items, substrates, and other conditions affecting performance of firestopping. Do not proceed with installation until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 4.2 PREPARATION

- A. Remove dirt, grease, oil, laitance and form-release agents from concrete, loose materials, or other substances that prevent adherence and bonding or application of the firestopping or smoke stopping materials.
- B. Remove insulation on insulated pipe for a distance of 150 mm (6 inches) on each side of the fire rated assembly prior to applying the firestopping materials unless the firestopping materials are tested and approved for use on insulated pipes.
- C. Prime substrates where required by joint firestopping system manufacturer using that manufacturer's recommended products and methods. Confine primers to areas of bond; do not allow spillage and migration onto exposed surfaces.
- D. Masking Tape: Apply masking tape to prevent firestopping from contacting adjoining surfaces that will remain exposed upon completion of work and that would otherwise be permanently stained or damaged by such contact or by cleaning methods used to remove smears from firestopping materials. Remove tape as soon as it is possible to do so without disturbing seal of firestopping with substrates.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

### 4.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Do not begin firestopping work until the specified material data and installation instructions of the proposed firestopping systems have been submitted and approved.
- B. Install firestopping systems with smoke stopping in accordance with FM, UL, WH, or other approved system details and installation instructions.
- C. Install smoke stopping seals in smoke partitions.

## 4.4 CLEAN-UP

- A. As work on each floor is completed, remove materials, litter, and debris.
- B. Clean up spills of liquid type materials.
- C. Clean off excess fill materials and sealants adjacent to openings and joints as work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials approved by manufacturers of firestopping products and of products in which opening and joints occur.
- D. Protect firestopping during and after curing period from contact with contaminating substances or from damage resulting from construction operations or other causes so that they are without deterioration or damage at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, cut out and remove damaged or deteriorated firestopping immediately and install new materials to provide firestopping complying with specified requirements.

### 4.5 INSPECTIONS AND ACCEPTANCE OF WORK

- A. Do not conceal or enclose firestop assemblies until inspection is complete and approved by the Contracting Officer Representative (COR).
- B. Furnish service of approved inspector to inspect firestopping in accordance with ASTM E2393 and ASTM E2174 for firestop inspection, and document inspection results. Submit written reports indicating locations of and types of penetrations and type of firestopping used at each location; type is to be recorded by UL listed printed numbers.

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## SECTION 07 92 00 JOINT SEALANTS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 DESCRIPTION:

A. This section covers interior and exterior sealant and their application, wherever required for complete installation of building materials or systems.

### 1.2 RELATED WORK (INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING):

- A. Sustainable Design Requirements: Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS.
- B. Firestopping Penetrations: Section 07 84 00, FIRESTOPPING.
- C. Sound Rated Gypsum Partitions/Sound Sealants: Section 09 29 00, GYPSUM BOARD.
- D. Mechanical Work: Section 22 05 11, COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR PLUMBING Section 23 05 11, COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR HVAC AND STEAM GENERATION.

# 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer with a minimum of three (3) years' experience and who has specialized in installing joint sealants similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project and whose work has resulted in joint-sealant installations with a record of successful in-service performance. Submit qualification.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of joint sealant through one (1) source from a single manufacturer.
- C. Product Testing: Obtain test results from a qualified testing agency based on testing current sealant formulations within a 12-month period.
  - 1. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency qualified according to ASTM C1021.
  - Test elastomeric joint sealants for compliance with requirements specified by reference to ASTM C920, and where applicable, to other standard test methods.
  - 3. Test elastomeric joint sealants according to SWRI's Sealant Validation Program for compliance with requirements specified by reference to ASTM C920 for adhesion and cohesion under cyclic movement, adhesion-in peel, and indentation hardness.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 4. Test other joint sealants for compliance with requirements indicated by referencing standard specifications and test methods.
- D. Lab Tests: Submit samples of materials that will be in contact or affect joint sealants to joint sealant manufacturers for tests as follows:
  - Adhesion Testing: Before installing elastomeric sealants, test their adhesion to protect joint substrates according to the method in ASTM C794 to determine if primer or other specific joint preparation techniques are required.
  - Compatibility Testing: Before installing elastomeric sealants, determine compatibility when in contact with glazing and gasket materials.
  - 3. Stain Testing: Perform testing per ASTM C1248 on interior and exterior sealants to determine if sealants or primers will stain adjacent surfaces. No sealant work is to start until results of these tests have been submitted to the Contracting Officer Representative (COR) and the COR has given written approval to proceed with the work.

### 1.4 CERTIFICATION:

A. Contractor is to submit to the COR written certification that joints are of the proper size and design, that the materials supplied are compatible with adjacent materials and backing, that the materials will properly perform to provide permanent watertight, airtight or vapor tight seals (as applicable), and that materials supplied meet specified performance requirements.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS:

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittals, as described below:
  - Volatile organic compounds per volume as specified in PART 2 - PRODUCTS.
- C. Installer qualifications.
- D. Contractor certification.
- E. Manufacturer's installation instructions for each product used.
- F. Cured samples of exposed sealants for each color.
- G. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:

07 92 00 - 2 JOINT SEALANTS

- 1. Primers
- 2. Sealing compound, each type, including compatibility when different sealants are in contact with each other.
- H. Manufacturer warranty.

## 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS:

- A. Environmental Limitations:
  - Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants under following conditions:
    - a. When ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by joint sealant manufacturer or are below
       4.4 degrees C (40 degrees F).
    - b. When joint substrates are wet.
- B. Joint-Width Conditions:
  - Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants where joint widths are less than those allowed by joint sealant manufacturer for applications indicated.
- C. Joint-Substrate Conditions:
  - Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants until contaminants capable of interfering with adhesion are removed from joint substrates.

## 1.7 DELIVERY, HANDLING, AND STORAGE:

- A. Deliver materials in manufacturers' original unopened containers, with brand names, date of manufacture, shelf life, and material designation clearly marked thereon.
- B. Carefully handle and store to prevent inclusion of foreign materials.
- C. Do not subject to sustained temperatures exceeding 32 degrees C (90 degrees F) or less than 5 degrees C (40 degrees F).

### 1.8 DEFINITIONS:

- A. Definitions of terms in accordance with ASTM C717 and as specified.
- B. Backing Rod: A type of sealant backing.
- C. Bond Breakers: A type of sealant backing.
- D. Filler: A sealant backing used behind a back-up rod.

# 1.9 WARRANTY:

A. Construction Warranty: Comply with FAR clause 52.246-21 "Warranty of Construction".

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

B. Manufacturer Warranty: Manufacturer shall warranty their sealant for a minimum of five (5) years from the date of installation and final acceptance by the Government. Submit manufacturer warranty.

# 1.10 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS:

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designation only.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM):
- C509-06.....Elastomeric Cellular Preformed Gasket and Sealing Material C612-14......Mineral Fiber Block and Board Thermal Insulation C717-14a.....Standard Terminology of Building Seals and Sealants C734-06(R2012).....Test Method for Low-Temperature Flexibility of Latex Sealants after Artificial Weathering C794-10.....Test Method for Adhesion-in-Peel of Elastomeric Joint Sealants C919-12.....Use of Sealants in Acoustical Applications. C920-14a.....Elastomeric Joint Sealants. C1021-08 (R2014) .....Laboratories Engaged in Testing of Building Sealants C1193-13.....Standard Guide for Use of Joint Sealants. C1248-08(R2012).....Test Method for Staining of Porous Substrate by Joint Sealants C1330-02(R2013).....Cylindrical Sealant Backing for Use with Cold Liquid Applied Sealants C1521-13..... Standard Practice for Evaluating Adhesion of Installed Weatherproofing Sealant Joints D217-10.....Test Methods for Cone Penetration of Lubricating Grease D1056-14.....Specification for Flexible Cellular Materials-Sponge or Expanded Rubber E84-09.....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials C. Sealant, Waterproofing and Restoration Institute (SWRI). The Professionals' Guide

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

D. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA):

40 CFR 59(2014).....National Volatile Organic Compound Emission Standards for Consumer and Commercial Products

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 SEALANTS:

- A. Exterior Sealants:
  - Vertical surfaces, provide non-staining ASTM C920, Type S or M, Grade NS, Class 25, Use NT.
  - Horizontal surfaces, provide ASTM C920, Type S or M, Grade P, Class
     25, Use T.
  - 3. Provide location(s) of exterior sealant as follows:
    - Joints formed where frames and subsills of windows, doors, louvers, and vents adjoin masonry, concrete, or metal frames.
       Provide sealant at exterior surfaces of exterior wall penetrations.
    - b. Metal to metal.
    - c. Masonry to masonry or stone.
    - d. Stone to stone.
    - e. Cast stone to cast stone.
    - f. Masonry expansion and control joints.
    - g. Wood to masonry.
    - h. Masonry joints where shelf angles occur.
    - i. Voids where items penetrate exterior walls.
    - j. Metal reglets, where flashing is inserted into masonry joints, and where flashing is penetrated by coping dowels.
- B. Floor Joint Sealant:
  - 1. ASTM C920, Type S or M, Grade P, Class 25, Use T.
  - 2. Provide location(s) of floor joint sealant as follows.
    - a. Seats of metal thresholds exterior doors.
    - b. Control and expansion joints in floors, slabs, ceramic tile, and walkways.
- C. Interior Sealants:
  - VOC Content of Interior Sealants: Sealants and sealant primers used inside the weatherproofing system are to comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, (EPA Method 24):

- a. Architectural Sealants: 250 g/L.
- b. Sealant Primers for Nonporous Substrates: 250 g/L.
- c. Sealant Primers for Porous Substrates: 775 g/L.
- Vertical and Horizontal Surfaces: ASTM C920, Type S or M, Grade NS, Class 25Use NT.
- 3. Not Used
- 4. Provide location(s) of interior sealant as follows:
  - a. Typical narrow joint 6 mm, (1/4 inch) or less at walls and adjacent components.
  - b. Perimeter of doors, windows, access panels which adjoin concrete or masonry surfaces.
  - c. Interior surfaces of exterior wall penetrations.
  - d. Joints at masonry walls and columns, piers, concrete walls or exterior walls.
  - e. Perimeter of lead faced control windows and plaster or gypsum wallboard walls.
  - f. Exposed isolation joints at top of full height walls.
  - g. Joints between bathtubs and ceramic tile; joints between shower receptors and ceramic tile; joints formed where nonplanar tile surfaces meet.
  - h. Joints formed between tile floors and tile base cove; joints between tile and dissimilar materials; joints occurring where substrates change.
  - i. Behind escutcheon plates at valve pipe penetrations and showerheads in showers.
- D. Acoustical Sealant:
  - Conforming to ASTM C919; flame spread of 25 or less; and a smoke developed rating of 50 or less when tested in accordance with ASTM E84. Acoustical sealant have a consistency of 250 to 310 when tested in accordance with ASTM D217; remain flexible and adhesive after 500 hours of accelerated weathering as specified in ASTM C734; and be non-staining.
  - 2. Provide location(s) of acoustical sealant as follows:
    - a. Exposed acoustical joint at sound rated partitions.
    - b. Concealed acoustic joints at sound rated partitions.
    - c. Joints where item pass-through sound rated partitions.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## 2.2 COLOR:

- A. Sealants used with exposed masonry are to match color of mortar joints.
- B. Sealants used with unpainted concrete are to match color of adjacent concrete.
- C. Color of sealants are intended to match color used in these applications on existing areas of the building.

### 2.3 JOINT SEALANT BACKING:

- A. General: Provide sealant backings of material and type that are nonstaining; are compatible with joint substrates, sealants, primers, and other joint fillers; and are approved for applications indicated by sealant manufacturer based on field experience and laboratory testing.
- B. Cylindrical Sealant Backings: ASTM C1330, of type indicated below and of size and density to control sealant depth and otherwise contribute to producing optimum sealant performance:
  - 1. Type C: Closed-cell material with a surface skin.
- C. Elastomeric Tubing Sealant Backings: Neoprene, butyl, EPDM, or silicone tubing complying with ASTM D1056 or synthetic rubber (ASTM C509), nonabsorbent to water and gas, and capable of remaining resilient at temperatures down to minus 32 degrees C (minus 26 degrees F). Provide products with low compression set and of size and shape to provide a secondary seal, to control sealant depth, and otherwise contribute to optimum sealant performance.
- D. Bond-Breaker Tape: Polyethylene tape or other plastic tape recommended by sealant manufacturer for preventing sealant from adhering to rigid, inflexible joint-filler materials or joint surfaces at back of joint where such adhesion would result in sealant failure. Provide selfadhesive tape where applicable.

# 2.4 WEEPS:

- A. Weep/Vent Products: Provide the following unless otherwise indicated or approved.
  - Round Plastic Tubing: Medium-density polyethylene, 10 mm (3/8-inch)
     OD by thickness of stone or masonry veneer.

# 2.5 FILLER:

- A. Mineral fiberboard: ASTM C612, Class 1.
- B. Thickness same as joint width.
- C. Depth to fill void completely behind back-up rod.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

### 2.6 PRIMER:

A. As recommended by manufacturer of caulking or sealant material.

B. Stain free type.

## 2.7 CLEANERS-NON POROUS SURFACES:

A. Chemical cleaners compatible with sealant and acceptable to manufacturer of sealants and sealant backing material. Cleaners to be free of oily residues and other substances capable of staining or harming joint substrates and adjacent non-porous surfaces and formulated to promote adhesion of sealant and substrates.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSPECTION:

- A. Inspect substrate surface for bond breaker contamination and unsound materials at adherent faces of sealant.
- B. Coordinate for repair and resolution of unsound substrate materials.
- C. Inspect for uniform joint widths and that dimensions are within tolerance established by sealant manufacturer.

### 3.2 PREPARATIONS:

- A. Prepare joints in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and SWRI (The Professionals' Guide).
- B. Clean surfaces of joint to receive caulking or sealants leaving joint dry to the touch, free from frost, moisture, grease, oil, wax, lacquer paint, or other foreign matter that would tend to destroy or impair adhesion.
  - Clean porous joint substrate surfaces by brushing, grinding, blast cleaning, mechanical abrading, or a combination of these methods to produce a clean, sound substrate capable of developing optimum bond with joint sealants.
  - Remove loose particles remaining from above cleaning operations by vacuuming or blowing out joints with oil-free compressed air. Porous joint surfaces include but are not limited to the following:
    - a. Concrete.
    - b. Masonry.
    - c. Unglazed surfaces of ceramic tile.
  - 3. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.
  - 4. Clean nonporous surfaces with chemical cleaners or other means that do not stain, harm substrates, or leave residues capable of

interfering with adhesion of joint sealants. Nonporous surfaces include but are not limited to the following:

- a. Metal.
- b. Glass.
- c. Porcelain enamel.
- d. Glazed surfaces of ceramic tile.
- C. Do not cut or damage joint edges.
- D. Apply non-staining masking tape to face of surfaces adjacent to joints before applying primers, caulking, or sealing compounds.
  - 1. Do not leave gaps between ends of sealant backings.
  - 2. Do not stretch, twist, puncture, or tear sealant backings.
  - 3. Remove absorbent sealant backings that have become wet before sealant application and replace them with dry materials.
- E. Apply primer to sides of joints wherever required by compound manufacturer's printed instructions or as indicated by pre-construction joint sealant substrate test.
  - Apply primer prior to installation of back-up rod or bond breaker tape.
  - Use brush or other approved means that will reach all parts of joints. Avoid application to or spillage onto adjacent substrate surfaces.

# 3.3 BACKING INSTALLATION:

- A. Install backing material, to form joints enclosed on three sides as required for specified depth of sealant.
- B. Where deep joints occur, install filler to fill space behind the backing rod and position the rod at proper depth.
- C. Cut fillers installed by others to proper depth for installation of backing rod and sealants.
- D. Install backing rod, without puncturing the material, to a uniform depth, within plus or minus 3 mm (1/8 inch) for sealant depths specified.
- E. Where space for backing rod does not exist, install bond breaker tape strip at bottom (or back) of joint so sealant bonds only to two opposing surfaces.

## 3.4 SEALANT DEPTHS AND GEOMETRY:

A. At widths up to 6 mm (1/4 inch), sealant depth equal to width.

07 92 00 - 9 JOINT SEALANTS B. At widths over 6 mm (1/4 inch), sealant depth 1/2 of width up to 13 mm (1/2 inch) maximum depth at center of joint with sealant thickness at center of joint approximately 1/2 of depth at adhesion surface.

# 3.5 INSTALLATION:

- A. General:
  - Apply sealants and caulking only when ambient temperature is between 5 degrees C and 38 degrees C (40 degrees and 100 degrees F).
  - Do not install polysulfide base sealants where sealant may be exposed to fumes from bituminous materials, or where water vapor in continuous contact with cementitious materials may be present.
  - 3. Do not install sealant type listed by manufacture as not suitable for use in locations specified.
  - Apply caulking and sealing compound in accordance with manufacturer's printed instructions.
  - 5. Avoid dropping or smearing compound on adjacent surfaces.
  - 6. Fill joints solidly with compound and finish compound smooth.
  - 7. Tool exposed joints to form smooth and uniform beds, with slightly concave surface conforming to joint configuration per Figure 5A in ASTM C1193 unless shown or specified otherwise in construction documents. Remove masking tape immediately after tooling of sealant and before sealant face starts to "skin" over. Remove any excess sealant from adjacent surfaces of joint, leaving the working in a clean finished condition.
  - Finish paving or floor joints flush unless joint is otherwise detailed.
  - 9. Apply compounds with nozzle size to fit joint width.
  - Test sealants for compatibility with each other and substrate. Use only compatible sealant. Submit test reports.
  - 11. Replace sealant which is damaged during construction process.
- B. Weeps: Place weep holes and vents in joints where moisture may accumulate, including at base of cavity walls, above shelf angles, at all flashing, and as indicated on construction documents.
  - 1. Use round plastic tubing to form weep holes.
  - Space weep holes formed from plastic tubing not more than 406 mm (16 inches) o.c.
  - 3. Trim tubing material used in weep holes flush with exterior wall face after sealant has set.

07 92 00 - 10 JOINT SEALANTS

- C. For application of sealants, follow requirements of ASTM C1193 unless specified otherwise. Take all necessary steps to prevent three-sided adhesion of sealants.
- D. Interior Sealants: Where gypsum board partitions are of sound rated, fire rated, or smoke barrier construction, follow requirements of ASTM C919 only to seal all cut-outs and intersections with the adjoining construction unless specified otherwise.
  - Apply a 6 mm (1/4 inch) minimum bead of sealant each side of runners (tracks), including those used at partition intersections with dissimilar wall construction.
  - 2. Coordinate with application of gypsum board to install sealant immediately prior to application of gypsum board.
  - Partition intersections: Seal edges of face layer of gypsum board abutting intersecting partitions, before taping and finishing or application of veneer plaster-joint reinforcing.
  - 4. Openings: Apply a 6 mm (1/4 inch) bead of sealant around all cutouts to seal openings of electrical boxes, ducts, pipes and similar penetrations. To seal electrical boxes, seal sides and backs.
  - 5. Control Joints: Before control joints are installed, apply sealant in back of control joint to reduce flanking path for sound through control joint.

# 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL:

- A. Field-Adhesion Testing: Field-test joint-sealant adhesion to joint substrates according to Method A, Field-Applied Sealant Joint Hand Pull Tab, in Appendix X1 in ASTM C1193 or Method A, Tail Procedure, in ASTM C1521.
  - Extent of Testing: Test completed elastomeric sealant joints as follows:
    - a. Perform 10 tests for first 305 m (1000 feet) of joint length for each type of elastomeric sealant and joint substrate.
    - b. Perform one test for each 305 m (1000 feet) of joint length thereafter or one test per each floor per elevation.
- B. Inspect joints for complete fill, for absence of voids, and for joint configuration complying with specified requirements. Record results in a field adhesion test log.
- C. Inspect tested joints and report on following:

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- Whether sealants in joints connected to pulled-out portion failed to adhere to joint substrates or tore cohesively. Include data on pull distance used to test each type of product and joint substrate.
- 2. Compare these results to determine if adhesion passes sealant manufacturer's field-adhesion hand-pull test criteria.
- 3. Whether sealants filled joint cavities and are free from voids.
- 4. Whether sealant dimensions and configurations comply with specified requirements.
- D. Record test results in a field adhesion test log. Include dates when sealants were installed, names of persons who installed sealants, test dates, test locations, whether joints were primed, adhesion results and percent elongations, sealant fill, sealant configuration, and sealant dimensions.
- E. Repair sealants pulled from test area by applying new sealants following same procedures used to originally seal joints. Ensure that original sealant surfaces are clean and new sealant contacts original sealant.
- F. Evaluation of Field-Test Results: Sealants not evidencing adhesive failure from testing or noncompliance with other indicated requirements, will be considered satisfactory. Remove sealants that fail to adhere to joint substrates during testing or to comply with other requirements. Retest failed applications until test results prove sealants comply with indicated requirements.

## 3.7 CLEANING:

- A. Fresh compound accidentally smeared on adjoining surfaces: Scrape off immediately and rub clean with a solvent as recommended by manufacturer of the adjacent material or if not otherwise indicated by the caulking or sealant manufacturer.
- B. Leave adjacent surfaces in a clean and unstained condition.

- - - E N D - - -

# SECTION 08 11 13 HOLLOW METAL DOORS AND FRAMES

## PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - Hollow metal doors hung in hollow metal frames at interior locations.
  - 2. Hollow metal door frames for wood doors at interior locations.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 05 50 00, METAL FABRICATIONS: Frames fabricated of structural steel.
- B. Section 08 14 00, INTERIOR WOOD DOORS
- C. Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE: Door Hardware:
- D. Card Readers and Biometric Devices: Section 28 13 00, PHYSICAL ACCESS CONTROL SYSTEM.
- E. Intrusion Alarm: Section 28 16 00, INTRUSION DETECTION SYSTEM.
- F. Security Monitors: Section 28 23 00, VIDEO SURVEILLANCE.

#### **1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. American National Standard Institute (ANSI): A250.8-2014.....Standard Steel Doors and Frames
- C. ASTM International (ASTM):
  - A240/A240M-15b.....Chromium and Chromium-Nickel Stainless Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip for Pressure Vessels and for General Applications
    - A653/A653M-15.....Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip
    - A1008/A1008M-15.....Steel, Sheet, Cold-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High Strength Low Alloy and High Strength Low Alloy with Improved Formability, Solution Hardened, and Bake Hardenable

B209-14.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate B209M-14.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate

(Metric)

VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 B221-14.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Profiles, and Tubes B221M-13.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Profiles, and Tubes (Metric) D3656/D3656M-13.....Insect Screening and Louver Cloth Woven from Vinyl Coated Glass Yarns E90-09.....Laboratory Measurement of Airborne Sound Transmission Loss of Building Partitions and Elements D. Federal Specifications (Fed. Spec.): L-S-125B..... Screening, Insect, Nonmetallic E. Master Painters Institute (MPI): No. 18..... Primer, Zinc Rich, Organic F. National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers (NAAMM): AMP 500-06.....Metal Finishes Manual G. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA): 80-16..... Fire Doors and Other Opening Protectives H. UL LLC (UL): 10C-09..... Positive Pressure Fire Tests of Door Assemblies 1784-15.....Air Leakage Tests of Door Assemblies and Other Opening Protectives I. Department of Veterans Affairs VA Physical Security and Resiliency Design Manual October 1, 2020 1.4 SUBMITTALS A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES. B. Submittal Drawings: 1. Show size, configuration, and fabrication and installation details. C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data: 1. Description of each product. 2. Include schedule showing each door and frame requirements, fire label, and smoke control label for openings. 3. Installation instructions. D. Sustainable Construction Submittals: 1. Recycled Content: Identify post-consumer and pre-consumer recycled content percentage by weight.

E. Test reports: Certify each product complies with specifications.

08 11 13 - 2 HOLLOW METAL DOORS AND FRAMES

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 1. Sound rated door.
- F. Qualifications: Substantiate qualifications comply with specifications.
  - 1. Manufacturer with project experience list.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications:

- 1. Regularly manufactures specified products.
- Manufactured specified products with satisfactory service on five similar installations for minimum five years.
  - a. Project Experience List: Provide contact names and addresses for completed projects.

## 1.6 DELIVERY

- A. Fasten temporary steel spreaders across the bottom of each door frame before shipment.
- B. Deliver products in manufacturer's original sealed packaging.
- C. Mark packaging, legibly. Indicate manufacturer's name or brand, type, production run number, and manufacture date.
- D. Before installation, return or dispose of products within distorted, damaged, or opened packaging.

## 1.7 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Store products indoors in dry, weathertight facility.
- B. Protect products from damage during handling and construction operations.

### 1.8 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

- A. Design hollow metal doors and frames complying with specified performance:
  - 1. Fire Doors and Frames: UL 10C; NFPA 80 labeled.
    - a. Fire Ratings: See drawings.
  - Smoke Control Doors and Frames: UL 1784; NFPA 80 labeled, maximum 0.15424 cubic meter/second/square meter (3.0 cubic feet/minute/square foot) at 24.9 Pa (0.10 inches water gauge) pressure differential.
  - Sound Rated Doors and Frames: Minimum 45 sound transmission class (STC) when tested according to ASTM E90.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## 2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Stainless Steel: ASTM A240/A240M; Type 316.
- B. Sheet Steel: ASTM A1008/A1008M, cold-rolled.
- C. Galvanized Sheet Steel: ASTM A653.

### 2.3 PRODUCTS - GENERAL

- A. Provide hollow metal doors and frames from one manufacturer.
- B. Sustainable Construction Requirements:
  - 1. Steel Recycled Content: 30 percent total recycled content, minimum.
  - Stainless Steel Recycled Content: 70 percent total recycled content, minimum.

### 2.4 HOLLOW METAL DOORS

- A. Hollow Metal Doors: ANSI A250.8; 44 mm (1-3/4 inches) thick. See drawings for sizes and designs.
  - Interior Doors: Level 2 and Physical Performance Level B, heavy duty; Model 2, seamless.
- B. Door Faces:
  - Interior Doors: Stainless steel and Sheet steel minimum Z120 or ZF120 (G40 or A40).
- C. Door Cores:
  - 1. Interior Doors: vertical steel stiffeners.
  - Fire Doors: Manufacturer's standard complying with specified fire rating performance.

### 2.5 HOLLOW METAL FRAMES

- A. Hollow Metal Frames: ANSI A250.8; face welded. See drawings for sizes and designs.
  - 1. Interior Frames:
    - a. Level 2 and Level 3 Hollow Metal Doors: 1.3 mm (0.053 inch) thick.
    - b. Wood Doors: 1.3 mm (0.053 inch) thick.
- B. Frame Materials:
  - Interior Frames: Stainless steel or Sheet steel Z120 or ZF120 (G40 or A40) coating.

### 2.6 FABRICATION

- A. Hardware Preparation: ANSI A250.8; for hardware specified in Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE.
- B. Hollow Metal Door Fabrication:

- Close top edge of exterior doors flush and seal to prevent water intrusion.
- 2. Fill spaces between vertical steel stiffeners with insulation.
- C. Fire and Smoke Control Doors:
  - 1. Close top and vertical edges flush.
  - 2. Apply steel astragal to active leaf at pair and double egress doors.
    - a. Exception: Where vertical rod exit devices are specified for both leaves swinging in same direction.
  - 3. Fire and Smoke Control Door Clearances: NFPA 80.
- D. Custom Metal Hollow Doors:
  - Provide custom hollow metal doors where nonstandard steel doors are shown on drawings.
    - a. Provide door sizes, design, materials, construction, gauges, and finish as specified for standard steel doors.
- E. Hollow Metal Frame Fabrication:
  - 1. Fasten mortar guards to back of hardware reinforcements.
  - 2. Terminated Stops: ANSI A250.8.
  - 3. Frame Anchors:
    - a. Floor anchors:
      - Provide extension type floor anchors to compensate for depth of floor fills.
      - Provide 1.3 mm (0.053 inch) thick steel clip angles welded to jamb and drilled to receive floor fasteners.
      - 3) Provide 50 mm by 50 mm by 9 mm (2 inch by 2 inch by 3/8 inch) clip angle for lead lined frames, drilled for floor fasteners.
      - Provide mullion 2.3 mm (0.093 inch) thick steel channel anchors, drilled for two floor fasteners and frame anchor screws.
      - 5) Provide continuous 1 mm (0.042 inch) thick steel rough bucks drilled for floor fasteners and frame anchor screws for sill sections.
        - a) Space floor bolts50 mm (24 inches) on center.
    - b. Jamb anchors:
      - 1) Place anchors on jambs:
        - a) Near top and bottom of each frame.
        - b) At intermediate points at maximum 600 mm (24 inches) spacing.

- 2) Form jamb anchors from steel minimum 1 mm (0.042 inch) thick.
- 3) Anchors set in masonry: Provide adjustable anchors designed for friction fit against frame and extended into masonry minimum 250 mm (10 inches). Provide one of following types:
  - a) Wire Loop Type: 5 mm (3/16 inch) diameter wire.
  - b) T-Shape type.
  - c) Strap and stirrup type: Corrugated or perforated sheet steel.
- 4) Anchors for stud partitions: Provide tabs for securing anchor to sides of studs. Provide one of the following:
  - a) Welded type.
  - b) Lock-in snap-in type.
- 5) Anchors for frames set in prepared openings:
  - a) Steel pipe spacers 6 mm (1/4 inch) inside diameter, welded to plate reinforcing at jamb stops, or hat shaped formed strap spacers 50 mm (2 inches) wide, welded to jamb near stop.
  - b) Drill jamb stop and strap spacers for 6 mm (1/4 inch) flat head bolts to pass through frame and spacers.
  - c) Two piece frames: Subframe or rough buck drilled for 6 mm (1/4 inch) bolts.
- Anchors for observation windows and other continuous frames set in stud partitions.
  - a) Weld clip anchors to sills and heads of continuous frames over 1200 mm (4 feet) long.
  - b) Space maximum 600 mm (24 inches) on centers.
- Modify frame anchors to fit special frame and wall construction.
- Provide special anchors where shown on drawings and where required to suit application.
- F. Sound Rated Door Frames:
  - 1. Seals: Integral continuous gaskets on frames.

## 2.7 FINISHES

- A. Steel: ANSI A250.8; shop primed.
- B. Stainless Steel: NAAMM AMP 500; No. 4 polished finish.
  - 1. Blend welds to match adjacent finish.
- C. Finish exposed surfaces after fabrication.

08 11 13 - 6 HOLLOW METAL DOORS AND FRAMES

# VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## 2.8 ACCESSORIES

- A. Primers: ANSI A250.8.
- B. Barrier Coating: ASTM D1187/D1187M.
- C. Welding Materials: AWS D1.1/D1.1M, type to suit application.
- D. Clips Connecting Members and Sleeves: Match door faces.
- E. Fasteners: stainless steel.
  - 1. Metal Framing: Steel drill screws.
  - 2. Masonry and Concrete: Expansion bolts and power actuated drive pins.
- F. Anchors: stainless steel.
- G. Galvanizing Repair Paint: MPI No. 18.
- H. Insulation: Unfaced mineral wool.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for product installation.
- B. Protect existing construction and completed work from damage.
- C. Apply barrier coating to metal surfaces in contact with cementitious materials to minimum 0.7 mm (30 mils) dry film thickness.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

- A. Install products according to manufacturer's instructions and approved submittal drawings.
  - When manufacturer's instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer's Representative consideration.
  - 2. Install fire doors and frames according to NFPA 80.
  - 3. Install smoke control doors and frames according to NFPA 105.

## 3.3 FRAME INSTALLATION

- A. Apply barrier coating to concealed surfaces of frames built into masonry.
- B. Plumb, align, and brace frames until permanent anchors are set.
  - Use triangular bracing near each corner on both sides of frames with temporary wood spreaders at midpoint.
  - Use wood spreaders at bottom of frame when shipping spreader is removed.
  - Where construction permits concealment, leave shipping spreaders in place after installation, otherwise remove spreaders when frames are set and anchored.

- Remove wood spreaders and braces when walls are built and jamb anchors are secured.
- C. Floor Anchors:
  - 1. Anchor frame jambs to floor with two expansion bolts.
    - a. Lead Lined Frames: Use 9 mm (3/8 inch) diameter bolts.
    - b. Other Frames: Use 6 mm (1/4 inch) diameter bolts.
  - 2. Power actuated drive pins are acceptable to secure frame anchors to concrete floors.
- D. Jamb Anchors:
  - 1. Masonry Walls:
    - a. Embed anchors in mortar.
    - b. Fill space between frame and masonry with grout or mortar as walls are built.
  - 2. Metal Framed Walls: Secure anchors to sides of studs with two fasteners through anchor tabs.
  - 3. Prepared Masonry and Concrete Openings:
    - a. Direct Securement: 6 mm (1/4 inch) diameter expansion bolts through spacers.
    - b. Subframe or Rough Buck Securement:
      - 6 mm (1/4 inch) diameter expansion bolts on 600 mm (24 inch) centers.
      - 2) Power activated drive pins on 600 mm (24 inches) centers.
    - c. Secure two-piece frames to subframe or rough buck with machine screws on both faces.
- E. Frames for Sound Rated Doors: Fill frames with insulation.
- F. Touch up damaged factory finishes.
  - 1. Repair galvanized surfaces with galvanized repair paint.
  - 2. Repair painted surfaces with touch up primer.
- G. Fill all hollow metal door frames with grout.

### 3.4 DOOR INSTALLATION

- A. Install doors plumb and level.
- B. Adjust doors for smooth operation.
- C. Touch up damaged factory finishes.
  - 1. Repair galvanized surfaces with galvanized repair paint.
  - 2. Repair painted surfaces with touch up primer.

# 3.5 CLEANING

A. Clean exposed door and frame surfaces. Remove contaminants and stains.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## 3.6 PROTECTION

- A. Protect doors and frames from construction operations.
- B. Remove protective materials immediately before acceptance.
- C. Repair damage.

- - - E N D - - -

## SECTION 08 14 00 INTERIOR WOOD DOORS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Interior flush wood doors transparent or painted finish.

### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS: Paints and Coatings and Composite Wood and Agrifiber VOC Limits.
- B. Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE: Door Hardware including hardware location (height).
- C. Section 08 11 13, HOLLOW METAL DOORS AND FRAMES: Installation of Doors.
- D. Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE: Installation of Door Hardware.

### 1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. American National Standards Institute/Window and Door Manufacturers Association (ANSI/WDMA):
  - 1. I.S. 1A-13 Architectural Wood Flush Doors.
  - 2. I.S. 6A-13 Interior Architectural Stile and Rails Doors.
- C. ASTM International (ASTM):
  - E90-09(2016) Laboratory Measurements of Airborne Sound Transmission Loss of Building Partitions and Elements.
- D. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):
  - 1. 80-16 Fire Doors and Other Opening Protectives.
  - 2. 252-12 Fire Tests of Door Assemblies.
- E. UL LLC (UL):
  - 1. 10C-09 Positive Pressure Fire Tests of Door Assemblies.
- F. Window and Door Manufacturers Association (WDMA):
  - 1. TM 7-14 Cycle-Slam Test.
  - 2. TM 8-14 Hinge Loading Test.
  - 3. TM 10-14 Screw Holding Capacity.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Submittal Drawings:
  - 1. Show size, configuration, and fabrication and installation details.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- Indicate project specific requirements not included in Manufacturer's Literature and Data submittal.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
  - 2. Fire rated doors showing conformance with NFPA 80.
- D. Samples:
  - Corner section of flush veneered door 300 mm (12 inches) square, showing details of construction, labeled to show grade and type number and conformance to specified standard.
  - Veneer sample 200 mm by 275 mm (8 inch by 11 inch) showing specified wood species sanded to receive a transparent finish. Factory finish veneer sample where the prefinished option is accepted.
- E. Sustainable Construction Submittals:
  - 1. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials:

Show volatile organic compound types and quantities.

- F. Test Reports: Indicate each product complies with specifications.
  - 1. Screw Holding Capacity Test.
  - 2. Cycle-Slam Test.
  - 3. Hinge-Loading Test.
- G. Operation and Maintenance Data:
  - 1. Care instructions for each exposed finish product.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications:
  - 1. Regularly and presently manufactures specified products.
  - Manufactures specified products with satisfactory service on five similar installations for minimum five years.

## 1.6 DELIVERY

- A. Deliver products in manufacturer's original sealed packaging.
  - 1. Minimum 0.15 mm (6 mil) polyethylene bags or cardboard packaging to remain unbroken during delivery and storage.
- B. Mark packaging, legibly. Indicate manufacturer's name or brand, type, color, and manufacture date.
  - 1. Identify door opening corresponding to Door Schedule.
- C. Before installation, return or dispose of products within distorted, damaged, or opened packaging. Retain packaging for door protection after installation.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

### 1.7 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Store products indoors in dry, weathertight facility.
  - 1. Store doors according to ANSI/WDMA I.S. 1A.
- B. Protect products from damage during handling and construction operations.

### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environment:
  - Product Temperature: Minimum 21 degrees C (70 degrees F) for minimum
     48 hours before installation.
  - Work Area Ambient Temperature Range: 21 to 27 degrees C (70 to 80 degrees F) continuously, beginning 48 hours before installation.
  - 3. Install products when building is permanently enclosed and when wet construction is completed, dried, and cured.

Comply with door manufacturer's instructions for relative humidity.

### 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."
- B. Manufacturer's Warranty: Warrant interior factory finished flush wood doors against material and manufacturing defects.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Lifetime of original installation.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 PRODUCTS - GENERAL

- A. Basis of Design: Match existing.
- B. Provide each product from one manufacturer.
- C. Wood doors to meet FSC Requirements. Reinforced for hardware closers
- D. Sustainable Construction Requirements:
  - Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials: Comply with VOC limits specified in Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS for the following products:
  - 2. Paints and coatings.
  - 3. Composite wood and agrifiber.

### 2.2 FLUSH WOOD DOORS

- A. General:
  - 1. ANSI/WDMA I.S. 1A, Extra Heavy Duty.
  - 2. Adhesive: Type II.

- 3. Core: Structural composite lumber, except when mineral core is required for fire rating.
- 4. Thickness: 44 mm (1-3/4 inches) unless otherwise shown or specified.
- B. Faces:
  - 1. ANSI/WDMA I.S. 1A.
  - 2. One species throughout project unless scheduled or otherwise shown.
  - Transparent Finished Faces: Premium Grade. rotary cut, white birch A Grade face veneer.
  - Match face veneers for doors for uniform effect of color and grain at joints.
  - 5. Door Edges: Same species as door face veneer, except maple is acceptable for stile face veneer on birch doors.
  - In existing buildings, where doors are required to have transparent finish, use wood species, grade, and assembly of face veneers to match adjacent existing doors.
  - 7. Painted Finishes: Custom Grade, mill option close grained hardwood, premium or medium density overlay.
  - 8. Factory sand doors for finishing.
- C. Wood For Stops, Louvers, Muntins and Moldings For Flush Doors Required to Have Transparent Finish:
  - Solid wood of same species as face veneer, except maple is acceptable on birch doors.
- D. Fire-Rated Wood Doors:
  - 1. Fire Resistance Rating:
    - a. C Label: 3/4 hour.
  - 2. Provide 20-minute smoke-rated doors in smoke-rated barriers.
  - 3. Labels:
    - a. Comply with NFPA 252, UL 10C, and labeled by qualified testing and inspection agency showing fire resistance rating.
      - 1) Metal labels with raised or incised markings.
  - 4. Hardware Reinforcement:
    - a. Provide fire smoke rated doors with hardware reinforcement blocking.
    - b. Size of lock blocks as required to secure hardware specified.
    - c. Top, Bottom and Intermediate Rail Blocks: Minimum 125 mm (5 inches) by full core width.
    - d. Reinforcement blocking in compliance with labeling requirements.

08 14 00 - 4 INTERIOR WOOD DOORS

Mineral material similar to core is not acceptable.

- 5. Other Core Components: Manufacturer's standard as allowed by labeling requirements.
- 6. Astragal: Steel type for pairs of doors.
- E. Smoke Barrier Doors:
  - Astragal: Steel type for pairs of doors, including double egress doors.

#### 2.3 FABRICATION

A. Factory machine interior wood doors to receive hardware, bevels, undercuts, cutouts, accessories and fitting for frame.

1. Factory fit fire rated doors according to NFPA 80.

- B. Rout doors for hardware using templates and location heights specified in Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE.
- C. Factory fit doors to frame, bevel lock edge of doors 3 mm (1/8 inch) for each 50 mm (2 inches) of door thickness.
- D. Clearances between Doors and Frames and Floors:
  - 1. Fire Rated Doors: Comply with NFPA 80.
    - a. Doors with Automatic Bottom Seal: Maximum clearance 10 mm (3/8 inch) at threshold.
    - b. Other Door Bottoms: Maximum 3 mm (1/8 inch) clearance at the jambs, heads, and meeting stiles, and a 19 mm (3/4 inch) clearance at bottom, except as otherwise specified.
  - 2. Door Jambs, Heads, and Meeting Stiles: Maximum 3 mm (1/8 inch).
- E. Finish surfaces, including both faces, top and bottom and edges of the doors smooth to touch.
- F. Identify each door on top edge.
  - Mark with stamp, brand or other indelible mark, giving manufacturer's name, door's trade name, construction of door, date of manufacture and quality.
  - Mark door or provide separate certification including name of inspection organization.
  - 3. Identify door manufacturing standard, including glue type.
  - 4. Identify veneer and quality certification.
  - 5. Identification of preservative treatment for stile and rail doors.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## 2.4 FINISHES

A. Field Finished Doors: Match adjacent doors. Seal top and bottom edges of doors with two coats of catalyzed polyurethane or water resistant sealer.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for product installation.
  - 1. Verify door frames are properly anchored.
  - 2. Verify door frames are plumb, square, in plane, and within tolerances for door installation.
- B. Protect existing construction and completed work from damage.
- C. Install astragal on active leaf of pair of smoke doors and one leaf of double egress smoke doors.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install products according to manufacturer's instructions and approved submittal drawings.
  - 1. Install fire rated doors according to NFPA 80.
  - When manufacturer's instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer's Representative consideration.

#### 3.3 PROTECTION

- A. After installation, place shipping container over door and tape in place.
  - 1. Do not apply tape to door faces and edges.
- B. Provide protective covering over exposed hardware in addition to covering door.
- C. Maintain covering in good condition until removal is directed by Contracting Officer's Representative.

#### - - E N D - -

## SECTION 08 31 13 ACCESS DOORS AND FRAMES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Access doors and panels installed in walls and ceilings.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE: Lock Cylinders.
- B. Section 09 91 00, PAINTING: Field Painting.

#### 1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. American Welding Society (AWS):

D1.3/D1.3M-2018.....Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel (6th Edition.

C. ASTM International (ASTM):

A653/A653M-20.....Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Sip Process.

A1008/A1008M-18.....Steel, Sheet, Cold-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy, High-Strength

Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, Solution

Hardened, and Bake Hardenable.

- A666-15.....Annealed or Cold-Worked Austenitic Stainless Steel sheet, Strip, Plate, and Flat Bar.
- E119-20.....Fire Test of Building Construction and Materials.
- D. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA): 80-2019 Edition.....Fire Doors and Other Opening Protectives. 252-2017 Edition.....Fire Tests of Door Assemblies.
- E. National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers (NAAMM): AMP 500-06.....Metal Finishes Manual.

F. UL LLC (UL):

Listed......Online Certifications Directory.

10B-08 (Edition 10)....Standard for Fire Tests of Door Assemblies.

263-11 (Edition 14)....Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### PART 2 - SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Submittal Drawings:
  - 1. Show size, configuration, and fabrication and installation details.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
  - 2. Installation instructions.
- D. Sustainable Construction Submittals:
  - Recycled Content: Identify post-consumer and pre-consumer recycled content percentage by weight.

#### 2.2 DELIVERY

- A. Deliver products in manufacturer's original sealed packaging.
- B. Mark packaging, legibly. Indicate manufacturer's name or brand, type, color, production run number, and manufacture date.
- C. Before installation, return or dispose of products within distorted, damaged, or opened packaging.

## 2.3 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Store products indoors in dry, weathertight facility.
- B. Protect products from damage during handling and construction operations.

#### 2.4 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Field Measurements: Verify field conditions affecting access door fabrication and installation. Show field measurements on Submittal Drawings.
  - Coordinate field measurement and fabrication schedule to avoid delay.

#### 2.5 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."

#### 2.6 MATERIALS

A. Galvanized Steel: ASTM A653/A653M.

# 2.7 PRODUCTS - GENERAL

- A. Provide each product from one manufacturer.
- B. Sustainable Construction Requirements:

 Steel Access Doors Recycled Content: 30 percent total recycled content, minimum.

# 2.8 ACCESS DOORS, FIRE-RATED

A. Door Construction:

1. Wall Access Doors: NFPA 252 or UL 10B.

- B. Label: Class B opening according to UL 10B or test by another nationally recognized laboratory. 1 hour fire-rated.
- C. Door Panel: Minimum 0.9 mm (0.0359 inch) thick steel sheet, with mineral-fiber insulation core, insulated sandwich type construction.
- D. Frame: Minimum 1.5 mm (0.0598 inch) thick steel sheet, depth and configuration to suit material and construction type where installed.
  - 1. Frame Flange: Provide at units installed in concrete, masonry, or gypsum board.
  - 2. Exposed Joints in Flange: Weld and grind smooth.
- E. Provide automatic closing device.
- F. Hinge: Continuous stainless steel hinge with stainless steel pin.
- G. Lock: Self-latching, mortise type with provision for fitting flush a standard screw-in type lock cylinder.
  - 1. Lock cylinder specified in Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE.
  - 2. Latch release device operable from inside of door.
- H. Anchors for Fire-Rated Access Doors: Comply with requirements of applicable fire test.

#### 2.9 ACCESS DOORS, FLUSH PANEL, NON-RATED

- A. Door Panel:
  - 1. 1.9 mm (0.07 inch) thick steel sheet.
  - 2. Reinforce to maintain flat surface.
- B. Frame:
  - 1. 1.5 mm (0.06 inch) thick steel sheet, depth and configuration to suit material and construction type where installed.
  - 2. Frame Flange: Provide at units installed in concrete, masonry, and gypsum board.
  - 3. Exposed Joints in Flange: Weld and grind smooth.
  - 4. Provide expanded galvanized metal lath perimeter wings when installed in plaster, except veneer plaster.
- C. Hinge:
  - 1. Concealed spring hinge, 175 degrees of opening.
  - 2. Removable hinge pin to allow removal of door panel from frame.

08 31 13 - 3 ACCESS DOORS AND FRAMES

D. Lock:

1. Flush, screwdriver-operated cam lock.

## 2.10 ACCESS DOOR, RECESSED PANEL, NON-RATED

- A. Door Panel:
  - 1.2 mm (0.05 inch) thick steel sheet to form a 25 mm (1 inch) deep recessed pan to accommodate installation of acoustical units and other materials where shown in walls and ceiling.
  - 2. Reinforce to prevent sagging.
- B. Frame:
  - 1. 1.5 mm (0.06 inch) thick steel sheet of depth and configuration to suit installation in suspension system of ceiling or wall framing.
  - 2. Extend sides of frame to protect edge of acoustical units when door panel is in open position.
  - Provide shims, bushings, clips and other devices necessary for installation.
- C. Hinge: Continuous stainless steel hinge with stainless steel pin, or concealed hinge.
- D. Lock:
  - 1. Flush screwdriver-operated cam lock.
  - 2. Plastic sleeve or stainless steel grommet to protect hole made in acoustical unit for screwdriver access to lock.

## 2.11 FABRICATION - GENERAL

- A. Size: Minimum 600 mm (24 inches) wide door unless otherwise shown.
- B. Component Fabrication: Straight, square, flat and in same plane where required.
  - Exposed Edges: Slightly rounded, without burrs, snags and sharp edges.
  - 2. Exposed Welds: Continuous, ground smooth.
  - 3. Welding: AWS D1.3/D1.3M.
- C. Locks and Non-Continuous Hinges: Provide in numbers required to maintain alignment of door panel with frame. For fire-rated doors, provide hinges and locks as required by fire test.
- D. Anchoring: Make provisions in frame for anchoring to adjacent construction. Provide anchors in size, number and location on four sides to secure access door to substrate. Provide anchors as required by fire test.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## 2.12 FINISHES

- A. Steel Paint Finish: Access panels shall be finished painted to match the adjacent surface.
  - Powder-Coat Finish: Manufacturer's standard two-coat finish system consisting of the following:
    - a. One coat primer.
    - b. One coat thermosetting topcoat.
    - c. Dry-film Thickness: 0.05 mm (2 mils) minimum.

#### 2.13 ACCESSORIES

- A. Fasteners: Type and size recommended by access door manufacturer, to suit application.
  - 1. Stainless steel fasteners.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for product installation.
  - Verify access door locations and sizes provide required maintenance access to installed building services components.
- B. Protect existing construction and completed work from damage.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

- A. Install products according to manufacturer's instructions and approved submittal drawings.
  - When manufacturer's instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer's Representative consideration.
- B. Install access doors and panels permitting access to service valves, traps, dampers, cleanouts, and other mechanical, electrical and conveyor control items concealed in walls and partitions, and concealed above gypsum board and plaster ceilings.
- C. Install fire rated access door according to NFPA 80.
- D. Install fire-rated doors in fire-rated partitions and ceilings.
- E. Install flush access panels in partitions.

#### 3.3 ACCESS DOOR AND FRAME INSTALLATION

- A. Wall Installations: Install access doors in openings with sides vertical.
- B. Ceiling Installations: Install access doors parallel to ceiling suspension grid or room partitions.

08 31 13 - 5 ACCESS DOORS AND FRAMES

- C. Frames without Flanges: Install frame flush with surrounding finish surfaces.
- D. Frames with Flanges: Overlap opening, with face uniformly spaced from finish surface.
- E. Recessed Panel Access Doors: Install with face of surrounding materials flush with door panel installed finish.
- F. Secure frames to adjacent construction with fasteners.
- G. Install type, size and quantity of anchoring device suitable for material surrounding opening to maintain alignment, and resist displacement, during normal use of access door.
- H. Field Painting Primed Access Doors: Comply with the requirements of Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.

## 3.4 ADJUSTMENT

- A. Adjust hardware so door panel opens freely.
- B. Adjust door when closed so door panel is centered in frame.

- - E N D - -

# SECTION 08 56 66 DETENTION WINDOW SCREENS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Security screens for exterior windows.

#### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Sustainability Requirements: Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

#### 1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. American Welding Society (AWS): D1.1/D1.1M-15.....Structural Welding Code - Steel
- C. ASTM International (ASTM):

A653/A653M-20.....Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process

A780/A780M-09(2015)....Repair of Damaged and Uncoated Areas of Hot-Dip

Galvanized Coatings

D. Master Painters Institute (MPI): No. 18.....Primer, Zinc Rich, Organic

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23 SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Submittal Drawings:
  - 1. Show size, configuration, and fabrication and installation details.
  - 2. Indicate anchorage details and door operator clearance requirements.
  - 3. Details: Drawn 1/2 full scale.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
- D. Sustainable Construction Submittals:
  - Recycled Content: Identify post-consumer and pre-consumer recycled content percentage by weight.
- E. Certificates: Indicate products comply with specifications.
  - 1. Wire cloth.

- F. Qualifications: Substantiate qualifications comply with specifications.
  - 1. Manufacturer.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications:
  - Experienced and specializing in manufacturing detention and security screens.
  - Minimum three years documented experience manufacturing products specified in this section.
- B. Welders and Welding Procedures Qualifications: AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
- C. Mockups:
  - Prepare full sized mockup of each screen assembly including wire cloth, perimeter frame, and hardware.
  - 2. Approved mockups may be incorporated into project.

#### 1.6 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MATERIALS

#### 2.2 PRODUCTS - GENERAL

- A. Basis of Design: Kane Security Level 6 Medium security operable side hinged aluminum Van-Guard Security Screen. Dark Bronze frame with black wire cloth to match existing.
- B. Provide each product from one manufacturer.
- C. Sustainable Construction Requirements:
  - 1. Recycled Content: 30 percent total recycled content, minimum.
  - Stainless Steel Recycled Content: 70 percent total recycled content, minimum.
- D. Main Frame
  - The main frame shall be of channel design measuring 1.25"[31.75mm] x 2.875"[73.025mm] x 0.75"[19.05mm], extruded from 6063-T6-aluminum alloy. Weight shall be not less than .927 lbs./ft., with a nominal thickness of .125-inch. The corners of the main frame shall be mitered and internally robotically welded.
  - A removable interlocking concealment cover (Z-shaped) measuring
     2.094"[53.181] x 0.50"[12.70] x 0.625"[15.875], extruded from 6063-

T6 aluminum alloy, .062-inch thick, .290 lbs./ft., shall be attached to the main frame using TORX® tamper-resistant screws. Braces shall be furnished when required.

- E. Sub-frame
  - The sub-frame shall be of channel design, extruded from 6063-T6aluminum alloy. Weight shall be .515 lbs./ft. Wall thickness shall be .090-inch. The corners of the sub-frame shall be mitered, secured by an internal tension coupling assembly and shall be resistant to both torsion and flexural failure.
  - The sub-frame shall have a continuous groove retaining a combination cushioning strip/insect shield.
- F. Finish
  - The aluminum shall be thoroughly cleaned in a 5-step bonderizing process. An electrostatically applied thermoplastic, polyester powder coating (2.5 mil min. thickness) which shall be applied and baked to a hard mar-resistant finish in one of Kane's standard colors.
    - a. Dark Bronze
- G. Wire Cloth
  - Wire cloth shall be woven 12-mesh to the inch from .028-inch diameter Type 304 stainless steel wire and double crimped.
- H. Infill Attachment
  - The wire cloth shall be folded 90 degrees and held securely in place by means of a removable interlocking concealment plate and TORX® tamper-resistant screws.
  - The perforated panel shall lie flat on the main frame and be held in place by means of a removable interlocking concealment plate and TORX® tamper-resistant screws.
  - TORX® tamper-resistant screws shall penetrate the removable interlocking concealment plate, wire cloth and main frame approximately 4" [101.6] on center.
- I. Locks and Releases
  - Each screen shall have a concealed actuating ball bearing, 1/2"
    [12.7] diameter casehardened steel bolts. The bolts shall operate
    simultaneously from one key station with a special Bitt key.
  - 2. Kane 107® Bitt key lock

- 3. Type 107N (four tumbler) (Egress not available with this option)
- 4. Keyed both sides
- J. Hardware
  - Each screen shall be provided with two or more concealed 13-gauge, electroplated steel hinges with 1/4" [6.35] diameter hardened, loose stainless steel pins and integral compression guards. 13-gauge stainless steel hinge available.
  - Each screen shall include adjustment screws (1/4-20 x 3/4" Philips pan head thread cutting fastener) and .062-inch thick aluminum scribes. The 1-3/16" [30.1625] x 3/4" [19.05] scribes shall be supplied at the head and jambs if required.
  - Each screen shall come fully assembled and tested at the factory for operation.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for product installation.
  - 1. Verify openings are correctly sized, plumb, and square.
- B. Protect existing construction and completed work from damage.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

- A. Install products according to manufacturer's instructions and approved submittal drawings.
  - When manufacturer's instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer's Representative consideration.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Drill, tap or cut metal window trim and other materials as required for proper installation of screen units.
- B. Install screen units allowing easy removal without damage to new or existing work and to effectively exclude insects.
- C. Secure screen units to metal windows with fasteners, spaced at manufacturer recommended intervals.
- D. Adjust screens for proper operation and locking.
- E. Touch up damaged factory finishes.

# 3.4 PROTECTION

A. Protect screens from construction operations.

08 56 66 - 4 DETENTION WINDOW SCREENS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

B. Repair damage.

- - E N D - -

## SECTION 08 71 00 DOOR HARDWARE

# PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 DESCRIPTION

A. Door hardware and related items necessary for complete installation and operation of doors.

## 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Caulking: Section 07 92 00 JOINT SEALANTS.
- B. Application of Hardware: Section 08 14 00, WOOD DOORS; Section 08 11 13, HOLLOW METAL DOORS AND FRAMES.
- C. Painting: Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.
- D. Electronic Safety and Security: Division 28, Security.
- E. Electrical: Division 26, ELECTRICAL.
- F. Fire Detection: Section 28 31 00, FIRE DETECTION AND ALARM.

# 1.3 GENERAL

- A. All hardware shall comply with ABAAS, (Architectural Barriers Act Accessibility Standard) unless specified otherwise.
- B. Provide rated door hardware assemblies where required by most current version of the International Building Code (IBC).
- C. Hardware for Labeled Fire Doors and Exit Doors: Conform to requirements of NFPA 80 for labeled fire doors and to NFPA 101 for exit doors, as well as to other requirements specified. Provide hardware listed by UL, except where heavier materials, large size, or better grades are specified herein under paragraph HARDWARE SETS. In lieu of UL labeling and listing, test reports from a nationally recognized testing agency may be submitted showing that hardware has been tested in accordance with UL test methods and that it conforms to NFPA requirements.
- D. Hardware for application on metal and wood doors and frames shall be made to standard templates. Furnish templates to the fabricator of these items in sufficient time so as not to delay the construction.
- E. The following items shall be of the same manufacturer, except as otherwise specified:
  - 1. Mortise locksets.
  - 2. Hinges for hollow metal and wood doors.
  - 3. Surface applied overhead door closers.
  - 4. Exit devices.
  - 5. Floor closers.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## 1.4 WARRANTY

- A. Automatic door operators shall be subject to the terms of FAR Clause 52.246-21, except that the Warranty period shall be two years in lieu of one year for all items except as noted below:
  - 1. Locks, latchsets, and panic hardware: 5 years.
  - 2. Door closers and continuous hinges: 10 years.

#### 1.5 MAINTENANCE MANUALS

A. In accordance with Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS Article titled "INSTRUCTIONS", furnish maintenance manuals and instructions on all door hardware. Provide installation instructions with the submittal documentation.

## 1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES. Submit 6 copies of the schedule per Section 01 33 23. Submit 2 final copies of the final approved schedules to VAMC Locksmith as record copies (VISN Locksmith if the VAMC does not have a locksmith).
- B. Hardware Schedule: AHC certified hardware consultant to prepare and submit hardware schedule in the following form:

Hardware Item	Quantity	Size	Reference Publication Type No.	Finish	Mfr. Name and Catalog No.	Key Control Symbols	UL Mark (if fire rated and listed)	ANSI/BHMA Finish Designation

- C. Samples and Manufacturers' Literature:
  - Samples: All hardware items (proposed for the project) that have not been previously approved by Builders Hardware Manufacturers Association shall be submitted for approval. Tag and mark all items with manufacturer's name, catalog number and project number.
  - Samples are not required for hardware listed in the specifications by manufacturer's catalog number, if the contractor proposes to use the manufacturer's product specified.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- D. Certificate of Compliance and Test Reports: Submit certificates that hardware conforms to the requirements specified herein. Certificates shall be accompanied by copies of reports as referenced. The testing shall have been conducted either in the manufacturer's plant and certified by an independent testing laboratory or conducted in an independent laboratory, within four years of submittal of reports for approval.
- E. Submit for review, documentation regarding Special Tools required for maintenance and/or operation of basis of design and installed product.

## 1.7 DELIVERY AND MARKING

A. Deliver items of hardware to job site in their original containers, complete with necessary appurtenances including screws, keys, and instructions. Tag one of each different item of hardware and deliver to COR for reference purposes. Tag shall identify items by Project Specification number and manufacturer's catalog number. These items shall remain on file in COR's office until all other similar items have been installed in project, at which time the COR will deliver items on file to Contractor for installation in predetermined locations on the project.

# 1.8 PREINSTALLATION MEETING

- A. Convene a preinstallation meeting not less than 30 days before start of installation of door hardware. Require attendance of parties directly affecting work of this section, including Contractor and Installer, Architect, Project Engineer and VA Locksmith, Hardware Consultant, and Hardware Manufacturer's Representative. Review the following:
  - 1. Inspection of door hardware.
  - 2. Job and surface readiness.
  - 3. Coordination with other work.
  - 4. Protection of hardware surfaces.
  - 5. Substrate surface protection.
  - 6. Installation.
  - 7. Adjusting.
  - 8. Repair.
  - 9. Field quality control.
  - 10. Cleaning.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 1.9 INSTRUCTIONS

A. Hardware Set Symbols on Drawings: Except for protective plates, door stops, mutes, thresholds and the like specified herein, hardware requirements for each door are indicated on drawings by symbols. Symbols for hardware sets consist of letters (e.g., "HW") followed by a number. Each number designates a set of hardware items applicable to a door type.

#### 1.10 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only. In text, hardware items are referred to by series, types, etc., listed in such specifications and standards, except as otherwise specified.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM):

F883-13....Padlocks

E2180-18.....Standard Test Method for Determining the Activity of Incorporated Antimicrobial Agent(s) In Polymeric or Hydrophobic Materials

C. American National Standards Institute/Builders Hardware Manufacturers Association (ANSI/BHMA):

A156.1-06.....Butts and Hinges

A156.2-03.....Bored and Pre-assembled Locks and Latches A156.3-08.....Exit Devices, Coordinators, and Auto Flush Bolts A156.4-08.....Door Controls (Closers) A156.5-14....Cylinders and Input Devices for Locks. A156.6-05.....Door Controls-Overhead Stops and Holders A156.8-05.....Door Controls-Overhead Stops and Holders A156.11-14....Cabinet Locks A156.12-05 .....Interconnected Locks and Latches A156.13-05.....Mortise Locks and Latches Series 1000 A156.14-07 .....Sliding and Folding Door Hardware A156.15-06.....Release Devices-Closer Holder, Electromagnetic and Electromechanical A156.16-08.....Self-Closing Hinges and Pivots A156.18-06.....Materials and Finishes

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

A156.20-06 ......Thresholds A156.21-09.....Thresholds A156.22-05.....Door Gasketing and Edge Seal Systems A156.23-04....Electromagnetic Locks A156.24-03....Delayed Egress Locking Systems A156.25-07 .....Electrified Locking Devices A156.26-06.....Continuous Hinges A156.28-07 .....Master Keying Systems A156.29-07 .....Exit Locks and Alarms A156.30-03 .....High Security Cylinders A156.31-07 .....Electric Strikes and Frame Mounted Actuators A156.36-10.....Auxiliary Locks A250.8-03.....Standard Steel Doors and Frames D. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):

80-10.....Fire Doors and Other Opening Protectives 101-09.....Life Safety Code

E. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL): Building Materials Directory (2008)

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 BUTT HINGES

- A. ANSI A156.1. Provide only three-knuckle hinges, except five-knuckle where the required hinge type is not available in a three-knuckle version (e.g., some types of swing-clear hinges). The following types of butt hinges shall be used for the types of doors listed, except where otherwise specified:
  - Interior Doors: Type A8112/A5112 for doors 900 mm (3 feet) wide or less and Type A8111/A5111 for doors over 900 mm (3 feet) wide. Hinges for doors exposed to high humidity areas (shower rooms, toilet rooms, kitchens, janitor rooms, etc. shall be of stainless steel material.
- B. Provide Hager BB1279 4.5" x 4.5" 5 knuckle ball bearing US 26 D HT Hinges.
- C. Quantity and size of hinges per door leaf as follows:
  - 1. Doors up to 1210 mm (4 feet) high: 2 hinges.
  - Doors 1210 mm (4 feet) to 2260 mm (7 feet 5 inches) high: 3 hinges minimum.
  - 3. Doors greater than 2260 mm (7 feet 5 inches) high: 4 hinges.

08 71 00-5 DOOR HARDWARE

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 4. Doors up to 900 mm (3 feet) wide, standard weight: 114 mm x 114 mm (4-1/2 inches x 4-1/2 inches) hinges.
- 5. Doors over 900 mm (3 feet) to 1065 mm (3 feet 6 inches) wide, standard weight: 127 mm x 114 mm (5 inches x 4-1/2 inches).
- 6. Doors over 1065 mm (3 feet 6 inches) to 1210 mm (4 feet), heavy weight: 127 mm x 114 mm (5 inches x 4-1/2 inches).
- 7. Provide heavy-weight hinges where specified.
  - At doors weighing 330 kg (150 pounds) or more, furnish 127 mm (5 inch) high hinges.
- D. See Articles "MISCELLANEOUS HARDWARE" and "HARDWARE SETS" for pivots and hinges other than butts specified above and continuous hinges specified below.

# 2.2 CONTINUOUS HINGES

- A. ANSI/BHMA A156.26, Grade 1-600.
  - 1. Listed under Category N in BHMA's "Certified Product Directory."
- B. General: Minimum 0.120-inch- (3.0-mm-) thick, hinge leaves with minimum overall width of 4 inches (102 mm); fabricated to full height of door and frame and to template screw locations; with components finished after milling and drilling are complete
- C. Continuous, Barrel-Type Hinges: Hinge with knuckles formed around a Teflon-coated 6.35mm (0.25-inch) minimum diameter pin that extends entire length of hinge.
  - 1. Base Metal for Interior Hinges: Steel.
  - 2. Base Metal for Hinges for Fire-Rated Assemblies: Stainless steel.
  - 3. Provide with non-removable pin (hospital tip option) at lockable outswing doors.
  - Where required to clear adjacent casing, trim, and wall conditions and allow full door swing, provide wide throw hinges of minimum width required.
  - 5. Provide with manufacturer's cut-outs for separate mortised power transfers and/or mortised automatic door bottoms where they occur.
  - Where thru-wire power transfers are integral to the hinge, provide hinge with easily removable portion to allow easy access to wiring connections.
  - 7. Where models are specified that provide an integral wrap-around edge guard for the hinge edge of the door, provide manufacturer's

adjustable threaded stud and machine screw mechanism to allow the door to be adjusted within the wrap-around edge guard.

# 2.3 DOOR CLOSING DEVICES

A. Closing devices shall be products of one manufacturer for each type specified.

# 2.4 OVERHEAD CLOSERS

- A. Provide Corbin Russwin DC6210 closers.
- B. Conform to ANSI A156.4, Grade 1.
- C. Closers shall conform to the following:
  - The closer shall have minimum 50 percent adjustable closing force over minimum value for that closer and have adjustable hydraulic back check effective between 60 degrees and 85 degrees of door opening.
  - 2. Where specified, closer shall have hold-open feature.
  - 3. Size Requirements: Provide multi-size closers, sizes 1 through 6, except where multi-size closer is not available for the required application.
  - 4. Material of closer body shall be forged or cast.
  - 5. Arm and brackets for closers shall be steel, malleable iron or high strength ductile cast iron.
  - 6. Where closers are mounted in rooms that experience high humidity, provide closer body and arm assembly of stainless steel material.
  - 7. Closers shall have full size metal cover; plastic covers will not be accepted.
  - Closers shall have adjustable hydraulic back-check, separate valves for closing and latching speed, adjustable back-check positioning valve, and adjustable delayed action valve.
  - 9. Provide closers with any accessories required for the mounting application, including (but not limited to) drop plates, special soffit plates, spacers for heavy-duty parallel arm fifth screws, bull-nose or other regular arm brackets, longer or shorter arm assemblies, and special factory templating. Provide special arms, drop plates, and templating as needed to allow mounting at doors with overhead stops and/or holders.
  - 10. Closer arms or backcheck valve shall not be used to stop the door from overswing, except in applications where a separate wall, floor, or overhead stop cannot be used.
  - 11. Provide parallel arm closers with heavy duty rigid arm.

- 12. Where closers are to be installed on the push side of the door, provide parallel arm type except where conditions require use of top jamb arm.
- 13. Provide all surface closers with the same body attachment screw pattern for ease of replacement and maintenance.
- 14. All closers shall have a 1 1/2" (38mm) minimum piston diameter.

#### 2.5 DOOR STOPS

- A. Conform to ANSI A156.16.
- B. Provide door stops wherever an opened door or any item of hardware thereon would strike a wall, column, equipment or other parts of building construction. For concrete, masonry or quarry tile construction, use expansion shields for mounting door stops.
- C. Where cylindrical locks with turn pieces or pushbuttons occur, equip wall bumpers Type L02251 (rubber pads having concave face) to receive turn piece or button.
- D. Provide floor stops (Type L02141 or L02161) in office areas; Type L02121 x 3 screws into floor elsewhere. Wall bumpers, where used, must be installed to impact the trim or the door within the leading half of its width. Floor stops, where used, must be installed within 4-inches of the wall face and impact the door within the leading half of its width.
- E. Where drywall partitions occur, use floor stops, Type L02141 or L02161 in office areas, Type L02121 elsewhere.
- F. Omit stops where floor mounted door holders are required and where automatic operated doors occur.
- G. Provide appropriate roller bumper for each set of doors (except where closet doors occur) where two doors would interfere with each other in swinging.
- H. Provide appropriate door mounted stop on doors in individual toilets where floor or wall mounted stops cannot be used.
- I. Provide overhead surface applied stop Type C02541, ANSI A156.8 on patient toilet doors in bedrooms where toilet door could come in contact with the bedroom door.
- J. Provide door stops on doors where combination closer magnetic holders are specified, except where wall stops cannot be used or where floor stops cannot be installed within 4-inches of the wall.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

K. Where the specified wall or floor stop cannot be used, provide concealed overhead stops (surface-mounted where concealed cannot be used).

## 2.6 OVERHEAD DOOR STOPS AND HOLDERS

A. Conform to ANSI Standard A156.8. Overhead holders shall be of sizes recommended by holder manufacturer for each width of door. Set overhead holders for 110 degree opening, unless limited by building construction or equipment. Provide Grade 1 overhead concealed slide type: stop-only at rated doors and security doors, hold-open type with exposed hold-open on/off control at all other doors requiring overhead door stops.

## 2.7 FLOOR DOOR HOLDERS

A. Conform to ANSI Standard A156.16. Provide extension strikes for Types L01301 and L01311 holders where necessary.

# 2.8 LOCKS AND LATCHES

- A. Conform to ANSI A156.2. Locks and latches for doors 45 mm (1-3/4 inch) thick or over shall have beveled fronts. Lock cylinders shall have seven pins. Cylinders for all locksets shall be removable core type. Use Best cylinders 7-pin TE keyway. Cylinders shall be furnished with construction removable cores and construction master keys. Cylinder shall be removable by special key or tool. Construct all cores so that they will be interchangeable into the core housings of all mortise locks, rim locks, cylindrical locks, and any other type lock included in the Great Grand Master Key System. Disassembly of lever or lockset shall not be required to remove core from lockset. All locksets or latches on double doors with fire label shall have latch bolt with 19 mm (3/4 inch) throw, unless shorter throw allowed by the door manufacturer's fire label. Provide temporary keying device or construction core to allow opening and closing during construction and prior to the installation of final cores.
- B. In addition to above requirements, locks and latches shall comply with following requirements:
  - Mortise Lock and Latch Sets: Conform to ANSI/BHMA A156.13. Mortise locksets shall be series 1000, minimum Grade 2. All locksets and latchsets, except on designated doors in Psychiatric (Mental Health) areas, shall have lever handles fabricated from cast stainless steel. Provide sectional (lever x rose) lever design matching Corbin ML2000 SERIES. No substitute lever material shall be accepted. All locks and

08 71 00-9 DOOR HARDWARE

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

latchsets shall be furnished with 122.55 mm (4-7/8-inch) curved lip strike and wrought box. At outswing pairs with overlapping astragals, provide flat lip strip with 21mm (7/8-inch) lip-to-center dimension. Lock function F02 shall be furnished with emergency tools/keys for emergency entrance. All lock cases installed on lead lined doors shall be lead lined before applying final hardware finish. Furnish armored fronts for all mortise locks. Where mortise locks are installed in high-humidity locations, provide non-ferrous mortise lock case.

- 2. Cylindrical Latch Sets: levers shall meet ADA (Americans with Disabilities Act) requirements. All locks and latchsets shall be furnished with 122.55 mm (4-7/8-inch) curved lip strike and wrought box. At outswing pairs with overlapping astragals, provide flat lip strip with 21mm (7/8-inch) lip-to-center dimension. Provide lever design to match design selected by Architect or to match existing lever design. Where two turn pieces are specified for lock F76, turn piece on inside knob shall lock and unlock inside knob, and turn piece on outside knob shall unlock outside knob when inside knob is in the locked position. (This function is intended to allow emergency entry into these rooms without an emergency key or any special tool.)
- 3. Auxiliary locks shall be as specified under hardware sets and conform to ANSI A156.36.

## 2.9 ELECTROMAGNETIC LOCKS

- A. ANSI/BHMA A156.23; electrically powered, of strength and configuration indicated; with electromagnet attached to frame and armature plate attached to door. Listed under Category E in BHMA's "Certified Product Directory."
  - 1. Type: Full interior, as required by application indicated.
  - 2. Strength Ranking: 1000 pound force (4448 N).
  - 3. Inductive Kickback Peak Voltage: Not more than 0 V.
  - 4. Residual Magnetism: Not more than 0 pound force (0 N) to separate door from magnet.
- B. Delayed-Egress Locks: BHMA A156.24. Listed under Category G in BHMA's "Certified Product Directory".

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- Means of Egress Doors: Lock releases within 15 seconds after applying a force not more than 15 pound force (67 N) for not more than 3 seconds, as required by NFPA 101.
- Security Grade: Activated from secure side of door by initiating device.
- 3. Movement Grade: Activated by door movement as initiating device.
- 4. The lock housing shall not project more than 4-inches (101mm) from the underside of the frame head stop.

## 2.10 ELECTRIC STRIKES

- A. ANSI/ BHMA A156.31 Grade 1.
- B. General: Use fail-secure electric strikes at fire-rated doors.
- C. Provide Folger Adam 12/24v failsafe electric strikes.
- D. Prefer electric strike located in door frame. Discourage use of electric mortise inside doors - maintenance issues with wiring failures when routing through hinge and door. No wires shall run through door hinges and door slabs.

## 2.11 KEYS

A. Stamp all keys with change number and key set symbol. Furnish keys in quantities as follows:

Locks/Keys	Quantity
Cylinder locks	2 keys each
Cylinder lock change key blanks	100 each different key way
Master-keyed sets	6 keys each
Grand Master sets	6 keys each
Great Grand Master set	5 keys
Control key	2 keys

B. Psychiatric keys shall be cut so that first two bittings closest to the key shoulder are shallow to provide greater strength at point of greatest torque.

# 2.12 KEY CABINET

A. ANSI Standard A156.11. Provide key cabinet made of cold rolled, 1.2 mm (0.0478 inch) thick furniture steel electro-welded. Doors shall have "no sag" continuous brass-pin piano type hinge and be equipped with chrome plated locking door handles, hook cam and mechanical pushbutton door lock. Key Cabinet and Key Control System shall accommodate all keys for

> 08 71 00-11 DOOR HARDWARE

this project plus 25 percent. Provide minimum number of multiple cabinets where a single cabinet of largest size will not accommodate the required number of keys.

- B. Key tags shall consist of two sets: Permanent self-locking and loan key snaphook type with tag colors as follows: Red fiber marker of the permanent self-locking type approximately 32 mm (1-1/4 inch) in diameter engraved with the legend "FILE KEY MUST NOT BE LOANED." Also furnish for each hook a white cloverleaf key marker with snap-hooks engraved with the legend "LOAN KEY."
- C. The manufacturer of the lock cylinders and locks shall attach a key tag to keys of each lock cylinder and shall mark thereon the respective item number and key change number. Provide each group of keys in a key gathering envelope (supplied by Key Cabinet Manufacturer) in which the lock manufacturer shall include the following information: Item number, key change number and door number. The contractor shall furnish the Key Cabinet Manufacturer the hardware and keying schedules and change keys.
- D. The Key Cabinet Manufacturer shall set up a three-way cross index system, including master keys, listing the keys alphabetically, the hooks numerically and the key changes numerically on different colored index cards. Index cards shall be typewritten and inserted in a durable binder. Attach the keys to the two sets of numbered tags supplied with the cabinet. (The permanent tag and the loan key tag). Instruct the owner in proper use of the system. Install cabinet as directed by the COR.

# 2.13 ARMOR PLATES, KICK PLATES, MOP PLATES AND DOOR EDGING

- A. Conform to ANSI Standard A156.6.
- B. Provide protective plates and door edging as specified below:
  - 1. Kick plates, mop plates and armor plates of metal, Type J100 series.
  - 2. Provide kick plates and mop plates where specified. Kick plates shall be 254 mm (10 inches) or 305 mm (12 inches) high. Mop plates shall be 152 mm (6 inches) high. Both kick and mop plates shall be minimum 1.27 mm (0.050 inches) thick. Provide kick and mop plates beveled on all 4 edges (B4E). On push side of doors where jamb stop extends to floor, make kick plates 38 mm (1-1/2 inches) less than width of door, except pairs of metal doors which shall have plates 25 mm (1 inch) less than width of each door. Extend all other kick and mop plates to within 6 mm (1/4 inch) of each edge of doors. Kick and mop plates

08 71 00-12 DOOR HARDWARE shall butt astragals. For jamb stop requirements, see specification sections pertaining to door frames.

- 3. Kick plates and/or mop plates are not required on following door sides:
  - a. Armor plate side of doors;
- 4. Armor plates for doors are listed under Article "Hardware Sets". Armor plates shall be thickness as noted in the hardware set, 875 mm (35 inches) high and 38 mm (1-1/2 inches) less than width of doors, except on pairs of metal doors. Provide armor plates beveled on all 4 edges (B4E). Plates on pairs of metal doors shall be 25 mm (1 inch) less than width of each door. Where top of intermediate rail of door is less than 875 mm (35 inches) from door bottom, extend armor plates to within 13 mm (1/2 inch) of top of intermediate rail. On doors equipped with panic devices, extend armor plates to within 13 mm (1/2 inch) of panic bolt push bar.
- 5. Where louver or grille occurs in lower portion of doors, substitute stretcher plate and kick plate in place of armor plate. Size of stretcher plate and kick plate shall be 254 mm (10 inches) high.
- 6. Provide stainless steel edge guards where so specified at wood doors. Provide mortised type instead of surface type except where door construction and/or ratings will not allow. Provide edge guards of bevel and thickness to match wood door. Provide edge guards with factory cut-outs for door hardware that must be installed through or extend through the edge guard. Provide full-height edge guards except where door rating does not allow; in such cases, provide edge guards to height of bottom of typical lockset armor front. Forward edge guards to wood door manufacturer for factory installation on doors.

## 2.14 EXIT DEVICES

- A. Provide Von Duprin #98/99 series exit device push bar where directed.
- B. Conform to ANSI Standard A156.3. Exit devices shall be Grade 1; type and function are specified in hardware sets. Provide flush with finished floor strikes for vertical rod exit devices in interior of building. Trim shall have cast satin stainless steel lever handles of design similar to locksets, unless otherwise specified. Provide key cylinders for keyed operating trim and, where specified, cylinder dogging.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- C. Surface vertical rod panics shall only be provided less bottom rod; provide fire pins as required by exit device and door fire labels.
- D. Concealed vertical rod panics shall be provided less bottom rod at interior doors, unless lockable or otherwise specified; provide fire pins as required by exit device and door fire labels.
- E. Where removable mullions are specified at pairs with rim panic devices, provide mullion with key-removable feature.
- F. At non-rated openings with panic hardware, provide panic hardware with key cylinder dogging feature.
- G. Exit devices for fire doors shall comply with Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., requirements for Fire Exit Hardware. Submit proof of compliance.

## 2.15 FLUSH BOLTS (LEVER EXTENSION)

- A. Conform to ANSI A156.16. Flush bolts shall be Type L24081 unless otherwise specified. Furnish proper dustproof strikes conforming to ANSI A156.16, for flush bolts required on lower part of doors.
- B. Lever extension manual flush bolts shall only be used at non-fire-rated pairs for rooms only accessed by maintenance personnel.
- C. Face plates for cylindrical strikes shall be rectangular and not less than 25 mm by 63 mm (1 inch by 2-1/2 inches).
- D. Friction-fit cylindrical dustproof strikes with circular face plate may be used only where metal thresholds occur.
- E. Provide extension rods for top bolt where door height exceeds 2184 mm (7 feet 2 inches).

# 2.16 DOOR PULLS WITH PLATES

A. Conform to ANSI A156.6. Pull Type J401, 152 mm CTC (6 inches CTC) length by 19 mm (3/4 inches) diameter minimum with plate Type J302, 90 mm by 381 mm (3-1/2 inches by 15 inches), unless otherwise specified. Provide pull with projection of 57.2 mm (2 1/4 inches) minimum and a clearance of 38.1 mm (1 1/2 inches) minimum. Cut plates of door pull plate for cylinders, or turn pieces where required.

## 2.17 PUSH PLATES

A. Conform to ANSI A156.6. Metal, Type J302, 203 mm (8 inches) wide by 406.4 mm (16 inches) high. Provide metal Type J302 plates 102 mm (4 inches) wide by 406.4 mm (16 inches) high where push plates are specified for doors with stiles less than 203 mm (8 inches) wide. Cut plates for cylinders, and turn pieces where required.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

# 2.18 COMBINATION PUSH AND PULL PLATES

A. Conform to ANSI 156.6. Type J303, stainless steel 3 mm (1/8 inch) thick, 80 mm (3-1/3 inches) wide by 800 mm (16 inches) high), top and bottom edges shall be rounded. Secure plates to wood doors with 38 mm (1-1/2 inch) long No. 12 wood screws. Cut plates for turn pieces, and cylinders where required. Pull shall be mounted down.

#### 2.19 COORDINATORS

A. Conform to ANSI A156.16. Coordinators, when specified for fire doors, shall comply with Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., requirements for fire door hardware. Coordinator may be omitted on interior pairs of nonlabeled open where open back strike is used. Open back strike shall not be used on labeled doors. Paint coordinators to match door frames, unless coordinators are plated. Provide bar type coordinators, except where gravity coordinators are required at acoustic pairs. For bar type coordinators, provide filler bars for full width and, as required, brackets for push-side surface mounted closers, overhead stops, and vertical rod panic strikes.

# 2.20 THRESHOLDS

- A. Conform to ANSI A156.21, mill finish extruded aluminum, except as otherwise specified. In existing construction, thresholds shall be installed in a bed of sealant with 4-20 stainless steel machine screws and expansion shields. In new construction, embed aluminum anchors coated with epoxy in concrete to secure thresholds. Furnish thresholds for the full width of the openings.
- B. For thresholds at elevators entrances see other sections of specifications.
- C. At any interior doors exposed to moisture, provide threshold with nonslip abrasive finish.
- D. Provide with miter returns where threshold extends more than 12 mm (0.5 inch) beyond face of frame.
- 2.21 AUTOMATIC DOOR BOTTOM SEAL AND RUBBER GASKET FOR LIGHT PROOF OR SOUND CONTROL DOORS
  - A. Conform to ANSI A156.22. Provide mortise or under-door type, except where not practical. For mortise automatic door bottoms, provide type specific for door construction (wood or metal).

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 2.22 MISCELLANEOUS HARDWARE

- A. Access Doors (including Sheet Metal, Screen and Woven Wire Mesh Types): Except for fire-rated doors and doors to Temperature Control Cabinets, equip each single or double metal access door with Lock Type E07213, conforming to ANSI A156.11. Key locks as directed. Ship lock prepaid to the door manufacturer. Hinges shall be provided by door manufacturer.
- B. Cylinders for Various Partitions and Doors: Key cylinders same as entrance doors of area in which partitions and door occur, except as otherwise specified. Provide cylinders to operate locking devices where specified for following partitions and doors:
  - 1. Folding doors and partitions.
  - 2. Wicket door (in roll-up door assemblies).
  - 3. Slide-up doors.
  - 4. Swing-up doors.
  - 5. Fire-rated access doors-Engineer's key set.
  - 6. Doors from corridor to electromagnetic shielded room.
  - 7. Day gate on vault door.
- C. Mutes: Conform to ANSI A156.16. Provide door mutes or door silencers Type L03011 or L03021, depending on frame material, of white or light gray color, on each steel or wood door frame, except at fire-rated frames, lead-lined frames and frames for sound-resistant, lightproof and electromagnetically shielded doors. Furnish 3 mutes for single doors and 2 mutes for each pair of doors, except double-acting doors. Provide 4 mutes or silencers for frames for each Dutch type door. Provide 2 mutes for each edge of sliding door which would contact door frame.

## 2.23 PADLOCKS FOR VARIOUS DOORS, GATES AND HATCHES - NOT USED

#### 2.24 THERMOSTATIC TEMPERATURE CONTROL VALVE CABINETS

- A. Where lock is shown, equip each cabinet door (metal) with lock Type E06213, conforming to ANSI A156.36. Key locks in Key Sets approved by Contracting Officer. See mechanical drawings and specifications for location of cabinets.
- B. Cabinet manufacturer shall supply the hinges, bolts and pulls. Ship locks to cabinet manufacturer for installation.

# 2.25 HINGED WIRE GUARDS (FOR WINDOWS, DOORS AND TRANSOMS) AND WIRE PARTITION DOORS

A. Butt hinges, type A8133 (special swaging) 100 mm by 90 mm (4 inches by 3-1/2 inches), Finish US2C.

1. 3 hinges for guards over 1060 mm (3-1/2 feet) high.

2. 2 hinges for guards less than 1060 mm (3-1/2 feet) high.

- B. Conform to ANSI A156.36. Lock Type E06081 for guards and Type E06061 for partitions.
  - Keying: Except as noted otherwise, key locks like entrance door or space wherein guards and partitions are located except as otherwise specified.
  - Key locks for partitions enclosing mechanical and electrical equipment in Engineer's Set. (See detailed drawings for number of locks and butt hinges required for each guard).

## 2.26 FINISHES

- A. Exposed surfaces of hardware shall have ANSI A156.18, finishes as specified below. Finishes on all hinges, pivots, closers, thresholds, etc., shall be as specified below under "Miscellaneous Finishes." For field painting (final coat) of ferrous hardware, see Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.
- B. 626 or 630: All surfaces on exterior and interior of buildings, except where other finishes are specified.
- C. Miscellaneous Finishes:
  - 1. Hinges --interior doors: 652 or 630.
  - 2. Pivots: Match door trim.
  - 3. Door Closers: Factory applied paint finish. Dull or Satin Aluminum color.
  - 4. Thresholds: Mill finish aluminum.
  - 5. Cover plates for floor hinges and pivots: 630.
  - 6. Other primed steel hardware: 600.
- D. Hardware Finishes for Existing Buildings: U.S. Standard finishes shall match finishes of hardware in (similar) existing spaces except where otherwise specified.
- E. Special Finish: Exposed surfaces of hardware for dark bronze anodized aluminum doors shall have oxidized oil rubbed bronze finish (dark bronze) finish on door closers shall closely match doors.

## 2.27 BASE METALS

A. Apply specified U.S. Standard finishes on different base metals as following:

Finish	Base Metal
626	Brass or bronze
630	Stainless steel

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 HARDWARE HEIGHTS

- A. For existing buildings locate hardware on doors at heights to match existing hardware. Hinge and Latch locations to match Steel Craft. The Contractor shall visit the site, verify location of existing hardware and submit locations to VA COR for approval.
- B. Hardware Heights from Finished Floor:
  - 1.Exit devices centerline of strike (where applicable) 1024 mm (40-5/16
    inches).
  - 2.Locksets and latch sets centerline of strike 1024 mm (40-5/16 inches).
  - 3. Deadlocks centerline of strike 1219 mm (48 inches).
  - 4. Hospital arm pull 1168 mm (46 inches) to centerline of bottom supporting bracket.
  - 5. Centerline of door pulls to be 1016 mm (40 inches).
  - 6. Push plates and push-pull shall be 1270 mm (50 inches) to top of plate.
  - 7. Push-pull latch to be 1024 mm (40-5/16 inches) to centerline of strike.
  - 8. Locate other hardware at standard commercial heights. Locate push and pull plates to prevent conflict with other hardware.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Closer devices, including those with hold-open features, shall be equipped and mounted to provide maximum door opening permitted by building construction or equipment. Closers shall be mounted on side of door inside rooms, inside stairs, and away from corridors except security bedroom, bathroom and anteroom doors which shall have closer installed parallel arm on exterior side of doors. Where closers are mounted on doors they shall be mounted with hex nuts and bolts; foot shall be fastened to frame with machine screws.

B. Hinge Size Requirements:

Door Thickness	Door Width	Hinge Height	
45 mm (1-3/4 inch)	900 mm (3 feet) and less	113 mm (4-1/2 inches)	
45 mm (1-3/4 inch)	Over 900 mm (3 feet) but not more than 1200 mm (4 feet)	125 mm (5 inches)	
35 mm (1-3/8 inch) (hollow core wood doors)	Not over 1200 mm (4 feet)	113 mm (4-1/2 inches)	

- C. Hinge leaves shall be sufficiently wide to allow doors to swing clear of door frame trim and surrounding conditions.
- D. Hinges Required Per Door:

Door Description	Number butts
Doors 1500 mm (5 ft) or less in height	2 butts
Doors over 1500 mm (5 ft) high and not over 2280 mm (7 ft 6 in) high	3 butts
Doors over 2280 mm (7 feet 6 inches) high	4 butts
Dutch type doors	4 butts
Doors with spring hinges 1370 mm (4 feet 6 inches) high or less	2 butts
Doors with spring hinges over 1370 mm (4 feet 6 inches)	3 butts

- E. Fastenings: Suitable size and type and shall harmonize with hardware as to material and finish. Provide machine screws and lead expansion shields to secure hardware to concrete, ceramic or quarry floor tile, or solid masonry. Fiber or rawl plugs and adhesives are not permitted. All fastenings exposed to weather shall be of nonferrous metal.
- F. After locks have been installed; show in presence of COR that keys operate their respective locks in accordance with keying requirements. (All keys, Master Key level and above shall be sent Registered Mail to the Medical Center Director along with the bitting list. Also a copy of the invoice shall be sent to the COR for his records.) Installation of locks which do not meet specified keying requirements shall be considered sufficient justification for rejection and replacement of all locks installed on project.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 3.3 FINAL INSPECTION

- A. Installer to provide letter to VA Resident/Project Engineer that upon completion, installer has visited the Project and has accomplished the following:
  - 1.Re-adjust hardware.
  - 2. Evaluate maintenance procedures and recommend changes or additions, and instruct VA personnel.
  - 3. Identify items that have deteriorated or failed.
  - 4. Submit written report identifying problems.

#### 3.4 DEMONSTRATION

A. Demonstrate efficacy of mechanical hardware and electrical, and electronic hardware systems, including adjustment and maintenance procedures, to satisfaction of Resident/Project Engineer and VA Locksmith.

## 3.5 HARDWARE SETS

- A. Following sets of hardware correspond to hardware symbols shown on drawings. Only those hardware sets that are shown on drawings will be required. Disregard hardware sets listed in specifications but not shown on drawings.
- B. Hardware Consultant working on a project will be responsible for providing additional information regarding these hardware sets. The numbers shown in the following sets come from BHMA standards.

HARDWARE ABBREVIATIONS LEGEND:

- 1. HA Hager
- 2. MR Markar
- 3. SU Securitron
- 4. RO Rockwood
- 5. RU Corbin Russwin
- 6. BE dormakaba Best
- 7. FO Folger Adam
- 8. RF Rixson
- 9. PE Pemko

10. MK - McKinney
11. OT - Other

Set: HW-3.2

Door: 7-102A

Continuous Hinge (A51 1 HOSP TIP)	031B - FM300 HT (Size as Required)	630	MR
1 Storeroom Lock (F07)	ML2057 NSF CLS7 (Temp Core)	630	RU
1 Interchangeable Core	Small Format Interchangeable (E09241) Core - 7 Pin/TE Keyway - Key t existing system	o 626	BE
1 Electric Strike (E093	91) 310-2-3/4-F (Fail Secure - Voltage as required)	630	FO
1 SMART Pac Bridge Rect	ifier 2005M3		FO
Surface Closer (C0201 1 C02021)	1 / DC6200 / DC6210 (Reg or PA Arm as required)	689	RU
1 Kick Plate (J102)	K1050 10" CSK	US32D	RO
1 Floor Stop (L02121)	470	US26D	RO
1 Adhesive Gasketing (R	OY154) S88BL		PE
2 Edge Guard (J208M / J	211) 310B / 302B (UL Label as Required)	US32D	RO
1 Sweep (R3A434)	293100CNB		PE
1 Frame Harness	QC-C1500P		MK
1 Position Switch (E08)	DPS-M-BK		SU
1 Card Reader/Keypad	BY SECURITY INTEGRATOR		OT
1 Motion Sensor	XMS		SU
1 Power Supply	By SECURITY INTEGRATOR		SU

Notes: 120VAC power, conduit, and wiring by division 26. Card reader/Key Pad by division 28.

Operation:

• Door is normally closed and secure.

• When a proper credential is presented to the Card Reader/Key Pad (by Others) and the correct digital code is entered into the keypad the electric strike will be momentarily released to allow entry.

• The lever on the interior or the room is free at all times for egress. Request to Exit Sensor mounted on the interior of the room will signal and authorized egress to access control.

• Key outside retracts latch.

• Door Position Switch will report the doors OPEN/CLOSED status to access control and intrusion alarm systems.

• Electric Strike is Fail Secure and will remain locked in the event of a fire emergency or power outage.

# Set: HW-3.2B

Doors: 1-005F, 1-A05C, 1-A200, 4-123C, 5-116, 9-100B, 28-003A, 28-066A, 50-020, 51-001,

3	Hinge, Full Mortise (A8111 - w/Hosp Tip)	BB1279 HT (NRP and Size as Required)	US26D	HA
1	Storeroom Lock (F07)	ML2057 NSF CLS7 (Temp Core)	630	RU
1	Interchangeable Core (E09241)	Small Format Interchangeable Core - 7 Pin/TE Keyway - Key to existing system	626	BE
1	Electric Strike (E09391)	310-2-3/4-F (Fail Secure - Voltage as required)	630	FO
1	SMART Pac Bridge Rectifier	2005M3		FO
1	Surface Closer (C02011 / C02021)	DC6200 / DC6210 (Reg or PA Arm as required)	689	RU
1	Kick Plate (J102)	K1050 10" CSK	US32D	RO
1	Floor Stop (L02121)	470	US26D	RO
1	Adhesive Gasketing (R0Y154)	S88BL		ΡE
1	Edge Guard (J208M / J211)	310B / 302B (UL Label as Required)	US32D	RO

08 71 00-22 DOOR HARDWARE

1 Sweep (R3A434)	293100CNB	PE
1 Frame Harness	QC-C1500P	MK
1 Position Switch (E08)	DPS-M-BK	SU
1 Card Reader/Keypad	BY SECURITY INTEGRATOR	OT
1 Motion Sensor	XMS	SU
1 Power Supply	By SECURITY INTEGRATOR	SU

Notes: 120VAC power, conduit, and wiring by division 26. Card reader/Key Pad by division 28.

## Operation:

• Door is normally closed and secure.

• When a proper credential is presented to the Card Reader/Key Pad (by Others) and the correct digital code is entered into the keypad the electric strike will be momentarily released to allow entry.

• The lever on the interior or the room is free at all times for egress. Request to Exit Sensor mounted on the interior of the room will signal and authorized egress to access control.

• Key outside retracts latch.

• Door Position Switch will report the doors OPEN/CLOSED status to access control and intrusion alarm systems.

• Electric Strike is Fail Secure and will remain locked in the event of a fire emergency or power outage.

#### Set: HW-3.2A.1

Door: 4-052

3	Hinge, Full Mortise (A8111 -	BB1279 HT (NRP and Size as	US26D	НА
J	w/Hosp Tip)	Required)	05200	IIA
1	Storeroom Lock (F07)	ML2057 NSF CLS7 (Temp Core)	630	RU
		Small Format Interchangeable		
1	Interchangeable Core (E09241)	Core - 7 Pin/TE Keyway - Key to	626	BE
		existing system		

08 71 00-23 DOOR HARDWARE VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 310-2-3/4-F (Fail Secure -1 Electric Strike (E09391) 630 FO Voltage as required) 1 SMART Pac Bridge Rectifier 2005M3 FO 1 Conc Overhead Stop 1-X36 (Size as required) 630 RF Surface Closer (C02011 / DC6200 / DC6210 (Reg or PA Arm 689 RIJ C02021) as required) 1 Kick Plate (J102) K1050 10" CSK US32D RO 1 Floor Stop (L02121) 470 US26D RO 1 Adhesive Gasketing (R0Y154) S88BL ΡE 310B / 302B (UL Label as 1 Edge Guard (J208M / J211) US32D RO Required) 1 Sweep (R3A434) 293100CNB ΡE QC-C1500P 1 Frame Harness MK 1 Position Switch (E08) DPS-M-BK SU BY SECURITY INTEGRATOR 1 Card Reader/Keypad OТ 1 Motion Sensor XMS SU 1 Power Supply By SECURITY INTEGRATOR SU

Notes: 120VAC power, conduit, and wiring by division 26. Card reader/Key Pad by division 28.

## Operation:

• Door is normally closed and secure.

• When a proper credential is presented to the Card Reader/Key Pad (by Others) and the correct digital code is entered into the keypad the electric strike will be momentarily released to allow entry.

• The lever on the interior or the room is free at all times for egress. Request to Exit Sensor mounted on the interior of the room will signal and authorized egress to access control.

• Key outside retracts latch.

• Door Position Switch will report the doors OPEN/CLOSED status to access control and intrusion alarm systems.

• Electric Strike is Fail Secure and will remain locked in the event of a fire emergency or power outage.

08 71 00-24 DOOR HARDWARE

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

# Set: HW-5

Door: 1-005E

Hinge, Full Mortise (A8111 -	BB1279 HT (NRP and Size as	US26D	HA
w/Hosp Tip)	Required)		
1 Push Plate (J301)	70F / 70C-RKW	US32D	RO
1 Door Pull w/ Plate (J405)	106x70B	US32D	RO
Surface Closer (C02011 /	DC6200 / DC6210 (Reg or PA Arm	689	RU
C02021)	as required)		
1 Kick Plate (J102)	K1050 10" CSK	US32D	RO
1 Floor Stop (L02121)	470	US26D	RO
3 Silencer (L03011)	608		RO

# <u>Set: HW-11.2</u>

Door: 4-053

6	Hinge, Full Mortise (A8111 -	BB1279 HT (NRP and Size as	US26D	НА
	w/Hosp Tip)	Required)	00200	IIA
1	Flush Bolt (Type 25)	2848 / 2948	US32D	RO
1	Storeroom Lock (F07)	ML2057 NSF CLS7 (Temp Core)	630	RU
		Small Format Interchangeable		
1	Interchangeable Core (E09241)	Core - 7 Pin/TE Keyway - Key to	626	BE
		existing system		
1	Electric Strike (E00201)	310-2-3/40B-F (Fail Secure -	630	FO
T	Electric Strike (E09391)	Voltage as required)	020	FO
1	Coordinator (Type 21A)	2600 Series	Black	RO
2	Surface Closer (C02011 /	DC6200 / DC6210 (Reg or PA Arm	689	RU
<sup>2</sup> c02021)		as required)	009	KU
2	Kick Plate (J102)	K1050 10" CSK	US32D	RO
2	Floor Stop (L02121)	470	US26D	RO
1	Adhesive Gasketing (R0Y154)	S88BL		PE

VA Project 656-21-235 VAMC St. Cloud, MN March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 1 Astragal (R0Y634) 357C ΡE 1 Frame Harness QC-C1500P MK 1 Door Harness QC-C MK 2 Position Switch (E08) DPS-M-BK SU 1 Card Reader/Keypad BY SECURITY INTEGRATOR OT 1 Motion Sensor XMS SU 1 Power Supply By SECURITY INTEGRATOR SU 1 Electric Power Transfer CEPT-10 SU

Notes: 120VAC power, conduit, and wiring by division 26. Card reader/Key Pad by division 28.

Operation:

• Door is normally closed and secure.

• When a proper credential is presented to the Card Reader/Key Pad (by Others) and the correct digital code is entered into the keypad the electric strike will be momentarily released to allow entry.

• The lever on the interior or the room is free at all times for egress. Request to Exit Sensor mounted on the interior of the room will signal and authorized egress to access control.

• Key outside retracts latch.

• Door Position Switch will report the doors OPEN/CLOSED status to access control and intrusion alarm systems.

• Electric Strike is Fail Secure and will remain locked in the event of a fire emergency or power outage.

## Set: HW-SH-3D.1

Door: 48-122B

3	Hinge, Full Mortise (A8111 -	BB1279 HT (NRP and Size as	US26D	НА
5	w/Hosp Tip)	Required)	05200	IIA
1	Fail Secure Lock (F07, E01,	ML20906-SEC NSF M91xM92 CLS7	630	נות
T	E06)	(Temp Core)	020	RU

08 71 00-26 DOOR HARDWARE

VAMC St. Cloud, MN EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive St. Cloud, MN 56303	-	ect 656-2 March 30, led for Bi	2022
Surface Closer (C02011 / 1 C02021)	DC6200 / DC6210 (Reg or PA Arm as required)	689	RU
1 Armor Plate (J101)	K1050 35" CSK	US32D	RO
1 Adhesive Gasketing (R0Y154)	S88BL		PE
1 Edge Guard (J208M / J211)	310B / 302B (UL Label as Required)	US32D	RO
1 Frame Harness	QC-C1500P		MK
1 Door Harness	QC-C		MK
1 Position Switch (E08)	DPS-M-BK		SU
1 Card Reader/Keypad	BY SECURITY INTEGRATOR		OT
1 Power Supply	By SECURITY INTEGRATOR		SU
1 Electric Power Transfer	CEPT-10		SU

Notes: 120VAC power, conduit, and wiring by division 26. Card reader/Key Pad by division 28.

## Operation:

• Door is normally closed and secure.

• When a proper credential is presented to the Card Reader/Key Pad (by Others) and the correct digital code is entered into the keypad the electrified lockset Lever will be momentarily released to allow entry.

• The lever on the interior or the room is free at all times for egress. Request to Exit Sensor integrated in the lockset will signal and authorized egress to access control.

• Key outside retracts latch.

• Door Position Switch will report the doors OPEN/CLOSED status to access control and intrusion alarm systems.

• Electrified Lockset is Fail Secure and will remain locked in the event of a fire emergency or power outage.

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VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## SECTION 09 05 16 SUBSURFACE PREPARATION FOR FLOOR FINISHES

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. This section specifies subsurface preparation requirements for areas to
- B. receive the installation of applied and resinous flooring. This section includes removal of existing floor coverings, testing concrete for moisture and pH, remedial floor coating for concrete floor slabs having unsatisfactory moisture or pH conditions, floor leveling and repair as required.

## 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.
- B. Section 09 65 19, RESILIENT TILE FLOORING, Section 09 65 36.13, STATIC DISSIPATIVE RESILIENT TILE FLOORING.

## 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA and TEST DATA.
- B. Written approval confirming product compatibility with subfloor material manufacturer and the flooring manufacturer
- C. Product Data:
  - 1. Moisture remediation system
  - 2. Underlayment Primer
  - 3. Cementitious Self-Leveling Underlayment
  - 4. Cementitious Trowel-Applied Underlayment (Not suitable for resinous floor finishes)
- D. Test Data:
  - Moisture test and pH results performed by a qualified independent testing agency or warranty holding manufacturer's technical representative.

#### 1.4 DELIVERY AND STORAGE

- A. Deliver materials in containers with labels legible and intact and grade-seals unbroken.
- B. Store material to prevent damage or contamination.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## 1.5 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designation only.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM):

D638-14(2014).....Standard Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics D4259-18(2019)....Standard Practice for Preparation of Concrete by Abrasion Prior to Coating Application. C109/C109M-20b(2020)...Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of Hydraulic Cement Mortars (Using 2-in. or [50-mm] Cube Specimens 7234-19(2020)....Standard Test Method for Pull-Off Adhesion

- Strength of Coatings on Concrete Using Portable Pull-Off Adhesion Testers E96/E96M-16(2016).....Standard Test Methods for Water Vapor
- Transmission of Materials
- F710-le1(2020).....Standard Practice for Preparing Concrete Floors to Receive Resilient Flooring

F1869-16a..... Standard Test Method for Measuring Moisture Vapor Emission Rate of Concrete Subfloor Using Anhydrous Calcium Chloride

- F2170-19a(2020).....Standard Test Method for Determining Relative Humidity in Concrete Floor Slabs Using in situ Probes
- C348-20(2020).....Standard Test Method for Flexural Strength of Hydraulic-Cement Mortars
- C191-19(2020).....Standard Test Method for Time of Setting of Hydraulic Cement by Vicat Needle

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MOISTURE REMEDIATION COATING

- A. System Descriptions:
  - High-solids, epoxy system designed to suppress excess moisture in concrete prior to an overlayment. For use under resinous products, VCT, tile and carpet where issues caused by moisture vapor are a concern.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- B. Products: Subject to compliance with applicable fire, health, environmental, and safety requirements for storage, handling, installation, and clean up.
- C. System Components: Verify specific requirements as systems vary by manufacturer. Verify build up layers and installation method. Verify compatibility with substrate. Use manufacturer's standard components, compatible with each other and as follows:
  - 1. Liquid applied coating:
    - a. Resin: epoxy.
    - b. Formulation Description: Multiple component high solids.
    - c. Application: Per manufacturer's written installation
       requirements.
    - d. Thickness: minimum 10 mils
- D. Material Vapor Permeance: Application shall achieve a permeance rating of less than 0.1 perm in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M.
- E. Maximum RH requirement: 100% testing in accordance with ASTM F2170.

Property	Test	Value
Tensile Strength	ASTM D638	4,400 psi
Volatile Organic Compound Limits (V.O.C.)	SCAMD Rule 1113 (Ammended 02/05/2016)	25 grams per liter
Permeance	ASTM E96	0.1 perms
Tensile Modulus	ASTM D638	1.9X10 <sup>5</sup> psi
Percent Elongation	ASTM D638	12%
Cure Rate	Per manufacture's Data	4 hours Tack free with 24hr recoat window
Bond Strength	ASTM D7234	100% bond to concrete failure

## VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## 2.2 CEMENTITIOUS SELF-LEVELING UNDERLAYMENT

- A. System Descriptions:
  - High performance self-leveling underlayment resurfacer. Single component, self-leveling, cementitious material designed for easy application as an underlayment for all types of flooring materials. It is used for substrate repair and leveling.
- B. Products: Subject to compliance with applicable fire, health, environmental, and safety requirements for storage, handling, installation, and clean up. Gypsum-based products are unacceptable.
- C. System Characteristics:
  - 1. Wearing Surface: smooth
  - 2. Thickness: Per architectural drawings, ranging from feathered edge to 1", per application. Applications greater than 1" require additional 3/8" aggregate to mix or as recommended by manufacturer.
- D. Underlayment shall be calcium aluminate cement-based, containing Portland cement. Gypsum-based products are unacceptable.
- E. Compressive Strength: Minimum 4100 psi in 28 days in accordance with ASTM C109/C109M.
- F. Flexural Strength: Minimum 1000 psi in 28 days in accordance with ASTM C348
- G. Dry Time: Underlayment shall receive the application of floor coverings in 16 hours.
- H. Primer: compatible and as recommended by manufacturer for use over intended substrate
- I. System Components: Manufacturer's standard components that are compatible with each other and as follows:
  - 1. Primer:
    - a. Resin: copolymer
    - b. Formulation Description: single component ready to use.
    - c. Application Method: Squeegee and medium nap roller.
    - d. All puddles shall be removed, and material shall be allowed to dry, 1-2 hours at 70F/21C.
    - e. Number of Coats: (1) one.
  - 2. Grout Resurfacing Base:

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- a. Formulation Description: Single component, cementitious selfleveling high-early and high-ultimate strength grout.
- b. Application Method: colloidal mix pump, cam rake, spike roll.
  - 1) Thickness of Coats: Per architectural scope, 1" lifts.
  - 2) Number of Coats: More than one if needed.
- c. Aggregates: for applications greater than linch, require additional 3/8" aggregate to mix.

J.

Property	Test	Value
Compressive Strength	ASTM C109/C109M	2,200 psi @ 24 hrs 3,000 psi @ 7 days
Initial set time Final Set time	ASTM C191	30-45 min. 1 to 1.5 hours
Bond Strength	ASTM D7234	100% bond to concrete failure

# 2.3 CEMENTITIOUS TROWEL-APPLIED UNDERLAYMENT (NOT SUITABLE FOR RESINOUS FLOOR FINISHES)

- A. Underlayment shall be calcium aluminate cement-based, containing Portland cement. Gypsum-based products are unacceptable.
- B. Compressive Strength: Minimum 4000 psi in 28 days
- C. Trowel-applied underlayment shall not contain silica quartz (sand).
- D. Dry Time: Underlayment shall receive the application of floor covering in 15-20 minutes.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Maintain ambient temperature of work areas at not less than 16 degree C (60 degrees F), without interruption, for not less than 24 hours before testing and not less than three days after testing.
- B. Maintain higher temperatures for a longer period of time where required by manufacturer's recommendation.
- C. Do not install materials when the temperatures of the substrate or materials are not within 60-85 degrees F/ 16-30 degrees C.

## 3.2 SURFACE PREPARATION

- A. Existing concrete slabs with existing floor coverings:
  - Conduct visual observation of existing floor covering for adhesion, water damage, alkaline deposits, and other defects.

09 05 16 - 5 SUBSURFACE PREP FOR FLOOR FINISHES

- Remove existing floor covering and adhesives. Comply with local, state and federal regulations and the RFCI Recommended Work Practices for Removal of Resilient Floor Coverings, as applicable to the floor covering being removed.
- B. Concrete shall meet the requirements of ASTM F710 and be sound, solid, clean, and free of all oil, grease, dirt, curing compounds, and any substance that might act as a bond-breaker before application. As required prepare slab by mechanical methods. No chemicals or solvents shall be used.
- C. General: Prepare and clean substrates according to flooring manufacturer's written instructions for substrate indicated.
- D. Prepare concrete substrates per ASTM D4259 as follows:
  - 1. Dry abrasive blasting.
  - 2. Wet abrasive blasting.
  - 3. Vacuum-assisted abrasive blasting.
  - 4. Centrifugal-shot abrasive blasting.
  - 5. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
- E. Repair damaged and deteriorated concrete according to flooring manufacturer's written recommendations.
- F. Verify that concrete substrates are dry.
- G. Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test, ASTM F 1869. Proceed with application only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of per flooring manufactures formal and project specific written recommendation.
- H. Perform in situ probe test, ASTM F2170. Proceed with application only after substrates do not exceed a maximum potential equilibrium relative humidity per flooring manufacture's formal and project specific written recommendation.
- I. Provide a written report showing test placement and results.
- J. Prepare joints in accordance with Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.
- K. Alkalinity: Measure surface pH in accordance with procedures provided in ASTM F710 or as outlined by qualified testing agency or flooring manufacturer's technical representative.
- L. Tolerances: Subsurface shall meet the flatness and levelness tolerance specified on drawings or recommended by the floor finish manufacturer. Tolerance shall also not to exceed 1/4" deviation in 10'. As required, install underlayment to achieve required tolerance.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

M. Other Subsurface: For all other subsurface conditions, such as wood or metal, contact the floor finish or underlayment manufacturer, as appropriate, for proper preparation practices.

## 3.3 MOISTURE REMEDIATION COATING

- A. Where results of relative humidity testing (ASTM F2170) exceed the requirements of the specified flooring manufacturer, apply remedial coating as specified to correct excessive moisture condition.
- B. Prior to remedial floor coating installation mechanically prepare the concrete surface to provide a concrete surface profile in accordance with ASTM D4259.
- C. Mix and apply moisture remediation coating in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

# 3.4 CEMENTITOUS UNDERLAYMENT

- A. Install cementitious self-leveling underlayment as required to correct surface defects, floor flatness or levelness corrections to meet the tolerance requirements as indicated by manufacturer, address non-moving cracks or joints, or provide a smooth surface for the installation of floor covering.
- B. Mix and apply in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

## 3.5 PROTECTION

A. Prior to the installation of the finish flooring, the surface of the underlayment should be protected from abuse by other trades by the use of plywood, tempered hardwood, or other suitable protection course

## 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Where specified, field sampling of products shall be conducted by a qualified, independent testing facility.

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## SECTION 09 22 16 NON-STRUCTURAL METAL FRAMING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

This section specifies steel studs wall systems, shaft wall systems, ceiling or soffit suspended or furred framing, wall furring, fasteners, and accessories for the screw attachment of gypsum board, plaster bases or other building boards.

## 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Not Used
- B. Support for wall mounted items: Section 05 50 00, METAL FABRICATIONS.
- C. Ceiling suspension systems for acoustical tile or panels and lay in gypsum board panels: Section 09 51 00, ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS Section 09 29 00, GYPSUM BOARD.

## 1.3 TERMINOLOGY

- A. Description of terms shall be in accordance with ASTM C754, ASTM C11, ASTM C841 and as specified.
- B. Underside of Structure Overhead: In spaces where steel trusses or bar joists are shown, the underside of structure overhead shall be the underside of the floor or roof construction supported by beams, trusses, or bar joists. In interstitial spaces with walk-on floors the underside of the walk-on floor is the underside of structure overhead.
- C. Thickness of steel specified is the minimum bare (uncoated) steel thickness.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Studs, runners and accessories.
  - 2. Hanger inserts.
  - 3. Channels (Rolled steel).
  - 4. Furring channels.
  - 5. Screws, clips and other fasteners.
- C. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Typical ceiling suspension system.

- 2. Typical metal stud and furring construction system including details around openings and corner details.
- 3. Typical shaft wall assembly
- 4. Typical fire rated assembly and column fireproofing showing details of construction same as that used in fire rating test.
- D. Test Results: Fire rating test designation, each fire rating required for each assembly.

## 1.5 DELIVERY, IDENTIFICATION, HANDLING AND STORAGE

In accordance with the requirements of ASTM C754.

## **1.6 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.

в.	American Society For Testing And Materials (ASTM)
	A641-09Sinc-Coated (Galvanized) Carbon Steel Wire
	A653/653M-11Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc Coated
	(Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated
	(Galvannealed) by Hot-Dip Process.
	C11-10and Related
	Building Materials and Systems
	C635-07
	Suspension System for Acoustical Tile and
	Lay-in Panel Ceilings
	C636-08Suspension
	Systems for Acoustical Tile and Lay-in Panels
	C645-09 Mon-Structural Steel Framing Members
	C754-11 Members to
	Receive Screw-Attached Gypsum Panel Products
	C841-03(R2008)Installation of Interior Lathing and Furring
	C954-10Steel Drill Screws for the Application of
	Gypsum Panel Products or Metal Plaster Bases to
	Steel Studs from 0.033 in. (0.84 mm) to 0.112
	in. (2.84 mm) in Thickness
	E580-11Syplication of Ceiling Suspension Systems for
	Acoustical Tile and Lay-in Panels in Areas
	Requiring Moderate Seismic Restraint.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PROTECTIVE COATING

Galvanize steel studs, runners (track), rigid (hat section) furring channels, "Z" shaped furring channels, and resilient furring channels, with coating designation of G40 or equivalent.

## 2.2 STEEL STUDS AND RUNNERS (TRACK)

- A. ASTM C645, modified for thickness specified and sizes as shown.
  - 1. Use C 645 steel, 0.75 mm (0.0296-inch) minimum base-metal (30 mil).
  - 2. Runners same thickness as studs.
  - 3. Exception: Members that can show certified third party testing with gypsum board in accordance with ICC ES AC86 (Approved May 2012) need not meet the minimum thickness limitation or minimum section properties set forth in ASTM C 645. The submission of an evaluation report is acceptable to show conformance to this requirement. Use C 645 steel, 0.48mm (0.019 inch) minimum base-metal (19 mil).
- B. Provide not less than two cutouts in web of each stud, approximately 300 mm (12 inches) from each end, and intermediate cutouts on approximately 600 mm (24-inch) centers.
- C. Doubled studs for openings and studs for supporting concrete backer-board.
- D. Studs 3600 mm (12 feet) or less in length shall be in one piece.
- E. Shaft Wall Framing:
  - 1. Conform to rated wall construction.
  - 2. C-H Studs or C-T Studs.
  - 3. E Studs.
  - 4. J Runners.
  - 5. Steel Jamb-Strut.

## 2.3 FURRING CHANNELS

- A. Rigid furring channels (hat shape): ASTM C645.
- B. Resilient furring channels:
  - 1. Not less than 0.45 mm (0.0179-inch) thick bare metal.
  - Semi-hat shape, only one flange for anchorage with channel web leg slotted on anchorage side, channel web leg on other side stiffens fastener surface but shall not contact anchorage surface other channel leg is attached to.

- C. "Z" Furring Channels:
  - 1. Not less than 0.45 mm (0.0179-inch)-thick base metal, with 32 mm (1-1/4 inch) and 19 mm (3/4-inch) flanges.
  - 2. Web furring depth to suit thickness of insulation.
- D. Rolled Steel Channels: ASTM C754, cold rolled; or, ASTM C841, cold rolled.

# 2.4 FASTENERS, CLIPS, AND OTHER METAL ACCESSORIES

- A. ASTM C754, except as otherwise specified.
- B. For fire rated construction: Type and size same as used in fire rating test.
- C. Fasteners for steel studs thicker than 0.84 mm (0.033-inch) thick. Use ASTM C954 steel drill screws of size and type recommended by the manufacturer of the material being fastened.
- D. Clips: ASTM C841 (paragraph 6.11), manufacturer's standard items. Clips used in lieu of tie wire shall have holding power equivalent to that provided by the tie wire for the specific application.
- E. Concrete ceiling hanger inserts (anchorage for hanger wire and hanger straps): Steel, zinc-coated (galvanized), manufacturers standard items, designed to support twice the hanger loads imposed and the type of hanger used.
- F. Tie Wire and Hanger Wire:
  - 1. ASTM A641, soft temper, Class 1 coating.
  - 2. Gage (diameter) as specified in ASTM C754 or ASTM C841.
- G. Attachments for Wall Furring:
- Manufacturers standard items fabricated from zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet.
- For concrete or masonry walls: Metal slots with adjustable inserts or adjustable wall furring brackets. Spacers may be fabricated from 1 mm (0.0396-inch) thick galvanized steel with corrugated edges.
- H. Power Actuated Fasteners: Type and size as recommended by the manufacturer of the material being fastened.

## 2.5 SUSPENDED CEILING SYSTEM FOR GYPSUM BOARD (OPTION)

A. Conform to ASTM C635, heavy duty, with not less than 35 mm (1-3/8 inch) wide knurled capped flange face designed for screw attachment of gypsum board.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

B. Wall track channel with 35 mm (1-3/8 inch) wide flange.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION CRITERIA

- A. Where fire rated construction is required for walls, partitions, columns, beams and floor-ceiling assemblies, the construction shall be same as that used in fire rating test.
- B. Construction requirements for fire rated assemblies and materials shall be as shown and specified, the provisions of the Scope paragraph (1.2) of ASTM C754 and ASTM C841 regarding details of construction shall not apply.

## 3.2 INSTALLING STUDS

- A. Install studs in accordance with ASTM C754, except as otherwise shown or specified.
- B. Space studs not more than 610 mm (24 inches) on center.
- C. Cut studs 6 mm to 9 mm (1/4 to 3/8-inch) less than floor to underside of structure overhead when extended to underside of structure overhead.
- D. Where studs are shown to terminate above suspended ceilings, provide bracing as shown or extend studs to underside of structure overhead.
- E. Extend studs to underside of structure overhead for fire, rated partitions, smoke partitions, shafts, and sound rated partitions and insulated exterior wall furring.
- G. Openings:
  - 1. Frame jambs of openings in stud partitions and furring with two studs placed back to back or as shown.
  - Fasten back to back studs together with 9 mm (3/8-inch) long Type S pan head screws at not less than 600 mm (two feet) on center, staggered along webs.
  - 3. Studs fastened flange to flange shall have splice plates on both sides approximately 50 X 75 mm (2 by 3 inches) screwed to each stud with two screws in each stud. Locate splice plates at 600 mm (24 inches) on center between runner tracks.
- H. Fastening Studs:
  - Fasten studs located adjacent to partition intersections, corners and studs at jambs of openings to flange of runner tracks with two screws through each end of each stud and flange of runner.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- Do not fasten studs to top runner track when studs extend to underside of structure overhead.
- I. Chase Wall Partitions:
  - 1. Locate cross braces for chase wall partitions to permit the installation of pipes, conduits, carriers and similar items.
  - Use studs or runners as cross bracing not less than 63 mm (2-1/2 inches wide).
- J. Form building seismic or expansion joints with double studs back to back spaced 75 mm (three inches) apart plus the width of the seismic or expansion joint.
- K. Form control joint, with double studs spaced 13 mm (1/2-inch) apart.

#### 3.3 INSTALLING WALL FURRING FOR FINISH APPLIED TO ONE SIDE ONLY

- A. In accordance with ASTM C754, or ASTM C841 except as otherwise specified or shown.
- B. Wall furring-Stud System:
  - 1. Framed with 63 mm (2-1/2 inch) or narrower studs, 600 mm (24 inches) on center.
  - Brace as specified in ASTM C754 for Wall Furring-Stud System or brace with sections or runners or studs placed horizontally at not less than three foot vertical intervals on side without finish.
  - Securely fasten braces to each stud with two Type S pan head screws at each bearing.
- C. Direct attachment to masonry or concrete; rigid channels or "Z" channels:
  - Install rigid (hat section) furring channels at 600 mm (24 inches) on center, horizontally or vertically.
  - Install "Z" furring channels vertically spaced not more than 600 mm (24 inches) on center.
  - At corners where rigid furring channels are positioned horizontally, provide mitered joints in furring channels.
  - Ends of spliced furring channels shall be nested not less than 200 mm (8 inches).
  - 5. Fasten furring channels to walls with power-actuated drive pins or hardened steel concrete nails. Where channels are spliced, provide two fasteners in each flange.
  - Locate furring channels at interior and exterior corners in accordance with wall finish material manufacturers printed erection

09 22 16 - 6 NON-STRUCTURAL METAL FRAMING

instructions. Locate "Z" channels within 100 mm (4 inches) of corner.

D. Installing Wall Furring-Bracket System: Space furring channels not more than 400 mm (16 inches) on center.

## 3.4 INSTALLING SUPPORTS REQUIRED BY OTHER TRADES

- A. Provide for attachment and support of electrical outlets, plumbing, laboratory or heating fixtures, recessed type plumbing fixture accessories, access panel frames, wall bumpers, wood seats, toilet stall partitions, dressing booth partitions, urinal screens, chalkboards, tackboards, wall-hung casework, handrail brackets, recessed fire extinguisher cabinets and other items like auto door buttons and auto door operators supported by stud construction.
- B. Provide additional studs where required. Install metal backing plates, or special metal shapes as required, securely fastened to metal studs.

## 3.5 INSTALLING SHAFT WALL SYSTEM

- A. Conform to UL Design No. U438 for two-hour fire rating.
- B. Position J runners at floor and ceiling with the short leg toward finish side of wall. Securely attach runners to structural supports with power driven fasteners at both ends and 600 mm (24 inches) on center.
- C. After liner panels have been erected, cut C-H studs and E studs, from 9 mm (3/8-inch) to not more than 13 mm (1/2-inch) less than floor-to-ceiling height. Install C-H studs between liner panels with liner panels inserted in the groove.
- D. Install full-length steel E studs over shaft wall line at intersections, corners, hinged door jambs, columns, and both sides of closure panels.
- E. Suitably frame all openings to maintain structural support for wall:
  - Provide necessary liner fillers and shims to conform to label frame requirements.
  - Frame openings cut within a liner panel with E studs around perimeter.
  - Frame openings with vertical E studs at jambs, horizontal J runner at head and sill.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 3.6 INSTALLING FURRED AND SUSPENDED CEILINGS OR SOFFITS

- A. Install furred and suspended ceilings or soffits in accordance with ASTM C754 or ASTM C841 except as otherwise specified or shown for screw attached gypsum board ceilings and for plaster ceilings or soffits.
  - 1. Space framing at 400 mm (16-inch) centers for metal lath anchorage.
  - Space framing at 600 mm (24-inch) centers for gypsum board anchorage.
- B. New exposed concrete slabs:
  - Use metal inserts required for attachment and support of hangers or hanger wires with tied wire loops for embedding in concrete.
  - 2. Furnish for installation under Division 3, CONCRETE.
  - 3. Suspended ceilings under concrete rib construction shall have runner channels at right angles to ribs and be supported from ribs with hangers at ends and at 1200 mm (48-inch) maximum intervals along channels. Stagger hangers at alternate channels.
- C. Concrete slabs on steel decking composite construction:
  - 1. Use pull down tabs when available.
  - 2. Use power activated fasteners when direct attachment to structural framing can not be accomplished.
- E. Existing concrete construction exposed or concrete on steel decking:
  - Use power actuated fasteners either eye pin, threaded studs or drive pins for type of hanger attachment required.
  - Install fasteners at approximate mid height of concrete beams or joists. Do not install in bottom of beams or joists.
- F. Steel decking without concrete topping:
  - 1. Do not fasten to steel decking 0.76 mm (0.0299-inch) or thinner.
  - Toggle bolt to decking 0.9 mm (0.0359-inch) or thicker only where anchorage to steel framing is not possible.
- - 1. Install only for ceilings to receive screw attached gypsum board.
  - 2. Install in accordance with ASTM C636.
    - a. Install main runners spaced 1200 mm (48 inches) on center.
    - b. Install 1200 mm (four foot) tees not over 600 mm (24 inches) on center; locate for edge support of gypsum board.
    - c. Install wall track channel at perimeter.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## 3.7 TOLERANCES

- A. Fastening surface for application of subsequent materials shall not vary more than 3 mm (1/8-inch) from the layout line.
- B. Plumb and align vertical members within 3 mm (1/8-inch.)
- C. Level or align ceilings within 3 mm (1/8-inch.)

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VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## SECTION 09 29 00 GYPSUM BOARD

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

This section specifies installation and finishing of gypsum board.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Installation of steel framing members for walls, partitions, furring, soffits, and ceilings: Section 05 40 00, COLD-FORMED METAL FRAMING, and Section 09 22 16, NON-STRUCTURAL METAL FRAMING.
- B. Sound deadening board: Section 07 21 13, THERMAL INSULATION.
- C. Sealants: Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.

# 1.3 TERMINOLOGY

- A. Definitions and description of terms shall be in accordance with ASTM C11, C840, and as specified.
- B. Underside of Structure Overhead: In spaces where steel trusses or bar joists are shown, the underside of structure overhead shall be the underside of the floor or roof construction supported by the trusses or bar joists.
- C. "Yoked": Gypsum board cut out for opening with no joint at the opening (along door jamb or above the door).

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Cornerbead and edge trim.
  - 2. Finishing materials.
  - 3. Laminating adhesive.
  - 4. Gypsum board, each type.
- C. Shop Drawings:
  - Typical gypsum board installation, showing corner details, edge trim details and the like.
  - 2. Typical sound rated assembly, showing treatment at perimeter of partitions and penetrations at gypsum board.
  - 3. Typical shaft wall assembly.
  - 4. Typical fire rated assembly and column fireproofing, indicating details of construction same as that used in fire rating test.
- D. Samples:

- 1. Cornerbead.
- 2. Edge trim.
- 3. Control joints.
- E. Test Results:
  - 1. Fire rating test, each fire rating required for each assembly.
  - 2. Sound rating test.
- F. Certificates: Certify that gypsum board types, gypsum backing board types, cementitious backer units, and joint treating materials do not contain asbestos material.

## 1.5 DELIVERY, IDENTIFICATION, HANDLING AND STORAGE

In accordance with the requirements of ASTM C840.

#### 1.6 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

In accordance with the requirements of ASTM C840.

## **1.7 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. American Society for Testing And Materials (ASTM): C11-15.....Terminology Relating to Gypsum and Related Building Materials and Systems C475-15.....Joint Compound and Joint Tape for Finishing Gypsum Board C840-13..... Application and Finishing of Gypsum Board C919-12.....Sealants in Acoustical Applications C954-15.....Steel Drill Screws for the Application of Gypsum Board or Metal Plaster Bases to Steel Stud from 0.033 in. (0.84mm) to 0.112 in. (2.84mm) in thickness C1002-14.....Steel Self-Piercing Tapping Screws for the Application of Gypsum Panel Products or Metal Plaster Bases to Wood Studs or Steel Studs C1047-14.....Accessories for Gypsum Wallboard and Gypsum Veneer Base C1177-13.....Glass Mat Gypsum Substrate for Use as Sheathing C1178/C1178M-18.....Specification for Coated Glass Mat Water Resistant Backing Panel C1658-13.....Glass Mat Gypsum Panels

C1396-14.....Gypsum Board

- C. Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL):
  - Latest Edition.....Fire Resistance Directory
- D. Inchcape Testing Services (ITS):
   Latest Editions.....Certification Listings

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 GYPSUM BOARD

- A. Gypsum Board: ASTM C1396, Type X, 16 mm (5/8 inch) thick unless shown otherwise.
- B. Coreboard or Shaft Wall Liner Panels.
  - 1. ASTM C1396, Type X.
  - 2. ASTM C1658: Glass Mat Gypsum Panels,
  - 3. Coreboard for shaft walls 300, 400, 600 mm (12, 16, or 24 inches) wide by required lengths 25 mm (one inch) thick with paper faces treated to resist moisture.
- C. Water Resistant Gypsum Backing Board: ASTM C1178, Type X, 16 mm (5/8 inch) thick.
- D. Paper facings shall contain 100 percent post-consumer recycled paper content.

#### 2.2 GYPSUM SHEATHING BOARD

- A. ASTM C1396, Type X, water-resistant core, 16 mm (5/8 inch) thick.
- B. ASTM C1177, Type X.

## 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. ASTM C1047, except form of 0.39 mm (0.015 inch) thick zinc coated steel sheet or rigid PVC plastic.
- B. Flanges not less than 22 mm (7/8 inch) wide with punchouts or deformations as required to provide compound bond.

#### 2.4 FASTENERS

- A. ASTM C1002 and ASTM C840, except as otherwise specified.
- B. ASTM C954, for steel studs thicker than 0.04 mm (0.33 inch).
- C. Select screws of size and type recommended by the manufacturer of the material being fastened.
- D. For fire rated construction, type and size same as used in fire rating test.
- E. Clips: Zinc-coated (galvanized) steel; gypsum board manufacturer's standard items.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 2.5 FINISHING MATERIALS AND LAMINATING ADHESIVE

ASTM C475 and ASTM C840. Free of antifreeze, vinyl adhesives, preservatives, biocides and other VOC. Adhesive shall contain a maximum VOC content of 50 g/l.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 GYPSUM BOARD HEIGHTS

- A. Extend all layers of gypsum board from floor to underside of structure overhead on following partitions and furring:
  - 1. Two sides of partitions:
    - a. Fire rated partitions.
    - b. Smoke partitions.
    - c. Full height partitions shown (FHP).
    - d. Corridor partitions.
  - 2. One side of partitions or furring:
    - a. Inside of exterior wall furring or stud construction.
    - b. Room side of room without suspended ceilings.
    - c. Furring for pipes and duct shafts, except where fire rated shaft wall construction is shown.
  - Extend all layers of gypsum board construction used for fireproofing of columns from floor to underside of structure overhead, unless shown otherwise.
- B. In locations other than those specified, extend gypsum board from floor to heights as follows:
  - 1. Not less than 100 mm (4 inches) above suspended acoustical ceilings.
  - 2. At ceiling of suspended gypsum board ceilings.
  - 3. At existing ceilings.

## 3.2 INSTALLING GYPSUM BOARD

- A. Coordinate installation of gypsum board with other trades and related work.
- B. Install gypsum board in accordance with ASTM C840, except as otherwise specified.
- C. Moisture and Mold-Resistant Assemblies: Provide and install moisture and mold-resistant glass mat gypsum wallboard products with moistureresistant surfaces complying with ASTM C1658 where shown and in locations which might be subject to moisture exposure during construction.

- D. Use gypsum boards in maximum practical lengths to minimize number of end joints.
- E. Bring gypsum board into contact, but do not force into place.
- F. Ceilings:
  - 1. For single-ply construction, use perpendicular application.
  - 2. For two-ply assembles:
    - a. Use perpendicular application.
    - b. Apply face ply of gypsum board so that joints of face ply do not occur at joints of base ply with joints over framing members.
- G. Walls (Except Shaft Walls):
  - When gypsum board is installed parallel to framing members, space fasteners 300 mm (12 inches) on center in field of the board, and 200 mm (8 inches) on center along edges.
  - When gypsum board is installed perpendicular to framing members, space fasteners 300 mm (12 inches) on center in field and along edges.
  - 3. Stagger screws on abutting edges or ends.
  - 4. For single-ply construction, apply gypsum board with long dimension either parallel or perpendicular to framing members as required to minimize number of joints except gypsum board shall be applied vertically over "Z" furring channels.
  - 5. For two-ply gypsum board assemblies, apply base ply of gypsum board to assure minimum number of joints in face layer. Apply face ply of wallboard to base ply so that joints of face ply do not occur at joints of base ply with joints over framing members.
  - 6. For three-ply gypsum board assemblies, apply plies in same manner as for two-ply assemblies, except that heads of fasteners need only be driven flush with surface for first and second plies. Apply third ply of wallboard in same manner as second ply of two-ply assembly, except use fasteners of sufficient length enough to have the same penetration into framing members as required for two-ply assemblies.
  - No offset in exposed face of walls and partitions will be permitted because of single-ply and two-ply or three-ply application requirements.
  - 8. Installing Two Layer Assembly Over Sound Deadening Board:
    - a. Apply face layer of wallboard vertically with joints staggered from joints in sound deadening board over framing members.

09 29 00 - 5 GYPSUM BOARD

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- b. Fasten face layer with screw, of sufficient length to secure to framing, spaced 300 mm (12 inches) on center around perimeter, and 400 mm (16 inches) on center in the field.
- H. Fire and Smoke Partitions:
  - Cut gypsum board for a space approximately 3 mm to 6 mm (1/8 to 1/4 inch) wide around partition perimeter.
  - 2. Coordinate for application of caulking or sealants to space prior to taping and finishing.
  - 3. For sound rated partitions, use sealing compound (ASTM C919) to fill the annular spaces between all receptacle boxes and the partition finish material through which the boxes protrude to seal all holes and/or openings on the back and sides of the boxes. STC minimum values as shown.
- I. Electrical and Telecommunications Boxes:
  - 1. Seal annular spaces between electrical and telecommunications receptacle boxes and gypsum board partitions.
- J. Accessories:
  - Set accessories plumb, level and true to line, neatly mitered at corners and intersections, and securely attach to supporting surfaces as specified.
  - 2. Install in one piece, without the limits of the longest commercially available lengths.
  - 3. Corner Beads:
    - a. Install at all vertical and horizontal external corners and where shown.
    - b. Use screws only. Do not use crimping tool.
  - 4. Edge Trim (casings Beads):
    - At both sides of expansion and control joints unless shown otherwise.
    - b. Where gypsum board terminates against dissimilar materials and at perimeter of openings, except where covered by flanges, casings or permanently built-in equipment.
    - c. Where gypsum board surfaces of non-load bearing assemblies abut load bearing members.
    - d. Where shown.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 3.3 INSTALLING GYPSUM SHEATHING

- A. Install in accordance with ASTM C840, except as otherwise specified or shown.
- B. Use screws of sufficient length to secure sheathing to framing.
- C. Space screws 9 mm (3/8 inch) from ends and edges of sheathing and 200 mm (8 inches) on center. Space screws a maximum of 200 mm (8 inches) on center on intermediate framing members.
- D. Apply 600 mm by 2400 mm (2 foot by 8 foot) sheathing boards horizontally with tongue edge up.
- E. Apply 1200 mm by 2400 mm or 2700 mm (4 ft. by 8 ft. or 9 foot) gypsum sheathing boards vertically with edges over framing.

#### 3.5 FINISHING OF GYPSUM BOARD

- A. Finish joints, edges, corners, and fastener heads in accordance with ASTM C840. Use Level 4 finish for al finished areas open to public view.
- B. Before proceeding with installation of finishing materials, assure the following:
  - 1. Gypsum board is fastened and held close to framing or furring.
  - 2. Fastening heads in gypsum board are slightly below surface in dimple formed by driving tool.
- C. Finish joints, fasteners, and all openings, including openings around penetrations, on that part of the gypsum board extending above suspended ceilings to seal surface of non decorated smoke barrier, fire rated gypsum board construction. After the installation of hanger rods, hanger wires, supports, equipment, conduits, piping and similar work, seal remaining openings and maintain the integrity of the smoke barrier, fire rated construction.

## 3.6 REPAIRS

- A. After taping and finishing has been completed, and before decoration, repair all damaged and defective work, including nondecorated surfaces.
- B. Patch holes or openings 13 mm (1/2 inch) or less in diameter, or equivalent size, with a setting type finishing compound or patching plaster.
- C. Repair holes or openings over 13 mm (1/2 inch) diameter, or equivalent size, with 16 mm (5/8 inch) thick gypsum board secured in such a manner as to provide solid substrate equivalent to undamaged surface.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

D. Tape and refinish scratched, abraded or damaged finish surfaces including cracks and joints in non decorated surface to provide smoke tight construction fire protection equivalent to the fire rated construction.

# 3.7 UNACCESSIBLE CEILINGS

At Mental Health and Behavioral Nursing Units, areas accessible to patients and not continuously observable by staff (e.g., patient bedrooms, day rooms), ceilings should be a solid material such as gypsum board. This will limit patient access. Access doors are needed to access electrical and mechanical equipment above the ceiling. These doors should be locked to prevent unauthorized access and secured to ceiling using tamper resistant fasteners.

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## SECTION 09 30 13 CERAMIC/PORCELAIN TILING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

A. This section specifies interior ceramic, porcelain and quarry tile, marble thresholds and window stools, terrazzo divider strips, waterproofing membranes for thin-set applications, crack isolation membranes, and tile backer board.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS: Sustainable Design Requirements.
- B. Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS: Sealing of Joints.
- C. Section 09 24 00, PORTLAND CEMENT PLASTERING: Cement Based Plaster.
- D. Section 09 65 19, RESILIENT TILE FLOORING: Metal and Resilient Edge Strips at Joints with New Resilient Flooring.
- E. Section 09 68 00, CARPETING: Metal and Resilient Edge Strips at Joints with Carpeting.

## 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittals as described below:
  - Volatile organic compounds per volume as specified in PART
     2 PRODUCTS.
- C. Samples:
  - 1. Base tile, each type, each color, each size.
  - 2. Paver tile, each size, type, color and pattern.
  - 3. Quarry tile, each type, color, and size.
  - 4. Porcelain tile, each type, color, patterns and size.
  - 5. Wall (or wainscot) tile, each color, size and pattern.
  - Trim shapes, bullnose cap and cove including bullnose cap and base pieces at internal and external corners of vertical surfaces, each type, color, and size.
  - 7. Therapeutic pool tile, panels 305 mm (12 inches) square, each type, size, color, typical lettering and special shapes.
- D. Product Data:

- Ceramic and porcelain tile, marked to show each type, size, and shape required.
- 2. Chemical resistant mortar and grout (epoxy and furan).
- 3. Cementitious backer unit.
- 4. Dry-set portland cement mortar and grout.
- 5. Divider strip.
- 6. Elastomeric membrane and bond coat.
- 7. Reinforcing tape.
- 8. Leveling compound.
- 9. Latex-portland cement mortar and grout.
- 10. Commercial portland cement grout.
- 11. Organic adhesive.
- 12. Slip resistant tile.
- 13. Waterproofing isolation membrane.
- 14. Fasteners.
- E. Certification:
  - 1. Master grade certificate, ANSI A137.1.
  - Manufacturer's certificates indicating that the following materials comply with specification requirements:
    - a. Chemical resistant mortar and grout (epoxy and furan).
    - b. Modified epoxy emulsion.
    - c. Commercial portland cement grout.
    - d. Cementitious backer unit.
    - e. Dry-set portland cement mortar and grout.
    - f. Elastomeric membrane and bond coat.
    - g. Reinforcing tape.
    - h. Latex-portland cement mortar and grout.
    - i. Leveling compound.
    - j. Organic adhesive.
    - k. Waterproof isolation membrane.
    - Factory back mounted tile documentation for suitability for application in wet area.
- F. Installer Qualifications:
  - 1. Submit letter stating installer's experience.

## 1.4 DELIVERY AND STORAGE

A. Deliver materials in containers with labels legible and intact and grade-seals unbroken.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

B. Store material to prevent damage or contamination.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installers to be from a company specializing in performing installation of products specified and have a minimum of three (3) years' experience.
- B. Each type and color of tile to be provided from a single source.
- C. Each type and color of mortar, adhesive, and grout to be provided from the same source.

## 1.6 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: Comply with FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction".

## 1.7 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designation only.
- B. American National Standards Institute (ANSI): A10.20-06(R2016).....Safe Operating Practices for Tile, Terrazzo and Marble Work A108/A118/A136.1:2019...Installation of Ceramic Tile A108.01-18.....Subsurfaces and Preparations by Other Trades A108.02-19......Materials, Environmental, and Workmanship A108.1A-17.....Installation of Ceramic Tile in the Wet-Set Method with Portland Cement Mortar A108.1B-17.....Installation of Ceramic Tile on a Cured Portland Cement Mortar Setting Bed with Dry-Set or Latex-Portland Cement Mortar A108.1C-17..... Contractors Option; Installation of Ceramic Tile in the Wet-Set method with Portland Cement Mortar or Installation of Ceramic Tile on a Cured Portland Cement Mortar Setting Bed with Dry-Set or Latex-Portland Cement Mortar A108.4-09.....Ceramic Tile with Organic Adhesives or Water Cleanable Tile-Setting Epoxy Adhesive A108.5-10 .....Ceramic Tile with Dry-Set Portland Cement Mortar or Latex-Portland Cement Mortar A108.6-10.....Ceramic Tile with Chemical Resistant, Water Cleanable Tile-Setting and -Grouting Epoxy

09 30 13 - 3 CERAMIC/PORCELAIN TILING VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 A108.8-10.....Ceramic Tile with Chemical Resistant Furan Resin Mortar and Grout A108.9-10.....Ceramic Tile with Modified Epoxy Emulsion Mortar/Grout A108.10-17.....Grout in Tilework A108.11-18.....Interior Installation of Cementitious Backer Units A108.12-10.....Installation of Ceramic Tile with EGP (Exterior Glue Plywood) Latex-Portland Cement Mortar A108.13-16.....Load Bearing, Bonded, Waterproof Membranes for Thin-Set Ceramic Tile and Dimension Stone A108.14-10.....Paper-Faced Glass Mosaic Tile A108.15-19.....Alternate Method: Paper-Faced Glass Mosaic Tile A108.17-16.....Crack Isolation Membranes for Thin-Set Ceramic Tile and Dimension Stone A118.1-19.....Dry-Set Portland Cement Mortar A118.3-13.....Chemical Resistant, Water Cleanable Tile-Setting and -Grouting Epoxy and Water Cleanable Tile-Setting Epoxy Adhesive A118.4-19......Modified Dry-Set Cement Mortar A118.5-16..... Chemical Resistant Furan Mortars and Grouts A118.6-19.....Standard Cement Grouts for Tile Installation Installation A118.8-16..... Modified Epoxy Emulsion Mortar/ Grout A118.9-19.....Cementitious Backer Units A118.10-14.....Load Bearing, Bonded, Waterproof Membranes for Thin-Set Ceramic Tile and Dimension Stone Installation A118.11-17.....EGP (Exterior Glue Plywood) Modified Dry-set Mortar A118.12-14.....Crack Isolation Membranes for Thin-Set Ceramic Tile and Dimension Stone Installation A118.13-14.....Bonded Sound Reduction Membranes for Thin-Set Ceramic Tile Installation A118.15-19......Improved Modified Dry-Set Cement Mortar

VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 A136.1-13.....Organic Adhesives for Installation of Ceramic Tile A137.1-17.....American National Standard Specifications for Ceramic Tile C. ASTM International (ASTM): A666-15.....Annealed or Cold-Worked Austenitic Stainless Steel Sheet, Strip, Plate and Flat Bar A1064/A1064M-18a.....Carbon-Steel Wire and Welded Wire Reinforcement, Plain and Deformed, for Concrete C109/C109M-20b.....Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of Hydraulic Cement Mortars (Using 2 inch. or [50-mm] Cube Specimens) C241/C241M-15e1.....Abrasion Resistance of Stone Subjected to Foot Traffic C348-20.....Standard Test Method for Flexural Strength of Hydraulic-Cement Mortars C627-18.....Evaluating Ceramic Floor Tile Installation Systems Using the Robinson-Type Floor Tester C954-18.....Steel Drill Screws for the Application of Gypsum Board on Metal Plaster Base to Steel Studs from 0.033 in (0.84 mm) to 0.112 in (2.84 mm) in thickness C979/C979M-16.....Pigments for Integrally Colored Concrete C1002-18..... Steel Self-Piercing Tapping Screws for the Application of Panel Products C1027-19.....Test Method for Determining Visible Abrasion Resistance of Glazed Ceramic Tile C1127/C1127M-15.....Standard Guide for Use of High Solids Content, Cold Liquid-Applied Elastomeric Waterproofing Membrane with an Integral Wearing Surface C1178/C1178M-18.....Standard Specification for Coated Glass Mat Water-Resistant Gypsum Backing Panel C1325-19.....Non-Asbestos Fiber-Mat Reinforced Cementitious Backer Units C1353/C1353M-20e1.....Abrasion Resistance of Dimension Stone Subjected to Foot Traffic Using a Rotary Platform, Double-Head Abraser

> 09 30 13 - 5 CERAMIC/PORCELAIN TILING

VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 D1204-14(2020).....Test Method for Linear Dimensional Changes of Nonrigid Thermoplastic Sheeting or Film at Elevated Temperature D2240-15e1..... Test Method for Rubber Property - Durometer Hardness D2497-07(2018).....Tolerances for Manufactured Organic-Base Filament Single Yarns D3045-2018.....Heat Aging of Plastics Without Load D4397-16.....Standard Specification for Polyethylene Sheeting for Construction, Industrial and Agricultural Applications D5109-12(Withdrawn2020).Standard Test Methods for Copper-Clad Thermosetting Laminates for Printed Wiring Boards (recommend deletion) D. Code of Federal Regulation (CFR): 40 CFR 59.....Determination of Volatile Matter Content, Water Content, Density Volume Solids, and Weight Solids of Surface Coating E. Marble Institute of America (MIA) / Building Stone Institute (BSI): Dimension Stone Design Manual VIII-2016

F. Tile Council of North America, Inc. (TCNA): Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation (2020)G. TCNA DCOF AcuTest-2012, Dynamic Coefficient of Friction Test

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 TILE

A. Comply with ANSI A137.1, Standard Grade, except as modified:

- 1. Inspection procedures listed under the Appendix of ANSI A137.1.
- 2. Abrasion Resistance Classification:
  - a. Tested in accordance with values listed in Table 1, ASTM C1027.
  - b. Class V, 12000 revolutions for floors in Corridors, Kitchens, Storage including Refrigerated Rooms
  - c. Class IV, 6000 revolutions for remaining areas.
- 3. Slip Resistant Tile for Floors:
  - a. Coefficient of friction, when tested in accordance with ANSI A137.1 and measured per the TCNA DCOF AcuTest.
    - Equal to or greater than .42 for level interior tile floors that will be walked on when wet.

09 30 13 - 6 CERAMIC/PORCELAIN TILING

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- b. Tile Having Abrasive Grains:
  - 1) Unglazed Ceramic Mosaic Tile: Abrasive grains throughout body of the tile.
  - 2) Quarry Tile: Abrasive grains uniformly embedded in face at rate of approximately 7.5 percent of surface area.
- 4. Factory-Applied Temporary Protective Coating:
  - a. Protect exposed face surfaces (top surface) of tile against adherence of mortar and grout by pre-coating with a continuous film of hot applied petroleum paraffin wax.
  - b. Do not coat unexposed tile surfaces.
  - c. Pre-wax tiles set or grouted with furan or epoxy or latex modified mortars.

B. Unglazed Quarry Tile: Nominal 13 mm (1/2 inch) thick, square edges.

- C. Glazed Wall Tile: Cushion edges, glazing.
- D. Trim Shapes:
  - 1. Conform to applicable requirements of adjoining floor and wall tile.
  - Use trim shapes sizes conforming to size of adjoining field wall tile including existing spaces unless detailed on construction documents or specified otherwise.
  - 3. Internal and External Corners:
    - a. Square internal and external corner joints are not acceptable.
    - b. External corners including edges: Use bullnose shapes.
    - c. Internal corners: Use cove shapes.
    - d. Base to floor internal corners: Use special shapes providing integral cove vertical and horizontal joint.
    - e. Base to floor external corners: Use special shapes providing bullnose vertical edge with integral cove horizontal joint. Use stop at bottom of openings having bullnose return to wall.
    - f. Wall top edge internal corners: Use special shapes providing integral cove vertical joint with bullnose top edge.
    - g. Wall top edge external corners: Use special shapes providing bullnose vertical and horizontal joint edge.
    - h. For unglazed ceramic mosaic and glazed wall tile installed in portland cement mortar setting bed, use cove and bullnose shapes as applicable. When ceramic mosaic wall and base tile is required, use C Series cove and bullnose shapes.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- i. For unglazed ceramic mosaic and glazed wall tile installed in dry-set portland cement mortar, latex-portland cement mortar, and organic adhesive (thin set methods), use cove and surface bullnose shapes as applicable.
- j. For quarry tile work, use cove and bullnose shapes as applicable.

## 2.2 SETTING MATERIALS OR BOND COATS

- A. Conform to TCNA Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation.
- B. Modified Dry-Set Cement Mortar: ANSI A118.4.
  - 1. For wall applications, provide non-sagging, latex-portland cement mortar complying with ANSI A118.4.
  - Prepackaged Dry-Mortar Mix: Factory-prepared mixture of portland cement; dry, redispersible, ethylene vinyl acetate additive; and other ingredients to which only water needs to be added at Project site.
- C. Chemical-Resistant Bond Coat:
  - 1. Epoxy Resin Type: ANSI A118.3.

## 2.3 GROUTING MATERIALS

- A. Coloring Pigments:
  - Pure mineral pigments, lime proof and nonfading, complying with ASTM C979/C979M.
  - 2. Coloring pigments may only be added to grout by the manufacturer.
  - 3. Job colored grout is not acceptable.
  - 4. Use is required in Commercial Portland Cement Grout, Dry-Set Grout, and Latex-Portland Cement Grout.
- B. Water-Cleanable Epoxy Grout: ANSI A118.3, with a VOC content of 65 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59 (EPA Method 24) .
  - Provide product capable of withstanding continuous and intermittent exposure to temperatures of up to 60 and 100 degrees C (140 and 212 degrees F), respectively, and certified by manufacturer for intended use.

## 2.4 PATCHING AND LEVELING COMPOUND

- A. Portland cement base, polymer-modified, self-leveling compound, manufactured specifically for resurfacing and leveling concrete floors. Products containing gypsum are not acceptable.
- B. Provide a patching and leveling compound with the following minimum physical properties:
  - 1. Compressive strength 25 MPa (3500 psig) per ASTM C109/C109M.

- 2. Flexural strength 7 MPa (1000 psig) per ASTM C348 (28 day value).
- 3. Tensile strength 4.1 MPa (600 psi) per ANSI 118.7.
- 4. Density 1.9.
- C. Capable of being applied in layers up to 38 mm (1-1/2 inches) thick without fillers and up to 101 mm (4 inches) thick with fillers, being brought to a feather edge, and being trowelled to a smooth finish.
- D. Primers, fillers, and reinforcement as required by manufacturer for application and substrate condition.
- E. Ready for use in 48 hours after application.

#### 2.5 WATER

A. Clean, potable and free from salts and other injurious elements to mortar and grout materials.

## 2.6 CLEANING COMPOUNDS

- A. Specifically designed for cleaning masonry and concrete and which will not prevent bond of subsequent tile setting materials including patching and leveling compounds and elastomeric waterproofing membrane and coat.
- B. Materials containing acid or caustic Material are not acceptable.

#### 2.7

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Maintain ambient temperature of work areas at not less than 16 degrees C (60 degrees F), without interruption, for not less than 24 hours before installation and not less than three (3) days after installation.
- B. Maintain higher temperatures for a longer period of time where required by manufacturer's recommendation and ANSI Specifications for installation.
- C. Do not install tile when the temperature is above 38 degrees C (100 degrees F).
- D. Do not install materials when the temperature of the substrate is below 16 degrees C (60 degrees F).
- E. Do not allow temperature to fall below 10 degrees C (50 degrees F) after third day of completion of tile work.

## 3.2 ALLOWABLE TOLERANCE

A. Variation in plane of sub-floor, including concrete fills leveling compounds and mortar beds:

> 09 30 13 - 9 CERAMIC/PORCELAIN TILING

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 1. Not more than 6 mm in 3048 mm (1/4 inch in 10 feet) from required elevation where portland cement mortar setting bed is used.
- 2. Not more than 3 mm in 3048 mm (1/8 inch in 10 feet) where dry-set portland cement, and latex-portland cement mortar setting beds and chemical-resistant bond coats are used.
- B. Variation in Plane of Wall Surfaces:
  - 1. Not more than 6 mm in 2438 mm (1/4 inch in 8 feet) from required plane where portland cement mortar setting bed is used.
  - Not more than 3 mm in 2438 mm (1/8 inch in 8 feet) where dry-set or latex-portland cement mortar or organic adhesive setting materials is used.

## 3.3 SURFACE PREPARATION

- A. Cleaning New Concrete or Masonry:
  - Chip out loose material, clean off all oil, grease dirt, adhesives, curing compounds, and other deterrents to bonding by mechanical method, or by using products specifically designed for cleaning concrete and masonry.
  - Use self-contained power blast cleaning systems to remove curing compounds and steel trowel finish from concrete slabs where ceramic tile will be installed directly on concrete surface with thin-set materials.
  - Steam cleaning or the use of acids and solvents for cleaning will not be permitted.
- B. Patching and Leveling:
  - Mix and apply patching and leveling compound in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
  - Fill holes and cracks and align concrete floors that are out of required plane with patching and leveling compound.
    - a. Thickness of compound as required to bring finish tile system to elevation shown on construction documents.
    - b. Float finish.
    - c. At substrate expansion, isolation, and other moving joints, allow joint of same width to continue through underlayment.
  - Apply patching and leveling compound to concrete and masonry wall surfaces that are out of required plane.

- Apply leveling coats of material compatible with wall surface and tile setting material to wall surfaces, other than concrete and masonry that are out of required plane.
- C. Mortar Bed for Slopes to Drains:
  - Slope compound to drain where drains are shown on construction documents.
  - Install mortar bed in depressed slab sloped to drains not less than
     3.2 mm in 305 mm (1/8 inch per foot).
  - 3. Allow not less than 50 mm (2 inch) depression at edge of depressed slab.
  - 4. Screed for slope to drain and float finish.
  - 5. Cure mortar bed for not less than seven (7) days. Do not use curing compounds or coatings.
  - Perform flood test to verify mortar bed slopes to drain before installing tile. Contracting Officer Representative (COR) to be present during flood test.
- D. Additional preparation of concrete floors for tile set with epoxy, or furan-resin is to be in accordance with the manufacturer's printed instructions.
- E. Cleavage Membrane:
  - Install polythene sheet as cleavage membrane in depressed slab when waterproof membrane is not scheduled or indicated.
  - 2. Turn up at edge of depressed floor slab to top of floor.
- F. Walls:
  - 1. In showers or other wet areas cover studs with polyethylene sheet.
  - 2. Apply patching and leveling compound to concrete and masonry surfaces that are out of required plane.
  - Apply leveling coats of material compatible with wall surface and tile setting material to wall surfaces, other than concrete and masonry that are out of required plane.
  - 4. Apply metal lath to framing in accordance with ANSI A108.1:
    - a. Use fasteners specified in paragraph "Fasteners." Use washers when lath opening is larger than screw head.
    - b. Apply scratch and leveling coats to metal lath in accordance with ANSI A108.1C.
    - c. Total thickness of scratch and leveling coats:

- Apply 9 mm to 16 mm (3/8 inch to 5/8 inch) thick over solid backing.
- 2) 16 mm to 19 mm (5/8 to 3/4 inch) thick on metal lath over studs.
- 3) Where wainscots are required to finish flush with wall surface above, adjust thickness required for flush finish.
- d. Apply scratch and leveling coats more than 19 mm (3/4 inch) thick
   in two (2) coats.
- G. Existing Floors and Walls:
  - Remove existing composition floor finishes and adhesive. Prepare surface by grinding, chipping, self-contained power blast cleaning or other suitable mechanical methods to completely expose uncontaminated concrete or masonry surfaces. Follow safety requirements of ANSI A10.20.
  - Remove existing concrete fill or topping to structural slab. Clean and level the substrate for new setting bed and waterproof membrane or cleavage membrane.
  - 3. Where new tile bases are required to finish flush with plaster above or where they are extensions of similar bases in conjunction with existing floor tiles, cut channel in floor slab and expose rough wall construction sufficiently to accommodate new tile base and setting material.

#### 3.4 CERAMIC TILE - GENERAL

- A. Comply with ANSI A108/A118/A136 series of tile installation standards applicable to methods of installation and TCNA Installation Guidelines.
- B. Setting Beds or Bond Coats:
  - 1. Use quarry tile in chemical-resistant bond coat.
    - a. Dry-set portland cement mortar over cured mortar bed.
       ANSI A108.1B.
  - Set wall tile installed over concrete or masonry in modified dry-set cement mortar, ANSI 108.1B and TCNA System W211-21, W221-21.
  - 3. Set tile installed over gypsum board, gypsum plaster in modified dry-set cement mortar , ANSI A108.1, TCNA System W243-21.
  - Set trim shapes in same material specified for setting adjoining tile.
- C. Workmanship:

- Lay out tile work so that no tile less than one-half full size is used. Make all cuts on the outer edge of the field. Align new tile work scheduled for existing spaces to the existing tile work unless specified otherwise.
- Set tile firmly in place with finish surfaces in true planes. Align tile flush with adjacent tile unless shown otherwise on construction documents.
- 3. Form intersections and returns accurately.
- 4. Cut and drill tile neatly without marring surface.
- 5. Cut edges of tile abutting penetrations, finish, or built-in items:
  - a. Fit tile closely around electrical outlets, piping, fixtures and fittings, so that plates, escutcheons, collars and flanges will overlap cut edge of tile.
  - b. Seal tile joints water tight as specified in Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS, around electrical outlets, piping fixtures and fittings before cover plates and escutcheons are set in place.
- Completed work is to be free from hollow sounding areas and loose, cracked or defective tile.
- 7. Remove and reset tiles that are out of plane or misaligned.
- 8. Floors:
  - a. Extend floor tile beneath casework and equipment, except those units mounted in wall recesses.
  - b. Align finish surface of new tile work flush with other and existing adjoining floor finish where indicated in construction documents.
  - c. In areas where floor drains occur, slope tile to drains.
  - d. Push and vibrate tiles over 203 mm (8 inches) square to achieve full support of bond coat.
- 9. Walls:
  - a. Cover walls and partitions, including pilasters, furred areas, and freestanding columns from floor to ceiling, or from floor to nominal wainscot heights as indicated in construction documents with tile.
  - b. Finish reveals of openings with tile, except where other finish materials are indicated in construction documents.

- c. Finish wall surfaces behind and at sides of casework and equipment, except those units mounted in wall recesses, with same tile as scheduled for room proper.
- 10. Joints:
  - a. Keep all joints in line, straight, level, perpendicular and of even width unless shown otherwise on construction documents.
  - b. Make joints 2 mm (1/16 inch) wide for glazed wall tile and mosaic tile work.
  - c. Make joints in quarry tile work not less than 6 mm (1/4 inch) nor more than 9 mm (3/8 inch) wide. Finish joints flush with surface of tile.
  - d. Make joints in paver tile, porcelain type; maximum 3 mm
     (1/8 inch) wide.
- 11. Back Buttering: For installations indicated below, obtain 100 percent mortar coverage by complying with applicable special requirements for back buttering of tile in referenced ANSI A108/A118/A136 series of tile installation standards:
  - a. Tile wall installations in wet areas, including showers, tub enclosures, laundries and swimming pools.
  - b. Tile installed with chemical-resistant mortars and grouts.
  - c. Tile wall installations composed of tiles 203 by 203 mm(8 by 8 inches) or larger.
  - d. Exterior tile wall installations.

## 3.5 CERAMIC TILE INSTALLED WITH PORTLAND CEMENT MORTAR

- A. Mortar Mixes for Floor, Wall and Base Tile: ANSI A108.1A. except specified otherwise.
- B. Installing Wall and Base Tile: ANSI A108.1B, except specified otherwise.
- C. Installing Floor Tile: ANSI A108.1B, except as specified otherwise. Slope mortar beds to floor drains at a minimum of 3 mm in 305 mm (1/8 inch per foot).

## 3.6 THIN SET CERAMIC AND PORCELAIN TILE INSTALLED WITH DRY-SET PORTLAND CEMENT AND LATEX-PORTLAND CEMENT MORTAR

- A. Installation of Tile: ANSI A108.1B, except as specified otherwise.
- B. Slope tile work to drains at not less than 3 mm in 305 mm (1/8 inch per foot).

# 3.7 THIN SET CERAMIC AND PORCELAIN TILE INSTALLED WITH CHEMICAL-RESISTANT BOND COAT

A. Epoxy Resin Type: Install tile in accordance with Installation of Tile with Epoxy Mortar; ANSI A108.6.

## 3.8 GROUTING

- A. Grout Type and Location:
  - Grout for glazed wall and base tile, paver tile and unglazed mosaic tile: water cleanable epoxy grout.
  - 2. Grout for quarry tile floor and base:
    - a. Grout for floors of walk-in refrigerated rooms: Epoxy grout.
    - b. Therapeutic pool areas: Portland cement grout.
    - c. Grout for Kitchens:
      - Chemical-resistant grout as specified and recommended by manufacturer of bond coat.
      - 2) Epoxy grout designed for equivalent heat resistance to furan resin grout may be used for furan resin grout.
  - 3. Grout for tile of therapeutic pools: Portland cement grout.
- B. Workmanship:
  - 1. Install and cure grout in accordance with the applicable standard.
  - 2. Sand Portland Cement Grout: ANSI A108.10.
  - 3. Standard Cement Grout: ANSI A118.6.
  - 4. High Performance Grout: ANSI A118.7.
  - 5. Epoxy Grout: ANSI A108.6.
  - 6. Water-Cleanable Epoxy Grout: ANSI A118.3.
  - 7. Furan and Commercial Portland Cement Grout: ANSI A118.5 and in accordance with the manufacturer's printed instructions.

## 3.9 CLEANING:

- A. Thoroughly sponge and wash tile. Polish glazed surfaces with clean dry cloths.
- B. Methods and materials used are not permitted to damage or impair appearance of tile surfaces.
- C. The use of acid or acid cleaners on glazed tile surfaces is prohibited.
- D. Clean tile grouted with epoxy, furan and commercial portland cement grout and tile set in elastomeric bond coat as recommended by the manufacturer of the grout and bond coat.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## 3.10 PROTECTION

- A. Keep traffic off tile floor, until grout and setting material is fully set and cured.
- B. Where traffic occurs over tile floor is unavoidable, cover tile floor with not less than 9 mm (3/8 inch) thick plywood, wood particle board, or hardboard securely taped in place. Do not remove protective cover until time for final inspection. Clean tile of any tape, adhesive and stains.

#### 3.11 TESTING FINISH FLOOR

- A. Test floors in accordance with ASTM C627 to show compliance with codes 1 through 10.
- B. Test kitchen and storage rooms.

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## SECTION 09 51 00 ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Acoustical units.
  - 2. Metal ceiling suspension system for acoustical ceilings.
  - 3. Adhesive application.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Adhesive VOC Limits: Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS.
- B. Ceiling Suspension System: Section 09 22 16, NON-STRUCTURAL METAL FRAMING.

#### 1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM):
  - 1. A641/A641M-09a(2014) Zinc-coated (Galvanized) Carbon Steel Wire.
  - A653/A653M-15e1 Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process.
  - C423-09a Sound Absorption and Sound Absorption Coefficients by the Reverberation Room Method.
  - 4. C634-13 Terminology Relating to Environmental Acoustics.
  - 5. C635/C635M-13a Manufacture, Performance, and Testing of Metal Suspension Systems for Acoustical Tile and Lay-in Panel Ceilings.
  - C636/C636M-13 Installation of Metal Ceiling Suspension Systems for Acoustical Tile and Lay-in Panels.
  - 7. D1779-98(2011) Adhesive for Acoustical Materials.
  - 8. E84-15b Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials.
  - 9. E119-16 Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials.
  - 10. E413-16 Classification for Rating Sound Insulation.
  - 11. E580/E580M-14 Installation of Ceiling Suspension Systems for Acoustical Tile and Lay-in Panels in Areas Subject to Earthquake Ground Motions.
  - 12. E1264-14 Classification for Acoustical Ceiling Products.
- C. International Organization for Standardization (ISO):
  - 1. ISO 14644-1 Classification of Air Cleanliness.

09 51 00 - 1 ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Conduct preinstallation meeting minimum 30 days before beginning Work
  - of this section.
  - 1. Required Participants:
    - a. Contracting Officer's Representative.
    - b. Contractor.
    - c. Installer.
    - d. Other installers responsible for adjacent and intersecting work, including sprinkler, HVAC, and lighting installers.
  - Meeting Agenda: Distribute agenda to participants minimum 3 days before meeting.
    - a. Installation schedule.
    - b. Installation sequence.
    - c. Preparatory work.
    - d. Protection before, during, and after installation.
    - e. Installation.
    - f. Terminations.
    - g. Transitions and connections to other work.
    - h. Inspecting and testing.
    - i. Other items affecting successful completion.
  - Document and distribute meeting minutes to participants to record decisions affecting installation.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Submittal Drawings:
  - 1. Show size, configuration, and fabrication and installation details.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
  - Ceiling suspension system indicating manufacturer recommendation for each application.
  - 3. Installation instructions.
  - 4. Warranty.
- D. Samples:
  - Acoustical units, 150 mm (6 inches) in size, each type, including units specified to match existing.

09 51 00 - 2 ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS

- a. Submit quantity required to show full color and texture range.
- 2. Suspension system, trim and molding, 300 mm (12 inches) long.
- 3. Colored markers for access service.
- 4. Approved samples may be incorporated into work.
- E. Sustainable Construction Submittals:
  - Recycled Content: Identify post-consumer and pre-consumer recycled content percentage by weight.
  - 2. Biobased Content:
    - a. Show type and quantity for each product.
    - b. Show volatile organic compound types and quantities.
- F. Certificates: Certify products comply with specifications.
  - 1. Acoustical units, each type.
- G. Qualifications: Substantiate qualifications comply with specifications.
  - 1. Manufacturer.
- H. Operation and Maintenance Data:
  - 1. Care instructions for each exposed finish product.

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications:
  - 1. Regularly manufactures specified products.
  - Manufactured specified products with satisfactory service on five similar installations for minimum five years.

#### 1.7 DELIVERY

- A. Deliver products in manufacturer's original sealed packaging.
- B. Mark packaging, legibly. Indicate manufacturer's name or brand, type, production run number, and manufacture date.
- C. Before installation, return or dispose of products within distorted, damaged, or opened packaging.

#### 1.8 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Store products indoors in dry, weathertight facility.
- B. Protect products from damage during handling and construction operations.

#### 1.9 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environment:
  - Product Temperature: Minimum 21 degrees C (70 degrees F) for minimum
     48 hours before installation.

09 51 00 - 3 ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS

- Work Area Ambient Conditions: HVAC systems are complete, operational, and maintaining facility design operating conditions continuously, beginning 48 hours before installation until Government occupancy.
- 3. Install products when building is permanently enclosed and when wet construction is completed, dried, and cured.

#### 1.10 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

A. Ceiling System: Acoustical ceilings units on exposed grid suspension systems.

## 2.2 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

- A. Design product complying with specified performance:
  - 1. Maximum Deflection: 1/360of span, maximum.
- B. Surface Burning Characteristics: When tested according to ASTM E84.
  - 1. Flame Spread Rating: 25 maximum.
  - 2. Smoke Developed Rating: 450 maximum.

## 2.3 PRODUCTS - GENERAL

- A. Basis of Design: As indicated on drawings.
- B. Provide acoustical units from one manufacturer.
  - 1. Provide each product exposed to view from one production run.
- C. Provide suspension system from same manufacturer.
- D. Sustainable Construction Requirements:
  - Mineral Base Recycled Content: 65 percent, total recycled content, minimum.
  - 2. Steel Recycled Content: 30 percent total recycled content, minimum.
  - Aluminum Recycled Content: 50 percent total recycled content, minimum.
  - 4. Biobased Content: 37 percent by weight biobased material, minimum.
  - 5. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials: Comply with VOC limits specified in Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS for the following products:
    - a. Non-flooring adhesives and sealants.

09 51 00 - 4 ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS

### 2.4 ACOUSTICAL UNITS

- A. General:
  - Ceiling Panel and Tile: ASTM E1264, bio-based content according to USDA Bio-Preferred Product requirements.
    - a. Mineral Fiber: 3.6 kg/sq. m (3/4 psf) weight, minimum.
  - 2. Classification: Provide type and form as follows:
    - a. Type III Units Mineral base with water-based painted finish maximum 10 g/l VOC; Form 2 - Water felted, minimum 16 mm (5/8 inch) thick.
    - b. NRC (Noise Reduction Coefficient): ASTM C423, minimum 0.55 unless specified otherwise.
    - c. CAC (Ceiling Attenuation Class): ASTM E413, 40-44 range unless specified otherwise.
    - d. LR (Light Reflectance): Minimum 0.75.
  - 3. Lay-in panels: Sizes as indicated on Drawings, with square edges.

## 2.5 METAL SUSPENSION SYSTEM

- A. General: ASTM C635, heavy-duty system, except as otherwise specified.
  - 1. Suspension System: Provide the following:
    - a. Galvanized cold-rolled steel, bonderized.
  - 2. Main and Cross Runner: Use same construction Do not use lighter-duty sections for cross runners.
- B. Exposed Grid Suspension System: Support of lay-in panels.
  - 1. Grid Width: 22 mm (7/8 inch) minimum with8 mm (5/16 inch) minimum panel bearing surface.
  - 2. Molding: Fabricate from the same material with same exposed width and finish.
  - 3. Finish: Baked-on enamel flat texture finish.
    - Color: To match adjacent acoustical units unless specified otherwise.
- C. Suspension System Support of Metal Type V, VI, and VII Tiles: Concealed grid type with runners for snap-in attachment of metal tile (pans).
- D. Carrying Channels Secondary Framing: Cold-rolled or hot-rolled steel, black asphaltic paint finish, rust free.
  - 1. Weight per 300 m (per thousand linear feet), minimum:

Size		Cold-rolled		Hot-rolled	
mm	inches	kg	pound	kg	pound
38	1-1/2	215.4	475	508	1120
50	2	267.6	590	571.5	1260

- E. Anchors and Inserts: Provide anchors or inserts to support twice the loads imposed by hangers.
  - 1. Hanger Inserts: Steel, zinc-coated (galvanized after fabrication).
    - a. Nailing type option for wood forms:
      - Upper portion designed for anchorage in concrete and positioning lower portion below surface of concrete approximately 25 mm (one inch).
      - Lower portion provided with minimum 8 mm (5/16 inch) hole to permit attachment of hangers.
    - b. Flush ceiling insert type:
      - Designed to provide a shell covered opening over a wire loop to permit attachment of hangers and keep concrete out of insert recess.
      - Insert opening inside shell approximately 16 mm (5/8 inch) wide by 9 mm (3/8 inch) high over top of wire.
      - Wire 5 mm (3/16 inch) diameter with length to provide positive hooked anchorage in concrete.
- F. Clips: Galvanized steel, designed to secure framing member in place.
- G. Tile Splines: ASTM C635.
- H. Wire: ASTM A641.
  - 1. Size:
    - a. Wire Hangers: Minimum diameter 2.68 mm (0.1055 inch).
    - b. Bracing Wires: Minimum diameter 3.43 mm (0.1350 inch).

## 2.6 ACCESSORIES

- A. Adhesives: Low pollutant-emitting, water based type recommended by adhered product manufacturer for each application.
- B. Perimeter Seal: Vinyl, polyethylene or polyurethane open cell sponge material, density of 1.3 plus or minus 10 percent, compression set less than 10 percent with pressure sensitive adhesive coating on one side.
  - 1. Thickness: As required to fill voids between back of wall molding and finish wall.
  - 2. Size: Minimum 9 mm (3/8 inch) wide strip.

09 51 00 - 6 ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- C. Access Identification Markers: Colored markers with pressure sensitive adhesive on one side, paper or plastic, 6 to 9 mm (1/4 to 3/8 inch) diameter.
  - Color Code: Provide the following color markers for service identification:

Color	Service		
Red	Sprinkler System: Valves and Controls		
Green	Domestic Water: Valves and Controls		
Yellow	Chilled Water and Heating Water		
Orange	Ductwork: Fire Dampers		
Blue	Ductwork: Dampers and Controls		
Black	Gas: Laboratory, Medical, Air and Vacuum		

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for product installation.
- B. Protect existing construction and completed work from damage.
- C. Remove existing acoustical panels and suspension system to permit new installation.
  - 1. Dispose of removed materials.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

- A. Install products according to manufacturer's instructions.
  - When manufacturer's instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer's Representative consideration.

#### 3.3 ACOUSTICAL UNIT INSTALLATION

- A. Applications:
  - Cut acoustic units for perimeter borders and penetrations to fit tight against penetration for joint not concealed by molding.
- B. Layout acoustical unit symmetrically.
- C. Installation:
  - Install acoustic tiles after wet finishes have been installed and solvents have cured.
  - Install lay-in acoustic panels in exposed grid with minimum 6 mm (1/4 inch) bearing at edges on supports.

09 51 00 - 7 ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS

- a. Install tile to lay level and in full contact with exposed grid.
- b. Replace cracked, broken, stained, dirty, or tile.
- 3. Tile in concealed grid upward access suspension system:
  - a. Install acoustical tile with joints close, straight and true to line, and with exposed surfaces level and flush at joints.
  - b. Make corners and arises full, and without worn or broken places.
  - c. Locate acoustical units providing access to service systems.
- 4. Adhesive applied tile:
  - a. Condition of surface according to ASTM D1779, Note 1,
     Cleanliness of Surface, and Note 4, Rigidity of Base Surface.
  - b. Size or seal surface as recommended by manufacturer of adhesive and allow to dry before installing units.
- 5. Markers:
  - Install color coded markers to identify the various concealed piping, mechanical, and plumbing systems.
  - b. Attach colored markers to exposed grid on opposite sides of the units providing access.
  - c. Attach marker on exposed ceiling surface of upward access acoustical unit.
- D. Touch up damaged factory finishes.
  - 1. Repair painted surfaces with touch up primer.

#### 3.4 CEILING SUSPENSION SYSTEM INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install according to ASTM C636.
  - Use direct or indirect hung suspension system or combination of both.
  - 2. Support a maximum area of 1.48 sq. m (16 sq. ft.) of ceiling per hanger.
  - Prevent deflection in excess of 1/360 of span of cross runner and main runner.
  - Provide additional hangers located at each corner of support components.
  - 5. Provide minimum 100 mm (4 inch) clearance from the exposed face of the acoustical units to the underside of ducts, pipe, conduit, secondary suspension channels, concrete beams or joists; and steel beam or bar joist unless furred system is shown.
  - 6. Provide main runners minimum 1200 mm (48 inches) in length.

- Install hanger wires vertically. Angled wires are not acceptable except for seismic restraint bracing wires.
- B. Direct Hung Suspension System: ASTM C635.
  - Support main runners by hanger wires attached directly to the structure overhead.
  - Maximum spacing of hangers, 1200 mm (4 feet) on centers unless interference occurs by mechanical systems. Use indirect hung suspension system where not possible to maintain hanger spacing.
- C. Anchorage to Structure:
  - 1. Concrete:
    - a. Install hanger inserts and wire loops required for support of hanger wire. Install hanger wires with looped ends through steel deck when steel deck does not have attachment device.
    - b. Use eye pins or threaded studs with screw-on eyes in existing or already placed concrete structures to support hanger wire.
       Install in sides of concrete beams or joists at mid height.
  - 2. Steel:
    - a. Install carrying channels for attachment of hanger wires.
      - Size and space carrying channels to support load within performance limit.
      - Attach hangers to steel carrying channels, spaced four feet on center, unless area supported or deflection exceeds the amount specified.
    - b. Attach carrying channels to the bottom flange of steel beams spaced not 1200 mm (4 feet) on center before fireproofing is installed. Weld or use steel clips for beam attachment.
    - c. Attach hangers to bottom chord of bar joists or to carrying channels installed between the bar joists when hanger spacing prevents anchorage to joist. Rest carrying channels on top of the bottom chord of the bar joists, and securely wire tie or clip to joist.
- D. Indirect Hung Suspension System: ASTM C635.
  - Space carrying channels for indirect hung suspension system maximum 1200 mm (4 feet) on center. Space hangers for carrying channels maximum 2400 mm (8 feet) on center or for carrying channels less than 1200 mm (4 feet) or center so as to insure that specified requirements are not exceeded.

 Support main runners by specially designed clips attached to carrying channels.

## 3.5 CEILING TREATMENT

- A. Moldings:
  - Install metal wall molding at perimeter of room, column, or edge at vertical surfaces.
  - Install special shaped molding at changes in ceiling heights and at other breaks in ceiling construction to support acoustical units and to conceal their edges.
- B. Perimeter Seal:
  - Install perimeter seal between vertical leg of wall molding and finish wall, partition, and other vertical surfaces.
  - Install perimeter seal to finish flush with exposed faces of horizontal legs of wall molding.
- C. Existing ceiling:
  - 1. Where extension of existing ceilings occurs, match existing.
  - Where acoustical units are salvaged and reinstalled or joined, use salvaged units within a space. Do not mix new and salvaged units within a space which results in contrast between old and new acoustic units.
  - 3. Comply with specifications for new acoustical units for new units required to match appearance of existing units.

## 3.6 CLEANING

- A. Remove excess adhesive before adhesive sets.
- B. Clean exposed surfaces. Remove contaminants and stains.

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VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## SECTION 09 65 13 RESILIENT BASE AND ACCESSORIES

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Resilient base (RB) adhered to interior walls and partitions.
  - 2. Resilient stair treads (RST) adhered to interior stair treads.
  - 3. Sheet rubber flooring (SRF) adhered to interior stair landings.

#### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Resilient Tile Flooring: Section 09 65 36.13, STATIC DISSIPATIVE RESILIENT TILE.

#### 1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM):

F1344-15.....Rubber Floor Tile. F1859-14e1....Rubber Sheet Floor Covering without Backing. F1860-14e1....Rubber Sheet Floor Covering with Backing. F1861-16....Resilient Wall Base. D4259-18....Preparation of Concrete by Abrasion Prior to Coating Application.

C. Federal Specifications (Fed. Spec.): RR-T-650E (1994).....Treads, Metallic and Non-Metallic,

Skid-Resistant.

D. International Concrete Repair Institute (ICRI): 310.2R-2013.....Selecting and Specifying Concrete Surface Preparation for Sealers, Coatings, Polymer Overlays, and Concrete Repair.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
  - 2. Adhesives and primers indicating manufacturer's recommendation for each application.
  - 3. Installation instructions.
- C. Samples:
  - 1. Resilient Base: 150 mm (6 inches) long, each type and color.

09 65 13 - 1 RESILIENT BASE AND ACCESSORIES

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 2. Resilient Stair Treads: 150 mm (6 inches) long, each type and color.
- 3. Sheet Rubber Flooring: 300 mm (12 inches) square, each type and color.
- D. Sustainable Construction Submittals:
  - Recycled Content: Identify post-consumer and pre-consumer recycled content percentage by weight.
  - 2. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials:
    - a. Stair Treads and Sheet Rubber Flooring: Submit Floor Score label.
    - b. Show volatile organic compound types and quantities.
- E. Operation and Maintenance Data:
  - 1. Care instructions for each exposed finish product.

#### 1.5 DELIVERY

- A. Deliver products in manufacturer's original sealed packaging.
- B. Mark packaging, legibly. Indicate manufacturer's name or brand, type, color, production run number, and manufacture date.
- C. Before installation, return or dispose of products within distorted, damaged, or opened packaging.

## 1.6 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Store products indoors in dry, weathertight facility.
- B. Protect products from damage when handling and during construction operations.

#### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environment:
  - Product Temperature: Minimum 21 degrees C (70 degrees F) for minimum
     48 hours before installation.
  - Work Area Ambient Temperature Range: 21 to 27 degrees C (70 to 80 degrees F) continuously, beginning 48 hours before installation.
  - 3. Install products when building is permanently enclosed and when wet construction is completed, dried, and cured.

#### 1.8 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PRODUCTS

- A. Basis of Design: As indicated on drawings.
- B. Provide each product from one manufacturer and from one production run.

- C. Provide resilient stair treads and sheet rubber flooring from same manufacturer.
- D. Sustainable Construction Requirements:
  - Sheet Rubber Flooring Recycled Content: 90 percent total recycled content, minimum.
  - 2. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials: Comply with VOC limits specified in Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS for the following products:
    - a. Flooring Adhesives and Sealants.

#### 2.2 RESILIENT BASE

- A. Resilient Base: 3 mm (1/8 inch) thick, 100 mm (4 inches) high.
  - 1. Type: Rubber or vinyl; use one type throughout.
  - ASTM F1861, Type TP thermoplastic rubber or Type TV thermoplastic vinyl, Group 2 - layered.
- B. Applications:
  - 1. Carpet Flooring Locations: Style A Straight.
  - 2. Other Locations: Style B Cove.

## 2.3 ADHESIVES

A. Adhesives: Low pollutant-emitting, water based type recommended by adhered product manufacturer for each application.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for product installation.
- B. Protect existing construction and completed work from damage.
- C. Remove existing base to permit new installation.
  - 1. Dispose of removed materials.
- D. Correct substrate deficiencies.
  - 1. Fill cracks, pits, and depressions with leveling compound.
  - 2. Remove protrusions; grind high spots.
  - 3. Apply leveling compound to achieve 3 mm (1/8 inch) in 3 m (10 feet) maximum surface variation.
- E. Clean substrates. Remove contaminants capable of affecting subsequently installed product's performance.
  - 1. Mechanically clean concrete floor substrate according to ASTM D4259.
  - 2. Surface Profile: ICRI Guideline No. 310.2R.
- F. Allow substrate to dry and cure.

G. Perform flooring manufacturer's recommended bond, substrate moisture content, and pH tests.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION GENERAL

- A. Install products according to manufacturer's instructions.
  - 1. When instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer consideration.

#### 3.3 RESILIENT BASE INSTALLATION

- A. Applications:
  - 1. Install resilient base in rooms scheduled on Drawings.
  - 2. Install resilient base on casework locker toe spaces, and other curb supported fixed equipment.
  - 3. Extend resilient base into closets, alcoves, and cabinet knee spaces, and around columns within scheduled room.
- B. Lay out resilient base with minimum number of joints.
  - 1. Length: 600 mm (24 inches) minimum, each piece.
  - Locate joints 150 mm (6 inches) minimum from corners and intersection of adjacent materials.
- C. Installation:
  - Apply adhesive uniformly for full contact between resilient base and substrate.
  - Set resilient base with hairline butted joints aligned along top edge.
- D. Field form corners and end stops.
  - 1. V-groove back of outside corner.
  - 2. V-groove face of inside corner and notch cove for miter joint.
- E. Roll resilient base ensuring complete adhesion.

## 3.4 CLEANING

- A. Remove excess adhesive before adhesive sets.
- B. Clean exposed resilient base. Remove contaminants and stains.
  - 1. Clean with mild detergent. Leave surfaces free of detergent residue.
- C. Polish exposed resilient base to gloss sheen.

## 3.5 PROTECTION

- A. Protect products from construction traffic and operations.
  - Maintain protection until directed by Contracting Officer's Representative.
- B. Replace damaged products and re-clean.

 Damaged Products include cut, gouged, scraped, torn, and unbonded products.

- - E N D - -

## SECTION 09 65 19 RESILIENT TILE FLOORING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION:

A. This section specifies the installation of vinyl composition tile and accessories required for a complete installation.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK:

- A. Sustainable Design Requirements: Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS.
- B. Resilient Base: Section 09 65 13, RESILIENT BASE AND ACCESSORIES.
- C. Subfloor Testing and Preparation: Section 09 05 16, SUBSURFACE PREPARATION FOR FLOOR FINISHES.
- D. Removal of Existing Construction Containing Asbestos: Section 02 82 13.19, ASBESTOS FLOOR TILE AND MASTIC ABATEMENT.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS:

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittals as described below:
  - Volatile organic compounds per volume as described in PART 2 - PRODUCTS.
  - Postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content as described in PART 2 - PRODUCTS.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
  - Resilient material manufacturer's recommendations for adhesives, underlayment, primers, and polish.
  - 3. Application, installation and maintenance instructions.
- D. Samples:
  - 1. Tile: Each type, color, thickness and finish.
  - 2. Edge Strips: Each type, color, thickness and finish.
  - 3. Feature Strips: Each type, color, thickness and finish.
- E. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Layout of patterns as shown on the construction documents.
  - 2. Edge strip locations showing types and detail cross sections.
- F. Test Reports:

- Abrasion resistance: Depth of wear for each tile type and color and volume loss of tile, certified by independent laboratory. Tested per ASTM F510/F510M.
- 2. Moisture and pH test results as per Section 09 05 16, SUBSURFACE PREPARATION FOR FLOOR FINISHES.

## 1.4 DELIVERY:

- A. Deliver materials to the site in original sealed packages or containers, clearly marked with the manufacturer's name or brand, type and color, production run number and date of manufacture.
- B. Materials from containers which have been distorted, damaged or opened prior to installation are not acceptable.

#### 1.5 STORAGE:

A. Store materials in a clean, dry, enclosed space off the ground, protected from harmful weather conditions and at temperature and humidity conditions recommended by the manufacturer. Protect adhesives from freezing. Store flooring, adhesives, and accessories in the spaces where they will be installed for at least 48 hours before beginning installation.

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Installer Qualifications: A company specializing in installation with minimum three (3) years' experience and employs experienced flooring installers who have retained, and currently hold, an INSTALL Certification, or a certification from a comparable certification program.
  - 1. Installers to be certified by INSTALL or a comparable certification program with the following minimum criteria:
    - a. US Department of Labor approved four (4) year apprenticeship program, 160 hours a year.
    - b. Career long training.
    - c. Manufacturer endorsed training.
    - d. Fundamental journeyman skills certification.
- C. Furnish product type materials from the same production run.

## 1.7 WARRANTY:

A. Construction Warranty: Comply with FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction".

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 1.8 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS:

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM):

	D2047-11	.Test Method for Static Coefficient of Friction
		of Polish-Coated Flooring Surfaces as Measured
		by the James Machine
	D2240-05(R2010)	.Test Method for Rubber Property-Durometer
		Hardness
	D4078-02(R2008)	.Water Emulsion Floor Finish
	E648-14c	.Critical Radiant Flux of Floor Covering Systems
		Using a Radiant Energy Source
	E662-14	.Specific Optical Density of Smoke Generated by
		Solid Materials
	E1155/E1155M-14	.Determining Floor Flatness and Floor Levelness
		Numbers
	F510/F510M-14	.Resistance to Abrasion of Resilient Floor
		Coverings Using an Abrader with a Grit Feed
		Method
	F710-11	.Preparing Concrete Floors to Receive Resilient
		Flooring
	F925-13	.Test Method for Resistance to Chemicals of
		Resilient Flooring
	F1344-12(R2013)	.Rubber Floor Tile
	F1700-13a	.Solid Vinyl Floor Tile
	F1869-11	.Test Method for Measuring Moisture Vapor
		Emission Rate of Concrete Subfloor Using
		Anhydrous Calcium Chloride
	F2170-11	.Test Method for Determining Relative Humidity
		in Concrete Floor Slabs Using in Situ Probes
	F2195-13	.Linoleum Floor Tile
С.	Code of Federal Regulat.	ion (CFR):
	40 CFR 59	.Determination of Volatile Matter Content, Water
		Content, Density Volume Solids, and Weight
		Solids of Surface Coating
D.	International Standards	and Training Alliance (INSTALL):

09 65 19 - 3 RESILIENT TILE FLOORING

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS:

- A. Provide adhesives, underlayment, primers, and polish recommended by resilient floor material manufacturer.
- B. Critical Radiant Flux: 0.45 watts per sq. cm or more, Class I, per ASTM E648.
- C. Smoke Density: Less than 450 per ASTM E662.

#### 2.4 VINYL COMPOSITION TILE:

- A. Tile Standard: ASTM F1066.
  - 1. Class: Class II, through pattern.
- B. Thickness: 3.2 mm (0.125 inch).
- C. Size: 305 x 305 mm (12 x 12 inches).

## 2.6 ADHESIVES:

A. Provide water resistant type adhesive for flooring, base and accessories as recommended by the manufacturer to suit substrate conditions. VOC content to be less than the 50 grams/L when calculated according to 40 CFR 59 (EPA Method 24). Submit manufacturer's descriptive data, documentation stating physical characteristics, and mildew and germicidal characteristics.

#### 2.7 PRIMER FOR CONCRETE SUBFLOORS:

A. Provide in accordance with Section 09 05 16, SUBSURFACE PREPARATION FOR FLOOR FINISHES.

## 2.8 LEVELING COMPOUND FOR CONCRETE FLOORS:

A. Provide cementitious products with latex or polyvinyl acetate resins in the mix in accordance with Section 09 05 16, SUBSURFACE PREPARATION FOR FLOOR FINISHES.

#### 2.9 POLISH AND CLEANERS:

- A. Cleaners: As recommended in writing by floor tile manufacturer.
- B. Polish: ASTM D4078.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS:

A. Maintain flooring materials and areas to receive resilient flooring at a temperature above 20 degrees C (68 degrees F) for three (3) days before application, during application and two (2) days after application, unless otherwise directly by the flooring manufacturer for the flooring being installed. Maintain a minimum temperature of 13 degrees C (55 degrees F) thereafter. Provide adequate ventilation to

> 09 65 19 - 4 RESILIENT TILE FLOORING

remove moisture from area and to comply with regulations limiting concentrations of hazardous vapors.

B. Do not install flooring until building is permanently enclosed and wet construction in or near areas to receive tile materials is complete, dry and cured.

## 3.2 SUBFLOOR TESTING AND PREPARATION:

- A. Prepare and test surfaces to receive resilient tile and adhesive as per Section 09 05 16, SUBSURFACE PREPARATION FOR FLOOR FINISHES.
  - 1. Remove existing resilient floor and existing adhesive.
- B. Prepare concrete substrates in accordance with ASTM F710.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION:

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions for application and installation unless specified otherwise.
- B. Mix tile from at least two containers. An apparent line either of shades or pattern variance is not acceptable.
- C. Tile Layout:
  - If layout is not shown on construction documents, lay tile symmetrically about center of room or space with joints aligned.
  - Vary edge width as necessary to maintain full size tiles in the field, no edge tile to be less than 1/2 the field tile size, except where irregular shaped rooms make it impossible.
  - Place tile pattern in the same direction; do not alternate tiles unless specifically indicated in the construction documents to the contrary.
- D. Application:
  - Adhere floor tile to flooring substrates using a full spread of adhesive applied to substrate to produce a completed installation without open cracks, voids, raising and puckering at joints, telegraphing of adhesive spreader marks, and other surface imperfections.
  - Scribe, cut, and fit floor tiles to butt neatly and tightly to vertical surfaces and permanent fixtures including built-in furniture, cabinets, pipes, outlets, and door frames.
  - Extend floor tiles into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, and similar openings. Extend floor tiles to center of door openings.
  - 4. Roll tile floor with a minimum 45 kg (100 pound) roller.

- E. Seal joints at pipes with sealants in accordance with Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.
- F. Installation of Edge Strips:
  - Locate edge strips under center line of doors unless otherwise shown on construction documents.
  - 2. Set resilient edge strips in adhesive. Anchor metal edge strips with anchors and screws.
  - 3. Where tile edge is exposed, butt edge strip to touch along tile edge.
  - 4. Where thin set ceramic tile abuts resilient tile, set edge strip against floor file and against the ceramic tile edge.

## 3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION:

- A. Clean adhesive marks on exposed surfaces during the application of resilient materials before the adhesive sets. Exposed adhesive is not acceptable.
- B. Keep traffic off resilient material for a minimum 72 hours after installation.
- C. Clean flooring as recommended in accordance with manufacturer's printed maintenance instructions and within the recommended time frame. As required by the manufacturer, apply the recommended number of coats and type of polish and/or finish in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.
- D. When construction traffic occurs over tile, cover resilient materials with reinforced kraft paper properly secured and maintained until removal is directed by COR. At entrances and where wheeled vehicles or carts are used, cover tile with plywood, hardboard, or particle board over paper, secured and maintained until removal is directed by COR.
- E. When protective materials are removed and immediately prior to acceptance, replace damaged tile and mouldings, re-clean resilient materials.

## 3.5 LOCATION:

- A. Unless otherwise indicated in construction documents, install tile flooring, under areas where casework, laboratory and pharmacy furniture and other equipment occur.
- B. Extend tile flooring for room into adjacent closets and alcoves.

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## SECTION 09 65 36.13 STATIC DISSAPATIVE RESILIENT TILE FLOORING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

- A. Work Included: Provide labor, materials and equipment necessary to complete the work of this Section, including but not limited to the following:
  - i. Vinyl Tile Flooring
  - ii. Substrate Preparation
- B. Related Work: The following items are not included in this Section and are specified under the designated Sections:
  - Section 03 30 00 CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE for concrete substrate; slab surface tolerances
- C. References (Industry Standards):
  - i. ASTM International (ASTM):
    - a. ASTM F1700, Standard Specification for Solid Vinyl Tile Floor Covering
    - b. ASTM E648 (NFPA 253), Standard Test Method for Critical Radiant Flux of Floor Covering Systems Using a Radiant Heat Energy Source
    - c. ASTM E662 (NFPA 258), Standard Test Method for Specific Optical Density of Smoke Generated by Solid Materials
    - d. ASTM F970, Standard Test Method for Static Load Limit
    - e. ASTM F970 (Modified), Test Method for Maximum Load Limit
    - f. ASTM F925, Standard Test Method for Resistance to Chemicals of Resilient Flooring
    - g. ASTM D2047, Standard Test Method for Static Coefficient of Friction as Measured by the James Machine
    - h. ASTM F150, Standard Test Method for Electrical Resistance; 0.25 M $\Omega$  1 M $\Omega$  (Conductive) & 1 M $\Omega$  1000 M $\Omega$  (Dissipative)
    - i. ANSI/ESD S7.1, Standard Test Method for Static Protective Flooring Materials
    - j. ANSI/ESD S20.20, Electrostatic Discharge Control Program Standard
    - k. AATCC-134, Static Generation Propensity (Conductive)
    - 1. AATCC-134, Static Generation Propensity (Dissipative)

#### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Submit listed submittals in accordance with Conditions of the Contract and Division 1 Submittal Procedures.
- B. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical data sheet, care & maintenance document, submittal and/or warranty for each material and accessory proposed for use.
- C. Samples: Submit representative samples of each product specified for verification, in manufacturer's standard size samples of each resilient product color, texture and patter required.

## 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Provide resilient flooring materials manufactured in the United States of America by a firm with a minimum of 10 years' experience with resilient flooring materials of type equivalent to those specified.
  - i. Manufacturer shall be capable of providing technical training and technical field service representation.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Installer must be professional, licensed, insured and familiar with the resilient flooring material to be installed. Project Managers or Field Supervisors must be INSTALL (International Standards & Training Alliance) certified CFI (Certified Floorcovering Installers) Certified and/or an FCICA (The Flooring Contractors Association) CIM (Certified Installation Manager) for the requirements of the project.

#### 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials in labeled packages. Store and handle in strict compliance with manufacturer's recommendations. Protect from damage due to weather, excessive temperatures, and construction operations.
- B. Deliver materials sufficiently in advance of installation to condition materials to the required temperature for 48-hours prior to installation.

#### 1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Install ESD Vinyl Tile after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.
- B. Maintain temperature at service levels and/or the ambient temperature must remain steady ( $\pm$  10° F) between 65° F and 85° F for at least 48-hours prior to, during and until substantial completion.
- C. Maintain relative humidity at service levels, or between 40% and 65%  $$\rm RH$.$

# 09 65 36.13 - 2

## STATIC DISSIPATIVE RESILIENT TILE FLOORING

D. Avoid conditions in which dew point causes condensation on the installation surface.

## 1.6 WARRANTY

A. Provide manufacturer's standard limited commercial warranty to cover manufacturing defects.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PRODUCTS

- A. Basis of Design: Flexco Delane ESD VINYL TILE FLOORING, or approved equal.
  - 1. ESD Vinyl Tile Dimensions 12" x 12" x 1/8"
  - 2. ESD Vinyl Tile Finish: Smooth
  - 3. Static Dissipative Vinyl Tile (1 x 10<sup>6</sup> 1 x 10<sup>9</sup>)]
  - 4. ASTM F1700, Solid Vinyl Tile Floor Covering: Class I, Type A
  - 5. ASTM E648 (NFPA 253), Critical Radiant Flux of Floor Covering Systems Using a Radiant Heat Energy Source: Class I, > 0.45 W/cm2
  - ASTM E662 (NFPA 258), Specific Optical Density of Smoke Generated by Solid Materials: Passes < 450</li>
  - 7. ASTM F970, Static Load Limit: Passes, 250 PSI
  - 8. ASTM F970 (Modified), Maximum Load Limit: 2500 PSI
  - 9. ASTM F925, Resistance to Chemicals: Passes (see list)
  - 10. ASTM D2047, Static Coefficient of Friction: > 0.6
  - 11. Federal Standard Test Method 101c: Passes, 5000 v to 0 v
  - 12. Method 4046 (Conductive & Dissipative): In <0.01 sec.
  - 13. ANSI/ESD S7.1: Meets Requirements
  - 14. ANSI/ESD S20.20: Meets Requirements
  - 15. ASTM F150, Electrical Resistance, 0.25 M $\Omega$  1 M $\Omega$  (Conductive): 2.5 x 10^4 1 x 10^6

1 M $\Omega$  - 1000 M $\Omega$  (Dissipative): 1 x 10<sup>6</sup>

 $-1 \times 10^{9}$ 

- B. ESD APPROVED ADHESIVES
  - 1. Manufacturers standard adhesive

#### 2.3 ESD ACCESSORIES

 COPPER GROUNDING STRAPS ESD Vinyl Tile orders must include 1" x 0.004" Copper Grounding Straps.

#### 2.4 INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE MATERIALS

09 65 36.13 - 3 STATIC DISSIPATIVE RESILIENT TILE FLOORING

- A. Moisture Mitigation: Moisture testing is required for all ESD Vinyl Tile installations. Mitigation should be performed if results indicate high levels of moisture. Recommended Moisture Mitigation Product:
  - Refer to SECTION 09 05 16, SUBSURFACE PREPARATION FOR FLOOR FINISHES.
- B. Adhesives: Adhesives should be selected based on the site conditions and use of the space being installed. Recommended Adhesive Products:i. Follow manufacturers recommended adhesive.
- C. Maintenance Materials: Proper maintenance of the installation is critical to the long term performance of the flooring products being specified. Using the appropriate chemicals to maintain the product according to the environment in which it is specified is critical. Recommend maintenance products:
  - a. For initial maintenance: manufacturers standard

b. For daily and routine maintenance: Manufacturers standardDO NOT APPLY AN 'ON-SITE' FINISH TO ESD VINYL TILE FLOORING

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 GENERAL

- A. General Contractor Responsibilities:
  - Supply a safe, climate controlled building and subfloor as detailed in Flexco Technical Data Sheets.
  - Ensure substrate meets the requirements of ASTM F710, Flexco Technical Data Sheets and Excelsior Technical Data Sheets.
  - 3. Provide a secure storage area that is maintained permanently or temporarily at normal operating temperature and humidity conditions between 65° F and 85° F and between 40% and 65% relative humidity, for at least 48-hours prior to and during the application of the flooring, so the flooring contractor can acclimate the flooring materials per manufacturer's instructions.
  - 4. Provide an installation area that is weather tight and maintained either permanently or temporarily at ambient service temperature and humidity. Normal operating temperature and humidity conditions are between 65° F and 85° F and between 40% and 65% relative humidity, for at least 48-hours prior to, during and 48 hours after the application of the flooring per the manufacturer's instructions.

- 5. Ensure areas with direct prolonged exposure to sunlight are protected with protective UVA/UVB restrictive coatings or films.
- 6. Areas of the flooring that are subject to direct sunlight through doors or windows should have them covered using blinds, curtains, cardboard or similar for the time of the installation and 48hours after the installation to allow the adhesive to cure. Note: These areas should be installed using wet adhesives only.
- 7. Conduct initial maintenance prior to final usage per the Flexco Care & Maintenance Documents. Do not conduct initial maintenance until adhesive has cured per the adhesive technical data.
- B. Flooring Contractor Responsibilities:
  - Provide trained installers that are professional, licensed, insured and familiar with the resilient flooring material to be installed. Ensure installers or installation teams meet one of the following requirements:
  - 2. Have completed INSTALL (International Standards & Training Alliance) or CFI (Certified Floorcovering Installers) training programs and/or are certified by INSTALL or CFI.
  - 3. Are being supervised by Project Managers or Field Supervisors that are INSTALL (International Standards & Training Alliance) certified, CFI (Certified Floorcovering Installers) Certified and/or an FCICA (The Flooring Contractors Association) CIM (Certified Installation Manager).
  - 4. Follow all requirements in the Manufacturer Technical Data Sheets, Care & Maintenance Documents, Warranties and other technical documents or instructions.

#### 3.2 EXAMINATION

- A. General: Follow guidelines laid out in Section 01 45 00 QUALITY CONTROL.
- B. Verification of Conditions: Inspect all substrates to ensure they are clean, smooth, permanently dry, flat, and structurally sound. Confirm all areas are properly sealed and acclimated per manufacturer's requirements.
- C. Verification of Products: In accordance with manufacturer's installation requirements, visually inspect material for size, color or visual defects prior to installing. Any material that is incorrect or visually defective shall not be installed.

D. Product Limitations: Do not install over LVT, cushioned vinyl, hardwood flooring, cork, rubber, or asphaltic materials. Do not install ESD Vinyl Tile in outdoor areas, residences, in or around commercial kitchens or areas that may be exposed to animal or vegetable fats and oils, grease and petroleum-based hydrocarbons. Do not install in areas that may be exposed to sharp, pointy objects, such as stiletto heels, cleats or spikes.

#### 3.3 SUBSTRATE PREPARATION

A. Prepare and test surfaces to receive resilient tile and adhesive as per Section 09 05 16, SUBSURFACE PREPARATION FOR FLOOR FINISHES.

1. Remove existing resilient floor and existing adhesive.

B. Preparation: Ensure substrate meets the requirements of ASTM F710 for concrete substrates and manufacturers Technical Data Sheets.

- 1. Substrates must be free of visible water or moisture, dust, sealers, paint, sweeping compounds, curing compounds, residual adhesives and adhesive removers, concrete hardeners or densifiers, solvents, wax, oil, grease, asphalt, visible alkaline salts or excessive efflorescence, mold, mildew and any other extraneous coating, film, material or foreign matter.
- 2. It is recommended that all substrates have a floor flatness of FF32 and/or flatness tolerance of 1/8'' in 6' or 3/16'' in 10'.
- Acclimate all products to be used during the installation in the installation environment prior to installation according to the manufacturers written instructions.

## 3.4 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Follow all relevant guidelines detailed in Division 01, as well as flooring and adhesive manufacturer's technical data sheets.
- B. Resilient ESD Vinyl Tile: Install material in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations:
  - Select the appropriate adhesive for the application and job site conditions.
  - Confirm material installation pattern and direction per design specifications or work order.
  - Dry-lay several pieces of material in order to determine ideal room layout.

- 4. Prior to installation, consult project electrician or electrical engineer regarding the placement of copper straps in order to synchronize copper strap placement with electrical grounding system location.
- 5. Prior to installing flooring materials, install copper straps directly into fresh adhesive and trowel adhesive over strap to fully embed strap in adhesive. Copper strap must be at least 18" in length, with at least 9" embedded into adhesive.
- Copper grounding straps must be placed every 2000 sq. ft., at least one per room.

#### 3.5 CLEANING & MAINTENANCE

- A. General: Clean up installation area and sweep, dust or wipe material to remove any dirt, dust or debris.
- B. Initial Maintenance: Conduct initial maintenance per the manufacturer's recommended procedures stated in the Maintenance Documents.
- C. Regular Maintenance: Conduct maintenance on regular intervals as needed. Insufficient cleaning will reduce the wear life of the flooring and alter the dissipative properties of the tiles. The amount of maintenance depends directly upon the amount of dirt and particulates the floor is subjected to.
- D. ESD vinyl flooring products DO NOT require a protective wax or floor finish.
- E. In areas where rolling chairs will be used, a resilient flooring chair pad must be installed over the finished floor to protect floor covering.
- F. Always use untreated, new or thoroughly cleaned mops and pads when conducting daily or routine maintenance.
- G. Do not use Kerosene, Gasoline, Naphtha and/or other solvents to clean vinyl tile.

# 3.6 CLOSEOUT ACTIVITIES

A. Protection: Protect newly installed material with construction grade paper or protective boards, such as Masonite or Ram Board, to protect material from damage by other trades. Be sure all construction debris is swept up and removed prior to the protective material being installed and does not get trapped underneath. Limit usage and foot traffic according to the adhesive's requirements. When moving appliances or heavy furniture, protect flooring and wall base from scuffing and tearing using temporary floor protection as well.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

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## SECTION 09 91 00 PAINTING

# PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Work of this Section includes all labor, materials, equipment, and services necessary to complete the painting and finishing as shown on the construction documents and/or specified herein, including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Prime coats which may be applied in shop under other sections.
  - 2. Prime painting unprimed surfaces to be painted under this Section.
  - Painting items furnished with a prime coat of paint, including touching up of or repairing of abraded, damaged or rusted prime coats applied by others.
  - 4. Painting ferrous metal (except stainless steel) exposed to view.
  - 5. Painting galvanized ferrous metals exposed to view.
  - 6. Painting interior concrete block exposed to view.
  - 7. Painting gypsum drywall exposed to view.
  - Painting of wood exposed to view, except items which are specified to be painted or finished under other Sections of these specifications. Back painting of all wood in contact with concrete, masonry or other moisture areas.
  - Painting pipes, pipe coverings, conduit, ducts, insulation, hangers, supports and other mechanical and electrical items and equipment exposed to view.
  - 10. Painting surfaces above, behind or below grilles, gratings, diffusers, louvers lighting fixtures, and the like, which are exposed to view through these items.
  - Painting includes shellacs, stains, varnishes, coatings specified, and striping or markers and identity markings.
  - 12. Incidental painting and touching up as required to produce proper finish for painted surfaces, including touching up of factory finished items.
  - 13. Painting of any surface not specifically mentioned to be painted herein or on construction documents, but for which painting is obviously necessary to complete the job, or work which comes within the intent of these specifications, is to be included as though specified.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01 35 26, SAFETY REQUIREMENTS: Activity Hazard Analysis.
- B. Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTUCTION REQUIREMENTS: Sustainable Design Requirements.
- C. Division 05 METALS: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- D. Section 07 13 26, SELF ADHERING SHEET WATERPROOFING: Waterproofing of Concrete Masonry Units.
- E. Division 08 OPENINGS: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- F. Section 08 14 00, INTERIOR WOOD DOORS: Prefinished flush doors with transparent finishes.
- G. Division 10 SPECIALTIES: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- H. Division 11 EQUIPMENT: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- I. Division 12 FURNISHINGS: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- J. Division 13 SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- K. Division 14 CONVEYING EQUIPMENT: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- L. Division 21 FIRE SUPPRESSION: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- M. Division 22 PLUMBING: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- N. Division 23 HEATING; VENTILATION AND AIR-CONDITIONING: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- O. Division 26 ELECTRICAL: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- P. Division 27 COMMUNICATIONS: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- Q. Division 28 ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- R. Division 32 EXTERIOR IMPROVEMENTS: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- S. Section 32 17 23, PAVEMENT MARKINGS: Asphalt and concrete pavement marking.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittals as described below:
  - Volatile organic compounds per volume as specified in PART 2 - PRODUCTS.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- C. Painter qualifications.
- D. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - Before work is started, or sample panels are prepared, submit manufacturer's literature and technical data, the current Master Painters Institute (MPI) "Approved Product List" indicating brand label, product name and product code as of the date of contract award, will be used to determine compliance with the submittal requirements of this specification. The Contractor may choose to use subsequent MPI "Approved Product List", however, only one (1) list may be used for the entire contract and each coating system is to be from a single manufacturer. All coats on a particular substrate must be from a single manufacturer. No variation from the MPI "Approved Product List" where applicable is acceptable.
- E. Sample Panels:
  - After painters' materials have been approved and before work is started, submit sample panels showing each type of finish and color specified.
  - 2. Panels to Show Color: Composition board, 100 x 250 mm (4 x 10 inch).
  - 3. Panel to Show Transparent Finishes: Wood of same species and grain pattern as wood approved for use, 100 x 250 mm (4 x 10 inch face) minimum, and where both flat and edge grain will be exposed, 250 mm (10 inches) long by sufficient size, 50 x 50 mm (2 x 2 inch) minimum or actual wood member to show complete finish.
  - 4. Attach labels to panel stating the following:
    - a. Federal Specification Number or manufacturers name and product number of paints used.
    - b. Specification code number.
    - c. Product type and color.
    - d. Name of project.
  - 5. Strips showing not less than 50 mm (2 inch) wide strips of undercoats and 100 mm (4 inch) wide strip of finish coat.
- F. Sample of identity markers if used.
- G. Manufacturers' Certificates indicating compliance with specified requirements:
  - 1. Manufacturer's paint substituted for Federal Specification paints meets or exceeds performance of paint specified.
  - 2. High temperature aluminum paint.

09 91 00 - 3 PAINTING

- 3. Epoxy coating.
- 4. Intumescent clear coating or fire-retardant paint.
- 5. Plastic floor coating.

## 1.4 DELIVERY AND STORAGE

- A. Deliver materials to site in manufacturer's sealed container marked to show following:
  - 1. Name of manufacturer.
  - 2. Product type.
  - 3. Batch number.
  - 4. Instructions for use.
  - 5. Safety precautions.
- B. In addition to manufacturer's label, provide a label legibly printed as following:
  - 1. Federal Specification Number, where applicable, and name of material.
  - 2. Surface upon which material is to be applied.
  - 3. Specify Coat Types: Prime; body; finish; etc.
- C. Maintain space for storage, and handling of painting materials and equipment in a ventilated, neat and orderly condition to prevent spontaneous combustion from occurring or igniting adjacent items.
- D. Store materials at site at least 24 hours before using, at a temperature between 7 and 30 degrees C (45 and 85 degrees F).

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Qualification of Painters: Use only qualified journeyman painters for the mixing and application of paint on exposed surfaces. Submit evidence that key personnel have successfully performed surface preparation and application of coating on a minimum of three (3) similar projects within the past three (3) years.
- B. Paint Coordination: Provide finish coats which are compatible with the prime paints used. Review other Sections of these specifications in which prime paints are to be provided to ensure compatibility of the total coatings system for the various substrates. Upon request from other subcontractors, furnish information on the characteristics of the finish materials proposed to be used, to ensure that compatible prime coats are used. Provide barrier coats over incompatible primers or remove and reprime as required. Notify the Contracting Officer Representative (COR) in writing of any anticipated problems using the coating systems as specified with substrates primed by others.

09 91 00 - 4 PAINTING

- C. In addition to the samples specified herein to be submitted for approval, apply in the field, at their final location, each type and color of approved paint materials, applied 3.05 m (10 feet) wide, floor to ceiling of wall surfaces, before proceeding with the remainder of the work, for approval by the COR. Paint mock-ups to include one (1) door and frame assembly.
- D. Finish and texture approved by COR will be used as a standard of quality and workmanship for remainder of work.
- E. Repaint individual areas which are not approved, as determined by the COR, until approval is received.

# 1.6 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Paint materials are to conform to the restrictions of the local Environmental and Toxic Control jurisdiction.
  - Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) Emissions Requirements: Field-applied paints and coatings that are inside the waterproofing system to not exceed limits of authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Lead-Base Paint:
    - a. Comply with Section 410 of the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act, as amended, and with implementing regulations promulgated by Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.
    - b. Regulations concerning prohibition against use of lead-based paint in federal and federally assisted construction, or rehabilitation of residential structures are set forth in Subpart F, Title 24, Code of Federal Regulations, Department of Housing and Urban Development.
    - c. Do not use coatings having a lead content over 0.06 percent by weight of non-volatile content.
    - d. For lead-paint removal, see Section 02 83 33.13, LEAD-BASED PAINT REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL.
  - 3. Asbestos: Provide materials that do not contain asbestos.
  - Chromate, Cadmium, Mercury, and Silica: Provide materials that do not contain zinc-chromate, strontium-chromate, Cadmium, mercury or mercury compounds or free crystalline silica.
  - 5. Human Carcinogens: Provide materials that do not contain any of the ACGIH-BKLT and ACGHI-DOC confirmed or suspected human carcinogens.
  - 6. Use high performance acrylic paints in place of alkyd paints.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

#### 1.7 SAFETY AND HEALTH

- A. Apply paint materials using safety methods and equipment in accordance with the following:
  - 1. Comply with applicable Federal, State, and local laws and regulations, and with the ACCIDENT PREVENTION PLAN, including the Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) as specified in Section 01 35 26, SAFETY REQUIREMENTS. The AHA is to include analyses of the potential impact of painting operations on painting personnel and on others involved in and adjacent to the work zone.
- B. Safety Methods Used During Paint Application: Comply with the requirements of SSPC PA Guide 10.
- C. Toxic Materials: To protect personnel from overexposure to toxic materials, conform to the most stringent guidance of:
  - The applicable manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) or local regulation.
  - 2. 29 CFR 1910.1000.
  - 3. ACHIH-BKLT and ACGHI-DOC, threshold limit values.

# 1.8 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced in the text by basic designation only.
- B. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH): ACGIH TLV-BKLT-2012....Threshold Limit Values (TLV) for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological

Exposure Indices (BEIs)

ACGIH TLV-DOC-2012.....Documentation of Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices, (Seventh Edition)

- C. ASME International (ASME): A13.1-07(R2013).....Scheme for the Identification of Piping Systems
- D. Code of Federal Regulation (CFR):

40 CFR 59.....Determination of Volatile Matter Content, Water Content, Density Volume Solids, and Weight Solids of Surface Coating

- E. Commercial Item Description (CID):
   A-A-1272A.....Plaster Gypsum (Spackling Compound)
- F. Federal Specifications (Fed Spec):

VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 TT-P-1411A.....Paint, Copolymer-Resin, Cementitious (For Waterproofing Concrete and Masonry Walls) (CEP) G. Master Painters Institute (MPI): 8..... Exterior Alkyd, Flat MPI Gloss Level 1 9..... Exterior Alkyd Enamel MPI Gloss Level 6 10.....Exterior Latex, Flat 11.....Exterior Latex, Semi-Gloss 15..... Exterior Latex, Low Sheen (MPI Gloss Level 3-4) 45..... Interior Primer Sealer 46..... Interior Enamel Undercoat 50.....Interior Latex Primer Sealer 51..... Interior Alkyd, Eggshell, MPI Gloss Level 3 52..... MPI Gloss Level 3 79..... Marine Alkyd Metal Primer 94.....Exterior Alkyd, Semi-Gloss 95..... Fast Drying Metal Primer 139..... Interior High Performance Latex, MPI Gloss Level 3 H. Society for Protective Coatings (SSPC): SSPC SP 1-82(R2004)....Solvent Cleaning SSPC SP 2-82(R2004)....Hand Tool Cleaning SSPC SP 3-28(R2004)....Power Tool Cleaning SSPC SP 10/NACE No.2....Near-White Blast Cleaning SSPC PA Guide 10.....Guide to Safety and Health Requirements I. Maple Flooring Manufacturer's Association (MFMA): J. U.S. National Archives and Records Administration (NARA): 29 CFR 1910.1000.....Air Contaminants K. Underwriter's Laboratory (UL) PART 2 - PRODUCTS 2.1 MATERIALS: A. Conform to the coating specifications and standards referenced in PART 3. Submit manufacturer's technical data sheets for specified coatings and solvents. 2.2 PAINT PROPERTIES: A. Use ready-mixed (including colors), except two component epoxies,

polyurethanes, polyesters, paints having metallic powders packaged separately and paints requiring specified additives.

09 91 00 - 7 PAINTING

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- B. Where no requirements are given in the referenced specifications for primers, use primers with pigment and vehicle, compatible with substrate and finish coats specified.
- C. Provide undercoat paint produced by the same manufacturer as the finish coats. Use only thinners approved by the paint manufacturer and use only to recommended limits.
- D. VOC Content: For field applications that are inside the weatherproofing system, paints and coating to comply with VOC content limits of authorities having jurisdiction and the following VOC content limits:
  - 1. Flat Paints and Coatings: 50 gram/liter.
  - 2. Non-flat Paints and Coatings: 150 gram/liter.
  - 3. Dry-Fog Coatings: 400 gram/liter.
  - 4. Primers, Sealers, and Undercoaters: 200 gram/liter.
  - 5. Anticorrosive and Antirust Paints applied to Ferrous Metals: 250 gram/liter.
  - 6. Zinc-Rich Industrial Maintenance Primers: 340 gram/liter.
  - 7. Pretreatment Wash Primers: 420 gram/liter.
  - 8. Shellacs, Clear: 730 gram/liter.
  - 9. Shellacs, Pigmented: 550 gram/liter.
- E. VOC test method for paints and coatings is to be in accordance with 40 CFR 59 (EPA Method 24). Part 60, Appendix A with the exempt compounds' content determined by Method 303 (Determination of Exempt Compounds) in the South Coast Air Quality Management District's (SCAQMD) "Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples" manual.

## 2.3 **BIOBASED CONTENT**

A. Paint products shall comply with following bio-based standards for biobased materials:

Material Type	Percent by Weight
Interior Paint	20 percent biobased material
Interior Paint- Oil Based and Solvent Alkyd	67 percent biobased material
Exterior Paint	20 percent biobased material
Wood & Concrete Stain	39 percent biobased content
Polyurethane Coatings	25 percent biobased content
Water Tank Coatings	59 percent biobased content

Wood & Concrete Sealer- Membrane Concrete Sealers	11 percent biobased content
Wood & Concrete Sealer- Penetrating Liquid	79 percent biobased content

B. The minimum-content standards are based on the weight (not the volume) of the material.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 JOB CONDITIONS:

- A. Safety: Observe required safety regulations and manufacturer's warning and instructions for storage, handling and application of painting materials.
  - Take necessary precautions to protect personnel and property from hazards due to falls, injuries, toxic fumes, fire, explosion, or other harm.
  - Deposit soiled cleaning rags and waste materials in metal containers approved for that purpose. Dispose of such items off the site at end of each day's work.
- B. Atmospheric and Surface Conditions:
  - 1. Do not apply coating when air or substrate conditions are:
    - a. Less than 3 degrees C (5 degrees F) above dew point.
    - b. Below 10 degrees C (50 degrees F) or over 35 degrees C (95 degrees F), unless specifically pre-approved by the COR and the product manufacturer. Under no circumstances are application conditions to exceed manufacturer recommendations.
    - c. When the relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; or to damp or wet surfaces; unless otherwise permitted by the paint manufacturer's printed instructions.
  - 2. Maintain interior temperatures until paint dries hard.
  - 3. Do no exterior painting when it is windy and dusty.
  - 4. Do not paint in direct sunlight or on surfaces that the sun will warm.
  - 5. Apply only on clean, dry and frost-free surfaces except as follows:
    - a. Apply water thinned acrylic and cementitious paints to damp (not wet) surfaces only when allowed by manufacturer's printed instructions.
    - b. Concrete and masonry when permitted by manufacturer's recommendations, dampen surfaces to which water thinned acrylic and

cementitious paints are applied with a fine mist of water on hot dry days to prevent excessive suction and to cool surface.

- 6. Varnishing:
  - a. Apply in clean areas and in still air.
  - b. Before varnishing vacuum and dust area.
  - c. Immediately before varnishing wipe down surfaces with a tack rag.

## 3.2 INSPECTION:

A. Examine the areas and conditions where painting and finishing are to be applied and correct any conditions detrimental to the proper and timely completion of the work. Do not proceed with the work until unsatisfactory conditions are corrected to permit proper installation of the work.

#### 3.3 GENERAL WORKMANSHIP REQUIREMENTS:

- A. Application may be by brush or roller. Spray application only upon acceptance from the COR in writing.
- B. Furnish to the COR a painting schedule indicating when the respective coats of paint for the various areas and surfaces will be completed. This schedule is to be kept current as the job progresses.
- C. Protect work at all times. Protect all adjacent work and materials by suitable covering or other method during progress of work. Upon completion of the work, remove all paint and varnish spots from floors, glass and other surfaces. Remove from the premises all rubbish and accumulated materials of whatever nature not caused by others and leave work in a clean condition.
- D. Remove and protect hardware, accessories, device plates, lighting fixtures, and factory finished work, and similar items, or provide in place protection. Upon completion of each space, carefully replace all removed items by workmen skilled in the trades involved.
- E. When indicated to be painted, remove electrical panel box covers and doors before painting walls. Paint separately and re-install after all paint is dry.
- F. Materials are to be applied under adequate illumination, evenly spread and flowed on smoothly to avoid runs, sags, holidays, brush marks, air bubbles and excessive roller stipple.
- G. Apply materials with a coverage to hide substrate completely. When color, stain, dirt or undercoats show through final coat of paint, the surface is to be covered by additional coats until the paint film is of uniform

finish, color, appearance and coverage, at no additional cost to the Government.

- H. All coats are to be dry to manufacturer's recommendations before applying succeeding coats.
- I. All suction spots or "hot spots" in plaster after the application of the first coat are to be touched up before applying the second coat.
- J. Do not apply paint behind frameless mirrors that use mastic for adhering to wall surface.

# 3.4 SURFACE PREPARATION:

- A. General:
  - 1. The Contractor shall be held wholly responsible for the finished appearance and satisfactory completion of painting work. Properly prepare all surfaces to receive paint, which includes cleaning, sanding, and touching-up of all prime coats applied under other Sections of the work. Broom clean all spaces before painting is started. All surfaces to be painted or finished are to be completely dry, clean and smooth.
  - See other sections of specifications for specified surface conditions and prime coat.
  - 3. Perform preparation and cleaning procedures in strict accordance with the paint manufacturer's instructions and as herein specified, for each particular substrate condition.
  - 4. Clean surfaces before applying paint or surface treatments with materials and methods compatible with substrate and specified finish. Remove any residue remaining from cleaning agents used. Do not use solvents, acid, or steam on concrete and masonry. Schedule the cleaning and painting so that dust and other contaminants from the cleaning process will not fall in wet, newly painted surfaces.
  - 5. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:
    - a. Concrete: 12 percent.
    - b. Fiber-Cement Board: 12 percent.
    - c. Masonry (Clay and CMU's): 12 percent.
    - d. Wood: 15 percent.
    - e. Gypsum Board: 12 percent.
    - f. Plaster: 12 percent.

B. Plywood:

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 1. Sand to a smooth even surface and then dust off.
- 2. Sand surfaces showing raised grain smooth between each coat.
- 3. Remove all dirt, grease, oil, wax, and other foreign matter with detergent.
- C. Ferrous Metals:
  - Remove oil, grease, soil, drawing and cutting compounds, flux and other detrimental foreign matter in accordance with SSPC-SP 1 (Solvent Cleaning).
  - Remove loose mill scale, rust, and paint, by hand or power tool cleaning, as defined in SSPC-SP 2 (Hand Tool Cleaning) and SSPC-SP 3 (Power Tool Cleaning).
  - 3. Fill dents, holes and similar voids and depressions in flat exposed surfaces of hollow steel doors and frames, access panels, roll-up steel doors and similar items specified to have semi-gloss or gloss finish with TT-F-322D (Filler, Two-Component Type, For Dents, Small Holes and Blow-Holes). Finish flush with adjacent surfaces.
    - a. Fill flat head countersunk screws used for permanent anchors.
    - b. Do not fill screws of item intended for removal such as glazing beads.
  - 4. Spot prime abraded and damaged areas in shop prime coat which expose bare metal with same type of paint used for prime coat. Feather edge of spot prime to produce smooth finish coat.
  - 5. Spot prime abraded and damaged areas which expose bare metal of factory finished items with paint as recommended by manufacturer of item.
- D. Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Metal, and Aluminum, Surfaces Specified Painted:
  - 1. Clean surfaces to remove grease, oil and other deterrents to paint adhesion in accordance with SSPC-SP 1 (Solvent Cleaning).
  - Spot coat abraded and damaged areas of zinc-coating which expose base metal on hot-dip zinc-coated items with MPI 18 (Organic Zinc Rich Coating). Prime or spot prime with MPI 134 (Waterborne Galvanized Primer) or MPI 135 (Non-Cementitious Galvanized Primer) depending on finish coat compatibility.
- E. Masonry, Concrete, Cement Board, Cement Plaster and Stucco:
  - Clean and remove dust, dirt, oil, grease efflorescence, form release agents, laitance, and other deterrents to paint adhesion.
  - Use emulsion type cleaning agents to remove oil, grease, paint and similar products. Use of solvents, acid, or steam is not permitted.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 3. Remove loose mortar in masonry work.
- 4. Neutralize Concrete floors to be painted by washing with a solution of 1.4 Kg (3 pounds) of zinc sulfate crystals to 3.8 L (1 gallon) of water, allow to dry three (3) days and brush thoroughly free of crystals.
- Repair broken and spalled concrete edges with concrete patching compound to match adjacent surfaces as specified in Division 03, CONCRETE Sections. Remove projections to level of adjacent surface by grinding or similar methods.
- F. Gypsum Plaster and Gypsum Board:
  - Remove efflorescence, loose and chalking plaster or finishing materials.
  - 2. Remove dust, dirt, and other deterrents to paint adhesion.
  - 3. Fill holes, cracks, and other depressions with CID-A-A-1272A finished flush with adjacent surface, with texture to match texture of adjacent surface. Patch holes over 25 mm (1-inch) in diameter as specified in Section for plaster or gypsum board.

# 3.5 **PAINT PREPARATION:**

- A. Thoroughly mix painting materials to ensure uniformity of color, complete dispersion of pigment and uniform composition.
- B. Do not thin unless necessary for application and when finish paint is used for body and prime coats. Use materials and quantities for thinning as specified in manufacturer's printed instructions.
- C. Remove paint skins, then strain paint through commercial paint strainer to remove lumps and other particles.
- D. Mix two (2) component and two (2) part paint and those requiring additives in such a manner as to uniformly blend as specified in manufacturer's printed instructions unless specified otherwise.
- E. For tinting required to produce exact shades specified, use color pigment recommended by the paint manufacturer.

## 3.6 **APPLICATION:**

- A. Start of surface preparation or painting will be construed as acceptance of the surface as satisfactory for the application of materials.
- B. Unless otherwise specified, apply paint in three (3) coats; prime, body, and finish. When two (2) coats applied to prime coat are the same, first coat applied over primer is body coat and second coat is finish coat.
- C. Apply each coat evenly and cover substrate completely.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- D. Allow not less than 48 hours between application of succeeding coats, except as allowed by manufacturer's printed instructions, and approved by COR.
- E. Apply by brush or roller. Spray application for new or existing occupied spaces only upon approval by acceptance from COR in writing.
  - Apply painting materials specifically required by manufacturer to be applied by spraying.
  - 2. In new construction and in existing occupied spaces, where paint is applied by spray, mask or enclose with polyethylene, or similar air tight material with edges and seams continuously sealed including items specified in "Building and Structural Work Field Painting"; "Work not Painted"; motors, controls, telephone, and electrical equipment, fronts of sterilizes and other recessed equipment and similar prefinished items.
- F. Do not paint in closed position operable items such as access doors and panels, window sashes, overhead doors, and similar items except overhead roll-up doors and shutters.

# 3.7 **PRIME PAINTING:**

- A. After surface preparation, prime surfaces before application of body and finish coats, except as otherwise specified.
- B. Spot prime and apply body coat to damaged and abraded painted surfaces before applying succeeding coats.
- C. Additional field applied prime coats over shop or factory applied prime coats are not required except for exterior exposed steel apply an additional prime coat.
- D. Prime rabbets for stop and face glazing of wood, and for face glazing of steel.
- E. Wood and Wood Particleboard:
- F. Fire Resistant Plywood:
  - 1. Paint Finish:
    - a. One (1) coat of MPI 64 (Fire Retardant Coating, Latex, Interior, Flat) plus one (1) coat of MPI 21 (Heat Resistant Coating, MPI Gloss Level 6.
- G. Miscellaneous:

1. MPI 1 (Aluminum Paint): Two (2) coats of aluminum paint.

H. Metals except boilers, incinerator stacks, and engine exhaust pipes:1. Steel and iron: MPI 95 (Fast Drying Metal Primer).

- Zinc-coated steel and iron: MPI 135 (Non-Cementitious Galvanized Primer).
- 3. Aluminum scheduled to be painted: MPI 95 (Fast Drying Metal Primer).
- 4. Terne Metal: MPI 95 (Fast Drying Metal Primer).
- 5. Copper and copper alloys scheduled to be painted: MPI 95 (Fast Drying Metal Primer).
- 6. Machinery not factory finished: MPI 9 (Exterior Alkyd Enamel).
- 7. Asphalt coated metal: MPI 1 (Aluminum Paint).
- Metal over 94 degrees C (201 degrees F), Boilers, Incinerator Stacks, and Engine Exhaust Pipes: MPI 22 (High Heat Resistant Coating).
- I. Gypsum Board:
  - Surfaces scheduled to have MPI 52 (Interior Latex, MPI Gloss Level 3): Use MPI 45 (Interior Primer Sealer) except use MPI 45 (Interior Primer Sealer) MPI 46 (Interior Enamel Undercoat) in shower and bathrooms.
- J. Concrete Masonry Units except glazed or integrally colored and decorative units:
  - 1. MPI 4 (Block Filler) on interior surfaces.
  - 2. Prime exterior surface as specified for exterior finishes.
- K. Concrete Floors: MPI 99 (Water-based Acrylic Curing and Sealing Compound).

## 3.8 EXTERIOR FINISHES:

- A. Apply following finish coats where indicated on drawings.
- B. Steel and Ferrous Metal, Including Tern:
  - Two (2) coats of MPI 9 (Exterior Alkyd Enamel) on exposed surfaces, except on surfaces over 94 degrees C (201 degrees F).
  - One (1) coat of MPI 22 (High Heat Resistant Coating) on surfaces over 94 degrees K (290 degrees F) and on surfaces of boiler , incinerator stacks.

# 3.9 **INTERIOR FINISHES**:

- A. Apply following finish coats over prime coats in spaces or on surfaces specified in on drawings.
- B. Metal Work:
  - 1. Apply to exposed surfaces.
  - 2. Omit body and finish coats on surfaces concealed after installation except electrical conduit containing conductors over 600 volts.
  - 3. Ferrous Metal, Galvanized Metal, and Other Metals Scheduled:
    - Apply two (2) coats of MPI 141 Interior High Performance Latex (SG)
       MPI Gloss Level 5, unless specified otherwise.

09 91 00 - 15 PAINTING

March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 b. Machinery: One (1) coat MPI 9 (Exterior Alkyd Enamel). c. Asphalt Coated Metal: One (1) coat MPI 1 (Aluminum Paint ). d. Ferrous Metal over 94 degrees K (290 degrees F): Boilers, Incinerator Stacks, and Engine Exhaust Pipes: One (1) coat MPI 22 (High Heat Resistant Coating. C. Gypsum Board: 1. One (2) coats of of MPI 139 (Interior High Performance Latex, MPI Gloss level 3). D. Plaster: 1. Two (2) coats of MPI 139 (Interior High Performance Latex, MPI Gloss level 3). E. Masonry and Concrete Walls: 1. Over MPI 4 (Interior/Exterior Latex Block Filler) on CMU surfaces. 2. Two (2) coats of MPI 52 (Interior Latex, MPI Gloss Level 3). F. Fire Resistant Plywood: 1. Paint Finish: a. One (1) coat of MPI 64 (Fire Retardant Coating, Latex, Interior, Flat) plus one (1) coat of MPI 21 (Heat Resistant Coating, MPI Gloss Level 6. G. Wood: 1. Sanding: a. Use 220-grit sandpaper. b. Sand sealers and varnish between coats. c. Sand enough to scarify surface to assure good adhesion of subsequent coats, to level roughly applied sealer and varnish, and to knock off "whiskers" of any raised grain as well as dust particles. 2. Sealers: a. MPI 31 (gloss) or MPI 71 (flat) thinned as recommended by manufacturer at rate of one (1) part of thinner to four (4) parts of varnish. b. Apply sealers specified except sealer may be omitted where pigmented, penetrating, or wiping stains containing resins are used. c. Allow manufacturer's recommended drying time before sanding, but not less than 24 hours or 36 hours in damp or muggy weather. d. Sand as specified. 3. Paint Finish:

VAMC St. Cloud, MN

VA Project 656-21-235

a. One (1) coat of MPI 45 (Interior Primer Sealer) plus one (1) coat of MPI 47 (Interior Alkyd, Semi-Gloss.

- H. Miscellaneous:
  - 1. Apply where specified on drawings.
  - 2. MPI 1 (Aluminum Paint): Two (2) coats of aluminum paint.

# 3.10 refinishing existing painted surfaces:

- A. Clean, patch and repair existing surfaces as specified under "Surface Preparation". No "telegraphing" of lines, ridges, flakes, etc., through new surfacing is permitted. Where this occurs, sand smooth and re-finish until surface meets with COR's approval.
- B. Remove and reinstall items as specified under "General Workmanship Requirements".
- C. Remove existing finishes or apply separation coats to prevent non compatible coatings from having contact.
- D. Patched or Replaced Areas in Surfaces and Components: Apply spot prime and body coats as specified for new work to repaired areas or replaced components.
- E. Except where scheduled for complete painting apply finish coat over plane surface to nearest break in plane, such as corner, reveal, or frame.
- F. Refinish areas as specified for new work to match adjoining work unless specified or scheduled otherwise.
- G. Coat knots and pitch streaks showing through old finish with MPI 36 (Knot Sealer) before refinishing.
- H. Sand or dull glossy surfaces prior to painting.
- Sand existing coatings to a feather edge so that transition between new and existing finish will not show in finished work.

# 3.11 PAINT COLOR:

- A. Color and gloss of finish coats is specified in finish legend.
- B. For additional requirements regarding color see Articles, "REFINISHING EXISTING PAINTED SURFACE" and "MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL FIELD PAINTING SCHEDULE".
- C. Coat Colors:
  - 1. Color of priming coat: Lighter than body coat.
  - 2. Color of body coat: Lighter than finish coat.
  - Color prime and body coats to not show through the finish coat and to mask surface imperfections or contrasts.
- D. Painting, Caulking, Closures, and Fillers Adjacent to Casework:

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- 1. Paint to match color of casework where casework has a paint finish.
- 2. Paint to match color of wall where casework is stainless steel, plastic laminate, or varnished wood.

# 3.12 MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL WORK FIELD PAINTING SCHEDULE:

- A. Field painting of mechanical and electrical consists of cleaning, touching-up abraded shop prime coats, and applying prime, body and finish coats to materials and equipment if not factory finished in space scheduled to be finished.
- B. Paint various systems specified in Division 02 EXISTING CONDITIONS, Division 21 - FIRE SUPPRESSION, Division 22 - PLUMBING, Division 23 -HEATING, VENTILATION AND AIR-CONDITIONING, Division 26 - ELECTRICAL, Division 27 - COMMUNICATIONS, and Division 28 - ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY.
- C. Paint after tests have been completed.
- D. Omit prime coat from factory prime-coated items.
- E. Finish painting of mechanical and electrical equipment is not required when located in interstitial spaces, above suspended ceilings, in concealed areas such as pipe and electric closets, pipe basements, pipe tunnels, trenches, attics, roof spaces, shafts and furred spaces except on electrical conduit containing feeders 600 volts or more.
- F. Omit field painting of items specified in "BUILDING AND STRUCTURAL WORK FIELD PAINTING"; "Building and Structural Work not Painted".
- G. Color:
  - 1. Paint items having no color specified to match surrounding surfaces.
  - 2. Paint colors as indicated on drawings except for following:
    - a. White: Exterior unfinished surfaces of enameled plumbing fixtures. Insulation coverings on breeching and uptake inside boiler house, drums and drum-heads, oil heaters, condensate tanks and condensate piping.
    - b. Gray: Heating, ventilating, air conditioning and refrigeration equipment (except as required to match surrounding surfaces), and water and sewage treatment equipment and sewage ejection equipment.
    - c. Aluminum Color: Ferrous metal on outside of boilers and in connection with boiler settings including supporting doors and door frames and fuel oil burning equipment, and steam generation system (bare piping, fittings, hangers, supports, valves, traps and miscellaneous iron work in contact with pipe).

09 91 00 - 18 PAINTING

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- d. Federal Safety Red: Exposed fire protection piping, hydrants, post indicators, electrical conducts containing fire alarm control wiring, and fire alarm equipment.
- e. Federal Safety Orange: Entire lengths of electrical conduits containing feeders 600 volts or more.
- f. Color to match brickwork sheet metal covering on breeching outside of exterior wall of boiler house.
- H. Apply paint systems on properly prepared and primed surface as follows:
  - 1. Interior Locations:
    - a. Apply two (2) coats of MPI 47 (Interior Alkyd, Semi-Gloss) to following items:

Metal under 94 degrees C (201 degrees F) of items such as bare piping, fittings, hangers and supports.

Equipment and systems such as hinged covers and frames for control cabinets and boxes, cast-iron radiators, electric conduits and panel boards.

Heating, ventilating, air conditioning, plumbing equipment, and machinery having shop prime coat and not factory finished.

- b. Apply one (1) coat of MPI 50 (Interior Latex Primer Sealer) and one (1) coat of MPI 54 (Interior Latex, Semi-Gloss, MPI Gloss Level 5) on finish of insulation on boiler breeching and uptakes inside boiler house, drums, drumheads, oil heaters, feed water heaters, tanks and piping.
- c. Apply two (2) coats of MPI 22 (High Heat Resistant Coating) to ferrous metal surface over 94 degrees K (290 degrees F) of following items:

Garbage and trash incinerator.

Medical waste incinerator.

- Exterior of boilers and ferrous metal in connection with boiler settings including supporting members, doors and door frames and fuel oil burning equipment.
- Steam line flanges, bare pipe, fittings, valves, hangers and supports over 94 degrees K (290 degrees F).

Engine generator exhaust piping and muffler.

d. Paint electrical conduits containing cables rated 600 volts or more using two (2) coats of MPI 94 (Exterior Alkyd, Semi-gloss) in the

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Federal Safety Orange color in exposed and concealed spaces full length of conduit.

- 2. Other exposed locations:
  - Metal surfaces, except aluminum, of cooling towers exposed to view, including connected pipes, rails, and ladders: Two (2) coats of MPI 1 (Aluminum Paint).
  - b. Cloth jackets of insulation of ducts and pipes in connection with plumbing, air conditioning, ventilating refrigeration and heating systems: One (1) coat of MPI 50 (Interior Latex Primer Sealer) and one (1) coat of MPI 11 (Exterior Latex Semi-Gloss.

## 3.13 BUILDING AND STRUCTURAL WORK FIELD PAINTING:

- A. Painting and finishing of interior and exterior work except as specified here-in-after.
  - Painting and finishing of new and existing work including colors and gloss of finish to match existing.
  - 2. Painting of disturbed, damaged and repaired or patched surfaces when entire space is not scheduled for complete repainting or refinishing.
  - 3. Painting of ferrous metal and galvanized metal.
  - 4. Painting of wood with fire retardant paint exposed in attics, when used as mechanical equipment space (except shingles).
  - 5. Identity painting and safety painting.
- B. Building and Structural Work not Painted:
  - 1. Prefinished items:
    - a. Casework, doors, elevator entrances and cabs, metal panels, wall covering, and similar items specified factory finished under other sections.
    - b. Factory finished equipment and pre-engineered metal building components such as metal roof and wall panels.
  - 2. Finished surfaces:
    - a. Hardware except ferrous metal.
    - b. Anodized aluminum, stainless steel, chromium plating, copper, and brass, except as otherwise specified.
    - c. Signs, fixtures, and other similar items integrally finished.
  - 3. Concealed surfaces:
    - a. Inside dumbwaiter, elevator and duct shafts, interstitial spaces, pipe basements, crawl spaces, pipe tunnels, above ceilings, attics, except as otherwise specified.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- b. Inside walls or other spaces behind access doors or panels.
- c. Surfaces concealed behind permanently installed casework and equipment.
- 4. Moving and operating parts:
  - a. Shafts, chains, gears, mechanical and electrical operators, linkages, and sprinkler heads, and sensing devices.
  - b. Tracks for overhead or coiling doors, shutters, and grilles.
- 5. Labels:
  - a. Code required label, such as Underwriters Laboratories Inc., Intertek Testing Service or Factory Mutual Research Corporation.
  - b. Identification plates, instruction plates, performance rating, and nomenclature.
- 6. Galvanized metal:
  - a. Exterior chain link fence and gates, corrugated metal areaways, and gratings.
  - b. Gas Storage Racks.
  - c. Except where specifically specified to be painted.
- 7. Metal safety treads and nosings.
- 8. Gaskets.
- 9. Concrete curbs, gutters, pavements, retaining walls, exterior exposed foundations walls and interior walls in pipe basements.
- 10. Face brick.
- 11. Structural steel encased in concrete, masonry, or other enclosure.
- 12. Structural steel to receive sprayed-on fire proofing.
- 13. Ceilings, walls, columns in interstitial spaces.
- 14. Ceilings, walls, and columns in pipe basements.
- 15. Wood Shingles.

## 3.14 IDENTITY PAINTING SCHEDULE:

- A. Identify designated service in new buildings or projects with extensive remodeling in accordance with ASME A13.1, unless specified otherwise, on exposed piping, piping above removable ceilings, piping in accessible pipe spaces, interstitial spaces, and piping behind access panels. For existing spaces where work is minor match existing.
  - Legend may be identified using snap-on coil plastic markers or by paint stencil applications.
  - 2. Apply legends adjacent to changes in direction, on branches, where pipes pass through walls or floors, adjacent to operating accessories

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

such as valves, regulators, strainers and cleanouts a minimum of 12.2 M (40 feet) apart on straight runs of piping. Identification next to plumbing fixtures is not required.

- 3. Locate Legends clearly visible from operating position.
- 4. Use arrow to indicate direction of flow using black stencil paint.
- 5. Identify pipe contents with sufficient additional details such as temperature, pressure, and contents to identify possible hazard. Insert working pressure shown on construction documents where asterisk appears for High, Medium, and Low Pressure designations as follows:
  - a. High Pressure 414 kPa (60 psig) and above.
  - b. Medium Pressure 104 to 413 kPa (15 to 59 psig).
  - c. Low Pressure 103 kPa (14 psig) and below.
  - d. Add Fuel oil grade numbers.
- 6. Legend name in full or in abbreviated form as follows:

	COLOR OF	COLOR OF	COLOR OF	LEGEND
PIPING	EXPOSED PIPING	BACKGROUND	LETTERS	ABBREVIATIONS
Blow-off		Green	White	Blow-off
Boiler Feedwater		Green	White	Blr Feed
A/C Condenser Wa	ter			
Supply		Green	White	A/C Cond Wtr Sup
A/C Condenser Wa	ter			
Return		Green	White	A/C Cond Wtr Ret
Chilled Water Su	pply	Green	White	Ch. Wtr Sup
Chilled Water Re	turn	Green	White	Ch. Wtr Ret
Shop Compressed 2	Air	Blue	White	Shop Air
Air-Instrument C	ontrols	Green	White	Air-Inst Cont
Drain Line		Green	White	Drain
Emergency Shower		Green	White	Emg Shower
High Pressure St	eam	Green	White	H.P*
High Pressure Co	ndensate			
Return		Green	White	H.P. Ret*
Medium Pressure	Steam	Green	White	M. P. Stm*
Medium Pressure	Condensate			
Return		Green	White	M.P. Ret*
Low Pressure Ste	am	Green	White	L.P. Stm*
Low Pressure Con	densate			
Return		Green	White	L.P. Ret*
High Temperature	Water			
Supply		Green	White	H. Temp Wtr Sup
High Temperature	Water			

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Return		Green	White	H. Temp Wtr Ret
Hot Water Heating Suppl	У	Green	White	H. W. Htg Sup
Hot Water Heating Retur	n	Green	White	H. W. Htg Ret
Gravity Condensate Retu	rn	Green	White	Gravity Cond Ret
Pumped Condensate Retur	n	Green	White	Pumped Cond Ret
Vacuum Condensate Retur	n	Green	White	Vac Cond Ret
(Diesel Fuel included u	nder Fuel Oi	1)		
Boiler Water Sampling		Green	White	Sample
Chemical Feed		Green	White	Chem Feed
Continuous Blow-Down		Green	White	Cont. B D
Pumped Condensate		Green	White	Pump Cond
Pump Recirculating		Green	White	Pump-Recirc.
Vent Line		Green	White	Vent
Alkali		Orange	Black	Alk
Bleach		Orange	Black	Bleach
Detergent		Yellow	Black	Det
Liquid Supply		Yellow	Black	Liq Sup
Reuse Water		Yellow	Black	Reuse Wtr
Cold Water (Domestic)	White	Green	White	C.W. Dom
Hot Water (Domestic)				
Supply	White	Yellow	Black	H.W. Dom
Return	White	Yellow	Black	H.W. Dom Ret
Tempered Water	White	Yellow	Black	Temp. Wtr
Ice Water				
Supply	White	Green	White	Ice Wtr
Return	White	Green	White	Ice Wtr Ret
Reagent Grade Water		Green	White	RG
Reverse Osmosis		Green	White	RO
Sanitary Waste		Green	White	San Waste
Sanitary Vent		Green	White	San Vent
Storm Drainage		Green	White	St Drain
Pump Drainage		Green	White	Pump Disch
Chemical Resistant Pipe				
Waste		Orange	Black	Acid Waste
Vent		Orange	Black	Acid Vent
Atmospheric Vent		Green	White	ATV
Silver Recovery		Green	White	Silver Rec
Oral Evacuation		Green	White	Oral Evac
Fuel Gas		Yellow	Black	Gas
Fire Protection Water				
Sprinkler	Red	Red	White	Auto Spr
Standpipe	Red	Red	White	Stand

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

Sprinkler	Red	Red	White	Drain
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- 7. Electrical Conduits containing feeders over 600 volts, paint legends using 50 mm (2 inch) high black numbers and letters, showing the voltage class rating. Provide legends where conduits pass through walls and floors and at maximum 6096 mm (20 foot) intervals in between. Use labels with yellow background with black border and words Danger High Voltage Class, 5000, 15000, 25000.
- See Sections for methods of identification, legends, and abbreviations of the following:
  - a. Regular compressed air lines: Section 22 15 00, GENERAL SERVICE COMPRESSED-AIR SYSTEMS.
  - b. Dental compressed air lines: Section 22 61 13.74, DENTAL COMPRESSED-AIR PIPING / Section 22 61 19.74, DENTAL COMPRESSED-AIR EQUIPMENT.
  - c. Laboratory gas and vacuum lines: Section 22 62 00, VACUUM SYSTEMS FOR LABORATORY AND HEALTHCARE FACILITIES / Section 22 63 00, GAS SYSTEMS FOR LABORATORY AND HEALTHCARE FACILITIES.
  - d. Oral evacuation lines: Section 22 62 19.74, DENTAL VACUUM AND EVACUATION EQUIPMENT.
  - e. Medical Gases and vacuum lines: Section 22 62 00, VACUUM SYSTEMS FOR LABORATORY AND HEALTHCARE FACILITIES / Section 22 63 00, GAS SYSTEMS FOR LABORATORY AND HEALTHCARE FACILITIES.
  - f. Conduits containing high voltage feeders over 600 volts: Section 26 05 33, RACEWAY AND BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS / Section 27 05 33, RACEWAYS AND BOXES FOR COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS / Section 28 05 28.33, CONDUITS AND BACKBOXES FOR ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY.

B. Fire and Smoke Partitions:

- Identify partitions above ceilings on both sides of partitions except within shafts in letters not less than 64 mm (2 1/2 inches) high.
- 2. Stenciled message: "SMOKE BARRIER" or, "FIRE BARRIER" as applicable.
- Locate not more than 6096 mm (20 feet) on center on corridor sides of partitions, and with a least one (1) message per room on room side of partition.
- 4. Use semi-gloss paint of color that contrasts with color of substrate.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- C. Identify columns in pipe basements and interstitial space:
  - 1. Apply stenciled number and letters to correspond with grid numbering and lettering indicated on construction documents.
  - Paint numbers and letters 101 mm (4 inches) high, locate 45 mm (18 inches) below overhead structural slab.
  - 3. Apply on four (4) sides of interior columns and on inside face only of exterior wall columns.
  - 4. Color:
    - a. Use black on concrete columns.
    - b. Use white or contrasting color on steel columns.

## 3.15 protection clean up, and touch-up:

- A. Protect work from paint droppings and spattering by use of masking, drop cloths, removal of items or by other approved methods.
- B. Upon completion, clean paint from hardware, glass and other surfaces and items not required to be painted of paint drops or smears.
- C. Before final inspection, touch-up or refinished in a manner to produce solid even color and finish texture, free from defects in work which was damaged or discolored.

- - - E N D - - -

# SECTION 10 14 00 SIGNAGE

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. This section specifies interior signage for room numbers, directional signs exterior signage, code required signs and temporary signs.
- B. This section specifies exterior signage.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

A. Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS: Sustainable Design Requirements.

#### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer's Qualifications: Provide signage that is the product of one manufacturer, who has provided signage as specified for a minimum of three (3) years. Submit manufacturer's qualifications.
- B. Installer's Qualifications: Minimum three (3) years' experience in the installation of signage of the type as specified in this Section. Submit installer's qualifications.

# 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 00, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittals, as described below:
  - Volatile organic compounds per volume as specified in PART 2 -PRODUCTS.
- C. Interior Sign Samples: Sign panels and frames, with letters and symbols, for each sign type.
  - 1. Sign Panel, 203 x 254 mm (8 x 10 inches), with letters.
  - Color samples of each color, 152 x 152 mm (6 x 6 inches. Show anticipated range of color and texture.
  - 3. Sample of typeface, arrow and symbols in a typical full size layout.
- D. Exterior Sign Samples: 152 x 152 mm (6 x 6 inches) samples of each color and material.
- E. Manufacturer's Literature:
  - Showing the methods and procedures proposed for the anchorage of the signage system to each surface type.
  - 2. Manufacturer's printed specifications and maintenance instructions.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- F. Sign Location Plan, showing location, type and total number of signs required.
- G. Shop Drawings: Scaled for manufacture and fabrication of sign types. Identify materials, show joints, welds, anchorage, accessory items, mounting and finishes.
- H. Full size layout patterns for dimensional letters.
- I. Manufacturer's qualifications.
- J. Installer's qualifications.

#### 1.5 DELIVERY AND STORAGE

- A. Deliver materials to job in manufacturer's original sealed containers with brand name marked thereon. Protect materials from damage.
- B. Package to prevent damage or deterioration during shipment, handling, storage and installation. Maintain protective covering in place and in good repair until removal is necessary.
- C. Deliver signs only when the site and mounting services are ready for installation work to proceed.
- D. Store products in dry condition inside enclosed facilities.

# 1.6 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: Comply with FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction".

#### 1.7 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. American Architectural Manufacturers Association (AAMA): 611-14.....Anodized Architectural Aluminum 2603-13....Voluntary Specification, Performance

Requirements and Test Procedures for Pigmented Organic Coatings on Aluminum Extrusions and Panels

C. American National Standards Institute (ANSI):

A117.1-09.....Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities

D. ASTM International (ASTM): A36/A36M-19.....Carbon Structural Steel A240/A240M-20....Chromium and Chromium-Nickel Stainless Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip for Pressure Vessels and for General Applications

VAMC St. Cloud, MN VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades 4801 Veterans Drive 100% CD Issued for Bidding St. Cloud, MN 56303 A666-15.....Annealed or Cold-Worked Austenitic Stainless Steel Sheet, Strip, Plate and Flat Bar A1011/A1011M-18a.....Steel, Sheet and Strip, Hot-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy, High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, and Ultra-High Strength B36/B36M-18.....Brass Plate, Sheet, Strip, and Rolled Bar B152/B152M-19.....Copper Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Rolled Bar B209-14.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate B209M-14.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate (Metric) B221-14.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Shapes, and Tubes B221M-13.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Shapes, and Tubes (Metric) C1036-16.....Flat Glass C1048-18..... Heat-Treated Flat Glass-Kind HS, Kind FT Coated and Uncoated Glass C1349-17.....Architectural Flat Glass Clad Polycarbonate D1003-13..... Test Method for Haze and Luminous Transmittance of Transparent Plastics D4802-16.....Poly(Methyl Methacrylate) Acrylic Plastic Sheet E. Code of Federal Regulation (CFR): 40 CFR 59......Determination of Volatile Matter Content, Water Content, Density Volume Solids, and Weight Solids of Surface Coating F. Federal Specifications (Fed Spec): MIL-PRF-8184F.....Plastic Sheet, Acrylic, Modified. MIL-P-46144C.....Plastic Sheet, Polycarbonate G. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA): 70-14.....National Electrical Code PART 2 - PRODUCTS 2.1 SIGNAGE GENERAL A. Provide signs of type, size and design shown on the construction documents. B. Provide signs complete with lettering, framing and related components

for a complete installation.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- C. Provide graphics items as completed units produced by a single manufacturer, including necessary mounting accessories, fittings and fastenings.
- D. Do not scale construction documents for dimensions. Verify dimensions and coordinate with field conditions. Notify Contracting Officer Representative (COR) of discrepancies or changes needed to satisfy the requirements of the construction documents.

## 2.2 INTERIOR SIGN MATERIALS

- A. Aluminum:
  - 1. Sheet and Plate: ASTM B209M (B209).
  - 2. Extrusions and Tubing: ASTM B221M (B221).
- B. Cast Acrylic Sheet: MIL-PRF-8184F; Type II, class 1, Water white nonglare optically clear. Matt finish water white clear acrylic shall not be acceptable.
- C. Polycarbonate: MIL-P-46144C; Type I, class 1.
- D. Vinyl: Premium grade 0.1 mm (0.004 inch) thick machine cut, having a pressure sensitive adhesive and integral colors.
- E. Typography: Comply with VA Signage Design Manual.
  - 1. Type Style: Helvetica Medium and Helvetica Medium Condensed. Initial caps or all caps, as indicated in Sign Message Schedule.
  - 2. Arrow: Comply with graphic standards in construction documents.
  - 3. Letter spacing: Comply with graphic standards in construction documents.
  - 4. Letter spacing: Comply with graphic standards in construction documents.
  - 5. Provide text, arrows, and symbols in size, colors, typefaces and letter spacing shown in construction documents. Text shall be a true, clean, accurate reproduction of typeface(s). Text shown in construction documents is for layout purposes only; final text for signs is listed in Sign Message Schedule and subject to owner approval.

#### 2.3 INTERIOR SIGN TYPES

- A. Conform to the VA Signage Design Manual.
- B. Provide component system to match existing.
- C. Tactile Sign:

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

- Tactile sign made from a material that provides for letters, numbers and Braille to be integral with sign. Photopolymer etched metal, sandblasted phenolic or embossed material. Do not apply letters, numbers and Braille with adhesive.
- Numbers, letters and Braille to be raised 0.8 mm (1/32 inches) from the background surface. The draft of the letters, numbers and Braille to be tapered, vertical and clean.
- 3. Braille Dots: Conform with ANSI A117.1 for Braille position and layout; (a) Dot base diameter: 1.5 mm (.059 inches) (b) Inter-dot spacing: 2.3 mm (.090 inches) (c) Horizontal separation between cells: 6.0 mm (.241 inches) (d) Vertical separation between cells: 10.0 mm (.395 inches)
- Paint assembly specified color. After painting, apply white or other specified color to surface of the numbers and letters. Apply protective clear coat sealant to entire sign.
- 5. Finish: Eggshell, 11 to 19 degree on a 60 degree glossmeter.
- D. Provide cork or felt on bottom or mounting bracket when sign is mounted on counter or desk.
- E. For ceiling mounted signs, provide mounting hardware on the sign that allows for sign disconnection, removal, reinstallation, and reconnection.
- F. Temporary Interior Signs:
  - Fabricated from 50 kg (110 pound) matte finished white paper cut to 101 mm (4 inch) wide by 305 mm (12 inch) long.
    - a. Punched 3.2 mm (.125 inch) hole with edge of hole spaced 13 mm(.5 inch) in from edge and centered on 101 mm (4 inch) side.
    - b. Reinforce hole on both sides with suitable material that prevents tie from pulling through hole.
    - c. Ties: Steel wire 0.3 mm (0.120 inch) thick attached to tag with twist leaving 152 mm (6 inch) long free ends.
  - Mark architectural room number on sign, with broad felt marker in clearly legible numbers or letters that identify room, corridor or space as shown on construction documents.
  - Install temporary signs to rooms that have a room, corridor or space number. Attach to door frame, door knob or door pull.
    - Doors that do not require signs are: corridor doors in corridor with same number, folding doors or partitions, toilet doors,

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

bathroom doors within and between rooms, closet doors within rooms, communicating doors in partitions between rooms with corridor entrance doors.

b. Replace and missing, damaged or illegible signs.

# 2.4 FABRICATION

- A. Design interior signage components to allow for expansion and contraction for a minimum material temperature range of 38 degrees C (100 degrees F), without causing buckling, excessive opening of joints or over stressing of adhesives, welds and fasteners.
- B. Form work to required shapes and sizes, with true curve lines and angles. Provide necessary rebates, lugs and brackets for assembly of units. Provide concealed fasteners wherever possible.
- C. Shop fabricate so far as practicable. Fasten joints flush to conceal reinforcement, or weld joints, where thickness or section permits.
- D. Level and assemble contract surfaces of connected members so joints will be tight and practically unnoticeable, without applying filling compound.
- E. Signs: Fabricate with fine, even texture to be flat and sound.
  - Maintain lines and miters sharp, arises unbroken, profiles accurate and ornament true to pattern.
  - 2. Plane surfaces to be smooth, flat and without oil-canning, free of rack and twist.
  - Maximum variation from plane of surface plus or minus 0.3 mm (0.015 inches). Restore texture to filed or cut areas.
- F. Finish extruded members to be free from extrusion marks. Fabricate square turns, sharp corners, and true curves.
- G. Finish hollow signs with matching material on all faces, tops, bottoms and ends. Miter edge joints to give appearance of solid material.
- H. Do not manufacture signs until final sign message schedule and location review has been completed by the COR and forwarded to contractor.
- Drill holes for bolts and screws. Mill smooth exposed ends and edges with corners slightly rounded.
- J. Form joints exposed to weather to exclude water.
- K. Movable Parts, Including Hardware: Cleaned and adjusted to operate as designed without binding or deformation of members. Center doors and covers in opening or frame.

- 1. Align contact surfaces fit tight and even without forcing or warping components.
- L. Pre-assemble items in shop to minimize field splicing and assembly. Disassemble units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Clearly mark units for re-assembly and coordinated installation.
- M. Prime painted surfaces as required. Apply finish coating of paint for complete coverage with no light or thin applications allowing substrate or primer to show.
  - 1. Finish surface smooth, free of scratches, gouges, drips, bubbles, thickness variations, foreign matter and other imperfections.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Locate signs as shown on the construction documents.
- B. Where not otherwise indicated conform to the VA Signage Design Manual for installation requirements.
- C. At each sign location there are no utility lines behind each sign location that will be affected by installation of signs.
  - Correct and repair damage done to utilities during installation of signs at no additional cost to Government.
- D. Provide inserts and anchoring devices which must be set in concrete or other material for installation of signs. Submit setting drawings, templates, instructions and directions for installation of anchorage devices, which may involve other trades.
- E. Refer to Sign Message Schedule for mounting method. Mount signs in proper alignment, level and plumb according to the Sign Location Plan and the dimensions given on elevation and Sign Location Plans. When exact position, angle, height or location is not clear, contact COR for resolution.
- F. When signs are installed on glass, provide blank glass back up to be placed on opposite side of glass exactly behind sign being installed. Provide blank glass back that is the same size as sign being installed.
- G. Touch up exposed fasteners and connecting hardware to match color and finish of surrounding surface.
- H. At completion of sign installation, clean exposed sign surfaces. Clean and repair adjoining or adjacent surfaces that became soiled or damaged as a result of installation of signs.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

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VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

# SECTION 10 22 13 WIRE MESH PARTITIONS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 DESCRIPTION

A. This section specifies steel mesh partitions and hardware.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

A. Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS: Sustainable Design Requirements.

#### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer's Qualifications: Manufacturer with three (3) years' experience in providing items of types specified. Submit manufacturer's qualifications.
- B. Obtain wire mesh partitions from single manufacturer.
- C. Installer's Qualifications: Installers who have three (3) years' experience in the installation of units required for this project. Submit installer's qualifications.

# 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittals, as described below:
  - Postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content as specified in PART 2

     PRODUCTS.
- C. Shop Drawings: Mesh partitions showing design, construction and materials.
- D. Submit layout drawings with detailed erection drawings and specifications.
- E. Manufacturer's qualifications.
- F. Installer's qualifications.

## 1.5 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: Comply with FAR clause 52.246-21 "Warranty of Construction".

# **1.6 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation also.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM): A36/A36M-19.....Carbon Structural Steel

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

A53/A53M-20.....Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated, Welded and Seamless A500/A500M-20.....Cold-Formed Welded Seamless Carbon Steel Structural Tubing in Rounds and Shapes A510/A510M-18.....Wire Rods and Coarse Round Wire, Carbon Steel, and Alloy Steel A513/A513M-20a.....Electric-Resistance-Welded Carbon and Alloy Steel Mechanical Tubing A653/A653M-20.....Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process A1008/A1008M-18.....Steel, Sheet, Cold-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High Strength Low Alloy

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Steel Wire: ASTM A510/A510M.
- B. Panel-to-Panel Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard steel bolts, nuts, and washers.
- C. Recycled Content of Steel Products: Post consumer plus one-half of preconsumer content not less than 30 percent.

#### 2.2 NORMAL DUTY PARTITIONS

- A. Woven Wire: 38 mm (1-1/2 inch) diamond mesh No. 10 gauge 3.4 mm (0.1345 inch) diameter uncoated steel crimped and woven.
  - Drywall Penetration Barrier Mesh: Supply and install barrier mesh, steel, expanded-metal panels as a penetration barrier: on finished face of gypsum wallboard west and south walls on Room A200 for Building 1 and on metal stud face for gypsum wallboard walls on partitions enclosing Room 122B for Building 48.
    - a. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Barrier Mesh supplied by ClarkDietrich; BM15-9F Medium Security.
    - b. Finished shape of mesh openings is a flattened diamond, per ASTM F1267, Style 2.
    - c. Barrier-Mesh Clips: Barrier mesh is attached to framing members using barrier-mesh clips and appropriate threaded fasteners.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

 For steel framing, install a flat-head, bugle-type, selftapping, fine-thread screw long enough to penetrate the framing member a minimum of 3/8 inch (9.5 mm).

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install drywall penetration barrier mesh as follows:
  - 1. Install barrier-mesh sheets with diamond running in direction most suitable.
  - 2. Install barrier-mesh clips to secure mesh to framing members.
  - 3. Butt mesh joints that occur on framing members.
  - 4. Overlapping mesh joints to achieve tie-in is acceptable.
  - 5. Install barrier-mesh sheets to join, begin, and terminate on framing members.
  - 6. Wire tie barrier-mesh sheets not joining on framing member with
     0.046-inches (1.16-mm), 18-gauge, steel tie wire.
  - 7. Wire tying to be no less frequent than mesh clip installation.
- B. Frame penetrations for building structure and mechanical/plumbing, openings with "U" cap terminations. Openings with unfinished wire mesh are not acceptable.

## 3.2 ACCEPTANCE

- A. Repair or replace damaged parts, touch-up abraded paint with matching paint.
- B. Install partitions level and firm. Adjust hardware to operate smoothly and latch securely.

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VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

# SECTION 10 44 13 FIRE EXTINGUISHER CABINETS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

This section covers recessed fire extinguisher cabinets.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Acrylic glazing: Section 08 80 00, GLAZING.
- B. Field Painting: Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data: Fire extinguisher cabinet including installation instruction and rough opening required.

## **1.4 APPLICATION PUBLICATIONS**

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM): D4802-15.....Poly (Methyl Methacrylate) Acrylic Plastic Sheet

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 FIRE EXTINGUISHER CABINET

Recessed type with flat trim of size and design shown.

# 2.2 FABRICATION

- A. Form body of cabinet from 0.9 mm (0.0359 inch) thick sheet steel.
- B. Fabricate door and trim from 1.2 mm (0.0478 inch) thick sheet steel with all face joints fully welded and ground smooth.
  - Glaze doors with 6 mm (1/4 inch) thick ASTM D4802, clear acrylic sheet, Category B-1, Finish 1.
  - 2. Design doors to open 180 degrees.
  - 3. Provide continuous hinge, pull handle, and adjustable roller catch.

#### 2.3 FINISH

- A. Finish interior of cabinet body with baked-on semigloss white enamel.
- B. Finish door, frame with manufacturer's standard baked-on prime coat suitable for field painting.

VA Project 656-21-235 March 30, 2022 100% CD Issued for Bidding

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

- A. Install fire extinguisher cabinets in prepared openings and secure in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install cabinet so that the extinguisher height within meets the requirements of NFPA 10

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# Bookmark Summary

00 00 00 Spec Cover Page VOL1	Page 1
Certifications	Page 3
000110 TABLE OF CONTENTS	Page 6
000115 LIST OF DRAWING SHEETS	Page 0 Page 10
010000 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS	Page 10 Page 27
013216.15 PROJECT SCHEDULES	-
013210.15 PROJECT SCHEDOLES 013323 SHOP DRAWINGS PRODUCTS DATA SAMPLES	Page 65
013526 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS	Page 76
	Page 85
014219 REFERENCE STANDARDS	Page 121
	Page 130
014529 TESTING LABORATORY SERVICES	Page 145
014535 SPECIAL INSPECTIONS	Page 158
015719 TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS	Page 174
015816 TEMPORARY INTERIOR SIGNAGE	Page 183
017419 CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT	Page 184
018113 SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS	Page 191
019100 GENERAL COMMISSIONING REQUIREMENTS	Page 205
022113 SITE SURVEYS	Page 281
024100 DEMOLITION	Page 288
028213.13 GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT	Page 292
028213.19 ASBESTOS FLOOR TILE AND MASTIC ABATEMENT	Page 356
028333.13 LEAD-BASED PAINT REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL	Page 403
033053 Cast in Place Concrete	Page 416
034833 - Precast Conc Utility Trench	Page 428
040513 MASONRY MORTARING	Page 446
040516 MASONRY GROUTING	Page 451
042000 UNIT MASONRY	Page 455
047200 CAST STONE MASONRY	Page 479
053100 Steel Decking	Page 487
054000 Cold Formed Metal Framing	Page 493
055000 METAL FABRICATIONS	Page 500
061000 ROUGH CARPENTRY	Page 516
070150.19 PREPARATION FOR RE-ROOFING	Page 524
071113 BITUMINOUS DAMPPROOFING	Page 531
071326 SELF-ADHERING SHEET WATERPROOFING	Page 534
071416 COLD FLUID-APPLIED WATERPROOFING	Page 538
072113 THERMAL INSULATION	Page 541

072200 ROOF AND DECK INSULATION	Page 549
072400 EXTERIOR INSULATION AND FINISH SYSTEMS	Page 557
072726 FLUID-APPLIED MEMBRANE AIR BARRIERS VAPOR PERMEABLE	Page 565
073113 ASPHALT SHINGLES	Page 572
075323 ETHYLENE-PROPYLENE-DIENE-MONOMER ROOFING	Page 577
076000 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL	Page 592
077100 ROOF SPECIALTIES	Page 612
078400 FIRESTOPPING	Page 619
079200 JOINT SEALANTS	Page 625
081113 HOLLOW METAL DOORS AND FRAMES	Page 637
081400 INTERIOR WOOD DOORS	Page 646
083113 ACCESS DOORS AND FRAMES	Page 652
085666 DETENTION WINDOW SCREENS	Page 658
087100 DOOR HARDWARE	Page 663
090516 SUBSURFACE PREPARATION FOR FLOOR FINISHES	Page 690
092216 NON-STRUCTURAL METAL FRAMING	Page 697
092900 GYPSUM BOARD	Page 706
093013 CERAMIC PORCELAIN TILING	Page 714
095100 ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS	Page 730
096513 RESILIENT BASE AND ACCESSORIES	Page 740
096519 RESILIENT TILE FLOORING	Page 745
096536.13 STATIC DISSAPATIVE RESILIENT TILE FLOORING	Page 751
099100 PAINTING	Page 759
101400 SIGNAGE	Page 784
102213 WIRE MESH	Page 792
104413 FIRE EXTINGUISHER CABINETS	Page 795