

one eighth inch = one root

0 4 8 16

ADDENDUM 1 — BID AND CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS 05/29/20 Revisions: Date

CONSULTANTS:

DESIGN TREE

engineering + land surveying

St. Cloud | Alexandria | Rogers

320-217-5557

FOR CONSTRUCTION Office of Construction and Facilities Management

Project Number

ARCHITECT/ENGINEERS: 656-343 CENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE EROSION CONTROL DETAILS ST CLOUD ADH AND EC SUPPORT LAWS OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA. **Building Number** paradigm Location ST CLOUD VA HEALTH CARE SYSTEM Drawing Number Approved Project Director 4801 VETERANS DRIVE, ST. CLOUD MIN 56303 Architecture | Engineering | Design-Build Checked 7.7 rjk 12-27-2019 JEA DATE: 12/27/2019 LICENSE #: 44223

HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN, SPECIFICATION, Drawing Title

OR REPORT WAS PREPARED BY ME OR UNDER MY

DIRECT SUPERVISION AND THAT I AM A DULY

Project Title

STORMWATER CHAMBER SPECIFICATIONS

CHAMBERS SHALL BE STORMTECH MC-3500 OR APPROVED EQUAL

WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS".

LONG-TERM PERFORMANCE.

- 2. CHAMBERS SHALL BE MADE FROM VIRGIN, IMPACT-MODIFIED POLYPROPYLENE COPOLYMERS.
- 3. CHAMBER ROWS SHALL PROVIDE CONTINUOUS, UNOBSTRUCTED INTERNAL SPACE WITH NO INTERNAL SUPPORT PANELS THAT WOULD IMPEDE FLOW OR LIMIT ACCESS FOR INSPECTION.
- 4. THE STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THE CHAMBERS, THE STRUCTURAL BACKFILL, AND THE INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS SHALL ENSURE THAT THE LOAD FACTORS SPECIFIED IN THE AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, SECTION 12.12, ARE MET FOR: 1) LONG-DURATION DEAD LOADS AND 2) SHORT-DURATION LIVE LOADS, BASED ON THE AASHTO DESIGN TRUCK WITH CONSIDERATION
- FOR IMPACT AND MULTIPLE VEHICLE PRESENCES. 5. CHAMBERS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM F2418, "STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR POLYPROPYLENE (PP) CORRUGATED
- 6. CHAMBERS SHALL BE DESIGNED AND ALLOWABLE LOADS DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787, "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS"
- 7. ONLY CHAMBERS THAT ARE APPROVED BY THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER WILL BE ALLOWED. THE CHAMBER MANUFACTURER SHALL SUBMIT THE FOLLOWING UPON REQUEST TO THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL BEFORE DELIVERING CHAMBERS TO THE
- a. A STRUCTURAL EVALUATION SEALED BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER THAT DEMONSTRATES THAT THE SAFETY FACTORS ARE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 1.95 FOR DEAD LOAD AND 1.75 FOR LIVE LOAD, THE MINIMUM REQUIRED BY ASTM F2787 AND BY AASHTO FOR THERMOPLASTIC PIPE.^J b. A STRUCTURAL EVALUATION SEALED BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER THAT DEMONSTRATES THAT THE LOAD

FACTORS SPECIFIED IN THE AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, SECTION 12.12, ARE MET. THE 50 YEAR CREEP

MODULUS DATA SPECIFIED IN ASTM F2418 MUST BE USED AS PART OF THE AASHTO STRUCTURAL EVALUATION TO VERIFY

- c. STRUCTURAL CROSS SECTION DETAIL ON WHICH THE STRUCTURAL EVALUATION IS BASED.
- 8. CHAMBERS AND END CAPS SHALL BE PRODUCED AT AN ISO 9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURING FACILITY.

MPORTANT - NOTES FOR THE BIDDING AND INSTALLATION OF MC-3500 CHAMBER SYSTEM

1. STORMTECH MC-3500 CHAMBERS SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED UNTIL THE MANUFACTURER'S REPRESENTATIVE HAS COMPLETED A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE INSTALLERS.

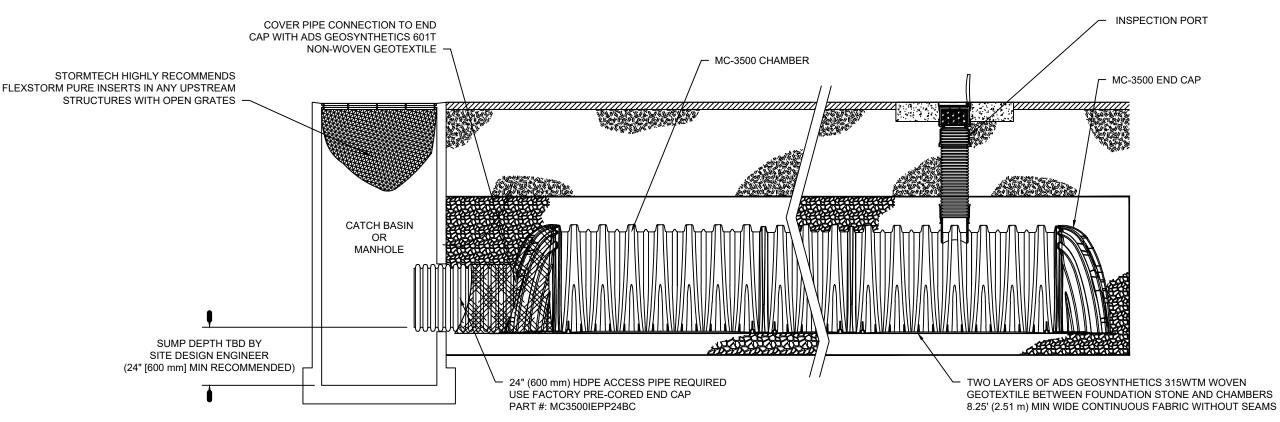
- 2. STORMTECH MC-3500 CHAMBERS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH MC-3500/MC-4500 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE". 3. CHAMBERS ARE NOT TO BE BACKFILLED WITH A DOZER OR AN EXCAVATOR SITUATED OVER THE CHAMBERS.
- STORMTECH RECOMMENDS 3 BACKFILL METHODS: STONESHOOTER LOCATED OFF THE CHAMBER BED.
- BACKFILL AS ROWS ARE BUILT USING AN EXCAVATOR ON THE FOUNDATION STONE OR SUBGRADE. BACKFILL FROM OUTSIDE THE EXCAVATION USING A LONG BOOM HOE OR EXCAVATOR.
- 4. THE FOUNDATION STONE SHALL BE LEVELED AND COMPACTED PRIOR TO PLACING CHAMBERS. 5. JOINTS BETWEEN CHAMBERS SHALL BE PROPERLY SEATED PRIOR TO PLACING STONE.
- 6. MAINTAIN MINIMUM 9" (230 mm) SPACING BETWEEN THE CHAMBER ROWS.
- 7. INLET AND OUTLET MANIFOLDS MUST BE INSERTED A MINIMUM OF 12" (300 mm) INTO CHAMBER END CAPS. EMBEDMENT STONE SURROUNDING CHAMBERS MUST BE A CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE 3/4-2" (20-50 mm) MEETING THE AASHTO M43
- DESIGNATION OF #3 OR #4.^J STONE MUST BE PLACED ON THE TOP CENTER OF THE CHAMBER TO ANCHOR THE CHAMBERS IN PLACE AND PRESERVE ROW SPACING...'J ADS RECOMMENDS THE USE OF "FLEXSTORM CATCH IT" INSERTS DURING CONSTRUCTION FOR ALL INLETS TO PROTECT THE SUBSURFACE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FROM CONSTRUCTION SITE RUNOFF.

NOTES FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT

- STORMTECH MC-3500 CHAMBERS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH MC-3500/MC-4500 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".^J THE USE OF EQUIPMENT OVER MC-3500 CHAMBERS IS LIMITED: NO EQUIPMENT IS ALLOWED ON BARE CHAMBERS.
- NO RUBBER TIRED LOADER, DUMP TRUCK, OR EXCAVATORS ARE ALLOWED UNTIL PROPER FILL DEPTHS ARE REACHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH MC-3500/MC-4500 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE". WEIGHT LIMITS FOR CONSRUCTION EQUIPMENT CAN BE FOUND IN THE "STORMTECH MC-3500/MC-4500 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".^J

FULL 36" (900 mm) OF STABILIZED COVER MATERIALS OVER THE CHAMBERS IS REQUIRED FOR DUMP TRUCK TRAVEL OR DUMPING. USE OF A DOZER TO PUSH EMBEDMENT STONE BETWEEN THE ROWS OF CHAMBERS MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO CHAMBERS AND IS NOT AN ACCEPTABLE BACKFILL METHOD. ANY CHAMBERS DAMAGED BY USING THE "DUMP AND PUSH" METHOD ARE NOT COVERED UNDER THE STORMTECH STANDARD

CONTACT STORMTECH AT 1-888-892-2694 WITH ANY QUESTIONS ON INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS OR WEIGHT LIMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT.



MC-3500 ISOLATOR ROW DETAIL

INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE

STEP 1) INSPECT ISOLATOR ROW FOR SEDIMENT A. INSPECTION PORTS (IF PRESENT)

- A.1. REMOVE/OPEN LID ON NYLOPLAST INLINE DRAIN A.2. REMOVE AND CLEAN FLEXSTORM FILTER IF INSTALLED
- A.3. USING A FLASHLIGHT AND STADIA ROD, MEASURE DEPTH OF SEDIMENT AND RECORD ON MAINTENANCE LOG A.4. LOWER A CAMERA INTO ISOLATOR ROW FOR VISUAL INSPECTION OF SEDIMENT LEVELS (OPTIONAL)
- A.5. IF SEDIMENT IS AT, OR ABOVE, 3" (80 mm) PROCEED TO STEP 2. IF NOT, PROCEED TO STEP 3. B.1. REMOVE COVER FROM STRUCTURE AT UPSTREAM END OF ISOLATOR ROW
- B.2. USING A FLASHLIGHT, INSPECT DOWN THE ISOLATOR ROW THROUGH OUTLET PIPE^Ji) MIRRORS ON POLES OR CAMERAS MAY BE USED TO AVOID A CONFINED SPACE ENTRY^Jii) FOLLOW OSHA REGULATIONS FOR CONFINED SPACE ENTRY IF ENTERING MANHOLE
- B.3. IF SEDIMENT IS AT, OR ABOVE, 3" (80 mm) PROCEED TO STEP 2. IF NOT, PROCEED TO STEP 3. STEP 2) CLEAN OUT ISOLATOR ROW USING THE JETVAC PROCESS
- A. A FIXED CULVERT CLEANING NOZZLE WITH REAR FACING SPREAD OF 45" (1.1 m) OR MORE IS PREFERRED B. APPLY MULTIPLE PASSES OF JETVAC UNTIL BACKFLUSH WATER IS CLEAN C. VACUUM STRUCTURE SUMP AS REQUIRED
- STEP 3) REPLACE ALL COVERS, GRATES, FILTERS, AND LIDS; RECORD OBSERVATIONS AND ACTIONS. STEP 4) INSPECT AND CLEAN BASINS AND MANHOLES UPSTREAM OF THE STORMTECH SYSTEM.

PLAN ELEVATIONS & PIPE SIZES

12" MANIFOLD INV: 1238.92 (MAXIMUM) (TYPICAL OF ALL MANIFOLDS)

TOP OF STONE ELEVATION: 1241.50

8" PVC OUTLET INV:1240.52

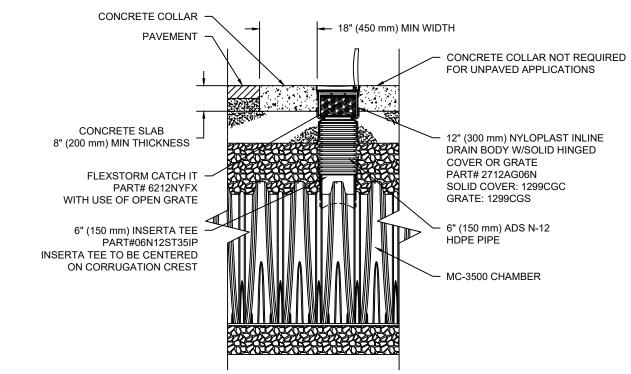
TOP OF CHAMBER ELEVATION: 1240.50

BOTTOM OF STONE ELEVATION: 1236.00

BOTTOM OF CHAMBER ELEVATION: 1236.75

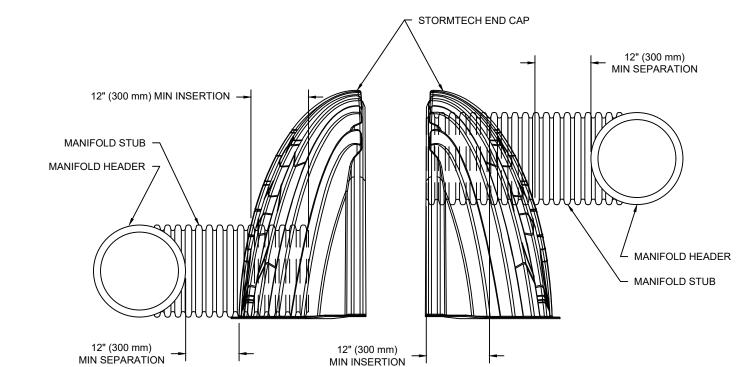
24" HDPE INVERT INTO ISOLATOR ROW: 1237.42

1. INSPECT EVERY 6 MONTHS DURING THE FIRST YEAR OF OPERATION. ADJUST THE INSPECTION INTERVAL BASED ON PREVIOUS OBSERVATIONS OF SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION AND HIGH WATER ELEVATIONS.^J 2. CONDUCT JETTING AND VACTORING ANNUALLY OR WHEN INSPECTION SHOWS THAT MAINTENANCE IS NECESSARY



MC-3500 6" INSPECTION PORT DETAIL

MC-SERIES END CAP INSERTION DETAIL

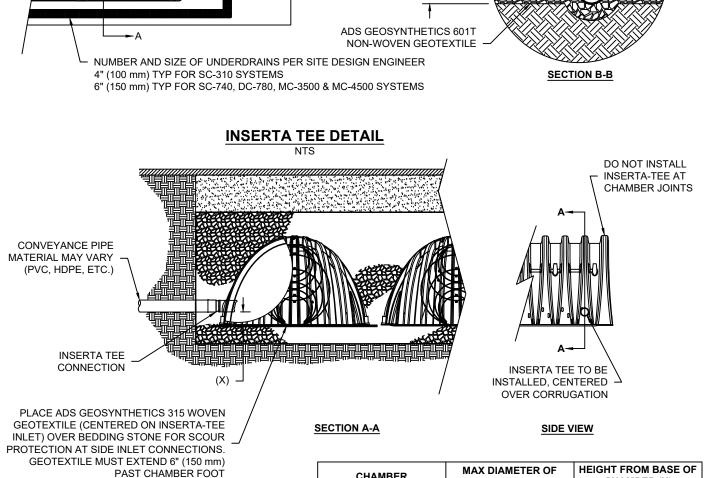


NOTE: MANIFOLD STUB MUST BE LAID HORIZONTAL FOR A PROPER FIT IN END CAP OPENING.

ARCHITECT/ENGINEERS:

CHAMBERS · END CAP - OUTLET MANIFOLD FOUNDATION STONE BENEATH CHAMBERS ADS GEOSYNTHETICS 601T NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE -SECTION A-A **DUAL WALL** - PERFORATED UNDERDRAIN END CAP -FOUNDATION STONE BENEATH CHAMBERS

UNDERDRAIN DETAIL



SC-740

PART NUMBERS WILL VARY BASED ON INLET PIPE MATERIALS.

CONTACT STORMTECH FOR MORE INFORMATION.

50.0 lbs. *ASSUMES 12" (305 mm) STONE ABOVE, 9" (229 mm) STONE FOUNDATION AND BETWEEN CHAMBERS. 12" (305 mm) STONE PERIMETER IN FRONT OF END CAPS AND 40% STONE POROSITY STUBS AT BOTTOM OF END CAP FOR PART NUMBERS ENDING WITH "B" STUBS AT TOP OF END CAP FOR PART NUMBERS ENDING WITH "T" PART# MC3500IEPP06T 33.21" (844 mm) 6" (150 mm) MC3500IEPP06E MC3500IEPP087 MC3500IEPP08B MC3500IEPP107 10" (250 mm) MC3500IEPP10B MC3500IEPP12 12" (300 mm) MC3500IEPP12E 23.39" (594 mm) MC3500IEPP15 15" (375 mm) MC3500IEPP15B MC3500IEPP18T 20.03" (509 mm) 18" (450 mm) MC3500IEPP18B 24" (600 mm) 4" (100 mm) MC3500IEPP24B0 30" (750 mm) NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS ARE NOMINAL

STIFFENING RIB

STIFFENING RIB

─ UPPER JOINT CORRUGATION

BUILD ROW IN THIS DIRECTION ⇒

IOMINAL CHAMBER SPECIFICATIONS

SIZE (W X H X INSTALLED LENGTH)

NOMINAL END CAP SPECIFICATIONS

SIZE (W X H X INSTALLED LENGTH)

MINIMUM INSTALLED STORAGE*

MINIMUM INSTALLED STORAGE*

CHAMBER STORAGE

END CAP STORAGE

WEIGHT

86.0" (2184 mm)

INSTALLED

90.0" (2286 mm)

ACTUAL LENGTH

INSTALLED

CUSTOM PRECORED INVERTS ARE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST. INVENTORIED MANIFOLDS INCLUDE 12-24" (300-600 mm) SIZE ON SIZE AND 15-48" (375-1200 mm) ECCENTRIC MANIFOLDS. CUSTOM INVERT LOCATIONS ON THE MC-3500 END CAP CUT IN THE FIELD ARE NOT RECOMMENDED FOR PIPE SIZES GREATER THAN 10" (250 mm) THE INVERT LOCATION IN COLUMN 'B' ARE THE HIGHTEST POSSIBLE FOR THE PIPE SIZE.

MC-3500 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

77.0" X 45.0" X 86.0" (1956 mm X 1143 mm X 2184 mm)

(5.06 m³)

(61.2 kg)

77.0" X 45.0" X 22.5" (1956 mm X 1143 mm X 571 mm)

(1.30 m³)

- LOWER JOINT CORRUGATION

109.9 CUBIC FEET

178.9 CUBIC FEET

46.0 CUBIC FEET

14.9 CUBIC FEET (0.42 m³)

135.0 lbs.

ACCEPTABLE FILL MATERIALS: STORMTECH MC-3500 CHAMBER SYSTEMS

CHAMBER (X)

4" (100 mm)

4" (100 mm)

INSERTA TEE

10" (250 mm)

10" (250 mm)

INSERTA TEE FITTINGS AVAILABLE FOR SDR 26, SDR 35, SCH 40 IPS

GASKETED & SOLVENT WELD, N-12, HP STORM, C-900 OR DUCTILE IRON

(150 mm) دُر

CH/ ADI MA/ DENS AN	DITIONAL LAYERS IN 12" (300 mm)	EMBEDMENT STONE: FILL SURROUNDING THE CHAMBERS FROM THE FOUNDATION STONE ('A' LAYER) TO THE 'C' LAYER ABOVE.	CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE, NOMINAL SIZE DISTRIBUTION BETWEEN 3/4-2 INCH (20-50 mm)	AASHTO M43 ¹ 3, 4
D	A	FOUNDATION STONE: FILL BELOW CHAMBERS FROM THE SUBGRADE UP TO THE FOOT (BOTTOM) OF THE CHAMBER.	CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE, NOMINAL SIZE DISTRIBUTION BETWEEN 3/4-2 INCH (20-50 mm)	AASHTO M43 ¹ 3, 4
PLATE COMPA CT OR ROLL TO ACHIEV E A FLAT SURFA CE. 23	INITIAL FILL: FILL MATERIAL FOR LAYER 'C' STARTS FROM THE TOP OF THE EMBEDMENT STONE ('B' LAYER) TO 24" (600 mm) ABOVE THE TOP OF THE CHAMBER. NOTE THAT PAVEMENT SUBBASE MAY BE A PART OF THE 'C' LAYER.	GRANULAR WELL-GRADED SOIL/AGGREGATE MIXTURES, <35% FINES OR PROCESSED AGGREGATE. MOST PAVEMENT SUBBASE MATERIALS CAN BE USED IN LIEU OF THIS LAYER.		
				NO COMPACTION REQUIRED.

1. THE LISTED AASHTO DESIGNATIONS ARE FOR GRADATIONS ONLY. THE STONE MUST ALSO BE CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE." STORMTECH COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS ARE MET FOR 'A' LOCATION MATERIALS WHEN PLACED AND COMPACTED IN 9" (230 mm) (MAX) LIFTS USING TWO FULL COVERAGES WITH A VIBRATORY COMPACTOR. WHERE INFILTRATION SURFACES MAY BE COMPROMISED BY COMPACTION, FOR STANDARD DESIGN LOAD CONDITIONS, A FLAT SURFACE MAY BE ACHIEVED BY RAKING OR DRAGGING WITHOUT COMPACTION EQUIPMENT. FOR SPECIAL LOAD DESIGNS, CONTACT STORMTECH FOR COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS.

ADS GEOSYNTHETICS 601T NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE ALL PAVEMENT LAYER (DESIGNED AROUND CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE IN A & B LAYER; BY SITE DESIGN ENGINEER) PERIMETER STONE (SEE NOTE 6) (600 mm) MIN* 12" (300 mm) MIN **EXCAVATION WALL** (CAN BE SLOPED OR VERTICAL) DEPTH OF STONE TO BE DETERMINED BY DESIGN ENGINEER 9" (230 mm) MIN 6" (150 mm) MIN —— (230 mm) MIN -- 77" (1950 mm) -- 12" (300 mm) TYP MC-3500 SUBGRADE SOILS END CAP (SEE NOTE 5)

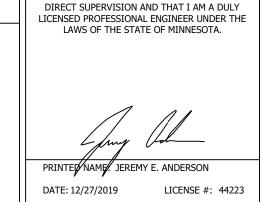
- MC-3500 CHAMBERS SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM F2418 "STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR POLYPROPYLENE (PP) CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS". "> J MC-3500 CHAMBERS SHALL BE DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787 "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS". A
- "ACCEPTABLE FILL MATERIALS" TABLE ABOVE PROVIDES MATERIAL LOCATIONS, DESCRIPTIONS, GRADATIONS, AND COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUNDATION, EMBEDMENT, AND FILL MATERIALS. 'J THE "SITE DESIGN ENGINEER" REFERS TO THE ENGINEER RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN AND LAYOUT OF THE STORMTECH CHAMBERS FOR THIS PROJECT. A
- THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSING THE BEARING RESISTANCE (ALLOWABLE BEARING CAPACITY) OF THE SUBGRADE SOILS AND THE DEPTH OF FOUNDATION STONE WITH CONSIDERATION FOR THE RANGE OF
- PERIMETER STONE MUST BE EXTENDED HORIZONTALLY TO THE EXCAVATION WALL FOR BOTH VERTICAL AND SLOPED EXCAVATION WALLS.

7. ONCE LAYER 'C' IS PLACED, ANY SOIL/MATERIAL CAN BE PLACED IN LAYER 'D' UP TO THE FINISHED GRADE. MOST PAVEMENT SUBBASE SOILS CAN BE USED TO REPLACE THE MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS OF LAYER 'C' OR 'D' AT THE SITE DESIGN

FULLY SPRINKLED BID DOCUMENTS FOR CONSTRUCTION

CONSULTANTS: **DESIGN** TREE engineering + land surveying

paradigm Architecture | Engineering | Design-Build



OR REPORT WAS PREPARED BY ME OR UNDER MY

HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN, SPECIFICATION, Drawing Title

STORMTECH DETAILS Approved Project Director

Project Title **Project Number** 656-343 ST CLOUD ADH AND EC SUPPORT **Building Number** Location ST CLOUD VA HEALTH CARE SYSTEM Drawing Number 4801 VETERANS DRIVE, ST. CLOUD MIN 56303 Checked Drawn rjk

Office of Construction and Facilities Management

ADDENDUM 1 — BID AND CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS 05/29/20 Revisions: Date

one eighth inch = one toot

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12-27-2019 JEA 25

The work on the project includes the removal of an existing concrete sidewalk and landscaping, as well as stripping of topsoil to construct a new building on the St. Cloud VA Campus. Along with a new building, the project also includes a proposed concrete sidewalk, and associated storm sewer, sanitary sewer, and water services. An underground stormwater management system will also be installed to accommodate the proposed improvements. The project is located within the St. Cloud VA Campus in St. Cloud, Stearns County, Minnesota. The majority of underlying soils on the property are in Hydrologic Soil Group "A" and have high infiltration rates when thoroughly wet.

All existing stormwater runoff is collected on site through the campus storm sewer system prior to discharging in the Sauk River, which is the northerly border of the property, and is listed by the MPCA as impaired. The VA Campus has a vast combination of BMP's on site prior to discharging runoff, which include but not limited to, infiltration basins, underground stormwater storage systems, rain gardens, and

Responsible Parties:

The Owner (St. Cloud VA) and the Contractor (TBD) are responsible co-permittees for the implementation of the SWPPP. The Contractor and Owner shall apply for the NPDES Construction General Permit immediately after award of Contract. The complete application must be submitted prior to start of construction activity. The Contractor is responsible for installation, inspection, maintenance, and repair of all erosion prevention and sediment control BMPs before, during, and after active construction. The Contractor shall amend the SWPPP before beginning construction to include the chain of responsibility of all operators on the site, or if not known, the title or position of the responsible party. The Contractor is responsible for identifying a person knowledgeable and experienced in the application of erosion prevention and sediment control BMPs who will oversee the implementation of the SWPPP before and during construction until the construction project is complete, the entire site has undergone Final Stabilization, and an NOT has been submitted the MPCA. The Contractor must also supply the COR with SWPPP training certificates for both the BMP Installer AND the person overseeing the SWPPP. The owner must identify who will be responsible for the the long-term operations and maintenance of all permanent stormwater management systems. The Contractor is liable until final stabilization of all disturbed areas is achieved and the Notice of Termination (NOT)/ Permit Modification form is submitted to the MPCA (as specified in the NPDES construction permit). Once the identity of Responsible Parties is known, the SWPPP must be amended to include this information in the area below

St. Cloud VA Contact: Project Engineer Contractor Jeremy E. Anderson, PE Jon Copeland Design Tree Engineering, Inc. Projects Section, General Engineer 120 17th Ave. W. VA Healthcare System Alexandria, MN 56308 St. Cloud, MN (320)762-1290, ext. 104 (320) 252-1670 ext. 6678

or (320) 255-6346

SWPPP Amendments:

jea@designtreeengineering.com

The Owner or Contractor must amend the SWPPP as necessary to include additional requirements, such as additional or modified BMPs that are designed to correct problems identified or address situations

- 1. There is a change in design, construction, operation, maintenance, weather or seasonal conditions that has a significant effect on the discharge of pollutants to surface water or underground waters.
- 2. Inspections or investigations by site owner or operators, USEPA or MPCA officials indicate the SWPPP is not effective in eliminating or significantly minimizing the discharge of pollutants to surface waters or underground waters or that the discharges are causing water quality standard exceedances.
- 3. The SWPPP is not achieving the general objectives of minimizing pollutants in stormwater discharges associated with construction activity, or the SWPPP is not consistent with the terms and conditions of this permit.
- 4. At any time after the permit coverage is effective, the MPCA deems necessary.

Construction Notes:

Construction shall be governed by MnDOT, City of St. Cloud, and St. Cloud VA's Specifications, special provisions, amendments and the project specifications and detail plates. Permits and maps relating to this project's SWPPP can be found in the Project Manual. The Contractor shall keep the inspection and maintenance log and NPDES permit on-site at all time during active construction. Please refer to plans and specifications for additional SWPPP information.

Soil Compaction should be minimized and topsoil should be preserved whenever and wherever possible during construction.

All soil stock piling shall include sediment control devices and shall be placed in areas away from surface waters or natural buffers.

Special Water, Impaired Water & TMDL Implementation Plans:

All disturbed areas not actively being worked must be stabilized within 7 days. The Owner is responsible for the long term maintenance of all infiltration basins and private storm sewer systems. Inlet protection, silt fences, final stabilization, and BMP's must be implemented prior to allowing any water runoff to be discharge off-site.

The site discharges storm water into an underground infiltration basin and overflows to the Sauk River which is considered a special/impaired river system.

Calculations:

Area to be Disturbed = 1.18 AC

Pre-Construction Impervious Area = 0.10 AC Post-Construction Impervious Area = 0.50 AC

Net Increase in Impervious Area = 0.40 AC

Existing Runoff Rates Proposed Runoff Rates 2yr storm= 0.00 cfs 2yr storm= 0.00 cfs 10yr storm= 0.00 cfs 10yr storm= 0.14 cfs 100yr storm= 1.02 cfs 100yr storm= 0.00 cfs

Sequence of Construction- NPDES Permit needed for this contract, requirements apply:

Contractor to verify that all applicable permits have been obtained and NPDES permit modification form has been submitted to MPCA prior to the start of construction

1. The Contractor must plan for and implement appropriate construction phasing, vegetation buffer strips, horizontal slope grading, and other construction practices that minimize erosion. The location of areas not to be disturbed are shown on Plans.

Treatment Volume Provided with BMP (Stormtech)

Water Quality Volume 1.4" From New Impervious - 1.4" x 21,780 SF = 2,541 cubic feet

9,278 cubic feet

- 2. The Contractor shall be responsible for full implementation of and maintenance required by the SWPPP Narrative until the Notice of Termination is approved by the MPCA.
- 3. The Contractor shall construct Erosion and Sediment Control BMPs in the following construction sequence:
 - a. Install rock construction entrances where indicated in the Plans.
 - b. Install silt fence where indicated in the Plans
 - c. Install silt fence around proposed infiltration and bioretention BMPs to protect soils from compaction.
 - d. Install inlet protection at each existing inlet as shown on the Plans.
 - e. Locate Portable toilets on flat surfaces away from drainage paths. Stake in areas susceptible to high winds.
 - f. Construct concrete washout area and provide signage.
 - g. Establish Waste Control Areas
 - h. Construct temporary sediment basins where 5 acres or more drain to one location. (Infiltration Basin 1, 2, and 5 may be used as temporary basins).
 - Construct diversions to sediment basins.
 - j. Rough Grade Site
- k. Leave disturbed area of site in a roughened condition to limit erosion. Temporarily stabilize areas that will be inactive for a period of 7 or more days.
- I. Install storm drainage system and place inlet protection as each inlet is installed. Energy dissipation devices shall be in place and functional within 24 hours of connecting pipe outlets to surface
- m. Protect and repair BMPs, as necessary.
- n. Perform street sweeping as needed and as directed by the COR.
- o. Temporarily stabilize areas not be actively worked.
- p. Site construction (Paving, Sidewalks, Buildings, etc.)
- r. Final stabilization (seeding, planting). Stabilize soil with or sod or MNDOT Seed Mix 25-251 or 35-241
- s. Remove temporary basins when permanent cover has reduced the acreage of disturbed soil to less than five (5) acres draining to a common location.
- t. Construct stormwater infiltration basins & bioretention basins only when contributing drainage area has been constructed and fully stabilized.
- u. Remove Erosion Control Devices upon site establishment in accordance with NPDES Notice of Termination.

Final Stabilization:

one eighth inch = one foot

0 4 8 16

Final stabilization is not met until all of the following are completed.

- a. Stabilization by uniform perennial vegetative cover (70% density of it's expected final growth). Sod or MNDOT Seed Mixes 25-251 or 35-241 shall be used for final stabilization
- b. Permanent stormwater management system is constructed, meets all requirements, and is operational.
- Drainage ditches fully stabilized.
- d. All temporary synthetic and structural BMPs are removed.
- e. Sediment from conveyance systems and sedimentation basins are cleaned out (returned to design capacity).

CONTRACTOR MUST PROVIDE ALL SWPPP DOCUMENTS & AMENDMENTS TO THE COR PRIOR TO THE NOT BEING SUBMITTED TO MPCA

Erosion Control Maintenance and Inspection: BMP inspection and maintenance Responsible Part

- Inspect erosion control devices and provide routine maintenance as follows: a. Inspect erosion control a minimum of once per week and after each rain event measuring 0.5 inches or more. Record inspections on MPCA inspection log sheet.
 - (1) Records of each inspection and maintenance activity shall include:
 - Name of person (s) conducting inspection
 - Findings of inspection, including recommendations for corrective actions
 - Corrective actions taken (including dates, times, and party completing maintenance activities
 - Date and amount of all rainfall events greater than 0.5" in 24 hours Documentation of changes made to the SWPPP as required by the NPDES General Stormwater Permit for Construction Activity
 - Inspections are not required where the ground is frozen
 - (2) Rainfall amounts must be obtained by a properly maintained rain gauge installed onsite, or by a weather station that wis withinin one mile or by a weather reporting system
 - (3) any discharges that occur during the inspection (s) must be described in writing and photographed.
 - a. Silt fences and erosion control devices at storm sewer in lets shall be inspected for depth of sediment, tears, to see if fabric is securely attached to support posts or structure, and to see that posts and devices are securely in place
 - b. Silt fences, erosion control devices at storm sewer inlets and other erosion control devices shall be cleaned when sediment reached \(\frac{1}{3}\) of the height of the erosion control device, within 24 hours.
 - Rock Construction Entrances shall be inspected for clogging of river rocker. River rock that has become clogged with sediment shall be removed and replace with fresh river rock.
 - d. Repairs or replacement of all erosion control devices shall occur within 24 hours of discovery e. Temporary sediment basins shall be cleaned when sediment reached $\frac{1}{2}$ of the outlet's height or half of the basins storage volume. the basin shall be drained and sediment removed within 72 hours.
 - f. Temporary diversion berms shall be inspected and any breaches promptly repaired.
 - Tracked sediment from construction vehicles onto public streets and paved areas (including paved areas on the construction site_shall be removed within 24 hours of discovery
 - h. The bottom and side slopes of proposed storm water treatment basins shall be stabilized within 200 feet of property lines or point of discharges to any surface water, including; curb and gutter, pavement, storm sewer, swales, or other similar storm
 - i. Removal of of sediment and restabilization of surface waters shall be accomplished within 7 days of discovery.

Pollution Prevention Management Measures

Storage, Handling, and Disposal of Construction Products, Materials and Wastes: The Contractor shall comply with the following to minimize the exposure to stormwater of any of the products, materials, or wastes/ Products or wastes which are either not a source of contamination to stormwater or are designed to be exposed to stormwater are not held to this requirem

- a. Building products that have the potential to leach pollutants must be under cover (e.g. plastic sheeting or temporary roofs) to prevent the discharge of pollutants or protected by a similarly effective means designed to minimize contact with stormwater
- b. Pesticides, herbicides, insecticides, fertilizers, treatment chemicals, and landscape materials must be under cover (e.g., plastic sheeting or temporary roofs) to prevent the discharge of pollutants or protected by similarly effective means designed to
- c. Hazardous materials, toxic waste, (including oil, diesel fuel, gasoline, hydraulic fluids, paint solvents, petroleum-based products, wood preservatives, additives, curing compounds, and acids must be properly stored in sealed containers to prevent spills, leaks or other discharge. Restricted access storage areas must be provided to prevent vandalism. Storage and disposal of hazardous waste or hazardous materials must be in compliance with Minn. R. Ch 7045 including secondary containment as applicable.
- d. Solid waste must be stored, collected and disposed of properly in compliance with Minn. R. ch. 7035.
- e. Portable toilets must be positioned so tat they are secure an will not be tipped or knocked over. Sanitary waste must be disposed of properly in accordance with MInn. R. ch. 7041.
- Fueling and Maintenance of Equipment or Vehicles; Spill Prevention and Response: The Contractor shall take reasonable steps to prevent the discharge of spilled or leaked chemicals, including fuel, from any areas where chemicals or fuel will be loaded or unloaded including the use of drip pans or absorbents unless infeasible. The contractor must conduct fueling in a contained area unless infeasible. The Contractor must ensure adequate supplies are available at all times to clean up discharged materials and that an appropriate disposal method is available for recovered spilled materials. The Contractor must report and clean up spills immediately as required by Minn. Stat. \$115.061, using dry clean up measures where possible
- Vehicle and Equipment Washing: If the Contractor washes the exterior of vehicles or equipment on the project site, washing must be limited to a defined area of the site. Runoff from the washing area must be contained in a sediment basin or other similarly effective controls an waste from the washing activity must be properly disposed of.
- The Contractor must properly use and store soaps, detergents, or solvents.
- No engine degreasing is allowed on site.
- Concrete and other washouts waste: The Contractor must provide effective containment for all liquid and solid wastes generated by washout operations (concrete, stucco, paint, form release oils, curing compounds and other construction materials) related to the construction activity. The liquid and solid washout wastes must not contact the ground, and the containments must be designed so that it dos not result in runoff from the washout operations or areas. Liquid and solid wastes must be disposed of properly and in compliance with MPCA rules. A sign must be installed adjacent to each washout facility that requires site personnel to utilize the proper facilities for disposal of concrete and other washout wastes.
- Provide secondary containment for hazardous materials per OSHA requirements anywhere applicable during construction.

Dewatering and Basin Draining:

Dewatering or basin draining that may have turbid or sediment laden discharge water must be discharged to a temporary or permanent sedimentation basin on the project site whenever possible. Discharge from the temporary or permanent sedimentation basin must be visually checked to ensure adequate treatment is obtained in the basin and nuisance conditions, impacts to wetlands, and erosion in receiving channels or on downslope properties will not result from the discharge. Adequate sedimentation control measures are required for discharge water that contains suspended solids.

If using filters with backwash water, either haul the backwash water away for disposal, return the backwash water to the beginning of the treatment process, or incorporate the backwash water into the site in a manner that does not erode into runoff.

The Erosion and Sediment Control BMPs shall be installed as necessary to minimize erosion from disturbed surfaces and capture sediment on site and shall meet the NPDES permit Part IV construction activity requirements. Perimeter controls shall be placed prior to the start of any construction. All disturbed areas not actively being worked must be stabilized within 7 days

Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan:

The Permittees must implement the entire SWPPP and the requirements of the NPDES permit. The BMPs identified in the SWPPP and in the permit must be selected, installed and maintained in an appropriate and functional manner that is in accordance with manufacturer specifications and accepted engineering practices

Temporary Sediment Basins, BMP Treatment & BMP Pretreatment Practices:

The Stormwater BMP has 100% Removals of Total Suspended Solids (TSS) & Total Phosphorus (TP) and zero discharge from a 100-Year Storm Event by utilizing the highly infillrative soils on-site, Two pre-treatment sumps are proposed prior to discharging stormwater to the Proposed BMP.

Temperature is controlled by infiltrating 100% of the stormwater routed to the BMP.

Future Operation and Maintenance (O&M) St. Cloud VA shall be responsible for performing future operations and maintenance of the permanent stormwater management systems on the property.

	<u>Contacts</u>	
AGENCY	NAME	PHONE NUMBER
Stearns County	Chelle Benson	(320) 656-3613
DNR Waters	Nicki Blake-Bradley	(320) 223-7844
ACOE	St. Paul Office	(651) 290-5375
State Duty Officer	MPCA	(800)422-0798
SWPPP Designer	Jordan Lillemon	(320) 762-1290 ext. 109
Erosion Control Review	Jeremy E. Anderson, PE	(320) 762-1290 ext. 104
Erosion Control Supervisor	TBD	

LOCATION OF SWPPP REQUIRMENTS				
DESCRIPTION	TITLE	SHEET # OR SPECIFICATION SECTION		
RECEIVING SURFACE WATER	Sauk River	NA		
Final Stabilization	Erosion Control Plan	C6.0		
Drainage Plans	Site Grading and Utility Plan	C4.0 & C5.0		
Drainage Details	Details	C7.0 - C7.3		
Erosion Control Sheets	Erosion Control Plan	C6.0		
Erosion Control Details	Details	C7.2		
Erosion & Sediment Control Quantities	Erosion Control Plan	C6.0		
Existing & Proposed Drainage Maps	Final Stormwater Management Study	Project Manual		

University of Minnesota

Jordan Lillemon

Design of Construction SWPPP (May 31 2022)

FULLY **SPRINKLED** BID **DOCUMENTS**

Notice of Termination (NOT) is submitted to MPCA. FOR **CONSTRUCTION** CONSULTANTS: ARCHITECT/ENGINEERS: Office of 656-343 SWPPP NARRATINE STICLOUD ADHIAND EC SUPPORT Construction paradigm and Facilities Approved Projec Director Management 4801 VETERAVISI DRIVE, ST. CLOUD UN 58303 engineering + land surveying C7.4 Architecture | Engineering | Design-Build ADDENDUM 1 - BID AND CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS 05. 12-2/-2(Jb St. Cloud | Alexandria | Regers JEA

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