### PROJECT MANUAL VOLUME 1

# EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades Wagner CBOC

## Sioux Falls VA Health Care System

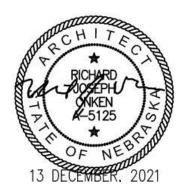
Wagner, SD 57380

VA Project #438-21-100WAG Alesia #2021-21

Divisions 00 through 14

December 13, 2021

# **Final Construction Documents**









#### DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS VHA MASTER SPECIFICATIONS

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#### MECHANICAL

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|      | PROTECTION                               |
| M600 | MECHANICAL DETAILS, CONTROLS & SCHEDULES |

#### ELECTRICAL

| E000 | ELECTRICAL SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS |
|------|--------------------------------------|
| E100 | LEVEL 1 FLOOR PLANS - ELECTRICAL     |
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#### SECTION 01 00 00 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

#### GENERAL

#### 1.1 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

A. Refer to section 01 35 26, SAFETY REQUIREMENTS for safety and infection control requirements.

#### 1.2 GENERAL INTENTION

- A. Contractor shall completely prepare site for building operations, including demolition and removal of existing structures, and furnish labor and materials and perform work for 438-21-100WAG, EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades Wagner CBOC, Wagner, SD. as required by drawings and specifications.
- B. Visit to the site by Bidders will be one organized site visit IAW 52.236-27 Alt I. Date and time to be determined at a later date.
- C. Offices of Alesia Architecture, as Architect-Engineers, will render certain technical services during construction. Such services shall be considered as advisory to the Government and shall not be construed as expressing or implying a contractual act of the Government without affirmations by Contracting Officer or his duly authorized representative.
- D. Before placement and installation of work subject to tests by testing laboratory retained by Department of Veterans Affairs, the Contractor shall notify the COR in sufficient time to enable testing laboratory personnel to be present at the site in time for proper taking and testing of specimens and field inspection. Such prior notice shall be not less than three workdays unless otherwise designated by the COR.
- E. All employees of general contractor and subcontractors shall comply with VA security management program and obtain permission of the VA police, be identified by project and employer, and restricted from unauthorized access.

#### 1.3 STATEMENT OF BID ITEM(S)

A. ITEM I, GENERAL CONSTRUCTION: BASE BID: Work includes general construction, alterations, necessary removal of existing structures and construction and certain other items.

#### 1.4 SPECIFICATIONS AND DRAWINGS FOR CONTRACTOR

A. Drawings and contract documents may be obtained from the website where the solicitation is posted. Additional copies will be at Contractor's expense.

#### 1.5 CONSTRUCTION SECURITY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Security Plan:
  - The security plan defines both physical and administrative security procedures that will remain effective for the entire duration of the project.
  - 2. The General Contractor is responsible for assuring that all sub-contractors working on the project and their employees also comply with these regulations.
- B. Security Procedures:
  - General Contractor's employees shall not enter the project site without appropriate badge. They may also be subject to inspection of their personal effects when entering or leaving the project site.
  - 2. Before starting work the General Contractor shall give one week's notice to the Contracting Officer so that security arrangements can be provided for the employees. This notice is separate from any notices required for utility shutdown described later in this section.
  - 3. No photography of VA premises is allowed without written permission of the Contracting Officer. Patients and staff are not to be photographed at any time.

- 4. VA reserves the right to close down or shut down the project site and order General Contractor's employees off the premises in the event of a national emergency. The General Contractor may return to the site only with the written approval of the Contracting Officer.
- C. Key Control:
  - The General Contractor shall provide duplicate keys and lock combinations to the Contracting officers representative (COR) for the purpose of security inspections of every area of project including tool boxes and parked machines and take any emergency action.
  - The General Contractor shall install all permanent cores at completion of the work turn over all permanent lock cylinders to the VA locksmith for permanent installation. See Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE and coordinate.
- D. Document Control:
  - Before starting any work, the General Contractor/Sub Contractors shall submit an electronic security memorandum describing the approach to following goals and maintaining confidentiality of "sensitive information".
  - 2. The General Contractor is responsible for safekeeping of all drawings, project manual and other project information. This information shall be shared only with those with a specific need to accomplish the project.
  - 3. Certain documents, sketches, videos or photographs and drawings may be marked "Law Enforcement Sensitive" or "Sensitive Unclassified". Secure such information in separate containers and limit the access to only those who will need it for the project. Return the information to the Contracting Officer upon request.
  - These security documents shall not be removed or transmitted from the project site without the written approval of Contracting Officer.

- 5. All paper waste or electronic media such as CD's and diskettes shall be shredded and destroyed in a manner acceptable to the VA.
- 6. Notify Contracting Officer and Site Security Officer immediately when there is a loss or compromise of "sensitive information".
- All electronic information shall be stored in specified location following VA standards and procedures using an Engineering Document Management Software (EDMS).
  - a) Security, access and maintenance of all project drawings, both scanned and electronic shall be performed and tracked through the EDMS system.
  - b) "Sensitive information" including drawings and other documents may be attached to e-mail provided all VA encryption procedures are followed.
- E. Motor Vehicle Restrictions
  - Vehicle authorization request shall be required for any vehicle entering the site and such request shall be submitted 24 hours before the date and time of access. Access shall be restricted to picking up and dropping off materials and supplies.
  - 2. A limited number of permits shall be issued for General Contractor and its employees for parking in designated areas only. Contractor to coordinate with VA Medical Center Facility Manager.

#### 1.6 OPERATIONS AND STORAGE AREAS (FAR 52.236-10)

A. The Contractor shall confine all operations (including storage of materials) on Government premises to areas authorized or approved by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall hold and save the Government, its officers and agents, free and harmless from liability of any nature occasioned by the Contractor's performance.

- B. Temporary buildings (e.g., storage sheds, shops, offices) and utilities may be erected by the Contractor only with the approval of the Contracting Officer and shall be built with labor and materials furnished by the Contractor without expense to the Government. The temporary buildings and utilities shall remain the property of the Contractor and shall be removed by the Contractor at its expense upon completion of the work. With the written consent of the Contracting Officer, the buildings and utilities may be abandoned and need not be removed.
- C. The Contractor shall, under regulations prescribed by the Contracting Officer, use only established roadways, or use temporary roadways constructed by the Contractor when and as authorized by the Contracting Officer. When materials are transported in prosecuting the work, vehicles shall not be loaded beyond the loading capacity recommended by the manufacturer of the vehicle or prescribed by any Federal, State, or local law or regulation. When it is necessary to cross curbs or sidewalks, the Contractor shall protect them from damage. The Contractor shall repair or pay for the repair of any damaged curbs, sidewalks, or roads.
- D. Working space and space available for storing materials shall be as determined by the COR .
- E. Workers are subject to rules of Medical Center applicable to their conduct.
- F. Execute work in such a manner as to interfere as little as possible with work being done by others. Keep roads clear of construction materials, debris, standing construction equipment and vehicles at all times.
- G. Execute work so as to interfere as little as possible with normal functioning of Medical Center as a whole, including operations of utility services, fire protection systems and any existing equipment, and with work being done by others. Use of equipment and tools that transmit vibrations and noises through the

building structure, are not permitted in buildings that are occupied, during construction, jointly by patients or medical personnel, and Contractor's personnel, except as permitted by COR where required by limited working space.

- Do not store materials and equipment in other than assigned areas.
- 2. Schedule delivery of materials and equipment to immediate construction working areas within buildings in use by Department of Veterans Affairs in quantities sufficient for not more than two work days. Provide unobstructed access to Medical Center areas required to remain in operation.
- 3. Where access by Medical Center personnel to vacated portions of buildings is not required, storage of Contractor's materials and equipment will be permitted subject to fire and safety requirements.
- H. Utilities Services: Where necessary to cut existing pipes, electrical wires, conduits, cables, etc., of utility services, or of fire protection systems or communications systems (except telephone), they shall be cut and capped at suitable places where shown; or, in absence of such indication, where directed by COR. All such actions shall be coordinated with the COR or Utility Company involved:
  - Whenever it is required that a connection fee be paid to a public utility provider for new permanent service to the construction project, for such items as water, sewer, electricity, gas or steam, payment of such fee shall be the responsibility of the Government and not the Contractor.
- I. Phasing:
  - The Medical Center must maintain its operation 24 hours a day 7 days a week. Therefore, any interruption in service must be scheduled and coordinated with the COR to ensure that no lapses in operation occur. It is the CONTRACTOR'S responsibility to develop a work plan and schedule detailing, at a minimum, the

procedures to be employed, the equipment and materials to be used, the interim life safety measure to be used during the work, and a schedule defining the duration of the work with milestone subtasks. The work to be outlined shall include, but not be limited to:

- 2. To ensure such executions, Contractor shall furnish the COR with a schedule of approximate phasing dates on which the Contractor intends to accomplish work in each specific area of site, building or portion thereof. In addition, Contractor shall notify the COR two weeks in advance of the proposed date of starting work in each specific area of site, building or portion thereof. Arrange such phasing dates to ensure accomplishment of this work in successive phases mutually agreeable to COR and Contractor.
- J. Building will be occupied during performance of work. ; but immediate areas of alterations will be vacated.
  - 1. Contractor shall take all measures and provide all material necessary for protecting existing equipment and property in affected areas of construction against dust and debris, so that equipment and affected areas to be used in the Medical Centers operations will not be hindered. Contractor shall permit access to Department of Veterans Affairs personnel and patients through other construction areas which serve as routes of access to such affected areas and equipment. These routes whether access or egress shall be isolated from the construction area by temporary partitions and have walking surfaces, lighting etc. to facilitate patient and staff access. Coordinate alteration work in areas occupied by Department of Veterans Affairs so that Medical Center operations will continue during the construction period.
- K. Construction Fence: Before construction operations begin, Contractor shall provide a chain link construction fence, 2.1m

(seven feet) minimum height, around the construction area indicated on the drawings. Provide gates as required for access with necessary hardware, including hasps and padlocks. Fasten fence fabric to terminal posts with tension bands and to line posts and top and bottom rails with tie wires spaced at maximum 375mm (15 inches). Bottom of fences shall extend to 25mm (one inch) above grade. Remove the fence when directed by COR.

- L. When a building and/or construction site is turned over to Contractor, Contractor shall accept entire responsibility including upkeep and maintenance therefore:
  - Contractor shall maintain a minimum temperature of 4 degrees C
     (40 degrees F) at all times, except as otherwise specified.
  - 2. Contractor shall maintain in operating condition existing fire protection and alarm equipment. In connection with fire alarm equipment, Contractor shall make arrangements for pre-inspection of site with Fire Department or Company (Department of Veterans Affairs or municipal) whichever will be required to respond to an alarm from Contractor's employee or watchman.
- M. Utilities Services: Maintain existing utility services for Medical Center at all times. Provide temporary facilities, labor, materials, equipment, connections, and utilities to assure uninterrupted services. Where necessary to cut existing water, steam, gases, sewer or air pipes, or conduits, wires, cables, etc. of utility services or of fire protection systems and communications systems (including telephone), they shall be cut and capped at suitable places where shown; or, in absence of such indication, where directed by COR.
  - No utility service such as water, gas, steam, sewers or electricity, or fire protection systems and communications systems may be interrupted without prior approval of COR. Electrical work shall be accomplished with all affected circuits or equipment de-energized. When an electrical outage

cannot be accomplished, work on any energized circuits or equipment shall not commence without a detailed work plan, the Medical Center Director's prior knowledge and written approval. Refer to specification Sections 26 05 11, REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS, 27 05 11 REQUIREMENTS FOR COMMUNICATIONS INSTALLATIONS and 28 05 00, COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY for additional requirements.

- Contractor shall submit a request to interrupt any such services to COR, in writing, 7 days in advance of proposed interruption. Request shall state reason, date, exact time of, and approximate duration of such interruption.
- 3. Contractor will be advised (in writing) of approval of request, or of which other date and/or time such interruption will cause least inconvenience to operations of Medical Center . Interruption time approved by Medical Center may occur at other than Contractor's normal working hours.
- 4. Major interruptions of any system must be requested, in writing, at least 15 calendar days prior to the desired time and shall be performed as directed by the COR.
- 5. In case of a contract construction emergency, service will be interrupted on approval of COR. Such approval will be confirmed in writing as soon as practical.
- 6. Whenever it is required that a connection fee be paid to a public utility provider for new permanent service to the construction project, for such items as water, sewer, electricity, gas or steam, payment of such fee shall be the responsibility of the Government and not the Contractor.
- N. Abandoned Lines: All service lines such as wires, cables, conduits, ducts, pipes and the like, and their hangers or supports, shall be removed back to their source. Those which are indicated to be abandoned but are not required to be entirely removed, shall be sealed, capped or plugged at the main, branch

or panel they originate from. The lines shall not be capped in finished areas, but shall be removed and sealed, capped or plugged in ceilings, within furred spaces, in unfinished areas, or within walls or partitions; so that they are completely behind the finished surfaces.

- O. To minimize interference of construction activities with flow of Medical Center traffic, comply with the following:
  - Keep roads, walks and entrances to grounds, to parking and to occupied areas of buildings clear of construction materials, debris and standing construction equipment and vehicles.
- P. Coordinate the work for this contract with other construction operations as directed by COR. This includes the scheduling of traffic and the use of roadways, as specified in Article, USE OF ROADWAYS.

#### 1.7 ALTERATIONS

- A. Survey: Before any work is started, the Contractor shall make a thorough survey with the COR and a representative of VA Supply Service, of areas of buildings in which alterations occur and areas which are anticipated routes of access, and furnish a report, signed by all three, to the Contracting Officer. This report shall list by rooms and spaces:
  - Existing condition and types of resilient flooring, doors, windows, walls and other surfaces not required to be altered throughout affected areas of building.
  - Existence and conditions of items such as plumbing fixtures and accessories, electrical fixtures, equipment, venetian blinds, shades, etc., required by drawings to be either reused or relocated, or both.
  - Shall note any discrepancies between drawings and existing conditions at site.

- 4. Shall designate areas for working space, materials storage and routes of access to areas within buildings where alterations occur and which have been agreed upon by Contractor and COR.
- B. Any items required by drawings to be either reused or relocated or both, found during this survey to be nonexistent, or in opinion of COR, to be in such condition that their use is impossible or impractical, shall be furnished and/or replaced by Contractor with new items in accordance with specifications which will be furnished by Government. Provided the contract work is changed by reason of this subparagraph B, the contract will be modified accordingly, under provisions of clause entitled "DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS" (FAR 52.236-2) and "CHANGES" (FAR 52.243-4).
- C. Re-Survey: Thirty days before expected partial or final inspection date, the Contractor and COR together shall make a thorough re-survey of the areas of buildings involved. They shall furnish a report on conditions then existing, of resilient flooring, doors, windows, walls and other surfaces as compared with conditions of same as noted in first condition survey report:
  - Re-survey report shall also list any damage caused by Contractor to such flooring and other surfaces, despite protection measures; and, will form basis for determining extent of repair work required of Contractor to restore damage caused by Contractor's workers in executing work of this contract.
- D. Protection: Provide the following protective measures:
  - Wherever existing roof surfaces are disturbed they shall be protected against water infiltration. In case of leaks, they shall be repaired immediately upon discovery.
  - Temporary protection against damage for portions of existing structures and grounds where work is to be done, materials handled and equipment moved and/or relocated.

3. Protection of interior of existing structures at all times, from damage, dust and weather inclemency. Wherever work is performed, floor surfaces that are to remain in place shall be adequately protected prior to starting work, and this protection shall be maintained intact until all work in the area is completed.

#### 1.8 DISPOSAL AND RETENTION

- A. Materials and equipment accruing from work removed and from demolition of buildings or structures, or parts thereof, shall be disposed of as follows:
  - Reserved items which are to remain property of the Government are identified by attached tags or noted on drawings or in specifications as items to be stored. Items that remain property of the Government shall be removed or dislodged from present locations in such a manner as to prevent damage which would be detrimental to re-installation and reuse. Store such items where directed by COR.
  - 2. Items not reserved shall become property of the Contractor and be removed by Contractor from Medical Center .
  - 3. Items of portable equipment and furnishings located in rooms and spaces in which work is to be done under this contract shall remain the property of the Government. When rooms and spaces are vacated by the Department of Veterans Affairs during the alteration period, such items which are NOT required by drawings and specifications to be either relocated or reused will be removed by the Government in advance of work to avoid interfering with Contractor's operation.
  - 4. PCB Transformers and Capacitors : The Contractor shall be responsible for disposal of the Polychlorinated Biphenyl (PCB) transformers and capacitors. The transformers and capacitors shall be taken out of service and handled in accordance with the procedures of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Department of Transportation (DOT) as outlined in Code

of Federal Regulation (CFR), Titled 40 and 49 respectively. The EPA's Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) Compliance Program Policy Nos. 6-PCB-6 and 6-PCB-7 also apply. Upon removal of PCB transformers and capacitors for disposal, the "originator" copy of the Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest (EPA Form 8700-22), along with the Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest Continuation Sheet (EPA Form 8700-22A) shall be returned to the Contracting Officer who will annotate the contract file and transmit the Manifest to the Medical Center's Cemetery's Chief.

- a) Copies of the following listed CFR titles may be obtained from the Government Printing Office:
   40 CFR 261.....Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste
   40 CFR 262.....Standards Applicable to Generators of
  - Hazardous Waste
  - 40 CFR 263..... Standards Applicable to Transporters of Hazardous Waste
  - 40 CFR 761.....PCB Manufacturing, Processing, Distribution in Commerce, and use Prohibitions
  - 49 CFR 172..... Hazardous Material tables and Hazardous Material Communications Regulations
  - 49 CFR 173..... Shippers General Requirements for Shipments and Packaging
  - 49 CRR 173..... Subpart A General
  - 49 CFR 173..... Subpart B Preparation of Hazardous Material for Transportation
  - 49 CFR 173..... Subpart J Other Regulated Material; Definitions and Preparation
  - TSCA.....Compliance Program Policy Nos. 6-PCB-6 and 6-PCB-7

#### 1.9 PROTECTION OF EXISTING VEGETATION, STRUCTURES, EQUIPMENT, UTILITIES, AND IMPROVEMENTS (FAR 52.236-9)

- A. The Contractor shall preserve and protect all structures, equipment, and vegetation (such as trees, shrubs, and grass) on or adjacent to the work site, which are not to be removed and which do not unreasonably interfere with the work required under this contract. The Contractor shall only remove trees when specifically authorized to do so, and shall avoid damaging vegetation that will remain in place. If any limbs or branches of trees are broken during contract performance, or by the careless operation of equipment, or by workers, the Contractor shall trim those limbs or branches with a clean cut and paint the cut with a tree-pruning compound as directed by the Contracting Officer.
- B. The Contractor shall protect from damage all existing improvements and utilities at or near the work site and on adjacent property of a third party, the locations of which are made known to or should be known by the Contractor. The Contractor shall repair any damage to those facilities, including those that are the property of a third party, resulting from failure to comply with the requirements of this contract or failure to exercise reasonable care in performing the work. If the Contractor fails or refuses to repair the damage promptly, the Contracting Officer may have the necessary work performed and charge the cost to the Contractor.
- c. Refer to Section 01 57 19, TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS, for additional requirements on protecting vegetation, soils and the environment. Refer to Articles, "Alterations", "Restoration", and "Operations and Storage Areas" for additional instructions concerning repair of damage to structures and site improvements.
- D. Refer to FAR clause 52.236-7, "Permits and Responsibilities," which is included in General Conditions. A National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit is required for this project. The Contractor is considered an "operator" under the

permit and has extensive responsibility for compliance with permit requirements. VA will make the permit application available at the (appropriate medical center) office. The apparent low bidder, contractor and affected subcontractors shall furnish all information and certifications that are required to comply with the permit process and permit requirements. Many of the permit requirements will be satisfied by completing construction as shown and specified. Some requirements involve the Contractor's method of operations and operations planning and the Contractor is responsible for employing best management practices. The affected activities often include, but are not limited to the following:

- 1. Designating areas for equipment maintenance and repair;
- Providing waste receptacles at convenient locations and provide regular collection of wastes;
- Locating equipment wash down areas on site, and provide appropriate control of wash-waters;
- Providing protected storage areas for chemicals, paints, solvents, fertilizers, and other potentially toxic materials; and
- 5. Providing adequately maintained sanitary facilities.

#### 1.10 RESTORATION

A. Remove, cut, alter, replace, patch and repair existing work as necessary to install new work. Except as otherwise shown or specified, do not cut, alter or remove any structural work, and do not disturb any ducts, plumbing, steam, gas, or electric work without approval of the COR. Existing work to be altered or extended and that is found to be defective in any way, shall be reported to the COR before it is disturbed. Materials and workmanship used in restoring work, shall conform in type and quality to that of original existing construction, except as otherwise shown or specified.

- B. Upon completion of contract, deliver work complete and undamaged. Existing work (walls, ceilings, partitions, floors, mechanical and electrical work, lawns, paving, roads, walks, etc.) disturbed or removed as a result of performing required new work, shall be patched, repaired, reinstalled, or replaced with new work, and refinished and left in as good condition as existed before commencing work.
- c. At Contractor's own expense, Contractor shall immediately restore to service and repair any damage caused by Contractor's workers to existing piping and conduits, wires, cables, etc., of utility services or of fire protection systems and communications systems (including telephone) which are not scheduled for discontinuance or abandonment.
- D. Expense of repairs to such utilities and systems not shown on drawings or locations of which are unknown will be covered by adjustment to contract time and price in accordance with clause entitled "CHANGES" (FAR 52.243-4) and "DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS" (FAR 52.236-2).

#### 1.11 AS-BUILT DRAWINGS

- A. The contractor shall maintain two full size sets of as-built drawings which will be kept current during construction of the project, to include all contract changes, modifications and clarifications.
- B. All variations shall be shown in the same general detail as used in the contract drawings. To ensure compliance, as-built drawings shall be made available for the COR review, as often as requested.
- C. Contractor shall deliver two approved completed sets of as-built drawings in the electronic version (scanned PDF) to the COR within 15 calendar days after each completed phase and after the acceptance of the project by the COR.
- D. Paragraphs A, B, & C shall also apply to all shop drawings.

#### 1.12 WARRANTY MANAGEMENT

- A. Warranty Management Plan: Develop a warranty management plan which contains information relevant to FAR 52.246-21 Warranty of Construction in at least 30 days before the planned pre-warranty conference, submit four sets of the warranty management plan. Include within the warranty management plan all required actions and documents to assure that the Government receives all warranties to which it is entitled. The plan must be in narrative form and contain sufficient detail to render it suitable for use by future maintenance and repair personnel, whether tradesman, or of engineering background, not necessarily familiar with this contract. The term "status" as indicated below must include due date and whether item has been submitted or was approved. Warranty information made available during the construction phase must be submitted to the Contracting Officer for approval prior to each monthly invoice for payment. Assemble approved information in a binder and turn over to the Government upon acceptance of the work. The construction warranty period will begin on the date of the project acceptance and continue for the product warranty period. A joint 4 month and 9 month warranty inspection will be conducted, measured from time of acceptance, by the Contactor and the Contracting Officer. Include in the warranty management plan, but not limited to, the following:
  - Roles and responsibilities of all personnel associated with the warranty process, including points of contact and telephone numbers within the company of the Contractor, subcontractors, manufacturers or suppliers involved.
  - Furnish with each warranty the name, address and telephone number of each of the guarantor's representatives nearest project location.
  - 3. Listing and status of delivery of all Certificates of Warranty for extended warranty items, to include roofs, HVAC balancing, pumps, motors, transformers and for all commissioned systems

such as fire protection and alarm systems, sprinkler systems and lightning protection systems, etc.

- 4. A list for each warranted equipment item, feature of construction or system indicating:
  - a. Name of item.
  - b. Model and serial numbers.
  - c. Location where installed.
  - d. Name and phone numbers of manufacturers and suppliers.
  - e. Name and phone numbers of manufacturers or suppliers.
  - f. Names, addresses and phone numbers of sources of spare parts.
  - g. Warranties and terms of warranty. Include one-year overall warranty of construction, including the starting date of warranty of construction. Items which have extended warranties must be indicated with separate warranty expiration dates.
  - h. Starting point and duration of warranty period.
  - i. Summary of maintenance procedures required to continue the warranty in force.
  - j. Cross-reference to specific pertinent Operation and Maintenance manuals.
  - k. Organizations, names and phone numbers of persons to call for warranty service.
  - Typical response time and repair time expected for various warranted equipment.
- 5. The plans for attendance at the 4 and 9-month post construction warranty inspections conducted by the government.
- 6. Procedure and status of tagging of all equipment covered by extended warranties.
- Copies of instructions to be posted near selected pieces of equipment where operation is critical for warranty and/or safety reasons.

- B. Performance & Payment Bonds: The Performance & Payment Bonds must remain effective throughout the construction period.
  - In the event the Contractor fails to commence and diligently pursue any construction warranty work required, the Contracting Officer will have the work performed by others, and after completion of the work, will charge the remaining construction warranty funds of expenses incurred by the Government while performing the work, including, but not limited to administrative expenses.
  - 2. In the event sufficient funds are not available to cover the construction warranty work performed by the Government at the contractor's expenses, the Contracting Officer will have the right to recoup expenses from the bonding company.
  - 3. Following oral or written notification of required construction warranty repair work, the Contractor shall respond in a timely manner. Written verification will follow oral instructions. Failure to respond will be cause for the Contracting Officer to proceed against the Contractor.
- C. Pre-Warranty Conference: Prior to contract completion, and at a time designated by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall meet with the Contracting Officer to develop a mutual understanding with respect to the requirements of this section. Communication procedures for Contractor notification of construction warranty defects, priorities with respect to the type of defect, reasonable time required for Contractor response, and other details deemed necessary by the Contracting Officer for the execution of the construction warranty will be established/ reviewed at this meeting. In connection with these requirements and at the time of the Contractor's quality control completion inspection, furnish the name, telephone number and address of a licensed and bonded company which is authorized to initiate and pursue construction warranty work action on behalf of the Contractor. This point of contract will be located within the

local service area of the warranted construction, be continuously available and be responsive to Government inquiry on warranty work action and status. This requirement does not relieve the Contractor of any of its responsibilities in conjunction with other portions of this provision.

- D. Contractor's Response to Construction Warranty Service Requirements:
- E. Following oral or written notification by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall respond to construction warranty service requirements in accordance with the "Construction Warranty Service Priority List" and the three categories of priorities listed below. Submit a report on any warranty item that has been repaired during the warranty period. Include within the report the cause of the problem, date reported, corrective action taken, and when the repair was completed. If the Contractor does not perform the construction warranty within the timeframe specified, the Government will perform the work and back charge the construction warranty payment item established.
  - First Priority Code 1. Perform onsite inspection to evaluate situation, and determine course of action within 4 hours, initiate work within 6 hours and work continuously to completion or relief.
  - Second Priority Code 2. Perform onsite inspection to evaluate situation, and determine course of action within 8 hours, initiate work within 24 hours and work continuously to completion or relief.
  - 3. Third Priority Code 3. All other work to be initiated within 3 work days and work continuously to completion or relief.
  - 4. The "Construction Warranty Service Priority List" is as follows:
    - a) Code 1-Life Safety Systems
      - 1) Fire suppression systems.
      - 2) Fire alarm system(s).

- b) Code 1-Air Conditioning Systems
  - Air conditioning leak in part of the building, if causing damage.
  - 2) Air conditioning system not cooling properly.
- c) <u>Code 1 Doors</u>
  - 1) Overhead doors not operational, causing a security, fire or safety problem.
  - Interior, exterior personnel doors or hardware, not functioning properly, causing security, fire or safety problem.
- d) Code 3-Doors
  - 1) Overhead doors not operational.
  - Interior/exterior personnel doors or hardware not functioning properly.
- e) Code 1-Electrical
  - Power failure (entire area or any building operational after 1600 hours).
  - 2) Security lights.
  - 3) Smoke detectors.
- f) Code 2-Electrical
  - Power failure (no power to a room or part of building). Receptacle and lights not operational (in a room or part of building).
- g) Code 3-Electrical
  - 1) Exterior lights not operational.
- h) Code 1-Gas

1) Leaks and pipeline breaks.

i) <u>Code 1-Heat</u>

1) Power failure affecting heat.

- j) <u>Code 1-Plumbing</u>
  - 1) Hot water heater failure.
  - 2) Leaking water supply pipes
- k) Code 2-Plumbing

- 1) Flush valves not operating properly
- 2) Fixture drain, supply line or any water pipe leaking.
- 3) Toilet leaking at base.
- 1) Code 3- Plumbing
  - 1) Leaky faucets.
- m) Code 3-Interior
  - 1) Floors damaged.
  - 2) Paint chipping or peeling.
  - 3) Casework damaged.
- n) Code 1-Roof Leaks
  - 1) Damage to property is occurring.
- o) Code 2-Water (Exterior)

1) No water to facility.

p) Code 2-Water (Hot)

1) No hot water in portion of building listed.

- q) <u>Code 3</u>
  - 1) All work not listed above.
- F. Warranty Tags: At the time of installation, tag each warranted item with a durable, oil and water-resistant tag approved by the Contracting Officer. Attach each tag with a copper wire and spray with a silicone waterproof coating. Also submit two record copies of the warranty tags showing the layout and design. The date of acceptance and the QC signature must remain blank until the project is accepted for beneficial occupancy. Show the following information on the tag.

| Warranty Tags            |
|--------------------------|
| Type of product/material |
| Model number             |
| Serial number            |
| Contract number          |
| Warranty period from/to  |
| Inspector's signature    |

| Warranty Tags                        |
|--------------------------------------|
| Construction Contractor              |
| Address                              |
| Telephone number                     |
| Warranty Contact                     |
| Address                              |
| Telephone number                     |
| Warranty response time priority code |

#### 1.13 USE OF ROADWAYS

A. For hauling, use only established public roads and roads on Medical Center property and, when authorized by the COR, such temporary roads which are necessary in the performance of contract work. Temporary roads shall be constructed and restoration performed by the Contractor at Contractor's expense. When necessary to cross curbing, sidewalks, or similar construction, they must be protected by well-constructed bridges.

#### 1.14 TEMPORARY USE OF MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

- A. Use of new installed mechanical and electrical equipment to provide heat, ventilation, plumbing, light and power will be permitted subject to written approval and compliance with the following provisions:
  - Permission to use each unit or system must be given by COR in writing. If the equipment is not installed and maintained in accordance with the written agreement and following provisions, the COR will withdraw permission for use of the equipment.
  - Electrical installations used by the equipment shall be completed in accordance with the drawings and specifications to prevent damage to the equipment and the electrical systems, i.e. transformers, relays, circuit breakers, fuses, conductors, motor controllers and their overload elements

shall be properly sized, coordinated and adjusted. Installation of temporary electrical equipment or devices shall be in accordance with NFPA 70, National Electrical Code, (2014 Edition), Article 590, *Temporary Installations*. Voltage supplied to each item of equipment shall be verified to be correct and it shall be determined that motors are not overloaded. The electrical equipment shall be thoroughly cleaned before using it and again immediately before final inspection including vacuum cleaning and wiping clean interior and exterior surfaces.

- Units shall be properly lubricated, balanced, and aligned.
   Vibrations must be eliminated.
- Automatic temperature control systems for preheat coils shall function properly and all safety controls shall function to prevent coil freeze-up damage.
- 5. The air filtering system utilized shall be that which is designed for the system when complete, and all filter elements shall be replaced at completion of construction and prior to testing and balancing of system.
- 6. All components of heat production and distribution system, metering equipment, condensate returns, and other auxiliary facilities used in temporary service shall be cleaned prior to use; maintained to prevent corrosion internally and externally during use; and cleaned, maintained and inspected prior to acceptance by the Government.
- B. Prior to final inspection, the equipment or parts used which show wear and tear beyond normal, shall be replaced with identical replacements, at no additional cost to the Government.
- C. This paragraph shall not reduce the requirements of the mechanical and electrical specifications sections.
- D. Any damage to the equipment or excessive wear due to prolonged use will be repaired replaced by the contractor at the contractor's expense.

#### 1.15 TEMPORARY TOILETS

- A. Provide where directed, (for use of all Contractor's workers) ample temporary sanitary toilet accommodations with suitable sewer and water connections; or, when approved by COR, provide suitable dry closets where directed. Keep such places clean and free from flies and all connections and appliances connected therewith are to be removed prior to completion of contract, and premises left perfectly clean.
  - \*Contractor may have for use of Contractor's workers, such toilet accommodations as may be assigned to Contractor by Medical Center . Contractor shall keep such places clean and be responsible for any damage done thereto by Contractor's workers. Failure to maintain satisfactory condition in toilets will deprive Contractor of the privilege to use such toilets.

#### 1.16 AVAILABILITY AND USE OF UTILITY SERVICES

- A. The Government shall make all reasonably required amounts of utilities available to the Contractor from existing outlets and supplies, as specified in the contract. The amount to be paid by the Contractor for chargeable electrical services shall be the prevailing rates charged to the Government. The Contractor shall carefully conserve any utilities furnished without charge.
- B. The Contractor, at Contractor's expense and in a workmanlike manner, in compliance with code and as satisfactory to the Contracting Officer, shall install and maintain all necessary temporary connections and distribution lines, and all meters required to measure the amount of electricity used for the purpose of determining charges. Before final acceptance of the work by the Government, the Contractor shall remove all the temporary connections, distribution lines, meters, and associated paraphernalia and repair restore the infrastructure as required.

- C. Contractor shall install meters at Contractor's expense and furnish the Medical Center a monthly record of the Contractor's usage of electricity as hereinafter specified.
- D. Heat: Furnish temporary heat necessary to prevent injury to work and materials through dampness and cold. Use of open salamanders or any temporary heating devices which may be fire hazards or may smoke and damage finished work, will not be permitted. Maintain minimum temperatures as specified for various materials:
  - Obtain heat by connecting to Medical Center heating distribution system.
- E. Electricity (for Construction and Testing): Furnish all temporary electric services.
  - Obtain electricity by connecting to the Medical Center electrical distribution system. The Contractor shall meter and pay for electricity required for electric cranes and hoisting devices, electrical welding devices and any electrical heating devices providing temporary heat. Electricity for all other uses is available at no cost to the Contractor.
- F. Water (for Construction and Testing): Furnish temporary water service.
  - Obtain water by connecting to the Medical Center water distribution system. Provide reduced pressure backflow preventer at each connection as per code. Water is available at no cost to the Contractor.
  - 2. Maintain connections, pipe, fittings and fixtures and conserve water-use so none is wasted. Failure to stop leakage or other wastes will be cause for revocation (at COR discretion) of use of water from Medical Center's system.

#### 1.17 NEW TELEPHONE EQUIPMENT

A. The contractor shall coordinate with the work of installation of telephone equipment by others. This work shall be completed before the building is turned over to VA.

#### 1.18 TESTS

- A. As per specification section 23 05 93 the contractor shall provide a written testing and commissioning plan complete with component level, equipment level, sub-system level and system level breakdowns. The plan will provide a schedule and a written sequence of what will be tested, how and what the expected outcome will be. This document will be submitted for approval prior to commencing work. The contractor shall document the results of the approved plan and submit for approval with the as built documentation.
- B. Pre-test mechanical and electrical equipment and systems and make corrections required for proper operation of such systems before requesting final tests. Final test will not be conducted unless pre-tested.
- C. Conduct final tests required in various sections of specifications in presence of an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer. Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, equipment, instruments, and forms, to conduct and record such tests.
- D. Mechanical and electrical systems shall be balanced, controlled and coordinated. A system is defined as the entire system which must be coordinated to work together during normal operation to produce results for which the system is designed. For example, air conditioning supply air is only one part of entire system which provides comfort conditions for a building. Other related components are return air, exhaust air, steam, chilled water, refrigerant, hot water, controls and electricity, etc. Another example of a system which involves several components of different disciplines is a boiler installation. Efficient and acceptable boiler operation depends upon the coordination and proper operation of fuel, combustion air, controls, steam, feedwater, condensate and other related components.

- E. All related components as defined above shall be functioning when any system component is tested. Tests shall be completed within a reasonably period of time during which operating and environmental conditions remain reasonably constant and are typical of the design conditions.
- F. Individual test result of any component, where required, will only be accepted when submitted with the test results of related components and of the entire system.

#### 1.19 INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Contractor shall furnish Maintenance and Operating manuals (hard copies and electronic) and verbal instructions when required by the various sections of the specifications and as hereinafter specified.
- B. Manuals: Maintenance and operating manuals and one compact disc (four hard copies and one electronic copy each) for each separate piece of equipment shall be delivered to the COR coincidental with the delivery of the equipment to the job site. Manuals shall be complete, detailed guides for the maintenance and operation of equipment. They shall include complete information necessary for starting, adjusting, maintaining in continuous operation for long periods of time and dismantling and reassembling of the complete units and sub-assembly components. Manuals shall include an index covering all component parts clearly cross-referenced to diagrams and illustrations. Illustrations shall include "exploded" views showing and identifying each separate item. Emphasis shall be placed on the use of special tools and instruments. The function of each piece of equipment, component, accessory and control shall be clearly and thoroughly explained. All necessary precautions for the operation of the equipment and the reason for each precaution shall be clearly set forth. Manuals must reference the exact model, style and size of the piece of equipment and system being furnished. Manuals referencing

equipment similar to but of a different model, style, and size than that furnished will not be accepted.

C. Instructions: Contractor shall provide qualified, factory-trained manufacturers' representatives to give detailed training to assigned Department of Veterans Affairs personnel in the operation and complete maintenance for each piece of equipment. All such training will be at the job site. These requirements are more specifically detailed in the various technical sections. Instructions for different items of equipment that are component parts of a complete system, shall be given in an integrated, progressive manner. All instructors for every piece of component equipment in a system shall be available until instructions for all items included in the system have been completed. This is to assure proper instruction in the operation of inter-related systems. All instruction periods shall be at such times as scheduled by the COR and shall be considered concluded only when the COR is satisfied in regard to complete and thorough coverage. The contractor shall submit a course outline with associated material to the COR for review and approval prior to scheduling training to ensure the subject matter covers the expectations of the VA and the contractual requirements. The Department of Veterans Affairs reserves the right to request the removal of, and substitution for, any instructor who, in the opinion of the COR, does not demonstrate sufficient qualifications in accordance with requirements for instructors above.

### 1.20 RELOCATED EQUIPMENT ITEMS

- A. Contractor shall disconnect, dismantle as necessary, remove and reinstall in new location, all existing equipment and items indicated by symbol "R" or otherwise shown to be relocated by the Contractor.
- B. Perform relocation of such equipment or items at such times and in such a manner as directed by the COR.

- C. Suitably cap existing service lines, such as steam, condensate return, water, drain, gas, air, vacuum and/or electrical, at the main whenever such lines are disconnected from equipment to be relocated. Remove abandoned lines in finished areas and cap as specified herein before under paragraph "Abandoned Lines".
- D. Provide all mechanical and electrical service connections, fittings, fastenings and any other materials necessary for assembly and installation of relocated equipment; and leave such equipment in proper operating condition.
- E. Contractor shall employ services of an installation engineer, who is an authorized representative of the manufacturer of this equipment to supervise assembly and installation of existing equipment, required to be relocated.
- F. All service lines such as noted above for relocated equipment shall be in place at point of relocation ready for use before any existing equipment is disconnected. Make relocated existing equipment ready for operation or use immediately after reinstallation.

## 1.21 CONSTRUCTION SIGN

- A. Provide a Construction Sign where directed by the COR. All wood members shall be of framing lumber. Cover sign frame with 0.7 mm (24 gage) galvanized sheet steel nailed securely around edges and on all bearings. Provide three 100 by 100 mm (4 inch by 4 inch) posts (or equivalent round posts) set 1200 mm (four feet) into ground. Set bottom of sign level at 900 mm (three feet) above ground and secure to posts with through bolts. Make posts full height of sign. Brace posts with 50 x 100 mm (two by four inch) material as directed.
- B. Paint all surfaces of sign and posts two coats of white gloss paint. Border and letters shall be of black gloss paint, except project title which shall be blue gloss paint.

- C. Maintain sign and remove it when directed by the COR.
- D. Detail Drawing of construction sign showing required legend and other characteristics of sign is attached hereto and made a part of this specification.

## 1.22 SAFETY SIGN

- A. Provide a Safety Sign where directed by COR. Face of sign shall be 19 mm (3/4 inch) thick exterior grade plywood. Provide two 100 mm by 100 mm (four by four inch) posts extending full height of sign and 900 mm (three feet) into ground. Set bottom of sign level at 1200 mm (four feet) above ground.
- B. Paint all surfaces of Safety Sign and posts with one prime coat and two coats of white gloss paint. Letters and design shall be painted with gloss paint of colors noted.
- C. Maintain sign and remove it when directed by COR.
- D. Drawing details in VA Signage Design Manual, Section 11 Specialty Signs (found on VA TIL) show required legend and other characteristics of sign and are attached hereto and is made a part of this specification.
- E. Post the number of accident free days on a daily basis.

### 1.23 FINAL ELEVATION DIGITAL IMAGES

- A. A minimum of four (4) images of each elevation shall be taken with a minimum 6 MP camera, by a professional photographer with different settings to allow the COR to select the image to be printed. All images are provided to the RE on a CD.
- B. Photographs shall be taken upon completion, including landscaping. They shall be taken on a clear sunny day to obtain sufficient detail to show depth and to provide clear, sharp pictures. Pictures shall be 400 mm x 500 mm (16 by 20 inches), printed on regular weight paper, matte finish archival grade photographic paper and produced by a RA4 process from the digital image with a minimum 300 PPI. Identifying data shall be carried on label affixed to back of photograph without damage to

photograph and shall be similar to that provided for final construction photographs.

- C. Furnish six (6) 400 mm x 500 mm (16 by 20 inch) color prints of the following buildings constructed under this project (elevations as selected by the RE from the images taken above). Photographs shall be artistically composed showing full front elevations. All images shall become property of the Government. Each of the selected six prints shall be place in a frame with a minimum of 2 inches of appropriate matting as a border. Provide a selection of a minimum of 3 different frames from which the SRE will select one style to frame all six prints. Photographs with frames shall be delivered to the COR in boxes suitable for shipping.
  - 1. Clinical Building .

- - - E N D - - -

# SECTION 01 32 16.15 PROJECT SCHEDULES (SMALL PROJECTS - DESIGN/BID/BUILD)

## PART 1- GENERAL

## 1.1 DESCRIPTION:

A. The Contractor shall develop a Critical Path Method (CPM) plan and schedule demonstrating fulfillment of the contract requirements (Project Schedule), and shall keep the Project Schedule up-to-date in accordance with the requirements of this section and shall utilize the plan for scheduling, coordinating and monitoring work under this contract (including all activities of subcontractors, equipment vendors and suppliers). Conventional Critical Path Method (CPM) technique shall be utilized to satisfy both time and cost applications.

## 1.2 CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATIVE:

- A. The Contractor shall designate an authorized representative responsible for the Project Schedule including preparation, review and progress reporting with and to the Contracting Officer's Representative (COTR).
- B. The Contractor's representative shall have direct project control and complete authority to act on behalf of the Contractor in fulfilling the requirements of this specification section.
- C. The Contractor's representative shall have the option of developing the project schedule within their organization or to engage the services of an outside consultant. If an outside scheduling consultant is utilized, Section 1.3 of this specification will apply.

# 1.3 CONTRACTOR'S CONSULTANT:

- A. The Contractor shall submit a qualification proposal to the COTR, within 10 days of bid acceptance. The qualification proposal shall include:
  - 1. The name and address of the proposed consultant.
  - Information to show that the proposed consultant has the qualifications to meet the requirements specified in the preceding paragraph.
  - A representative sample of prior construction projects, which the proposed consultant has performed complete project scheduling services. These representative samples shall be of similar size and scope.

B. The Contracting Officer has the right to approve or disapprove the proposed consultant, and will notify the Contractor of the VA decision within seven calendar days from receipt of the qualification proposal. In case of disapproval, the Contractor shall resubmit another consultant within 10 calendar days for renewed consideration. The Contractor shall have their scheduling consultant approved prior to submitting any schedule for approval.

#### 1.4 COMPUTER PRODUCED SCHEDULES

- A. The contractor shall provide monthly, to the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA), all computer-produced time/cost schedules and reports generated from monthly project updates. This monthly computer service will include: three copies of up to five different reports (inclusive of all pages) available within the user defined reports of the scheduling software approved by the Contracting Officer; a hard copy listing of all project schedule changes, and associated data, made at the update and an electronic file of this data; and the resulting monthly updated schedule in PDM format. These must be submitted with and substantively support the contractor's monthly payment request and the signed look ahead report. The COTR shall identify the five different report formats that the contractor shall provide.
- B. The contractor shall be responsible for the correctness and timeliness of the computer-produced reports. The Contractor shall also responsible for the accurate and timely submittal of the updated project schedule and all CPM data necessary to produce the computer reports and payment request that is specified.
- C. The VA will report errors in computer-produced reports to the Contractor's representative within ten calendar days from receipt of reports. The Contractor shall reprocess the computer-produced reports and associated diskette(s), when requested by the Contracting Officer's representative, to correct errors which affect the payment and schedule for the project.

## 1.5 THE COMPLETE PROJECT SCHEDULE SUBMITTAL

A. Within 45 calendar days after receipt of Notice to Proceed, the Contractor shall submit for the Contracting Officer's review; three blue line copies of the interim schedule on sheets of paper 765 x 1070 mm (30 x 42 inches) and an electronic file in the previously approved CPM schedule program. The submittal shall also include three copies of

a computer-produced activity/event ID schedule showing project duration; phase completion dates; and other data, including event cost. Each activity/event on the computer-produced schedule shall contain as a minimum, but not limited to, activity/event ID, activity/event description, duration, budget amount, early start date, early finish date, late start date, late finish date and total float. Work activity/event relationships shall be restricted to finish-to-start or start-to-start without lead or lag constraints. Activity/event date constraints, not required by the contract, will not be accepted unless submitted to and approved by the Contracting Officer. The contractor shall make a separate written detailed request to the Contracting Officer identifying these date constraints and secure the Contracting Officer's written approval before incorporating them into the network diagram. The Contracting Officer's separate approval of the Project Schedule shall not excuse the contractor of this requirement. Logic events (non-work) will be permitted where necessary to reflect proper logic among work events, but must have zero duration. The complete working schedule shall reflect the Contractor's approach to scheduling the complete project. The final Project Schedule in its original form shall contain no contract changes or delays which may have been incurred during the final network diagram development period and shall reflect the entire contract duration as defined in the bid documents. These changes/delays shall be entered at the first update after the final Project Schedule has been approved. The Contractor should provide their requests for time and supporting time extension analysis for contract time as a result of contract changes/delays, after this update, and in accordance with Article, ADJUSTMENT OF CONTRACT COMPLETION.

- B. Within 30 calendar days after receipt of the complete project interim Project Schedule and the complete final Project Schedule, the Contracting Officer or his representative, will do one or both of the following:
  - Notify the Contractor concerning his actions, opinions, and objections.
  - 2. A meeting with the Contractor at or near the job site for joint review, correction or adjustment of the proposed plan will be scheduled if required. Within 14 calendar days after the joint

review, the Contractor shall revise and shall submit three blue line copies of the revised Project Schedule, three copies of the revised computer-produced activity/event ID schedule and a revised electronic file as specified by the Contracting Officer. The revised submission will be reviewed by the Contracting Officer and, if found to be as previously agreed upon, will be approved.

C. The approved baseline schedule and the computer-produced schedule(s) generated there from shall constitute the approved baseline schedule until subsequently revised in accordance with the requirements of this section.

#### 1.6 WORK ACTIVITY/EVENT COST DATA

- A. The Contractor shall cost load all work activities/events except procurement activities. The cumulative amount of all cost loaded work activities/events (including alternates) shall equal the total contract price. Prorate overhead, profit and general conditions on all work activities/events for the entire project length. The contractor shall generate from this information cash flow curves indicating graphically the total percentage of work activity/event dollar value scheduled to be in place on early finish, late finish. These cash flow curves will be used by the Contracting Officer to assist him in determining approval or disapproval of the cost loading. Negative work activity/event cost data will not be acceptable, except on VA issued contract changes.
- B. The Contractor shall cost load work activities/events for guarantee period services, test, balance and adjust various systems in accordance with the provisions in Article, FAR 52.232 - 5 (PAYMENT UNDER FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS) and VAAR 852.232 - Article 70 Without NAS-CPM Article 71 Including NAS-CPM for (PAYMENTS UNDER FIXED PRICE CONSTRUCTION).
- C. In accordance with FAR 52.236 1 (PERFORMANCE OF WORK BY THE CONTRACTOR) and VAAR 852.236 - 72 (PERFORMANCE OF WORK BY THE CONTRACTOR), the Contractor shall submit, simultaneously with the cost per work activity/event of the construction schedule required by this Section, a responsibility code for all activities/events of the project for which the Contractor's forces will perform the work.

D. The Contractor shall cost load work activities/events for all BID ITEMS including ASBESTOS ABATEMENT. The sum of each BID ITEM work shall equal the value of the bid item in the Contractors' bid.

## 1.7 PROJECT SCHEDULE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Show on the project schedule the sequence of work activities/events required for complete performance of all items of work. The Contractor Shall:
  - 1. Show activities/events as:
    - a. Contractor's time required for submittal of shop drawings, templates, fabrication, delivery and similar pre-construction work.
    - b. Contracting Officer's and Architect-Engineer's review and approval of shop drawings, equipment schedules, samples, template, or similar items.
    - c. Interruption of VA Facilities utilities, delivery of Government furnished equipment, and rough-in drawings, project phasing and any other specification requirements.
    - d. Test, balance and adjust various systems and pieces of equipment, maintenance and operation manuals, instructions and preventive maintenance tasks.
    - e. VA inspection and acceptance activity/event with a minimum duration of five work days at the end of each phase and immediately preceding any VA move activity/event required by the contract phasing for that phase.
  - 2. Show not only the activities/events for actual construction work for each trade category of the project, but also trade relationships to indicate the movement of trades from one area, floor, or building, to another area, floor, or building, for at least five trades who are performing major work under this contract.
  - 3. Break up the work into activities/events of a duration no longer than 20 work days each or one reporting period, except as to non-construction activities/events (i.e., procurement of materials, delivery of equipment, concrete and asphalt curing) and any other activities/events for which the COTR may approve the showing of a longer duration. The duration for VA approval of any required submittal, shop drawing, or other submittals will not be less than 20 work days.

- 4. Describe work activities/events clearly, so the work is readily identifiable for assessment of completion. Activities/events labeled "start," "continue," or "completion," are not specific and will not be allowed. Lead and lag time activities will not be acceptable.
- 5. The schedule shall be generally numbered in such a way to reflect either discipline, phase or location of the work.
- B. The Contractor shall submit the following supporting data in addition to the project schedule:
  - The appropriate project calendar including working days and holidays.
  - 2. The planned number of shifts per day.
  - 3. The number of hours per shift.

Failure of the Contractor to include this data shall delay the review of the submittal until the Contracting Officer is in receipt of the missing data.

- C. To the extent that the Project Schedule or any revised Project Schedule shows anything not jointly agreed upon, it shall not be deemed to have been approved by the COTR. Failure to include any element of work required for the performance of this contract shall not excuse the Contractor from completing all work required within any applicable completion date of each phase regardless of the COTR's approval of the Project Schedule.
- D. Compact Disk Requirements and CPM Activity/Event Record Specifications: Submit to the VA an electronic file(s) containing one file of the data required to produce a schedule, reflecting all the activities/events of the complete project schedule being submitted.
- 1.8 PAYMENT TO THE CONTRACTOR:
  - A. Monthly, the contractor shall submit an application and certificate for payment using VA Form 10-6001a or the AIA application and certificate for payment documents G702 & G703 reflecting updated schedule activities and cost data in accordance with the provisions of the following Article, PAYMENT AND PROGRESS REPORTING, as the basis upon which progress payments will be made pursuant to Article, FAR 52.232 -5 (PAYMENT UNDER FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS) and VAAR 852.232 -Article 70 Without NAS-CPM Article 71 Including NAS-CPM for (PAYMENTS UNDER FIXED PRICE CONSTRUCTION). The Contractor shall be entitled to a monthly progress payment upon approval of estimates as determined from

the currently approved updated project schedule. Monthly payment requests shall include: a listing of all agreed upon project schedule changes and associated data; and an electronic file (s) of the resulting monthly updated schedule.

B. Approval of the Contractor's monthly Application for Payment shall be contingent, among other factors, on the submittal of a satisfactory monthly update of the project schedule.

## 1.9 PAYMENT AND PROGRESS REPORTING

- A. Monthly schedule update meetings will be held on dates mutually agreed to by the COTR and the Contractor. Contractor and their CPM consultant (if applicable) shall attend all monthly schedule update meetings. The Contractor shall accurately update the Project Schedule and all other data required and provide this information to the COTR three work days in advance of the schedule update meeting. Job progress will be reviewed to verify:
  - Actual start and/or finish dates for updated/completed activities/events.
  - Remaining duration for each activity/event started, or scheduled to start, but not completed.
  - 3. Logic, time and cost data for change orders, and supplemental agreements that are to be incorporated into the Project Schedule.
  - Changes in activity/event sequence and/or duration which have been made, pursuant to the provisions of following Article, ADJUSTMENT OF CONTRACT COMPLETION.
  - 5. Completion percentage for all completed and partially completed activities/events.
  - Logic and duration revisions required by this section of the specifications.
  - 7. Activity/event duration and percent complete shall be updated independently.
- B. After completion of the joint review, the contractor shall generate an updated computer-produced calendar-dated schedule and supply the Contracting Officer's representative with reports in accordance with the Article, COMPUTER PRODUCED SCHEDULES, specified.
- C. After completing the monthly schedule update, the contractor's representative or scheduling consultant shall rerun all current period contract change(s) against the prior approved monthly project schedule.

The analysis shall only include original workday durations and schedule logic agreed upon by the contractor and resident engineer for the contract change(s). When there is a disagreement on logic and/or durations, the Contractor shall use the schedule logic and/or durations provided and approved by the resident engineer. After each rerun update, the resulting electronic project schedule data file shall be appropriately identified and submitted to the VA in accordance to the requirements listed in articles 1.4 and 1.7. This electronic submission is separate from the regular monthly project schedule update requirements and shall be submitted to the resident engineer within fourteen (14) calendar days of completing the regular schedule update. Before inserting the contract changes durations, care must be taken to ensure that only the original durations will be used for the analysis, not the reported durations after progress. In addition, once the final network diagram is approved, the contractor must recreate all manual progress payment updates on this approved network diagram and associated reruns for contract changes in each of these update periods as outlined above for regular update periods. This will require detailed record keeping for each of the manual progress payment updates.

D. Following approval of the CPM schedule, the VA, the General Contractor, its approved CPM Consultant, RE office representatives, and all subcontractors needed, as determined by the SRE, shall meet to discuss the monthly updated schedule. The main emphasis shall be to address work activities to avoid slippage of project schedule and to identify any necessary actions required to maintain project schedule during the reporting period. The Government representatives and the Contractor should conclude the meeting with a clear understanding of those work and administrative actions necessary to maintain project schedule status during the reporting period. This schedule coordination meeting will occur after each monthly project schedule update meeting utilizing the resulting schedule reports from that schedule update. If the project is behind schedule, discussions should include ways to prevent further slippage as well as ways to improve the project schedule status, when appropriate.

### 1.10 RESPONSIBILITY FOR COMPLETION

- A. If it becomes apparent from the current revised monthly progress schedule that phasing or contract completion dates will not be met, the Contractor shall execute some or all of the following remedial actions:
  - Increase construction manpower in such quantities and crafts as necessary to eliminate the backlog of work.
  - Increase the number of working hours per shift, shifts per working day, working days per week, the amount of construction equipment, or any combination of the foregoing to eliminate the backlog of work.
  - 3. Reschedule the work in conformance with the specification requirements.
- B. Prior to proceeding with any of the above actions, the Contractor shall notify and obtain approval from the COTR for the proposed schedule changes. If such actions are approved, the representative schedule revisions shall be incorporated by the Contractor into the Project Schedule before the next update, at no additional cost to the Government.

## 1.11 CHANGES TO THE SCHEDULE

- A. Within 30 calendar days after VA acceptance and approval of any updated project schedule, the Contractor shall submit a revised electronic file (s) and a list of any activity/event changes including predecessors and successors for any of the following reasons:
  - Delay in completion of any activity/event or group of activities/events, which may be involved with contract changes, strikes, unusual weather, and other delays will not relieve the Contractor from the requirements specified unless the conditions are shown on the CPM as the direct cause for delaying the project beyond the acceptable limits.
  - Delays in submittals, or deliveries, or work stoppage are encountered which make rescheduling of the work necessary.
  - The schedule does not represent the actual prosecution and progress of the project.
  - When there is, or has been, a substantial revision to the activity/event costs regardless of the cause for these revisions.
- B. CPM revisions made under this paragraph which affect the previously approved computer-produced schedules for Government furnished equipment, vacating of areas by the VA Facility, contract phase(s) and

sub phase(s), utilities furnished by the Government to the Contractor, or any other previously contracted item, shall be furnished in writing to the Contracting Officer for approval.

- C. Contracting Officer's approval for the revised project schedule and all relevant data is contingent upon compliance with all other paragraphs of this section and any other previous agreements by the Contracting Officer or the VA representative.
- D. The cost of revisions to the project schedule resulting from contract changes will be included in the proposal for changes in work as specified in FAR 52.243 - 4 (Changes, and will be based on the complexity of the revision or contract change, man hours expended in analyzing the change, and the total cost of the change.
- E. The cost of revisions to the Project Schedule not resulting from contract changes is the responsibility of the Contractor.

### 1.12 ADJUSTMENT OF CONTRACT COMPLETION

- A. The contract completion time will be adjusted only for causes specified in this contract. Request for an extension of the contract completion date by the Contractor shall be supported with a justification, CPM data and supporting evidence as the COTR may deem necessary for determination as to whether or not the Contractor is entitled to an extension of time under the provisions of the contract. Submission of proof based on revised activity/event logic, durations (in work days) and costs is obligatory to any approvals. The schedule must clearly display that the Contractor has used, in full, all the float time available for the work involved in this request. The Contracting Officer's determination as to the total number of days of contract extension will be based upon the current computer-produced calendar-dated schedule for the time period in question and all other relevant information.
- B. Actual delays in activities/events which, according to the computer- produced calendar-dated schedule, do not affect the extended and predicted contract completion dates shown by the critical path in the network, will not be the basis for a change to the contract completion date. The Contracting Officer will within a reasonable time after receipt of such justification and supporting evidence, review the facts and advise the Contractor in writing of the Contracting Officer's decision.

- C. The Contractor shall submit each request for a change in the contract completion date to the Contracting Officer in accordance with the provisions specified under FAR 52.243 - 4 (Changes). The Contractor shall include, as a part of each change order proposal, a sketch showing all CPM logic revisions, duration (in work days) changes, and cost changes, for work in question and its relationship to other activities on the approved network diagram.
- D. All delays due to non-work activities/events such as RFI's, WEATHER, STRIKES, and similar non-work activities/events shall be analyzed on a month by month basis.

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### SECTION 01 33 23

## SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. This specification defines the general requirements and procedures for submittals. A submittal is information submitted for VA review to establish compliance with the contract documents.
- B. Detailed submittal requirements are found in the technical sections of the contract specifications. The Contracting Officer may request submittals in addition to those specified when deemed necessary to adequately describe the work covered in the respective technical specifications at no additional cost to the government.
- C. VA approval of a submittal does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for any error which may exist. The Contractor is responsible for fully complying with all contract requirements and the satisfactory construction of all work, including the need to check, confirm, and coordinate the work of all subcontractors for the project. Non-compliant material incorporated in the work will be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense.

## 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Preconstruction Submittals: Submittals which are required prior to issuing contract notice to proceed or starting construction. For example, Certificates of insurance; Surety bonds; Site-specific safety plan; Construction progress schedule; Schedule of values; Submittal register; List of proposed subcontractors.
- B. Shop Drawings: Drawings, diagrams, and schedules specifically prepared to illustrate some portion of the work. Drawings prepared by or for the Contractor to show how multiple systems and interdisciplinary work will be integrated and coordinated.
- C. Product Data: Catalog cuts, illustrations, schedules, diagrams, performance charts, instructions, and brochures, which describe and illustrate size, physical appearance, and other characteristics of materials, systems, or equipment for some portion of the work. Samples of warranty language when the contract requires extended product warranties.

- D. Samples: Physical examples of materials, equipment, or workmanship that illustrate functional and aesthetic characteristics of a material or product and establish standards by which the work can be judged. Color samples from the manufacturer's standard line (or custom color samples if specified) to be used in selecting or approving colors for the project. Field samples and mock-ups constructed to establish standards by which the ensuing work can be judged.
- E. Design Data: Calculations, mix designs, analyses, or other data pertaining to a part of work.
- F. Test Reports: Report which includes findings of a test required to be performed by the Contractor on an actual portion of the work. Report which includes finding of a test made at the job site or on sample taken from the job site, on portion of work during or after installation.
- G. Certificates: Document required of Contractor, or of a manufacturer, supplier, installer, or subcontractor through Contractor. The purpose is to document procedures, acceptability of methods, or personnel qualifications for a portion of the work.
- H. Manufacturer's Instructions: Pre-printed material describing installation of a product, system, or material, including special notices and MSDS concerning impedances, hazards, and safety precautions.
- I. Manufacturer's Field Reports: Documentation of the testing and verification actions taken by manufacturer's representative at the job site on a portion of the work, during or after installation, to confirm compliance with manufacturer's standards or instructions. The documentation must indicate whether the material, product, or system has passed or failed the test.
- J. Operation and Maintenance Data: Manufacturer data that is required to operate, maintain, troubleshoot, and repair equipment, including manufacturer's help, parts list, and product line documentation. This data shall be incorporated in an operations and maintenance manual.
- K. Closeout Submittals: Documentation necessary to properly close out a construction contract. For example, Record Drawings and as-built drawings. Also, submittal requirements necessary to properly close out a phase of construction on a multi-phase contract.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTAL REGISTER

- A. The submittal register will list items of equipment and materials for which submittals are required by the specifications. This list may not be all inclusive and additional submittals may be required by the specifications. The Contractor is not relieved from supplying submittals required by the contract documents but which have been omitted from the submittal register.
- B. The submittal register will serve as a scheduling document for submittals and will be used to control submittal actions throughout the contract period.
- C. The Contractor will provide the submittal register in electronic format, similar to Submittal Exchange or approved equal. The Contractor shall track all submittals by maintaining a complete list, including completion of all data columns, including dates on which submittals are received and returned by the VA.
- D. The Contractor shall update the submittal register as submittal actions occur and maintain the submittal register at the project site until final acceptance of all work by Contracting Officer.
- E. The Contractor shall submit formal monthly updates to the submittal register in electronic format. Each monthly update shall document actual submission and approval dates for each submittal.

#### **1.4 SUBMITTAL SCHEDULING**

- A. Submittals are to be scheduled, submitted, reviewed, and approved prior to the acquisition of the material or equipment.
- B. Coordinate scheduling, sequencing, preparing, and processing of submittals with performance of work so that work will not be delayed by submittal processing. Allow time for potential resubmittal.
- C. No delay costs or time extensions will be allowed for time lost in late submittals or resubmittals.
- D. All submittals are required to be approved prior to the start of the specified work activity.

## 1.5 SUBMITTAL PREPARATION

- A. Each submittal is to be complete and in sufficient detail to allow ready determination of compliance with contract requirements.
- B. Collect required data for each specific material, product, unit of work, or system into a single submittal. Prominently mark choices, options,

and portions applicable to the submittal. Partial submittals will not be accepted for expedition of construction effort. Submittal will be returned without review if incomplete.

- C. If available product data is incomplete, provide Contractor-prepared documentation to supplement product data and satisfy submittal requirements.
- D. All irrelevant or unnecessary data shall be removed from the submittal to facilitate accuracy and timely processing. Submittals that contain the excessive amount of irrelevant or unnecessary data will be returned with review.
- E. Provide a transmittal form for each submittal with the following information:
  - 1. Project title, location and number.
  - 2. Construction contract number.
  - 3. Date of the drawings and revisions.
  - Name, address, and telephone number of subcontractor, supplier, manufacturer, and any other subcontractor associated with the submittal.
  - 5. List paragraph number of the specification section and sheet number of the contract drawings by which the submittal is required.
  - When a resubmission, add alphabetic suffix on submittal description. For example, submittal 18 would become 18A, to indicate resubmission.
  - 7. Product identification and location in project.
- F. The Contractor is responsible for reviewing and certifying that all submittals are in compliance with contract requirements before submitting for VA review. Proposed deviations from the contract requirements are to be clearly identified. All deviations submitted must include a side by side comparison of item being proposed against item specified. Failure to point out deviations will result in the VA requiring removal and replacement of such work at the Contractor's expense.
- G. Stamp, sign, and date each submittal transmittal form indicating action taken.
- H. Stamp used by the Contractor on the submittal transmittal form to certify that the submittal meets contract requirements is to be similar to the following:

| CONTRACTOR  |      |
|---|------|
| (Firm Name)   |      |
|   |      |
|   |      |
| Approved  |      |
| Approved with corrections as noted on submittal data and/or |      |
| attached sheets(s)  |      |
|   |      |
| SIGNATURE:  |      |
|   |      |
| TITLE:  | <br> |
| DATE:   | <br> |
|   |      |

# 1.6 SUBMITTAL FORMAT AND TRANSMISSION

- A. Provide submittals in electronic format, with the exception of material samples. Use PDF as the electronic format, unless otherwise specified or directed by the Contracting Officer.
- B. Compile the electronic submittal file as a single, complete document. Name the electronic submittal file specifically according to its contents.
- C. Electronic files must be of sufficient quality that all information is legible. Generate PDF files from original documents so that the text included in the PDF file is both searchable and can be copied. If documents are scanned, Optical Character Resolution (OCR) routines are required.

- D. E-mail electronic submittal documents smaller than 5MB in size to e-mail addresses as directed by the Contracting Officer.
- E. Provide electronic documents over 5MB through an electronic FTP file sharing system. Confirm that the electronic FTP file sharing system can be accessed from the VA computer network. The Contractor is responsible for setting up, providing, and maintaining the electronic FTP file sharing system for the construction contract period of performance.
- F. Provide hard copies of submittals when requested by the Contracting Officer. Up to 3 additional hard copies of any submittal may be requested at the discretion of the Contracting Officer, at no additional cost to the VA.

## 1.7 SAMPLES

- A. Submit two sets of physical samples showing range of variation, for each required item.
- B. Where samples are specified for selection of color, finish, pattern, or texture, submit the full set of available choices for the material or product specified.
- C. When color, texture, or pattern is specified by naming a particular manufacturer and style, include one sample of that manufacturer and style, for comparison.
- D. Before submitting samples, the Contractor is to ensure that the materials or equipment will be available in quantities required in the project. No change or substitution will be permitted after a sample has been approved.
- E. The VA reserves the right to disapprove any material or equipment which previously has proven unsatisfactory in service.
- F. Physical samples supplied maybe requested back for use in the project after reviewed and approved.

## 1.8 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

- A. Submit data specified for a given item within 30 calendar days after the item is delivered to the contract site.
- B. In the event the Contractor fails to deliver O&M Data within the time limits specified, the Contracting Officer may withhold from progress payments 50 percent of the price of the item with which such O&M Data are applicable.

### 1.9 TEST REPORTS

SRE may require specific test after work has been installed or completed which could require contractor to repair test area at no additional cost to contract.

#### 1.10 VA REVIEW OF SUBMITTALS AND RFIS

- A. The VA will review all submittals for compliance with the technical requirements of the contract documents. The Architect-Engineer for this project will assist the VA in reviewing all submittals and determining contractual compliance. Review will be only for conformance with the applicable codes, standards and contract requirements.
- B. Period of review for submittals begins when the VA COR receives submittal from the Contractor.
- C. Period of review for each resubmittal is the same as for initial submittal.
- D. VA review period is 15 working days for submittals.
- E. VA review period is 10 working days for RFIs.
- F. The VA will return submittals to the Contractor with the following notations:
  - "Approved": authorizes the Contractor to proceed with the work covered.
  - "Approved as noted": authorizes the Contractor to proceed with the work covered provided the Contractor incorporates the noted comments and makes the noted corrections.
  - 3. "Disapproved, revise and resubmit": indicates noncompliance with the contract requirements or that submittal is incomplete. Resubmit with appropriate changes and corrections. No work shall proceed for this item until resubmittal is approved.
  - 4. "Not reviewed": indicates submittal does not have evidence of being reviewed and approved by Contractor or is not complete. A submittal marked "not reviewed" will be returned with an explanation of the reason it is not reviewed. Resubmit submittals after taking appropriate action.

### 1.11 APPROVED SUBMITTALS

A. The VA approval of submittals is not to be construed as a complete check, and indicates only that the general method of construction, materials, detailing, and other information are satisfactory.

- B. VA approval of a submittal does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for any error which may exist. The Contractor is responsible for fully complying with all contract requirements and the satisfactory construction of all work, including the need to check, confirm, and coordinate the work of all subcontractors for the project. Non-compliant material incorporated in the work will be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense.
- C. After submittals have been approved, no resubmittal for the purpose of substituting materials or equipment will be considered unless accompanied by an explanation of why a substitution is necessary.
- D. Retain a copy of all approved submittals at project site, including approved samples.

## 1.12 WITHHOLDING OF PAYMENT

Payment for materials incorporated in the work will not be made if required approvals have not been obtained.

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## SECTION 01 35 26 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

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## SECTION 01 35 26 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

## 1.1 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS:

- A. Latest publications listed below form part of this Article to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designations only.
- B. American Society of Safety Engineers (ASSE):

A10.1-2011.....Pre-Project & Pre-Task Safety and Health Planning

A10.34-2012.....Protection of the Public on or Adjacent to Construction Sites

A10.38-2013.....Basic Elements of an Employer's Program to Provide a Safe and Healthful Work Environment American National Standard Construction and Demolition Operations

C. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):

E84-2013.....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials

D. The Facilities Guidelines Institute (FGI):

FGI Guidelines-2010Guidelines for Design and Construction of Healthcare Facilities

E. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):

10-2018.....Standard for Portable Fire Extinguishers

30-2018.....Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code

51B-2019..... Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work

70-2020.....National Electrical Code

70B-2019.....Recommended Practice for Electrical Equipment Maintenance 70E-2018 .....Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace 99-2018.....Health Care Facilities Code 241-2019.....Standard for Safeguarding Construction, Alteration, and Demolition Operations F. The Joint Commission (TJC)

TJC Manual .....Comprehensive Accreditation and Certification Manual

G. U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

10 CFR 20 .....Standards for Protection Against Radiation

H. U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA):

29 CFR 1910 .....Safety and Health Regulations for General Industry

29 CFR 1926 .....Safety and Health Regulations for Construction Industry

I. VHA Directive 2005-007

## 1.2 DEFINITIONS:

- A. Critical Lift. A lift with the hoisted load exceeding 75% of the crane's maximum capacity; lifts made out of the view of the operator (blind picks); lifts involving two or more cranes; personnel being hoisted; and special hazards such as lifts over occupied facilities, loads lifted close to power-lines, and lifts in high winds or where other adverse environmental conditions exist; and any lift which the crane operator believes is critical.
- B. OSHA "Competent Person" (CP). One who is capable of identifying existing and predictable hazards in the surroundings and working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to employees, and who has the authorization to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate them (see 29 CFR 1926.32(f)).

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- C. "Qualified Person" means one who, by possession of a recognized degree, certificate, or professional standing, or who by extensive knowledge, training and experience, has successfully demonstrated his ability to solve or resolve problems relating to the subject matter, the work, or the project.
- D. High Visibility Accident. Any mishap which may generate publicity or high visibility.
- E. Accident/Incident Criticality Categories:
  - No impact near miss incidents that should be investigated but are not required to be reported to the VA;
  - 2. Minor incident/impact incidents that require first aid or result in minor equipment damage (less than \$5000). These incidents must be investigated but are not required to be reported to the VA;
  - 3. Moderate incident/impact Any work-related injury or illness that results in:
    - a. Days away from work (any time lost after day of injury/illness onset);
    - b. Restricted work;
    - c. Transfer to another job;
    - d. Medical treatment beyond first aid;
    - e. Loss of consciousness;
  - A significant injury or illness diagnosed by a physician or other licensed health care professional, even if it did not result in (1) through (5) above or,
  - 5. ny incident that leads to major equipment damage (greater than \$5000).
- F. These incidents must be investigated and are required to be reported to the VA;
  - 1 Major incident/impact Any mishap that leads to fatalities, hospitalizations, amputations, and losses of an eye as a result of

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contractors' activities. Or any incident which leads to major property damage (greater than \$20,000) and/or may generate publicity or high visibility. These incidents must be investigated and are required to be reported to the VA as soon as practical, but not later than 2 hours after the incident.

G. Medical Treatment. Treatment administered by a physician or by registered professional personnel under the standing orders of a physician. Medical treatment does not include first aid treatment even through provided by a physician or registered personnel.

#### 1.3 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS:

A. In addition to the detailed requirements included in the provisions of this contract, comply with 29 CFR 1926, comply with 29 CFR 1910 as incorporated by reference within 29 CFR 1926, comply with ASSE A10.34, and all applicable [federal, state, and local] laws, ordinances, criteria, rules and regulations. Submit matters of interpretation of standards for resolution before starting work. Where the requirements of this specification, applicable laws, criteria, ordinances, regulations, and referenced documents vary, the most stringent requirements govern except with specific approval and acceptance by the Contracting Officer Representative .

#### 1.4 ACCIDENT PREVENTION PLAN (APP):

- A. The APP (aka Construction Safety & Health Plan) shall interface with the Contractor's overall safety and health program. Include any portions of the Contractor's overall safety and health program referenced in the APP in the applicable APP element and ensure it is site-specific. The Government considers the Prime Contractor to be the "controlling authority" for all worksite safety and health of each subcontractor(s). Contractors are responsible for informing their subcontractors of the safety provisions under the terms of the contract and the penalties for noncompliance, coordinating the work to prevent one craft from interfering with or creating hazardous working conditions for other crafts, and inspecting subcontractor operations to ensure that accident prevention responsibilities are being carried out.
- B. The APP shall be prepared as follows:

- Written in English by a qualified person who is employed by the Prime Contractor articulating the specific work and hazards pertaining to the contract (model language can be found in ASSE A10.33). Specifically articulating the safety requirements found within these VA contract safety specifications.
- 2. Address both the Prime Contractors and the subcontractors work operations.
- 3. State measures to be taken to control hazards associated with materials, services, or equipment provided by suppliers.
- 4. Address all the elements/sub-elements and in order as follows:
  - a. **SIGNATURE SHEET**. Title, signature, and phone number of the following:
    - Plan preparer (Qualified Person such as corporate safety staff person or contracted Certified Safety Professional with construction safety experience);
    - Plan approver (company/corporate officers authorized to obligate the company);
    - 3) Plan concurrence (e.g., Chief of Operations, Corporate Chief of Safety, Corporate Industrial Hygienist, project manager or superintendent, project safety professional). Provide concurrence of other applicable corporate and project personnel (Contractor).
  - b. BACKGROUND INFORMATION. List the following:
    - 1) Contractor;
    - 2) Contract number;
    - 3) Project name;
    - Brief project description, description of work to be performed, and location; phases of work anticipated (these will require an AHA).

- c. **STATEMENT OF SAFETY AND HEALTH POLICY**. Provide a copy of current corporate/company Safety and Health Policy Statement, detailing commitment to providing a safe and healthful workplace for all employees. The Contractor's written safety program goals, objectives, and accident experience goals for this contract should be provided.
- d. RESPONSIBILITIES AND LINES OF AUTHORITIES. Provide the following:
  - A statement of the employer's ultimate responsibility for the implementation of his SOH program;
  - Identification and accountability of personnel responsible for safety at both corporate and project level. Contracts specifically requiring safety or industrial hygiene personnel shall include a copy of their resumes.
  - 3) The names of Competent and/or Qualified Person(s) and proof of competency/qualification to meet specific OSHA Competent/Qualified Person(s) requirements must be attached.;
  - Requirements that no work shall be performed unless a designated competent person is present on the job site;
  - 5) Requirements for pre-task Activity Hazard Analysis (AHAs);
  - 6) Lines of authority;
  - Policies and procedures regarding noncompliance with safety requirements (to include disciplinary actions for violation of safety requirements) should be identified;
- e. SUBCONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS. If applicable, provide procedures for coordinating SOH activities with other employers on the job site:
  - 1) Identification of subcontractors and suppliers (if known);
  - 2) Safety responsibilities of subcontractors and suppliers.

## f. TRAINING.

- Site-specific SOH orientation training at the time of initial hire or assignment to the project for every employee before working on the project site is required.
- 2) Mandatory training and certifications that are applicable to this project (e.g., explosive actuated tools, crane operator, rigger, crane signal person, fall protection, electrical lockout/NFPA 70E, machine/equipment lockout, confined space, etc...) and any requirements for periodic retraining/recertification are required.
- Procedures for ongoing safety and health training for supervisors and employees shall be established to address changes in site hazards/conditions.
- OSHA 10-hour training is required for all workers on site and the OSHA 30-hour training is required for Trade Competent Persons (CPs)

## g. SAFETY AND HEALTH INSPECTIONS.

- Specific assignment of responsibilities for a minimum daily job site safety and health inspection during periods of work activity: Who will conduct (e.g., "Site Safety and Health CP"), proof of inspector's training/qualifications, when inspections will be conducted, procedures for documentation, deficiency tracking system, and follow-up procedures.
- Any external inspections/certifications that may be required (e.g., contracted CSP or CSHT)
- h. ACCIDENT/INCIDENT INVESTIGATION & REPORTING. The Contractor shall conduct mishap investigations of all Moderate and Major as well as all High Visibility Incidents. The APP shall include accident/incident investigation procedure and identify person(s) responsible to provide the following to the Contracting Officer Representative :
  - 1) Exposure data (man-hours worked);
  - 2) Accident investigationreports;

3) Project site injury and illness logs.

- i. PLANS (PROGRAMS, PROCEDURES) REQUIRED. Based on a risk assessment of contracted activities and on mandatory OSHA compliance programs, the Contractor shall address all applicable occupational, patient, and public safety risks in site-specific compliance and accident prevention plans. These Plans shall include but are not be limited to procedures for addressing the risks associates with the following:
  - 1) Emergency response;
  - 2) Contingency for severe weather;
  - 3) Fire Prevention;
  - 4) Medical Support;
  - 5) Posting of emergency telephone numbers;
  - 6) Prevention of alcohol and drug abuse;
  - 7) Site sanitation(housekeeping, drinking water, toilets);
  - 8) Night operations and lighting;
  - 9) Hazard communication program;
  - 10) Welding/Cutting "Hot" work;
  - 11) Electrical Safe Work Practices (Electrical LOTO/NFPA 70E);
  - 12) General Electrical Safety;
  - 13) Hazardous energy control (Machine LOTO);
  - 14) Site-Specific Fall Protection & Prevention;
  - 15) Excavation/trenching;
  - 16) Asbestos abatement;
  - 17) Lead abatement;
  - 18) Crane Critical lift;
  - 19) Respiratory protection;

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- 20) Health hazard control program;
- 21) Radiation Safety Program;
- 22) Abrasive blasting;
- 23) Heat/Cold Stress Monitoring;
- 24) Crystalline Silica Monitoring (Assessment);
- 25) Demolition plan (to include engineering survey);
- 26) Formwork and shoring erection and removal;
- 27) PreCast Concrete;
- 28) Public (Mandatory compliance with ANSI/ASSE A10.34-2012).
- C. Submit the APP to the Contracting Officer Representative or Government Designated Authority for review for compliance with contract requirements in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES 15 calendar days prior to the date of the preconstruction conference for acceptance. Work cannot proceed without an accepted APP.
- D. Once accepted by the Contracting Officer Representative, the APP and attachments will be enforced as part of the contract. Disregarding the provisions of this contract or the accepted APP will be cause for stopping of work, at the discretion of the Contracting Officer in accordance with FAR Clause 52.236-13, *Accident Prevention*, until the matter has been rectified.
- E. Once work begins, changes to the accepted APP shall be made with the knowledge and concurrence of the Contracting Officer Representative . Should any severe hazard exposure, i.e. imminent danger, become evident, stop work in the area, secure the area, and develop a plan to remove the exposure and control the hazard. Notify the Contracting Officer within 24 hours of discovery. Eliminate/remove the hazard. In the interim, take all necessary action to restore and maintain safe working conditions in order to safeguard onsite personnel, visitors, the public and the environment.

#### 1.5 ACTIVITY HAZARD ANALYSES (AHAS):

- A. AHAs are also known as Job Hazard Analyses, Job Safety Analyses, and Activity Safety Analyses. Before beginning each work activity involving a type of work presenting hazards not experienced in previous project operations or where a new work crew or sub-contractor is to perform the work, the Contractor(s) performing that work activity shall prepare an AHA (Example electronic AHA forms can be found on the US Army Corps of Engineers web site)
- B. AHAs shall define the activities being performed and identify the work sequences, the specific anticipated hazards, site conditions, equipment, materials, and the control measures to be implemented to eliminate or reduce each hazard to an acceptable level of risk.
- C. Work shall not begin until the AHA for the work activity has been accepted by the Contracting Officer Representative and discussed with all engaged in the activity, including the Contractor, subcontractor(s), and Government on-site representatives at preparatory and initial control phase meetings.
  - 1. The names of the Competent/Qualified Person(s) required for a particular activity (for example, excavations, scaffolding, fall protection, other activities as specified by OSHA and/or other State and Local agencies) shall be identified and included in the AHA. Certification of their competency/qualification shall be submitted to the Government Designated Authority (GDA) for acceptance prior to the start of that work activity.
  - The AHA shall be reviewed and modified as necessary to address changing site conditions, operations, or change of competent/qualified person(s).
    - a. If more than one Competent/Qualified Person is used on the AHA activity, a list of names shall be submitted as an attachment to the AHA. Those listed must be Competent/Qualified for the type of work involved in the AHA and familiar with current site safety issues.

- b. If a new Competent/Qualified Person (not on the original list) is added, the list shall be updated (an administrative action not requiring an updated AHA). The new person shall acknowledge in writing that he or she has reviewed the AHA and is familiar with current site safety issues.
- 3. Submit AHAs to the Contracting Officer Representative for review for compliance with contract requirements in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES for review at least 15 calendar days prior to the start of each phase. Subsequent AHAs as shall be formatted as amendments to the APP. The analysis should be used during daily inspections to ensure the implementation and effectiveness of the activity's safety and health controls.
- 4. The AHA list will be reviewed periodically (at least monthly) at the Contractor supervisory safety meeting and updated as necessary when procedures, scheduling, or hazards change.
- 5. Develop the activity hazard analyses using the project schedule as the basis for the activities performed. All activities listed on the project schedule will require an AHA. The AHAs will be developed by the contractor, supplier, or subcontractor and provided to the prime contractor for review and approval and then submitted to the Contracting Officer Representative .

## 1.6 PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE:

- A. Contractor representatives who have a responsibility or significant role in implementation of the accident prevention program, as required by 29 CFR 1926.20(b)(1), on the project shall attend the preconstruction conference to gain a mutual understanding of its implementation. This includes the project superintendent, subcontractor superintendents, and any other assigned safety and health professionals.
- B. Discuss the details of the submitted APP to include incorporated plans, programs, procedures and a listing of anticipated AHAs that will be developed and implemented during the performance of the contract. This list of proposed AHAs will be reviewed at the conference and an agreement will be reached between the Contractor and the Contracting

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Officer's representative as to which phases will require an analysis. In addition, establish a schedule for the preparation, submittal, review, and acceptance of AHAs to preclude project delays.

C. Deficiencies in the submitted APP will be brought to the attention of the Contractor within 14 days of submittal, and the Contractor shall revise the plan to correct deficiencies and re-submit it for acceptance. Do not begin work until there is an accepted APP.SPEC WRITER NOTE: If the contract will involve (a) work of a long duration or hazardous nature, or (b) performance within a Government facility that on the advice of VA construction safety representatives involves hazardous operations that might endanger the safety of the public, patients and/or Government personnel or property, the SSHO and Superintendent and/or Quality Control Manager must be separate persons (See Section 1.7(C) for choice).

## 1.7 "SITE SAFETY AND HEALTH OFFICER" (SSHO) AND "COMPETENT PERSON" (CP):

- A. The Prime Contractor shall designate a minimum of one SSHO at each project site that will be identified as the SSHO to administer the Contractor's safety program and government-accepted Accident Prevention Plan. Each subcontractor shall designate a minimum of one CP in compliance with 29 CFR 1926.20 (b) (2) that will be identified as a CP to administer their individual safety programs.
- B. Further, all specialized Competent Persons for the work crews will be supplied by the respective contractor as required by 29 CFR 1926 (i.e. Asbestos, Electrical, Cranes, & Derricks, Demolition, Fall Protection, Fire Safety/Life Safety, Ladder, Rigging, Scaffolds, and Trenches/Excavations).
- C. These Competent Persons can have collateral duties as the subcontractor's superintendent and/or work crew lead persons as well as fill more than one specialized CP role (i.e. Asbestos, Electrical, Cranes, & Derricks, Demolition, Fall Protection, Fire Safety/Life Safety, Ladder, Rigging, Scaffolds, and Trenches/Excavations).
- D. The SSHO or an equally-qualified Designated Representative/alternate will maintain a presence on the site during construction operations in accordance with FAR Clause 52.236-6: Superintendence by the Contractor.

CPs will maintain presence during their construction activities in accordance with above mentioned clause. A listing of the designated SSHO and all known CPs shall be submitted prior to the start of work as part of the APP with the training documentation and/or AHA as listed in Section 1.8 below.

E. The repeated presence of uncontrolled hazards during a contractor's work operations will result in the designated CP as being deemed incompetent and result in the required removal of the employee in accordance with FAR Clause 52.236-5: Material and Workmanship, Paragraph (c).

# 1.8 TRAINING:

- A. The designated Prime Contractor SSHO must meet the requirements of all applicable OSHA standards and be capable (through training, experience, and qualifications) of ensuring that the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.16 and other appropriate Federal, State and local requirements are met for the project. As a minimum the SSHO must have completed the OSHA 30-hour Construction Safety class and have five (5) years of construction industry safety experience or three (3) years if he/she possesses a Certified Safety Professional (CSP) or certified Construction Safety and Health Technician (CSHT) certification or have a safety and health degree from an accredited university or college.
- B. All designated CPs shall have completed the OSHA 30-hour Construction Safety course within the past 5 years.
- C. In addition to the OSHA 30 Hour Construction Safety Course, all CPs with high hazard work operations such as operations involving asbestos, electrical, cranes, demolition, work at heights/fall protection, fire safety/life safety, ladder, rigging, scaffolds, and trenches/excavations shall have a specialized formal course in the hazard recognition & control associated with those high hazard work operations. Documented "repeat" deficiencies in the execution of safety requirements will require retaking the requisite formal course.
- D. All other construction workers shall have the OSHA 10-hour Construction Safety Outreach course and any necessary safety training to be able to identify hazards within their work environment.

- E. Submit training records associated with the above training requirements to the Contracting Officer Representative for review for compliance with contract requirements in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES 15 calendar days prior to the date of the preconstruction conference for acceptance.
- F. Prior to any worker for the contractor or subcontractors beginning work, they shall undergo a safety briefing provided by the SSHO or his/her designated representative. As a minimum, this briefing shall include information on the site-specific hazards, construction limits, VAMC safety guidelines, means of egress, break areas, work hours, locations of restrooms, use of VAMC equipment, emergency procedures, accident reporting etc... Documentation shall be provided to the Resident Engineer that individuals have undergone contractor's safety briefing.
- G. Ongoing safety training will be accomplished in the form of weekly documented safety meeting.

## 1.9 INSPECTIONS:

- A. The SSHO shall conduct frequent and regular safety inspections (daily) of the site and each of the subcontractors CPs shall conduct frequent and regular safety inspections (daily) of the their work operations as required by 29 CFR 1926.20(b)(2). Each week, the SSHO shall conduct a formal documented inspection of the entire construction areas with the subcontractors' "Trade Safety and Health CPs" present in their work areas. Coordinate with, and report findings and corrective actions weekly to Contracting Officer Representative .
- B. A Certified Safety Professional (CSP) with specialized knowledge in construction safety or a certified Construction Safety and Health Technician (CSHT) shall randomly conduct a monthly site safety inspection. The CSP or CSHT can be a corporate safety professional or independently contracted. The CSP or CSHT will provide their certificate number on the required report for verification as necessary.

- 1. Results of the inspection will be documented with tracking of the identified hazards to abatement.
- The Contracting Officer Representative will be notified immediately prior to start of the inspection and invited to accompany the inspection.
- 3. Identified hazard and controls will be discussed to come to a mutual understanding to ensure abatement and prevent future reoccurrence.
- 4. A report of the inspection findings with status of abatement will be provided to the Contracting Officer Representative within one week of the onsite inspection.

# 1.10 ACCIDENTS, OSHA 300 LOGS, AND MAN-HOURS:

- A. The prime contractor shall establish and maintain an accident reporting, recordkeeping, and analysis system to track and analyze all injuries and illnesses, high visibility incidents, and accidental property damage (both government and contractor) that occur on site. Notify the Contracting Officer Representative as soon as practical, but no more than four hours after any accident meeting the definition of a Moderate or Major incidents, High Visibility Incidents, , or any weight handling and hoisting equipment accident. Within notification include contractor name; contract title; type of contract; name of activity, installation or location where accident occurred; date and time of accident; names of personnel injured; extent of property damage, if any; extent of injury, if known, and brief description of accident (to include type of construction equipment used, PPE used, etc.). Preserve the conditions and evidence on the accident site until the Contracting Officer Representative determine whether a government investigation will be conducted.
- B. Conduct an accident investigation for all Minor, Moderate and Major incidents as defined in paragraph DEFINITIONS, and property damage accidents resulting in at least \$20,000 in damages, to establish the root cause(s) of the accident. Complete the VA Form 2162 (or equivalent), and provide the report to the Contracting Officer Representative within 5 calendar days of the accident. The

Contracting Officer Representative will provide copies of any required or special forms.

- C. A summation of all man-hours worked by the contractor and associated sub-contractors for each month will be reported to the Contracting Officer Representative monthly.
- D. A summation of all Minor, Moderate, and Major incidents experienced on site by the contractor and associated sub-contractors for each month will be provided to the Contracting Officer Representative monthly. The contractor and associated sub-contractors' OSHA 300 logs will be made available to the Contracting Officer Representative as requested.

# 1.11 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

- A. PPE is governed in all areas by the nature of the work the employee is performing. For example, specific PPE required for performing work on electrical equipment is identified in NFPA 70E, Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace.
- B. Mandatory PPE includes:
  - 1. Hard Hats unless written authorization is given by the Contracting Officer Representative in circumstances of work operations that have limited potential for falling object hazards such as during finishing work or minor remodeling. With authorization to relax the requirement of hard hats, if a worker becomes exposed to an overhead falling object hazard, then hard hats would be required in accordance with the OSHA regulations.
  - 2. Safety glasses unless written authorization is given by the Contracting Officer Representative in circumstances of no eye hazards, appropriate safety glasses meeting the ANSI Z.87.1 standard must be worn by each person on site.
  - 3. Appropriate Safety Shoes based on the hazards present, safety shoes meeting the requirements of ASTM F2413-11 shall be worn by each person on site unless written authorization is given by the Contracting Officer Representative in circumstances of no foot hazards.

 Hearing protection - Use personal hearing protection at all times in designated noise hazardous areas or when performing noise hazardous tasks.

# 1.12 INFECTION CONTROL

- A. Infection Control is critical in all medical center facilities. Interior construction activities causing disturbance of existing dust, or creating new dust, must be conducted within ventilation-controlled areas that minimize the flow of airborne particles into patient areas. Exterior construction activities causing disturbance of soil or creates dust in some other manner must be controlled.
- B. An AHA associated with infection control will be performed by VA personnel in accordance with FGI Guidelines (i.e. Infection Control Risk Assessment (ICRA)). The ICRA procedure found on the American Society for Healthcare Engineering (ASHE) website will be utilized. Risk classifications of Class II or lower will require approval by the Contracting Officer Representative before beginning any construction work. Risk classifications of Class III or higher will require a permit before beginning any construction work. Infection Control permits will be issued by the COR Engineer. The Infection Control Permits will be posted outside the appropriate construction area. More than one permit may be issued for a construction project if the work is located in separate areas requiring separate classes. The primary project scope area for this project is: Class IV, however, work outside the primary project scope area may vary. The required infection control precautions with each class are as follows:
  - 1. Class I requirements:
    - a. During Construction Work:
      - 1) Notify the Contracting Officer Representative.
      - Execute work by methods to minimize raising dust from construction operations.
      - Ceiling tiles: Immediately replace a ceiling tiles displaced for visual inspection.

- b. Upon Completion:
  - 1) Clean work area upon completion of task
  - 2) Notify the Contracting Officer Representative.
- 2. Class II requirements:
  - a. During Construction Work:
    - 1) Notify the Contracting Officer Representative.
    - Provide active means to prevent airborne dust from dispersing into atmosphere such as wet methods or tool mounted dust collectors where possible.
    - 3) Water mist work surfaces to control dust while cutting.
    - 4) Seal unused doors with duct tape.
    - 5) Block off and seal air vents.
    - Remove or isolate HVAC system in areas where work is being performed.
  - b. Upon Completion:
    - 1) Wipe work surfaces with cleaner/disinfectant.
    - 2) Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers.
    - Wet mop and/or vacuum with HEPA filtered vacuum before leaving work area.
    - 4) Upon completion, restore HVAC system where work was performed
    - 5) Notify the Contracting Officer Representative.

# 3. Class III requirements:

- a. During Construction Work:
  - 1) Obtain permit from the Contracting Officer Representative.
  - 2) Remove or Isolate HVAC system in area where work is being done to prevent contamination of duct system.

- 3) Complete all critical barriers i.e. sheetrock, plywood, plastic, to seal area from non-work area or implement control cube method (cart with plastic covering and sealed connection to work site with HEPA vacuum for vacuuming prior to exit) before construction begins. Install construction barriers and ceiling protection carefully, outside of normal work hours.
- 4) Maintain negative air pressure, 0.01 inches of water gauge, within work site utilizing HEPA equipped air filtration units and continuously monitored with a digital display, recording and alarm instrument, which must be calibrated on installation, maintained with periodic calibration and monitored by the contractor.
- 5) Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers.
- Cover transport receptacles or carts. Tape covering unless solid lid.
- b. Upon Completion:
  - Do not remove barriers from work area until completed project is inspected by the Contracting Officer Representative and thoroughly cleaned by the VA Environmental Services Department.
  - Remove construction barriers and ceiling protection carefully to minimize spreading of dirt and debris associated with construction, outside of normal work hours.
  - 3) Vacuum work area with HEPA filtered vacuums.
  - 4) Wet mop area with cleaner/disinfectant.
  - 5) Upon completion, restore HVAC system where work was performed.
  - 6) Return permit to the Contracting Officer Representative.
- 4. Class IV requirements:
  - a. During Construction Work:

- 1) Obtain permit from the Contracting Officer Representative.
- 2) Isolate HVAC system in area where work is being done to prevent contamination of duct system.
- 3) Complete all critical barriers i.e. sheetrock, plywood, plastic, to seal area from non work area or implement control cube method (cart with plastic covering and sealed connection to work site with HEPA vacuum for vacuuming prior to exit) before construction begins. Install construction barriers and ceiling protection carefully, outside of normal work hours.
- 4) Maintain negative air pressure, 0.01 inches of water gauge, within work site utilizing HEPA equipped air filtration units and continuously monitored with a digital display, recording and alarm instrument, which must be calibrated on installation, maintained with periodic calibration and monitored by the contractor.5) Seal holes, pipes, conduits, and punctures.
- 6) Construct anteroom and require all personnel to pass through this room so they can be vacuumed using a HEPA vacuum cleaner before leaving work site or they can wear cloth or paper coveralls that are removed each time they leave work site.
- All personnel entering work site are required to wear shoe covers. Shoe covers must be changed each time the worker exits the work area.
- b. Upon Completion:
  - Do not remove barriers from work area until completed project is inspected by the Contracting Officer Representative with thorough cleaning by the VA Environmental Services Dept.
  - Remove construction barriers and ceiling protection carefully to minimize spreading of dirt and debris associated with construction, outside of normal work hours.
  - Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers.

- Cover transport receptacles or carts. Tape covering unless solid lid.
- 5) Vacuum work area with HEPA filtered vacuums.
- 6) Wet mop area with cleaner/disinfectant.
- 7) Upon completion, restore HVAC system where work was performed.
- 8) Return permit to the Contracting Officer Representative.
- C. Barriers shall be erected as required based upon classification (Class III & IV requires barriers) and shall be constructed as follows:
  - Class III and IV closed door with masking tape applied over the frame and door is acceptable for projects that can be contained in a single room.
  - Construction, demolition or reconstruction not capable of containment within a single room must have the following barriers erected and made presentable on hospital occupied side:
    - a. Class III & IV (where dust control is the only hazard, and an agreement is reached with the Resident Engineer and Medical Center) Airtight plastic barrier that extends from the floor to ceiling. Seams must be sealed with duct tape to prevent dust and debris from escaping
    - b. Class III & IV Drywall barrier erected with joints covered or sealed to prevent dust and debris from escaping.
    - c. Class III & IV Seal all penetrations in existing barrier airtight
    - d. Class III & IV Barriers at penetration of ceiling envelopes, chases and ceiling spaces to stop movement air and debris
    - e. Class IV only Anteroom or double entrance openings that allow workers to remove protective clothing or vacuum off existing clothing

- f. Class III & IV At elevators shafts or stairways within the field of construction, overlapping flap minimum of two feet wide of polyethylene enclosures for personnel access.
- D. Products and Materials:
  - Sheet Plastic: Fire retardant polystyrene, 6-mil thickness meeting local fire codes
  - Barrier Doors: Self Closing One-hour fire-rated solid core wood in steel frame, painted
  - 3. Dust proof one-hour fire-rated drywall
  - 4. High Efficiency Particulate Air-Equipped filtration machine rated at 95% capture of 0.3 microns including pollen, mold spores and dust particles. HEPA filters should have ASHRAE 85 or other prefilter to extend the useful life of the HEPA. Provide both primary and secondary filtrations units. Maintenance of equipment and replacement of the HEPA filters and other filters will be in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
  - Exhaust Hoses: Heavy duty, flexible steel reinforced; Ventilation Blower Hose
  - 6. Adhesive Walk-off Mats: Provide minimum size mats of 24 inches x 36 inches
  - 7. Disinfectant: Hospital-approved disinfectant or equivalent product
  - 8. Portable Ceiling Access Module
- E. Before any construction on site begins, all contractor personnel involved in the construction or renovation activity shall be educated and trained in infection prevention measures established by the medical center.
- F. A dust control program will be establish and maintained as part of the contractor's infection preventive measures in accordance with the FGI Guidelines for Design and Construction of Healthcare Facilities. Prior to start of work, prepare a plan detailing project-specific dust protection measures with associated product data, including periodic

status reports, and submit to COR and Facility CSC for review for compliance with contract requirements in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES.

- G. Medical center Infection Control personnel will monitor for airborne disease (e.g. aspergillosis) during construction. A baseline of conditions will be established by the medical center prior to the start of work and periodically during the construction stage to determine impact of construction activities on indoor air quality with safe thresholds established.
- H. In general, the following preventive measures shall be adopted during construction to keep down dust and prevent mold.
  - Contractor shall verify that construction exhaust to exterior is not reintroduced to the medical center through intake vents, or building openings. HEPA filtration is required where the exhaust dust may reenter the medical center.
  - 2. Exhaust hoses shall be exhausted so that dust is not reintroduced to the medical center.
  - 3. Adhesive Walk-off/Carpet Walk-off Mats shall be used at all interior transitions from the construction area to occupied medical center area. These mats shall be changed as often as required to maintain clean work areas directly outside construction area at all times.
  - 4. Vacuum and wet mop all transition areas from construction to the occupied medical center at the end of each workday. Vacuum shall utilize HEPA filtration. Maintain surrounding area frequently. Remove debris as it is created. Transport these outside the construction area in containers with tightly fitting lids.
  - 5. The contractor shall not haul debris through patient-care areas without prior approval of the COR and the Medical Center. When, approved, debris shall be hauled in enclosed dust proof containers or wrapped in plastic and sealed with duct tape. No sharp objects should be allowed to cut through the plastic. Wipe down the exterior of the containers with a damp rag to remove dust. All equipment,

tools, material, etc. transported through occupied areas shall be made free from dust and moisture by vacuuming and wipe down.

- 6. There shall be no standing water during construction. This includes water in equipment drip pans and open containers within the construction areas. All accidental spills must be cleaned up and dried within 12 hours. Remove and dispose of porous materials that remain damp for more than 72 hours.
- At completion, remove construction barriers and ceiling protection carefully, outside of normal work hours. Vacuum and clean all surfaces free of dust after the removal.
- I. Final Cleanup:
  - Upon completion of project, or as work progresses, remove all construction debris from above ceiling, vertical shafts and utility chases that have been part of the construction.
  - Perform HEPA vacuum cleaning of all surfaces in the construction area. This includes walls, ceilings, cabinets, furniture (built-in or free standing), partitions, flooring, etc.
  - 3. All new air ducts shall be cleaned prior to final inspection.
- J. Exterior Construction
  - Contractor shall verify that dust will not be introduced into the medical center through intake vents, or building openings. HEPA filtration on intake vents is required where dust may be introduced.
  - Dust created from disturbance of soil such as from vehicle movement will be wetted with use of a water truck as necessary
  - 3. All cutting, drilling, grinding, sanding, or disturbance of materials shall be accomplished with tools equipped with either local exhaust ventilation (i.e. vacuum systems) or wet suppression controls.

#### 1.13 TUBERCULOSIS SCREENING

- A. Contractor shall provide written certification that all contract employees assigned to the work site have had a pre-placement tuberculin screening within 90 days prior to assignment to the worksite and been found have negative TB screening reactions. Contractors shall be required to show documentation of negative TB screening reactions for any additional workers who are added after the 90-day requirement before they will be allowed to work on the work site. NOTE: This can be the Center for Disease Control (CDC) and Prevention and two-step skin testing or a Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved blood test.
  - Contract employees manifesting positive screening reactions to the tuberculin shall be examined according to current CDC guidelines prior to working on VHA property.
  - 2. Subsequently, if the employee is found without evidence of active (infectious) pulmonary TB, a statement documenting examination by a physician shall be on file with the employer (construction contractor), noting that the employee with a positive tuberculin screening test is without evidence of active (infectious) pulmonary TB.
  - 3. If the employee is found with evidence of active (infectious) pulmonary TB, the employee shall require treatment with a subsequent statement to the fact on file with the employer before being allowed to return to work on VHA property.

## 1.14 FIRE SAFETY

A. Fire Safety Plan: Establish and maintain a site-specific fire protection program in accordance with 29 CFR 1926. Prior to start of work, prepare a plan detailing project-specific fire safety measures, including periodic status reports, and submit to Contracting Officer Representative for review for compliance with contract requirements in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES. This plan may be an element of the Accident Prevention Plan.

- B. Site and Building Access: Maintain free and unobstructed access to facility emergency services and for fire, police and other emergency response forces in accordance with NFPA 241.
- C. Separate temporary facilities, such as trailers, storage sheds, and dumpsters, from existing buildings and new construction by distances in accordance with NFPA 241. For small facilities with less than 6 m (20 feet) exposing overall length, separate by 3m (10 feet).
- D. Temporary Construction Partitions:
  - 1. Install and maintain temporary construction partitions to provide smoke-tight separations between construction areas and adjoining areas. Construct partitions of gypsum board or treated plywood (flame spread rating of 25 or less in accordance with ASTM E84) on both sides of fire retardant treated wood or metal steel studs. Extend the partitions through suspended ceilings to floor slab deck or roof. Seal joints and penetrations. At door openings, install Class C, ¾ hour fire/smoke rated doors with self-closing devices.
  - Install one-hour fire-rated temporary construction partitions as shown on drawings to maintain integrity of existing exit stair enclosures, exit passageways, fire-rated enclosures of hazardous areas, horizontal exits, smoke barriers, vertical shafts and openings enclosures.
  - 3. Close openings in smoke barriers and fire-rated construction to maintain fire ratings. Seal penetrations with listed throughpenetration firestop materials in accordance with Section 07 84 00, FIRESTOPPING.
- E. Temporary Heating and Electrical: Install, use and maintain installations in accordance with 29 CFR 1926, NFPA 241 and NFPA 70.
- F. Means of Egress: Do not block exiting for occupied buildings, including paths from exits to roads. Minimize disruptions and coordinate with Contracting Officer Representative .

- G. Egress Routes for Construction Workers: Maintain free and unobstructed egress. Inspect daily. Report findings and corrective actions weekly to Contracting Officer Representative.
- H. Fire Extinguishers: Provide and maintain extinguishers in construction areas and temporary storage areas in accordance with 29 CFR 1926, NFPA 241 and NFPA 10.
- I. Flammable and Combustible Liquids: Store, dispense and use liquids in accordance with 29 CFR 1926, NFPA 241 and NFPA 30.
- K. Sprinklers: Install, test and activate new automatic sprinklers prior to removing existing sprinklers.
  - L. Existing Fire Protection: Do not impair automatic sprinklers, smoke and heat detection, and fire alarm systems, except for portions immediately under construction, and temporarily for connections. Provide fire watch for impairments more than 4 hours in a 24-hour period. Request interruptions in accordance with Article, OPERATIONS AND STORAGE AREAS, and coordinate with Contracting Officer Representative . All existing or temporary fire protection systems (fire alarms, sprinklers) located in construction areas shall be tested as coordinated with the medical center. Parameters for the testing and results of any tests performed shall be recorded by the medical center and copies provided to the Resident Engineer.
  - M. Smoke Detectors: Prevent accidental operation. Remove temporary covers at end of work operations each day. Coordinate with Contracting Officer Representative .
  - N. Hot Work: Perform and safeguard hot work operations in accordance with NFPA 241 and NFPA 51B. Coordinate with COR. COR at least 48 hours in advance. Designate contractor's responsible project-site fire prevention program manager to permit hot work.
  - O. Fire Hazard Prevention and Safety Inspections: Inspect entire construction areas weekly. Coordinate with, and report findings and corrective actions weekly to Contracting Officer Representative .

- P. Smoking: Smoking is prohibited in and adjacent to construction areas inside existing buildings and additions under construction. In separate and detached buildings under construction, smoking is prohibited except in designated smoking rest areas.
- Q. Dispose of waste and debris in accordance with NFPA 241. Remove from buildings daily.
- R. If required, submit documentation to the COR that personnel have been trained in the fire safety aspects of working in areas with impaired structural or compartmentalization features.

# 1.15 ELECTRICAL

- A. All electrical work shall comply with NFPA 70 (NEC), NFPA 70B, NFPA 70E, 29 CFR Part 1910 Subpart J General Environmental Controls, 29 CFR Part 1910 Subpart S Electrical, and 29 CFR 1926 Subpart K in addition to other references required by contract.
- B. All qualified persons performing electrical work under this contract shall be licensed journeyman or master electricians. All apprentice electricians performing under this contract shall be deemed unqualified persons unless they are working under the immediate supervision of a licensed electrician or master electrician.
- C. All electrical work will be accomplished de-energized and in the Electrically Safe Work Condition ( refer to NFPA 70E for Work Involving Electrical Hazards, including Exemptions to Work Permit). Any Contractor, subcontractor or temporary worker who fails to fully comply with this requirement is subject to immediate termination in accordance with FAR clause 52.236-5(c). Only in rare circumstance where achieving an electrically safe work condition prior to beginning work would increase or cause additional hazards, or is infeasible due to equipment design or operational limitations is energized work permitted. The Contracting Officer Representative with approval of the Medical Center Director will make the determination if the circumstances would meet the exception outlined above. An AHA and permit specific to energized work activities will be developed, reviewed, and accepted by the VA prior to the start of that activity.

- Development of a Hazardous Electrical Energy Control Procedure is required prior to de-energization. A single Simple Lockout/Tagout Procedure for multiple work operations can only be used for work involving qualified person(s) de-energizing one set of conductors or circuit part source. Task specific Complex Lockout/Tagout Procedures are required at all other times.
- 2. Verification of the absence of voltage after de-energization and lockout/tagout is considered "energized electrical work" (live work) under NFPA 70E, and shall only be performed by qualified persons wearing appropriate shock protective (voltage rated) gloves and arc rate personal protective clothing and equipment, using Underwriters Laboratories (UL) tested and appropriately rated contact electrical testing instruments or equipment appropriate for the environment in which they will be used.
- 3. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and electrical testing instruments will be readily available for inspection by the The Contracting Officer Representative .
- D. Before beginning any electrical work, an Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) will be conducted to include Shock Hazard and Arc Flash Hazard analyses (NFPA Tables can be used only as a last alterative and it is strongly suggested a full Arc Flash Hazard Analyses be conducted). Work shall not begin until the AHA for the work activity and permit for energized work has been reviewed and accepted by the Contracting Officer Representative and discussed with all engaged in the activity, including the Contractor, subcontractor(s), and Government on-site representatives at preparatory and initial control phase meetings.
- E. Ground-fault circuit interrupters. GFCI protection shall be provided where an employee is operating or using cord- and plug-connected tools related to construction activity supplied by 125-volt, 15-, 20-, or 30ampere circuits. Where employees operate or use equipment supplied by greater than 125-volt, 15-, 20-, or 30- ampere circuits, GFCI protection or an assured equipment grounding conductor program shall be implemented in accordance with NFPA 70E - 2015, Chapter 1, Article 110.4(C)(2)..

#### 1.16 FALL PROTECTION

- A. The fall protection (FP) threshold height requirement is 6 ft (1.8 m) for ALL WORK, unless specified differently or the OSHA 29 CFR 1926 requirements are more stringent, to include steel erection activities, systems-engineered activities (prefabricated) metal buildings, residential (wood) construction and scaffolding work.
  - The use of a Safety Monitoring System (SMS) as a fall protection method is prohibited.
  - 2. The use of Controlled Access Zone (CAZ) as a fall protection method is prohibited.
  - 3. A Warning Line System (WLS) may ONLY be used on floors or flat or low-sloped roofs (between 0 - 18.4 degrees or 4:12 slope) and shall be erected around all sides of the work area (See 29 CFR 1926.502(f) for construction of WLS requirements). Working within the WLS does not require FP. No worker shall be allowed in the area between the roof or floor edge and the WLS without FP. FP is required when working outside the WLS.
  - Fall protection while using a ladder will be governed by the OSHA requirements.

## 1.17 SCAFFOLDS AND OTHER WORK PLATFORMS

- A. All scaffolds and other work platforms construction activities shall comply with 29 CFR 1926 Subpart L.
- B. The fall protection (FP) threshold height requirement is 6 ft (1.8 m) as stated in Section 1.16.
- C. The following hierarchy and prohibitions shall be followed in selecting appropriate work platforms.
  - Scaffolds, platforms, or temporary floors shall be provided for all work except that can be performed safely from the ground or similar footing.
  - 2. Ladders less than 20 feet may be used as work platforms only when use of small hand tools or handling of light material is involved.

- 3. Ladder jacks, lean-to, and prop-scaffolds are prohibited.
- 4. Emergency descent devices shall not be used as working platforms.
- D. Contractors shall use a scaffold tagging system in which all scaffolds are tagged by the Competent Person. Tags shall be color-coded: green indicates the scaffold has been inspected and is safe to use; red indicates the scaffold is unsafe to use. Tags shall be readily visible, made of materials that will withstand the environment in which they are used, be legible and shall include:
  - 1. The Competent Person's name and signature;
  - 2. Dates of initial and last inspections.
- E. Mast Climbing work platforms: When access ladders, including masts designed as ladders, exceed 20 ft (6 m) in height, positive fall protection shall be used.

# 1.18 EXCAVATION AND TRENCHES

- A. All excavation and trenching work shall comply with 29 CFR 1926 Subpart P. Excavations less than 5 feet in depth require evaluation by the contractor's "Competent Person" (CP) for determination of the necessity of an excavation protective system where kneeing, laying in, or stooping within the excavation is required.
- B. All excavations and trenches 24 inches in depth or greater shall require a written trenching and excavation permit (NOTE - some States and other local jurisdictions require separate state/jurisdictionissued excavation permits). The permit shall have two sections, one section will be completed prior to digging or drilling and the other will be completed prior to personnel entering the excavations greater than 5 feet in depth. Each section of the permit shall be provided to the COR and/or other Government Designated Authority prior to proceeding with digging or drilling and prior to proceeding with entering the excavation. After completion of the work and prior to opening a new section of an excavation, the permit shall be closed out and provided to the COR. The permit shall be maintained onsite and the first section of the permit shall include the following:

- Estimated start time & stop time. Specific location and nature of the work.
- Indication of the contractor's "Competent Person" (CP) in excavation safety with qualifications and signature. Formal course in excavation safety is required by the contractor's CP.
- Indication of whether soil or concrete removal to an offsite location is necessary.
- Indication of whether soil samples are required to determined soil contamination.
- Indication of coordination with local authority (i.e. "One Call") or contractor's effort to determine utility location with search and survey equipment.
- Indication of review of site drawings for proximity of utilities to digging/drilling.
- C. The second section of the permit for excavations greater than five feet in depth shall include the following:
  - 1. Determination of OSHA classification of soil. Soil samples will be from freshly dug soil with samples taken from different soil type layers as necessary and placed at a safe distance from the excavation by the excavating equipment. A pocket penetronmeter will be utilized in determination of the unconfined compression strength of the soil for comparison against OSHA table (Less than 0.5 Tons/FT2 - Type C, 0.5 Tons/FT2 to 1.5 Tons/FT2 - Type B, greater than 1.5 Tons/FT2 - Type A without condition to reduce to Type B).
  - 2. Indication of selected protective system (sloping/benching, shoring, shielding). When soil classification is identified as "Type A" or "Solid Rock", only shoring or shielding or Professional Engineer designed systems can be used for protection. A Sloping/Benching system may only be used when classifying the soil as Type B or Type C. Refer to Appendix B of 29 CFR 1926, Subpart P for further information on protective systems designs.

- Indication of the spoil pile being stored at least 2 feet from the edge of the excavation and safe access being provided within 25 feet of the workers.
- 4. Indication of assessment for a potential toxic, explosive, or oxygen deficient atmosphere where oxygen deficiency (atmospheres containing less than 19.5 percent oxygen) or a hazardous atmosphere exists or could reasonably be expected to exist. Internal combustion engine equipment is not allowed in an excavation without providing force air ventilation to lower the concentration to below OSHA PELs, providing sufficient oxygen levels, and atmospheric testing as necessary to ensure safe levels are maintained.
- D As required by OSHA 29 CFR 1926.651(b)(1), the estimated location of utility installations, such as sewer, telephone, fuel, electric, water lines, or any other underground installations that reasonably may be expected to be encountered during excavation work, shall be determined prior to opening an excavation.
  - The planned dig site will be outlined/marked in white prior to locating the utilities.
  - Used of the American Public Works Association Uniform Color Code is required for the marking of the proposed excavation and located utilities.
  - 811 will be called two business days before digging on all local or State lands and public Right-of Ways.
  - 4. Digging will not commence until all known utilities are marked.
  - 5. Utility markings will be maintained
- E. Excavations will be hand dug or excavated by other similar safe and acceptable means as excavation operations approach within 5 feet of identified underground utilities. Exploratory bar or other detection equipment will be utilized as necessary to further identify the location of underground utilities.
- F. Excavations greater than 20 feet in depth require a Professional Engineer designed excavation protective system.

## 1.19 CRANES

- A. All crane work shall comply with 29 CFR 1926 Subpart CC.
- B. Prior to operating a crane, the operator must be licensed, qualified or certified to operate the crane. Thus, all the provisions contained with Subpart CC are effective and there is no "Phase In" date.
- C. A detailed lift plan for all lifts shall be submitted to the COR 14 days prior to the scheduled lift complete with route for truck carrying load, crane load analysis, siting of crane and path of swing and all other elements of a critical lift plan where the lift meets the definition of a critical lift. Critical lifts require a more comprehensive lift plan to minimize the potential of crane failure and/or catastrophic loss. The plan must be reviewed and accepted by the General Contractor before being submitted to the VA for review. The lift will not be allowed to proceed without prior acceptance of this document.
- D. Crane operators shall not carry loads
  - 1. over the general public or VAMC personnel
  - 2. over any occupied building unless
    - a. the top two floors are vacated
    - b. or overhead protection with a design live load of 300 psf is provided

# 1.20 CONTROL OF HAZARDOUS ENERGY (LOCKOUT/TAGOUT)

A. All installation, maintenance, and servicing of equipment or machinery shall comply with 29 CFR 1910.147 except for specifically referenced operations in 29 CFR 1926 such as concrete & masonry equipment [1926.702(j)], heavy machinery & equipment [1926.600(a)(3)(i)], and process safety management of highly hazardous chemicals (1926.64). Control of hazardous electrical energy during the installation, maintenance, or servicing of electrical equipment shall comply with Section 1.15 to include NFPA 70E and other VA specific requirements discussed in the section.

#### 1.21 CONFINED SPACE ENTRY

- A. All confined space entry shall comply with 29 CFR 1926, Subpart AA except for specifically referenced operations in 29 CFR 1926 such as excavations/trenches [1926.651(g)].
- B. A site-specific Confined Space Entry Plan (including permitting process) shall be developed and submitted to the COR.

## 1.22 WELDING AND CUTTING

As specified in section 1.14, Hot Work: Perform and safeguard hot work operations in accordance with NFPA 241 and NFPA 51B. Coordinate with COR. Obtain permits from COR at least 48 hours in advance. Designate contractor's responsible project-site fire prevention program manager to permit hot work.

## 1.23 LADDERS

- A. All Ladder use shall comply with 29 CFR 1926 Subpart X.
- B. All portable ladders shall be of sufficient length and shall be placed so that workers will not stretch or assume a hazardous position.
- C. Manufacturer safety labels shall be in place on ladders
- D. Step Ladders shall not be used in the closed position
- E. Top steps or cap of step ladders shall not be used as a step
- F. Portable ladders, used as temporary access, shall extend at least 3 ft (0.9 m) above the upper landing surface.
  - When a 3 ft (0.9-m) extension is not possible, a grasping device (such as a grab rail) shall be provided to assist workers in mounting and dismounting the ladder.
  - In no case shall the length of the ladder be such that ladder deflection under a load would, by itself, cause the ladder to slip from its support.
- G. Ladders shall be inspected for visible defects on a daily basis and after any occurrence that could affect their safe use. Broken or damaged ladders shall be immediately tagged "DO NOT USE," or with

similar wording, and withdrawn from service until restored to a condition meeting their original design.

# 1.24 FLOOR & WALL OPENINGS

- A. All floor and wall openings shall comply with 29 CFR 1926 Subpart M.
- B. Floor and roof holes/openings are any that measure over 2 in (51 mm) in any direction of a walking/working surface which persons may trip or fall into or where objects may fall to the level below. Skylights located in floors or roofs are considered floor or roof hole/openings.
- C. All floor, roof openings or hole into which a person can accidentally walk or fall through shall be guarded either by a railing system with toeboards along all exposed sides or a load-bearing cover. When the cover is not in place, the opening or hole shall be protected by a removable guardrail system or shall be attended when the guarding system has been removed, or other fall protection system.
  - 1. Covers shall be capable of supporting, without failure, at least twice the weight of the worker, equipment and material combined.
  - 2. Covers shall be secured when installed, clearly marked with the word "HOLE", "COVER" or "Danger, Roof Opening-Do Not Remove" or colorcoded or equivalent methods (e.g., red or orange "X"). Workers must be made aware of the meaning for color coding and equivalent methods.
  - Roofing material, such as roofing membrane, insulation or felts, covering or partly covering openings or holes, shall be immediately cut out. No hole or opening shall be left unattended unless covered.
  - Non-load-bearing skylights shall be guarded by a load-bearing skylight screen, cover, or railing system along all exposed sides.
  - 5. Workers are prohibited from standing/walking on skylights.

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# SECTION 01 42 19 REFERENCE STANDARDS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 DESCRIPTION

This section specifies the availability and source of references and standards specified in the project manual under paragraphs APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS and/or shown on the drawings.

# 1.2 AVAILABILITY OF SPECIFICATIONS LISTED IN THE GSA INDEX OF FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS, STANDARDS AND COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTIONS FPMR PART 101-29 (FAR 52.211-1) (AUG 1998)

- A. The GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions, FPMR Part 101-29 and copies of specifications, standards, and commercial item descriptions cited in the solicitation may be obtained for a fee by submitting a request to - GSA Federal Supply Service, Specifications Section, Suite 8100, 470 East L'Enfant Plaza, SW, Washington, DC 20407, Telephone (202) 619-8925, Facsimile (202) 619-8978.
- B. If the General Services Administration, Department of Agriculture, or Department of Veterans Affairs issued this solicitation, a single copy of specifications, standards, and commercial item descriptions cited in this solicitation may be obtained free of charge by submitting a request to the addressee in paragraph (a) of this provision. Additional copies will be issued for a fee.

# 1.3 AVAILABILITY FOR EXAMINATION OF SPECIFICATIONS NOT LISTED IN THE GSA INDEX OF FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS, STANDARDS AND COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTIONS (FAR 52.211-4) (JUN 1988)

The specifications and standards cited in this solicitation can be examined at the following location:

DEPARMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS Office of Construction & Facilities Management Facilities Quality Service (00CFM1A) 425 Eye Street N.W, (sixth floor) Washington, DC 20001 Telephone Numbers: (202) 632-5249 or (202) 632-5178 Between 9:00 AM - 3:00 PM

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# 1.4 AVAILABILITY OF SPECIFICATIONS NOT LISTED IN THE GSA INDEX OF FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS, STANDARDS AND COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTIONS (FAR 52.211-3) (JUN 1988)

The specifications cited in this solicitation may be obtained from the associations or organizations listed below.

- AA Aluminum Association Inc. http://www.aluminum.org
- AABC Associated Air Balance Council https://www.aabc.com

AAMA American Architectural Manufacturer's Association http://www.aamanet.org

- AASHTO American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials http://www.aashto.org
- AATCC American Association of Textile Chemists and Colorists http://www.aatcc.org
- ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists http://www.acgih.org
- ACI American Concrete Institute http://www.aci-int.net
- ACPA American Concrete Pipe Association http://www.concrete-pipe.org
- ACPPA American Concrete Pressure Pipe Association http://www.acppa.org
- ADC Air Diffusion Council http://flexibleduct.org
- AGA American Gas Association http://www.aga.org
- AGC Associated General Contractors of America http://www.agc.org

- AGMA American Gear Manufacturers Association, Inc. http://www.agma.org
- AH American Hort

https://www.americanhort.org

- AHAM Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers http://www.aham.org
- AIA American Institute of Architects

http://www.aia.org

- AISC American Institute of Steel Construction http://www.aisc.org
- AISI American Iron and Steel Institute http://www.steel.org
- AITC American Institute of Timber Construction https://aitc-glulam.org
- AMCA Air Movement and Control Association, Inc. http://www.amca.org
- ANSI American National Standards Institute, Inc. http://www.ansi.org
- APA The Engineered Wood Association http://www.apawood.org
- ARI Air-Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute http://www.ari.org
- ARPM Association for Rubber Product Manufacturers

# https://arpm.com

- ASABE American Society of Agricultural and Biological Engineers https://www.asabe.org
- ASCE American Society of Civil Engineers http://www.asce.org

- ASHRAE American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air-Conditioning Engineers <a href="http://www.ashrae.org">http://www.ashrae.org</a>
- ASME American Society of Mechanical Engineers http://www.asme.org
- ASSE American Society of Sanitary Engineering International http://www.asse-plumbing.org
- ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials International http://www.astm.org
- AWI Architectural Woodwork Institute https://www.awinet.org
- AWS American Welding Society https://www.aws.org
- AWWA American Water Works Association https://www.awwa.org
- BHMA Builders Hardware Manufacturers Association https://www.buildershardware.com
- BIA The Brick Industry Association http://www.gobrick.com
- CAGI Compressed Air and Gas Institute https://www.cagi.org
- CGA Compressed Gas Association, Inc. https://www.cganet.com
- CI The Chlorine Institute, Inc. https://www.chlorineinstitute.org
- CISCA Ceilings and Interior Systems Construction Association https://www.cisca.org
- CISPI Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute https://www.cispi.org

- CLFMI Chain Link Fence Manufacturers Institute https://www.chainlinkinfo.org
- CPA Composite Panel Association

https://www.compositepanel.org

- CPMB Concrete Plant Manufacturers Bureau https://www.cpmb.org
- CRA California Redwood Association http://www.calredwood.org
- CRSI Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute https://www.crsi.org
- CTI Cooling Technology Institute https://www.cti.org
- DHA Decorative Hardwoods Association

https://www.decorativehardwoods.org

- DHI Door and Hardware Institute https://www.dhi.org
- EGSA Electrical Generating Systems Association http://www.egsa.org
- EEI Edison Electric Institute https://www.eei.org
- EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency https://www.epa.gov
- ETL ETL Testing Services http://www.intertek.com
- FAA Federal Aviation Administration https://www.faa.gov
- FCC Federal Communications Commission https://www.fcc.gov

- FPS Forest Products Society http://www.forestprod.org
- GANA Glass Association of North America http://www.glasswebsite.com
- FM Factory Mutual Global Insurance https://www.fmglobal.com
- GA Gypsum Association https://gypsum.org
- GSA General Services Administration https://www.gsa.gov
- HI Hydraulic Institute http://www.pumps.org
- ICC International Code Council https://shop.iccsafe.org
- ICEA Insulated Cable Engineers Association https://www.icea.net
- ICAC Institute of Clean Air Companies http://www.icac.com
- IEEE Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
   https://www.ieee.org\
- IGMA Insulating Glass Manufacturers Alliance

https://www.igmaonline.org

- IMSA International Municipal Signal Association http://www.imsasafety.org
- MBMA Metal Building Manufacturers Association https://www.mbma.com
- MSS Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry <u>http://msshq.org</u>

- NAAMM National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers https://www.naamm.org
- PHCC Plumbing-Heating-Cooling Contractors Association https://www.phccweb.org
- NBS National Bureau of Standards See - NIST
- NBBI The National Board of Boiler and Pressure Vessel Inspectors https://www.nationalboard.org
- NEC National Electric Code See - NFPA National Fire Protection Association
- NEMA National Electrical Manufacturers Association https://www.nema.org
- NFPA National Fire Protection Association https://www.nfpa.org
- NHLA National Hardwood Lumber Association https://www.nhla.com
- NIH National Institute of Health https://www.nih.gov
- NIST National Institute of Standards and Technology https://www.nist.gov
- NELMA Northeastern Lumber Manufacturers Association, Inc. http://www.nelma.org
- NPA National Particleboard Association (See CPA, Composite Panel Association)
- NSF National Sanitation Foundation http://www.nsf.org
- OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration Department of Labor <u>https://www.osha.gov</u>

- PCA Portland Cement Association https://www.cement.org
- PCI Precast Prestressed Concrete Institute https://www.pci.org
- PPI Plastics Pipe Institute https://www.plasticpipe.org
- PEI Porcelain Enamel Institute http://www.porcelainenamel.com
- PTI Post-Tensioning Institute http://www.post-tensioning.org
- RFCI Resilient Floor Covering Institute https://www.rfci.com
- RIS Redwood Inspection Service (See Western Wood Products Association)

https://www.wwpa.org

- SCMA Southern Cypress Manufacturers Association http://www.cypressinfo.org
- SDI Steel Door Institute http://www.steeldoor.org
- SJI Steel Joist Institute https://www.steeljoist.org
- SMACNA Sheet Metal & Air-Conditioning Contractors'
  National Association
  https://www.smacna.org
- SSPC The Society for Protective Coatings https://www.sspc.org
- STI Steel Tank Institute https://www.steeltank.com
- SWI Steel Window Institute https://www.steelwindows.com

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TCNA Tile Council of North America

https://www.tcnatile.com

- TEMA Tubular Exchanger Manufacturers Association http://www.tema.org
- TPI Truss Plate Institute https://www.tpinst.org
- UBC The Uniform Building Code (See ICC)
- UL Underwriters' Laboratories Incorporated https://www.ul.com
- ULC Underwriters' Laboratories of Canada https://www.ulc.ca
- WCLB West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau http://www.wclib.org
- WDMA Window and Door Manufacturers Association

https://www.wdma.com

- WRCLA Western Red Cedar Lumber Association https://www.realcedar.com
- WWPA Western Wood Products Association http://www.wwpa.org

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# SECTION 01 45 00 QUALITY CONTROL

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

This section specifies requirements for Contractor Quality Control (CQC) for Design-Bid-Build (DBB) or Design-Build (DB) construction projects. This section can be used for both project types.

### 1.2 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. The publication listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM)
  - D3740 (2012a) Minimum Requirements for Agencies Engaged in the Testing and/or Inspection of Soil and Rock as Used in Engineering Design and Construction
  - E329 (2014a) Standard Specification for Agencies Engaged in the Testing and/or Inspection of Materials Used in Construction

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

Government approval is required for all submittals. CQC inspection reports shall be submitted under this Specification section and follow the [Applicable CQC Control Phase (Preparatory, Initial, or Follow-Up)]: [Applicable Specification section] naming convention.

- 1. Preconstruction Submittals
  - a. Interim CQC Plan
  - b. CQC Plan
  - c. Additional Requirements for Design Quality Control (DQC) Plan
- 2. Design Data
  - a. Discipline-Specific Checklists
  - b. Design Quality Control
- 3. Test Reports
  - a. Verification Statement

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Establish and maintain an effective quality control (QC) system. that complies with the FAR Clause 52.246.12 titled "Inspection of Construction". QC consists of plans, procedures, and organization necessary to produce an end product which complies with the Contract requirements. The QC system covers all design and construction operations, both onsite and offsite, and be keyed to the proposed design and construction sequence. The project superintendent will be held responsible for the quality of work and is subject to removal by the Contracting Office or Authorized designee for non-compliance with the quality requirements specified in the Contract. In this context the highest level manager responsible for the overall construction activities at the site, including quality and production is the project superintendent. The project superintendent maintains a physical presence at the site at all times and is responsible for all construction and related activities at the site, except as otherwise acceptable to the Contracting Officer.

# 3.2 CQC PLAN:

- A. Submit the CQC Plan no later than CO or Designee to determine during Constructability review - 30 days after receipt of Notice to Proceed (NTP) proposed to implement the requirements of the FAR Clause 52.246.12 titled "Inspection of Construction". The Government will consider an Interim CQC Plan to match timeline established immediately which must be accepted within 10, business days of NTP. Design and/or construction will be permitted to begin only after acceptance of the CQC Plan or acceptance of an Interim plan applicable to the particular feature of work to be started. Work outside of the accepted Interim CQC Plan will not be permitted to begin until acceptance of a CQC Plan or another Interim CQC Plan containing the additional work scope is accepted.
- B. Content of the CQC Plan: Include, as a minimum, the following to cover all design and construction operations, both onsite and offsite, including work by subcontractors, designers of record consultants,

architects/engineers (A/E), fabricators, suppliers, and purchasing agents:

- A description of the QC organization, including a chart showing lines of authority and acknowledgement that the CQC staff will implement the three phase control system for all aspects of the work specified. Include a CQC System Manager that reports to the project superintendent.
- The name, qualifications (in resume format) duties, responsibilities, and authorities of each person assigned a CQC function.
- 3. A copy of the letter to the CQC System Manager signed by an authorized official of the firm which describes the responsibilities and delegates sufficient authorities to adequately perform the functions of the CQC System Manager, including authority to stop work which is not in compliance with the Contract. Letters of direction to all other various quality control representatives outlining duties, authorities, and responsibilities will be issued by the CQC System Manager. Furnish copies of these letters to the Contracting Officer or Authorized designee.
- 4. Procedures for scheduling, reviewing, certifying, and managing submittals including those of subcontractors, designers of record, consultants, A/E's offsite fabricators, suppliers and purchasing agents. These procedures must be in accordance with Section 01 33 23 Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples.
- 5. Control, verification, and acceptance of testing procedures for each specific test to include the test name, specification paragraph requiring test, feature of work to be tested, test frequency, and person responsible for each test. (Laboratory facilities approved by the Contracting Officer or Authorized designee are required to be used)
- Procedures for tracking Preparatory, Initial, and Follow-Up control phases and control, verification, and acceptance tests including documentation.
- Procedures for tracking design and construction deficiencies from identification through acceptable corrective action. Establish verification procedures that identified deficiencies have been corrected.

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- 8. Reporting procedures, including proposed reporting formats.
- 9. A list of the definable features of work. A definable feature of work is a task which is separate and distinct from other tasks has separate control requirements, and is identified by different trades or disciplines, or it is work by the same trade in a different environment. Although each section of specifications can generally be considered as a definable feature of work, there are frequently more than one definable feature under a particular section. This list will be agreed upon during the Coordination meeting.
- 10. Coordinate schedule work with Special Inspections required by Section 01 45 35 Special Inspections, the Statement of Special Inspections and Schedule of Special Inspections. Where the applicable Code issue by the International Code Council (ICC) calls for inspections by the Building Official, the Contractor must include the inspections in the CQC Plan and must perform the inspections required by the applicable ICC. The Contractor must perform these inspections using independent qualified inspectors. Include the Special Inspection Plan requirements in the CQC Plan.
- C. Additional Requirements for Design Quality Control (DQC) Plan: The following additional requirements apply to the DQC Plan for DB projects only and not DBB projects:
  - 1. Submit and maintain a DQC Plan as an effective QC program which assures that all services required by this contract are performed and provided in a manner that meets professional architectural and engineering quality standards. As a minimum, all documents must be technically reviewed by competent, independent reviewers identified in the DQC Plan. The same element that produced the product may not perform the independent technical review (ITR). Correct errors and deficiencies in the design documents prior to submitting them to the Government.
  - 2. Include the design schedule in the master project schedule, showing the sequence of events involved in carrying out the project design tasks within the specific Contract period. This should be at a detailed level of scheduling sufficient to identify all major design tasks, including those that control the flow of work. Include review and correction periods associated with each item. This should be a forward planning as well as a project monitoring tool. The schedule

reflects calendar days and not dates for each activity. If the schedule is changed, submit a revised schedule reflecting the change within 7 calendar days. Include in the DQC Plan the disciplinespecific checklists to be used during the design and quality control of each submittal. Submit at each design phase as part of the project documentation these completed discipline-specific checklists.

- 3. Implement the DQC Plan by a DQC Manager who has the responsibility of being cognizant of and assuring that all documents on the project have been coordinated. This individual must be a person who has verifiable engineering or architectural design experience and is a Professional Engineer or Registered Architect within the state of Construction location. Notify the Contracting Officer or Authorized designee, in writing, of the name of the individual, and the name of an alternate person assigned to the position.
- D. Acceptance of Plan: Acceptance of the Contractor's plan is required prior to the start of design and construction. Acceptance is conditional and will be predicated on satisfactory performance during the design and construction. The Government reserves the right to require the Contractor to make changes in the CQC Plan and operations including removal of personnel as necessary, to obtain the quality specified.
- E. Notification of Changes: After acceptance of the CQC Plan, notify the Contracting Officer or Authorized designee in writing of any proposed change. Proposed changes are subject to acceptance by the Government prior to implementation by the Contractor.

# 3.3 COORDINATION MEETING:

After the Preconstruction Conference Post-award Conference before start of design or construction, and prior to acceptance by the Government of the CQC Plan, meet with the Contracting Officer or Authorized designee to discuss the Contractor's quality control system. Submit the CQC Plan a minimum of 5 business days prior to the Coordination Meeting. During the meeting, a mutual understanding of the system details must be developed, including the forms for recording the CC operations, design activities (if applicable), control activities, testing, administration of the system for both onsite and offsite work, and the interrelationship of Contractor's Management and control with the Government's Quality Assurance. Minutes of the meeting will be prepared by the Government, signed by both the Contractor and Contracting Officer or Authorized designee and will become a part of the contract file. There can be occasions when subsequent conferences will be called by either party to reconfirm mutual understandings or address deficiencies in the CQC system or procedures which can require corrective action by the Contractor.

#### 3.4 QUALITY CONTROL ORGANIZATION:

- A. Personnel Requirements: The requirements for the CQC organization are a Safety and Health Manager, CQC System Manager, a Design Quality Manager (if applicable), and sufficient number of additional qualified personnel to ensure safety and Contract compliance. The Safety and Health Manager shall satisfy the requirements of Specification 01 35 26 Safety Requirements and reports directly to a senior project (or corporate) official independent from the CQC System Manager. The Safety and Health Manager will also serve as a member of the CQC Staff. Personnel identified in the technical provisions as requiring specialized skills to assure the required work is being performed properly will also be included as part of the CQC organization. The Contractor's CQC staff maintains a presence at the site at all times during progress of the work and have complete authority and responsibility to take any action necessary to ensure Contract compliance. The CQC staff will be subject to acceptance by the Contracting Officer or Authorized designee. Provide adequate office space, filing systems, and other resources as necessary to maintain an effective and fully functional CQC organization. Promptly complete and furnish all letters, material submittals, shop drawings submittals, schedules and all other project documentation to the CQC organization. The CQC organization is responsible to maintain these documents and records at the site at all times, except as otherwise acceptable to the Government.
- B. CQC System Manager: Identify as CQC System Manager an individual within the onsite work organization that is responsible for overall management of CQC and has the authority to act in all CQC matters for the Contractor. The CQC system Manager is required to be a graduate of

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construction management, with a minimum of PM or SRE to determine qualifications based on project complexity at construction review with 3 years construction experience on construction similar to the scope of this Contract. This CQC System manager is on site at all times during construction and is employed by the General Contractor. The CQC System Manger is assigned as CQC System Manager but has duties as project superintendent in addition to quality control. Identify in the plan an alternate to serve in the event of the CDQC System Manager's absence. The requirements for the alternate are the same as the CQC System Manager.

C. CQC Personnel: In addition to CQC personnel specified elsewhere in the contract, provide as part of the CQC organization specialized personnel to assist in the CQC System Manager for the following areas, as applicable: electrical, mechanical, civil, structural, environmental, architectural, materials technician submittals clerk, Commissioning Agent/LEED specialist, and low voltage systems. These individuals or specified technical companies are directly employed by the General Contractor and cannot be employed by a supplier or subcontractor on this project and shall be responsible to the CQC System Manager; be physically present at the construction site during work on the specialized personnel's areas of responsibility; have the necessary education or experience in accordance with the Experience Matrix listed herein. These individuals can perform other duties but need to be allowed sufficient time to perform the specialized personnel's assigned quality controls duties as described in the CQC Plan. A single person can cover more than one area provided that the single person is qualified to perform QC activities in each designated and that workload allows.

### EXPERIENCE MATRIX

| Area  | Qualifications  |  |  |
|-------|---|--|--|
| CIVII | Graduate Civil Engineer or Construction<br>Manager with 2 years experience in the type<br>of work being performed on this project or<br>technician with 5 years related experience. |  |  |

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| Area                                       | Qualifications  |
|--|---|
| Mechanical                                 | Graduate Mechanical Engineer with 2 years<br>experience or construction professional<br>with 5 years of experience supervising<br>mechanical features of work in the field<br>with a construction company.  |
| Electrical                                 | Graduate Electrical Engineer with 2 years<br>related experience or construction<br>professional with 5 years of experience<br>supervising electrical features of work in<br>the field with a construction company.  |
| Structural                                 | Graduate Civil Engineer (with Structural<br>Track or Focus), Structural Engineer, or<br>Construction Manager with 2 years<br>experience or construction professional<br>with 5 years experience supervising<br>structural features of work in the field<br>with a construction company. |
| Architectural                              | Graduate Architect with 2 years experience<br>or construction professional with 5 years<br>of related experience.   |
| Environmental                              | Graduate Environmental Engineer with 3 years experience.  |
| Submittals                                 | Submittal Clerk with 1 year experience.   |
| Concrete, Pavement, and Soils              | Materials Technician with 2 years experience for the appropriate area.  |
| Testing, Adjusting, and<br>Balancing (TAB) | Specialist must be a member of AABC or an experienced technician of the firm certified by the NEBB.   |
| Design Quality Control Manager             | Registered Architect or Professional<br>Engineer  |

D. Additional Requirements: In addition to the above experience and education requirements, the CQC System Manager and Alternate CQC System Manager are required to have completed the Construction Quality Management (CQM) for Construction course. If the CQC System Manager does not have a current specification, obtain the CQM for Contractors course identification within 90 days of award. This course is periodically offered by the Naval Facilities Engineering Command and the Army Corps of Engineers. Contact the Contracting Officer or Authorized designee for information on the next scheduled class.

- E. Organizational Changes: Maintain the CQC staff at full strength at all times. When it is necessary to make changes to the CQC staff, revise the CQC Plan to reflect the changes and submit the changes to the Contracting Officer or Authorized designee for acceptance.
- 3.5 SUBMITTALS AND DELIVERABLES: Submittals have to comply with the requirements in Section 01 33 23 Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples. The CQC organization is responsible for certifying that all submittals and deliverables are in compliance with the contract requirements. When Section 01 91 00 General Commissioning Requirements is included in the contract, the submittals required by the section have to be coordinated with the Section 01 33 23 Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples to ensure adequate time is allowed for each type of submittal required.

### 3.6 CONTROL:

- A. CQC is the means by which the Contractor ensures that the construction, to include that of subcontractors and suppliers, complies with the requirements of the contract. At least three phases of control are required to be conducted by the CQC System Manager for each definable feature of the construction work as follows:
  - Preparatory Phase: This phase is performed prior to beginning work on each definable feature of work after all required plans/documents/materials are approved/accepted, and after copies are at the work site. This phase includes:
    - a. A review of each paragraph of applicable specifications, references codes, and standards. Make available during the preparatory inspection a copy of those sections of referenced codes and standards applicable to that portion of the work to be accomplished in the field. Maintain and make available in the field for use by Government personnel until final acceptance of the work.
    - b. Review of the Contract drawings.
    - c. Check to assure that all materials and equipment have been tested, submitted, and approved.
    - d. Review of provisions that have been made to provide required control inspection and testing.

- e. Review Special Inspections required by Section 01 45 35 Special Inspections, that Statement of Special Inspections and the Schedule of Specials Inspections.
- f. Examination of the work area to assure that all required preliminary work has been completed and is in compliance with the Contract.
- g. Examination of required materials, equipment, and sample work to assure that they are on hand conform to approved shop drawings or submitted data, and are properly stored.
- h. Review of the appropriate Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) to assure safety requirements are met.
- i. Discussion of procedures for controlling quality of the work including repetitive deficiencies. Document construction tolerances and workmanship standards - contract defined or industry standard if not contract defined - for that feature of work.
- j. Check to ensure that the portion of the plan for the work to be performed has been accepted by the Contracting Officer.
- k. Discussion of the initial control phase.
- 1. The Government needs to be notified at least 48 hours or 2 business days in advance of beginning the Preparatory control phase. Include a meeting conducted by the CQC System Manager and attended by the superintendent, other CQC personnel (as applicable), and the foreman responsible for the definable feature. Document the results of the Preparatory phase actions by separate minutes prepared by the CQC System Manager and attach to the daily CQC report. Instruct applicable workers as to the acceptable level of workmanship required in order to meet contract specifications.
- B. Initial Phase: This phase is accomplished at the beginning of a definable feature of work. Accomplish the following:
  - Check work to ensure that it is in full compliance with contract requirements. Review minutes of the Preparatory meeting.
  - Verify adequacy of controls to ensure full contract compliance. Verify the required control inspection and testing is in compliance with the contract.

- 3. Establish level of workmanship and verify that it meets minimum acceptable workmanship standards. Compare with required sample panels as appropriate.
- 4. Resolve all differences.
- 5. Check safety to include compliance with an upgrading of the safety plan and activity hazard analysis. Review the activity analysis with each worker.
- 6. The Government needs to be notified at least 48 hours or 2 business days in advance of beginning the initial phase for definable features of work. Prepare separate minutes of this phase by the CQC System Manager and attach to the daily CQC report. Indicate the exact location of initial phase for definable feature of work for future reference and comparison with Follow-Up phases.
- 7. The initial phase for each definable feature of work is repeated for each new crew to work onsite, or any time acceptable specified quality standards are not being met.
- Coordinate scheduled work with Special Inspections required by Section 01 45 35 Special Inspections, the Statement of Special Inspections, and the Schedule of Special Inspections.
- C. Follow-Up Phase: Perform daily checks to assure control activities, including control testing, are providing continued compliance with contract requirements until the completion of the particular feature of work. Record the checks in the CQC documentation. Conduct final Follow-Up checks and correct all deficiencies prior to the start of additional features of work which may be affected by the deficient work. Do not build upon nor conceal non-conforming work. Coordinate scheduled work with Special Inspections required by Section 01 45 35 Special Inspections, the Statement of Special Inspections, and the Schedule of Special Inspections
- D. Additional Preparatory and Initial Phases on the same definable features of work if: the quality ongoing work is unacceptable; if there are changes in the applicable CQC staff, onsite production supervision or work crew; if work on a definable feature is resumed after a substantial period of inactivity, or if other problems develop.

# 3.7 TESTS

- A. Testing Procedure: Perform specified or required tests to verify that control measures are adequate to provide a product which conforms to contract requirements. Upon request, furnish to the Government duplicate samples of test specimens for possible testing by the Government. Testing includes operation and acceptance test when specified. Procure the services of a Department of Veteran Affairs approved testing laboratory or establish an approved testing laboratory at the project site. Perform the following activities and record and provide the following data:
  - 1. Verify that testing procedures comply with contract requirements.
  - Verify that facilities and testing equipment are available and comply with testing standards.
  - 3. Check test instrument calibration data against certified standards.
  - Verify that recording forms and test identification control number system, including all of the test documentation requirements, have been prepared.
  - 5. Record results of all tests taken, both passing and failing on the CQC report for the date taken. Specification paragraph reference, location where tests were taken, and the unique sequential control number identifying the test. If approved by the Contracting Officer or Authorized designee, actual test reports are submitted later with a reference to the test number and date taken. Provide an information copy of tests performed by an offsite or commercial test facility directly to the Contracting Officer or Authorized designee. Failure to submit timely test reports as stated results in nonpayment for related work performed and disapproval of the test facility for this Contract.
- B. Testing Laboratories: All testing laboratories must be validated through the procedures contained in Specification section 01 45 29 Testing Laboratory Services.
  - Capability Check: The Government reserves the right to check laboratory equipment in the proposed laboratory for compliance with the standards set forth in the contract specifications and to check the laboratory technician's testing procedures and techniques. Laboratories utilized for testing soils, concrete, asphalt and steel is required to meet criteria detailed in ASTM D3740 and ASTM E329.

- 2. Capability Recheck: If the selected laboratory fails the capability check, the Contractor will be assessed a charge equal to value of recheck to reimburse the Government for each succeeding recheck of the laboratory or the checking of a subsequently selected laboratory. Such costs will be deducted from the Contract amount due the Contractor.
- C. Onsite Laboratory: The Government reserves the right to utilize the Contractor's control testing laboratory and equipment to make assurance tests, and to check the Contractor's testing procedures, techniques, and test results at no additional cost to the Government.

#### 3.8 COMPLETION INSPECTION

- A. Punch-Out Inspection: Conduct an inspection of the work by the CQC system Manager near the end of the work, or any increment of the work established by the specifications. Prepare and include in the CQC documentation a punch list of items which do not conform to the approved drawings and specifications. Include within the list of deficiencies the estimated date by which the deficiencies will be corrected. Make a second inspection the CQC System Manager or staff to ascertain that all deficiencies have been corrected. Once this is accomplished, notify the Government that the facility is ready for the Government Pre-Final Inspection.
- B. Pre-Final Inspection: The Government will perform the Pre-Final Inspection to verify that the facility is complete and ready to be occupied. A Government Pre-Final Punch List may be developed as a result of this inspection. Ensure that all items on this list have been corrected before notifying the Government, so that a Final Acceptance Inspection with the customer can be scheduled. Correct any items noted on the Pre-Final Inspection in a timely manner. These inspections and any deficiency corrections required by this paragraph need to be accomplished within the time slated for completion of the entire work or any particular increment of the work if the project is divided into increments by separate construction completion dates.
- C. Final Acceptance Inspection: The Contractor's QC Inspection personnel, plus the superintendent or other primary management person, and the Contracting Officer's Authorized designee is required to be in attendance at the Final Acceptance Inspection. Additional Government

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personnel can also be in attendance. The Final Acceptance Inspection will be formally scheduled by the Contracting Officer's or Authorized designee based upon results of the Pre-Final Inspection. Notify the Contracting Officer through the Resident Engineer office at least 14 days prior to the Final Acceptance Inspection and include the Contractor's assurance that all specific items previously identified to the Contractor as being unacceptable, along with all remaining work performed under the contract, will be complete and acceptable by the date schedule for the Final Acceptance Inspection. Failure of the Contractor to have all contract work acceptably complete for this inspection will be cause for the Contracting Officer to bill the Contractor for the Government's additional inspection cost in accordance with FAR Clause 52.246-12 titled "Inspection of Construction".

- 3.9 DOCUMENTATION
  - A. Quality Control Activities: Maintain current records providing factual evidence that required QC activities and tests have been performed. Include in these records the work of subcontractors and suppliers on an acceptable form that includes, as a minimum, the following information:
    - 1. The name and area of responsibility of the  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Contractor}}\xspace/\ensuremath{\mathsf{Subcontractor}}\xspace$
    - Operating plant/equipment with hours worked, idle, or down for repair.
    - 3. Work performed each day, giving location, description, and by whom. When Network Analysis (NAS) is used, identify each phase of work performed each day by NAS activity number.
    - 4. Test and control activities performed with results and references to specification/drawing requirements. Identify the Control Phase (Preparatory, Initial, and/or Follow-Up). List deficiencies noted, along with corrective action.
    - Quantity of materials received at the site with statement as to acceptability, storage, and reference to specification/drawing requirements.
    - Submittals and deliverables reviewed, with Contract reference, by whom, and action taken.
    - 7. Offsite surveillance activities, including actions taken.

- Job safety evaluations stating what was checked, results, and instructions or corrective actions.
- Instructions given/received and conflicts in plans and specifications.
- 10. Provide documentation of design quality control activities. For independent design reviews, provide, as a minimum, identification of the Independent Technical Reviewer (ITR) team, the ITR review comments, responses, and the record of resolution of the comments.
- B. Verification Statement: Indicate a description of trades working on the project; the number of personnel working; weather conditions encountered; and any delays encountered. Cover both conforming and deficient features and include a statement that equipment and materials incorporated in the work and workmanship comply with the Contract. Furnish the original and one copy of these records in report form to the Government daily with 1 week after the date covered by the report, except that reports need not be submitted for days on which no work is performed. As a minimum, prepare and submit on report for every 7 days of no work and on the last day of a no work period. All calendar days need to be accounted for throughout the life of the contract. The first report following a day of no work will be for that day only. Reports need to be signed and dated by the CQC System Manager. Include copies of test reports and copies of reports prepared by all subordinate QC personnel within the CQC System Manager Report.

# 3.10 SAMPLE FORMS

Templates of various quality control reports can be found on the Whole Building Design Guide website at <u>https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/NAVGRAPH/</u> 01%2045%2000.00%2020\_quality\_control\_reports.pdf

3.11 NOTIFICATION OF NONCOMPLIANCE: The Contracting Officer or Authorized designee will notify the Contractor of any detected noncompliance with the foregoing requirements. The Contractor should take immediate corrective action after receipt of such notice. Such notice, when delivered to the Contractor at the work site will be deemed sufficient for the purpose of notification. If the Contractor fails or refuses to comply promptly, the Contracting Officer can issue an order stopping all or part of the work until satisfactory corrective action has been taken. No part of the time lost due to such stop orders will be made 02-01-21 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades Wagner CBOC Sioux Falls VA Health Care System VA Project #438-21-100WAG

the subject of claim for extension of time or for excess costs or damages by the Contractor.

--- End of Section ---

# SECTION 01 45 29 TESTING LABORATORY SERVICES

# PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 DESCRIPTION:

This section specifies materials testing activities and inspection services required during project construction to be provided by a Testing Laboratory retained by the General Contractor .

# 1.2 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS:

A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to in the text by the basic designation only.

| B. American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials |    |  |  |
|---|----|--|--|
| (AASHTO):   |    |  |  |
| T27-11 Standard Method of Test for Sieve Analysis of                  |    |  |  |
| Fine and Coarse Aggregates  |    |  |  |
| T96-02 (R2006)Standard Method of Test for Resistance to               |    |  |  |
| Degradation of Small-Size Coarse Aggregate by                         |    |  |  |
| Abrasion and Impact in the Los Angeles Machin                         | е  |  |  |
| T99-10Standard Method of Test for Moisture-Density                    |    |  |  |
| Relations of Soils Using a 2.5 Kg (5.5 lb.)                           |    |  |  |
| Rammer and a 305 mm (12 in.) Drop                                     |    |  |  |
| T104-99 (R2007)Standard Method of Test for Soundness of               |    |  |  |
| Aggregate by Use of Sodium Sulfate or Magnesi                         | um |  |  |
| Sulfate   |    |  |  |
| T180-10Standard Method of Test for Moisture-Density                   |    |  |  |
| Relations of Soils using a 4.54 kg (10 lb.)                           |    |  |  |
| Rammer and a 457 mm (18 in.) Drop                                     |    |  |  |
| T191-02(R2006)Standard Method of Test for Density of Soil I           | n- |  |  |
| Place by the Sand-Cone Method   |    |  |  |
| T310-13Standard Method of Test for In-place Density                   |    |  |  |
| and Moisture Content of Soil and Soil-aggrega                         | te |  |  |
| by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth)                                    |    |  |  |
| C. American Concrete Institute (ACI):                                 |    |  |  |

506.4R-94 (R2004).....Guide for the Evaluation of Shotcrete

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| D. | American Society for Te | sting and Materials (ASTM):                      |
|----|-------------------------|--|
|    | A370-12                 | .Standard Test Methods and Definitions for       |
|    |                         | Mechanical Testing of Steel Products             |
|    | A416/A416M-10           | .Standard Specification for Steel Strand,        |
|    |                         | Uncoated Seven-Wire for Prestressed Concrete     |
|    | C31/C31M-10             | .Standard Practice for Making and Curing         |
|    |                         | Concrete Test Specimens in the Field             |
|    | C33/C33M-11a            | .Standard Specification for Concrete Aggregates  |
|    | С39/С39М-12             | .Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength   |
|    |                         | of Cylindrical Concrete Specimens                |
|    | C109/C109M-11b          | .Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength   |
|    |                         | of Hydraulic Cement Mortars                      |
|    | C136-06                 | .Standard Test Method for Sieve Analysis of Fine |
|    |                         | and Coarse Aggregates                            |
|    | C138/C138M-10b          | .Standard Test Method for Density (Unit Weight), |
|    |                         | Yield, and Air Content (Gravimetric) of          |
|    |                         | Concrete   |
|    | C140-12                 | .Standard Test Methods for Sampling and Testing  |
|    |                         | Concrete Masonry Units and Related Units         |
|    | C143/C143M-10a          | .Standard Test Method for Slump of Hydraulic     |
|    |                         | Cement Concrete                                  |
|    | С172/С172М-10           | .Standard Practice for Sampling Freshly Mixed    |
|    |                         | Concrete   |
|    | C173/C173M-10b          | .Standard Test Method for Air Content of freshly |
|    |                         | Mixed Concrete by the Volumetric Method          |
|    | C330/C330M-09           | .Standard Specification for Lightweight          |
|    |                         | Aggregates for Structural Concrete               |
|    | C567/C567M-11           | .Standard Test Method for Density Structural     |
|    |                         | Lightweight Concrete                             |
|    | C780-11                 | .Standard Test Method for Pre-construction and   |
|    |                         | Construction Evaluation of Mortars for Plain     |
|    |                         | and Reinforced Unit Masonry                      |
|    | C1019-11                | .Standard Test Method for Sampling and Testing   |
|    |                         | Grout  |
|    | C1064/C1064M-11         | .Standard Test Method for Temperature of Freshly |
|    |                         | Mixed Portland Cement Concrete                   |

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| C1077-11c         | .Standard Practice for Agencies Testing Concrete                      |
|-------------------|---|
|                   | and Concrete Aggregates for Use in Construction                       |
|                   | and Criteria for Testing Agency Evaluation                            |
| C1314-11a         | .Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength                        |
| CIJI4 IId         |   |
| D400 62 (2007)    | of Masonry Prisms<br>.Standard Test Method for Particle-Size Analysis |
| D422-65 (2007)    | -   |
|                   | of Soils  |
| D698-07e1         | .Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction                      |
|                   | Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort                         |
| D1140-00(2006)    | .Standard Test Methods for Amount of Material in                      |
|                   | Soils Finer than No. 200 Sieve  |
| D1143/D1143M-07e1 | .Standard Test Methods for Deep Foundations                           |
|                   | Under Static Axial Compressive Load                                   |
| D1188-07e1        | .Standard Test Method for Bulk Specific Gravity                       |
|                   | and Density of Compacted Bituminous Mixtures                          |
|                   | Using Coated Samples  |
| D1556-07          | .Standard Test Method for Density and Unit                            |
|                   | Weight of Soil in Place by the Sand-Cone Method                       |
| D1557-09          | .Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction                      |
|                   | Characteristics of Soil Using Modified Effort                         |
|                   | (56,000ft lbf/ft3 (2,700 KNm/m3))                                     |
| D2166-06          | .Standard Test Method for Unconfined Compressive                      |
|                   | Strength of Cohesive Soil   |
| D2167-08)         | .Standard Test Method for Density and Unit                            |
|                   | Weight of Soil in Place by the Rubber Balloon                         |
|                   | Method  |
| D2216-10          | .Standard Test Methods for Laboratory                                 |
|                   | Determination of Water (Moisture) Content of                          |
|                   | Soil and Rock by Mass   |
| D2974-07a         | .Standard Test Methods for Moisture, Ash, and                         |
|                   | Organic Matter of Peat and Other Organic Soils                        |
| D2666-11          | .Standard Specification for Minimum Requirements                      |
| D2000-11          |   |
|                   | for Agencies Testing and Inspecting Road and                          |
|                   | Paving Materials  |
| D3/40-11          | .Standard Practice for Minimum Requirements for                       |
|                   | Agencies Engaged in Testing and/or Inspection                         |

EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades Wagner CBOC Sioux Falls VA Health Care System VA Project #438-21-100WAG of Soil and Rock as used in Engineering Design and Construction D6938-10.....Standard Test Method for In-Place Density and Water Content of Soil and Soil-Aggregate by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth) E94-04(2010).....Standard Guide for Radiographic Examination E164-08.....Standard Practice for Contact Ultrasonic Testing of Weldments E329-11c.....Standard Specification for Agencies Engaged in Construction Inspection, Testing, or Special Inspection E543-09.....Standard Specification for Agencies Performing Non-Destructive Testing E605-93(R2011).....Standard Test Methods for Thickness and Density of Sprayed Fire Resistive Material (SFRM) Applied to Structural Members E709-08.....Standard Guide for Magnetic Particle Examination E1155-96(R2008).....Determining FF Floor Flatness and FL Floor Levelness Numbers F3125/F3125M-15.....Standard Specification for High Strength Structural Bolts, Steel and Alloy Steel, Heat Treated, 120 ksi (830 MPa) and 150 ksi (1040 MPa) Minimum Tensile Strength, Inch and Metric Dimensions

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E. American Welding Society (AWS): D1.D1.1M-10.....Structural Welding Code-Steel

## 1.3 REQUIREMENTS:

A. Accreditation Requirements: Construction materials testing laboratories must be accredited by a laboratory accreditation authority and will be required to submit a copy of the Certificate of Accreditation and Scope of Accreditation. The laboratory's scope of accreditation must include the appropriate ASTM standards (i.e.; E329, C1077, D3666, D3740, A880, E543) listed in the technical sections of the specifications. Laboratories engaged in Hazardous Materials Testing shall meet the requirements of OSHA and EPA. The policy applies to the specific laboratory performing the actual testing, not just the "Corporate Office."

- B. Inspection and Testing: Testing laboratory shall inspect materials and workmanship and perform tests described herein and additional tests requested by Resident Engineer. When it appears materials furnished, or work performed by Contractor fail to meet construction contract requirements, Testing Laboratory shall direct attention of Resident Engineer to such failure.
- C. Written Reports: Testing laboratory shall submit test reports to COR, Contractor, unless other arrangements are agreed to in writing by the Resident Engineer. Submit reports of tests that fail to meet construction contract requirements on colored paper.
- D. Verbal Reports: Give verbal notification to Resident Engineer immediately of any irregularity.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

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# SECTION 01 57 19 TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. This section specifies the control of environmental pollution and damage that the Contractor must consider for air, water, and land resources. It includes management of visual aesthetics, noise, solid waste, radiant energy, and radioactive materials, as well as other pollutants and resources encountered or generated by the Contractor. The Contractor is obligated to consider specified control measures with the costs included within the various contract items of work.
- B. Environmental pollution and damage is defined as the presence of chemical, physical, or biological elements or agents which:
  - 1. Adversely effect human health or welfare,
  - 2. Unfavorably alter ecological balances of importance to human life,
  - 3. Effect other species of importance to humankind, or;
  - Degrade the utility of the environment for aesthetic, cultural, and historical purposes.
- C. Definitions of Pollutants:
  - Chemical Waste: Petroleum products, bituminous materials, salts, acids, alkalis, herbicides, pesticides, organic chemicals, and inorganic wastes.
  - Debris: Combustible and noncombustible wastes, such as leaves, tree trimmings, ashes, and waste materials resulting from construction or maintenance and repair work.
  - 3. Sediment: Soil and other debris that has been eroded and transported by runoff water.
  - Solid Waste: Rubbish, debris, garbage, and other discarded solid materials resulting from industrial, commercial, and agricultural operations and from community activities.
  - 5. Surface Discharge: The term "Surface Discharge" implies that the water is discharged with possible sheeting action and subsequent soil erosion may occur. Waters that are surface discharged may terminate in drainage ditches, storm sewers, creeks, and/or "water of the United States" and would require a permit to discharge water from the governing agency.

- 6. Rubbish: Combustible and noncombustible wastes such as paper, boxes, glass and crockery, metal and lumber scrap, tin cans, and bones.
- 7. Sanitary Wastes:
  - a. Sewage: Domestic sanitary sewage and human and animal waste.
  - b. Garbage: Refuse and scraps resulting from preparation, cooking, dispensing, and consumption of food.

#### 1.2 QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Establish and maintain quality control for the environmental protection of all items set forth herein.
- B. Record on daily reports any problems in complying with laws, regulations, and ordinances. Note any corrective action taken.

#### 1.3 REFERENCES

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to in the text by basic designation only.
- B. U.S. National Archives and Records Administration (NARA): 33 CFR 328.....Definitions

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. In accordance with Section, 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES, furnish the following:
  - 1. Environmental Protection Plan: After the contract is awarded and prior to the commencement of the work, the Contractor shall meet with the Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) to discuss the proposed Environmental Protection Plan and to develop mutual understanding relative to details of environmental protection. Not more than 20 days after the meeting, the Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Contracting Officer for approval, a written and/or graphic Environmental Protection Plan including, but not limited to, the following:
    - a. Name(s) of person(s) within the Contractor's organization who is (are) responsible for ensuring adherence to the Environmental Protection Plan.
    - b. Name(s) and qualifications of person(s) responsible for manifesting hazardous waste to be removed from the site.
    - c. Name(s) and qualifications of person(s) responsible for training the Contractor's environmental protection personnel.

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- d. Description of the Contractor's environmental protection personnel training program.
- e. A list of Federal, State, and local laws, regulations, and permits concerning environmental protection, pollution control, noise control and abatement that are applicable to the Contractor's proposed operations and the requirements imposed by those laws, regulations, and permits.
- f. Methods for protection of features to be preserved within authorized work areas including trees, shrubs, vines, grasses, ground cover, landscape features, air and water quality, fish and wildlife, soil, historical, and archeological and cultural resources.
- g. Procedures to provide the environmental protection that comply with the applicable laws and regulations. Describe the procedures to correct pollution of the environment due to accident, natural causes, or failure to follow the procedures as described in the Environmental Protection Plan.
- h. Permits, licenses, and the location of the solid waste disposal area.
- i. Drawings showing locations of any proposed material storage areas, structures, sanitary facilities, and stockpiles of excess or spoil materials. Include as part of an Erosion Control Plan approved by the District Office of the U.S. Soil Conservation Service and the Department of Veterans Affairs.
- j. Environmental Monitoring Plans for the job site including land, water, air, and noise.
- k. Work Area Plan showing the proposed activity in each portion of the area and identifying the areas of limited use or nonuse. Plan should include measures for marking the limits of use areas. This plan may be incorporated within the Erosion Control Plan.
- 1. Inclusion of "best management practices" and methodologies.
- B. Approval of the Contractor's Environmental Protection Plan will not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for adequate and continued control of pollutants and other environmental protection measures.

# 1.5 PROTECTION OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES

A. Protect environmental resources within the project boundaries and those affected outside the limits of permanent work during the entire period

of this contract. Confine activities to areas defined by the specifications and drawings.

- B. Protection of Land Resources: Prior to construction, identify all land resources to be preserved within the work area. Do not remove, cut, deface, injure, or destroy land resources including trees, shrubs, vines, grasses, topsoil, and landforms without permission from the COR. Do not fasten or attach ropes, cables, or guys to trees for anchorage unless specifically authorized, or where special emergency use is permitted. Provide erosion control plans, in phases where required.
  - Work Area Limits: Prior to any construction, mark the areas that require work to be performed under this contract. Mark or fence isolated areas within the general work area that are to be saved and protected. Protect monuments, works of art, and markers before construction operations begin. Convey to all personnel the purpose of marking and protecting all necessary objects.
  - Protection of Landscape: Protect trees, shrubs, vines, grasses, land forms, and other landscape features shown on the drawings to be preserved by marking, fencing, or using any other approved techniques.
    - a. Box and protect from damage existing trees and shrubs to remain on the construction site.
    - b. Immediately repair all damage to existing trees and shrubs by trimming, cleaning, and painting with antiseptic tree paint.
    - c. Do not store building materials or perform construction activities closer to existing trees or shrubs than the farthest extension of their limbs.
  - 3. Reduction of Exposure of Unprotected Erodible Soils: Plan and conduct earthwork to minimize the duration of exposure of unprotected soils. Clear areas in reasonably sized increments only as needed to use. Form earthwork to final grade as shown. Immediately protect side slopes and back slopes upon completion of rough grading.
  - 4. Handle and dispose of solid wastes in such a manner that will prevent contamination of the environment. Place solid wastes (excluding clearing debris) in containers that are emptied on a regular schedule. Transport all solid waste off Government property

and dispose of waste in compliance with Federal, State, and local requirements.

- Store chemical waste away from the work areas in corrosion resistant containers and dispose of waste in accordance with Federal, State, and local regulations.
- Handle discarded materials other than those included in the solid waste category as directed by the COR.
- C. Protection of Water Resources: Keep construction activities under surveillance, management, and control to avoid pollution of surface and ground waters and sewer systems. Implement management techniques to control water pollution by the listed construction activities that are included in this contract.
  - Washing and Curing Water: Do not allow wastewater directly derived from construction activities to enter water areas. Collect and place wastewater in retention ponds allowing the suspended material to settle, the pollutants to separate, or the water to evaporate.
  - Control movement of materials and equipment at stream crossings during construction to prevent violation of water pollution control standards of the Federal, State, or local government.
  - 3. Monitor water areas affected by construction.
- D. Protection of Fish and Wildlife Resources: Keep construction activities under surveillance, management, and control to minimize interference with, disturbance of, or damage to fish and wildlife. Prior to beginning construction operations, list species that require specific attention along with measures for their protection.
- E. Protection of Air Resources: Keep construction activities under surveillance, management, and control to minimize pollution of air resources. Burning is not permitted on the job site. Keep activities, equipment, processes, and work operated or performed, in strict accordance with South Dakota State Air Pollution Statue, Rule, or Regulation and Federal emission and performance laws and standards. Maintain ambient air quality standards set by the Environmental Protection Agency, for those construction operations and activities specified.
  - Particulates: Control dust particles, aerosols, and gaseous byproducts from all construction activities, processing, and preparation of materials (such as from asphaltic batch plants) at

all times, including weekends, holidays, and hours when work is not in progress.

- 2. Particulates Control: Maintain all excavations, stockpiles, haul roads, permanent and temporary access roads, plant sites, spoil areas, borrow areas, and all other work areas within or outside the project boundaries free from particulates which would cause a hazard or a nuisance. Sprinklering, chemical treatment of an approved type, light bituminous treatment, baghouse, scrubbers, electrostatic precipitators, or other methods are permitted to control particulates in the work area.
- 3. Hydrocarbons and Carbon Monoxide: Control monoxide emissions from equipment to Federal and State allowable limits.
- Odors: Control odors of construction activities and prevent obnoxious odors from occurring.
- F. Reduction of Noise: Minimize noise using every action possible. Perform noise-producing work in less sensitive hours of the day or week as directed by the COR. Maintain noise-produced work at or below the decibel levels and within the time periods specified.
  - Perform construction activities involving repetitive, high-level impact noise only between 8:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m unless otherwise permitted by local ordinance or the COR. Repetitive impact noise on the property shall not exceed the following dB limitations:

| Time Duration of Impact Noise       | Sound Level in dB |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| More than 12 minutes in any hour    | 70                |
| Less than 30 seconds of any hour    | 85                |
| Less than three minutes of any hour | 80                |
| Less than 12 minutes of any hour    | 75                |

- Provide sound-deadening devices on equipment and take noise abatement measures that are necessary to comply with the requirements of this contract, consisting of, but not limited to, the following:
  - Maintain maximum permissible construction equipment noise levels at 15 meter (50 feet) (dBA):

| EARTHMOVING |         | MATERIALS | HANDLING        |    |
|-------------|---------|-----------|-----------------|----|
| FRONT       | LOADERS | 75        | CONCRETE MIXERS | 75 |

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| BACKHOES           | 75 | CONCRETE PUMPS  | 75 |
|--------------------|----|-----------------|----|
| DOZERS             | 75 | CRANES          | 75 |
| TRACTORS           | 75 | DERRICKS IMPACT | 75 |
| SCAPERS            | 80 | PILE DRIVERS    | 95 |
| GRADERS            | 75 | JACK HAMMERS    | 75 |
| TRUCKS             | 75 | ROCK DRILLS     | 80 |
| PAVERS, STATIONARY | 80 | PNEUMATIC TOOLS | 80 |
| PUMPS              | 75 |                 |    |
| GENERATORS         | 75 | SAWS            | 75 |
| COMPRESSORS        | 75 | VIBRATORS       | 75 |
|                    |    |                 |    |

- b. Use shields or other physical barriers to restrict noise transmission.
- c. Provide soundproof housings or enclosures for noise-producing machinery.
- d. Use efficient silencers on equipment air intakes.
- e. Use efficient intake and exhaust mufflers on internal combustion engines that are maintained so equipment performs below noise levels specified.
- f. Line hoppers and storage bins with sound deadening material.
- g. Conduct truck loading, unloading, and hauling operations so that noise is kept to a minimum.
- 3. Measure sound level for noise exposure due to the construction at least once every five successive working days while work is being performed above 55 dB(A) noise level. Measure noise exposure at the property line or 15 m (50 feet) from the noise source, whichever is greater. Measure the sound levels on the <u>A</u> weighing network of a General Purpose sound level meter at slow response. To minimize the effect of reflective sound waves at buildings, take measurements at 900 to 1800 mm (three to six feet) in front of any building face. Submit the recorded information to the COR noting any problems and the alternatives for mitigating actions.
- G. Restoration of Damaged Property: If any direct or indirect damage is done to public or private property resulting from any act, omission, neglect, or misconduct, the Contractor shall restore the damaged property to a condition equal to that existing before the damage at no

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additional cost to the Government. Repair, rebuild, or restore property as directed or make good such damage in an acceptable manner.

H. Final Clean-up: On completion of project and after removal of all debris, rubbish, and temporary construction, Contractor shall leave the construction area in a clean condition satisfactory to the COR. Cleaning shall include off the station disposal of all items and materials not required to be salvaged, as well as all debris and rubbish resulting from demolition and new work operations.

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# SECTION 01 58 16 TEMPORARY INTERIOR SIGNAGE

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### DESCRIPTION

This section specifies temporary interior signs.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 TEMPORARY SIGNS

- A. Fabricate from 50 Kg (110 pound) mat finish white paper.
- B. Cut to 100 mm (4-inch) wide by 300 mm (12 inch) long size tag.
- C. Punch 3 mm (1/8-inch) diameter hole centered on 100 mm (4-inch) dimension of tag. Edge of Hole spaced approximately 13 mm (1/2-inch) from one end on tag.
- D. Reinforce hole on both sides with gummed cloth washer or other suitable material capable of preventing tie pulling through paper edge.
- E. Ties: Steel wire 0.3 mm (0.0120-inch) thick, attach to tag with twist tie, leaving 150 mm (6-inch) long free ends.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install temporary signs attached to room door frame or room door knob, lever, or pull for doors on corridor openings.
- B. Mark on signs with felt tip marker having approximately 3 mm (1/8-inch) wide stroke for clearly legible numbers or letters.
- C. Identify room with numbers as designated on floor plans.

# 3.2 LOCATION

- A. Install on doors that have room, corridor, and space numbers shown.
- B. Doors that do not require signs are as follows:
  - Corridor barrier doors (cross-corridor) in corridor with same number.
  - 2. Folding doors or partitions.
  - 3. Toilet or bathroom doors within and between rooms.
  - 4. Communicating doors in partitions between rooms with corridor entrance doors.
  - 5. Closet doors within rooms.
- C. Replace missing, damaged, or illegible signs.

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# SECTION 01 74 19 CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. This section specifies the requirements for the management of nonhazardous building construction and demolition waste.
- B. Waste disposal in landfills shall be minimized to the greatest extent possible. Of the inevitable waste that is generated, as much of the waste material as economically feasible shall be salvaged, recycled or reused.
- C. Contractor shall use all reasonable means to divert construction and demolition waste from landfills and incinerators, and facilitate their salvage and recycle not limited to the following:
- D. Waste Management Plan development and implementation.
- E. Techniques to minimize waste generation.
- F. Sorting and separating of waste materials.
- G. Salvage of existing materials and items for reuse or resale.
- H. Recycling of materials that cannot be reused or sold.
- I. At a minimum the following waste categories shall be diverted from landfills:
- J. Soil.
- K. Inerts (eg, concrete, masonry and asphalt).
- L. Clean dimensional wood and palette wood.
- M. Green waste (biodegradable landscaping materials).
- N. Engineered wood products (plywood, particle board and I-joists, etc).
- O. Metal products (eg, steel, wire, beverage containers, copper, etc).
- P. Sheathings
- Q. Cardboard, paper and packaging.
- R. Bitumen roofing materials.
- S. Plastics (eg, ABS, PVC).
- T. Carpet and/or pad.
- U. Gypsum board.
- V. Insulation.
- W. Paint.
- X. Fluorescent lamps.

## 1.2 RELATED WORK

A. Section 02 41 00, DEMOLITION.

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- B. Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.
  - 1. Division 1 Sustainability specifications

### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Contractor shall practice efficient waste management when sizing, cutting and installing building products. Processes shall be employed to ensure the generation of as little waste as possible. Construction /Demolition waste includes products of the following:
  - 1. Excess or unusable construction materials.
  - 2. Packaging used for construction products.
  - 3. Poor planning and/or layout.
  - 4. Construction error.
  - 5. Over ordering.
  - 6. Weather damage.
  - 7. Contamination.
  - 8. Mishandling.
  - 9. Breakage.
- B. Establish and maintain the management of non-hazardous building construction and demolition waste set forth herein. Conduct a site assessment to estimate the types of materials that will be generated by demolition and construction.
- C. Contractor shall develop and implement procedures to recycle construction and demolition waste to a minimum of 50 percent.
- D. Contractor shall be responsible for implementation of any special programs involving rebates or similar incentives related to recycling. Any revenues or savings obtained from salvage or recycling shall accrue to the contractor.
- E. Contractor shall provide all demolition, removal and legal disposal of materials. Contractor shall ensure that facilities used for recycling, reuse and disposal shall be permitted for the intended use to the extent required by local, state, federal regulations.
- F. Contractor shall assign a specific area to facilitate separation of materials for reuse, salvage, recycling, and return. Such areas are to be kept neat and clean and clearly marked in order to avoid contamination or mixing of materials.
- G. Contractor shall provide on-site instructions and supervision of separation, handling, salvaging, recycling, reuse and return methods to be used by all parties during waste generating stages.

H. Record on daily reports any problems in complying with laws, regulations and ordinances with corrective action taken.

# 1.4 TERMINOLOGY

- A. Class III Landfill: A landfill that accepts non-hazardous resources such as household, commercial and industrial waste resulting from construction, remodeling, repair and demolition operations.
- B. Clean: Untreated and unpainted; uncontaminated with adhesives, oils, solvents, mastics and like products.
- C. Construction and Demolition Waste: Includes all non-hazardous resources resulting from construction, remodeling, alterations, repair and demolition operations.
- D. Dismantle: The process of parting out a building in such a way as to preserve the usefulness of its materials and components.
- E. Disposal: Acceptance of solid wastes at a legally operating facility for the purpose of land filling (includes Class III landfills and inert fills).
- F. Inert Backfill Site: A location, other than inert fill or other disposal facility, to which inert materials are taken for the purpose of filling an excavation, shoring or other soil engineering operation.
- G. Inert Fill: A facility that can legally accept inert waste, such as asphalt and concrete exclusively for the purpose of disposal.
- H. Inert Solids/Inert Waste: Non-liquid solid resources including, but not limited to, soil and concrete that does not contain hazardous waste or soluble pollutants at concentrations in excess of water-quality objectives established by a regional water board, and does not contain significant quantities of decomposable solid resources.
- I. Mixed Debris: Loads that include commingled recyclable and nonrecyclable materials generated at the construction site.
- J. Mixed Debris Recycling Facility: A solid resource processing facility that accepts loads of mixed construction and demolition debris for the purpose of recovering re-usable and recyclable materials and disposing non-recyclable materials.
- K. Permitted Waste Hauler: A company that holds a valid permit to collect and transport solid wastes from individuals or businesses for the purpose of recycling or disposal.
- L. Recycling: The process of sorting, cleansing, treating, and reconstituting materials for the purpose of using the altered form in

the manufacture of a new product. Recycling does not include burning, incinerating or thermally destroying solid waste.

- On-site Recycling Materials that are sorted and processed on site for use in an altered state in the work, i.e. concrete crushed for use as a sub-base in paving.
- Off-site Recycling Materials hauled to a location and used in an altered form in the manufacture of new products.
- M. Recycling Facility: An operation that can legally accept materials for the purpose of processing the materials into an altered form for the manufacture of new products. Depending on the types of materials accepted and operating procedures, a recycling facility may or may not be required to have a solid waste facilities permit or be regulated by the local enforcement agency.
- N. Reuse: Materials that are recovered for use in the same form, on-site or off-site.
- Return: To give back reusable items or unused products to vendors for credit.
- P. Salvage: To remove waste materials from the site for resale or re-use by a third party.
- Q. Source-Separated Materials: Materials that are sorted by type at the site for the purpose of reuse and recycling.
- R. Solid Waste: Materials that have been designated as non-recyclable and are discarded for the purposes of disposal.
- S. Transfer Station: A facility that can legally accept solid waste for the purpose of temporarily storing the materials for re-loading onto other trucks and transporting them to a landfill for disposal, or recovering some materials for re-use or recycling.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. In accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, and SAMPLES, furnish the following:
- B. Prepare and submit to the COR a written demolition debris management plan. The plan shall include, but not be limited to, the following information:
  - 1. Procedures to be used for debris management.
  - 2. Techniques to be used to minimize waste generation.
  - 3. Analysis of the estimated job site waste to be generated:

- a. List of each material and quantity to be salvaged, reused, recycled.
- b. List of each material and quantity proposed to be taken to a landfill.
- Detailed description of the Means/Methods to be used for material handling.
  - a. On site: Material separation, storage, protection where applicable.
  - b. Off site: Transportation means and destination. Include list of materials.
    - Description of materials to be site-separated and self-hauled to designated facilities.
    - Description of mixed materials to be collected by designated waste haulers and removed from the site.
      - a) The names and locations of mixed debris reuse and recycling facilities or sites.
      - b) The names and locations of trash disposal landfill facilities or sites.
      - c) Documentation that the facilities or sites are approved to receive the materials.
- C. Designated Manager responsible for instructing personnel, supervising, documenting and administer over meetings relevant to the Waste Management Plan.
- D. Monthly summary of construction and demolition debris diversion and disposal, quantifying all materials generated at the work site and disposed of or diverted from disposal through recycling.
- E. Target waste diversion rate by material and an overall diversion rate.
- F. Final report documenting the results of implementation of the preconstruction waste management plan.

## **1.6 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced by the basic designation only. In the event that criteria requirements conflict, the most stringent requirements shall be met.
- B. U.S. Green Building Council (USGBC): LEED Green Building Rating System for New Construction

 Green Building Initiative (GBI): Green Globes for New Construction 2019

# 1.7 RECORDS

A. Maintain records to document the quantity of waste generated; the quantity of waste diverted through sale, reuse, or recycling; and the quantity of waste disposed by landfill or incineration. Records shall be kept in accordance with the Green Globes for New Construction 2019 Technical Reference Manual.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. List of each material and quantity to be salvaged, recycled, reused.
- A. List of each material and quantity proposed to be taken to a landfill.
- B. Material tracking data: Receiving parties, dates removed, transportation costs, weight tickets, tipping fees, manifests, invoices, net total costs or savings.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 COLLECTION

- A. Provide all necessary containers, bins and storage areas to facilitate effective waste management.
- B. Clearly identify containers, bins and storage areas so that recyclable materials are separated from trash and can be transported to respective recycling facility for processing.
- C. Hazardous wastes shall be separated, stored, disposed of according to local, state, federal regulations.

## 3.2 DISPOSAL

- A. Contractor shall be responsible for transporting and disposing of materials that cannot be delivered to a source-separated or mixed materials recycling facility to a transfer station or disposal facility that can accept the materials in accordance with state and federal regulations.
- B. Construction or demolition materials with no practical reuse or that cannot be salvaged or recycled shall be disposed of at a landfill or incinerator.

# 3.3 REPORT

A. With each application for progress payment, submit a summary of construction and demolition debris diversion and disposal including beginning and ending dates of period covered.

- B. Quantify all materials diverted from landfill disposal through salvage or recycling during the period with the receiving parties, dates removed, transportation costs, weight tickets, manifests, invoices. Include the net total costs or savings for each salvaged or recycled material.
- C. Quantify all materials disposed of during the period with the receiving parties, dates removed, transportation costs, weight tickets, tipping fees, manifests, invoices. Include the net total costs for each disposal.

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## SECTION 01 81 13

## SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. This Section describes general requirements and procedures to comply with federal mandates and U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) policies for sustainable construction.
- B. The Design Professional has selected materials and utilized integrated design processes that achieve the Government's objectives. Contractor is responsible to maintain and support these objectives in developing means and methods for performing work and in proposing product substitutions or changes to specified processes. Obtain approval from Contracting Officer for all changes and substitutions to materials or processes. Proposed changes must meet, or exceed, materials or processes specified.

### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01 57 19 TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS.
- B. Section 01 74 19 CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANANGEMENT.
- C. Section 01 91 00 GENERAL COMMISSIONING REQUIREMENTS.

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Recycled Content: Recycled content of materials is defined according to Federal Trade Commission Guides for the Use of Environmental Marketing Claims (16 CFR Part 260). Recycled content value of a material assembly is determined by weight. Recycled fraction of assembly is multiplied by cost of assembly to determine recycled content value.
  - "Post-Consumer" material is defined as waste material generated by households or by commercial, industrial, and institutional facilities in their role as end users of the product, which can no longer be used for its intended purpose.
  - 2. "Pre-Consumer" material is defined as material diverted from waste stream during the manufacturing process. Excluded is reutilization of materials such as rework, regrind, or scrap generated in a process and capable of being reclaimed within the same process that generated it.
- B. Biobased Products: Biobased products are derived from plants and other renewable agricultural, marine, and forestry materials and provide an

alternative to conventional petroleum derived products. Biobased products include diverse categories such as lubricants, cleaning products, inks, fertilizers, and bioplastics.

- C. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials: Materials and products which are minimally odorous, irritating, or harmful to comfort and well-being of installers and occupants.
- D. Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC): Chemicals that are emitted as gases from certain solids or liquids. VOCs include a variety of chemicals, some of which may have short- and long-term adverse health effects.

#### **1.4 REFERENCE STANDARDS**

- A. Carpet and Rug Institute Green Label Plus program.
- B. U.S. Department of Agriculture BioPreferred program (USDA BioPreferred).
- C. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Comprehensive Procurement Guidelines (CPG).
- D. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency WaterSense Program (WaterSense).
- E. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ENERGY STAR Program (ENERGY STAR).
- F. U. S. Department of Energy Federal Energy Management Program (FEMP).
- G. Green Electronic Council EPEAT Program (EPEAT).

#### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. All submittals to be provided by contractor to COR.
- B. Sustainability Action Plan:
  - Submit documentation as required by this section; provide additional copies of typical submittals required under technical sections when sustainable construction requires copies of record submittals.
  - Within 30 days after Preconstruction Meeting provide a narrative plan for complying with requirements stipulated within this section.
  - 3. Sustainability Action Plan must:
    - a. Make reference to sustainable construction submittals defined by this section.
    - b. Address all items listed under PERFORMANCE CRITERIA.
    - c. Indicate individual(s) responsible for implementing the plan.
- C. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials Tracking Spreadsheet: Within 30 days after Preconstruction Meeting provide a preliminary Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials Tracking Spreadsheet. The Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials Tracking Spreadsheet must be an electronic file and include

all materials on Project in categories described under Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials in 01 81 13.

- D. Construction Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) Management Plan:
  - Not more than 30 days after Preconstruction Meeting provide a Construction IAQ Management Plan as an electronic file including descriptions of the following:
    - a. Instruction procedures for meeting or exceeding minimum requirements of ANSI/SMACNA 008-2008, Chapter 3, including procedures for HVAC Protection, Source Control, Pathway Interruption, Housekeeping, and Scheduling.
    - b. Instruction procedures for protecting absorptive materials stored on-site or installed from moisture damage.
    - c. Schedule of submission of photographs of on-site construction IAQ management measures such as protection of ducts and on-site stored oil installed absorptive materials.
    - d. Instruction procedures if air handlers must be used during construction, including a description of filtration media to be used at each return air grille.
    - e. Instruction procedure for replacing all air-filtration media immediately prior to occupancy after completion of construction, including a description of filtration media to be used at each air handling or air supply unit.
    - f. Instruction procedures and schedule for implementing building flush-out.
- E. Product Submittals:
  - Recycled Content: Submit product data from manufacturer indicating percentages by weight of post-consumer and pre-consumer recycled content for products having recycled content (excluding MEP systems equipment and components).
  - Biobased Content: Submit product data for products to be installed or used which are included in any of the USDA BioPreferred program's product categories. Data to include percentage of biobased content and source of biobased material.
  - Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials: Submit product data confirming compliance with relevant requirements for all materials on Project in categories described under Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials in 01 81 13.

- 4. For applicable products and equipment, submit product documentation confirming ENERGY STAR label, FEMP certification, WaterSense, and/or EPEAT certification.
- F. Sustainable Construction Progress Reports: Concurrent with each Application for Payment, submit a Sustainable Construction Progress Report to confirm adherence with Sustainability Action Plan.
  - Include narratives of revised strategies for bringing work progress into compliance with plan and product submittal data.
  - Include updated and current Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials Tracking Spreadsheet.
  - 3. Include construction waste tracking, in tons or cubic yards, including waste description, whether diverted or landfilled, hauler, and percent diverted for comingled quantities; and excluding landclearing debris and soil. Provide haul receipts and documentation of diverted percentages for comingled wastes.
- G. Closeout Submittals: Within 14 days after Substantial Completion provide the following:
  - Final version of Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials Tracking Spreadsheet.
  - 2. Manufacturer's cut sheets and product data highlighting the Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) for filtration media installed at return air grilles during construction if permanently installed air handling units are used during construction.
  - Manufacturer's cut sheets and product data highlighting the Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) for final filtration media in air handling units.
  - 4. Minimum 18 construction photographs including six photographs taken on three different occasions during construction of ANSI/SMACNA 008-2008, Chapter 3 approaches employed, along with a brief description of each approach, documenting implementation of IAQ management measures, such as protection of ducts and on-site stored or installed absorptive materials.
  - 5. Flush-out Documentation:
    - a. Product data for filtration media used during flush-out.
    - b. Product data for filtration media installed immediately prior to occupancy.

c. Signed statement describing building air flush-out procedures including dates when flush-out was begun and completed and statement that filtration media was replaced after flush-out.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Preconstruction Meeting: After award of Contract and prior to commencement of Work, schedule and conduct meeting with COR/Resident Engineer and Architect to discuss the Project Sustainable Action Plan content as it applies to submittals, project delivery, required Construction Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) Management Plan, and other Sustainable Construction Requirements. The purpose of this meeting is to develop a mutual understanding of the Sustainable Construction Requirements and coordination of contractor's management of these requirements with the Contracting Officer and the Construction Quality Manager.
- B. Construction Job Conferences: Status of compliance with Sustainable Construction Requirements of these specifications will be an agenda item at regular job meetings conducted during the course of work at the site.

# 1.7 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designation only. Comply with applicable provisions and recommendations of the following, except as otherwise shown or specified.
- B. Green Seal Standard GS-11, Paints, 1st Edition, May 20, 1993.
- C. Green Seal Standard GC-03, Anti-Corrosive Paints, 2nd Edition, January 7, 1997.
- D. Green Seal Standard GC-36, Commercial Adhesives, October 19, 2000.
- E. South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rule 1113, Architectural Coatings, rules in effect on January 1, 2004.
- F. South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rule 1168, July 1, 2005 and rule amendment date of January 7, 2005.
- G. Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning National Contractors' Association (SMACNA) IAQ Guidelines for Occupied Buildings under Construction, 2nd Edition (ANSI/SMACNA 008-2008), Chapter 3.
- H. California Department of Public Health Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor

Sources Using Environmental Chambers, Version 1.1, Emission Testing method for California Specification 01350 (CDPH Standard Method V1.1-2010).

- I. Federal Trade Commission Guides for the Use of Environmental Marketing Claims (16 CFR Part 260).
- J. ASHRAE Standard 52.2-2007.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 PERFORMANCE CRITERIA
- A. Construction waste diversion from landfill disposal must comprise at least 50 percent of total construction waste, excluding land clearing debris and soil. Alternative daily cover (ADC) does not qualify as material diverted from disposal.
- B. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials:
  - Adhesives, sealants and sealant primers applied on site within the weatherproofing membrane must comply with VOC limits of SCAQMD Rule 1168:
    - a. Flooring Adhesives and Sealants:
      - 1) Indoor carpet adhesives: 50 g/L.
      - 2) Wood Flooring Adhesive: 100 g/L.
      - 3) Rubber Floor Adhesives: 60 g/L.
      - 4) Subfloor Adhesives: 50 g/L.
      - 5) Ceramic Tile Adhesives and Grout: 65 g/L.
      - 6) Cove Base Adhesives: 50 g/L.
      - 7) Multipurpose Construction Adhesives: 70 g/L.
      - 8) Porous Material (Except Wood) Substrate: 50 g/L.
      - 9) Wood Substrate: 30 g/L.
      - 10) Architectural Non-Porous Sealant Primer: 250 g/L.
      - 11) Architectural Porous Sealant Primer: 775 g/L.
      - 12) Other Sealant Primer: 750 g/L.
      - 13) Structural Wood Member Adhesive: 140 g/L.
      - 14) Sheet-Applied Rubber Lining Operations: 850 g/L.
      - 15) Top and Trim Adhesive: 250 g/L.
      - 16) Architectural Sealant: 250 g/L.
      - 17) Other Sealant: 420 g/L.
    - b. Non-Flooring Adhesives and Sealants:
      - 1) Drywall and Panel Adhesives: 50 g/L.

- 2) Multipurpose Construction Adhesives: 70 g/L.
- 3) Structural Glazing Adhesives: 100 g/L.
- 4) Metal-to-Metal Substrate Adhesives: 30 g/L.
- 5) Plastic Foam Substrate Adhesive: 50 g/L.
- 6) Porous Material (Except Wood) Substrate Adhesive: 50 g/L.
- 7) Wood Substrate Adhesive: 30 g/L.
- 8) Fiberglass Substrate Adhesive: 80 g/L.
- 9) Architectural Non-Porous Sealant Primer: 250 g/L.
- 10) Architectural Porous Sealant Primer: 775 g/L.
- 11) Other Sealant Primer: 750 g/L.
- 12) PVC Welding Adhesives: 510 g/L.
- 13) CPVC Welding Adhesives: 490 g/L.
- 14) ABS Welding Adhesives: 325 g/L.
- 15) Plastic Cement Welding Adhesives: 250 g/L.
- 16) Adhesive Primer for Plastic: 550 g/L.
- 17) Contact Adhesive: 80 g/L.
- 18) Special Purpose Contact Adhesive: 250 g/L.
- 19) Structural Wood Member Adhesive: 140 g/L.
- 20) Sheet Applied Rubber Lining Operations: 850 g/L.
- 21) Top and Trim Adhesive: 250 g/L.
- 22) Architectural Sealants: 250 g/L.
- 23) Other Sealants: 420 g/L.
- 2. Aerosol adhesives applied on site within the weatherproofing membrane must comply with the following Green Seal GS-36.
  - a. Aerosol Adhesive, General-Purpose Mist Spray: 65 percent VOCs by weight.
  - b. Aerosol Adhesive, General-Purpose Web Spray: 55 percent VOCs by weight.
  - c. Special-Purpose Aerosol Adhesive (All Types): 70 percent VOCs by weight.
- 3. Paints and coatings applied on site within the weatherproofing membrane must comply with the following criteria:
  - a. VOC content limits for paints and coatings established in Green Seal Standard GS-11.
  - b. VOC content limit for anti-corrosive and anti-rust paints applied to interior ferrous metal substrates of 250 g/L established in Green Seal GC-03.

- c. Clear wood finishes, floor coatings, stains, primers, sealers, and shellacs applied to interior elements must not exceed VOC content limits established in SCAQMD Rule 1113.
- d. Comply with the following VOC content limits:
  - 1) Anti-Corrosive/Antirust Paints: 250 g/L.
  - 2) Clear Wood Finish, Lacquer: 550 g/L.
  - 3) Clear Wood Finish, Sanding Sealer: 350 g/L.
  - 4) Clear Wood Finish, Varnish: 350 g/L.
  - 5) Floor Coating: 100 g/L.
  - 6) Interior Flat Paint, Coating or Primer: 50 g/L.
  - 7) Interior Non-Flat Paint, Coating or Primer: 150 g/L.
  - 8) Sealers and Undercoaters: 200 g/L.
  - 9) Shellac, Clear: 730 g/L.
  - 10) Shellac, Pigmented: 550 g/L.
  - 11) Stain: 250 g/L.
  - 12) Waterproofing Sealers: 250 g/L.
  - 13) Wood Preservatives: 350 g/L.
  - 14) Low-Solids Coatings: 120 g/L.
- 4. Carpet installed in building interior must comply with one of the following:
  - a. Meet testing and product requirements of the Carpet and Rug Institute Green Label Plus program.
  - b. Maximum VOC concentrations specified in CDPH Standard Method V1.1-2010, using office scenario at the 14 day time point.
- 5. Each non-carpet flooring element installed in building interior which is not inherently non-emitting (stone, ceramic, powder-coated metals, plated or anodized metal, glass, concrete, clay brick, and unfinished or untreated solid wood flooring) must comply with one of the following:
  - a. Meet requirements of the FloorScore standard as shown with testing by an independent third-party.
  - b. Maximum VOC concentrations specified in CDPH Standard Method V1.1-2010, using office scenario at 14 day time point.
- Composite wood and agrifiber products used within the weatherproofing membrane must contain no added urea-formaldehyde resins.

- Laminating adhesives used to fabricate on-site and shop-applied composite wood and agrifiber assemblies must not contain added ureaformaldehyde.
- C. Recycled Content:
  - Any products being installed or used that are listed on EPA Comprehensive Procurement Guidelines designated product list must meet or exceed the EPA's recycled content recommendations. The EPA Comprehensive Procurement Guidelines categories include:
    - a. Building insulation.
    - b. Consolidated and reprocessed latex paint.
    - c. Floor tiles.
    - d. Flowable fill.
    - e. Laminated paperboard.
    - f. Nonpressure pipe.
    - g. Roofing materials.
    - h. Structural fiberboard.
    - i. Nylon carpet and nylon carpet backing.
- D. Biobased Content:
  - Materials and equipment being installed or used that are listed on the USDA BioPreferred program product category list must meet or exceed USDA's minimum biobased content threshold. Refer to individual specification sections for detailed requirements applicable to that section.
    - a. USDA BioPreferred program categories include:
      - 1) Adhesive and Mastic Removers.
      - 2) Carpets.
      - 3) Cleaners.
      - 4) Composite Panels.
      - 5) Corrosion Preventatives.
      - 6) Erosion Control Materials.
      - 7) Dust Suppressants.
      - 8) Floor Cleaners and Protectors.
      - 9) Floor Coverings (Non-Carpet).
      - 10) Glass Cleaners.
      - 11) Hydraulic Fluids.
      - 12) Industrial Cleaners.
      - 13) Interior Paints and Coatings.

- 14) Multipurpose Cleaners.
- 15) Multipurpose Lubricants.
- 16) Packaging Films.
- 17) Paint Removers.
- 18) Plastic Insulating Foam.
- 19) Roof Coatings.
- E. Materials, products, and equipment being installed which fall into a category covered by the WaterSense program must be WaterSense-labeled or meet or exceed WaterSense program performance requirements, unless disallowed for infection control reasons.
  - 1. WaterSense categories include:
- F. Materials, products, and equipment being installed which fall into any of the following product categories must be Energy Star-labeled.
  - 1. Applicable Energy Star product categories as of 09/14/2017 include:
    - a. Appliances:
      - 1) Air Purifiers and Cleaners.
      - 2) Dehumidifiers.
    - b. Electronics and Information Technology:
      - 1) Audio/Video Equipment.
      - 2) Computers.
      - 3) Data Center Storage.
      - 4) Digital Media Player.
      - 5) Enterprise Servers.
      - 6) Imaging Equipment.
      - 7) Monitors.
      - 8) Professional Displays.
      - 9) Set-Top and Cable Boxes.
      - 10) Telephones.
      - 11) Uninterruptible Power Supplies.
      - 12) Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) Phones.

c. Heating and Cooling Equipment:

- 1) Air-Source Heat Pumps (Residential).
- 2) Water Heaters.
- 3) Light Commercial Heating and Cooling Equipment.
- d. Other:
  - 1) Decorative Light Strings.
  - 2) Light Bulbs.

- 3) Light Fixtures.
- 4) Roof Products.
- 5) Windows, Doors, and Skylights.
- G. Materials, products, and equipment being installed which fall into any of the following categories must be FEMP-designated. FEMP-designated product categories as of 09/14/2017 include:
  - 1. Boilers (Commercial).
  - 2. Electric Chillers, Air-Cooled (Commercial).
  - 3. Electric Chillers, Water-Cooled (Commercial).
  - 4. Exterior Lighting.
  - 5. Fluorescent Ballasts.
  - 6. Fluorescent Lamps, General Service.
  - 7. Industrial Lighting (High/Low Bay).
  - 8. Light Emitting Diode (LED) Luminaires.
- H. Electronic products and equipment being installed which fall into any of the following categories shall be EPEAT registered. Electronic products and equipment covered by EPEAT program as of 09/14/2017 include:
  - 1. Computers.
  - 2. Displays.
  - 3. Imaging Equipment.
  - 4. Televisions.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Construction Indoor Air Quality Management:
  - During construction, meet or exceed recommended control measures of ANSI/SMACNA 008-2008, Chapter 3.
  - Protect stored on-site and installed absorptive materials from moisture damage.
  - 3. If permanently installed air handlers are used during construction, filtration media with a minimum efficiency reporting value (MERV) of 8 must be used at each return air grille, as determined by ASHRAE Standard 52.2-1999 (with errata but without addenda). Replace all filtration media immediately prior to occupancy.
  - 4. Perform building flush-out as follows:

- a. After construction ends, prior to occupancy and with interior finishes installed, perform a building flush-out by supplying a total volume of 14000 cu. ft. of outdoor air per sq. ft. of floor area while maintaining an internal temperature of at least 60 degrees Fahrenheit and a relative humidity no higher than 60 percent. OR
- b. If occupancy is desired prior to flush-out completion, the space may be occupied following delivery of a minimum of 3500 cu. ft. of outdoor air per sq. ft. of floor area to the space. Once a space is occupied, it must be ventilated at a minimum rate of 0.30 cfm per sq. ft. of outside air or design minimum outside air rate determined until a total of 14000 cu. ft./sq. ft. of outside air has been delivered to the space. During each day of flush-out period, ventilation must begin a minimum of three hours prior to occupancy and continue during occupancy.
- 5. Provide construction dust control to comply with SCAQMD Rule 403.

----END----

## SECTION 01 91 00

## GENERAL COMMISSIONING REQUIREMENTS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 COMMISSIONING DESCRIPTION

- A. This Section 01 91 00 GENERAL COMMISSIONING REQUIREMENTS shall form the basis of the construction phase commissioning process and procedures. The Commissioning Agent shall add, modify, and refine the commissioning procedures, as approved by the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA), to suit field conditions and actual manufacturer's equipment, incorporate test data and procedure results, and provide detailed scheduling for all commissioning tasks.
- B. Various sections of the project specifications require equipment startup, testing, and adjusting services. Requirements for startup, testing, and adjusting services specified in the Division 7, Division 21, Division 22, Division 23, Division 26, and Division 27 series sections of these specifications are intended to be provided in coordination with the commissioning services and are not intended to duplicate services. The Contractor shall coordinate the work required by individual specification sections with the commissioning services requirements specified herein.
- C. Where individual testing, adjusting, or related services are required in the project specifications and not specifically required by this commissioning requirements specification, the specified services shall be provided and copies of documentation, as required by those specifications shall be submitted to the VA and the Commissioning Agent to be indexed for future reference.
- D. Where training or educational services for VA are required and specified in other sections of the specifications, including but not limited to Division 7, Division 8, Division 21, Division 22, Division 23, Division 26, Division 27, Division 28, and Division 31 series sections of the specification, these services are intended to be provided in addition to the training and educational services specified herein.
- E. Commissioning is a systematic process of verifying that the building systems perform interactively according to the construction documents and the VA's operational needs. The commissioning process shall

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encompass and coordinate the system documentation, equipment startup, control system calibration, testing and balancing, performance testing and training. Commissioning during the construction and post-occupancy phases is intended to achieve the following specific objectives according to the contract documents:

- Verify that the applicable equipment and systems are installed in accordance with the contact documents and according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- Verify and document proper integrated performance of equipment and systems.
- 3. Verify that Operations & Maintenance documentation is complete.
- Verify that all components requiring servicing can be accessed, serviced and removed without disturbing nearby components including ducts, piping, cabling or wiring.
- 5. Verify that the VA's operating personnel are adequately trained to enable them to operate, monitor, adjust, maintain, and repair building systems in an effective and energy-efficient manner.
- Document the successful achievement of the commissioning objectives listed above.
- F. The commissioning process does not take away from or reduce the responsibility of the Contractor to provide a finished and fully functioning product.

#### **1.2 CONTRACTUAL RELATIONSHIPS**

- A. For this construction project, the Department of Veterans Affairs contracts with a Contractor to provide construction services. The contracts are administered by the VA Contracting Officer and the Resident Engineer as the designated representative of the Contracting Officer. On this project, the authority to modify the contract in any way is strictly limited to the authority of the Contracting Officer.
- B. In this project, only two contract parties are recognized and communications on contractual issues are strictly limited to VA Resident Engineer and the Contractor. It is the practice of the VA to require that communications between other parties to the contracts (Subcontractors and Vendors) be conducted through the Resident Engineer and Contractor. It is also the practice of the VA that communications between other parties of the project (Commissioning Agent and Architect/Engineer) be conducted through the Resident Engineer.

- C. Whole Building Commissioning is a process that relies upon frequent and direct communications, as well as collaboration between all parties to the construction process. By its nature, a high level of communication and cooperation between the Commissioning Agent and all other parties (Architects, Engineers, Subcontractors, Vendors, third party testing agencies, etc.) is essential to the success of the Commissioning effort.
- D. With these fundamental practices in mind, the commissioning process described herein has been developed to recognize that, in the execution of the Commissioning Process, the Commissioning Agent must develop effective methods to communicate with every member of the construction team involved in delivering commissioned systems while simultaneously respecting the exclusive contract authority of the Contracting Officer and Resident Engineer. Thus, the procedures outlined in this specification must be executed within the following limitations:
  - No communications (verbal or written) from the Commissioning Agent shall be deemed to constitute direction that modifies the terms of any contract between the Department of Veterans Affairs and the Contractor.
  - 2. Commissioning Issues identified by the Commissioning Agent will be delivered to the Resident Engineer and copied to the designated Commissioning Representatives for the Contractor and subcontractors on the Commissioning Team for information only in order to expedite the communication process. These issues must be understood as the professional opinion of the Commissioning Agent and as suggestions for resolution.
  - 3. In the event that any Commissioning Issues and suggested resolutions are deemed by the Resident Engineer to require either an official interpretation of the construction documents or require a modification of the contract documents, the Contracting Officer or Resident Engineer will issue an official directive to this effect.
  - 4. All parties to the Commissioning Process shall be individually responsible for alerting the Resident Engineer of any issues that they deem to constitute a potential contract change prior to acting on these issues.
  - 5. Authority for resolution or modification of design and construction issues rests solely with the Contracting Officer or Resident

Engineer, with appropriate technical guidance from the Architect/Engineer and/or Commissioning Agent.

# 1.3 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01 00 00 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.
- B. Section 01 32.16.15 PROJECT SCHEDULES (SMALL PROJECTS DESIGN/BID/BUILD)
- C. Section 01 33 23 SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES
- D. Section 21 08 00 COMMISSIONING OF FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEMS.
- E. Section 23 08 00 COMMISSIONING OF HVAC SYSTEMS.
- F. Section 27 08 00 COMMISSIONING OF COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS.

### 1.4 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes general requirements that apply to implementation of commissioning without regard to systems, subsystems, and equipment being commissioned.
- B. The commissioning activities have been developed to support the VA requirements to meet guidelines for Federal Leadership in Environmental, Energy, and Economic Performance.
- C. Not Used.
- D. The commissioning activities have been developed to support the Green Buildings Initiative's Green Globes rating program and to support delivery of project performance in accordance with the VA requirements developed for the project.

### 1.5 ACRONYMS

| List of Acronyms |   |  |
|------------------|---|--|
| Acronym          | Meaning   |  |
| A/E              | Architect / Engineer Design Team                      |  |
| AHJ              | Authority Having Jurisdiction                         |  |
| ASHRAE           | Association Society for Heating Air Condition and     |  |
|                  | Refrigeration Engineers                               |  |
| BOD              | Basis of Design                                       |  |
| BSC              | Building Systems Commissioning                        |  |
| CCTV             | Closed Circuit Television                             |  |
| CD               | Construction Documents                                |  |
| CMMS             | Computerized Maintenance Management System            |  |
| СО               | Contracting Officer (VA)                              |  |
| COR              | Contracting Officer's Representative (see also VA-RE) |  |

| List of Acronyms |   |  |
|------------------|---|--|
| Acronym          | Meaning   |  |
| COBie            | Construction Operations Building Information Exchange |  |
| CPC              | Construction Phase Commissioning                      |  |
| Cx               | Commissioning   |  |
| CxA              | Commissioning Agent                                   |  |
| CxM              | Commissioning Manager                                 |  |
| CxR              | Commissioning Representative                          |  |
| DPC              | Design Phase Commissioning                            |  |
| FPT              | Functional Performance Test                           |  |
| GBI-GG           | Green Building Initiative - Green Globes              |  |
| HVAC             | Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning            |  |
| LEED             | Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design         |  |
| NC               | Department of Veterans Affairs National Cemetery      |  |
| NCA              | Department of Veterans Affairs National Cemetery      |  |
| INCA             | Administration  |  |
| NEBB             | National Environmental Balancing Bureau               |  |
| 0&M              | Operations & Maintenance                              |  |
| OPR              | Owner's Project Requirements                          |  |
| PFC              | Pre-Functional Checklist                              |  |
| PFT              | Pre-Functional Test                                   |  |
| SD               | Schematic Design                                      |  |
| SO               | Site Observation                                      |  |
| TAB              | Test Adjust and Balance                               |  |
| VA               | Department of Veterans Affairs                        |  |
| VAMC             | VA Medical Center                                     |  |
| VA CFM           | VA Office of Construction and Facilities Management   |  |
| VACO             | VA Central Office                                     |  |
| VA PM            | VA Project Manager                                    |  |
| VA-RE            | VA Resident Engineer                                  |  |
| USGBC            | United States Green Building Council                  |  |

# 1.6 DEFINITIONS

Acceptance Phase Commissioning: Commissioning tasks executed after most construction has been completed, most Site Observations and Static Tests have been completed and Pre-Functional Testing has been completed

and accepted. The main commissioning activities performed during this phase are verification that the installed systems are functional by conducting Systems Functional Performance tests and Owner Training. Accuracy: The capability of an instrument to indicate the true value of a measured quantity.

**Back Check:** A back check is a verification that an agreed upon solution to a design comment has been adequately addressed in a subsequent design review

**Basis of Design (BOD):** The Engineer's Basis of Design is comprised of two components: the Design Criteria and the Design Narrative, these documents record the concepts, calculations, decisions, and product selections used to meet the Owner's Project Requirements (OPR) and to satisfy applicable regulatory requirements, standards, and guidelines. **Benchmarks:** Benchmarks are the comparison of a building's energy usage to other similar buildings and to the building itself.. For example, ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager is a frequently used and nationally recognized building energy benchmarking tool.

**Building Information Modeling (BIM):** Building Information Modeling is a parametric database which allows a building to be designed and constructed virtually in 3D, and provides reports both in 2D views and as schedules. This electronic information can be extracted and reused for pre-populating facility management CMMS systems. Building Systems Commissioning (BSC): NEBB acronym used to designate its commissioning program.

<u>Calibrate:</u> The act of comparing an instrument of unknown accuracy with a standard of known accuracy to detect, correlate, report, or eliminate by adjustment any variation in the accuracy of the tested instrument. <u>CCTV:</u> Closed circuit Television. Normally used for security surveillance and alarm detections as part of a special electrical security system.

<u>COBie:</u> Construction Operations Building Information Exchange (COBie) is an electronic industry data format used to transfer information developed during design, construction, and commissioning into the Computer Maintenance Management Systems (CMMS) used to operate facilities. See the Whole Building Design Guide website for further information (http://www.wbdg.org/resources/cobie.php) <u>Commissionability</u>: Defines a design component or construction process that has the necessary elements that will allow a system or component to be effectively measured, tested, operated and commissioned <u>Commissioning Agent (CxA)</u>: The qualified Commissioning Professional who administers the Cx process by managing the Cx team and overseeing the Commissioning Process. Where CxA is used in this specification it means the Commissioning Agent, members of his staff or appointed members of the commissioning team. Note that LEED uses the term Commissioning Authority in lieu of Commissioning Agent.

<u>Commissioning Checklists</u>: Lists of data or inspections to be verified to ensure proper system or component installation, operation, and function. Verification checklists are developed and used during all phases of the commissioning process to verify that the Owner's Project Requirements (OPR) is being achieved.

<u>Commissioning Design Review:</u> The commissioning design review is a collaborative review of the design professionals design documents for items pertaining to the following: owner's project requirements; basis of design; operability and maintainability (O&M) including documentation; functionality; training; energy efficiency, control systems' sequence of operations including building automation system features; commissioning specifications and the ability to functionally test the systems.

<u>Commissioning Issue</u>: A condition identified by the Commissioning Agent or other member of the Commissioning Team that adversely affects the commissionability, operability, maintainability, or functionality of a system, equipment, or component. A condition that is in conflict with the Contract Documents and/or performance requirements of the installed systems and components. (See also - Commissioning Observation). <u>Commissioning Manager (CxM)</u>: A qualified individual appointed by the Contractor to manage the commissioning process on behalf of the Contractor.

<u>Commissioning Observation:</u> An issue identified by the Commissioning Agent or other member of the Commissioning Team that does not conform to the project OPR, contract documents or standard industry best practices. (See also Commissioning Issue) <u>Commissioning Plan:</u> A document that outlines the commissioning process, commissioning scope and defines responsibilities, processes, schedules, and the documentation requirements of the Commissioning Process. <u>Commissioning Process</u>: A quality focused process for enhancing the

delivery of a project. The process focuses upon verifying and documenting that the facility and all of its systems, components, and assemblies are planned, designed, installed, tested, can be operated, and maintained to meet the Owner's Project Requirements.

<u>Commissioning Report</u>: The final commissioning document which presents the commissioning process results for the project. Cx reports include an executive summary, the commissioning plan, issue log, correspondence, and all appropriate check sheets and test forms.

<u>Commissioning Representative (CxR)</u>: An individual appointed by a subcontractor to manage the commissioning process on behalf of the subcontractor.

**Commissioning Specifications:** The contract documents that detail the objective, scope and implementation of the commissioning process as developed in the Commissioning Plan.

**<u>Commissioning Team:</u>** Individual team members whose coordinated actions are responsible for implementing the Commissioning Process.

<u>Construction Phase Commissioning</u>: All commissioning efforts executed during the construction process after the design phase and prior to the Acceptance Phase Commissioning.

<u>Contract Documents (CD):</u> Contract documents include design and construction contracts, price agreements and procedure agreements. Contract Documents also include all final and complete drawings, specifications and all applicable contract modifications or supplements.

<u>Construction Phase Commissioning (CPC)</u>: All commissioning efforts executed during the construction process after the design phase and prior to the Acceptance Phase Commissioning.

<u>Coordination Drawings:</u> Drawings showing the work of all trades that are used to illustrate that equipment can be installed in the space allocated without compromising equipment function or access for maintenance and replacement. These drawings graphically illustrate and dimension manufacturers' recommended maintenance clearances. On mechanical projects, coordination drawings include structural steel, ductwork, major piping and electrical conduit and show the elevations and locations of the above components.

**Data Logging:** The monitoring and recording of temperature, flow, current, status, pressure, etc. of equipment using stand-alone data recorders.

**Deferred System Test:** Tests that cannot be completed at the end of the acceptance phase due to ambient conditions, schedule issues or other conditions preventing testing during the normal acceptance testing period.

Deficiency: See "Commissioning Issue".

**Design Criteria:** A listing of the VA Design Criteria outlining the project design requirements, including its source. These are used during the design process to show the design elements meet the OPR. **Design Intent:** The overall term that includes the OPR and the BOD. It is a detailed explanation of the ideas, concepts, and criteria that are defined by the owner to be important. The design intent documents are utilized to provide a written record of these ideas, concepts and criteria.

**Design Narrative:** A written description of the proposed design solutions that satisfy the requirements of the OPR.

**Design Phase Commissioning (DPC):** All commissioning tasks executed during the design phase of the project.

**Environmental Systems:** Systems that use a combination of mechanical equipment, airflow, water flow and electrical energy to provide heating, ventilating, air conditioning, humidification, and dehumidification for the purpose of human comfort or process control of temperature and humidity.

**Executive Summary:** A section of the Commissioning report that reviews the general outcome of the project. It also includes any unresolved issues, recommendations for the resolution of unresolved issues and all deferred testing requirements.

**Functionality:** This defines a design component or construction process which will allow a system or component to operate or be constructed in a manner that will produce the required outcome of the OPR.

**Functional Test Procedure (FTP):** A written protocol that defines methods, steps, personnel, and acceptance criteria for tests conducted

on components, equipment, assemblies, systems, and interfaces among systems.

**Industry Accepted Best Practice:** A design component or construction process that has achieved industry consensus for quality performance and functionality. Refer to the current edition of the NEBB Design Phase Commissioning Handbook for examples.

**Installation Verification:** Observations or inspections that confirm the system or component has been installed in accordance with the contract documents and to industry accepted best practices.

Integrated System Testing: Integrated Systems Testing procedures entail testing of multiple integrated systems performance to verify proper functional interface between systems. Typical Integrated Systems Testing includes verifying that building systems respond properly to loss of utility, transfer to emergency power sources, re-transfer from emergency power source to normal utility source; interface between HVAC controls and Fire Alarm systems for equipment shutdown, interface between Fire Alarm system and elevator control systems for elevator recall and shutdown; interface between Fire Alarm System and Security Access Control Systems to control access to spaces during fire alarm conditions; and other similar tests as determined for each specific project.

Issues Log: A formal and ongoing record of problems or concerns - and their resolution - that have been raised by members of the Commissioning Team during the course of the Commissioning Process. Lessons Learned Workshop: A workshop conducted to discuss and document project successes and identify opportunities for improvements for future projects.

<u>Maintainability:</u> A design component or construction process that will allow a system or component to be effectively maintained. This includes adequate room for access to adjust and repair the equipment. Maintainability also includes components that have readily obtainable repair parts or service.

<u>Manual Test:</u> Testing using hand-held instruments, immediate control system readouts or direct observation to verify performance (contrasted to analyzing monitored data taken over time to make the 'observation'). <u>Owner's Project Requirements (OPR):</u> A written document that details the project requirements and the expectations of how the building and its systems will be used and operated. These include project goals, measurable performance criteria, cost considerations, benchmarks, success criteria, and supporting information.

**Peer Review:** A formal in-depth review separate from the commissioning review processes. The level of effort and intensity is much greater than a typical commissioning facilitation or extended commissioning review. The VA usually hires an independent third-party (called the IDIQ A/E) to conduct peer reviews.

**Precision:** The ability of an instrument to produce repeatable readings of the same quantity under the same conditions. The precision of an instrument refers to its ability to produce a tightly grouped set of values around the mean value of the measured quantity.

Pre-Design Phase Commissioning: Commissioning tasks performed prior to the commencement of design activities that includes project programming and the development of the commissioning process for the project Pre-Functional Checklist (PFC): A form used by the contractor to verify that appropriate components are onsite, correctly installed, set up, calibrated, functional and ready for functional testing.

**Pre-Functional Test (PFT):** An inspection or test that is done before functional testing. PFT's include installation verification and system and component start up tests.

**Procedure or Protocol:** A defined approach that outlines the execution of a sequence of work or operations. Procedures are used to produce repeatable and defined results.

**<u>Range</u>**: The upper and lower limits of an instrument's ability to measure the value of a quantity for which the instrument is calibrated. **<u>Resolution</u>**: This word has two meanings in the Cx Process. The first refers to the smallest change in a measured variable that an instrument can detect. The second refers to the implementation of actions that correct a tested or observed deficiency.

<u>Site Observation Visit:</u> On-site inspections and observations made by the Commissioning Agent for the purpose of verifying component, equipment, and system installation, to observe contractor testing, equipment start-up procedures, or other purposes.

**Site Observation Reports (SO):** Reports of site inspections and observations made by the Commissioning Agent. Observation reports are

intended to provide early indication of an installation issue which will need correction or analysis.

**Special System Inspections:** Inspections required by a local code authority prior to occupancy and are not normally a part of the commissioning process.

**Static Tests:** Tests or inspections that validate a specified static condition such as pressure testing. Static tests may be specification or code initiated.

**Start Up Tests:** Tests that validate the component or system is ready for automatic operation in accordance with the manufactures requirements.

**Systems Manual:** A system-focused composite document that includes all information required for the owners operators to operate the systems. **Test Procedure:** A written protocol that defines methods, personnel, and expectations for tests conducted on components, equipment, assemblies, systems, and interfaces among systems.

**Testing:** The use of specialized and calibrated instruments to measure parameters such as: temperature, pressure, vapor flow, air flow, fluid flow, rotational speed, electrical characteristics, velocity, and other data in order to determine performance, operation, or function.

Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing (TAB): A systematic process or service applied to heating, ventilating and air-conditioning (HVAC) systems and other environmental systems to achieve and document air and hydronic flow rates. The standards and procedures for providing these services are referred to as "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing" and are described in the Procedural Standards for the Testing, Adjusting and Balancing of Environmental Systems, published by NEBB or AABC. Thermal Scans: Thermographic pictures taken with an Infrared

Thermographic Camera. Thermographic pictures show the relative temperatures of objects and surfaces and are used to identify leaks, thermal bridging, thermal intrusion, electrical overload conditions, moisture containment, and insulation failure.

**Training Plan:** A written document that details, in outline form the expectations of the operator training. Training agendas should include instruction on how to obtain service, operate, startup, shutdown and maintain all systems and components of the project.

**Trending:** Monitoring over a period of time with the building automation system.

<u>Unresolved Commissioning Issue:</u> Any Commissioning Issue that, at the time that the Final Report or the Amended Final Report is issued that has not been either resolved by the construction team or accepted by the VA. Validation: The process by which work is verified as complete and operating correctly:

- 1. First party validation occurs when a firm or individual verifying the task is the same firm or individual performing the task.
- Second party validation occurs when the firm or individual verifying the task is under the control of the firm performing the task or has other possibilities of financial conflicts of interest in the resolution (Architects, Designers, General Contractors and Third Tier Subcontractors or Vendors).
- Third party validation occurs when the firm verifying the task is not associated with or under control of the firm performing or designing the task.

<u>Verification</u>: The process by which specific documents, components, equipment, assemblies, systems, and interfaces among systems are confirmed to comply with the criteria described in the Owner's Project Requirements.

<u>Warranty Phase Commissioning</u>: Commissioning efforts executed after a project has been completed and accepted by the Owner. Warranty Phase Commissioning includes follow-up on verification of system performance, measurement and verification tasks and assistance in identifying warranty issues and enforcing warranty provisions of the construction contract.

**Warranty Visit:** A commissioning meeting and site review where all outstanding warranty issues and deferred testing is reviewed and discussed.

Whole Building Commissioning: Commissioning of building systems such as Building Envelope, HVAC, Electrical, Special Electrical (Fire Alarm, Security & Communications), Plumbing and Fire Protection as described in this specification.

# 1.7 SYSTEMS TO BE COMMISSIONED

A. Commissioning of a system or systems specified for this project is part of the construction process. Documentation and testing of these systems, as well as training of the VA's Operation and Maintenance personnel, is required in cooperation with the VA and the Commissioning Agent.

B. The following systems will be commissioned as part of this project:

| Systems To Be Commissioned |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| System                     | Description                                    |  |  |  |
| Building Exterior Closure  |  |  |  |  |
| Specialties                |  |  |  |  |
| Equipment                  |  |  |  |  |
| Conveying Equipment        |  |  |  |  |
| Fire Suppression           |  |  |  |  |
| Fire Pump                  | Fire Pump, jockey pump, fire pump              |  |  |  |
|                            | controller/ATS                                 |  |  |  |
| Fire Sprinkler Systems     | Wet pipe system, dry pipe system, pre-action   |  |  |  |
|                            | system, special agent systems                  |  |  |  |
| Plumbing                   |  |  |  |  |
| HVAC                       |  |  |  |  |
| Noise and Vibration        | Noise and vibration levels for critical        |  |  |  |
| Control                    | equipment such as Air Handlers, Chillers,      |  |  |  |
|                            | Cooling Towers, Boilers, Generators, etc. will |  |  |  |
|                            | be commissioned as part of the system          |  |  |  |
|                            | commissioning                                  |  |  |  |
| Direct Digital Control     | Operator Interface Computer, Operator Work     |  |  |  |
| System**                   | Station (including graphics, point mapping,    |  |  |  |
|                            | trends, alarms), Network Communications        |  |  |  |
|                            | Modules and Wiring, Integration Panels. [DDC   |  |  |  |
|                            | Control panels will be commissioned with the   |  |  |  |
|                            | systems controlled by the panel]               |  |  |  |
| Chilled Water System**     | Chillers (centrifugal, rotary screw, air-      |  |  |  |
|                            | cooled), pumps (primary, secondary, variable   |  |  |  |
|                            | primary), VFDs associated with chilled water   |  |  |  |
|                            | system components, DDC Control Panels          |  |  |  |
|                            | (including integration with Building Control   |  |  |  |
|                            | System)  |  |  |  |

| Systems To Be Commissioned |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| System                     | Description                                    |  |
| Condenser Water            | Cooling Towers, Fluid Coolers, heat            |  |
| System**                   | exchangers/economizers, pumps, VFDs associated |  |
|                            | with condenser water system components, DDC    |  |
|                            | control panels.                                |  |
| Steam/Heating Hot          | Boilers, boiler feed water system,             |  |
| Water System**             | economizers/heat recovery equipment,           |  |
|                            | condensate recovery, water treatment, boiler   |  |
|                            | fuel system, controls, interface with facility |  |
|                            | DDC system.                                    |  |
| HVAC Air Handling          | Air handling Units, packaged rooftop AHU,      |  |
| Systems**                  | Outdoor Air conditioning units, humidifiers,   |  |
|                            | DDC control panels                             |  |
| HVAC                       | General exhaust, toilet exhaust, laboratory    |  |
| Ventilation/Exhaust        | exhaust, isolation exhaust, room               |  |
| Systems                    | pressurization control systems                 |  |
| HVAC Energy Recovery       | Heat Wheels, Heat Recovery Loops, AHU          |  |
| Systems**                  | Integrated Heat Recovery                       |  |
| HVAC Terminal Unit         | VAV Terminal Units, CAV terminal units, fan    |  |
| Systems**                  | coil units, fin-tube radiation, unit heaters   |  |
| Decentralized Unitary      | Split-system HVAC systems, controls, interface |  |
| HVAC Systems*              | with facility DDC                              |  |
| Unitary Heat Pump          | Water-source heat pumps, controls, interface   |  |
| Systems**                  | with facility DDC                              |  |
| Humidity Control           | Humidifiers, de-humidifiers, controls,         |  |
| Systems                    | interface with facility DDC                    |  |
| Hydronic Distribution      | Pumps, DDC control panels, heat exchangers,    |  |
| Systems                    |  |  |
| Facility Fuel Systems      | Boiler fuel system, generator fuel system      |  |
| Geothermal Energy          | Geothermal well, ground heat exchanger,        |  |
| Direct Use Heating **      | geothermal pumps, heat exchanger, valves,      |  |
|                            | instrumentation                                |  |
| Solar Energy Heating       | Solar collectors, heat exchangers, storage     |  |
| Systems **                 | tanks, solar-boosted domestic hot water        |  |
|                            | heater, pumps, valves, instrumentation         |  |

| SystemDescriptionFacility Fuel GasWitness Natural gas piping pressure testing,<br>natural gas compressors and storage, propane<br>storageSmoke EvacuationAtrium smoke evacuation, other smoke<br>evacuation and smoke management systems,<br>controls, interface with other systems (fire<br>alarm), emergency operation.ElectricalMedium-Voltage Switchgear, Medium-Voltage<br>ElectricalMedium-VoltageMedium-Voltage Switchgear, Medium-Voltage<br>Switches, Underground ductbank and<br>distribution, Pad-Mount Transformers, Medium-<br>Voltage Load Interrupter Switches,Grounding & BondingWitness 3rd party testing, review reports<br>SystemsElectrical SystemsReview reports, verify field settings<br>consistent with StudySuddySecondary Unit<br>Normal power distribution, verify breaker testing<br>results (injection current, etc)Low-VoltageNormal power distribution system, citical power<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution system, critical power<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution system, critical power<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution system, critical power<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution system, function current,<br>etc) | Systems To Be Commissioned |   |  |
|--|----------------------------|---|--|
| Systemsnatural gas compressors and storage, propane<br>storageSmoke EvacuationAtrium smoke evacuation, other smoke<br>evacuation and smoke management systems,<br>controls, interface with other systems,<br>controls, interface with other systems (fire<br>alarm), emergency operation.ElectricalMedium-Voltage Switchgear, Medium-Voltage<br>Switches, Underground ductbank and<br>distribution, Pad-Mount Transformers, Medium-<br>Voltage Load Interrupter Switches,Grounding & BondingWitness 3rd party testing, review reports<br>SystemsElectrical SystemsMetering, sub-metering, power monitoring<br>systems, PLC control systemsElectrical SystemReview reports, verify field settings<br>consistent with StudyStudySecondary UnitSubstationsMedium-voltage components, transformers, low-<br>voltage distribution, verify breaker testing<br>results (injection current, etc)Low-VoltageNormal power distribution system, critical power<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution panels, panelboards, verify<br>breaker testing results (injection current,<br>etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,   | System                     | Description                                   |  |
| storageSmoke EvacuationAtrium smoke evacuation, other smoke<br>evacuation and smoke management systems,<br>controls, interface with other systems (fire<br>alarm), emergency operation.ElectricalMedium-Voltage Switchgear, Medium-Voltage<br>Switches, Underground ductbank and<br>distribution SystemsDistribution SystemsMedium-Voltage Switchgear, Medium-Voltage<br>Switches, Underground ductbank and<br>distribution, Pad-Mount Transformers, Medium-<br>Voltage Load Interrupter Switches,Grounding & Bonding<br>SystemsWitness 3rd party testing, review reportsElectric PowerMetering, sub-metering, power monitoring<br>systems, PLC control systemsElectrical SystemReview reports, verify field settings<br>consistent with StudyStudyStudySubstationsNormal power distribution system, Life-safety<br>power distribution system, critical power<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution panels, panelboards, verify<br>breaker testing results (injection current,<br>etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,   | Facility Fuel Gas          | Witness Natural gas piping pressure testing,  |  |
| Smoke EvacuationAtrium smoke evacuation, other smoke<br>evacuation and smoke management systems,<br>controls, interface with other systems (fire<br>alarm), emergency operation.ElectricalMedium-VoltageMedium-VoltageMedium-Voltage Switchgear, Medium-VoltageElectricalSwitches, Underground ductbank and<br>distribution, Pad-Mount Transformers, Medium-<br>Voltage Load Interrupter Switches,Grounding & Bonding<br>SystemsWitness 3rd party testing, review reportsElectrical SystemsMetering, sub-metering, power monitoring<br>systems, PLC control systemsElectrical SystemReview reports, verify field settings<br>consistent with StudyStudyMedium-voltage components, transformers, low-<br>voltage distribution, verify breaker testing<br>results (injection current, etc)Low-VoltageNormal power distribution system, critical power<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution panels, panelboards, verify<br>breaker testing results (injection current,<br>etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,   | Systems                    | natural gas compressors and storage, propane  |  |
| Systemevacuation and smoke management systems,<br>controls, interface with other systems (fire<br>alarm), emergency operation.ElectricalMedium-VoltageDistribution SystemsMedium-Voltage Switchgear, Medium-Voltage<br>Switches, Underground ductbank and<br>distribution, Pad-Mount Transformers, Medium-<br>Voltage Load Interrupter Switches,Grounding & BondingWitness 3rd party testing, review reportsSystemsMetering, sub-metering, power monitoring<br>systemsElectrical SystemReview reports, verify field settings<br>results (injection current, etc)StudyNormal power distribution system, Life-safety<br>power distribution system, critical power<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution panels, panelboards, verify<br>breaker testing results (injection current,<br>etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,   |                            | storage                                       |  |
| controls, interface with other systems (fire<br>alarm), emergency operation.ElectricalMedium-Voltage Switchgear, Medium-Voltage<br>Switches, Underground ductbank and<br>distribution SystemsDistribution SystemsMedium-Voltage Switchgear, Medium-Voltage<br>Switches, Underground ductbank and<br>distribution, Pad-Mount Transformers, Medium-<br>Voltage Load Interrupter Switches,Grounding & Bonding<br>SystemsWitness 3rd party testing, review reports<br>SystemsElectric Power<br>Metering, sub-metering, power monitoring<br>Monitoring SystemsReview reports, verify field settings<br>consistent with StudyStudySecondary Unit<br>SubstationsMedium-voltage components, transformers, low-<br>voltage distribution, verify breaker testing<br>results (injection current, etc)Low-Voltage<br>Distribution SystemNormal power distribution system, Life-safety<br>power distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution panels, panelboards, verify<br>breaker testing results (injection current,<br>etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,   | Smoke Evacuation           | Atrium smoke evacuation, other smoke          |  |
| alarm), emergency operation.ElectricalMedium-VoltageMedium-Voltage Switchgear, Medium-VoltageElectricalSwitches, Underground ductbank andDistribution Systemsdistribution, Pad-Mount Transformers, Medium-<br>Voltage Load Interrupter Switches,Grounding & BondingWitness 3rd party testing, review reportsSystemsElectric PowerMetering, sub-metering, power monitoring<br>systems, PLC control systemsElectrical SystemReview reports, verify field settingsProtective Deviceconsistent with StudyStudySecondary UnitMedium-voltage components, transformers, low-<br>voltage distribution, verify breaker testing<br>results (injection current, etc)Low-VoltageNormal power distribution system, Life-safety<br>power distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution panels, panelboards, verify<br>breaker testing results (injection current,<br>etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,   | System                     | evacuation and smoke management systems,      |  |
| ElectricalMedium-VoltageMedium-Voltage Switchgear, Medium-VoltageElectricalSwitches, Underground ductbank andDistribution Systemsdistribution, Pad-Mount Transformers, Medium-<br>Voltage Load Interrupter Switches,Grounding & Bonding<br>SystemsWitness 3rd party testing, review reportsElectric PowerMetering, sub-metering, power monitoring<br>systems, PLC control systemsElectrical SystemReview reports, verify field settings<br>consistent with StudyStudyMedium-voltage components, transformers, low-<br>voltage distribution, verify breaker testing<br>results (injection current, etc)Low-VoltageNormal power distribution system, Life-safety<br>power distribution system, critical power<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution panels, panelboards, verify<br>breaker testing results (injection current,<br>etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,   |                            | controls, interface with other systems (fire  |  |
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| ElectricalSwitches, Underground ductbank and<br>distribution, Pad-Mount Transformers, Medium-<br>Voltage Load Interrupter Switches,Grounding & BondingWitness 3rd party testing, review reportsSystemsMetering, sub-metering, power monitoringElectric PowerMetering, sub-metering, power monitoringMonitoring SystemsSystems, PLC control systemsElectrical SystemReview reports, verify field settingsconsistent with StudystudyStudyMedium-voltage components, transformers, low-<br>voltage distribution, verify breaker testing<br>results (injection current, etc)Low-VoltageNormal power distribution system, critical power<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution panels, panelboards, verify<br>breaker testing results (injection current,<br>etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,   | Electrical                 |   |  |
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| Voltage Load Interrupter Switches,Grounding & Bonding<br>SystemsWitness 3rd party testing, review reportsSystemsNetering, sub-metering, power monitoringElectric PowerMetering, sub-metering, power monitoringMonitoring Systemssystems, PLC control systemsElectrical SystemReview reports, verify field settingsProtective Deviceconsistent with StudyStudyMedium-voltage components, transformers, low-<br>voltage distribution, verify breaker testing<br>results (injection current, etc)Low-VoltageNormal power distribution system, Life-safety<br>power distribution system, critical power<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution panels, panelboards, verify<br>breaker testing results (injection current,<br>etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,   | Electrical                 | Switches, Underground ductbank and            |  |
| Grounding & Bonding<br>SystemsWitness 3rd party testing, review reportsSystemsWitness 3rd party testing, review reportsElectric PowerMetering, sub-metering, power monitoringMonitoring Systemssystems, PLC control systemsElectrical SystemReview reports, verify field settingsProtective Deviceconsistent with StudyStudySecondary UnitMedium-voltage components, transformers, low-<br>voltage distribution, verify breaker testing<br>results (injection current, etc)Low-VoltageNormal power distribution system, Life-safety<br>power distribution system, critical power<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution panels, panelboards, verify<br>breaker testing results (injection current,<br>etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,  | Distribution Systems       | distribution, Pad-Mount Transformers, Medium- |  |
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| Monitoring Systemssystems, PLC control systemsElectrical SystemReview reports, verify field settings<br>consistent with StudyProtective Deviceconsistent with StudyStudyMedium-voltage components, transformers, low-<br>voltage distribution, verify breaker testing<br>results (injection current, etc)Low-VoltageNormal power distribution system, Life-safety<br>power distribution system, critical power<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution panels, panelboards, verify<br>breaker testing results (injection current,<br>etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,  | Systems                    |   |  |
| Electrical SystemReview reports, verify field settings<br>consistent with StudyProtective Deviceconsistent with StudyStudyMedium-voltage components, transformers, low-<br>voltage distribution, verify breaker testing<br>results (injection current, etc)Low-VoltageNormal power distribution system, Life-safety<br>power distribution system, critical power<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution panels, panelboards, verify<br>breaker testing results (injection current, etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,   | Electric Power             | Metering, sub-metering, power monitoring      |  |
| Protective Device<br>Studyconsistent with StudySecondary Unit<br>SubstationsMedium-voltage components, transformers, low-<br>voltage distribution, verify breaker testing<br>results (injection current, etc)Low-Voltage<br>Distribution SystemNormal power distribution system, Life-safety<br>power distribution system, critical power<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution panels, panelboards, verify<br>breaker testing results (injection current,<br>etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,   | Monitoring Systems         | systems, PLC control systems                  |  |
| StudyMedium-voltage components, transformers, low-<br>voltage distribution, verify breaker testing<br>results (injection current, etc)Low-VoltageNormal power distribution system, Life-safety<br>power distribution system, critical power<br>distribution system, equipment power<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution panels, panelboards, verify<br>breaker testing results (injection current,<br>etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,   | Electrical System          | Review reports, verify field settings         |  |
| Secondary UnitMedium-voltage components, transformers, low-<br>voltage distribution, verify breaker testing<br>results (injection current, etc)Low-VoltageNormal power distribution system, Life-safety<br>power distribution system, critical power<br>distribution system, equipment power<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution panels, panelboards, verify<br>breaker testing results (injection current,<br>etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,  | Protective Device          | consistent with Study                         |  |
| Substationsvoltage distribution, verify breaker testing<br>results (injection current, etc)Low-VoltageNormal power distribution system, Life-safety<br>power distribution system, critical power<br>distribution system, equipment power<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution panels, panelboards, verify<br>breaker testing results (injection current,<br>etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,  | Study                      |   |  |
| Intervalresults (injection current, etc)Low-VoltageNormal power distribution system, Life-safety<br>power distribution system, critical power<br>distribution system, equipment power<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution panels, panelboards, verify<br>breaker testing results (injection current,<br>etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,   | Secondary Unit             | Medium-voltage components, transformers, low- |  |
| Low-VoltageNormal power distribution system, Life-safetyDistribution Systempower distribution system, critical powerdistribution system, equipment powerdistribution system, switchboards,distribution panels, panelboards, verifybreaker testing results (injection current,etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,  | Substations                | voltage distribution, verify breaker testing  |  |
| Distribution System power distribution system, critical power<br>distribution system, equipment power<br>distribution system, switchboards,<br>distribution panels, panelboards, verify<br>breaker testing results (injection current,<br>etc)<br>Emergency Power Generators, Generator paralleling switchgear,  |                            | results (injection current, etc)              |  |
| distribution system, equipment powerdistribution system, switchboards,distribution panels, panelboards, verifybreaker testing results (injection current,etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,  | Low-Voltage                | Normal power distribution system, Life-safety |  |
| <pre>distribution system, switchboards,<br/>distribution panels, panelboards, verify<br/>breaker testing results (injection current,<br/>etc)<br/>Emergency Power Generators, Generator paralleling switchgear,</pre>  | Distribution System        | power distribution system, critical power     |  |
| distribution panels, panelboards, verify<br>breaker testing results (injection current,<br>etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,  |                            | distribution system, equipment power          |  |
| breaker testing results (injection current,<br>etc)Emergency PowerGenerators, Generator paralleling switchgear,  |                            | distribution system, switchboards,            |  |
| etc)<br>Emergency Power Generators, Generator paralleling switchgear,  |                            | distribution panels, panelboards, verify      |  |
| Emergency Power Generators, Generator paralleling switchgear,  |                            | breaker testing results (injection current,   |  |
|  |                            | etc)  |  |
| Generation Systems automatic transfer switches, PLC and other  | Emergency Power            | Generators, Generator paralleling switchgear, |  |
|  | Generation Systems         | automatic transfer switches, PLC and other    |  |
| control systems  |                            | control systems                               |  |

| Systems To Be Commissioned |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| System                     | Description                                  |  |  |  |
| Lighting & Lighting        | Emergency lighting, occupancy sensors,       |  |  |  |
| Control** Systems          | lighting control systems, architectural      |  |  |  |
|                            | dimming systems, theatrical dimming systems, |  |  |  |
|                            | exterior lighting and controls               |  |  |  |
| Cathodic Protection        | Review 3rd party testing results.            |  |  |  |
| Systems                    |  |  |  |  |
| Lightning Protection       | Witness 3rd party testing, review reports    |  |  |  |
| System                     |  |  |  |  |
| Communications             |  |  |  |  |
|                            |  |  |  |  |
| Grounding & Bonding        | Witness 3rd party testing, review reports    |  |  |  |
| System                     |  |  |  |  |
| Structured Cabling         | Witness 3rd party testing, review reports    |  |  |  |
| System                     |  |  |  |  |
| Master Antenna             | Witness 3rd party testing, review reports    |  |  |  |
| Television System          |  |  |  |  |
| Public Address & Mass      | Witness 3rd party testing, review reports    |  |  |  |
| Notification Systems       |  |  |  |  |
| Intercom & Program         | Witness 3rd party testing, review reports    |  |  |  |
| Systems                    |  |  |  |  |
| Nurse Call & Code Blue     | Witness 3rd party testing, review reports    |  |  |  |
| Systems                    |  |  |  |  |
| Security Emergency         | Witness 3rd party testing, review reports    |  |  |  |
| Call Systems               |  |  |  |  |
| Duress Alarm Systems       | Witness 3rd party testing, review reports    |  |  |  |
| Electronic Safety and S    | ecurity                                      |  |  |  |
| Renewable Energy Source    | :S   |  |  |  |
| Site Utilities             |  |  |  |  |
| Transportation             |  |  |  |  |
| Integrated Systems Tests   |  |  |  |  |
| Loss of Power Response     | Loss of power to building, loss of power to  |  |  |  |
|                            | campus, restoration of power to building,    |  |  |  |
|                            | restoration of power to campus.              |  |  |  |

| Systems To Be Commissioned   |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| System   | Description                              |  |  |  |
| Fire Alarm Response  | Integrated System Response to Fire Alarm |  |  |  |
|  | Condition and Return to Normal           |  |  |  |
| Table Notes  |  |  |  |  |
| ** Denotes systems that LEED requires to be commissioned to comply |  |  |  |  |
| with the LEED Fundamental Commissioning pre-requisite.             |  |  |  |  |

## 1.8 COMMISSIONING TEAM

- A. The commissioning team shall consist of, but not be limited to, representatives of Contractor, including Project Superintendent and subcontractors, installers, schedulers, suppliers, and specialists deemed appropriate by the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) and Commissioning Agent.
- B. Members Appointed by Contractor:
  - Contractor' Commissioning Manager: The designated person, company, or entity that plans, schedules and coordinates the commissioning activities for the construction team.
  - 2. Contractor's Commissioning Representative(s): Individual(s), each having authority to act on behalf of the entity he or she represents, explicitly organized to implement the commissioning process through coordinated actions.
- C. Members Appointed by VA:
  - Commissioning Agent: The designated person, company, or entity that plans, schedules, and coordinates the commissioning team to implement the commissioning process. The VA will engage the CxA under a separate contract.
  - User: Representatives of the facility user and operation and maintenance personnel.
  - 3. A/E: Representative of the Architect and engineering design professionals.

### 1.9 VA'S COMMISSIONING RESPONSIBILITIES

A. Appoint an individual, company or firm to act as the Commissioning Agent.

- B. Assign operation and maintenance personnel and schedule them to participate in commissioning team activities including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Coordination meetings.
  - Training in operation and maintenance of systems, subsystems, and equipment.
  - 3. Testing meetings.
  - 4. Witness and assist in Systems Functional Performance Testing.
  - 5. Demonstration of operation of systems, subsystems, and equipment.
- C. Provide the Construction Documents, prepared by Architect and approved by VA, to the Commissioning Agent and for use in managing the commissioning process, developing the commissioning plan, systems manuals, and reviewing the operation and maintenance training plan.

## 1.10 CONTRACTOR'S COMMISSIONING RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. The Contractor shall assign a Commissioning Manager to manage commissioning activities of the Contractor, and subcontractors.
- B. The Contractor shall ensure that the commissioning responsibilities outlined in these specifications are included in all subcontracts and that subcontractors comply with the requirements of these specifications.
- C. The Contractor shall ensure that each installing subcontractor shall assign representatives with expertise and authority to act on behalf of the subcontractor and schedule them to participate in and perform commissioning team activities including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Participate in commissioning coordination meetings.
  - Conduct operation and maintenance training sessions in accordance with approved training plans.
  - Verify that Work is complete and systems are operational according to the Contract Documents, including calibration of instrumentation and controls.
  - 4. Evaluate commissioning issues and commissioning observations identified in the Commissioning Issues Log, field reports, test reports or other commissioning documents. In collaboration with entity responsible for system and equipment installation, recommend corrective action.
  - 5. Review and comment on commissioning documentation.

- Participate in meetings to coordinate Systems Functional Performance Testing.
- 7. Provide schedule for operation and maintenance data submittals, equipment startup, and testing to Commissioning Agent for incorporation into the commissioning plan.
- 8. Provide information to the Commissioning Agent for developing commissioning plan.
- 9. Participate in training sessions for VA's operation and maintenance personnel.
- 10. Provide technicians who are familiar with the construction and operation of installed systems and who shall develop specific test procedures to conduct Systems Functional Performance Testing of installed systems.

## 1.11 COMMISSIONING AGENT'S RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Organize and lead the commissioning team.
- B. Prepare the commissioning plan. See Paragraph 1.11-A of this specification Section for further information.
- C. Review and comment on selected submittals from the Contractor for general conformance with the Construction Documents. Review and comment on the ability to test and operate the system and/or equipment, including providing gages, controls and other components required to operate, maintain, and test the system. Review and comment on performance expectations of systems and equipment and interfaces between systems relating to the Construction Documents.
- D. At the beginning of the construction phase, conduct an initial construction phase coordination meeting for the purpose of reviewing the commissioning activities and establishing tentative schedules for operation and maintenance submittals; operation and maintenance training sessions; TAB Work; Pre-Functional Checklists, Systems Functional Performance Testing; and project completion.
- E. Convene commissioning team meetings for the purpose of coordination, communication, and conflict resolution; discuss status of the commissioning processes. Responsibilities include arranging for facilities, preparing agenda and attendance lists, and notifying participants. The Commissioning Agent shall prepare and distribute minutes to commissioning team members and attendees within five workdays of the commissioning meeting.

- F. Observe construction and report progress, observations and issues. Observe systems and equipment installation for adequate accessibility for maintenance and component replacement or repair, and for general conformance with the Construction Documents.
- G. Prepare Project specific Pre-Functional Checklists and Systems Functional Performance Test procedures.
- H. Coordinate Systems Functional Performance Testing schedule with the Contractor.
- I. Witness selected systems startups.
- J. Verify selected Pre-Functional Checklists completed and submitted by the Contractor.
- K. Witness and document Systems Functional Performance Testing.
- L. Compile test data, inspection reports, and certificates and include them in the systems manual and commissioning report.
- M. Review and comment on operation and maintenance (O&M) documentation and systems manual outline for compliance with the Contract Documents. Operation and maintenance documentation requirements are specified in Paragraph 1.25, Section 01 00 00 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.
- N. Review operation and maintenance training program developed by the Contractor. Verify training plans provide qualified instructors to conduct operation and maintenance training.
- O. Prepare commissioning Field Observation Reports.
- P. Prepare the Final Commissioning Report.
- Q. Return to the site at 10 months into the 12 month warranty period and review with facility staff the current building operation and the condition of outstanding issues related to the original and seasonal Systems Functional Performance Testing. Also interview facility staff and identify problems or concerns they have operating the building as originally intended. Make suggestions for improvements and for recording these changes in the O&M manuals. Identify areas that may come under warranty or under the original construction contract. Assist facility staff in developing reports, documents and requests for services to remedy outstanding problems.
- R. Assemble the final commissioning documentation, including the Final Commissioning Report and Addendum to the Final Commissioning Report.

#### 1.12 COMMISSIONING DOCUMENTATION

- A. Commissioning Plan: A document, prepared by Commissioning Agent, that outlines the schedule, allocation of resources, and documentation requirements of the commissioning process, and shall include, but is not limited, to the following:
  - Plan for delivery and review of submittals, systems manuals, and other documents and reports. Identification of the relationship of these documents to other functions and a detailed description of submittals that are required to support the commissioning processes. Submittal dates shall include the latest date approved submittals must be received without adversely affecting commissioning plan.
  - Description of the organization, layout, and content of commissioning documentation (including systems manual) and a detailed description of documents to be provided along with identification of responsible parties.
  - 3. Identification of systems and equipment to be commissioned.
  - 4. Schedule of Commissioning Coordination meetings.
  - 5. Identification of items that must be completed before the next operation can proceed.
  - 6. Description of responsibilities of commissioning team members.
  - 7. Description of observations to be made.
  - 8. Description of requirements for operation and maintenance training.
  - 9. Schedule for commissioning activities with dates coordinated with overall construction schedule.
  - Process and schedule for documenting changes on a continuous basis to appear in Project Record Documents.
  - 11. Process and schedule for completing prestart and startup checklists for systems, subsystems, and equipment to be verified and tested.
  - 12. Preliminary Systems Functional Performance Test procedures.
- B. Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures: The Commissioning Agent will develop Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures for each system to be commissioned, including subsystems, or equipment and interfaces or interlocks with other systems. Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures will include a separate entry, with space for comments, for each item to be tested. Preliminary Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures will be provided to the VA, Architect/Engineer, and Contractor for review and comment. The Systems

Performance Test Procedure will include test procedures for each mode of operation and provide space to indicate whether the mode under test responded as required. Each System Functional Performance Test procedure, regardless of system, subsystem, or equipment being tested, shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- 1. Name and identification code of tested system.
- 2. Test number.
- 3. Time and date of test.
- 4. Indication of whether the record is for a first test or retest following correction of a problem or issue.
- 5. Dated signatures of the person performing test and of the witness, if applicable.
- 6. Individuals present for test.
- 7. Observations and Issues.
- 8. Issue number, if any, generated as the result of test.
- C. Pre-Functional Checklists: The Commissioning Agent will prepare Pre-Functional Checklists. Pre-Functional Checklists shall be completed and signed by the Contractor, verifying that systems, subsystems, equipment, and associated controls are ready for testing. The Commissioning Agent will spot check Pre-Functional Checklists to verify accuracy and readiness for testing. Inaccurate or incomplete Pre-Functional Checklists shall be returned to the Contractor for correction and resubmission.
- D. Test and Inspection Reports: The Commissioning Agent will record test data, observations, and measurements on Systems Functional Performance Test Procedure. The report will also include recommendation for system acceptance or non-acceptance. Photographs, forms, and other means appropriate for the application shall be included with data. Commissioning Agent Will compile test and inspection reports and test and inspection certificates and include them in systems manual and commissioning report.
- E. Corrective Action Documents: The Commissioning Agent will document corrective action taken for systems and equipment that fail tests. The documentation will include any required modifications to systems and equipment and/or revisions to test procedures, if any. The Commissioning Agent will witness and document any retesting of systems

and/or equipment requiring corrective action and document retest results.

- F. Commissioning Issues Log: The Commissioning Agent will prepare and maintain Commissioning Issues Log that describes Commissioning Issues and Commissioning Observations that are identified during the Commissioning process. These observations and issues include, but are not limited to, those that are at variance with the Contract Documents. The Commissioning Issues Log will identify and track issues as they are encountered, the party responsible for resolution, progress toward resolution, and document how the issue was resolved. The Master Commissioning Issues Log will also track the status of unresolved issues.
  - 1. Creating an Commissioning Issues Log Entry:
    - a. Identify the issue with unique numeric or alphanumeric identifier by which the issue may be tracked.
    - b. Assign a descriptive title for the issue.
    - c. Identify date and time of the issue.
    - d. Identify test number of test being performed at the time of the observation, if applicable, for cross reference.
    - e. Identify system, subsystem, and equipment to which the issue applies.
    - f. Identify location of system, subsystem, and equipment.
    - g. Include information that may be helpful in diagnosing or evaluating the issue.
    - h. Note recommended corrective action.
    - i. Identify commissioning team member responsible for corrective action.
    - j. Identify expected date of correction.
    - k. Identify person that identified the issue.
  - 2. Documenting Issue Resolution:
    - a. Log date correction is completed or the issue is resolved.
    - b. Describe corrective action or resolution taken. Include description of diagnostic steps taken to determine root cause of the issue, if any.
    - c. Identify changes to the Contract Documents that may require action.

- d. State that correction was completed and system, subsystem, and equipment are ready for retest, if applicable.
- e. Identify person(s) who corrected or resolved the issue.
- f. Identify person(s) verifying the issue resolution.
- G. Final Commissioning Report: The Commissioning Agent will document results of the commissioning process, including unresolved issues, and performance of systems, subsystems, and equipment. The Commissioning Report will indicate whether systems, subsystems, and equipment have been properly installed and are performing according to the Contract Documents. This report will be used by the Department of Veterans Affairs when determining that systems will be accepted. This report will be used to evaluate systems, subsystems, and equipment and will serve as a future reference document during VA occupancy and operation. It shall describe components and performance that exceed requirements of the Contract Documents. The commissioning report will include, but is not limited to, the following:
  - Lists and explanations of substitutions; compromises; variances with the Contract Documents; record of conditions; and, if appropriate, recommendations for resolution. Design Narrative documentation maintained by the Commissioning Agent.
  - 2. Commissioning plan.
  - 3. Pre-Functional Checklists completed by the Contractor, with annotation of the Commissioning Agent review and spot check.
  - 4. Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures, with annotation of test results and test completion.
  - 5, Commissioning Issues Log.
  - Listing of deferred and off season test(s) not performed, including the schedule for their completion.
- H. Addendum to Final Commissioning Report: The Commissioning Agent will prepare an Addendum to the Final Commissioning Report near the end of the Warranty Period. The Addendum will indicate whether systems, subsystems, and equipment are complete and continue to perform according to the Contract Documents. The Addendum to the Final Commissioning Report shall include, but is not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Documentation of deferred and off season test(s) results.

- Completed Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures for off season test(s).
- 3. Documentation that unresolved system performance issues have been resolved.
- 4. Updated Commissioning Issues Log, including status of unresolved issues.
- 5. Identification of potential Warranty Claims to be corrected by the Contractor.
- I. Systems Manual: The Commissioning Agent will gather required information and compile the Systems Manual. The Systems Manual will include, but is not limited to, the following:
  - Design Narrative, including system narratives, schematics, singleline diagrams, flow diagrams, equipment schedules, and changes made throughout the Project.
  - 2. Reference to Final Commissioning Plan.
  - 3. Reference to Final Commissioning Report.
  - 4. Approved Operation and Maintenance Data as submitted by the Contractor.

### 1.13 SUBMITTALS

- A. Preliminary Commissioning Plan Submittal: The Commissioning Agent has prepared a Preliminary Commissioning Plan based on the final Construction Documents. The Preliminary Commissioning Plan is included as an Appendix to this specification section. The Preliminary Commissioning Plan is provided for information only. It contains preliminary information about the following commissioning activities:
  - 1. The Commissioning Team: A list of commissioning team members by organization.
  - 2. Systems to be commissioned. A detailed list of systems to be commissioned for the project. This list also provides preliminary information on systems/equipment submittals to be reviewed by the Commissioning Agent; preliminary information on Pre-Functional Checklists that are to be completed; preliminary information on Systems Performance Testing, including information on testing sample size (where authorized by the VA).
  - 3. Commissioning Team Roles and Responsibilities: Preliminary roles and responsibilities for each Commissioning Team member.

- Commissioning Documents: A preliminary list of commissioning-related documents, include identification of the parties responsible for preparation, review, approval, and action on each document.
- Commissioning Activities Schedule: Identification of Commissioning Activities, including Systems Functional Testing, the expected duration and predecessors for the activity.
- 6. Pre-Functional Checklists: Preliminary Pre-Functional Checklists for equipment, components, subsystems, and systems to be commissioned. These Preliminary Pre-Functional Checklists provide guidance on the level of detailed information the Contractor shall include on the final submission.
- 7. Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures: Preliminary stepby-step System Functional Performance Test Procedures to be used during Systems Functional Performance Testing. These Preliminary Systems Functional Performance procedures provide information on the level of testing rigor, and the level of Contractor support required during performance of system's testing.
- B. Final Commissioning Plan Submittal: Based on the Final Construction Documents and the Contractor's project team, the Commissioning Agent will prepare the Final Commissioning Plan as described in this section. The Commissioning Agent will submit three hard copies and three sets of electronic files of Final Commissioning Plan. The Contractor shall review the Commissioning Plan and provide any comments to the VA. The Commissioning Agent will incorporate review comments into the Final Commissioning Plan as directed by the VA.
- C. Systems Functional Performance Test Procedure: The Commissioning Agent will submit preliminary Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures to the Contractor, and the VA for review and comment. The Contractor shall return review comments to the VA and the Commissioning Agent. The VA will also return review comments to the Commissioning Agent. The Commissioning Agent will incorporate review comments into the Final Systems Functional Test Procedures to be used in Systems Functional Performance Testing.
- D. Pre-Functional Checklists: The Commissioning Agent will submit Pre-Functional Checklists to be completed by the Contractor.

- E. Test and Inspection Reports: The Commissioning Agent will submit test and inspection reports to the VA with copies to the Contractor and the Architect/Engineer.
- F. Corrective Action Documents: The Commissioning Agent will submit corrective action documents to the VA Resident Engineer with copies to the Contractor and Architect.
- G. Preliminary Commissioning Report Submittal: The Commissioning Agent will submit three electronic copies of the preliminary commissioning report. One electronic copy, with review comments, will be returned to the Commissioning Agent for preparation of the final submittal.
- H. Final Commissioning Report Submittal: The Commissioning Agent will submit four sets of electronically formatted information of the final commissioning report to the VA. The final submittal will incorporate comments as directed by the VA.
- I. Data for Commissioning:
  - The Commissioning Agent will request in writing from the Contractor specific information needed about each piece of commissioned equipment or system to fulfill requirements of the Commissioning Plan.
  - The Commissioning Agent may request further documentation as is necessary for the commissioning process or to support other VA data collection requirements, including Construction Operations Building Information Exchange (COBIE), Building Information Modeling (BIM), etc.

### 1.14 COMMISSIONING PROCESS

- A. The Commissioning Agent will be responsible for the overall management of the commissioning process as well as coordinating scheduling of commissioning tasks with the VA and the Contractor. As directed by the VA, the Contractor shall incorporate Commissioning tasks, including, but not limited to, Systems Functional Performance Testing (including predecessors) with the Master Construction Schedule.
- B. Within 14 days of contract award, the Contractor shall designate a specific individual as the Commissioning Manager (CxM) to manage and lead the commissioning effort on behalf of the Contractor. The Commissioning Manager shall be the single point of contact and

communications for all commissioning related services by the Contractor.

C. Within 14 days of contract award, the Contractor shall ensure that each subcontractor designates specific individuals as Commissioning Representatives (CXR) to be responsible for commissioning related tasks. The Contractor shall ensure the designated Commissioning Representatives participate in the commissioning process as team members providing commissioning testing services, equipment operation, adjustments, and corrections if necessary. The Contractor shall ensure that all Commissioning Representatives shall have sufficient authority to direct their respective staff to provide the services required, and to speak on behalf of their organizations in all commissioning related contractual matters.

#### 1.15 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Instructor Qualifications: Factory authorized service representatives shall be experienced in training, operation, and maintenance procedures for installed systems, subsystems, and equipment.
- B. Test Equipment Calibration: The Contractor shall comply with test equipment manufacturer's calibration procedures and intervals. Recalibrate test instruments immediately whenever instruments have been repaired following damage or dropping. Affix calibration tags to test instruments. Instruments shall have been calibrated within six months prior to use.

#### 1.16 COORDINATION

- A. Management: The Commissioning Agent will coordinate the commissioning activities with the VA and Contractor. The Commissioning Agent will submit commissioning documents and information to the VA. All commissioning team members shall work together to fulfill their contracted responsibilities and meet the objectives of the contract documents.
- B. Scheduling: The Contractor shall work with the Commissioning Agent and the VA to incorporate the commissioning activities into the construction schedule. The Commissioning Agent will provide sufficient information (including, but not limited to, tasks, durations and predecessors) on commissioning activities to allow the Contractor and the VA to schedule commissioning activities. All parties shall address scheduling issues and make necessary notifications in a timely manner

in order to expedite the project and the commissioning process. The Contractor shall update the Master Construction as directed by the VA.

- C. Initial Schedule of Commissioning Events: The Commissioning Agent will provide the initial schedule of primary commissioning events in the Commissioning Plan and at the commissioning coordination meetings. The Commissioning Plan will provide a format for this schedule. As construction progresses, more detailed schedules will be developed by the Contractor with information from the Commissioning Agent.
- D. Commissioning Coordinating Meetings: The Commissioning Agent will conduct periodic Commissioning Coordination Meetings of the commissioning team to review status of commissioning activities, to discuss scheduling conflicts, and to discuss upcoming commissioning process activities.
- E. Pretesting Meetings: The Commissioning Agent will conduct pretest meetings of the commissioning team to review startup reports, Pre-Functional Checklist results, Systems Functional Performance Testing procedures, testing personnel and instrumentation requirements.
- F. Systems Functional Performance Testing Coordination: The Contractor shall coordinate testing activities to accommodate required quality assurance and control services with a minimum of delay and to avoid necessity of removing and replacing construction to accommodate testing and inspecting. The Contractor shall coordinate the schedule times for tests, inspections, obtaining samples, and similar activities.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

- A. The Contractor shall provide all standard and specialized testing equipment required to perform Systems Functional Performance Testing. Test equipment required for Systems Functional Performance Testing will be identified in the detailed System Functional Performance Test Procedure prepared by the Commissioning Agent.
- B. Data logging equipment and software required to test equipment shall be provided by the Contractor.
- C. All testing equipment shall be of sufficient quality and accuracy to test and/or measure system performance with the tolerances specified in the Specifications. If not otherwise noted, the following minimum requirements apply: Temperature sensors and digital thermometers shall have a certified calibration within the past year to an accuracy of 0.5

 $\circ$ C (1.0  $\circ$ F) and a resolution of + or - 0.1  $\circ$ C (0.2  $\circ$ F). Pressure sensors shall have an accuracy of + or - 2.0% of the value range being measured (not full range of meter) and have been calibrated within the last year. All equipment shall be calibrated according to the manufacturer's recommended intervals and following any repairs to the equipment. Calibration tags shall be affixed or certificates readily available.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

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#### 3.1 COMMISSIONING PROCESS ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

A. The following table outlines the roles and responsibilities for the Commissioning Team members during the Construction Phase:

| Construction Ph    | ase  | CxA =  | Commis  | sionir | ng Ager         | nt  | L = Lead     |
|--------------------|--|--------|---------|--------|-----------------|-----|--------------|
|                    |  | RE = H | Residen |        | P = Participate |     |              |
| Complete la solo o |  | A/E =  | Design  | eer    | A = Approve     |     |              |
| Commissioning R    | oles & Responsibilities  | PC = H | Prime C | ontrad | ctor            |     | R = Review   |
|                    |  |        | Gov't   | Facili | Lty O&M         | Ν   | O = Optional |
| Category           | Task Description   | CxA    | RE      | A/E    | PC              | 0&M | Notes        |
| Meetings           | Construction Commissioning Kick Off meeting  | L      | A       | Р      | Р               | 0   |              |
|                    | Commissioning Meetings   | L      | A       | Р      | Ρ               | 0   |              |
|                    | Project Progress Meetings  | Р      | А       | Р      | L               | 0   |              |
|                    | Controls Meeting   | L      | A       | P      | P               | 0   |              |
| Coordination       | Coordinate with [OGC's, AHJ, Vendors,<br>etc.] to ensure that Cx interacts<br>properly with other systems as needed<br>to support the OPR and BOD. | L      | A       | Р      | P               | N/A |              |
| Cx Plan & Spec     | Final Commissioning Plan   | L      | A       | R      | R               | 0   |              |
|                    |  |        |         |        |                 |     |              |
| Schedules          | Duration Schedule for Commissioning<br>Activities  | L      | A       | R      | R               | N/A |              |
|                    |  |        |         |        |                 |     |              |

| Construction Ph              | ase   | CxA =  | Commis  | sionir      | ng Agei         | nt  | L = Lead     |
|------------------------------|---|--------|---------|-------------|-----------------|-----|--------------|
|                              |   | RE = F | Residen |             | P = Participate |     |              |
| Commissioning P              | coles & Responsibilities                          | A/E =  | Design  | A = Approve |                 |     |              |
| CONUNISSIONING R             | ales a Responsibilities                           | PC = P | rime C  |             | R = Review      |     |              |
|                              |   | 0&M =  | Gov't   | Facili      | ity O&M         | М   | O = Optional |
| Category                     | Task Description                                  | CxA    | RE      | A/E         | PC              | 0&M | Notes        |
| OPR and BOD                  | Maintain OPR on behalf of Owner                   | L      | A       | R           | R               | 0   |              |
|                              | Maintain BOD/DID on behalf of Owner               | L      | A       | R           | R               | 0   |              |
|                              |   |        |         |             |                 |     |              |
| Document                     | TAB Plan Review                                   | L      | A       | R           | R               | 0   |              |
| Reviews                      | Submittal and Shop Drawing Review                 | R      | А       | R           | L               | 0   |              |
|                              | Review Contractor Equipment Startup<br>Checklists | L      | A       | R           | R               | N/A |              |
|                              | Review Change Orders, ASI, and RFI                | L      | A       | R           | R               | N/A |              |
|                              |   |        |         |             |                 |     |              |
| Site                         | Witness Factory Testing                           | P      | A       | P           | L               | 0   |              |
| Observations                 | Construction Observation Site Visits              | L      | A       | R           | R               | 0   |              |
|                              |   |        |         |             |                 |     |              |
|                              |   |        |         |             |                 |     |              |
| Functional<br>Test Protocols | Final Pre-Functional Checklists                   | L      | A       | R           | R               | 0   |              |
| Test Flotocols               | Final Functional Performance Test<br>Protocols    | L      | A       | R           | R               | 0   |              |
|                              |   |        |         |             |                 |     |              |
| Technical<br>Activities      | Issues Resolution Meetings                        | P      | A       | Ρ           | L               | 0   |              |
|                              |   |        |         |             |                 |     |              |

| Construction P                       | hase                              | CxA = Commissioning Agent |         |        |         |                 | L = Lead    |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|---------|--------|---------|-----------------|-------------|
|                                      |                                   | RE = F                    | Residen | t Engi |         | P = Participate |             |
| Germania e la colora de la colora de |                                   | A/E =                     | Design  | Arch/  | 'Engine | eer             | A = Approve |
| Commissioning                        | Roles & Responsibilities          | PC = F                    | rime C  | ontrac | ctor    |                 | R = Review  |
|                                      | O&M = Gov't Facility O&M          |                           |         |        |         | O = Optional    |             |
| Category                             | Task Description                  | CxA                       | RE      | A/E    | PC      | O&M             | Notes       |
| Reports and                          | Status Reports                    | L                         | А       | R      | R       | 0               |             |
| Logs                                 | Maintain Commissioning Issues Log | L                         | A       | R      | R       | 0               |             |
|                                      |                                   |                           |         |        |         |                 |             |

B. The following table outlines the roles and responsibilities for the Commissioning Team members during the Acceptance Phase:

| Acceptance Phas | se   | CxA =          | Commi  | ssion   | ing Ag       | ent             | L = Lead |
|-----------------|--|----------------|--------|---------|--------------|-----------------|----------|
|                 |  | RE = R         | leside | ent Eng |              | P = Participate |          |
|                 | A/E =  | Desig          | n Arcl | n/Engi  | neer         | A = Approve     |          |
| Commissioning 1 | PC = P   | rime           | Contra | actor   |              | R = Review      |          |
|                 | - M&O  | Gov <b>'</b> t | Facil  | M3      | O = Optional |                 |          |
| Category        | Task Description   | CxA            | RE     | A/E     | Notes        |                 |          |
| Meetings        | Commissioning Meetings                                     | L              | A      | Р       | Р            | 0               |          |
|                 | Project Progress Meetings                                  | Р              | А      | Р       | L            | 0               |          |
|                 | Pre-Test Coordination Meeting                              | L              | А      | Р       | Р            | 0               |          |
|                 | Lessons Learned and Commissioning<br>Report Review Meeting | L              | A      | Р       | Р            | 0               |          |
|                 |  |                |        |         |              |                 |          |

| Acceptance Phas     | e   | CxA =  | Commi          | ssion  | ing Ag      | ent             | L = Lead     |
|---------------------|---|--------|----------------|--------|-------------|-----------------|--------------|
|                     |   | RE = F | Reside         | ent En |             | P = Participate |              |
| ~                   |   | A/E =  | Desig          | gn Arc | A = Approve |                 |              |
| Commissioning R     | coles & Responsibilities  | PC = F | rime           | Contr  |             | R = Review      |              |
|                     |   | 0&M =  | Gov <b>'</b> t | : Faci | lity O      | δM              | O = Optional |
| Category            | Task Description  | CxA    | RE             | A/E    | PC          | 0&M             | Notes        |
| Coordination        | Coordinate with [OGC's, AHJ, Vendors,<br>etc.] to ensure that Cx interacts<br>properly with other systems as needed<br>to support OPR and BOD | L      | Р              | Р      | Р           | 0               |              |
| Cx Plan & Spec      | Maintain/Update Commissioning Plan  | L      | A              | R      | R           | 0               |              |
|                     |   |        |                |        |             |                 |              |
| Schedules           | Prepare Functional Test Schedule  | L      | A              | R      | R           | 0               |              |
| OPR and BOD         | Maintain OPR on behalf of Owner   | -      | -              |        |             |                 |              |
| OFR and BOD         | Maintain BOD/DID on behalf of Owner   | L      | A              | R      | R           | 0               |              |
|                     | Maintain BOD/DID on Denail of Owner   |        | A              | R      | R           | 0               |              |
| Document<br>Reviews | Review Completed Pre-Functional<br>Checklists   | L      | A              | R      | R           | 0               |              |
|                     | Pre-Functional Checklist Verification   | L      | A              | R      | R           | 0               |              |
|                     | Review Operations & Maintenance Manuals   | L      | A              | R      | R           | R               |              |
|                     | Training Plan Review  | L      | A              | R      | R           | R               |              |
|                     | Warranty Review   | L      | A              | R      | R           | 0               |              |
|                     | Review TAB Report   |        | А              | R      | R           | 0               |              |
| Site                | Construction Observation Site Visits  | L      | A              | R      | R           | 0               |              |
| Observations        | Observations Witness Selected Equipment Startup   |        |                |        | R           | 0               |              |
|                     |   |        |                |        |             |                 |              |

| Acceptance Phas | e                                      | CxA =          | Comm   | ssion  | ing Ag | rent            | L = Lead |
|-----------------|--|----------------|--------|--------|--------|-----------------|----------|
|                 |  | RE = H         | Reside | ent En |        | P = Participate |          |
|                 |  | A/E =          | Desig  | gn Arc | neer   | A = Approve     |          |
| Commissioning R | PC = H                                 | Prime          | Contr  | actor  |        | R = Review      |          |
|                 | 0&M =                                  | Gov <b>'</b> t | Faci   | lity C | Ma     | O = Optional    |          |
| Category        | Task Description                       | CxA            | RE     | A/E    | PC     | 0&M             | Notes    |
| Functional      | TAB Verification                       | L              | A      | R      | R      | 0               |          |
| Test Protocols  | Systems Functional Performance Testing | L              | А      | Р      | Р      | Р               |          |
|                 | Retesting                              | L              | A      | Р      | Р      | Р               |          |
|                 |  |                |        |        |        |                 |          |
| Technical       | Issues Resolution Meetings             | Р              | А      | Р      | L      | 0               |          |
| Activities      | Systems Training                       | L              | S      | R      | Р      | Р               |          |
|                 |  |                |        |        |        |                 |          |
| Reports and     | Status Reports                         | L              | A      | R      | R      | 0               |          |
| Logs            | Maintain Commissioning Issues Log      | L              | А      | R      | R      | 0               |          |
|                 | Final Commissioning Report             | L              | А      | R      | R      | R               |          |
|                 | Prepare Systems Manuals                | L              | A      | R      | R      | R               |          |
|                 |  |                |        |        |        |                 |          |

C. The following table outlines the roles and responsibilities for the Commissioning Team members during the Warranty Phase:

| Warranty Phase          |  | CxA =             | Commi  | ssion  | lent   | L = Lead        |              |
|-------------------------|--|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|-----------------|--------------|
|                         |  | RE = H            | Reside | ent En |        | P = Participate |              |
|                         |  | A/E =             | Desig  | gn Arc | neer   | A = Approve     |              |
| Commissioning F         | coles & Responsibilities   | PC = H            | Prime  | Contr  | actor  |                 | R = Review   |
|                         |  |                   |        | : Faci | lity C | M30             | O = Optional |
| Category                | Task Description   | CxA RE A/E PC O&M |        |        |        |                 | Notes        |
| Meetings                | Post-Occupancy User Review Meeting   | L                 | A      | 0      | Р      | Р               |              |
|                         |  |                   |        |        |        |                 |              |
| Site                    | Periodic Site Visits   | L                 | A      | 0      | 0      | Р               |              |
| Observations            |  |                   |        |        |        | -               |              |
| Functional              | Deferred and/or seasonal Testing   | L                 | А      | 0      | Р      | Р               |              |
| Test Protocols          |  |                   |        |        |        |                 |              |
| Technical<br>Activities | Issues Resolution Meetings   | L                 | S      | 0      | 0      | Р               |              |
|                         | Post-Occupancy Warranty Checkup and<br>review of Significant Outstanding<br>Issues | L                 | A      |        | R      | Р               |              |
| Reports and             | Final Commissioning Report Amendment   | L                 | A      |        | R      | R               |              |
| Logs                    | L  | A                 |        | R      | R      |                 |              |
|                         |  |                   |        |        |        |                 |              |

#### 3.2 STARTUP, INITIAL CHECKOUT, AND PRE-FUNCTIONAL CHECKLISTS

- A. The following procedures shall apply to all equipment and systems to be commissioned, according to Part 1, Systems to Be Commissioned.
  - Pre-Functional Checklists are important to ensure that the equipment and systems are hooked up and operational. These ensure that Systems Functional Performance Testing may proceed without unnecessary delays. Each system to be commissioned shall have a full Pre-Functional Checklist completed by the Contractor prior to Systems Functional Performance Testing. No sampling strategies are used.
    - a. The Pre-Functional Checklist will identify the trades responsible for completing the checklist. The Contractor shall ensure the appropriate trades complete the checklists.
    - b. The Commissioning Agent will review completed Pre-Functional Checklists and field-verify the accuracy of the completed checklist using sampling techniques.
  - 2. Startup and Initial Checkout Plan: The Contractor shall develop detailed startup plans for all equipment. The primary role of the Contractor in this process is to ensure that there is written documentation that each of the manufacturer recommended procedures have been completed. Parties responsible for startup shall be identified in the Startup Plan and in the checklist forms.
    - a. The Contractor shall develop the full startup plan by combining (or adding to) the checklists with the manufacturer's detailed startup and checkout procedures from the O&M manual data and the field checkout sheets normally used by the Contractor. The plan shall include checklists and procedures with specific boxes or lines for recording and documenting the checking and inspections of each procedure and a summary statement with a signature block at the end of the plan.
    - b. The full startup plan shall at a minimum consist of the following items:
      - 1) The Pre-Functional Checklists.
      - 2) The manufacturer's standard written startup procedures copied from the installation manuals with check boxes by each procedure and a signature block added by hand at the end.
      - 3) The manufacturer's normally used field checkout sheets.

- c. The Commissioning Agent will submit the full startup plan to the VA and Contractor for review. Final approval will be by the VA.
- d. The Contractor shall review and evaluate the procedures and the format for documenting them, noting any procedures that need to be revised or added.
- 3. Sensor and Actuator Calibration
  - a. All field installed temperature, relative humidity, CO2 and pressure sensors and gages, and all actuators (dampers and valves) on all equipment shall be calibrated using the methods described in Division 21, Division 22, Division 23, Division 26, Division 27, and Division 28 specifications.
  - b. All procedures used shall be fully documented on the Pre-Functional Checklists or other suitable forms, clearly referencing the procedures followed and written documentation of initial, intermediate and final results.
- 4. Execution of Equipment Startup
  - a. Four weeks prior to equipment startup, the Contractor shall schedule startup and checkout with the VA and Commissioning Agent. The performance of the startup and checkout shall be directed and executed by the Contractor.
  - b. The Commissioning Agent will observe the startup procedures for selected pieces of primary equipment.
  - c. The Contractor shall execute startup and provide the VA and Commissioning Agent with a signed and dated copy of the completed startup checklists, and contractor tests.
  - d. Only individuals that have direct knowledge and witnessed that a line item task on the Startup Checklist was actually performed shall initial or check that item off. It is not acceptable for witnessing supervisors to fill out these forms.

#### 3.3 DEFICIENCIES, NONCONFORMANCE, AND APPROVAL IN CHECKLISTS AND STARTUP

A. The Contractor shall clearly list any outstanding items of the initial startup and Pre-Functional Checklist procedures that were not completed successfully, at the bottom of the procedures form or on an attached sheet. The procedures form and any outstanding deficiencies shall be provided to the VA and the Commissioning Agent within two days of completion.

- B. The Commissioning Agent will review the report and submit comments to the VA. The Commissioning Agent will work with the Contractor to correct and verify deficiencies or uncompleted items. The Commissioning Agent will involve the VA and others as necessary. The Contractor shall correct all areas that are noncompliant or incomplete in the checklists in a timely manner, and shall notify the VA and Commissioning Agent as soon as outstanding items have been corrected. The Contractor shall submit an updated startup report and a Statement of Correction on the original noncompliance report. When satisfactorily completed, the Commissioning Agent will recommend approval of the checklists and startup of each system to the VA.
- C. The Contractor shall be responsible for resolution of deficiencies as directed the VA.

#### 3.4 PHASED COMMISSIONING

A. The project may require startup and initial checkout to be executed in phases. This phasing shall be planned and scheduled in a coordination meeting of the VA, Commissioning Agent, and the Contractor. Results will be added to the master construction schedule and the commissioning schedule.

#### 3.5 DDC SYSTEM TRENDING FOR COMMISSIONING

- A. Trending is a method of testing as a standalone method or to augment manual testing. The Contractor shall trend any and all points of the system or systems at intervals specified below.
- B. Alarms are a means to notify the system operator that abnormal conditions are present in the system. Alarms shall be structured into three tiers - Critical, Priority, and Maintenance.
  - Critical alarms are intended to be alarms that require the immediate attention of and action by the Operator. These alarms shall be displayed on the Operator Workstation in a popup style window that is graphically linked to the associated unit's graphical display. The popup style window shall be displayed on top of any active window within the screen, including non DDC system software.
  - 2. Priority level alarms are to be printed to a printer which is connected to the Operator's Work Station located within the engineer's office. Additionally Priority level alarms shall be able to be monitored and viewed through an active alarm application. Priority level alarms are alarms which shall require reaction from

the operator or maintenance personnel within a normal work shift, and not immediate action.

- 3. Maintenance alarms are intended to be minor issues which would require examination by maintenance personnel within the following shift. These alarms shall be generated in a scheduled report automatically by the DDC system at the start of each shift. The generated maintenance report will be printed to a printer located within the engineer's office.
- C. The Contractor shall provide a wireless internet network in the building for use during controls programming, checkout, and commissioning. This network will allow project team members to more effectively program, view, manipulate and test control devices while being in the same room as the controlled device.
- D. The Contractor shall provide graphical trending through the DDC control system of systems being commissioned. Trending requirements are indicated below and included with the Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures. Trending shall occur before, during and after Systems Functional Performance Testing. The Contractor shall be responsible for producing graphical representations of the trended DDC points that show each system operating properly during steady state conditions as well as during the System Functional Testing. These graphical reports shall be submitted to the Resident Engineer and Commissioning Agent for review and analysis before, during dynamic operation, and after Systems Functional Performance Testing. The Contractor shall provide, but not limited to, the following trend requirements and trend submissions:
  - 1. Pre-testing, Testing, and Post-testing Trend reports of trend logs and graphical trend plots are required as defined by the Commissioning Agent. The trend log points, sampling rate, graphical plot configuration, and duration will be dictated by the Commissioning Agent. At any time during the Commissioning Process the Commissioning Agent may recommend changes to aspects of trending as deemed necessary for proper system analysis. The Contractor shall implement any changes as directed by the Resident Engineer. Any pretest trend analysis comments generated by the Commissioning Team should be addressed and resolved by the Contractor, as directed by the Resident Engineer, prior to the execution of Systems Functional Performance Testing.

- 2. Dynamic plotting The Contractor shall also provide dynamic plotting during Systems Functional Performance testing at frequent intervals for points determined by the Systems Functional Performance Test Procedure. The graphical plots will be formatted and plotted at durations listed in the Systems Functional Performance Test Procedure.
- 3. Graphical plotting The graphical plots shall be provided with a dual y-axis allowing 15 or more trend points (series) plotted simultaneously on the graph with each series in distinct color. The plots will further require title, axis naming, legend etc. all described by the Systems Functional Performance Test Procedure. If this cannot be sufficiently accomplished directly in the Direct Digital Control System then it is the responsibility of the Contractor to plot these trend logs in Microsoft Excel.
- 4. The following tables indicate the points to be trended and alarmed by system. The Operational Trend Duration column indicates the trend duration for normal operations. The Testing Trend Duration column indicates the trend duration prior to Systems Functional Performance Testing and again after Systems Functional Performance Testing. The Type column indicates point type: AI = Analog Input, AO = Analog Output, DI = Digital Input, DO = Digital Output, Calc = Calculated Point. In the Trend Interval Column, COV = Change of Value. The Alarm Type indicates the alarm priority; C = Critical, P = Priority, and M = Maintenance. The Alarm Range column indicates when the point is considered in the alarm state. The Alarm Delay column indicates the length of time the point must remain in an alarm state before the alarm is recorded in the DDC. The intent is to allow minor, short-duration events to be corrected by the DDC system prior to recording an alarm.

| Dual-Path Air Handling Unit Trending and Alarms |      |                   |                                   |                              |               |                |                |  |  |  |  |
|---|------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Point   | Туре | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>l Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range | Alarm<br>Delay |  |  |  |  |
| OA<br>Temperature                               | AI   | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |  |  |  |  |
| RA<br>Temperature                               | AI   | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |  |  |  |  |

| Dual-Path Air                | Handlin | g Unit Tren       | ding and Ala                      | rms                          |               |                         |                |
|------------------------------|---------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Point                        | Туре    | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>l Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range          | Alarm<br>Delay |
| RA Humidity                  | AI      | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | >60% RH                 | 10<br>min      |
| Mixed Air<br>Temp            | AI      | None              | None                              | None                         | N/A           |                         |                |
| SA Temp                      | AI      | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | ±5°F<br>from SP         | 10<br>min      |
| Supply Fan<br>Speed          | AI      | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Return Fan<br>Speed          | AI      | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| RA Pre-Filter<br>Status      | AI      | None              | None                              | None                         | N/A           |                         |                |
| OA Pre-Filter<br>Status      | AI      | None              | None                              | None                         | N/A           |                         |                |
| After Filter<br>Status       | AI      | None              | None                              | None                         | N/A           |                         |                |
| SA Flow                      | AI      | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | ±10%<br>from SP         | 10<br>min      |
| OA Supply<br>Temp            | AI      | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | ±5°F<br>from SP         | 10<br>min      |
| RA Supply<br>Temp            | AI      | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| RA CHW Valve<br>Position     | AI      | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| OA CHW Valve<br>Position     | AI      | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| OA HW Valve<br>Position      | AI      | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| OA Flow                      | AI      | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | P             | ±10%<br>from SP         | 5 min          |
| RA Flow                      | AI      | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | ±10%<br>from SP         | 5 min          |
| Initial UVC<br>Intensity (%) | AI      | None              | None                              | None                         | N/A           |                         |                |
| Duct Pressure                | AI      | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | ±25%<br>from SP         | 6 min          |
| CO2 Level                    | AI      | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | ±10%<br>from SP         | 10<br>min      |
| Supply Fan<br>Status         | DI      | COV               | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | Status<br><><br>Command | 10<br>min      |
| Return Fan<br>Status         | DI      | COV               | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | Status<br><><br>Command | 10<br>Min      |
| High Static<br>Status        | DI      | COV               | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | True                    | 1 min          |

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| Dual-Path Air               | Handlin | g Unit Tren       | ding and Ala                      | rms                          |               |                         |                |
|-----------------------------|---------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Point                       | Туре    | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>l Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range          | Alarm<br>Delay |
| Fire Alarm<br>Status        | DI      | COV               | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | True                    | 5 min          |
| Freeze Stat<br>Level 1      | DI      | COV               | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | True                    | 10<br>min      |
| Freeze Stat<br>Level 2      | DI      | COV               | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | True                    | 5 min          |
| Freeze Stat<br>Level 3      | DI      | COV               | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | True                    | 1 min          |
| Fire/Smoke<br>Damper Status | DI      | COV               | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | Closed                  | 1 min          |
| Emergency AHU<br>Shutdown   | DI      | COV               | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | True                    | 1 min          |
| Exhaust Fan<br>#1 Status    | DI      | COV               | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | Status<br><><br>Command | 10<br>min      |
| Exhaust Fan<br>#2 Status    | DI      | COV               | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | Status<br><><br>Command | 10<br>min      |
| Exhaust Fan<br>#3 Status    | DI      | COV               | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | Status<br><><br>Command | 10<br>min      |
| OA Alarm                    | DI      | COV               | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | True                    | 10<br>min      |
| High Static<br>Alarm        | DI      | COV               | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | True                    | 10<br>min      |
| UVC Emitter<br>Alarm        | DI      | COV               | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | True                    | 10<br>min      |
| CO2 Alarm                   | DI      | COV               | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | True                    | 10<br>min      |
| Power Failure               | DI      | COV               | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | True                    | 1 min          |
| Supply Fan<br>Speed         | AO      | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Return Fan<br>Speed         | AO      | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| RA CHW Valve<br>Position    | AO      | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| OA CHW Valve<br>Position    | AO      | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| OA HW Valve<br>Position     | AO      | 15 Min            | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Supply Fan<br>S/S           | DO      | COV               | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Return Fan<br>S/S           | DO      | COV               | 24 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |

| Dual-Path Air Handling Unit Trending and Alarms |  |  |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Туре  | Trend<br>Interval  | Operationa<br>l Trend<br>Duration              | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration  | Alarm<br>Type   | Alarm<br>Range  | Alarm<br>Delay   |  |  |  |  |  |
| DO  | COV  | 24 hours                                       | 3 days  | N/A   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DO  | COV  | 24 hours                                       | 3 days  | N/A   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DO  | COV  | 24 hours                                       | 3 days  | N/A   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DO  | COV  | 24 hours                                       | 3 days  | N/A   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calc  | 1 Hour   | 30 day   | N/A   | N/A   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Type           DO           DO           DO           DO           DO           DO | TypeTrend<br>IntervalDOCOVDOCOVDOCOVDOCOVDOCOV | TypeTrend<br>IntervalOperationa<br>l<br>Trend<br>DurationD0COV24 hoursD0COV24 hoursD0COV24 hoursD0COV24 hoursD0COV24 hoursD0COV24 hours | TypeTrend<br>IntervalOperationa<br>I Trend<br>DurationTesting<br>Trend<br>DurationD0COV24 hours3 daysD0COV24 hours3 daysD0COV24 hours3 daysD0COV24 hours3 daysD0COV24 hours3 daysD0COV24 hours3 daysD0COV24 hours3 days | TypeTrend<br>IntervalOperationa<br>I Trend<br>DurationTesting<br>Trend<br>DurationAlarm<br>TypeD0COV24 hours3 daysN/AD0COV24 hours3 daysN/AD0COV24 hours3 daysN/AD0COV24 hours3 daysN/AD0COV24 hours3 daysN/AD0COV24 hours3 daysN/AD0COV24 hours3 daysN/A | TypeTrend<br>IntervalOperationa<br>I Trend<br>DurationTesting<br>Trend<br>DurationAlarm<br>RangeD0COV24 hours3 daysN/AD0COV24 hours3 daysN/AD0COV24 hours3 daysN/AD0COV24 hours3 daysN/AD0COV24 hours3 daysN/AD0COV24 hours3 daysN/AD0COV24 hours3 daysN/A |  |  |  |  |  |

| Terminal Unit                     | (VAV, C | AV, etc.) T       | rending and                       | Alarms                       |               |                  |                |
|-----------------------------------|---------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|------------------|----------------|
| Point                             | Туре    | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>1 Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range   | Alarm<br>Delay |
| Space<br>Temperature              | AI      | 15 Min            | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | ±5°F<br>from SP  | 10<br>min      |
| Air Flow                          | AI      | 15 Min            | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | ±5°F<br>from SP  | 10<br>min      |
| SA<br>Temperature                 | AI      | 15 Min            | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | ±5°F<br>from SP  | 10<br>min      |
| Local<br>Setpoint                 | AI      | 15 Min            | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | М             | ±10°F<br>from SP | 60<br>min      |
| Space<br>Humidity                 | AI      | 15 Min            | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | > 60%<br>RH      | 5 min          |
|                                   |         |                   |                                   |                              |               |                  |                |
| Unoccupied<br>Override            | DI      | COV               | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | М             | N/A              | 12<br>Hours    |
| Refrigerator<br>Alarm             | DI      | COV               | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | N/A              | 10<br>min      |
|                                   |         |                   |                                   |                              |               |                  |                |
| Damper<br>Position                | AO      | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                  |                |
| Heating coil<br>Valve<br>Position | AO      | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                  |                |

| 4-Pipe Fan Coi                    | l Trend | ing and Ala       | rms                               |                              |               |                         |                |
|-----------------------------------|---------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Point                             | Туре    | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>1 Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range          | Alarm<br>Delay |
| Space<br>Temperature              | AI      | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | ±5°F<br>from SP         | 10<br>min      |
| SA<br>Temperature                 | AI      | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | ±5°F<br>from SP         | 10<br>min      |
| Pre-Filter<br>Status              | AI      | None              | None                              | None                         | М             | > SP                    | 1<br>hour      |
|                                   |         |                   |                                   |                              |               |                         |                |
| Water Sensor                      | DI      | COV               | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | М             | N/A                     | 30<br>Min      |
|                                   |         |                   |                                   |                              |               |                         |                |
| Cooling Coil<br>Valve<br>Position | AO      | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Heating coil<br>Valve<br>Position | AO      | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Fan Coil<br>ON/OFF                | DO      | COV               | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | М             | Status<br><><br>Command | 30<br>min      |

| 2-Pipe Fan Coi                    | 2-Pipe Fan Coil Unit Trending and Alarms |                   |                                   |                              |               |                 |                |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Point                             | Туре                                     | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>l Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range  | Alarm<br>Delay |  |  |  |  |
| Space<br>Temperature              | AI                                       | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | ±5°F<br>from SP | 10<br>min      |  |  |  |  |
| SA<br>Temperature                 | AI                                       | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | ±5°F<br>from SP | 10<br>min      |  |  |  |  |
| Pre-Filter<br>Status              | AI                                       | None              | None                              | None                         | М             | > SP            | 1<br>hour      |  |  |  |  |
|                                   |  |                   |                                   |                              |               |                 |                |  |  |  |  |
| Water Sensor                      | DI                                       | COV               | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | М             | N/A             | 30<br>Min      |  |  |  |  |
|                                   |  |                   |                                   |                              |               |                 |                |  |  |  |  |
| Cooling Coil<br>Valve<br>Position | AO                                       | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                 |                |  |  |  |  |

| 2-Pipe Fan Coil Unit Trending and Alarms |      |                   |                                   |                              |               |                         |                |  |  |  |
|--|------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Point                                    | Туре | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>l Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range          | Alarm<br>Delay |  |  |  |
| Fan Coil<br>ON/OFF                       | DO   | COV               | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | М             | Status<br><><br>Command | 30<br>min      |  |  |  |

| Unit Heater Trending and Alarms |      |                   |                                   |                              |               |                         |                |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Point                           | Туре | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>l Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range          | Alarm<br>Delay |  |  |  |
| Space<br>Temperature            | AI   | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | ±5°F<br>from SP         | 10<br>min      |  |  |  |
|                                 |      |                   |                                   |                              |               |                         |                |  |  |  |
| Heating Valve<br>Position       | AO   | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |  |
|                                 |      |                   |                                   |                              |               |                         |                |  |  |  |
| Unit Heater<br>ON/OFF           | DO   | COV               | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | М             | Status<br><><br>Command | 30<br>min      |  |  |  |

| Steam and Conde                 | ensate | Pumps Trend       | ing and Alar                      | ms                           |               |                |                |
|---------------------------------|--------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| Point                           | Туре   | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>l Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range | Alarm<br>Delay |
| Steam Flow<br>(LB/HR)           | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
| Condensate<br>Pump Run<br>Hours | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
| Water Meter<br>(GPM)            | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
| Electric<br>Meter (KW/H)        | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
| Irrigation<br>Meter (GPM)       | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
| Chilled Water<br>Flow (TONS)    | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
| Condensate<br>Flow (GPM)        | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
|                                 |        |                   |                                   |                              |               |                |                |
| High Water<br>Level Alarm       | DI     | COV               | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | True           | 5 Min          |

| Steam and Condensate Pumps Trending and Alarms  |    |     |          |        |   |                         |           |  |  |
|---|----|-----|----------|--------|---|-------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| Point Type Trend Interval Operationa Testing Trend Interval Duration Duration Duration Alarm Type Alarm Range Alarm |    |     |          |        |   |                         |           |  |  |
|   |    |     |          |        |   |                         |           |  |  |
| Condensate<br>Pump<br>Start/Stop  | DO | COV | 12 hours | 3 days | Р | Status<br><><br>Command | 10<br>min |  |  |

| Domestic Hot Wa                     | ater Tr | ending and        | Alarms                            |                              |               |                         |                |
|-------------------------------------|---------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Point                               | Туре    | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>1 Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range          | Alarm<br>Delay |
| Domestic HW<br>Setpoint WH-1        | AI      | 15 Minute         | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Domestic HW<br>Setpoint WH-2        | AI      | 15 Minute         | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Domestic HW<br>Temperature          | AI      | 15 Minute         | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | > 135<br>oF             | 10<br>Min      |
| Domestic HW<br>Temperature          | AI      | 15 Minute         | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | ±5°F<br>from SP         | 10<br>Min      |
|                                     |         |                   |                                   |                              |               |                         |                |
| Dom. Circ.<br>Pump #1<br>Status     | DI      | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | М             | Status<br><><br>Command | 30<br>min      |
| Dom. Circ.<br>Pump #2<br>Status     | DI      | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | М             | Status<br><><br>Command | 30<br>min      |
|                                     |         |                   |                                   |                              |               |                         |                |
| Dom. Circ.<br>Pump #1<br>Start/Stop | DO      | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Dom. Circ.<br>Pump #2<br>Start/Stop | DO      | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Domestic HW<br>Start/Stop           | DO      | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |

| Hydronic Hot Water Trending and Alarms  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| PointTypeTrend<br>IntervalOperationa<br>1 Trend<br>DurationTesting<br>Trend<br>DurationAlarm<br>Alarm<br>TypeAlarm<br>RangeAlar<br>Del<br>Del |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| System HWS<br>TemperatureAI15 min12 hours3 daysC±5°F<br>from SP10<br>Min  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Hydronic Hot W                                       | ater Tr | ending and        | Alarms                            |                              |               |                         |                |
|--|---------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Point  | Туре    | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>l Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range          | Alarm<br>Delay |
| System HWR<br>Temperature                            | AI      | 15 min            | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | М             | ±15°F<br>from SP        | 300<br>Min     |
| HX-1 Entering<br>Temperature                         | AI      | 15 min            | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | ±5°F<br>from SP         | 10<br>Min      |
| HX-2 Entering<br>Temperature                         | AI      | 15 min            | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | ±5°F<br>from SP         | 10<br>Min      |
| HX-2 Leaving<br>Temperature                          | AI      | 15 min            | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | ±5°F<br>from SP         | 10<br>Min      |
| System Flow<br>(GPM)                                 | AI      | 15 min            | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| System<br>Differential<br>Pressure                   | AI      | 15 min            | 12 hours                          | 3 days                       | P             | ±10%<br>from SP         | 8 Min          |
|  |         |                   |                                   | 3 days                       |               |                         |                |
| HW Pump 1<br>Status                                  | DI      | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | Status<br><><br>Command | 30<br>min      |
| HW Pump 2<br>Status                                  | DI      | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | Status<br><><br>Command | 30<br>min      |
| HW Pump 1 VFD<br>Speed                               | AO      | 15 Min            | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| HW Pump 2 VFD<br>Speed                               | AO      | 15 Min            | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Steam Station<br>#1 1/3<br>Control Valve<br>Position | AO      | 15 Min            | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Steam Station<br>#1 2/3<br>Control Valve<br>Position | AO      | 15 Min            | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Steam Station<br>#2 1/3<br>Control Valve<br>Position | AO      | 15 Min            | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Steam Station<br>#2 2/3<br>Control Valve<br>Position | AO      | 15 Min            | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Steam Station<br>Bypass Valve<br>Position            | AO      | 15 Min            | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
|  |         |                   |                                   |                              |               |                         |                |

| Hydronic Hot Water Trending and Alarms |      |                   |                                   |                              |               |                |                |  |  |  |
|--|------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Point                                  | Туре | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>l Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range | Alarm<br>Delay |  |  |  |
| HW Pump 1<br>Start/Stop                | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |  |  |  |
| HW Pump 2<br>Start/Stop                | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |  |  |  |
| HWR #1 Valve                           | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |  |  |  |
| HWR #2 Valve                           | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |  |  |  |

| Chilled Water                        | System | Trending an       | d Alarms                          |                              |               |                 |                |
|--------------------------------------|--------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Point                                | Туре   | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>1 Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range  | Alarm<br>Delay |
| Chiller 1<br>Entering<br>Temperature | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                 |                |
| Chiller 1<br>Leaving<br>Temperature  | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Ρ             | ±5°F<br>from SP | 10<br>Min      |
| Chiller 1<br>Flow                    | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                 |                |
| Chiller 1<br>Percent Load            | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                 |                |
| Chiller 1 KW<br>Consumption          | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                 |                |
| Chiller 1<br>Tonnage                 | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                 |                |
| Chiller 2<br>Entering<br>Temperature | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                 |                |
| Chiller 2<br>Leaving<br>Temperature  | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | ±5°F<br>from SP | 10<br>Min      |
| Chiller 2<br>Flow                    | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                 |                |
| Chiller 2<br>Percent Load            | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                 |                |
| Chiller 2 KW<br>Consumption          | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                 |                |
| Chiller 2<br>Tonnage                 | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                 |                |
| Primary Loop<br>Decoupler<br>Flow    | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                 |                |
| Primary Loop<br>Flow                 | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                 |                |

| Chilled Water                                 | System | Trending an       | d Alarms                          |                              |               |                         |                |
|---|--------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Point   | Туре   | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>1 Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range          | Alarm<br>Delay |
| Primary Loop<br>Supply<br>Temperature         | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Secondary<br>Loop<br>Differential<br>Pressure | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | P             | ±5%<br>from SP          | 10<br>Min      |
| Secondary<br>Loop Flow                        | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Secondary<br>Loop Supply<br>Temperature       | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Secondary<br>Loop Return<br>Temperature       | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Secondary<br>Loop Tonnage                     | AI     | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Primary Loop<br>Pump 1 Status                 | DI     | cov               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | Status<br><><br>Command | 30<br>min      |
| Primary Loop<br>Pump 2 Status                 | DI     | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | Status<br><><br>Command | 30<br>min      |
| Secondary<br>Loop Pump 1<br>Status            | DI     | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | Status<br><><br>Command | 30<br>min      |
| Secondary<br>Loop Pump 2<br>Status            | DI     | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | Status<br><><br>Command | 30<br>min      |
| Chiller 1<br>Status                           | DI     | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | Status<br><><br>Command | 30<br>min      |
| Chiller 1<br>Evaporator<br>Iso-Valve          | DI     | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Chiller 1<br>Evaporator<br>Flow Switch        | DI     | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Chiller 1<br>Unit Alarm                       | DI     | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | True                    | 10<br>Min      |
| Chiller 2<br>Status                           | DI     | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | Status<br><><br>Command | 30<br>min      |
| Chiller 2<br>Evaporator<br>Iso-Valve          | DI     | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |

### 10-01-15

| Chilled Water System Trending and Alarms |      |                   |                                   |                              |               |                         |                |  |  |
|--|------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Point                                    | Туре | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>l Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range          | Alarm<br>Delay |  |  |
| Chiller 2<br>Evaporator<br>Flow Switch   | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Chiller 2<br>Unit Alarm                  | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | True                    | 10<br>Min      |  |  |
| Refrigerant<br>Detector                  | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | True                    | 10<br>Min      |  |  |
| Refrigerant<br>Exhaust Fan<br>Status     | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | М             | Status<br><><br>Command | 30<br>min      |  |  |
| Emergency<br>Shutdown                    | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | True                    | 1 Min          |  |  |
|  |      |                   |                                   |                              |               |                         |                |  |  |
| Primary Loop<br>Pump 1 VFD<br>Speed      | AO   | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Primary Loop<br>Pump 2 VFD<br>Speed      | AO   | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Secondary<br>Loop Pump 1<br>VFD Speed    | AO   | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Secondary<br>Loop Pump 2<br>VFD Speed    | AO   | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
|  |      |                   |                                   |                              |               |                         |                |  |  |
| Primary Pump<br>1 Start /<br>Stop        | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Primary Pump<br>2 Start /<br>Stop        | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Secondary<br>Pump 1 Start<br>/ Stop      | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Secondary<br>Pump 2 Start<br>/ Stop      | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Chiller 1<br>Enable                      | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Chiller 1<br>Iso-Valve<br>Command        | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Chiller 2<br>Enable                      | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |

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| Chilled Water System Trending and Alarms   |      |                   |                                   |                              |               |                |                |  |  |
|--|------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|
| Point                                      | Туре | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>l Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range | Alarm<br>Delay |  |  |
| Chiller 2<br>Iso-Valve<br>Command          | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |  |  |
| Refrigerant<br>Exhaust Fan<br>Start / Stop | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |  |  |

| Syste | m Trending  | and Alarms  | Condenser Water System Trending and Alarms  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Туре  | Trend<br>Interval   | Operationa<br>l Trend<br>Duration   | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration  | Alarm<br>Type  | Alarm<br>Range   | Alarm<br>Delay  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AI    | 15<br>Minutes   | 12 Hours  | 3 days  | N/A  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| AI    | 15<br>Minutes   | 12 Hours  | 3 days  | N/A  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| AI    | 15<br>Minutes   | 12 Hours  | 3 days  | N/A  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| AI    | 15<br>Minutes   | 12 Hours  | 3 days  | N/A  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| AI    | 15<br>Minutes   | 12 Hours  | 3 days  | N/A  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| AI    | 15<br>Minutes   | 12 Hours  | 3 days  | N/A  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| AI    | 15<br>Minutes   | 12 Hours  | 3 days  | Р  | < 45 of  | 10<br>Min   |  |  |  |  |  |
| AI    | 15<br>Minutes   | 12 Hours  | 3 days  | N/A  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| AI    | 15<br>Minutes   | 12 Hours  | 3 days  | N/A  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| AI    | 15<br>Minutes   | 12 Hours  | 3 days  | Р  | < 45 of  | 10<br>Min   |  |  |  |  |  |
| AI    | 15<br>Minutes   | 12 Hours  | 3 days  | N/A  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| AI    | 15<br>Minutes   | 12 Hours  | 3 days  | N/A  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| AI    | 15<br>Minutes   | 12 Hours  | 3 days  | N/A  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | Type       AI       AI | TypeTrend<br>IntervalAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>MinutesAI15<br>Minutes | TypeTrend<br>IntervalOperationa<br>I Trend<br>DurationAI15<br>Minutes12 HoursAI15<br>Minutes12 Hours | TypeTrend<br>IntervalOperationa<br>I Trend<br>DurationTesting<br>Trend<br>DurationAI15<br>Minutes12 Hours3 daysAI15<br>Minutes12 Hours3 daysAI15<br>Minut | TypeTrend<br>IntervalOperationa<br>ITrend<br>DurationTesting<br>Trend<br>DurationAlarm<br>TypeAI15<br>Minutes12 Hours3 daysN/AAI15<br>Minutes12 Hours3 daysN/A | TypeTrend<br>IntervalOperationa<br>ITrend<br>DurationTesting<br>Trend<br>DurationAlarm<br>TypeAlarm<br>RangeAI15<br>Minutes12 Hours3 daysN/A-AI15<br>Minutes12 Hours3 daysN/A-AI <t< td=""></t<> |  |  |  |  |  |

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| Condenser Wate                           | Condenser Water System Trending and Alarms |                   |                                   |                              |               |                         |                |  |  |  |
|--|--|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Point                                    | Туре                                       | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>1 Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range          | Alarm<br>Delay |  |  |  |
| Cooling Tower<br>1 Fan Status            | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | Status<br><><br>Command | 1 min          |  |  |  |
| Cooling Tower<br>1 Basin Heat            | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |  |
| Cooling Tower<br>1 Heat Trace            | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |  |
| Cooling Tower<br>2 Fan Status            | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | P             | Status<br><><br>Command | 1 min          |  |  |  |
| Cooling Tower<br>2 Basin Heat            | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |  |
| Cooling Tower<br>2 Heat Trace            | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |  |
| Chiller 1<br>Isolation<br>Valve          | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | Status<br><><br>Command | 1 min          |  |  |  |
| Chiller 2<br>Isolation<br>Valve          | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | Status<br><><br>Command | 1 min          |  |  |  |
| Condenser<br>Water Pump 1<br>Status      | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | Status<br><><br>Command | 1 min          |  |  |  |
| Condenser<br>Water Pump 2<br>Status      | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | Status<br><><br>Command | 1 min          |  |  |  |
|  |  |                   |                                   |                              |               |                         |                |  |  |  |
| Chiller 1<br>Condenser<br>Bypass Valve   | AO   | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |  |
| Chiller 2<br>Condenser By-<br>Pass Valve | AO   | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |  |
| Cooling Tower<br>1 Bypass<br>Valve       | AO   | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |  |
| Cooling Tower<br>1 Fan Speed             | AO   | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |  |
| Cooling Tower<br>2 Bypass<br>Valve       | AO   | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |  |
| Cooling Tower<br>2 Fan Speed             | AO   | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |  |
| Caaling Trees                            |  |                   |                                   |                              |               |                         |                |  |  |  |
| Cooling Tower<br>1 Fan Start /<br>Stop   | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |  |

| Condenser Water System Trending and Alarms |      |                   |                                   |                              |               |                |                |  |  |
|--|------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|
| Point                                      | Туре | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>l Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range | Alarm<br>Delay |  |  |
| Cooling Tower<br>2 Fan Start /<br>Stop     | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |  |  |
| Condenser<br>Water Pump 1<br>Start / Stop  | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |  |  |
| Condenser<br>Water Pump 2<br>Start / Stop  | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |  |  |

| Steam Boiler System Trending and Alarms |      |                   |                                   |                              |               |                         |                |  |  |
|---|------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Point                                   | Туре | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>1 Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range          | Alarm<br>Delay |  |  |
| Boiler 1<br>Steam<br>Pressure           | AI   | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | ±5%<br>from SP          | 10<br>Min      |  |  |
| Boiler 1<br>Steam<br>Temperature        | AI   | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Boiler 1 Fire<br>Signal                 | AI   | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Boiler 2<br>Steam<br>Pressure           | AI   | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | P             | ±5%<br>from SP          | 10<br>Min      |  |  |
| Boiler 2<br>Steam<br>Temperature        | AI   | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Boiler 2 Fire<br>Signal                 | AI   | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| System Steam<br>Pressure                | AI   | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | ±5%<br>from SP          | 10<br>Min      |  |  |
| Boiler 1<br>Enable                      | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Boiler 1<br>Status                      | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | Status<br><><br>Command | 10<br>min      |  |  |
| Boiler 1<br>Alarm                       | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | True                    | 1 Min          |  |  |
| Boiler 1 on<br>Fuel Oil                 | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Boiler 1 Low<br>Water Alarm             | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | True                    | 5 Min          |  |  |

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| Steam Boiler System Trending and Alarms     |      |                   |                                   |                              |               |                         |                |  |  |
|---|------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Point                                       | Туре | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>1 Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range          | Alarm<br>Delay |  |  |
| Boiler 1 High<br>Water Alarm                | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | True                    | 5 Min          |  |  |
| Boiler 1 Feed<br>Pump                       | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Boiler 2<br>Enable                          | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Boiler 2<br>Status                          | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | P             | Status<br><><br>Command | 10<br>min      |  |  |
| Boiler 2<br>Alarm                           | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | True                    | 1 Min          |  |  |
| Boiler 2 on<br>Fuel Oil                     | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Boiler 2 Low<br>Water Alarm                 | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | True                    | 5 Min          |  |  |
| Boiler 2 High<br>Water Alarm                | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | True                    | 5 Min          |  |  |
| Boiler 2 Feed<br>Pump                       | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Combustion<br>Damper Status                 | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | Status<br><><br>Command | 5 min          |  |  |
| Condensate<br>Recovery Pump<br>Status       | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | P             | Status<br><><br>Command | 5 min          |  |  |
| Boiler 1 Feed<br>Pump Start /<br>Stop       | DO   | cov               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Boiler 2<br>Start / Stop                    | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Combustion<br>Damper<br>Command             | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |
| Condensate<br>Recovery Pump<br>Start / Stop | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |  |  |

| Hot Water Boiler System Trending and Alarms |          |                   |                                   |                              |               |                |                |
|---|----------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| Point                                       | Туре     | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>l Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range | Alarm<br>Delay |
| Outside Air                                 | AI       | 15                | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
| Temperature                                 |          | Minutes           | 12 110415                         | 5 ddy5                       | 14/ 21        |                |                |
| Boiler 1 Fire                               | AI       | 15                | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
| Signal                                      |          | Minutes           |                                   | -                            |               |                |                |
| Boiler 1<br>Entering                        |          | 15                |                                   |                              |               |                |                |
| Water                                       | AI       | Minutes           | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
| Temperature                                 |          | Minuces           |                                   |                              |               |                |                |
| Boiler 1                                    |          |                   |                                   |                              |               |                |                |
| Leaving Water                               | AI       | 15                | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
| Temperature                                 |          | Minutes           |                                   |                              |               |                |                |
| Boiler 2 Fire                               | <b>_</b> | 15                | 10                                | 2.2                          | NT / 7        |                | 1              |
| Signal                                      | AI       | Minutes           | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
| Boiler 2                                    | 1        | 1                 |                                   |                              |               |                |                |
| Entering                                    | AI       | 15                | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
| Water                                       | AI       | Minutes           | IZ HOUIS                          | 5 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
| Temperature                                 |          |                   |                                   |                              |               |                |                |
| Boiler 2                                    |          | 15                |                                   |                              |               |                |                |
| Leaving Water                               | AI       | Minutes           | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
| Temperature                                 |          | minaceo           |                                   |                              |               |                |                |
| Hot Water                                   |          | 15                | 10.00                             | <u> </u>                     | _             | ±5 oF          | 10             |
| Supply                                      | AI       | Minutes           | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | from SP        | Min            |
| Temperature                                 | -        |                   |                                   |                              | -             |                |                |
| Hot Water<br>Return                         | AI       | 15                | 12 Hours                          | 2 davia                      | N/A           |                |                |
| Temperature                                 | AL       | Minutes           | 12 HOULS                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
| Secondary                                   |          |                   |                                   |                              |               |                |                |
| Loop<br>Differential<br>Pressure            | AI       | 15<br>Minutes     | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | ±5%<br>from SP | 10<br>Min      |
| Lead Boiler                                 | AI       | 15                | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
|   |          | Minutes           |                                   |                              |               |                |                |
| Boiler 1                                    |          |                   |                                   |                              |               |                |                |
| Enable                                      | DI       | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
| Boiler 1<br>Status                          | DI       | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | Status<br><>   | 10<br>min      |
|   |          |                   |                                   |                              |               | Command        |                |
| Boiler 1                                    | DT       |                   | 10 114                            |                              | NT / 7        |                |                |
| Isolation                                   | DI       | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
| Valve                                       |          | +                 |                                   |                              |               |                |                |
| Boiler 1 on<br>Fuel Oil                     | DI       | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
| Boiler 1                                    |          |                   |                                   |                              |               | <u> </u> _     |                |
| Alarm                                       | DI       | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | True           | 1 Min          |
| Boiler 2                                    | 5-       |                   | 10 11                             | 2.1                          | 27./-         |                | 1              |
| Enable                                      | DI       | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |

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| Hot Water Boiler System Trending and Alarms |      |                   |                                   |                              |               |                         |                |
|---|------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Point                                       | Туре | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>l Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range          | Alarm<br>Delay |
| Boiler 2<br>Status                          | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | Status<br><><br>Command | 10<br>min      |
| Boiler 2<br>Isolation<br>Valve              | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Boiler 2 on<br>Fuel Oil                     | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Boiler 2<br>Alarm                           | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | С             | True                    | 1 Min          |
| Combustion<br>Dampers Open                  | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | Status<br><><br>Command | 10<br>min      |
| Primary Pump<br>1 Status                    | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | Status<br><><br>Command | 10<br>min      |
| Primary Pump<br>2 Status                    | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | Status<br><><br>Command | 10<br>min      |
| Secondary<br>Pump 1 Status                  | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | Status<br><><br>Command | 10<br>min      |
| Secondary<br>Pump 2 Status                  | DI   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | Р             | Status<br><><br>Command | 10<br>min      |
|   |      |                   |                                   |                              |               |                         |                |
| Primary Pump<br>1 VFD Speed                 | AO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Primary Pump<br>2 VFD Speed                 | AO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Secondary<br>Pump 1 VFD<br>Speed            | AO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Secondary<br>Pump 2 VFD<br>Speed            | AO   | cov               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Hot Water<br>System Enable                  | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Combustion<br>Dampers<br>Command            | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |
| Primary Pump<br>1 Start /<br>Stop           | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                         |                |

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| Hot Water Boiler System Trending and Alarms |      |                   |                                   |                              |               |                |                |
|---|------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| Point                                       | Туре | Trend<br>Interval | Operationa<br>l Trend<br>Duration | Testing<br>Trend<br>Duration | Alarm<br>Type | Alarm<br>Range | Alarm<br>Delay |
| Primary Pump<br>2 Start /<br>Stop           | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
| Secondary<br>Pump 1 Start<br>/ Stop         | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |
| Secondary<br>Pump 2 Start<br>/ Stop         | DO   | COV               | 12 Hours                          | 3 days                       | N/A           |                |                |

- E. The Contractor shall provide the following information prior to Systems Functional Performance Testing. Any documentation that is modified after submission shall be recorded and resubmitted to the Resident Engineer and Commissioning Agent.
  - 1. Point-to-Point checkout documentation;
  - Sensor field calibration documentation including system name, sensor/point name, measured value, DDC value, and Correction Factor.
  - 3. A sensor calibration table listing the referencing the location of procedures to following in the O&M manuals, and the frequency at which calibration should be performed for all sensors, separated by system, subsystem, and type. The calibration requirements shall be submitted both in the O&M manuals and separately in a standalone document containing all sensors for inclusion in the commissioning documentation. The following table is a sample that can be used as a template for submission.

| SYSTEM                       |                          |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Sensor                       | Calibration<br>Frequency | O&M Calibration Procedure<br>Reference |  |  |  |  |
| Discharge air<br>temperature | Once a year              | Volume I Section D.3.aa                |  |  |  |  |
| Discharge static pressure    | Every 6 months           | Volume II Section A.1.c                |  |  |  |  |

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4. Loop tuning documentation and constants for each loop of the building systems. The documentation shall be submitted in outline or table separated by system, control type (e.g. heating valve temperature control); proportional, integral and derivative constants, interval (and bias if used) for each loop. The following table is a sample that can be used as a template for submission.

| AIR HANDLING UNIT AHU-1 |              |          |            |          |  |  |
|-------------------------|--------------|----------|------------|----------|--|--|
| Control                 | Proportional | Integral | Derivative | Interval |  |  |
| Reference               | Constant     | Constant | Constant   |          |  |  |
| Heating Valve<br>Output | 1000         | 20       | 10         | 2 sec.   |  |  |

### 3.6 SYSTEMS FUNCTIONAL PERFORMANCE TESTING

- A. This paragraph applies to Systems Functional Performance Testing of systems for all referenced specification Divisions.
- B. Objectives and Scope: The objective of Systems Functional Performance Testing is to demonstrate that each system is operating according to the Contract Documents. Systems Functional Performance Testing facilitates bringing the systems from a state of substantial completion to full dynamic operation. Additionally, during the testing process, areas of noncompliant performance are identified and corrected, thereby improving the operation and functioning of the systems. In general, each system shall be operated through all modes of operation (seasonal, occupied, unoccupied, warm-up, cool-down, part- and full-load, fire alarm and emergency power) where there is a specified system response. The Contractor shall verify each sequence in the sequences of operation. Proper responses to such modes and conditions as power failure, freeze condition, low oil pressure, no flow, equipment failure, etc. shall also be tested.
- C. Development of Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures: Before Systems Functional Performance Test procedures are written, the Contractor shall submit all requested documentation and a current list of change orders affecting equipment or systems, including an updated points list, program code, control sequences and parameters. Using the testing parameters and requirements found in the Contract Documents and approved submittals and shop drawings, the Commissioning Agent will

develop specific Systems Functional Test Procedures to verify and document proper operation of each piece of equipment and system to be commissioned. The Contractor shall assist the Commissioning Agent in developing the Systems Functional Performance Test procedures as requested by the Commissioning Agent i.e. by answering questions about equipment, operation, sequences, etc. Prior to execution, the Commissioning Agent will provide a copy of the Systems Functional Performance Test procedures to the VA, the Architect/Engineer, and the Contractor, who shall review the tests for feasibility, safety, equipment and warranty protection.

- D. Purpose of Test Procedures: The purpose of each specific Systems Functional Performance Test is to verify and document compliance with the stated criteria of acceptance given on the test form. Representative test formats and examples are found in the Commissioning Plan for this project. (The Commissioning Plan is issued as a separate document and is available for review.) The test procedure forms developed by the Commissioning Agent will include, but not be limited to, the following information:
  - 1. System and equipment or component name(s)
  - 2. Equipment location and ID number
  - 3. Unique test ID number, and reference to unique Pre-Functional Checklists and startup documentation, and ID numbers for the piece of equipment
  - 4. Date
  - 5. Project name
  - 6. Participating parties
  - 7. A copy of the specification section describing the test requirements
  - A copy of the specific sequence of operations or other specified parameters being verified
  - 9. Formulas used in any calculations
  - 10. Required pretest field measurements
  - 11. Instructions for setting up the test.
  - 12. Special cautions, alarm limits, etc.
  - 13. Specific step-by-step procedures to execute the test, in a clear, sequential and repeatable format

- 14. Acceptance criteria of proper performance with a Yes / No check box to allow for clearly marking whether or not proper performance of each part of the test was achieved.
- 15. A section for comments.
- 16. Signatures and date block for the Commissioning Agent. A place for the Contractor to initial to signify attendance at the test.
- E. Test Methods: Systems Functional Performance Testing shall be achieved by manual testing (i.e. persons manipulate the equipment and observe performance) and/or by monitoring the performance and analyzing the results using the control system's trend log capabilities or by standalone data loggers. The Contractor and Commissioning Agent shall determine which method is most appropriate for tests that do not have a method specified.
  - Simulated Conditions: Simulating conditions (not by an overwritten value) shall be allowed, although timing the testing to experience actual conditions is encouraged wherever practical.
  - 2. Overwritten Values: Overwriting sensor values to simulate a condition, such as overwriting the outside air temperature reading in a control system to be something other than it really is, shall be allowed, but shall be used with caution and avoided when possible. Such testing methods often can only test a part of a system, as the interactions and responses of other systems will be erroneous or not applicable. Simulating a condition is preferable. e.g., for the above case, by heating the outside air sensor with a hair blower rather than overwriting the value or by altering the appropriate setpoint to see the desired response. Before simulating conditions or overwriting values, sensors, transducers and devices shall have been calibrated.
  - 3. Simulated Signals: Using a signal generator which creates a simulated signal to test and calibrate transducers and DDC constants is generally recommended over using the sensor to act as the signal generator via simulated conditions or overwritten values.
  - 4. Altering Setpoints: Rather than overwriting sensor values, and when simulating conditions is difficult, altering setpoints to test a sequence is acceptable. For example, to see the Air Conditioning compressor lockout initiate at an outside air temperature below 12 C (54 F), when the outside air temperature is above 12 C (54 F),

temporarily change the lockout setpoint to be 2 C (4 F) above the current outside air temperature.

- 5. Indirect Indicators: Relying on indirect indicators for responses or performance shall be allowed only after visually and directly verifying and documenting, over the range of the tested parameters, that the indirect readings through the control system represent actual conditions and responses. Much of this verification shall be completed during systems startup and initial checkout.
- F. Setup: Each function and test shall be performed under conditions that simulate actual conditions as closely as is practically possible. The Contractor shall provide all necessary materials, system modifications, etc. to produce the necessary flows, pressures, temperatures, etc. necessary to execute the test according to the specified conditions. At completion of the test, the Contractor shall return all affected building equipment and systems, due to these temporary modifications, to their pretest condition.
- G. Sampling: No sampling is allowed in completing Pre-Functional Checklists. Sampling is allowed for Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures execution. The Commissioning Agent will determine the sampling rate. If at any point, frequent failures are occurring and testing is becoming more troubleshooting than verification, the Commissioning Agent may stop the testing and require the Contractor to perform and document a checkout of the remaining units, prior to continuing with Systems Functional Performance Testing of the remaining units.
- H. Cost of Retesting: The cost associated with expanded sample System Functional Performance Tests shall be solely the responsibility of the Contractor. Any required retesting by the Contractor shall not be considered a justified reason for a claim of delay or for a time extension by the Contractor.
- I. Coordination and Scheduling: The Contractor shall provide a minimum of 7 days' notice to the Commissioning Agent and the VA regarding the completion schedule for the Pre-Functional Checklists and startup of all equipment and systems. The Commissioning Agent will schedule Systems Functional Performance Tests with the Contractor and VA. The Commissioning Agent will witness and document the Systems Functional

Performance Testing of systems. The Contractor shall execute the tests in accordance with the Systems Functional Performance Test Procedure.

- J. Testing Prerequisites: In general, Systems Functional Performance Testing will be conducted only after Pre-Functional Checklists have been satisfactorily completed. The control system shall be sufficiently tested and approved by the Commissioning Agent and the VA before it is used to verify performance of other components or systems. The air balancing and water balancing shall be completed before Systems Functional Performance Testing of air-related or water-related equipment or systems are scheduled. Systems Functional Performance Testing will proceed from components to subsystems to systems. When the proper performance of all interacting individual systems has been achieved, the interface or coordinated responses between systems will be checked.
- K. Problem Solving: The Commissioning Agent will recommend solutions to problems found, however the burden of responsibility to solve, correct and retest problems is with the Contractor.

## 3.7 DOCUMENTATION, NONCONFORMANCE AND APPROVAL OF TESTS

- A. Documentation: The Commissioning Agent will witness, and document the results of all Systems Functional Performance Tests using the specific procedural forms developed by the Commissioning Agent for that purpose. Prior to testing, the Commissioning Agent will provide these forms to the VA and the Contractor for review and approval. The Contractor shall include the filled out forms with the O&M manual data.
- B. Nonconformance: The Commissioning Agent will record the results of the Systems Functional Performance Tests on the procedure or test form. All items of nonconformance issues will be noted and reported to the VA on Commissioning Field Reports and/or the Commissioning Master Issues Log.
  - Corrections of minor items of noncompliance identified may be made during the tests. In such cases, the item of noncompliance and resolution shall be documented on the Systems Functional Test Procedure.
  - 2. Every effort shall be made to expedite the systems functional Performance Testing process and minimize unnecessary delays, while not compromising the integrity of the procedures. However, the Commissioning Agent shall not be pressured into overlooking noncompliant work or loosening acceptance criteria to satisfy

scheduling or cost issues, unless there is an overriding reason to do so by direction from the VA.

- 3. As the Systems Functional Performance Tests progresses and an item of noncompliance is identified, the Commissioning Agent shall discuss the issue with the Contractor and the VA.
- When there is no dispute on an item of noncompliance, and the Contractor accepts responsibility to correct it:
  - a. The Commissioning Agent will document the item of noncompliance and the Contractor's response and/or intentions. The Systems Functional Performance Test then continues or proceeds to another test or sequence. After the day's work is complete, the Commissioning Agent will submit a Commissioning Field Report to the VA. The Commissioning Agent will also note items of noncompliance and the Contractor's response in the Master Commissioning Issues Log. The Contractor shall correct the item of noncompliance and report completion to the VA and the Commissioning Agent.
  - b. The need for retesting will be determined by the Commissioning Agent. If retesting is required, the Commissioning Agent and the Contractor shall reschedule the test and the test shall be repeated.
- 5. If there is a dispute about item of noncompliance, regarding whether it is an item of noncompliance, or who is responsible:
  - a. The item of noncompliance shall be documented on the test form with the Contractor's response. The item of noncompliance with the Contractor's response shall also be reported on a Commissioning Field Report and on the Master Commissioning Issues Log.
  - b. Resolutions shall be made at the lowest management level possible. Other parties are brought into the discussions as needed. Final interpretive and acceptance authority is with the Department of Veterans Affairs.
  - c. The Commissioning Agent will document the resolution process.
  - d. Once the interpretation and resolution have been decided, the Contractor shall correct the item of noncompliance, report it to the Commissioning Agent. The requirement for retesting will be determined by the Commissioning Agent. If retesting is required,

the Commissioning Agent and the Contractor shall reschedule the test. Retesting shall be repeated until satisfactory performance is achieved.

- C. Cost of Retesting: The cost to retest a System Functional Performance Test shall be solely the responsibility of the Contractor. Any required retesting by the Contractor shall not be considered a justified reason for a claim of delay or for a time extension by the Contractor.
- D. Failure Due to Manufacturer Defect: If 10%, or three, whichever is greater, of identical pieces (size alone does not constitute a difference) of equipment fail to perform in compliance with the Contract Documents (mechanically or substantively) due to manufacturing defect, not allowing it to meet its submitted performance specifications, all identical units may be considered unacceptable by the VA. In such case, the Contractor shall provide the VA with the following:
  - Within one week of notification from the VA, the Contractor shall examine all other identical units making a record of the findings. The findings shall be provided to the VA within two weeks of the original notice.
  - 2. Within two weeks of the original notification, the Contractor shall provide a signed and dated, written explanation of the problem, cause of failures, etc. and all proposed solutions which shall include full equipment submittals. The proposed solutions shall not significantly exceed the specification requirements of the original installation.
  - 3. The VA shall determine whether a replacement of all identical units or a repair is acceptable.
  - 4. Two examples of the proposed solution shall be installed by the Contractor and the VA shall be allowed to test the installations for up to one week, upon which the VA will decide whether to accept the solution.
  - 5. Upon acceptance, the Contractor shall replace or repair all identical items, at their expense and extend the warranty accordingly, if the original equipment warranty had begun. The

replacement/repair work shall proceed with reasonable speed beginning within one week from when parts can be obtained.

E. Approval: The Commissioning Agent will note each satisfactorily demonstrated function on the test form. Formal approval of the Systems Functional Performance Test shall be made later after review by the Commissioning Agent and by the VA. The Commissioning Agent will evaluate each test and report to the VA using a standard form. The VA will give final approval on each test using the same form, and provide signed copies to the Commissioning Agent and the Contractor.

### 3.8 DEFERRED TESTING

- A. Unforeseen Deferred Systems Functional Performance Tests: If any Systems Functional Performance Test cannot be completed due to the building structure, required occupancy condition or other conditions, execution of the Systems Functional Performance Testing may be delayed upon approval of the VA. These Systems Functional Performance Tests shall be conducted in the same manner as the seasonal tests as soon as possible. Services of the Contractor to conduct these unforeseen Deferred Systems Functional Performance Tests shall be negotiated between the VA and the Contractor.
- B. Deferred Seasonal Testing: Deferred Seasonal Systems Functional Performance Tests are those that must be deferred until weather conditions are closer to the systems design parameters. The Commissioning Agent will review systems parameters and recommend which Systems Functional Performance Tests should be deferred until weather conditions more closely match systems parameters. The Contractor shall review and comment on the proposed schedule for Deferred Seasonal Testing. The VA will review and approve the schedule for Deferred Seasonal Testing. Deferred Seasonal Systems Functional Performances Tests shall be witnessed and documented by the Commissioning Agent. Deferred Seasonal Systems Functional Performance Tests shall be executed by the Contractor in accordance with these specifications.

## 3.9 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

A. Training Preparation Conference: Before operation and maintenance training, the Commissioning Agent will convene a training preparation conference to include VA's Resident Engineer, VA's Operations and Maintenance personnel, and the Contractor. The purpose of this conference will be to discuss and plan for Training and Demonstration of VA Operations and Maintenance personnel.

- B. The Contractor shall provide training and demonstration as required by other Division 21, Division 22, Division 23, Division 26, and Division 27 sections. The Training and Demonstration shall include, but is not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Review the Contract Documents.
  - 2. Review installed systems, subsystems, and equipment.
  - 3. Review instructor qualifications.
  - 4. Review instructional methods and procedures.
  - 5. Review training module outlines and contents.
  - Review course materials (including operation and maintenance manuals).
  - Review and discuss locations and other facilities required for instruction.
  - Review and finalize training schedule and verify availability of educational materials, instructors, audiovisual equipment, and facilities needed to avoid delays.
  - For instruction that must occur outside, review weather and forecasted weather conditions and procedures to follow if conditions are unfavorable.
- C. Training Module Submittals: The Contractor shall submit the following information to the VA and the Commissioning Agent:
  - Instruction Program: Submit two copies of outline of instructional program for demonstration and training, including a schedule of proposed dates, times, length of instruction time, and instructors' names for each training module. Include learning objective and outline for each training module. At completion of training, submit two complete training manuals for VA's use.
  - Qualification Data: Submit qualifications for facilitator and/or instructor.
  - 3. Attendance Record: For each training module, submit list of participants and length of instruction time.
  - 4. Evaluations: For each participant and for each training module, submit results and documentation of performance-based test.
  - 5. Demonstration and Training Recording:

- a. General: Engage a qualified commercial photographer to record demonstration and training. Record each training module separately. Include classroom instructions and demonstrations, board diagrams, and other visual aids, but not student practice. At beginning of each training module, record each chart containing learning objective and lesson outline.
- b. Video Format: Provide high quality color DVD color on standard size DVD disks.
- c. Recording: Mount camera on tripod before starting recording, unless otherwise necessary to show area of demonstration and training. Display continuous running time.
- d. Narration: Describe scenes on video recording by audio narration by microphone while demonstration and training is recorded. Include description of items being viewed. Describe vantage point, indicating location, direction (by compass point), and elevation or story of construction.
- e. Submit two copies within seven days of end of each training module.
- 6. Transcript: Prepared on 8-1/2-by-11-inch paper, punched and bound in heavy-duty, 3-ring, vinyl-covered binders. Mark appropriate identification on front and spine of each binder. Include a cover sheet with same label information as the corresponding videotape. Include name of Project and date of videotape on each page.
- D. Quality Assurance:
  - Facilitator Qualifications: A firm or individual experienced in training or educating maintenance personnel in a training program similar in content and extent to that indicated for this Project, and whose work has resulted in training or education with a record of successful learning performance.
  - Instructor Qualifications: A factory authorized service representative, complying with requirements in Division 01 Section "Quality Requirements," experienced in operation and maintenance procedures and training.
  - 3. Photographer Qualifications: A professional photographer who is experienced photographing construction projects.
- E. Training Coordination:

- 1. Coordinate instruction schedule with VA's operations. Adjust schedule as required to minimize disrupting VA's operations.
- 2. Coordinate instructors, including providing notification of dates, times, length of instruction time, and course content.
- 3. Coordinate content of training modules with content of approved emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. Do not submit instruction program until operation and maintenance data has been reviewed and approved by the VA.
- F. Instruction Program:
  - Program Structure: Develop an instruction program that includes individual training modules for each system and equipment not part of a system, as required by individual Specification Sections, and as follows:
    - a. Fire protection systems, including fire alarm, fire pumps, and fire suppression systems.
    - b. Intrusion detection systems.
    - c. Conveying systems, including elevators, wheelchair lifts, escalators, and automated materials handling systems.
    - d. Medical equipment, including medical gas equipment and piping.
    - e. Laboratory equipment, including laboratory air and vacuum equipment and piping.
    - f. Heat generation, including boilers, feedwater equipment, pumps, steam distribution piping, condensate return systems, heating hot water heat exchangers, and heating hot water distribution piping.
    - g. Refrigeration systems, including chillers, cooling towers, condensers, pumps, and distribution piping.
    - h. HVAC systems, including air handling equipment, air distribution systems, and terminal equipment and devices.
    - i. HVAC instrumentation and controls.
    - j. Electrical service and distribution, including switchgear, transformers, switchboards, panelboards, uninterruptible power supplies, and motor controls.
    - k. Packaged engine generators, including synchronizing switchgear/switchboards, and transfer switches.
    - 1. Lighting equipment and controls.
    - m. Communication systems, including intercommunication, surveillance, nurse call systems, public address, mass

evacuation, voice and data, and entertainment television equipment.

- n. Site utilities including lift stations, condensate pumping and return systems, and storm water pumping systems.
- G. Training Modules: Develop a learning objective and teaching outline for each module. Include a description of specific skills and knowledge that participants are expected to master. For each module, include instruction for the following:
  - Basis of System Design, Operational Requirements, and Criteria: Include the following:
    - a. System, subsystem, and equipment descriptions.
    - b. Performance and design criteria if Contractor is delegated design responsibility.
    - c. Operating standards.
    - d. Regulatory requirements.
    - e. Equipment function.
    - f. Operating characteristics.
    - g. Limiting conditions.
    - H, Performance curves.
  - 2. Documentation: Review the following items in detail:
    - a. Emergency manuals.
    - b. Operations manuals.
    - c. Maintenance manuals.
    - d. Project Record Documents.
    - e. Identification systems.
    - f. Warranties and bonds.
    - g. Maintenance service agreements and similar continuing commitments.
  - 3. Emergencies: Include the following, as applicable:
    - a. Instructions on meaning of warnings, trouble indications, and error messages.
    - b. Instructions on stopping.
    - c. Shutdown instructions for each type of emergency.
    - d. Operating instructions for conditions outside of normal operating limits.
    - e. Sequences for electric or electronic systems.
    - f. Special operating instructions and procedures.

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- 4. Operations: Include the following, as applicable:
  - a. Startup procedures.
  - b. Equipment or system break-in procedures.
  - c. Routine and normal operating instructions.
  - d. Regulation and control procedures.
  - e. Control sequences.
  - f. Safety procedures.
  - g. Instructions on stopping.
  - h. Normal shutdown instructions.
  - i. Operating procedures for emergencies.
  - j. Operating procedures for system, subsystem, or equipment failure.
  - k. Seasonal and weekend operating instructions.
  - 1. Required sequences for electric or electronic systems.
  - m. Special operating instructions and procedures.
- 5. Adjustments: Include the following:
  - a. Alignments.
  - b. Checking adjustments.
  - c. Noise and vibration adjustments.
  - d. Economy and efficiency adjustments.
- 6. Troubleshooting: Include the following:
  - a. Diagnostic instructions.
  - b. Test and inspection procedures.
- 7. Maintenance: Include the following:
  - a. Inspection procedures.
  - b. Types of cleaning agents to be used and methods of cleaning.
  - c. List of cleaning agents and methods of cleaning detrimental to product.
  - d. Procedures for routine cleaning
  - e. Procedures for preventive maintenance.
  - f. Procedures for routine maintenance.
  - g. Instruction on use of special tools.
- 8. Repairs: Include the following:
  - a. Diagnosis instructions.
  - b. Repair instructions.
  - c. Disassembly; component removal, repair, and replacement; and reassembly instructions.
  - d. Instructions for identifying parts and components.

e. Review of spare parts needed for operation and maintenance.

- H. Training Execution:
  - Preparation: Assemble educational materials necessary for instruction, including documentation and training module. Assemble training modules into a combined training manual. Set up instructional equipment at instruction location.
  - 2. Instruction:
    - a. Facilitator: Engage a qualified facilitator to prepare instruction program and training modules, to coordinate instructors, and to coordinate between Contractor and Department of Veterans Affairs for number of participants, instruction times, and location.
    - b. Instructor: Engage qualified instructors to instruct VA's personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain systems, subsystems, and equipment not part of a system.
      - The Commissioning Agent will furnish an instructor to describe basis of system design, operational requirements, criteria, and regulatory requirements.
      - The VA will furnish an instructor to describe VA's operational philosophy.
      - The VA will furnish the Contractor with names and positions of participants.
  - 3. Scheduling: Provide instruction at mutually agreed times. For equipment that requires seasonal operation, provide similar instruction at start of each season. Schedule training with the VA and the Commissioning Agent with at least seven days' advance notice.
  - Evaluation: At conclusion of each training module, assess and document each participant's mastery of module by use of an oral, or a written, performance-based test.
  - 5. Cleanup: Collect used and leftover educational materials and remove from Project site. Remove instructional equipment. Restore systems and equipment to condition existing before initial training use.
- I. Demonstration and Training Recording:
  - General: Engage a qualified commercial photographer to record demonstration and training. Record each training module separately. Include classroom instructions and demonstrations, board diagrams,

and other visual aids, but not student practice. At beginning of each training module, record each chart containing learning objective and lesson outline.

- Video Format: Provide high quality color DVD color on standard size DVD disks.
- Recording: Mount camera on tripod before starting recording, unless otherwise necessary to show area of demonstration and training. Display continuous running time.
- 4. Narration: Describe scenes on videotape by audio narration by microphone while demonstration and training is recorded. Include description of items being viewed. Describe vantage point, indicating location, direction (by compass point), and elevation or story of construction.

----- END -----

### SECTION 02 41 00 DEMOLITION

# PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 DESCRIPTION:

This section specifies demolition and removal of buildings, portions of buildings, utilities, other structures and debris from trash dumps shown.

### 1.2 RELATED WORK:

- B. Safety Requirements: Section 01 35 26 Safety Requirements Article, ACCIDENT PREVENTION PLAN (APP).
- C. Disconnecting utility services prior to demolition: Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.
- D. Reserved items that are to remain the property of the Government: Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.
- G. Environmental Protection: Section 01 57 19, TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS.
- H. Construction Waste Management: Section 01 74 19 CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT.
- I. Infectious Control: Section 01 35 26, SAFETY REQUIREMENTS.

## 1.3 PROTECTION:

- A. Perform demolition in such manner as to eliminate hazards to persons and property; to minimize interference with use of adjacent areas, utilities and structures or interruption of use of such utilities; and to provide free passage to and from such adjacent areas of structures. Comply with requirements of GENERAL CONDITIONS Article, ACCIDENT PREVENTION.
- B. Provide safeguards, including warning signs, barricades, temporary fences, warning lights, and other similar items that are required for protection of all personnel during demolition and removal operations. Comply with requirements of Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS, Article PROTECTION OF EXISTING VEGETATION, STRUCTURES, EQUIPMENT, UTILITIES AND IMPROVEMENTS.
- C. Maintain fences, barricades, lights, and other similar items around exposed excavations until such excavations have been completely filled.

- D. Provide enclosed dust chutes with control gates from each floor to carry debris to truck beds and govern flow of material into truck. Provide overhead bridges of tight board or prefabricated metal construction at dust chutes to protect persons and property from falling debris.
- E. Prevent spread of flying particles and dust. Sprinkle rubbish and debris with water to keep dust to a minimum. Do not use water if it results in hazardous or objectionable condition such as, but not limited to; ice, flooding, or pollution. Vacuum and dust the work area daily.
- F. In addition to previously listed fire and safety rules to be observed in performance of work, include following:
  - No wall or part of wall shall be permitted to fall outwardly from structures.
  - 3. Wherever a cutting torch or other equipment that might cause a fire is used, provide and maintain fire extinguishers nearby ready for immediate use. Instruct all possible users in use of fire extinguishers.
  - Keep hydrants clear and accessible at all times. Prohibit debris from accumulating within a radius of 4500 mm (15 feet) of fire hydrants.
- G. Before beginning any demolition work, the Contractor shall survey the site and examine the drawings and specifications to determine the extent of the work. The contractor shall take necessary precautions to avoid damages to existing items to remain in place, to be reused, or to remain the property of the Medical Center ; any damaged items shall be repaired or replaced as approved by the Resident Engineer. The Contractor shall coordinate the work of this section with all other work and shall construct and maintain shoring, bracing, and supports as required. The Contractor shall be responsible for increasing structural supports or adding new supports as may be required as a result of any cutting, removal, or demolition work performed under this contract. Do not overload structural elements. Provide new supports and reinforcement for existing construction weakened by demolition or removal works.

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Repairs, reinforcement, or structural replacement must have Resident Engineer's approval.

- H. The work shall comply with the requirements of Section 01 57 19, TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS.
- I. The work shall comply with the requirements of Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS and Section 01 35 26, SAFETY REQUIREMENTS.

### 1.4 UTILITY SERVICES:

- A. Demolish and remove outside utility service lines shown to be removed.
- B. Remove abandoned outside utility lines that would interfere with installation of new utility lines and new construction.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 DEMOLITION:

- A. Completely demolish and remove buildings and structures, including all appurtenances related or connected thereto, as noted below:
  - 1. As required for installation of new utility service lines.
  - To full depth within an area defined by hypothetical lines located 1500 mm (5 feet) outside building lines of new structures.
- B. Debris, including brick, concrete, stone, metals and similar materials shall become property of Contractor and shall be disposed of by him daily, off the Medical Center to avoid accumulation at the demolition site. Materials that cannot be removed daily shall be stored in areas specified by the COR. Break up concrete slabs below grade that do not require removal from present location into pieces not exceeding 600 mm (24 inches) square to permit drainage. Contractor shall dispose debris in compliance with applicable federal, state or local permits, rules and/or regulations.
- C. Not Used.
- D. Remove and legally dispose of all materials, other than earth to remain as part of project work, from any trash dumps shown. Materials removed shall become property of contractor and shall be disposed of in compliance with applicable federal, state or local permits, rules and/or regulations. All materials in the indicated trash dump areas, including above surrounding grade and extending to a depth of 1500mm (5feet) below surrounding grade, shall be included as part of the lump sum compensation for the work of this section. Materials that are located beneath the surface of the surrounding ground more than 1500 mm

(5 feet), or materials that are discovered to be hazardous, shall be handled as unforeseen. The removal of hazardous material shall be referred to Hazardous Materials specifications.

E. Remove existing utilities as indicated or uncovered by work and terminate in a manner conforming to the nationally recognized code covering the specific utility and approved by the Resident Engineer. When Utility lines are encountered that are not indicated on the drawings, the COR shall be notified prior to further work in that area.

## 3.2 CLEAN-UP:

On completion of work of this section and after removal of all debris, leave site in clean condition satisfactory to COR. Clean-up shall include off the Medical Center disposal of all items and materials not required to remain property of the Government as well as all debris and rubbish resulting from demolition operations.

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## SECTION 05 50 00 METAL FABRICATIONS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. This section specifies items and assemblies fabricated from structural steel shapes and other materials as shown and specified.
- B. Items specified.
  - 1. Support for Wall and Ceiling Mounted Items: (SD055000-01, SD055000-02, SD102113-01, SD102600-01, SD123100-01 & SD123100-02)
  - 2. Loose Lintels
  - 3. Shelf Angles
  - 4. Ladders

## 1.2 RELATED WORK

- B. Colors, finishes, and textures: Section 09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES.
- C. Prime and finish painting: Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - C. Shop Drawings:
    - Each item specified, showing complete detail, location in the project, material and size of components, method of joining various components and assemblies, finish, and location, size and type of anchors.
    - Mark items requiring field assembly for erection identification and furnish erection drawings and instructions.
    - 3. Provide templates and rough-in measurements as required.
  - D. Manufacturer's Certificates:
    - 1. Anodized finish as specified.
    - 2. Live load designs as specified.
  - E. Design Calculations for specified live loads including dead loads.
  - F. Furnish setting drawings and instructions for installation of anchors to be preset into concrete and masonry work, and for the positioning of items having anchors to be built into concrete or masonry construction.

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### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Each manufactured product shall meet, as a minimum, the requirements specified, and shall be a standard commercial product of a manufacturer regularly presently manufacturing items of type specified.
- B. Each product type shall be the same and be made by the same manufacturer.
- C. Assembled product to the greatest extent possible before delivery to the site.
- D. Include additional features, which are not specifically prohibited by this specification, but which are a part of the manufacturer's standard commercial product.

### **1.5 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME): B18.6.1-97.....Wood Screws B18.2.2-87(R2010)....Square and Hex Nuts
- C. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM): A36/A36M-14.....Structural Steel A47-99(R2014).....Malleable Iron Castings A48-03(R2012).....Gray Iron Castings A53-12.....Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated Welded and Seamless A123-15.....Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products A240/A240M-15.....Standard Specification for Chromium and Chromium-Nickel Stainless Steel Plate, Sheet and Strip for Pressure Vessels and for General Applications. A269-15.....Seamless and Welded Austenitic Stainless Steel Tubing for General Service A307-14.....Carbon Steel Bolts and Studs, 60,000 PSI Tensile Strength A391/A391M-07(R2015)....Grade 80 Alloy Steel Chain
  - A786/A786M-15.....Rolled Steel Floor Plate

08-01-18 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades Wagner CBOC Sioux Falls VA Health Care System VA Project #438-21-100WAG B221-14.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Shapes, and Tubes B456-11..... Electrodeposited Coatings of Copper Plus Nickel Plus Chromium and Nickel Plus Chromium B632-08.....Aluminum-Alloy Rolled Tread Plate C1107-13..... Packaged Dry, Hydraulic-Cement Grout (Nonshrink) D3656-13.....Insect Screening and Louver Cloth Woven from Vinyl-Coated Glass Yarns F436-16.....Hardened Steel Washers F468-06(R2015).....Nonferrous Bolts, Hex Cap Screws, Socket Head Cap Screws and Studs for General Use F593-13.....Stainless Steel Bolts, Hex Cap Screws, and Studs F1667-15.....Driven Fasteners: Nails, Spikes and Staples D. American Welding Society (AWS): D1.1-15.....Structural Welding Code Steel D1.2-14.....Structural Welding Code Aluminum D1.3-18.....Structural Welding Code Sheet Steel E. National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers (NAAMM) AMP 521-01(R2012).....Pipe Railing Manual AMP 500-06.....Metal Finishes Manual MBG 531-09(R2017) ..... Metal Bar Grating Manual MBG 532-09..... Heavy Duty Metal Bar Grating Manual F. Structural Steel Painting Council (SSPC)/Society of Protective Coatings: SP 1-15.....No. 1, Solvent Cleaning SP 2-04.....No. 2, Hand Tool Cleaning SP 3-04.....No. 3, Power Tool Cleaning G. Federal Specifications (Fed. Spec): RR-T-650E.....Treads, Metallic and Nonmetallic, Nonskid PART 2 - PRODUCTS 2.1 DESIGN CRITERIA A. In addition to the dead loads, design fabrications to support the

following live loads unless otherwise specified.

B. Ladders and Rungs: 120 kg (250 pounds) at any point.

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### 2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Structural Steel: ASTM A36.
- B. Stainless Steel: ASTM A240, Type 302 or 304.
- C. Aluminum, Extruded: ASTM B221, Alloy 6063-T5 unless otherwise specified. For structural shapes use alloy 6061-T6 and alloy 6061-T4511.
- D. Floor Plate:
  - 1. Steel ASTM A786.
  - 2. Aluminum: ASTM B632.
- E. Steel Pipe (Bollard): ASTM A53.
  - 1. Galvanized for exterior locations.
  - 2. Type S, Grade A unless specified otherwise.
  - 3. NPS (inside diameter) as shown.
- F. Cast-Iron: ASTM A48, Class 30, commercial pattern.
- G. Malleable Iron Castings: A47.
- H. Primer Paint: As specified in Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.
- I. Stainless Steel Tubing: ASTM A269, type 302 or 304.
- K. Grout: ASTM C1107, pourable type.

### 2.3 HARDWARE

- A. Rough Hardware:
  - Furnish rough hardware with a standard plating, applied after punching, forming and assembly of parts; galvanized, cadmium plated, or zinc-coated by electro-galvanizing process. Galvanized G-90 where specified.
  - Use G90 galvanized coating on ferrous metal for exterior work unless non-ferrous metal or stainless is used.

### B. Fasteners:

- 1. Bolts with Nuts:
  - a. ASME B18.2.2.
  - b. ASTM A307 for 415 MPa (60,000 psi) tensile strength bolts.
  - c. ASTM F468 for nonferrous bolts.
  - d. ASTM F593 for stainless steel.
- 2. Screws: ASME B18.6.1.
- 3. Washers: ASTM F436, type to suit material and anchorage.
- 4. Nails: ASTM F1667, Type I, style 6 or 14 for finish work.

## 2.4 FABRICATION GENERAL

A. Material

- Use material as specified. Use material of commercial quality and suitable for intended purpose for material that is not named or its standard of quality not specified.
- Use material free of defects which could affect the appearance or service ability of the finished product.
- B. Size:
  - 1. Size and thickness of members as shown.
  - 2. When size and thickness is not specified or shown for an individual part, use size and thickness not less than that used for the same component on similar standard commercial items or in accordance with established shop methods.
- C. Connections
  - Except as otherwise specified, connections may be made by welding, riveting or bolting.
  - 2. Field riveting will not be approved.
  - 3. Design size, number and placement of fasteners, to develop a joint strength of not less than the design value.
  - 4. Holes, for rivets and bolts: Accurately punched or drilled and burrs removed.
  - 5. Size and shape welds to develop the full design strength of the parts connected by welds and to transmit imposed stresses without permanent deformation or failure when subject to service loadings.
  - Use Rivets and bolts of material selected to prevent corrosion (electrolysis) at bimetallic contacts. Plated or coated material will not be approved.
  - Use stainless steel connectors for removable members machine screws or bolts.
- D. Fasteners and Anchors
  - Use methods for fastening or anchoring metal fabrications to building construction as shown or specified.
  - 2. Where fasteners and anchors are not shown, design the type, size, location and spacing to resist the loads imposed without deformation of the members or causing failure of the anchor or fastener, and suit the sequence of installation.
  - Use material and finish of the fasteners compatible with the kinds of materials which are fastened together and their location in the finished work.

- 4. Fasteners for securing metal fabrications to new construction only, may be by use of threaded or wedge type inserts or by anchors for welding to the metal fabrication for installation before the concrete is placed or as masonry is laid.
- Fasteners for securing metal fabrication to existing construction or new construction may be expansion bolts, toggle bolts, power actuated drive pins, welding, self drilling and tapping screws or bolts.
- E. Workmanship
  - 1. General:
    - a. Fabricate items to design shown.
    - b. Furnish members in longest lengths commercially available within the limits shown and specified.
    - c. Fabricate straight, true, free from warp and twist, and where applicable square and in same plane.
    - d. Provide holes, sinkages and reinforcement shown and required for fasteners and anchorage items.
    - e. Provide openings, cut-outs, and tapped holes for attachment and clearances required for work of other trades.
    - f. Prepare members for the installation and fitting of hardware.
    - g. Cut openings in gratings and floor plates for the passage of ducts, sumps, pipes, conduits and similar items. Provide reinforcement to support cut edges.
    - h. Fabricate surfaces and edges free from sharp edges, burrs and projections which may cause injury.
  - 2. Welding:
    - a. Weld in accordance with AWS.
    - b. Welds shall show good fusion, be free from cracks and porosity and accomplish secure and rigid joints in proper alignment.
    - c. Where exposed in the finished work, continuous weld for the full length of the members joined and have depressed areas filled and protruding welds finished smooth and flush with adjacent surfaces.
    - d. Finish welded joints to match finish of adjacent surface.
  - 3. Joining:
    - a. Miter or butt members at corners.

- b. Where frames members are butted at corners, cut leg of frame member perpendicular to surface, as required for clearance.
- 4. Anchors:
  - a. Where metal fabrications are shown to be preset in concrete, weld 32 x 3 mm (1-1/4 by 1/8 inch) steel strap anchors, 150 mm (6 inches) long with 25 mm (one inch) hooked end, to back of member at 600 mm (2 feet) on center, unless otherwise shown.
  - b. Where metal fabrications are shown to be built into masonry use  $32 \times 3 \text{ mm} (1-1/4 \text{ by } 1/8 \text{ inch})$  steel strap anchors, 250 mm (10 inches) long with 50 mm (2 inch) hooked end, welded to back of member at 600 mm (2 feet) on center, unless otherwise shown.
- 5. Cutting and Fitting:
  - Accurately cut, machine and fit joints, corners, copes, and miters.
  - b. Fit removable members to be easily removed.
  - c. Design and construct field connections in the most practical place for appearance and ease of installation.
  - d. Fit pieces together as required.
  - e. Fabricate connections for ease of assembly and disassembly without use of special tools.
  - f. Joints firm when assembled.
  - g. Conceal joining, fitting and welding on exposed work as far as practical.
  - h. Do not show rivets and screws prominently on the exposed face.
  - i. The fit of components and the alignment of holes shall eliminate the need to modify component or to use exceptional force in the assembly of item and eliminate the need to use other than common tools.
- F. Finish:
  - 1. Finish exposed surfaces in accordance with NAAMM AMP 500 Metal Finishes Manual.
  - 2. Aluminum: NAAMM AMP 501.
    - a. Mill finish, AA-M10, as fabricated, use unless specified otherwise.
    - b. Clear anodic coating, AA-C22A41, chemically etched medium matte, with Architectural Class 1, 0.7 mils or thicker.

- c. Colored anodic coating, AA-C22A42, chemically etched medium matte with Architectural Class 1, 0.7 mils or thicker.
- d. Painted: AA-C22R10.
- 3. Steel and Iron: NAAMM AMP 504.
  - a. Zinc coated (Galvanized): ASTM A123, G90 unless noted otherwise.
  - b. Surfaces exposed in the finished work:
    - 1) Finish smooth rough surfaces and remove projections.
    - 2) Fill holes, dents and similar voids and depressions with epoxy type patching compound.
  - c. Shop Prime Painting:
    - 1) Surfaces of Ferrous metal:
      - a) Items not specified to have other coatings.
      - b) Galvanized surfaces specified to have prime paint.
      - c) Remove all loose mill scale, rust, and paint, by hand or power tool cleaning as defined in SSPC-SP2 and SP3.
      - d) Clean of oil, grease, soil and other detrimental matter by use of solvents or cleaning compounds as defined in SSPC-SP1.
      - e) After cleaning and finishing apply one coat of primer as specified in Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.
    - 2) Non ferrous metals: Comply with MAAMM-500 series.
- 4. Stainless Steel: NAAMM AMP-504 Finish No. 4.
- 5. Chromium Plating: ASTM B456, satin or bright as specified, Service Condition No. SC2.
- G. Protection:
  - Insulate aluminum surfaces that will come in contact with concrete, masonry, plaster, or metals other than stainless steel, zinc or white bronze by giving a coat of heavy-bodied alkali resisting bituminous paint or other approved paint in shop.
  - Spot prime all abraded and damaged areas of zinc coating which expose the bare metal, using zinc rich paint on hot-dip zinc coat items and zinc dust primer on all other zinc coated items.

### 2.5 SUPPORTS

- A. General:
  - 1. Fabricate ASTM A36 structural steel shapes as shown.
  - Use clip angles or make provisions for welding hangers and braces to overhead construction.

- 3. Field connections may be welded or bolted.
- C. For Wall Mounted Items:
  - 1. For items supported by metal stud partitions.
  - 2. Steel strip or hat channel minimum of 1.5 mm (0.0598 inch) thick.
  - Steel strip minimum of 150 mm (6 inches) wide, length extending one stud space beyond end of item supported.
  - 4. Steel hat channels where shown. Flange cut and flatted for anchorage to stud.
  - Structural steel tube or channel for grab bar at water closets floor to structure above with clip angles or end plates formed for anchors.
  - Use steel angles for thru wall counters. Drill angle for fasteners at ends and not over 100 mm (4 inches) on center between ends.
- D. For Trapeze Bars:
  - Construct assembly above ceilings as shown and design to support not less than a 340 kg (750 pound) working load at any point.
  - Fabricate trapeze supports as shown, with all exposed members, including screws, nuts, bolts and washers, fabricated of stainless steel.
  - 3. Fabricate concealed components of structural steel shapes unless shown otherwise.
  - 4. Stainless steel ceiling plate drilled for eye bolt.
  - 5. Continuously weld connections where welds shown.
  - Use modular channel where shown with manufacturers bolts and fittings.
    - a. Weld ends of steel angle braces to steel plates and secure to modular channel units as shown. Drill plates for anchor bolts.
    - b. Fabricate eye bolt, special clamp bolt, and plate closure full length of modular channel at ceiling line and secure to modular channel unit with manufacturers standard fittings.

### 2.11 SHELF ANGLES

- A. Fabricate from steel angles of size shown.
- B. Fabricate angles with horizontal slotted holes for 19 mm (3/4 inch) bolts spaced at not over 900 mm (3 feet) on centers and within 300 mm (12 inches) of ends.
- C. Provide adjustable malleable iron inserts for embedded in concrete framing.

## 2.14 LADDERS

- A. Steel Ladders:
  - Fixed-rail type with steel rungs shouldered and headed into and welded to rails.
  - 2. Fabricate angle brackets of 50 mm (2 inch) wide by 13 mm (1/2 inch) thick steel; brackets spaced maximum of 1200 mm (4 feet) apart and of length to hold ladder 175 mm (7 inches) from wall to center of rungs. Provide turned ends or clips for anchoring.
  - Provide holes for anchoring with expansion bolts through turned ends and brackets.
  - 4. Where shown, fabricate side rails curved, twisted and formed into a gooseneck.
  - 5. Galvanize exterior ladders after fabrication, ASTM A123, G-90.
- C. Ladder Rungs:
  - 1. Fabricate from 25 mm (one inch) diameter steel bars.
  - 2. Fabricate so that rungs will extend at least 100 mm (4 inches) into wall with ends turned 50 mm (2 inches), project out from wall 175 mm (7 inches), be 400 mm (16 inches) wide and be designed so that foot cannot slide off end.
  - 3. Galvanized after fabrication, ASTM A123, G-90 rungs for exterior use and for access to pits.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Set work accurately, in alignment and where shown, plumb, level, free of rack and twist, and set parallel or perpendicular as required to line and plane of surface.
- B. Items set into concrete or masonry.
  - Provide temporary bracing for such items until concrete or masonry is set.
  - 2. Place in accordance with setting drawings and instructions.
  - 3. Build strap anchors, into masonry as work progresses.
- C. Set frames of covers, corner guards, and similar items flush with finish floor or wall surface and, where applicable, flush with side of opening.
- D. Field weld in accordance with AWS.

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- 1. Design and finish as specified for shop welding.
- 2. Use continuous weld unless specified otherwise.
- E. Install anchoring devices and fasteners as shown and as necessary for securing metal fabrications to building construction as specified. Power actuated drive pins may be used except for removable items and where members would be deformed or substrate damaged by their use.
- F. Spot prime all abraded and damaged areas of zinc coating as specified and all abraded and damaged areas of shop prime coat with same kind of paint used for shop priming.
- G. Isolate aluminum from dissimilar metals and from contact with concrete and masonry materials as required to prevent electrolysis and corrosion.
- H. Secure escutcheon plate with set screw.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION OF SUPPORTS

- A. Anchorage to structure.
  - Secure angles or channels and clips to overhead structural steel by continuous welding unless bolting is shown.
  - Secure supports to concrete inserts by bolting or continuous welding as shown.
  - Secure supports to mid height of concrete beams when inserts do not exist with expansion bolts and to slabs, with expansion bolts. unless shown otherwise.
  - 4. Secure steel plate or hat channels to studs as detailed.
- B. Supports for Wall Mounted items:
  - 1. Locate center of support at anchorage point of supported item.
  - 2. Locate support at top and bottom of wall hung cabinets.
  - Locate support at top of floor cabinets and shelving installed against walls.
  - 4. Locate supports where required for items shown.

## 3.9 STEEL LINTELS

- A. Use lintel sizes and combinations shown or specified.
- B. Install lintels with longest leg upstanding, except for openings in 150 mm (6 inch) masonry walls install lintels with longest leg horizontal.
- C. Install lintels to have not less than 150 mm (6 inch) bearing at each end for nonbearing walls, and 200 mm (8 inch) bearing at each end for bearing walls.

### 3.10 SHELF ANGLES

- A. Anchor shelf angles with 19 mm (3/4 inch) bolts unless shown otherwise in adjustable malleable iron inserts, set level at elevation shown.
- B. Provide expansion space at end of members.

### 3.13 LADDERS

- A. Anchor ladders to walls and floors with expansion bolts through turned lugs or angle clips or brackets.
- C. Ladder Rungs:
  - 1. Not Used.
  - 2. Set step portion of rung 150 mm (6 inches) from wall.
  - 3. Space rungs approximately 300 mm (12 inches) on centers.
  - 4. Where only one rung is required, locate it 400 mm (16 inches) above the floor.

### 3.20 CLEAN AND ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust movable parts including hardware to operate as designed without binding or deformation of the members centered in the opening or frame and, where applicable, contact surfaces fit tight and even without forcing or warping the components.
- B. Clean after installation exposed prefinished and plated items and items fabricated from stainless steel, aluminum and copper alloys, as recommended by the metal manufacture and protected from damage until completion of the project.

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## SECTION 06 10 00 ROUGH CARPENTRY

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 DESCRIPTION:

A. This section specifies wood blocking, framing, furring, nailers, subflooring, rough hardware, and light wood construction.

## 1.2 RELATED WORK:

- A. Not Used.
- B. Not Used.
- C. Gypsum sheathing: Section 09 29 00, GYPSUM BOARD.

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS:

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Not Used.
- C. Shop Drawings showing framing connection details, fasteners, connections and dimensions.
- D. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Submit data for lumber, panels, hardware and adhesives.
  - Submit data for wood-preservative treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification from treating plants that treated materials comply with requirements. Indicate type of preservative used and net amount of preservative retained.
  - 3. Submit data for fire retardant treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements. Include physical properties of treated materials based on testing by a qualified independent testing agency.
  - For products receiving a waterborne treatment, submit statement that moisture content of treated materials was reduced to levels specified before shipment to project site.
- E. Manufacturer's certificate for unmarked lumber.

## 1.4 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING:

- A. Protect lumber and other products from dampness both during and after delivery at site.
- B. Pile lumber in stacks in such manner as to provide air circulation around surfaces of each piece.

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- C. Stack plywood and other board products so as to prevent warping.
- D. Locate stacks on well drained areas, supported at least 152 mm (6 inches) above grade and cover with well-ventilated sheds having firmly constructed over hanging roof with sufficient end wall to protect lumber from driving rain.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

A. Installer: A firm with a minimum of three (3) years' experience in the type of work required by this section.

## 1.6 GRADING AND MARKINGS:

A. Any unmarked lumber or plywood panel for its grade and species will not be allowed on VA Construction sites for lumber and material not normally grade marked, provide manufacturer's certificates (approved by an American Lumber Standards approved agency) attesting that lumber and material meet the specified the specified requirements.

### 1.7 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS:

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in the text by basic designation only.
- B. American Forest and Paper Association (AFPA): NDS-15.....National Design Specification for Wood Construction

WCD1-01.....Details for Conventional Wood Frame

## Construction

- C. American Institute of Timber Construction (AITC): A190.1-07.....Structural Glued Laminated Timber
- D. American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME): B18.2.1-12(R2013).....Square and Hex Bolts and Screws B18.2.2-10.....Square and Hex Nuts B18.6.1-81(R2008).....Wood Screws
- E. American Plywood Association (APA): E30-11..... Engineered Wood Construction Guide
- F. ASTM International (ASTM): A653/A653M-13.....Steel Sheet Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot Dip Process C954-11....Steel Drill Screws for the Application of

Gypsum Board or Metal Plaster Bases to Steel

10 - 01 - 17EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades Wagner CBOC Sioux Falls VA Health Care System VA Project #438-21-100WAG Studs from 0.033 inch (2.24 mm) to 0.112-inch (2.84 mm) in thickness C1002-14.....Steel Self-Piercing Tapping Screws for the Application of Gypsum Panel Products or Metal Plaster Bases to Wood Studs or Metal Studs D198-14.....Test Methods of Static Tests of Lumber in Structural Sizes D2344/D2344M-13.....Test Method for Short-Beam Strength of Polymer Matrix Composite Materials and Their Laminates D2559-12a.....Adhesives for Structural Laminated Wood Products for Use Under Exterior (Wet Use) Exposure Conditions D3498-03(R2011).....Adhesives for Field-Gluing Plywood to Lumber Framing for Floor Systems D6108-13.....Test Method for Compressive Properties of Plastic Lumber and Shapes D6109-13.....Test Methods for Flexural Properties of Unreinforced and Reinforced Plastic Lumber and Related Products D6111-13a.....Test Method for Bulk Density and Specific Gravity of Plastic Lumber and Shapes by Displacement D6112-13.....Test Methods for Compressive and Flexural Creep and Creep-Rupture of Plastic Lumber and Shapes F844-07a(R2013).....Washers, Steel, Plan (Flat) Unhardened for General Use F1667-13.....Nails, Spikes, and Staples G. American Wood Protection Association (AWPA): AWPA Book of Standards H. Commercial Item Description (CID): A-A-55615..... and Lag Bolt Self Threading Anchors) I. Forest Stewardship Council (FSC): FSC-STD-01-001(Ver. 4-0)FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship J. Military Specification (Mil. Spec.): MIL-L-19140E.....Lumber and Plywood, Fire-Retardant Treated

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K. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA):
40 CFR 59(2014).....National Volatile Organic Compound Emission Standards for Consumer and Commercial Products
L. Truss Plate Institute (TPI): TPI-85.....Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses
M. U.S. Department of Commerce Product Standard (PS) PS 1-95.....Construction and Industrial Plywood PS 20-10.....American Softwood Lumber Standard
N. ICC Evaluation Service (ICC ES): AC09.....Quality Control of Wood Shakes and Shingles AC174.....Deck Board Span Ratings and Guardrail Systems (Guards and Handrails)

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 LUMBER:

- A. Unless otherwise specified, each piece of lumber must bear grade mark, stamp, or other identifying marks indicating grades of material, and rules or standards under which produced.
  - Identifying marks are to be in accordance with rule or standard under which material is produced, including requirements for qualifications and authority of the inspection organization, usage of authorized identification, and information included in the identification.
  - 2. Inspection agency for lumber approved by the Board of Review, American Lumber Standards Committee, to grade species used.
- B. Structural Members: Species and grade as listed in the AFPA NDS having design stresses as shown.
- C. Lumber Other Than Structural:
  - Unless otherwise specified, species graded under the grading rules of an inspection agency approved by Board of Review, American Lumber Standards Committee.
  - Framing lumber: Minimum extreme fiber stress in bending of 7584 kPa (1100 PSI).
  - 3. Furring, blocking, nailers and similar items 101 mm (4 inches) and narrower Standard Grade; and, members 152 mm (6 inches) and wider, Number 2 Grade.
- D. Sizes:
  - 1. Conforming to PS 20.

- Size references are nominal sizes, unless otherwise specified, actual sizes within manufacturing tolerances allowed by standard under which produced.
- E. Moisture Content:
  - Maximum moisture content of wood products is to be as follows at the time of delivery to site.
    - a. Boards and lumber 50 mm (2 inches) and less in thickness: 19 percent or less.
    - b. Lumber over 50 mm (2 inches) thick: 25 percent or less.
- F. Fire Retardant Treatment:
  - 1. Comply with Mil Spec. MIL-L-19140.
  - Treatment and performance inspection, by an independent and qualified testing agency that establishes performance ratings.
- G. Preservative Treatment:
  - 1. Do not treat Heart Redwood and Western Red Cedar.
  - 2. Treat wood members and plywood exposed to weather or in contact with plaster, masonry or concrete, including framing of open roofed structures; sills, sole plates, furring, and sleepers that are less than 610 mm (24 inches) from ground; nailers, edge strips, blocking, crickets, curbs, cant, vent strips and other members provided in connection with roofing and flashing materials.
  - 3. Treat other members specified as preservative treated (PT).
  - 4. Preservative treat by the pressure method complying with AWPA Book use category system standards U1 and T1, except any process involving the use of Chromated Copper Arsenate (CCA) or other agents classified as carcinogenic for pressure treating wood is not permitted.

# 2.2 NOT USED

## 2.3 PLYWOOD:

- A. Comply with PS 1.
- B. Bear the mark of a recognized association or independent inspection agency that maintains continuing control over quality of plywood which identifies compliance by veneer grade, group number, span rating where applicable, and glue type.
- C. Sheathing:
  - 1. APA rated Exposure 1 or Exterior; panel grade CD or better.
  - 2. Wall sheathing:

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- a. Minimum 9 mm (11/32 inch) thick with supports 406 mm (16 inches) on center and 12 mm (15/32 inch) thick with supports 610 mm (24 inches) on center unless specified otherwise.
- b. Minimum 1200 mm (48 inches) wide at corners without corner bracing of framing.
- Combination subflooring-underlayment under resilient flooring or carpet:
  - a. APA Rated Stud-I-Floor Exterior or Exposure 1, T and G.
  - b. Minimum 15 mm (19/32 inch) thick or greater, span rating 16, for supports at 406 mm (16 inches) on center; 18 mm (23/32 inch) thick or greater, span rating 24, for supports at 610 mm (24 inches) on center.
- c. Minimum 19 mm (3/4-inch) thick or greater, span rating 32, for supports at 812 mm (32 inches) on center; 28 mm (1-1/8 inch) thick, span rating 48 for supports at 1219 mm (48 inches) on center.

#### 2.4 NOT USED

## 2.5 ROUGH HARDWARE AND ADHESIVES:

- A. Anchor Bolts:
  - 1. ASME B18.2.1 and ASME B18.2.2 galvanized, 13 mm (1/2 inch) unless shown otherwise.
  - Extend at least 203 mm (8 inches) into masonry or concrete with ends bent 50 mm (2 inches).
- B. Miscellaneous Bolts: Expansion Bolts: C1D A-A-55615; lag bolt, long enough to extend at least 65 mm (2-1/2 inches) into masonry or concrete. Provide 13 mm (1/2 inch) bolt unless shown otherwise.
- C. Washers
  - 1. ASTM F844.
  - Provide zinc or cadmium coated steel or cast iron for washers exposed to weather.
- D. Screws:
  - 1. Wood to Wood: ASME B18.6.1 or ASTM C1002.
  - 2. Wood to Steel: ASTM C954, or ASTM C1002.
- E. Nails:
  - Size and type best suited for purpose unless noted otherwise. Provide aluminum-alloy nails, plated nails, or zinc-coated nails, for nailing wood work exposed to weather and on roof blocking.

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- 2. ASTM F1667:
  - a. Common: Type I, Style 10.
  - b. Concrete: Type I, Style 11.
  - c. Barbed: Type I, Style 26.
  - d. Underlayment: Type I, Style 25.
  - e. Masonry: Type I, Style 27.
  - f. Provide special nails designed for use with ties, strap anchors, framing connectors, joists hangers, and similar items. Nails not less than 32 mm (1-1/4 inches) long, 8d and deformed or annular ring shank.
- F. Framing and Timber Connectors:
  - Fabricate of ASTM A653/A653M, Grade A; steel sheet not less than
     1.3 mm (0.052 inch) thick unless specified otherwise. Apply standard plating to steel timber connectors after punching, forming and assembly of parts.
  - Framing Angles: Angle designed with bendable legs to provide three (3) way anchors.
  - 3. Straps:
    - a. Designed to provide wind and seismic ties with sizes as shown or specified.
    - b. Strap ties not less than 32 mm (1-1/4 inches) wide.
    - c. Punched for fastener.
- G. Adhesives:
  - 1. For field-gluing plywood to lumber framing floor or roof systems: ASTM D3498.
  - 2. For structural laminated Wood: ASTM D2559.
  - 3. Adhesives to have a VOC content of 70 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, (EPA Method 24).

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION OF FRAMING AND MISCELLANEOUS WOOD MEMBERS:

- A. Conform to applicable requirements of the following:
  - 1. AFPA NDS for timber connectors.
  - 2. Not Used.
  - 3. AFPA WCD1 for nailing and framing unless specified otherwise.
  - 4. APA for installation of plywood or structural use panels.
- B. Fasteners:
  - 1. Nails.

- a. Nail in accordance with the Recommended Nailing Schedule as specified in AFPA WCD1 where detailed nailing requirements are not specified in nailing schedule. Select nail size and nail spacing sufficient to develop adequate strength for the connection without splitting the members.
- b. Use special nails with framing connectors.
- c. For sheathing and subflooring, select length of nails sufficient to extend 25 mm (1 inch) into supports.
- d. Use 8d or larger nails for nailing through 25 mm (1 inch) thick lumber and for toe nailing 50 mm (2 inch) thick lumber.
- e. Use 16d or larger nails for nailing through 50 mm (2 inch) thick lumber.
- f. Select the size and number of nails in accordance with the Nailing Schedule except for special nails with framing anchors.
- g. Nailing Schedule; Using Common Nails:
  - Joist bearing on sill or girder, toe nail three (3) 8d nails or framing anchor.
  - 2) Bridging to joist, toe nail each end two (2) 8d nails.
  - Ledger strip to beam or girder three (3) 16d nails under each joint.
  - 4) Subflooring or Sheathing:
    - a) 152 mm (6 inch) wide or less to each joist face nail two (2) 8d nails.
    - b) Subflooring, more than 152 mm (6 inches) wide, to each stud or joint, face nail three (3) 8d nails.
    - c) Plywood or structural use panel to each stud or joist face nail 8d, at supported edges 152 mm (6 inches) on center and at intermediate supports 254 mm (10 inches) on center. When gluing plywood to joint framing increase nail spacing to 305 mm (12 inches) at supported edges and 508 mm (20 inches) o.c. at intermediate supports.
  - Sole plate to joist or blocking, through sub floor face nail
     20d nails, 406 mm (16 inches) on center.
  - 6) Top plate to stud, end nail two (2) 16d nails.
  - Stud to sole plate, toe nail or framing anchor. Four (4) 8d nails.
  - 8) Doubled studs, face nail 16d at 610 mm (24 inches) on center.

- 9) Built-up corner studs 16d at 610 mm (24 inches) (24 inches) on center.
- 10) Doubled top plates, face nails 16d at 406 mm (16 inches) on center.
- 11) Top plates, laps, and intersections, face nail two (2) 16d.
- 12) Continuous header, two pieces 16d at 406 mm (16 inches) on center along each edge.
- 13) Not Used.
- 14) Continuous header to stud, four (4) 16d.
- 2. Bolts:
  - a. Fit bolt heads and nuts bearing on wood with washers.
  - b. Countersink bolt heads flush with the surface of nailers.
  - c. Embed in concrete and solid masonry or provide expansion bolts. Special bolts or screws designed for anchor to solid masonry or concrete in drilled holes may be used.
  - d. Provide toggle bolts to hollow masonry or sheet metal.
  - e. Provide bolts to steel over 2.84 mm (0.112 inch, 11 gage) in thickness. Secure wood nailers to vertical structural steel members with bolts, placed one at ends of nailer and 610 mm (24 inch) intervals between end bolts. Provide clips to beam flanges.
- 3. Drill Screws to steel less than 2.84 mm (0.112 inch) thick.
  - a. ASTM C1002 for steel less than 0.84 mm (0.033 inch) thick.
  - b. ASTM C954 for steel over 0.84 mm (0.033 inch) thick.
- 4. Power actuated drive pins may be provided where practical to anchor to solid masonry, concrete, or steel.
- 5. Do not anchor to wood plugs or nailing blocks in masonry or concrete. Provide metal plugs, inserts or similar fastening.
- 6. Screws to Join Wood:
  - a. Where shown or option to nails.
  - b. ASTM C1002, sized to provide not less than 25 mm (1 inch) penetration into anchorage member.
  - c. Spaced same as nails.
- C. Not Used.
- D. Cut notch, or bore in accordance with AFPA WCD1 passage of ducts wires, bolts, pipes, conduits and to accommodate other work. Repair or replace miscut, misfit or damaged work.

- E. Blocking Nailers, and Furring:
  - 1. Install furring, blocking, nailers, and grounds where shown.
  - 2. Provide longest lengths practicable.
  - 3. Provide fire retardant treated wood blocking where shown at openings and where shown or specified.
  - 4. Layers of Blocking or Plates:
    - a. Stagger end joints between upper and lower pieces.
    - b. Nail at ends and not over 610 mm (24 inches) between ends.
    - c. Stagger nails from side to side of wood member over 127 mm (5 inches) in width.
- F. Not Used:
- G. Not Used:
- H. Not Used:
- I. Not Used:
- J. Partition and Wall Framing:
  - Provide 50 mm by 101 mm (2 inch by 4 inch) studs spaced 406 mm (16 inches) on centers; unless otherwise indicated on contract documents.
  - 2. Install double studs at openings and triple studs at corners.
  - 3. Installation of sole plate:
    - a. Anchor plates of walls or partitions resting on concrete floors in place with expansion bolts, one (1) near ends of piece and at intermediate intervals of not more than 1219 mm (4 feet) or with power actuated drive pins with threaded ends of suitable type and size, spaced 610 mm (2 feet) on center unless shown otherwise.
    - b. Nail plates to wood framing through subfloor as specified in nailing schedule.
  - 4. Headers or Lintels:
    - a. Make headers for openings of two (2) pieces of 50 mm (2 inch) thick lumber of size shown with plywood filler to finish flush with face of studs or solid lumber of equivalent size.
    - b. Support ends of headers on top of stud cut for height of opening.Spike cut stud to adjacent stud. Spike adjacent stud to header.
  - 5. Provide double top plates, with members lapped at least 610 mm (2-feet) spiked together.
  - Install intermediate cut studs over headers and under sills to maintain uniformity of stud spacing.

- Provide single sill plates at bottom of opening unless otherwise indicated in contract documents. Toe nail to end stud, face nail to intermediate studs.
- Install 50 mm (2 inch) blocking for firestopping so that maximum dimension of any concealed space is not over 2438 mm (8 feet) in accordance with AFPA WCD1.
- 9. Install corner bracing when plywood or structured use panel sheathing is not used.
  - a. Let corner bracing into exterior surfaces of studs at an angle of approximately 45 degrees, extended completely over walls plates, and secured at bearing with two (2) nails.
  - b. Provide 25 mm by 101 mm (1 inch by 4 inch) corner bracing.
- K. Not Used.
- L. Subflooring:
  - 1. Subflooring may be either boards, structural-use panels, or plywood.
  - Lay board subflooring diagonally, with close joints. Stagger end joints and make joints over supports. Bear each board on at least three supports.
  - 3. Not Used.
  - 4. Apply plywood and structural-use panel subflooring with face grain or long dimension at right angles to the supports, with edges 6 mm (1/4 inch) apart at side joints, and 3 mm (1/8 inch) apart at end joints.
  - 5. Combination subfloor-underlayment:
    - a. Space edges 3 mm (1/8 inch) apart.
    - b. Provide a clearance of 6 mm (1/4 inch) at masonry on concrete at walls.
  - 6. Stagger panel end joints and make over support.
- M. Not Used:

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# SECTION 07 21 13 THERMAL INSULATION

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Thermal insulation.
    - Batt or blanket insulation at exterior framed and furred walls.
  - 2. Acoustical insulation.
    - a. Semi-rigid insulation at interior framed partitions.
    - b. Batt and blanket insulation at interior framed partitions .

# 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS: Adhesives VOC Limits.
- B. Section 07 84 00, FIRESTOPPING: Safing Insulation.

# 1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM):

| C516-19       | .Vermiculite Loose Fill Thermal Insulation.     |
|---------------|---|
| C549-18       | .Perlite Loose Fill Insulation.                 |
| C552-17e1     | .Cellular Glass Thermal Insulation.             |
| C553-13(2019) | Mineral Fiber Blanket Thermal Insulation for    |
|               | Commercial and Industrial Applications.         |
| C578-19       | .Rigid, Cellular Polystyrene Thermal Insulation |
| C591-20       | .Unfaced Preformed Rigid Cellular               |
|               | Polyisocyanurate Thermal Insulation.            |
| C612-14(2019) | .Mineral Fiber Block and Board Thermal          |
|               | Insulation.                                     |
| C665-17       | .Mineral-Fiber Blanket Thermal Insulation for   |
|               | Light Frame Construction and Manufactured       |
|               | Housing.  |
| C728-17a      | .Perlite Thermal Insulation Board.              |
| C954-18       | .Steel Drill Screws for the Application of      |
|               | Gypsum Panel Products or Metal Plaster Base to  |
|               |   |

Steel Studs From 0.033 (0.84 mm) inch to 0.112 inch (2.84 mm) in thickness. C1002-18.....Steel Self-Piercing Tapping Screws for Application of Gypsum Panel Products or Metal Plaster Bases to Wood Studs or Steel Studs. D312/D312M-16a.....Asphalt Used in Roofing. E84-20.....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials. F1667-18a.....Driven Fasteners: Nails, Spikes, and Staples.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Submittal Drawings:
  - 1. Show insulation type, thickness, and R-value for each location.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
  - 2. Adhesive indicating manufacturer recommendation for each application.
- D. Sustainable Construction Submittals:
  - Recycled Content: Identify post-consumer and pre-consumer recycled content percentage by weight.
  - 2. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials: Show volatile organic compound types and quantities.

## 1.5 DELIVERY

- A. Deliver products in manufacturer's original sealed packaging.
- B. Mark packaging, legibly. Indicate manufacturer's name or brand, type, production run number, and manufacture date.
- C. Before installation, return or dispose of products within distorted, damaged, or opened packaging.

#### 1.6 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Store products indoors in dry, weathertight facility.
- B. Protect products from damage during handling and construction operations.
- C. Protect foam plastic insulation from UV exposure.

## 1.7 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 INSULATION - GENERAL

- A. Insulation Thickness:
  - 1. Provide thickness required by R-value shown on drawings.
  - 2. Provide thickness indicated when R-value is not shown on drawings.
- B. Insulation Types:
  - 1. Provide one insulation type for each application.
- C. Sustainable Construction Requirements:
  - 1. Insulation Recycled Content:
    - a. Polyisocyanurate/polyurethane rigid foam: 9 percent recovered material.
    - b. Polyisocyanurate/polyurethane foam-in-place: 5 percent recovered material.
    - c. Glass fiber reinforced: 6 percent recovered material.
    - d. Phenolic rigid foam: 5 percent recovered material.
    - e. Rock wool material: 75 percent recovered material.
  - 2. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials: Comply with VOC limits specified in Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS for the following products:
    - a. Non-Flooring Adhesives and Sealants.

#### 2.2 THERMAL INSULATION

- A. Exterior Framing or Furring Insulation:
  - 1. Mineral Fiber: ASTM C665, Type II, Class C, Category I where concealed by thermal barrier.
  - 2. Mineral Fiber: ASTM C665, Type III, Class A at other locations.
- B. Inside Face of Exterior Wall Insulation:
  - 1. Mineral Fiber Board: ASTM C612, Type IB or II.
  - 2. Perlite Board: ASTM C728.
  - 3. Cellular Glass Block: ASTM C552, Type I.

## 2.3 ACOUSTICAL INSULATION

- A. Semi Rigid, Batts and Blankets:
  - 1. Widths and lengths to fit tight against framing.
  - 2. Mineral Fiber Batt or Blankets: ASTM C665 unfaced.
  - 3. Maximum Surface Burning Characteristics: ASTM E84.

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- a. Flame Spread Rating: 25.
- b. Smoke Developed Rating: 450.

#### 2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Fasteners:
  - 1. Staples or Nails: ASTM F1667, zinc-coated, size and type to suit application.
  - 2. Screws: ASTM C954 or ASTM C1002, size and length to suit application with washer minimum 50 mm (2 inches) diameter.
  - Impaling Pins: Steel pins with head minimum 50 mm (2 inches) diameter.
    - a. Length: As required to extend beyond insulation and retain cap washer when washer is placed on pin.
    - b. Adhesive: Type recommended by manufacturer to suit application.
- B. Insulation Adhesive: Nonflammable type recommended by insulation manufacturer to suit application.
- C. Tape: Pressure sensitive adhesive on one face.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for product installation.
- B. Protect existing construction and completed work from damage.
- C. Clean substrates. Remove contaminants capable of affecting subsequently installed product's performance.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

- A. Install products according to manufacturer's instructions and approved submittal drawings.
  - When manufacturer's instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer's Representative consideration.
- B. Install insulation with vapor barrier facing the heated side, unless indicated otherwise.
- C. Install board insulation with joints close and flush, in regular courses, and with end joints staggered.
- D. Install batt and blanket insulation with joints tight. Fill framing voids completely. Seal penetrations, terminations, facing joints, facing cuts, tears, and unlapped joints with tape.

E. Fit insulation tight against adjoining construction and penetrations, unless indicated otherwise.

# 3.3 THERMAL INSULATION

- A. Exterior Framing or Furring Insulation:
  - 1. General:
    - a. Open voids are not acceptable.
    - b. Pack insulation around door frames and windows, in building expansion joints, door soffits, and other voids.
    - c. Pack behind outlets, around pipes, ducts, and services encased in walls.
    - d. Hold insulation in place with pressure sensitive tape.
    - e. Lap facing flanges together over framing for continuous surface.
       Seal penetrations through insulation and facings.
  - Metal Studs: Fasten insulation between metal studs, framing, and furring with pressure sensitive tape continuous along flanged edges.
  - 3. Wood Studs:
    - a. Fasten insulation between wood studs or framing with nails or staples through flanged edges on face of stud.
    - b. Space fastenings maximum 150 mm (six inches) apart.
  - Roof Rafters and Floor Joists: Friction fit insulation between framing to provide minimum 50 mm (2 inch) air space between insulation and roof sheathing and subfloor.
  - 5. Ceilings and Soffits:
    - a. Wood Framing:
      - Fasten blanket insulation between wood framing and joists with nails or staples through flanged edges of insulation.
      - 2) Space fastenings maximum 150 mm (6 inches) on center.
    - b. Metal Framing:
      - Fasten insulation between metal framing with pressure sensitive tape continuous along flanged edges.
      - At metal framing and ceilings suspension systems, install insulation above suspended ceilings and metal framing at right angles to main runners and framing.
      - Tape insulation tightly together without gaps. Cover metal framing members with insulation.
    - c. Ceiling Transitions:

- In areas where suspended ceilings transition to structural ceiling, install blanket or batt insulation.
- Extend insulation from suspended ceiling to underside of structure above.
- Secure blanket and batt with continuous cleats to structure above.
- B. Inside Face of Exterior Wall Insulation:
  - Bond insulation to solid vertical surfaces with adhesive. Fill joints with adhesive cement.
  - Fasten board insulation to face of studs with screws, nails or staples. Space fastenings maximum 300 mm (12 inches) on center. Stagger fasteners at board joints. Install fasteners at each corner.

# 3.4 ACOUSTICAL INSULATION

A. General:

- 1. Install insulation without voids.
- Pack insulation around door frames and windows, in building expansion joints, door soffits, and other voids.
- Pack behind outlets, around pipes, ducts, and services encased in walls.
- 4. Hold insulation in place with pressure sensitive tape.
- Lap facer flanges together over framing for continuous surface. Seal all penetrations through the insulation and facers.
- 6. Do not compress insulation below required thickness except where embedded items prevent required thickness.
- B. Semi Rigid, Batts and Blankets:
  - When insulation is not full thickness of cavity, adhere insulation to one side of cavity, maintaining continuity of insulation and covering penetrations or embedments.
    - a. Wood Framing:
      - Fasten blanket insulation between wood framing and joists with nails or staples through flanged edges of insulation.
      - 2) Space fastenings maximum 150 mm (6 inches) on center.
    - b. Metal Framing:
      - Fasten insulation between metal framing with pressure sensitive tape continuous along flanged edges.

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- At metal framing or ceilings suspension systems, install blanket insulation above suspended ceilings or metal framing at right angles to the main runners or framing.
- Tape insulation tightly together so no gaps occur and metal framing members are covered by insulation.

# 3.5 CLEANING

A. Remove excess adhesive before adhesive sets.

# 3.6 PROTECTION

- A. Protect insulation from construction operations.
- B. Repair damage.

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# SECTION 07 60 00 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

A. Formed sheet metal work for wall and roof flashing, copings, roof edge metal, fasciae, drainage specialties, and formed expansion joint covers are specified in this section.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 07 72 00, ROOF ACCESSORIES: Integral flashing components of manufactured roof specialties and accessories or equipment.
- B. Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS: Joint Sealants.
- C. Section 09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES: Color of factory coated exterior architectural metal and anodized aluminum items.
- D. Section 09 91 00, PAINTING: Paint materials and application.
- E. Division 22, PLUMBING: Integral flashing components of manufactured roof specialties and accessories or equipment.
- F. Division 23 HVAC: Integral flashing components of manufactured roof specialties and accessories or equipment.

## 1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only. Editions of applicable publications current on date of issue of bidding documents apply unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Aluminum Association (AA): AA-C22A41.....Aluminum Chemically etched medium matte, with clear anodic coating, Class I Architectural, 0.7-mil thick
  - AA-C22A42.....Chemically etched medium matte, with integrally colored anodic coating, Class I Architectural, 0.7 mils thick
  - AA-C22A44.....Chemically etched medium matte with electrolytically deposited metallic compound, integrally colored coating Class I Architectural, 0.7-mil thick finish

01 - 01 - 21EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades Wagner CBOC Sioux Falls VA Health Care System VA Project #438-21-100WAG C. American National Standards Institute/Single-Ply Roofing Institute/Factory Mutual (ANSI/SPRI/FM): 4435/ES-1-11......Wind Design Standard for Edge Systems Used with Low Slope Roofing Systems D. American Architectural Manufacturers Association (AAMA): AAMA 620-02.....Voluntary Specification for High Performance Organic Coatings on Coil Coated Architectural Aluminum AAMA 621-02.....Voluntary Specification for High Performance Organic Coatings on Coil Coated Architectural Hot Dipped Galvanized (HDG) and Zinc-Aluminum Coated Steel Substrates E. ASTM International (ASTM): A240/A240M-20.....Standard Specification for Chromium and Chromium-Nickel Stainless Steel Plate, Sheet and Strip for Pressure Vessels and for General Applications. A653/A653M-20.....Steel Sheet Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc Alloy Coated (Galvanized) by the Hot- Dip Process B32-08(2014).....Solder Metal B209-14.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate B370-12(2019).....Copper Sheet and Strip for Building Construction D173/D173M-03(2018).....Bitumen-Saturated Cotton Fabrics Used in Roofing and Waterproofing D412-16.....Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers-Tension D1187/D1187M-97(2018)...Asphalt Base Emulsions for Use as Protective Coatings for Metal D1784-20......Rigid Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Compounds and Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Compounds D3656/D3656M-13.....Insect Screening and Louver Cloth Woven from Vinyl-Coated Glass Yarns D4586/D4586M-07(2018)...Asphalt Roof Cement, Asbestos Free

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- F. Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association (SMACNA): Architectural Sheet Metal Manual.
- G. National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers (NAAMM): AMP 500-06.....Metal Finishes Manual
- H. Federal Specification (Fed. Spec):

A-A-1925A......Shield, Expansion; (Nail Anchors)

UU-B-790A.....Building Paper, Vegetable Fiber

I. International Code Commission (ICC): International Building Code, Current Edition

#### 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Wind Uplift Forces: Resist the following forces per FM Approvals 1-49:
  - Wind Zone 3: 1.48 to 2.15 kPa (31 to 45 pound force/square foot):
     4.31-kPa (90 pound force/square foot) perimeter uplift force, 5.74kPa (120 pound force/square foot) corner uplift force, and 2.15-kPa (45 pound force/square foot) outward force.
- B. Wind Design Standard: Fabricate and install copings roof-edge flashings tested per ANSI/SPRI/FM ES-1 to resist design pressure..

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Shop Drawings: For all specified items, including:
  - 1. Flashings
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data: For all specified items, including:
  - 1. Two-piece counterflashing
  - 2. Thru wall flashing
  - 3. Expansion joint cover, each type
  - 4. Nonreinforced, elastomeric sheeting
- D. Certificates: Indicating compliance with specified finishing requirements, from applicator and contractor.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL MATERIALS

- A. Stainless Steel: ASTM A240, Type 302B, dead soft temper.
- B. Aluminum Sheet: ASTM B209, alloy 3003-H14 except alloy used for color anodized aluminum shall be as required to produce specified color. Alloy required to produce specified color shall have the same structural properties as alloy 3003-H14.
- C. Galvanized Sheet: ASTM, A653.

D. Nonreinforced, Elastomeric Sheeting: Elastomeric substances reduced to thermoplastic state and extruded into continuous homogenous sheet (0.056 inch) thick. Sheeting shall have not less than 7 MPa (1,000 psi) tensile strength and not more than seven percent tension-set at 50 percent elongation when tested in accordance with ASTM D412. Sheeting shall show no cracking or flaking when bent through 180 degrees over a 1 mm (1/32 inch) diameter mandrel and then bent at same point over same size mandrel in opposite direction through 360 degrees at temperature of  $-30^{\circ}$ C (-20 °F).

#### 2.2 FLASHING ACCESSORIES

- A. Solder: ASTM B32; flux type and alloy composition as required for use with metals to be soldered.
- B. Rosin Paper: Fed-Spec. UU-B-790, Type I, Grade D, Style 1b, Rosin-sized sheathing paper, weighing approximately 3 Kg/10 m<sup>2</sup> ( 6 pounds/100 square feet).
- C. Bituminous Paint: ASTM D1187, Type I.
- D. Fasteners:
  - Use copper, copper alloy, bronze, brass, or stainless steel for copper and copper clad stainless steel, and stainless steel for stainless steel and aluminum alloy. Use galvanized steel or stainless steel for galvanized steel.
  - 2. Nails:
    - a. Minimum diameter for copper nails: 3 mm (0.109 inch).
    - b. Minimum diameter for aluminum nails 3 mm (0.105 inch).
    - c. Minimum diameter for stainless steel nails: 2 mm (0.095 inch) and annular threaded.
    - d. Length to provide not less than 22 mm (7/8 inch) penetration into anchorage.
  - 3. Rivets: Not less than 3 mm (1/8 inch) diameter.
  - 4. Expansion Shields: Fed Spec A-A-1925A.
- E. Sealant: As specified in Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS for exterior locations.
- F. Insect Screening: ASTM D3656, 18 by 18 regular mesh.
- G. Roof Cement: ASTM D4586.

#### 2.3 SHEET METAL THICKNESS

- A. Except as otherwise shown or specified use thickness or weight of sheet metal as follows:
- B. Concealed Locations (Built into Construction):
  - 1. Stainless steel: 0.25 mm (0.010 inch) thick.
  - 2. Galvanized steel: 0.5 mm (0.021 inch) thick.
- C. Exposed Locations:
  - 1. Stainless steel: 0.4 mm (0.015 inch).
- D. Thickness of aluminum or galvanized steel is specified with each item.

#### 2.4 FABRICATION, GENERAL

- A. Jointing:
  - In general, copper, stainless steel and copper clad stainless steel joints, except expansion and contraction joints, shall be locked and soldered.
  - Jointing of copper over 0.5 Kg (20 oz) weight or stainless steel over 0.45 mm (0.018 inch) thick shall be done by lapping, riveting and soldering.
  - 3. Joints shall conform to following requirements:
    - a. Flat-lock joints shall finish not less than 19 mm (3/4 inch) wide.
    - b. Lap joints subject to stress shall finish not less than 25 mm (one inch) wide and shall be soldered and riveted.
    - c. Unsoldered lap joints shall finish not less than 100 mm (4 inches) wide.
  - 4. Flat and lap joints shall be made in direction of flow.
  - 5. Soldering:
    - a. Wire brush to produce a bright surface before soldering lead coated copper.
    - b. Treat in accordance with metal producers recommendations other sheet metal required to be soldered.
    - c. Completely remove acid and flux after soldering is completed.
- B. Cleats:
  - Fabricate cleats to secure flashings and sheet metal work over 300 mm (12 inches) wide and where specified.
  - Provide cleats for maximum spacing of 300 mm (12 inch) centers unless specified otherwise.

- 3. Form cleats of same metal and weights or thickness as the sheet metal being installed unless specified otherwise.
- 4. Fabricate cleats from 50 mm (2 inch) wide strip. Form end with not less than 19 mm (3/4 inch) wide loose lock to item for anchorage. Form other end of length to receive nails free of item to be anchored and end edge to be folded over and cover nail heads.
- C. Edge Strips or Continuous Cleats:
  - Fabricate continuous edge strips where shown and specified to secure loose edges of the sheet metal work.
  - Except as otherwise specified, fabricate edge strips or minimum 1.25 mm (0.050 inch) thick aluminum.
  - 3. Use material compatible with sheet metal to be secured by the edge strip.
  - Fabricate in 3000 mm (10 feet) maximum lengths with not less than 19 mm (3/4 inch) loose lock into metal secured by edge strip.
  - 5. Fabricate Strips for fascia anchorage to extend below the supporting wood construction to form a drip and to allow the flashing to be hooked over the lower edge at least 19 mm (3/4-inch).
  - Fabricate anchor edge maximum width of 75 mm (3 inches) or of sufficient width to provide adequate bearing area to insure a rigid installation using 1.6 mm (0.0625 inch) thick aluminum.
- D. Drips:
  - Form drips at lower edge of sheet metal counter-flashings (cap flashings), fascias, gravel stops, wall copings, by folding edge back 13 mm (1/2 inch) and bending out 45 degrees from vertical to carry water away from the wall.
  - Form drip to provide hook to engage cleat or edge strip for fastening for not less than 19 mm (3/4 inch) loose lock where shown.
- E. Edges:
  - Finish exposed edges of flashing with a 6 mm (1/4 inch) hem formed by folding edge of flashing back on itself when not hooked to edge strip or cleat. Use 6 mm (1/4 inch) minimum penetration beyond wall face with drip for through-wall flashing exposed edge.
  - All metal roof edges shall meet requirements of IBC, current edition.
- F. Metal Options:

- Where options are permitted for different metals use only one metal throughout.
- Stainless steel may be used in concealed locations for fasteners of other metals exposed to view.

## 2.5 FINISHES

- A. Use same finish on adjacent metal or components and exposed metal surfaces unless specified or shown otherwise.
- B. In accordance with NAAMM Metal Finishes Manual AMP 500, unless otherwise specified.
- C. Finish exposed metal surfaces as follows, unless specified otherwise:
  - 1. Stainless Steel: Finish No. 2B or 2D.
  - 2. Aluminum:
    - a. Clear Finish: AA-C22A41 medium matte, clear anodic coating, Class1 Architectural, 18 mm (0.7 mils) thick.
    - b. Colored Finish: AA-C22A42 (anodized) or AA-C22A44 (electrolytically deposited metallic compound) medium matte, integrally colored coating, Class 1 Architectural, 18 mm (0.7 mils) thick. Dyes will not be accepted.
    - c. Fluorocarbon Finish: AAMA 620, high performance organic coating.
    - d. Mill finish.
  - 3. Steel and Galvanized Steel:
    - a. Finish painted under Section 09 91 00, PAINTING unless specified as prefinished item.
    - b. Manufacturer's finish:
      - 1) Baked on prime coat over a phosphate coating.
      - 2) Baked-on prime and finish coat over a phosphate coating.
      - Fluorocarbon Finish: AAMA 621, high performance organic coating.

#### 2.6 COUNTERFLASHING (CAP FLASHING OR HOODS)

- A. Either copper or stainless steel, unless specified otherwise.
- B. Fabricate to lap base flashing a minimum of 100 mm (4 inches) with drip:
  - 1. Form lock seams for outside corners. Allow for lap joints at ends and inside corners.
  - In general, form flashing in lengths not less than 2400 mm (8 feet) and not more than 3000 mm (10 feet).

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- 3. Two-piece, lock in type flashing may be used in-lieu-of one piece counter-flashing.
- 4. Manufactured assemblies may be used.
- 5. Where counterflashing is installed at new work use an integral flange at the top designed to be extended into the masonry joint or reglet in concrete.
- Where counterflashing is installed at existing work use surface applied type, formed to provide a space for the application of sealant at the top edge.
- C. One-piece Counterflashing:
  - 1. Back edge turned up and fabricate to lock into reglet in concrete.
  - Upper edge formed to extend full depth of masonry unit in mortar joint with back edge turned up 6 mm (1/4 inch).
- D. Two-Piece Counterflashing:
  - Receiver to extend into masonry wall depth of masonry unit with back edge turned up 6 mm (1/4 inch) and exposed edge designed to receive and lock counterflashing upper edge when inserted.
  - 2. Counterflashing upper edge designed to snap lock into receiver.
- E. Surface Mounted Counterflashing; one or two piece:
  - Use at existing or new surfaces where flashing cannot be inserted in vertical surface.
  - 2. One piece fabricate upper edge folded double for 65 mm (2 1/2 inches) with top 19 mm (3/4 inch) bent out to form "V" joint sealant pocket with vertical surface. Perforate flat double area against vertical surface with horizontally slotted fastener holes at 400 mm (16 inch) centers between end holes. Option: One piece surface mounted counter-flashing (cap flashing) may be used. Fabricate as detailed on Plate 51 of SMACNA Architectural Sheet Metal Manual.
  - 3. Two pieces: Fabricate upper edge to lock into surface mounted receiver. Fabricate receiver joint sealant pocket on upper edge and lower edge to receive counterflashing, with slotted fastener holes at 400 mm (16 inch) centers between upper and lower edge.
- F. Pipe Counterflashing:
  - Form flashing for water-tight umbrella with upper portion against pipe to receive a draw band and upper edge to form a "V" joint sealant receiver approximately 19 mm (3/4 inch) deep.
  - 2. Fabricate 100 mm (4 inch) over lap at end.

- 3. Fabricate draw band of same metal as counter flashing. Use 0.6 Kg (24 oz) copper or 0.33 mm (0.013 inch) thick stainless steel or copper coated stainless steel.
- 4. Use stainless steel bolt on draw band tightening assembly.
- 5. Vent pipe counter flashing may be fabricated to omit draw band and turn down 25 mm (one inch) inside vent pipe.
- G. Where vented edge decks intersect vertical surfaces, form in one piece, shape to slope down to a point level with and in front of edge-set notched plank; then, down vertically, overlapping base flashing.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

A. General:

- Install flashing and sheet metal items as shown in Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association, Inc., publication, ARCHITECTURAL SHEET METAL MANUAL, except as otherwise shown or specified.
- 2. Apply Sealant as specified in Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.
- Apply sheet metal and other flashing material to surfaces which are smooth, sound, clean, dry and free from defects that might affect the application.
- 4. Remove projections which would puncture the materials and fill holes and depressions with material compatible with the substrate. Cover holes or cracks in wood wider than 6 mm (1/4 inch) with sheet metal compatible with the roofing and flashing material used.
- Confine direct nailing of sheet metal to strips 300 mm (12 inch) or less wide. Nail flashing along one edge only. Space nail not over 100 mm (4 inches) on center unless specified otherwise.
- 6. Install bolts, rivets, and screws where indicated, specified, or required in accordance with the SMACNA Sheet Metal Manual. Space rivets at 75 mm (3 inch) on centers in two rows in a staggered position. Use neoprene washers under fastener heads when fastener head is exposed.
- 7. Coordinate with roofing work for the installation of metal base flashings and other metal items having roof flanges for anchorage and watertight installation.

- Nail continuous cleats on 75 mm (3 inch) on centers in two rows in a staggered position.
- Nail individual cleats with two nails and bend end tab over nail heads. Lock other end of cleat into hemmed edge.
- 10. Install flashings in conjunction with other trades so that flashings are inserted in other materials and joined together to provide a water tight installation.
- 11. Where required to prevent galvanic action between dissimilar metal isolate the contact areas of dissimilar metal with sheet lead, waterproof building paper, or a coat of bituminous paint.
- 12. Isolate aluminum in contact with dissimilar metals others than stainless steel, white bronze or other metal compatible with aluminum by:
  - a. Paint dissimilar metal with a prime coat of zinc-chromate or other suitable primer, followed by two coats of aluminum paint.
  - b. Paint dissimilar metal with a coat of bituminous paint.
  - c. Apply an approved caulking material between aluminum and dissimilar metal.
- 13. Paint aluminum in contact with absorptive materials that may become repeatedly wet with two coats of bituminous paint or two coats of aluminum paint.

#### 3.2 BASE FLASHING

- A. Install where roof membrane type base flashing is not used and where shown.
  - Install flashing at intersections of roofs with vertical surfaces or at penetrations through roofs, to provide watertight construction.
  - 2. Secure flange by nailing through roofing into wood blocking with nails spaced 75 mm (3 inch) on centers or, when flange over 100 mm (4 inch) wide terminate in a 13 mm (1/2 inch) folded edge anchored with cleats spaced 200 mm (8 inch) on center. Secure one end of cleat over nail heads. Lock other end into the seam.
- B. For long runs of base flashings install in lengths of not less than 2400 mm (8 feet) nor more than 3000 mm (ten feet). Install a 75 mm (3 inch) wide slip type, loose lock expansion joint filled with sealant in joints of base flashing sections over 2400 mm (8 feet) in length. Lock and solder corner joints at corners.

C. Extend base flashing up under counter flashing of roof specialties and accessories or equipment not less than 75 mm (3 inch).

# 3.3 COUNTERFLASHING (CAP FLASHING OR HOODS)

- A. General:
  - Install counterflashing over and in conjunction with installation of base flashings, except as otherwise specified or shown.
  - Install counterflashing to lap base flashings not less than 100 mm (4 inch).
  - Install upper edge or top of counterflashing not less than 225 mm (9 inch) above top of the roofing.
  - 4. Lap joints not less than 100 mm (4 inch). Stagger joints with relation to metal base flashing joints.
  - Use surface applied counterflashing on existing surfaces and new work where not possible to integrate into item.
- B. One Piece Counterflashing:
  - 1. Where flashing is surface mounted on flat surfaces.
    - a. When top edge is double folded anchor flat portion below sealant"V" joint with fasteners spaced not over 400 mm (16 inch) on center:
      - 1) Use screws to sheet metal or wood.
    - b. Fill joint at top with sealant.
  - 2. Where flashing or hood is mounted on pipe.
    - a. Secure with draw band tight against pipe.
    - b. Set hood and secure to pipe with a one by 25 mm x 3 mm (1 x 1/8 inch) bolt on stainless steel draw band type clamp, or a stainless worm gear type clamp.
    - c. Completely fill joint at top with sealant.
- C. Two-Piece Counterflashing:
  - 1. Surface applied type receiver:
    - a. Secure to face construction in accordance, with manufacturers' instructions.
    - b. Completely fill space at the top edge of receiver with sealant.
  - Insert counter flashing in receiver in accordance with fabricator or manufacturer's instructions and to fit tight against base flashing.
- D. Where vented edge occur install so lower edge of counterflashing is against base flashing.

E. When counter flashing is a component of other flashing install as shown.

# 3.4 COPINGS

- A. General:
  - On walls topped with a wood plank, install a continuous edge strip on the front and rear edge of the plank. Lock the coping to the edge strip with a 19 mm (3/4 inch) loose lock seam.
  - 2. Where shown turn down roof side of coping and extend down over base flashing as specified for counter-flashing. Secure counter-flashing to lock strip in coping at continuous cleat.
  - Install ends adjoining existing construction so as to form space for installation of sealants. Sealant is specified in Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.
- B. Aluminum Coping:
  - 1. Install with 6 mm (1/4 inch) joint between ends of coping sections.
  - 2. Install joint covers, centered at each joint, and securely lock in place.

## 3.5 ENGINE EXHAUST PIPE OR STACK FLASHING

- A. Set collar where shown and secure roof tabs or flange of collar to structural deck with 13 mm (1/2 inch) diameter bolts.
- B. Set flange of sleeve base flashing not less than 100 mm (4 inch) beyond collar on all sides as specified for base flashing.
- C. Install hood to above the top of the sleeve 50 mm (2 inch) and to extend from sleeve same distance as space between collar and sleeve beyond edge not sleeve:
  - Install insect screen to fit between bottom edge of hood and side of sleeve.
  - Set collar of hood in high temperature sealant and secure with one by 3 mm (1/8 inch) bolt on stainless steel draw band type, or stainless steel worm gear type clamp. Install sealant at top of head.

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## SECTION 07 72 00 ROOF ACCESSORIES

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

A. This section specifies roof hatches.

## 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 07 21 13, THERMAL INSULATION: General insulation.
- B. Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS: Sealant material and installation.
- C. Section 09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES: Color and texture of finish.

#### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Provide roof accessories that are the products of manufacturers regularly engaged in producing the kinds of products specified.
- B. For each accessory type provide the same product made by the same manufacturer.
- C. Assemble each accessory to the greatest extent possible before delivery to the site.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Samples: Submit representative sample panel of color anodized aluminum not less than 101 x 101 mm (4 x 4 inches). For extrusions, submit width not less than section to be installed. Show coating with integral color and texture and include manufacturer's identifying label.
- C. Shop Drawings: Each item specified showing design, details of construction, installation and fastenings.
- D. Manufacturer's Literature and Data: Each item specified.
- E. Certificates: Stating that aluminum has been given specified thickness of anodizing.

## 1.5 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extend referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM): A653/A653M-20.....Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) By the Hot-Dip Process

01 - 01 - 21EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades Wagner CBOC Sioux Falls VA Health Care System VA Project #438-21-100WAG B209-14.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate B209M-14.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate (Metric) B221-14.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Shapes, and Tubes B221M-13.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Shapes, and Tubes (Metric) C726-17.....Mineral Wool Roof Insulation Board C1289-19.....Faced Rigid Cellular Polyisocyanurate Thermal Insulation Board D1187/D1187M-97(2018)...Asphalt-Base Emulsions for Use as Protective Coatings for Metal C. National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers (NAAMM): AMP 500-06 Series.....Metal Finishes Manual D. American Architectural Manufacturers Association (AAMA): 2603-20..... Performance Requirements and Test Procedures for Pigmented Organic Coatings on Aluminum Extrusions and Panels (with Coil Coating Appendix). 2605-20..... Performance Requirements and Test Procedures for Superior Performing Organic Coatings on Architectural Extrusions and Panels (with Coil Coating Appendix). 611-14..... Anodized Architectural Aluminum Coated Architectural Hot Dipped Galvanized (HDG) and Zinc-Aluminum Coated Steel Substrates E. American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE): ASCE/SEI 7-16......Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures F. U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Standards (OSHA): 29 CFR 1910 Subpart D... Walking-Working Surfaces (1910.21-1910.30) PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Aluminum, Extruded: ASTM B221M (B221).
- B. Aluminum Sheet: ASTM B209M (B209).

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- C. Galvanized Sheet Steel: ASTM A653/A653M; G-90 coating.
- D. Asphalt Coating: ASTM D1187/D1187M, Type I, quick setting.

# 2.2 ROOF HATCH (SCUTTLE)

- A. Performance Characteristics:
  - Cover to be reinforced to support a minimum live load of 195 kilogram per square meter (40 pounds per square foot) with a maximum deflection of 1/150th of the span or 97 kilogram per square meter (20 pounds per square foot) wind uplift.
  - 2. Operation of the Cover: Smooth and easy with controlled operation throughout the entire arc of opening and closing.
  - 3. Operation of the Cover: Not affected by temperature.
  - 4. Entire Hatch: Weathertight with fully welded corner joints on cover and curb.
- B. Shop fabricate from aluminum with mill finish.
- C. Curb and Cover:
  - 1. Exterior facing: Minimum 2.3 mm (0.09 inch) thick sheet aluminum with mill finish.
  - 2. Interior facing: Minimum 1 mm (0.04 inch) thick sheet aluminum.
  - 3. Minimum of 50 mm (2 inch) thick polyisocyanurate insulation (ASTM C1289) with a U-value = 0.47 W/mK (R-value = 12) between facings of cover and over exterior face of curb.
  - Form exterior curb facing with an integral 76 mm (3 inch) wide roof flange and cap flashing minimum 2.3 mm (0.09 inch) thick sheet aluminum.
  - 5. Make curb 305 mm (12 inches) above finish roof surface.
  - 6. Form cover to lap curb and cap flashing.
  - 7. Size opening as shown on construction documents.
  - 8. Finish: color white.
- D. Hardware:
  - Provide spring snap latch with inside and outside operating handles and padlock hasp on inside. Provide two snap latches when hinge side is over 2100 mm (7 feet) long. Bolt hardware into heavy gauge channel reinforcement welded to the underside of the cover and concealed within the insulation space.
  - 2. Provide heavy duty pintle hinges.
  - Provide automatic hold open and operating arm with enclosed torsion or compression spring lifting mechanism.

- 4. Latch Strike: Stamped component bolted or welded to the curb assembly.
- 5. Automatically lock in the open position at not less than 70 degrees.
- 6. Provide weather stripping at cover closure.
- 7. Galvanize all hardware items.
- E. Assembly:
  - 1. Shop assemble roof scuttle.
  - 2. Weld joints exposed to the weather and built into the roofing.
  - 3. Finish weld smooth where exposed.
- F. Safety Accessories:
  - Ladder Assist Post: Provide a telescoping tubular section that locks automatically when fully extended. Control upward and downward movement by a stainless steel spring balancing mechanism. Provide unit completely assembled with fasteners for securing to the ladder rungs in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
  - 2. Safety Railing: Provide a fixed, attached to the roof hatch railing assembly including rails, clamps, fasteners, safety barrier at railing opening, and accessories required for a complete installation; complying with 29 CFR 1910.23 requirements.

#### 2.3 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

- A. Supported Load Capacity:..
- B. Fabricate equipment supports from 1.3 mm (0.0516 inch) thick galvanized ASTM A653/A653M steel fabricate with welded corners and with seams joined by continuous water and air tight welds.
- C. Equipment supports to be internally reinforced with angles 1.22 m (48 inches) on center.
- D. Form exterior curb with integral base, and deck closures for curbs installed on steel decking.
- E. Use galvanized steel liners for curbs having inside dimension over 305 mm (12 inches).
- F. Internally insulate with 38 mm (1-1/2 inch) glass-fiber board insulation (ASTM C726).
- G. Fabricate curb with a minimum height of 203 mm (8 inches) above roof surface.
- H. Attach preservative treated wood nailers to top of curb. Provide 50 mm(2 inch) by 50 mm (2 inch) minimum nominal size on curb with openings

and 50 mm (2 inch) thick, width of curb up to 305 mm (12 inches) on equipment support curbs.

- I. Make size of supports suit size of equipment furnished, with height as shown on construction documents, but not less than 203 mm (8 inches) above roof surface.
- J. Top of Equipment Supports: Level with pitch built into curb when deck slopes. Equip supports with water diverter or cricket on side that obstructs water flow.
- K. Finish: color white.

# 2.4 FINISH:

- A. In accordance with NAAMM AMP 500 Series.
- B. Aluminum, Mill Finish: AA-MIX, as fabricated.
- C. Aluminum, Clear Finish AAMA 611: AA-M12C22A41 medium matte, clear anodic coating, Class I, Architectural, 0.018 mm (0.7 mils) thick (min.) . AA-M12C22A31 Class II, Architectural, 0.010 mm (0.4 mils) thick (min.).
- D. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: AAMA 2603 except with a minimum dry film thickness of 0.04 mm (1.5 mils). Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, conversion coating, and applying and baking finish.
- E. Fluoropolymer Finish: High performance organic coating. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturer's written instructions.
  - Two-Coat Fluoropolymer Finish: AAMA 2605. System consisting of primer and fluoropolymer color topcoat containing not less than 70 percent PVDF resin by weight.
  - Two-Coat Fluoropolymer Finish: AAMA 621. System consisting of primer and fluoropolymer color topcoat containing not less than 70 percent PVDF resin by weight.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install roof specialties where indicated on construction documents.
- B. Secure with fasteners in accordance with manufacture's printed installation instructions and approved shop drawings unless shown otherwise.

- C. Coordinate to install insulation where shown; see Section 07 21 13, THERMAL INSULATION.
- D. Comply with section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS to install sealants where required by manufactures installation instructions require sealant.
- E. Coordinate with roofing work for installation of items in sequence to prevent water infiltration.
  - After completion of base flashing bend down cap flashing flange and secure to blocking with screws.
  - 2. Install expansion joint cover with 6 mm (1/4 inch) wide space at end joints and tension bars at 610 mm (24 inches) on center.
  - Install cover plates with formed aluminum flashing concealed and centered on joint. Flashing to lap cover not less than 101 mm (4 inches).
- F. Equipment Supports: Do not anchor to insulating concrete or metal deck. Anchor only to building structure as per manufacturers recommendations.

## 3.2 PROTECTION OF ALUMINUM

- A. Provide protection for aluminum against galvanic action wherever dissimilar materials are in contact, by painting the contact surfaces of the dissimilar material with two (2) coats of asphalt coating (complete coverage), or by separating the contact surfaces with a preformed neoprene tape having pressure sensitive adhesive coating on side.
- B. Paint aluminum in contact with wood, concrete and masonry, or other absorptive materials, that may become repeatedly wet, with two coats of asphalt coating.

# 3.3 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust roof hatch hardware to operate freely and so that cover will operate without binding, close tightly at perimeter, and latch securely.

## 3.4 PROTECTION

A. Protect roof accessories from damage during installation and after completion of the work from subsequent construction.

- - - E N D - - -

## SECTION 07 84 00 FIRESTOPPING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Provide UL or equivalent approved firestopping system for the closures of openings in walls, floors, and roof decks against penetration of flame, heat, and smoke or gases in fire resistant rated construction.
- B. Provide UL or equivalent approved firestopping system for the closure of openings in walls against penetration of gases or smoke in smoke partitions.

### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS: Sealants and application.
- B. Section 23 31 00, HVAC DUCTS AND CASINGS: Fire and smoke damper assemblies in ductwork.
- C. Section 23 37 00, AIR OUTLETS AND INLETS: Fire and smoke damper assemblies in ductwork.

## 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Installer qualifications.
- C. Inspector qualifications.
- D. Manufacturers literature, data, and installation instructions for types of firestopping and smoke stopping used.
- E. List of FM, UL, or WH classification number of systems installed.
- F. Certified laboratory test reports for ASTM E814 tests for systems not listed by FM, UL, or WH proposed for use.
- G. Submit certificates from manufacturer attesting that firestopping materials comply with the specified requirements.

### 1.4 DELIVERY AND STORAGE

- A. Deliver materials in their original unopened containers with manufacturer's name and product identification.
- B. Store in a location providing protection from damage and exposure to the elements.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. FM, UL, or WH or other approved laboratory tested products will be acceptable.

- B. Installer Qualifications: A firm that has been approved by FM Global according to FM Global 4991 or been evaluated by UL and found to comply with UL's "Qualified Firestop Contractor Program Requirements." Submit qualification data.
- C. Inspector Qualifications: Contractor to engage a qualified inspector to perform inspections and final reports. The inspector to meet the criteria contained in ASTM E699 for agencies involved in quality assurance and to have a minimum of two years' experience in construction field inspections of firestopping systems, products, and assemblies. The inspector to be completely independent of, and divested from, the Contractor, the installer, the manufacturer, and the supplier of material or item being inspected. Submit inspector qualifications.

### 1.6 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM): E84-20.....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials E699-16..... Standard Specification for Agencies Involved in Testing, Quality Assurance, and Evaluating of Manufactured Building Components E814-13a(2017).....Fire Tests of Penetration Firestop Systems E2174-20a.....Standard Practice for On-Site Inspection of Installed Firestop Systems E2393-20.....Standard Practice for On-Site Inspection of Installed Fire Resistive Joint Systems and Perimeter Fire Barriers C. FM Global (FM): Annual Issue Approval Guide Building Materials 4991-13..... Approval of Firestop Contractors D. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL): Annual Issue Building Materials Directory E. Annual Issue Fire Resistance Directory 723-Edition 11(2018)....Standard for Test for Surface Burning
  - Characteristics of Building Materials 1479-04(2015).....Fire Tests of Penetration Firestops

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- F. Intertek Testing Services Warnock Hersey (ITS-WH): Annual Issue Certification Listings
- G. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA): 40 CFR 59(2014).....National Volatile Organic Compound Emission

Standards for Consumer and Commercial Products

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 FIRESTOP SYSTEMS

- A. Provide either factory built (Firestop Devices) or field erected (through-Penetration Firestop Systems) to form a specific building system maintaining required integrity of the fire barrier and stop the passage of gases or smoke. Firestop systems to accommodate building movements without impairing their integrity.
- B. Through-penetration firestop systems and firestop devices tested in accordance with ASTM E814 or UL 1479 using the "F" or "T" rating to maintain the same rating and integrity as the fire barrier being sealed. "T" ratings are not required for penetrations smaller than or equal to 101 mm (4 inches) nominal pipe or 0.01 square meter (16 square inches) in overall cross sectional area.
- C. Firestop sealants used for firestopping or smoke sealing to have the following properties:
  - 1. Contain no flammable or toxic solvents.
  - Release no dangerous or flammable out gassing during the drying or curing of products.
  - 3. Water-resistant after drying or curing and unaffected by high humidity, condensation or transient water exposure.
  - When installed in exposed areas, capable of being sanded and finished with similar surface treatments as used on the surrounding wall or floor surface.
- D. Firestopping system or devices used for penetrations by glass pipe, plastic pipe or conduits, unenclosed cables, or other non-metallic materials to have following properties:
  - Classified for use with the particular type of penetrating material used.
  - Penetrations containing loose electrical cables, computer data cables, and communications cables protected using firestopping systems that allow unrestricted cable changes without damage to the seal.

- E. Maximum flame spread of 25 and smoke development of 50 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84 or UL 723. Material to be an approved firestopping material as listed in UL Fire Resistance Directory or by a nationally recognized testing laboratory.
- F. FM, UL, or WH rated or tested by an approved laboratory in accordance with ASTM E814.
- G. Materials to be nontoxic and noncarcinogen at all stages of application or during fire conditions and to not contain hazardous chemicals. Provide firestop material that is free from Ethylene Glycol, PCB, MEK, and asbestos.
- H. For firestopping exposed to view, traffic, moisture, and physical damage, provide products that do not deteriorate when exposed to these conditions.
  - For piping penetrations for plumbing and wet-pipe sprinkler systems, provide moisture-resistant through-penetration firestop systems.
  - 2. For floor penetrations with annular spaces exceeding 101 mm (4 inches) or more in width and exposed to possible loading and traffic, provide firestop systems capable of supporting the floor loads involved either by installing floor plates or by other means acceptable to the firestop manufacturer.
  - 3. For penetrations involving insulated piping, provide throughpenetration firestop systems not requiring removal of insulation.

#### 2.2 SMOKE STOPPING IN SMOKE PARTITIONS

- A. Provide silicone sealant in smoke partitions as specified in Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.
- B. Provide mineral fiber filler and bond breaker behind sealant.
- C. Sealants to have a maximum flame spread of 25 and smoke developed of 50 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
- D. When used in exposed areas capable of being sanded and finished with similar surface treatments as used on the surrounding wall or floor surface.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Submit product data and installation instructions, as required by article, submittals, after an on-site examination of areas to receive firestopping.

B. Examine substrates and conditions with installer present for compliance with requirements for opening configuration, penetrating items, substrates, and other conditions affecting performance of firestopping. Do not proceed with installation until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Remove dirt, grease, oil, laitance and form-release agents from concrete, loose materials, or other substances that prevent adherence and bonding or application of the firestopping or smoke stopping materials.
- B. Remove insulation on insulated pipe for a distance of 150 mm (6 inches) on each side of the fire rated assembly prior to applying the firestopping materials unless the firestopping materials are tested and approved for use on insulated pipes.
- C. Prime substrates where required by joint firestopping system manufacturer using that manufacturer's recommended products and methods. Confine primers to areas of bond; do not allow spillage and migration onto exposed surfaces.
- D. Masking Tape: Apply masking tape to prevent firestopping from contacting adjoining surfaces that will remain exposed upon completion of work and that would otherwise be permanently stained or damaged by such contact or by cleaning methods used to remove smears from firestopping materials. Remove tape as soon as it is possible to do so without disturbing seal of firestopping with substrates.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Do not begin firestopping work until the specified material data and installation instructions of the proposed firestopping systems have been submitted and approved.
- B. Install firestopping systems with smoke stopping in accordance with FM, UL, WH, or other approved system details and installation instructions.
- C. Install smoke stopping seals in smoke partitions.

## 3.4 CLEAN-UP

- A. As work on each floor is completed, remove materials, litter, and debris.
- B. Clean up spills of liquid type materials.
- C. Clean off excess fill materials and sealants adjacent to openings and joints as work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials

approved by manufacturers of firestopping products and of products in which opening and joints occur.

D. Protect firestopping during and after curing period from contact with contaminating substances or from damage resulting from construction operations or other causes so that they are without deterioration or damage at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, cut out and remove damaged or deteriorated firestopping immediately and install new materials to provide firestopping complying with specified requirements.

## 3.5 INSPECTIONS AND ACCEPTANCE OF WORK

- A. Do not conceal or enclose firestop assemblies until inspection is complete and approved by the Contracting Officer Representative (COR).
- B. Furnish service of approved inspector to inspect firestopping in accordance with ASTM E2393 and ASTM E2174 for firestop inspection, and document inspection results. Submit written reports indicating locations of and types of penetrations and type of firestopping used at each location; type is to be recorded by UL listed printed numbers. - - - E N D - - -

## SECTION 07 92 00 JOINT SEALANTS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION:

A. This section covers interior and exterior sealant and their application, wherever required for complete installation of building materials or systems.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK (INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING):

- D. Firestopping Penetrations: Section 07 84 00, FIRESTOPPING.
- G. Sound Rated Gypsum Partitions/Sound Sealants: Section 09 29 00, GYPSUM BOARD.
- H. Mechanical Work: Section 22 05 11, COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR PLUMBING.

#### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer with a minimum of three (3) years' experience and who has specialized in installing joint sealants similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project and whose work has resulted in joint-sealant installations with a record of successful in-service performance. Submit qualification.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of joint sealant through one (1) source from a single manufacturer.
- C. Product Testing: Obtain test results from a qualified testing agency based on testing current sealant formulations within a 12-month period.
  - Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency qualified according to ASTM C1021.
  - Test elastomeric joint sealants for compliance with requirements specified by reference to ASTM C920, and where applicable, to other standard test methods.
  - 3. Test elastomeric joint sealants according to SWRI's Sealant Validation Program for compliance with requirements specified by reference to ASTM C920 for adhesion and cohesion under cyclic movement, adhesion-in peel, and indentation hardness.
  - 4. Test other joint sealants for compliance with requirements indicated by referencing standard specifications and test methods.

- D. Lab Tests: Submit samples of materials that will be in contact or affect joint sealants to joint sealant manufacturers for tests as follows:
  - Adhesion Testing: Before installing elastomeric sealants, test their adhesion to protect joint substrates according to the method in ASTM C794 to determine if primer or other specific joint preparation techniques are required.
  - Compatibility Testing: Before installing elastomeric sealants, determine compatibility when in contact with glazing and gasket materials.
  - 3. Stain Testing: Perform testing per ASTM C1248 on interior and exterior sealants to determine if sealants or primers will stain adjacent surfaces. No sealant work is to start until results of these tests have been submitted to the Contracting Officer Representative (COR) and the COR has given written approval to proceed with the work.

## 1.4 CERTIFICATION:

A. Contractor is to submit to the COR written certification that joints are of the proper size and design, that the materials supplied are compatible with adjacent materials and backing, that the materials will properly perform to provide permanent watertight, airtight or vapor tight seals (as applicable), and that materials supplied meet specified performance requirements.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS:

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- C. Installer qualifications.
- D. Contractor certification.
- E. Manufacturer's installation instructions for each product used.
- F. Cured samples of exposed sealants for each color.
- G. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Primers
  - 2. Sealing compound, each type, including compatibility when different sealants are in contact with each other.
- H. Manufacturer warranty.

# 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS:

A. Environmental Limitations:

- Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants under following conditions:
  - a. When ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by joint sealant manufacturer or are below
     4.4 degrees C (40 degrees F).
  - b. When joint substrates are wet.
- B. Joint-Width Conditions:
  - Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants where joint widths are less than those allowed by joint sealant manufacturer for applications indicated.
- C. Joint-Substrate Conditions:
  - Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants until contaminants capable of interfering with adhesion are removed from joint substrates.

### 1.7 DELIVERY, HANDLING, AND STORAGE:

- A. Deliver materials in manufacturers' original unopened containers, with brand names, date of manufacture, shelf life, and material designation clearly marked thereon.
- B. Carefully handle and store to prevent inclusion of foreign materials.
- C. Do not subject to sustained temperatures exceeding 32 degrees C (90 degrees F) or less than 5 degrees C (40 degrees F).

#### 1.8 DEFINITIONS:

- A. Definitions of terms in accordance with ASTM C717 and as specified.
- B. Backing Rod: A type of sealant backing.
- C. Bond Breakers: A type of sealant backing.
- D. Filler: A sealant backing used behind a back-up rod.

#### 1.9 WARRANTY:

- A. Construction Warranty: Comply with FAR clause 52.246-21 "Warranty of Construction".
- B. Manufacturer Warranty: Manufacturer shall warranty their sealant for a minimum of five (5) years from the date of installation and final acceptance by the Government. Submit manufacturer warranty.

## 1.10 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS:

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designation only.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM):

EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades Wagner CBOC Sioux Falls VA Health Care System VA Project #438-21-100WAG C509-06.....Elastomeric Cellular Preformed Gasket and Sealing Material C612-14.....Mineral Fiber Block and Board Thermal Insulation C717-14a.....Standard Terminology of Building Seals and Sealants C734-06(R2012).....Test Method for Low-Temperature Flexibility of Latex Sealants after Artificial Weathering C794-10.....Test Method for Adhesion-in-Peel of Elastomeric Joint Sealants C919-12.....Use of Sealants in Acoustical Applications. C920-14a.....Elastomeric Joint Sealants. C1021-08 (R2014) .....Laboratories Engaged in Testing of Building Sealants C1193-13.....Standard Guide for Use of Joint Sealants. C1248-08(R2012).....Test Method for Staining of Porous Substrate by Joint Sealants C1330-02(R2013).....Cylindrical Sealant Backing for Use with Cold Liquid Applied Sealants C1521-13.....Standard Practice for Evaluating Adhesion of Installed Weatherproofing Sealant Joints D217-10.....Test Methods for Cone Penetration of Lubricating Grease D1056-14.....Specification for Flexible Cellular Materials-Sponge or Expanded Rubber E84-09.....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials C. Sealant, Waterproofing and Restoration Institute (SWRI). The Professionals' Guide D. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA): 40 CFR 59(2014).....National Volatile Organic Compound Emission Standards for Consumer and Commercial Products

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# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 SEALANTS:

A. Exterior Sealants:

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- S-# Vertical surfaces, provide non-staining ASTM C920, Type S or M, Grade NS, Class 25, Use NT.
- S-# Horizontal surfaces, provide ASTM C920, Type S or M, Grade P, Class 25, Use T.
- 3. Provide location(s) of exterior sealant as follows:
  - a. Joints formed where frames and subsills of doors, louvers, and vents adjoin metal frames. Provide sealant at exterior surfaces of exterior wall penetrations.
  - b. Metal to metal.
  - i. Voids where items penetrate exterior walls.
  - j. Metal reglets, where flashing is inserted into masonry joints, and where flashing is penetrated by coping dowels.
- B. Not Used.
- C. Interior Sealants:
  - VOC Content of Interior Sealants: Sealants and sealant primers used inside the weatherproofing system are to comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, (EPA Method 24):
    - a. Architectural Sealants: 250 g/L.
    - b. Sealant Primers for Nonporous Substrates: 250 g/L.
    - c. Sealant Primers for Porous Substrates: 775 g/L.2. S-# Vertical and Horizontal Surfaces: ASTM C920, Type S or M, Grade NS, Class 25, Use NT.
  - 3. Not Used.
  - 4. Provide location(s) of interior sealant as follows:
    - a. Typical narrow joint 6 mm, (1/4 inch) or less at walls and adjacent components.
    - b. Perimeter of doors, windows, access panels which adjoin concrete or masonry surfaces.
    - c. Interior surfaces of exterior wall penetrations.
    - d. Joints at masonry walls and columns, piers, concrete walls or exterior walls.
    - e. Perimeter of lead faced control windows and plaster or gypsum wallboard walls.
    - f. Exposed isolation joints at top of full height walls.

- g. Joints between bathtubs and ceramic tile; joints between shower receptors and ceramic tile; joints formed where nonplanar tile surfaces meet.
- h. Joints formed between tile floors and tile base cove; joints between tile and dissimilar materials; joints occurring where substrates change.
- Behind escutcheon plates at valve pipe penetrations and showerheads in showers.
- D. Acoustical Sealant:
  - Conforming to ASTM C919; flame spread of 25 or less; and a smoke developed rating of 50 or less when tested in accordance with ASTM E84. Acoustical sealant have a consistency of 250 to 310 when tested in accordance with ASTM D217; remain flexible and adhesive after 500 hours of accelerated weathering as specified in ASTM C734; and be non-staining.
  - 2. Provide location(s) of acoustical sealant as follows:
    - a. Exposed acoustical joint at sound rated partitions.
    - b. Concealed acoustic joints at sound rated partitions.
    - c. Joints where item pass-through sound rated partitions.

### 2.2 COLOR:

- A. Sealants used with exposed masonry are to match color of mortar joints.
- B. Sealants used with unpainted concrete are to match color of adjacent concrete.
- C. Color of sealants for other locations to be light gray or aluminum, unless otherwise indicated in construction documents.

## 2.3 JOINT SEALANT BACKING:

- A. General: Provide sealant backings of material and type that are nonstaining; are compatible with joint substrates, sealants, primers, and other joint fillers; and are approved for applications indicated by sealant manufacturer based on field experience and laboratory testing.
- B. Cylindrical Sealant Backings: ASTM C1330, of type indicated below and of size and density to control sealant depth and otherwise contribute to producing optimum sealant performance:
  - 1. Type C: Closed-cell material with a surface skin.
- C. Elastomeric Tubing Sealant Backings: Neoprene, butyl, EPDM, or silicone tubing complying with ASTM D1056 or synthetic rubber (ASTM C509), nonabsorbent to water and gas, and capable of remaining resilient at

temperatures down to minus 32 degrees C (minus 26 degrees F). Provide products with low compression set and of size and shape to provide a secondary seal, to control sealant depth, and otherwise contribute to optimum sealant performance.

D. Bond-Breaker Tape: Polyethylene tape or other plastic tape recommended by sealant manufacturer for preventing sealant from adhering to rigid, inflexible joint-filler materials or joint surfaces at back of joint where such adhesion would result in sealant failure. Provide selfadhesive tape where applicable.

#### 2.4 NOT USED

#### 2.5 FILLER:

- A. Mineral fiberboard: ASTM C612, Class 1.
- B. Thickness same as joint width.
- C. Depth to fill void completely behind back-up rod.

## 2.6 PRIMER:

- A. As recommended by manufacturer of caulking or sealant material.
- B. Stain free type.

#### 2.7 CLEANERS-NON POROUS SURFACES:

A. Chemical cleaners compatible with sealant and acceptable to manufacturer of sealants and sealant backing material. Cleaners to be free of oily residues and other substances capable of staining or harming joint substrates and adjacent non-porous surfaces and formulated to promote adhesion of sealant and substrates.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSPECTION:

- A. Inspect substrate surface for bond breaker contamination and unsound materials at adherent faces of sealant.
- B. Coordinate for repair and resolution of unsound substrate materials.
- C. Inspect for uniform joint widths and that dimensions are within tolerance established by sealant manufacturer.

#### 3.2 PREPARATIONS:

- A. Prepare joints in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and SWRI (The Professionals' Guide).
- B. Clean surfaces of joint to receive caulking or sealants leaving joint dry to the touch, free from frost, moisture, grease, oil, wax, lacquer paint, or other foreign matter that would tend to destroy or impair adhesion.

- Clean porous joint substrate surfaces by brushing, grinding, blast cleaning, mechanical abrading, or a combination of these methods to produce a clean, sound substrate capable of developing optimum bond with joint sealants.
- Remove loose particles remaining from above cleaning operations by vacuuming or blowing out joints with oil-free compressed air. Porous joint surfaces include but are not limited to the following:
   a. Concrete.
  - b. Masonry.
  - o. nabonity.
  - c. Unglazed surfaces of ceramic tile.
- 3. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.
- 4. Clean nonporous surfaces with chemical cleaners or other means that do not stain, harm substrates, or leave residues capable of interfering with adhesion of joint sealants. Nonporous surfaces include but are not limited to the following: a. Metal.
- C. Do not cut or damage joint edges.
- D. Apply non-staining masking tape to face of surfaces adjacent to joints before applying primers, caulking, or sealing compounds.
  - 1. Do not leave gaps between ends of sealant backings.
  - 2. Do not stretch, twist, puncture, or tear sealant backings.
  - 3. Remove absorbent sealant backings that have become wet before sealant application and replace them with dry materials.
- E. Apply primer to sides of joints wherever required by compound manufacturer's printed instructions or as indicated by pre-construction joint sealant substrate test.
  - Apply primer prior to installation of back-up rod or bond breaker tape.
  - Use brush or other approved means that will reach all parts of joints. Avoid application to or spillage onto adjacent substrate surfaces.

# 3.3 BACKING INSTALLATION:

- A. Install backing material, to form joints enclosed on three sides as required for specified depth of sealant.
- B. Where deep joints occur, install filler to fill space behind the backing rod and position the rod at proper depth.

- C. Cut fillers installed by others to proper depth for installation of backing rod and sealants.
- D. Install backing rod, without puncturing the material, to a uniform depth, within plus or minus 3 mm (1/8 inch) for sealant depths specified.
- E. Where space for backing rod does not exist, install bond breaker tape strip at bottom (or back) of joint so sealant bonds only to two opposing surfaces.

# 3.4 SEALANT DEPTHS AND GEOMETRY:

- A. At widths up to 6 mm (1/4 inch), sealant depth equal to width.
- B. At widths over 6 mm (1/4 inch), sealant depth 1/2 of width up to 13 mm (1/2 inch) maximum depth at center of joint with sealant thickness at center of joint approximately 1/2 of depth at adhesion surface.

## 3.5 INSTALLATION:

- A. General:
  - Apply sealants and caulking only when ambient temperature is between 5 degrees C and 38 degrees C (40 degrees and 100 degrees F).
  - Do not install polysulfide base sealants where sealant may be exposed to fumes from bituminous materials, or where water vapor in continuous contact with cementitious materials may be present.
  - Do not install sealant type listed by manufacture as not suitable for use in locations specified.
  - Apply caulking and sealing compound in accordance with manufacturer's printed instructions.
  - 5. Avoid dropping or smearing compound on adjacent surfaces.
  - 6. Fill joints solidly with compound and finish compound smooth.
  - 7. Tool exposed joints to form smooth and uniform beds, with slightly concave surface conforming to joint configuration per Figure 5A in ASTM C1193 unless shown or specified otherwise in construction documents. Remove masking tape immediately after tooling of sealant and before sealant face starts to "skin" over. Remove any excess sealant from adjacent surfaces of joint, leaving the working in a clean finished condition.
  - Finish paving or floor joints flush unless joint is otherwise detailed.
  - 9. Apply compounds with nozzle size to fit joint width.

- Test sealants for compatibility with each other and substrate. Use only compatible sealant. Submit test reports.
- Replace sealant which is damaged during construction process.
   Not Used.
- D. Not obta.
- C. For application of sealants, follow requirements of ASTM C1193 unless specified otherwise. Take all necessary steps to prevent three-sided adhesion of sealants.
- D. Interior Sealants: Where gypsum board partitions are of sound rated, fire rated, or smoke barrier construction, follow requirements of ASTM C919 only to seal all cut-outs and intersections with the adjoining construction unless specified otherwise.
  - Apply a 6 mm (1/4 inch) minimum bead of sealant each side of runners (tracks), including those used at partition intersections with dissimilar wall construction.
  - Coordinate with application of gypsum board to install sealant immediately prior to application of gypsum board.
  - Partition intersections: Seal edges of face layer of gypsum board abutting intersecting partitions, before taping and finishing or application of veneer plaster-joint reinforcing.
  - 4. Openings: Apply a 6 mm (1/4 inch) bead of sealant around all cutouts to seal openings of electrical boxes, ducts, pipes and similar penetrations. To seal electrical boxes, seal sides and backs.
  - 5. Control Joints: Before control joints are installed, apply sealant in back of control joint to reduce flanking path for sound through control joint.

# 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL:

- A. Field-Adhesion Testing: Field-test joint-sealant adhesion to joint substrates according to Method A, Field-Applied Sealant Joint Hand Pull Tab, in Appendix X1 in ASTM C1193 or Method A, Tail Procedure, in ASTM C1521.
  - Extent of Testing: Test completed elastomeric sealant joints as follows:
    - a. Perform 10 tests for first 305 m (1000 feet) of joint length for each type of elastomeric sealant and joint substrate.
    - b. Perform one test for each 305 m (1000 feet) of joint length thereafter or one test per each floor per elevation.

- B. Inspect joints for complete fill, for absence of voids, and for joint configuration complying with specified requirements. Record results in a field adhesion test log.
- C. Inspect tested joints and report on following:
  - Whether sealants in joints connected to pulled-out portion failed to adhere to joint substrates or tore cohesively. Include data on pull distance used to test each type of product and joint substrate.
  - 2. Compare these results to determine if adhesion passes sealant manufacturer's field-adhesion hand-pull test criteria.
  - 3. Whether sealants filled joint cavities and are free from voids.
  - 4. Whether sealant dimensions and configurations comply with specified requirements.
- D. Record test results in a field adhesion test log. Include dates when sealants were installed, names of persons who installed sealants, test dates, test locations, whether joints were primed, adhesion results and percent elongations, sealant fill, sealant configuration, and sealant dimensions.
- E. Repair sealants pulled from test area by applying new sealants following same procedures used to originally seal joints. Ensure that original sealant surfaces are clean and new sealant contacts original sealant.
- F. Evaluation of Field-Test Results: Sealants not evidencing adhesive failure from testing or noncompliance with other indicated requirements, will be considered satisfactory. Remove sealants that fail to adhere to joint substrates during testing or to comply with other requirements. Retest failed applications until test results prove sealants comply with indicated requirements.

## 3.7 CLEANING:

- A. Fresh compound accidentally smeared on adjoining surfaces: Scrape off immediately and rub clean with a solvent as recommended by manufacturer of the adjacent material or if not otherwise indicated by the caulking or sealant manufacturer.
- B. Leave adjacent surfaces in a clean and unstained condition.

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## SECTION 08 11 13 HOLLOW METAL DOORS AND FRAMES

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Hollow metal door frames for wood doors at interior locations.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 05 50 00, METAL FABRICATIONS: Frames fabricated of structural steel.
- B. Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE: Door Hardware:

## 1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. American National Standard Institute (ANSI): A250.8-2014.....Standard Steel Doors and Frames
- C. ASTM International (ASTM):
  - A240/A240M-15b.....Chromium and Chromium-Nickel Stainless Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip for Pressure Vessels and for General Applications
  - A653/A653M-15.....Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip
  - A1008/A1008M-15.....Steel, Sheet, Cold-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High Strength Low Alloy and High Strength Low Alloy with Improved Formability, Solution Hardened, and Bake Hardenable
  - B209-14.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate B209M-14....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate (Metric)
  - B221-14.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Profiles, and Tubes
  - B221M-13.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Profiles, and Tubes (Metric)
  - D3656/D3656M-13.....Insect Screening and Louver Cloth Woven from Vinyl Coated Glass Yarns

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E90-09.....Laboratory Measurement of Airborne Sound Transmission Loss of Building Partitions and

Elements

- D. Federal Specifications (Fed. Spec.): L-S-125B.....Screening, Insect, Nonmetallic
- E. Master Painters Institute (MPI):

No. 18..... Primer, Zinc Rich, Organic

- F. National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers (NAAMM): AMP 500-06.....Metal Finishes Manual
- G. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):

80-16..... Fire Doors and Other Opening Protectives

H. UL LLC (UL):

10C-09......Positive Pressure Fire Tests of Door Assemblies 1784-15.....Air Leakage Tests of Door Assemblies and Other Opening Protectives

I. Department of Veterans Affairs

VA Physical Security and Resiliency Design Manual October 1, 2020

# 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Submittal Drawings:
  - 1. Show size, configuration, and fabrication and installation details.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
  - Include schedule showing each door and frame requirements fire label and smoke control label for openings.
  - 3. Installation instructions.
- D. Sustainable Construction Submittals:
  - Recycled Content: Identify post-consumer and pre-consumer recycled content percentage by weight.
- E. Test reports: Certify each product complies with specifications.
  - 1. Sound rated door.
- F. Qualifications: Substantiate qualifications comply with specifications.

  Manufacturer .

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications:
  - 1. Regularly manufactures specified products.
  - Manufactured specified products with satisfactory service on five similar installations for minimum five years.

### 1.6 DELIVERY

- A. Fasten temporary steel spreaders across the bottom of each door frame before shipment.
- B. Deliver products in manufacturer's original sealed packaging.
- C. Mark packaging, legibly. Indicate manufacturer's name or brand, type, production run number, and manufacture date.
- D. Before installation, return or dispose of products within distorted, damaged, or opened packaging.

## 1.7 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Store products indoors in dry, weathertight conditioned facility.
- B. Protect products from damage during handling and construction operations.

#### 1.8 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

- A. Design hollow metal doors and frames complying with specified performance:
  - 1. Fire Doors and Frames: UL 10C; NFPA 80 labeled.
    - a. Fire Ratings: See drawings.

### 2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Stainless Steel: ASTM A240/A240M; Type 304.
- B. Sheet Steel: ASTM A1008/A1008M, cold-rolled.
- C. Galvanized Sheet Steel: ASTM A653.
- D. Aluminum Sheet: ASTM B209M (ASTM B209).
- E. Aluminum Extrusions: ASTM B221M (ASTM B221).

## 2.3 PRODUCTS - GENERAL

- A. Basis of Design: Section 09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES.
- B. Provide hollow metal doors and frames from one manufacturer.
- C. Sustainable Construction Requirements:

- 1. Steel Recycled Content: 30 percent total recycled content, minimum.
- Stainless Steel Recycled Content: 70 percent total recycled content, minimum.
- Aluminum Recycled Content: 50 percent total recycled content, minimum.

# 2.4 HOLLOW METAL FRAMES

- A. Hollow Metal Frames: ANSI A250.8; face welded . See drawings for sizes and designs.
  - 1. Interior Frames:
    - a. Level 1 Hollow Metal Doors: 1.0 mm (0.042 inch) thick.
    - b. Level 2 and Level 3 Hollow Metal Doors: 1.3 mm (0.053 inch) thick.
    - c. Wood Doors: 1.3 mm (0.053 inch) thick.
- B. Frame Materials:
  - Interior Frames: Galvanized sheet steel minimum Z120 or ZF120 (G40 or A40) coating .

# 2.5 FABRICATION

- A. Hardware Preparation: ANSI A250.8; for hardware specified in Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE.
- B. Hollow Metal Frame Fabrication:
  - Fasten mortar guards to back of hardware reinforcements, except on lead-lined frames.
  - 2. Terminated Stops: ANSI A250.8.
  - 3. Frame Anchors:
    - a. Floor anchors:
      - Provide extension type floor anchors to compensate for depth of floor fills.
      - Provide 1.3 mm (0.053 inch) thick steel clip angles welded to jamb and drilled to receive floor fasteners.
      - Provide mullion 2.3 mm (0.093 inch) thick steel channel anchors, drilled for two floor fasteners and frame anchor screws.
      - Provide continuous 1 mm (0.042 inch) thick steel rough bucks drilled for floor fasteners and frame anchor screws for sill sections.
        - a) Space floor bolts50 mm (24 inches) on center.

- b. Jamb anchors:
  - 1) Place anchors on jambs:
    - a) Near top and bottom of each frame.
    - b) At intermediate points at maximum 600 mm (24 inches) spacing.
  - 2) Form jamb anchors from steel minimum 1 mm (0.042 inch) thick.
  - Anchors for stud partitions: Provide tabs for securing anchor to sides of studs. Provide one of the following:
    - a) Welded type.
    - b) Lock-in snap-in type.
  - Modify frame anchors to fit special frame and wall construction.
  - 5) Provide special anchors where shown on drawings and where required to suit application.

## 2.6 FINISHES

- A. Galvanized Steel : ANSI A250.8; shop primed.
- B. Stainless Steel: NAAMM AMP 500; No. 4 polished finish.
  - 1. Blend welds to match adjacent finish.
- C. Finish exposed surfaces after fabrication.
- D. Aluminum Anodized Finish: NAAMM AMP 500.
  - Clear Anodized Finish: AA-C22A41; Class I Architectural, 0.018 mm (0.7 mil) thick.
  - Color Anodized Finish: AA-C22A42 or AA-C22A44; Class I Architectural, 0.018 mm (0.7 mil) thick.
  - Clear Anodized Finish: AA-C22A31; Class II Architectural, 0.01 mm (0.4 mil) thick.
  - Color Anodized Finish: AA-C22A32 or AA-C22A34; Class II Architectural, 0.01 mm (0.4 mil) thick.

# 2.7 ACCESSORIES

- A. Primers: ANSI A250.8.
- B. Barrier Coating: ASTM D1187/D1187M.
- C. Welding Materials: AWS D1.1/D1.1M, type to suit application.
- D. Clips Connecting Members and Sleeves: Match door faces.
- E. Fasteners: Galvanized steel .
  - 1. Metal Framing: Steel drill screws.
- F. Anchors: Galvanized steel .

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- G. Galvanizing Repair Paint: MPI No. 18.
- H. Insulation: Unfaced mineral wool.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for product installation.
- B. Protect existing construction and completed work from damage.
- C. Apply barrier coating to metal surfaces in contact with cementitious materials to minimum 0.7 mm (30 mils) dry film thickness.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

- A. Install products according to manufacturer's instructions and approved submittal drawings .
  - When manufacturer's instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer's Representative consideration.
  - 2. Install fire doors and frames according to NFPA 80.

### 3.3 FRAME INSTALLATION

- A. Apply barrier coating to concealed surfaces of frames built into masonry.
- B. Plumb, align, and brace frames until permanent anchors are set.
  - Use triangular bracing near each corner on both sides of frames with temporary wood spreaders at midpoint.
  - Use wood spreaders at bottom of frame when shipping spreader is removed.
  - Where construction permits concealment, leave shipping spreaders in place after installation, otherwise remove spreaders when frames are set and anchored.
  - Remove wood spreaders and braces when walls are built and jamb anchors are secured.
- C. Floor Anchors:
  - 1. Anchor frame jambs to floor with two expansion bolts.
    - a. Other Frames: Use 6 mm (1/4 inch) diameter bolts.
  - Power actuated drive pins are acceptable to secure frame anchors to concrete floors.
- D. Jamb Anchors:
  - Metal Framed Walls: Secure anchors to sides of studs with two fasteners through anchor tabs.

E. Frames for Sound Rated Doors: Fill frames with insulation.

F. Touch up damaged factory finishes.

- 1. Repair galvanized surfaces with galvanized repair paint.
- 2. Repair painted surfaces with touch up primer.

## 3.4 DOOR INSTALLATION

- A. Install doors plumb and level.
- B. Adjust doors for smooth operation.
- C. Touch up damaged factory finishes.
  - 1. Repair galvanized surfaces with galvanized repair paint.
  - 2. Repair painted surfaces with touch up primer.

#### 3.5 CLEANING

A. Clean exposed door and frame surfaces. Remove contaminants and stains.

# 3.6 PROTECTION

- A. Protect doors and frames from traffic and construction operations.
- B. Remove protective materials immediately before acceptance.
- C. Repair damage.

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# SECTION 08 14 00 INTERIOR WOOD DOORS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Interior flush wood doors transparent finish.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS: Paints and Coatings and Composite Wood and Agrifiber VOC Limits.
- B. Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE: Door Hardware including hardware location (height).
- C. Section 08 11 13, HOLLOW METAL DOORS AND FRAMES: Installation of Doors.
- D. Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE: Installation of Door Hardware.
- E. Section 09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES: Door Finish.

### 1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. American National Standards Institute/Window and Door Manufacturers Association (ANSI/WDMA):
  - 1. I.S. 1A-13 Architectural Wood Flush Doors.
  - 2. I.S. 6A-13 Interior Architectural Stile and Rails Doors.
- C. ASTM International (ASTM):
  - E90-09(2016) Laboratory Measurements of Airborne Sound Transmission Loss of Building Partitions and Elements.
- D. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):
  - 1. 80-16 Fire Doors and Other Opening Protectives.
  - 2. 252-12 Fire Tests of Door Assemblies.
- E. UL LLC (UL):
  - 1. 10C-09 Positive Pressure Fire Tests of Door Assemblies.
- F. Window and Door Manufacturers Association (WDMA):
  - 1. TM 7-14 Cycle-Slam Test.
  - 2. TM 8-14 Hinge Loading Test.
  - 3. TM 10-14 Screw Holding Capacity.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.

- B. Submittal Drawings:
  - 1. Show size, configuration, and fabrication and installation details.
  - Indicate project specific requirements not included in Manufacturer's Literature and Data submittal.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
  - 2. Fire rated doors showing conformance with NFPA 80.
- D. Samples:
  - Veneer sample 200 mm by 275 mm (8 inch by 11 inch) showing specified wood species sanded to receive a transparent finish. Factory finish veneer sample where the prefinished option is accepted.
- E. Sustainable Construction Submittals:
  - 1. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials:

Show volatile organic compound types and quantities.

- F. Test Reports: Indicate each product complies with specifications.
  - 1. Screw Holding Capacity Test.
  - 2. Cycle-Slam Test.
  - 3. Hinge-Loading Test.
- G. Operation and Maintenance Data:
  - 1. Care instructions for each exposed finish product.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications:
  - 1. Regularly and presently manufactures specified products.
  - 2. Manufactures specified products with satisfactory service on five similar installations for minimum five years.

## 1.6 DELIVERY

- A. Deliver products in manufacturer's original sealed packaging.
  - 1. Minimum 0.15 mm (6 mil) polyethylene bags or cardboard packaging to remain unbroken during delivery and storage.
- B. Mark packaging, legibly. Indicate manufacturer's name or brand, type, color, and manufacture date.
  - 1. Identify door opening corresponding to Door Schedule.
- C. Before installation, return or dispose of products within distorted, damaged, or opened packaging. Retain packaging for door protection after installation.

### 1.7 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Store products indoors in dry, weathertight conditioned facility.
  - 1. Store doors according to ANSI/WDMA I.S. 1A.
- B. Protect products from damage during handling and construction operations.

## 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environment:
  - Product Temperature: Minimum 21 degrees C (70 degrees F) for minimum
     48 hours before installation.
  - Work Area Ambient Temperature Range: 21 to 27 degrees C (70 to 80 degrees F) continuously, beginning 48 hours before installation.
  - 3. Install products when building is permanently enclosed and when wet construction is completed, dried, and cured.

Comply with door manufacturer's instructions for relative humidity.

## 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."
- B. Manufacturer's Warranty: Warrant interior factory finished flush wood doors against material and manufacturing defects.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Lifetime of original installation.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PRODUCTS - GENERAL

- A. Basis of Design: Section 09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES.
- B. Provide each product from one manufacturer.
- C. Sustainable Construction Requirements:
  - 1. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials: Comply with VOC limits specified in Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS for the following products:
  - 2. Paints and coatings.
  - 3. Composite wood and agrifiber.

# 2.2 FLUSH WOOD DOORS

- A. General:
  - 1. ANSI/WDMA I.S. 1A, Extra Heavy Duty.
  - 2. Adhesive: Type II.
  - Core: Structural composite lumber, except when mineral core is required for fire rating.

- Thickness: 44 mm (1-3/4 inches) unless otherwise shown or specified.
- B. Faces:
  - 1. ANSI/WDMA I.S. 1A.
  - 2. One species throughout project unless scheduled or otherwise shown.
  - Transparent Finished Faces: Premium Grade. cut to match existing (verify in field), birch to match existing. AA Grade face veneer.
  - Match face veneers for doors for uniform effect of color and grain at joints.
  - 5. Door Edges: Same species as door face veneer, except maple is acceptable for stile face veneer on birch doors.
  - In existing buildings, where doors are required to have transparent finish, use wood species, grade, and assembly of face veneers to match adjacent existing doors.
  - 7. Painted Finishes: Custom Grade, mill option close grained hardwood, premium or medium density overlay.
  - 8. Factory sand doors for finishing.
- C. Wood For Stops, Louvers, Muntins and Moldings For Flush Doors Required to Have Transparent Finish:

Solid wood of same species as face veneer, except maple is acceptable on birch doors.

- D. Fire-Rated Wood Doors:
  - 1. Fire Resistance Rating:
    - a. C Label: 3/4 hour.
  - 2. Labels:
    - a. Comply with NFPA 252, UL 10C, and labeled by qualified testing and inspection agency showing fire resistance rating.
      1) Metal labels with raised or incised markings.
  - Performance Criteria for Stiles of Doors Utilizing Standard Mortise Leaf Hinges:
    - a. Hinge Loading: WDMA TM 8. Average of 10 test samples for Extra Heavy Duty doors.
    - b. Direct Screw Withdrawal: WDMA TM 10 for Extra Heavy Duty doors. Average of 10 test samples using a steel, fully threaded #12 wood screw.

- c. Cycle-Slam: 1,000,000 cycles with no loose hinge screws or other visible signs of failure when tested according to WDMA TM 7.
- 4. Hardware Reinforcement:
  - a. Provide fire rated doors with hardware reinforcement blocking.
  - b. Size of lock blocks as required to secure hardware specified.
  - c. Top, Bottom and Intermediate Rail Blocks: Minimum 125 mm (5 inches) by full core width.
  - d. Reinforcement blocking in compliance with labeling requirements.Mineral material similar to core is not acceptable.
- 5. Other Core Components: Manufacturer's standard as allowed by labeling requirements.

## 2.3 FABRICATION

- A. Factory machine interior wood doors to receive hardware, bevels, undercuts, cutouts, accessories and fitting for frame.
  - 1. Factory fit fire rated doors according to NFPA 80.
- B. Rout doors for hardware using templates and location heights specified in Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE.
- C. Factory fit doors to frame, bevel lock edge of doors 3 mm (1/8 inch) for each 50 mm (2 inches) of door thickness .
- D. Clearances between Doors and Frames and Floors:
  - 1. Fire Rated Doors: Comply with NFPA 80.
    - a. Doors with Automatic Bottom Seal: Maximum clearance 10 mm (3/8 inch) at threshold.
    - b. Other Door Bottoms: Maximum 3 mm (1/8 inch) clearance at the jambs, heads, and meeting stiles, and a 19 mm (3/4 inch) clearance at bottom, except as otherwise specified.
  - 2. Door Jambs, Heads, and Meeting Stiles: Maximum 3 mm (1/8 inch).
- E. Finish surfaces, including both faces, top and bottom and edges of the doors smooth to touch.
- F. Identify each door on top edge.
  - Mark with stamp, brand or other indelible mark, giving manufacturer's name, door's trade name, construction of door, date of manufacture and quality.
  - Mark door or provide separate certification including name of inspection organization.
  - 3. Identify door manufacturing standard, including glue type.

4. Identify veneer and quality certification.

## 2.4 FINISHES

- A. Field Finished Doors: Seal top and bottom edges of doors with two coats of catalyzed polyurethane or water resistant sealer.
- B. Factory Transparent Finish:
  - 1. Factory finish flush wood doors.
    - ANSI/WDMA I.S. 1A Section F-3 Finish System Descriptions for System 5, Conversion Varnish or System 7, Catalyzed Vinyl.
    - b. Use stain when required to produce finish specified in Section09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for product installation.
  - 1. Verify door frames are properly anchored.
  - Verify door frames are plumb, square, in plane, and within tolerances for door installation.
- B. Protect existing construction and completed work from damage.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install products according to manufacturer's instructions and approved submittal drawings .
  - 1. Install fire rated doors according to NFPA 80.
  - When manufacturer's instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer's Representative consideration.

## 3.3 PROTECTION

- A. After installation, place shipping container over door and tape in place.
  - 1. Do not apply tape to door faces and edges.
- B. Provide protective covering over exposed hardware in addition to covering door.
- C. Maintain covering in good condition until removal is directed by Contracting Officer's Representative.

- - E N D - -

## SECTION 08 71 00 DOOR HARDWARE

### PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 DESCRIPTION

A. Door hardware and related items necessary for complete installation and operation of doors.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

A. Caulking: Section 07 92 00 JOINT SEALANTS.

B. Application of Hardware: Section 08 14 00, WOOD DOORS, Section 08 11
 13, HOLLOW METAL DOORS AND FRAMES.

C. Finishes: Section 09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES.

D. Painting: Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.

E. Electrical: Division 26, ELECTRICAL.

#### 1.3 GENERAL

A. All hardware shall comply with ABAAS, (Architectural Barriers Act Accessibility Standard) unless specified otherwise.

B. Provide rated door hardware assemblies where required by most current version of the International Building Code (IBC).

C. Hardware for Labeled Fire Doors and Exit Doors: Conform to requirements of NFPA 80 for labeled fire doors and to NFPA 101 for exit doors, as well as to other requirements specified. Provide hardware listed by UL, except where heavier materials, large size, or better grades are specified herein under paragraph HARDWARE SETS. In lieu of UL labeling and listing, test reports from a nationally recognized testing agency may be submitted showing that hardware has been tested in accordance with UL test methods and that it conforms to NFPA requirements.

D. Hardware for application on metal and wood doors and frames shall be made to standard templates. Furnish templates to the fabricator of these items in sufficient time so as not to delay the construction.

E. The following items shall be of the same manufacturer, except as otherwise specified:

- 1. Mortise locksets.
- 2. Hinges for hollow metal and wood doors.
- 3. Surface applied overhead door closers.
- 4. Exit devices.

## 1.4 WARRANTY

A. Automatic door operators shall be subject to the terms of FAR Clause 52.246-21, except that the Warranty period shall be two years in lieu of one year for all items except as noted below:

- 1. Locks, latchsets, and panic hardware: 5 years.
- 2. Door closers and continuous hinges: 10 years.

### 1.5 MAINTENANCE MANUALS

A. In accordance with Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS Article titled"INSTRUCTIONS", furnish maintenance manuals and instructions on all doorhardware. Provide installation instructions with the submittal documentation.

## 1.6 SUBMITTALS

A. Submittals shall be in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS,
PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES. Submit 6 copies of the schedule per Section 01 33
23. Submit 2 final copies of the final approved schedules to VAMC Locksmith as record copies (VISN Locksmith if the VAMC does not have a locksmith).
B. Hardware Schedule: AHC certified hardware consultant to prepare and submit hardware schedule in the following form:

| Hardware<br>Item | Quantity | Size | Reference<br>Publication<br>Type No. | Finish | Mfr.<br>Name<br>and<br>Catalog<br>No. | Key<br>Control<br>Symbols | UL Mark<br>(if<br>fire<br>rated<br>and<br>listed) | ANSI/BHMA<br>Finish<br>Designation |
|------------------|----------|------|--------------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
|                  |          |      |                                      |        |                                       |                           |   |                                    |
|                  |          |      |                                      |        |                                       |                           |   |                                    |
|                  |          |      |                                      |        |                                       |                           |   |                                    |

- C. Samples and Manufacturers' Literature:
  - Samples: All hardware items (proposed for the project) that have not been previously approved by Builders Hardware Manufacturers Association shall be submitted for approval. Tag and mark all items with manufacturer's name, catalog number and project number.
  - Samples are not required for hardware listed in the specifications by manufacturer's catalog number, if the contractor proposes to use the manufacturer's product specified.

D. Certificate of Compliance and Test Reports: Submit certificates that hardware conforms to the requirements specified herein. Certificates shall be accompanied by copies of reports as referenced. The testing shall have been 01-01-21 EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades Wagner CBOC Sioux Falls VA Health Care System VA Project #438-21-100WAG

conducted either in the manufacturer's plant and certified by an independent testing laboratory or conducted in an independent laboratory, within four years of submittal of reports for approval.

### 1.7 DELIVERY AND MARKING

A. Deliver items of hardware to job site in their original containers, complete with necessary appurtenances including screws, keys, and instructions. Tag one of each different item of hardware and deliver to COR for reference purposes. Tag shall identify items by Project Specification number and manufacturer's catalog number. These items shall remain on file in COR's office until all other similar items have been installed in project, at which time the COR will deliver items on file to Contractor for installation in predetermined locations on the project.

### **1.8 PREINSTALLATION MEETING**

A. Convene a preinstallation meeting not less than 30 days before start of installation of door hardware. Require attendance of parties directly affecting work of this section, including Contractor and Installer, Architect, Project Engineer and VA Locksmith, Hardware Consultant, and Hardware Manufacturer's Representative. Review the following:

- 1. Inspection of door hardware.
- 2. Job and surface readiness.
- 3. Coordination with other work.
- 4. Protection of hardware surfaces.
- 5. Substrate surface protection.
- 6. Installation.
- 7. Adjusting.
- 8. Repair.
- 9. Field quality control.
- 10. Cleaning.

### 1.9 INSTRUCTIONS

A. Hardware Set Symbols on Drawings: Except for protective plates, door stops, mutes, thresholds and the like specified herein, hardware requirements for each door are indicated on drawings by symbols. Symbols for hardware sets consist of letters (e.g., "HW") followed by a number. Each number designates a set of hardware items applicable to a door type.

B. Keying: All cylinders shall be keyed into existing Great Grand Master Key System. Provide removable core cylinders that are removable only with a special key or tool without disassembly of knob or lockset. Keying information shall be furnished at a later date by the COR.

- 1. Keying information will be furnished to the Contractor by the COR.
- 2. Supply information regarding key control of cylinder locks to manufacturers of equipment having cylinder type locks. Notify COR immediately when and to whom keys or keying information is supplied. Return all such keys to the COR.

## 1.10 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only. In text, hardware items are referred to by series, types, etc., listed in such specifications and standards, except as otherwise specified.

B. ASTM International (ASTM):

F883-13.....Padlocks E2180-18.....Standard Test Method for Determining the Activity of Incorporated Antimicrobial Agent(s) In Polymeric or Hydrophobic Materials

C. American National Standards Institute/Builders Hardware Manufacturers Association (ANSI/BHMA):

| A156.1-06Butts and Hinges                                  |
|--|
| A156.2-03Bored and Pre-assembled Locks and Latches         |
| A156.3-08 Exit Devices, Coordinators, and Auto Flush Bolts |
| A156.4-08Door Controls (Closers)                           |
| A156.5-14Cylinders and Input Devices for Locks.            |
| A156.6-05Architectural Door Trim                           |
| A156.8-05 Holders  |
| A156.11-14Cabinet Locks                                    |
| A156.12-05Interconnected Locks and Latches                 |
| A156.13-05Mortise Locks and Latches Series 1000            |
| A156.14-07Sliding and Folding Door Hardware                |
| A156.15-06 Release Devices-Closer Holder, Electromagnetic  |
| and Electromechanical                                      |
| A156.16-08Auxiliary Hardware                               |
| A156.17-04Self-Closing Hinges and Pivots                   |
| A156.18-06Materials and Finishes                           |
| A156.20-06Strap and Tee Hinges, and Hasps                  |

| A156.21-09Thresholds                                   |
|--|
| A156.22-05Door Gasketing and Edge Seal Systems         |
| A156.23-04Electromagnetic Locks                        |
| A156.24-03Delayed Egress Locking Systems               |
| A156.25-07Electrified Locking Devices                  |
| A156.26-06Continuous Hinges                            |
| A156.28-07Master Keying Systems                        |
| A156.29-07Exit Locks and Alarms                        |
| A156.30-03High Security Cylinders                      |
| A156.31-07Electric Strikes and Frame Mounted Actuators |
| A156.36-10Auxiliary Locks                              |
| A250.8-03Standard Steel Doors and Frames               |
| National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):           |
| 80-10 Pire Doors and Other Opening Protectives         |

- 101-09..... Code
- E. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL): Building Materials Directory (2008)

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 BUTT HINGES

D.

A. ANSI A156.1. Provide only three-knuckle hinges, except five-knuckle where the required hinge type is not available in a three-knuckle version (e.g., some types of swing-clear hinges). The following types of butt hinges shall be used for the types of doors listed, except where otherwise specified:

- Interior Doors: Type A8112/A5112 for doors 900 mm (3 feet) wide or less and Type A8111/A5111 for doors over 900 mm (3 feet) wide. Hinges for doors exposed to high humidity areas (shower rooms, toilet rooms, kitchens, janitor rooms, etc. shall be of stainless steel material.
- B. Provide quantity and size of hinges per door leaf as follows:
  - 1. Doors up to 1210 mm (4 feet) high: 2 hinges.
  - Doors 1210 mm (4 feet) to 2260 mm (7 feet 5 inches) high: 3 hinges minimum.
  - 3. Doors greater than 2260 mm (7 feet 5 inches) high: 4 hinges.
  - 4. Doors up to 900 mm (3 feet) wide, standard weight: 114 mm x 114 mm (4-1/2 inches x 4-1/2 inches) hinges.
  - 5. Doors over 900 mm (3 feet) to 1065 mm (3 feet 6 inches) wide, standard weight: 127 mm x 114 mm (5 inches x 4-1/2 inches).

- 6. Doors over 1065 mm (3 feet 6 inches) to 1210 mm (4 feet), heavy weight: 127 mm x 114 mm (5 inches x 4-1/2 inches).
- 7. Provide heavy-weight hinges where specified.
  - At doors weighing 330 kg (150 pounds) or more, furnish 127 mm (5 inch) high hinges.
- C. See Articles "MISCELLANEOUS HARDWARE" and "HARDWARE SETS" for pivots and

hinges other than butts specified above and continuous hinges specified below.

#### 2.2 DOOR CLOSING DEVICES

- A. ANSI A156.4, Grade 1. Door closers shall have cast iron or aluminum shells. The arms shall be forged. Finish shall match the hardware on the side of the door to which the closer is mounted. All door closers shall have full rack and pinion mechanism with adjustable control for "sweep", "latch", and "backcheck" speeds. All adjustments shall require the use of tamper-proof tools or valve keys. Closers shall be equipped with adjustable spring power to adjust the closer size from size 2 to size 6.
- B. Furnish inverted installations, parallel arms, holder arms, drop plates, etc. as required to suit conditions. With closers mounted as follows unless details or other conditions dictate otherwise:
  - 1. Room side of corridor doors.
  - 2. Inside of exterior doors (use parallel arm or top jamb mounting)
- C. Hardware schedule shall indicate the closer manufacturer, finish, accessories, and degree of opening for each item.
  - a) Basis of Design / Acceptable Manufacturer(s):
    - a. LCN 4000 Series
    - b. Others as approved equal.

#### 2.3 DOOR STOPS

A. Conform to ANSI A156.16.

B. Provide door stops wherever an opened door or any item of hardware thereon would strike a wall, column, equipment or other parts of building construction. For concrete, masonry or quarry tile construction, use expansion shields for mounting door stops.

C. Where cylindrical locks with turn pieces or pushbuttons occur, equip wall bumpers Type L02251 (rubber pads having concave face) to receive turn piece or button.

D. Provide floor stops (Type L02141 or L02161) in office areas; Type L02121 x 3 screws into floor elsewhere. Wall bumpers, where used, must be installed to impact the trim or the door within the leading half of its width. Floor stops, where used, must be installed within 4-inches of the wall face and impact the door within the leading half of its width.

E. Where drywall partitions occur, use floor stops, Type L02141 or L02161 in office areas, Type L02121 elsewhere.

F. Provide stop Type L02011, as applicable for exterior doors. At outswing doors where stop can be installed in concrete, provide stop mated to concrete anchor set in 76mm (3-inch) core-drilled hole and filled with quick-setting cement.

G. Omit stops where floor mounted door holders are required and where automatic operated doors occur.

H. Provide appropriate roller bumper for each set of doors (except where closet doors occur) where two doors would interfere with each other in swinging.

I. Provide appropriate door mounted stop on doors in individual toilets where floor or wall mounted stops cannot be used.

J. Provide overhead surface applied stop Type C02541, ANSI A156.8 on patient toilet doors in bedrooms where toilet door could come in contact with the bedroom door.

K. Provide door stops on doors where combination closer magnetic holders are specified, except where wall stops cannot be used or where floor stops cannot be installed within 4-inches of the wall.

L. Where the specified wall or floor stop cannot be used, provide concealed overhead stops (surface-mounted where concealed cannot be used).

a) Basis of Design / Acceptable Manufacturer(s):

- a. Rockwood
- b. Ives
- c. Others as approved equal

#### 2.4 OVERHEAD DOOR STOPS AND HOLDERS

A. Conform to ANSI Standard A156.8. Overhead holders shall be of sizes recommended by holder manufacturer for each width of door. Set overhead holders for 110 degree opening, unless limited by building construction or equipment. Provide Grade 1 overhead concealed slide type: stop-only at rated doors and security doors, hold-open type with exposed hold-open on/off control at all other doors requiring overhead door stops.

a) Basis of Design / Acceptable Manufacturer(s):

a. Rixson 9 Series

b. Others as approved equal.

#### 2.5 LOCKS AND LATCHES

A. Conform to ANSI A156.2. Locks and latches for doors 45 mm (1-3/4 inch) thick or over shall have beveled fronts. Cylinders for all locksets shall be removable core type. Cylinders shall be furnished with construction removable cores and construction master keys. Cylinder shall be removable by special key or tool. Construct all cores so that they will be interchangeable into the core housings of all mortise locks, rim locks, cylindrical locks, and any other type lock included in the Great Grand Master Key System. Disassembly of lever or lockset shall not be required to remove core from lockset. All locksets or latches on double doors with fire label shall have latch bolt with 19 mm (3/4 inch) throw, unless shorter throw allowed by the door manufacturer's fire label. Provide temporary keying device or construction core to allow opening and closing during construction and prior to the installation of final cores.

B.In addition to above requirements, locks and latches shall comply with following requirements:

- 1. Mortise Lock and Latch Sets: Conform to ANSI/BHMA A156.13. Mortise locksets shall be series 1000, minimum Grade 2. All locksets and latchsets, except on designated doors in Psychiatric (Mental Health) areas, shall have lever handles fabricated from cast stainless steel. Provide sectional (lever x rose) lever design matching existing building standard. No substitute lever material shall be accepted. All locks and latchsets shall be furnished with 122.55 mm (4-7/8inch) curved lip strike and wrought box. At outswing pairs with overlapping astragals, provide flat lip strip with 21mm (7/8-inch) lip-to-center dimension. Lock function F02 shall be furnished with emergency tools/keys for emergency entrance. All lock cases installed on lead lined doors shall be lead lined before applying final hardware finish. Furnish armored fronts for all mortise locks. Where mortise locks are installed in high-humidity locations or where exposed to the exterior on both sides of the opening, provide nonferrous mortise lock case.
  - a) Basis of Design / Acceptable Manufacturer(s):
    - a. Sargent 8200 Series "LNL"
    - b. Schlage L9000 Series
    - c. Others as approved equal.

- 2. Cylindrical Lock and Latch Sets: levers shall meet ADA (Americans with Disabilities Act) requirements. Cylindrical locksets shall be series 4000 Grade I. All locks and latchsets shall be furnished with 122.55 mm (4-7/8-inch) curved lip strike and wrought box. At outswing pairs with overlapping astragals, provide flat lip strip with 21mm (7/8-inch) lip-to-center dimension. Provide lever design to match design selected by Architect or to match existing lever design. Where two turn pieces are specified for lock F76, turn piece on inside knob shall lock and unlock inside knob, and turn piece on outside knob shall unlock outside knob when inside knob is in the locked position. (This function is intended to allow emergency entry into these rooms without an emergency key or any special tool.)
  - a) Acceptable Manufacturer(s):
    - a. Sargent 10-Line "LL"
    - b. Schlage ND Series
    - c. Others as approved equal
- 3. Auxiliary locks shall be as specified under hardware sets and conform to ANSI A156.36.
- 4. Locks on designated doors in Psychiatric (Mental Health) areas shall be paddle type with arrow projection covers and be UL Listed. Provide these locks with paddle in the down position on both sides of the door. Locks shall be fabricated of wrought stainless steel.

#### 2.6 ELECTROMAGNETIC LOCKS

A. ANSI/BHMA A156.23; electrically powered, of strength and configuration indicated; with electromagnet attached to frame and armature plate attached to door. Listed under Category E in BHMA's "Certified Product Directory."

- Type: Full exterior or full interior, as required by application indicated.
- 2. Strength Ranking: 1000 pound force (4448 N).
- 3. Inductive Kickback Peak Voltage: Not more than 27 V.
- Residual Magnetism: Not more than 0 pound force (0 N) to separate door from magnet.

B. Delayed-Egress Locks: BHMA A156.24. Listed under Category G in BHMA's "Certified Product Directory".

 Means of Egress Doors: Lock releases within 15 seconds after applying a force not more than 15 pound force (67 N) for not more than 3 seconds, as required by NFPA 101.

- Security Grade: Activated from secure side of door by initiating device.
- 3. Movement Grade: Activated by door movement as initiating device.
- 4. The lock housing shall not project more than 4-inches (101mm) from the underside of the frame head stop.

### 2.7 ELECTRIC STRIKES

A. ANSI/ BHMA A156.31 Grade 1.

B. General: Use fail-secure electric strikes at fire-rated doors.

#### 2.8 KEYS

A. Stamp all keys with change number and key set symbol. Furnish keys in quantities as follows:

| Locks/Keys                         | Quantity                   |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Cylinder locks                     | 2 keys each                |
| Cylinder lock change key<br>blanks | 100 each different key way |
| Master-keyed sets                  | 6 keys each                |
| Grand Master sets                  | 6 keys each                |
| Great Grand Master set             | 5 keys                     |
| Control key                        | 2 keys                     |

## 2.9 ARMOR PLATES, KICK PLATES, MOP PLATES AND DOOR EDGING

- A. Conform to ANSI Standard A156.6.
- B. Provide protective plates and door edging as specified below:
  - 1. Kick plates, mop plates and armor plates of metal, Type J100 series.
  - 2. Provide kick plates and mop plates where specified. Kick plates shall be 254 mm (10 inches) or 305 mm (12 inches) high. Mop plates shall be 152 mm (6 inches) high. Both kick and mop plates shall be minimum 1.27 mm (0.050 inches) thick. Provide kick and mop plates beveled on all 4 edges (B4E). On push side of doors where jamb stop extends to floor, make kick plates 38 mm (1-1/2 inches) less than width of door, except pairs of metal doors which shall have plates 25 mm (1 inch) less than width of each door. Extend all other kick and mop plates to within 6 mm (1/4 inch) of each edge of doors. Kick and mop plates shall butt astragals. For jamb stop requirements, see specification sections pertaining to door frames.

- 3. Kick plates and/or mop plates are not required on following door sides:
  - a. Armor plate side of doors;
  - b. Exterior side of exterior doors;
  - c. Closet side of closet doors;
  - d. Both sides of aluminum entrance doors.
- 4. Armor plates for doors are listed under Article "Hardware Sets". Armor plates shall be thickness as noted in the hardware set, 875 mm (35 inches) high and 38 mm (1-1/2 inches) less than width of doors, except on pairs of metal doors. Provide armor plates beveled on all 4 edges (B4E). Plates on pairs of metal doors shall be 25 mm (1 inch) less than width of each door. Where top of intermediate rail of door is less than 875 mm (35 inches) from door bottom, extend armor plates to within 13 mm (1/2 inch) of top of intermediate rail. On doors equipped with panic devices, extend armor plates to within 13 mm (1/2 inch) of panic bolt push bar.
- 5. Where louver or grille occurs in lower portion of doors, substitute stretcher plate and kick plate in place of armor plate. Size of stretcher plate and kick plate shall be 254 mm (10 inches) high.
- 6. Provide stainless steel edge guards where so specified at wood doors. Provide mortised type instead of surface type except where door construction and/or ratings will not allow. Provide edge guards of bevel and thickness to match wood door. Provide edge guards with factory cut-outs for door hardware that must be installed through or extend through the edge guard. Provide full-height edge guards except where door rating does not allow; in such cases, provide edge guards to height of bottom of typical lockset armor front. Forward edge guards to wood door manufacturer for factory installation on doors.
  - a) Basis of Design / Acceptable Manufacturer(s):
    - a. Rockwood
    - b. Hiawatha
    - c. Others as approved equal.

### 2.10 MISCELLANEOUS HARDWARE

A. Access Doors (including Sheet Metal, Screen and Woven Wire Mesh Types): Except for fire-rated doors and doors to Temperature Control Cabinets, equip each single or double metal access door with Lock Type E07213, conforming to

ANSI A156.11. Key locks as directed. Ship lock prepaid to the door manufacturer. Hinges shall be provided by door manufacturer. B. Mutes: Conform to ANSI A156.16. Provide door mutes or door silencers Type L03011 or L03021, depending on frame material, of white or light gray color, on each steel or wood door frame, except at fire-rated frames, leadlined frames and frames for sound-resistant, lightproof and electromagnetically shielded doors. Furnish 3 mutes for single doors and 2 mutes for each pair of doors, except double-acting doors. .

### 2.11 FINISHES

A. Exposed surfaces of hardware shall have ANSI A156.18, finishes as specified below. Finishes on all hinges, pivots, closers, thresholds, etc., shall be as specified below under "Miscellaneous Finishes." For field painting (final coat) of ferrous hardware, see Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.

B. 626 or 630: All surfaces on exterior and interior of buildings, except where other finishes are specified.

C. Miscellaneous Finishes:

- 1. Hinges --exterior doors: 626 or 630.
- 2. Hinges --interior doors: 652 or 630.
- 3. Pivots: Match door trim.
- 4. Door Closers: Factory applied paint finish. Dull or Satin Aluminum color.
- 5. Thresholds: Mill finish aluminum.
- 6. Cover plates for floor hinges and pivots: 630.
- 7. Other primed steel hardware: 600.

D. .Hardware Finishes for Existing Buildings: U.S. Standard finishes shall match finishes of hardware in (similar) existing spaces except where otherwise specified.

E. Special Finish: Exposed surfaces of hardware for dark bronze anodized aluminum doors shall have oxidized oil rubbed bronze finish (dark bronze) finish on door closers shall closely match doors.

### 2.12 BASE METALS

A. Apply specified U.S. Standard finishes on different base metals as following:

| Finish | Base Metal      |  |
|--------|-----------------|--|
| 652    | Steel           |  |
| 626    | Brass or bronze |  |

| Finish | Base Metal      |
|--------|-----------------|
| 630    | Stainless steel |

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 HARDWARE HEIGHTS

- A. For existing buildings locate hardware on doors at heights to match existing hardware. The Contractor shall visit the site, verify location of existing hardware and submit locations to VA COR for approval.
- B. Hardware Heights from Finished Floor:
  - Exit devices centerline of strike (where applicable) 1024 mm (40-5/16 inches).
  - 2. Locksets and latch sets centerline of strike 1024 mm (40-5/16 inches).
  - 3. Deadlocks centerline of strike 1219 mm (48 inches).
  - 4. Hospital arm pull 1168 mm (46 inches) to centerline of bottom supporting bracket.
  - 5. Centerline of door pulls to be 1016 mm (40 inches).
  - 6.Locate other hardware at standard commercial heights. Locate push and pull plates to prevent conflict with other hardware.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Closer devices, including those with hold-open features, shall be equipped and mounted to provide maximum door opening permitted by building construction or equipment. Closers shall be mounted on side of door inside rooms, inside stairs, and away from corridors. .Where closers are mounted on doors they shall be mounted with hex nuts and bolts; foot shall be fastened to frame with machine screws.

| Door Thickness                                    | Door Width  | Hinge Height          |
|---|---|-----------------------|
| 45 mm (1-3/4 inch)                                | 900 mm (3 feet) and less                                      | 113 mm (4-1/2 inches) |
| 45 mm (1-3/4 inch)                                | Over 900 mm (3 feet) but<br>not more than 1200 mm (4<br>feet) | 125 mm (5 inches)     |
| 35 mm (1-3/8 inch)<br>(hollow core wood<br>doors) | Not over 1200 mm (4 feet)                                     | 113 mm (4-1/2 inches) |

B. Hinge Size Requirements:

C. Hinge leaves shall be sufficiently wide to allow doors to swing clear of door frame trim and surrounding conditions.

D. Hinges Required Per Door:

| Door Description   | Number butts |
|--|--------------|
| Doors 1500 mm (5 ft) or less in height                               | 2 butts      |
| Doors over 1500 mm (5 ft) high and not over 2280 mm (7 ft 6 in) high | 3 butts      |
| Doors over 2280 mm (7 feet 6 inches) high                            | 4 butts      |
| Dutch type doors   | 4 butts      |
| Doors with spring hinges 1370 mm (4 feet 6 inches) high or less      | 2 butts      |
| Doors with spring hinges over 1370 mm (4 feet 6 inches)              | 3 butts      |

E. Fastenings: Suitable size and type and shall harmonize with hardware as to material and finish. Provide machine screws and lead expansion shields to secure hardware to concrete, ceramic or quarry floor tile, or solid masonry. Fiber or rawl plugs and adhesives are not permitted. All fastenings exposed to weather shall be of nonferrous metal.

F. After locks have been installed; show in presence of COR that keys operate their respective locks in accordance with keying requirements. (All keys, Master Key level and above shall be sent Registered Mail to the Medical Center Director along with the bitting list. Also a copy of the invoice shall be sent to the COR for his records.) Installation of locks which do not meet specified keying requirements shall be considered sufficient justification for rejection and replacement of all locks installed on project.

### 3.3 FINAL INSPECTION

A. Installer to provide letter to VA Resident/Project Engineer that upon completion, installer has visited the Project and has accomplished the following:

1.Re-adjust hardware.

- 2. Evaluate maintenance procedures and recommend changes or additions, and instruct VA personnel.
- 3. Identify items that have deteriorated or failed.
- 4. Submit written report identifying problems.

### 3.4 DEMONSTRATION

A. Demonstrate efficacy of mechanical hardware and electrical, and electronic hardware systems, including adjustment and maintenance procedures, to satisfaction of Resident/Project Engineer and VA Locksmith.

### 3.5 HARDWARE SETS

A. Following sets of hardware correspond to hardware symbols shown on drawings. Only those hardware sets that are shown on drawings will be required. Disregard hardware sets listed in specifications but not shown on drawings.

B. Hardware Consultant working on a project will be responsible for providing additional information regarding these hardware sets. The numbers shown in the following sets come from BHMA standards.

C. Hardware brand and model number shown in hardware set(s) are intended for a basis of design. Use complete overall specification for approved brands and products.

## D. INTERIOR SINGLE DOORS

HW-1

Card Reader (Monitored) - Single: Storeroom Lock w/ REX x EL Strike x Door Closer w/ Spring Stop

| 1 Electric Hinge         | A8112 x Wire (McKinney - TA2714 x Wire)                                    | MK |
|--------------------------|--|----|
| 3 Hinge                  | A8112 x NRP (McKinney - TA2714 x NRP)                                      | MK |
| 1 Mortise Storeroom Lock | F07 x REX (Sargent - RX 72 8204)   | SA |
| 1 I.C. Core              | As Specified   | FA |
| 1 Bridge Rectifier       | (HES - 2005M3)   | HS |
| 1 Electric Strike        | As Required x 24VDC x Fail Secure<br>(HES - 1600/1500)                     | HS |
| 1 Door Closer            | C02021 x Spring Stop (Sargent - 281 CPS)                                   | SA |
| 1 Kick Plate             | 10" High x As Specified  | OT |
| 1 Gasketing              | ROY154 (Pemko - S88)   | ΡE |
| 1 Access Control Reader  | Refer to Electrical sheets E000, E100                                      | OT |
| 1 Position Switch        | Alarm Contact (Securitron - DPS)   | SU |
| 1 Wire Diagram           | By Hardware Supplier   | OT |
| 1 Power Supply           | Regulated x Filtered x 24VDC x<br>Amperage as Required (Securitron - AQD2) | SU |

Door normally closed, latched, and locked - free egress at all times. Door monitored for door ajar or forced open - internal switch within unsecure side of latching hardware allows an individual to freely leave without sending an alarm to the access control system. Entrance by mechanical key or presenting a valid card to card-reader. Egress allowed at all times. Loss of power maintains door security from locked side, entrance by mechanical key only - free egress at all times.

- - - E N D - - -

### SECTION 09 06 00-SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES

VAMC: Sioux Falls VA Health Care System

Location: Wagner, SD

Project no. and Name:438-21-100WAG, EHRM Infrastructure Upgrades Wagner CBOC

Submission FINAL CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS

Date: December 13, 2021

## SECTION 09 06 00 SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

A. This section contains a coordinated system in which requirements for materials specified in other sections shown are identified by abbreviated material names and finish codes in the room finish schedule or shown for other locations.

#### 1.2 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturer's trade names and numbers used herein are only to identify colors, finishes, textures and patterns. Products of other manufacturer's equivalent to colors, finishes, textures and patterns of manufacturers listed that meet requirements of technical specifications will be acceptable upon approval in writing by contracting officer for finish requirements.

#### 1.3 SUBMITALS

A. Submit in accordance with SECTION 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES-provide quadruplicate samples for color approval of materials and finishes specified in this section.

#### **1.4 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designation only.
- B. MASTER PAINTING INSTITUTE: (MPI)

6/1/2019.....Architectural Painting Specification Manual

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 DIGITAL COLOR PHOTOS

- A. Size 24 x 35 mm.
- B. Labeled for:
  - 1. Building name and Number.
  - 2. Room Name and Number.

## 2.2 DIVISION 05 - METALS

# A. SECTION 05 50 00, METAL FABRICATIONS

| Item               | Finish   |
|--------------------|----------|
| Steel Ladders      | Paint P- |
| Steel Ladder Rungs | Paint P- |

# B. SECTION 07 60 00, FLASHING AND SHEET METAL

| Item    | Material | Finish          |
|---------|----------|-----------------|
|         |          | Match existing  |
| Copings |          | Verify in field |
|         | Aluminum |                 |

## C. SECTION 07 72 00, ROOF ACCESSORIES

| Item              | Material    | Finish | Manufacturer | Manufacturer/Color<br>Name/Number. |
|-------------------|-------------|--------|--------------|------------------------------------|
| Roof Hatch        | Aluminum    | Mill   |              |                                    |
| Equipment Support | Galv. Steel | Paint  |              |                                    |

Verify in field

## D. SECTION 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS

| Location              | Color                           | Manufacturer | Manufacturer Color |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| New to Existing Walls | Match adjacent wall paint color |              |                    |

### 2.3 DIVISION 08 - OPENINGS

- A. SECTION 08 11 13, HOLLOW METAL DOORS AND FRAMES
- 1. Paint both sides of door frames same color including ferrous metal louvers, and hardware attached to door

   Component
   Color of Paint Type and Gloss

   Frame
   Match existing door frames

## B. SECTION 08 14 00, INTERIOR WOOD DOORS

| Component | Finish/Color              |
|-----------|---------------------------|
| Doors     | Match existing door stain |
|           | Verify in field           |

#### 2.4 DIVISION 09 - FINISHES

A. SECTION 09 65 19, STATIC DISSAPATIVE RESILIENT TILE FLOORING

| Finish Code | Size         | Material/Component | Manufacturer                        | Mfg Name/No. |
|-------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| ESD         | 12"x12"x1/8" | ESD vinyl tile     | Flexco, Delane<br>or approved equal | Color TBD    |
|             |              |                    |                                     |              |

### B. SECTION 09 65 13, RESILIENT BASE AND ACCESSORIES

| Finish Code                       | Item             | Height         | Manufacturer | Mfg Name/No. |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| Match existing<br>Verify in field | Rubber Base (RB) | Match existing |              |              |
|                                   |                  |                |              |              |

| 1. SECTION 09 68 00, | [CARPETING], CARPET EDGE | STRIP        |                     |
|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| Finish Code          | Material                 | Manufacturer | Mfg. Color Name/No. |
|                      | Metal                    |              |                     |
|                      | Vinyl                    |              |                     |

## C. SECTION 09 91 00, PAINTING

1. MPI Gloss and Sheen Standards

|                  |  | Gloss @60              | Sheen @85        |
|------------------|--|------------------------|------------------|
| Gloss Level 1    | a traditional matte finish-flat        | max 5 units, and       | max 10 units     |
| Gloss Level 2    | a high side sheen flat-"a velvet-like" | max 10 units, and      |                  |
|                  | finish                                 |                        | 10-35 units      |
| Gloss Level 3    | a traditional "egg-shell like" finish  | 10-25 units, and       | 10-35 units      |
| Gloss Level 4    |  | a "satin-like" finish  | 20-35 units, and |
| min. 35 units    |  |                        |                  |
| Gloss Level 5    | a traditional semi-gloss               | 35-70 units            |                  |
| Gloss Level 6a t | raditional gloss                       | 70-85 units            |                  |
| Gloss level 7    |  | a high gloss more than | 85 units         |

| 2. Paint code     | Gloss                                     | Manufacturer | Mfg. Color Name/No. |
|-------------------|---|--------------|---------------------|
| P-1               | Match existing<br>Verify in field         |              |                     |
| P-2               | Match existing<br>Verify in field         |              |                     |
| Р                 |   |              |                     |
| 3. Stain Code (S) | Gloss and Transparency                    | Manufacturer | Mfg. Color Name/No. |
| S-1               | Semi to match existing<br>Verify in field |              |                     |
|                   |   |              |                     |

# 2.5 DIVISION 10 - SPECIALTIES

A. SECTION 10 26 00, WALL AND DOOR PROTECTION

| Item                     | Material | Manufacturer | Mfg. Color Name/No. |
|--------------------------|----------|--------------|---------------------|
| Wall Guards and Handrail |          |              |                     |

2.6 DIVISION 11 - EQUIPMENT - NOT USED

2.7 DIVISION 12- FURNISHINGS - NOT USED

2.8 DIVISION 13 - SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION - NOT USED

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 FINISH SCHEDULES & MISCELLANEOUS ABBREVIATIONS

| FINISH SCHEDULE & MISCELLANEOUS ABBREVIATIONS |              |  |
|---|--------------|--|
| Term  | Abbreviation |  |
|   |              |  |
| Access Flooring                               | AF           |  |
| Accordion Folding                             | AFP          |  |
| Partition                                     |              |  |
| Acoustical Ceiling                            | AT           |  |
| Acoustical Ceiling,                           | AT (SP)      |  |
| Special Faced                                 |              |  |
| Acoustical Metal Pan                          | АМР          |  |
| Ceiling                                       |              |  |
| Acoustical Wall Panel                         | AWP          |  |
| Acoustical Wall                               | AWT          |  |
| Treatment                                     |              |  |
| Acoustical Wallcovering                       | AWF          |  |
| Anodized Aluminum                             | AAC          |  |
| Colored                                       |              |  |

| Anodized Aluminum     | АА    |
|-----------------------|-------|
| Natural Finish        |       |
| Baked On Enamel       | BE    |
| Brick Face            | BR    |
| Brick Flooring        | BF    |
| Brick Paving          | BP    |
| Carpet                | СР    |
| Carpet Athletic       | CAF   |
| Flooring              |       |
| Carpet Module Tile    | СРТ   |
| Ceramic Glazed Facing | CGFB  |
| Brick                 |       |
| Ceramic Mosaic Tile   | FTCT  |
| Concrete              | С     |
| Concrete Masonry Unit | СМИ   |
| Divider Strips Marble | DS MB |
| Epoxy Coating         | EC    |
| Epoxy Resin Flooring  | ERF   |
| Existing              | E     |

| Exposed Divider StripsEXPExteriorEXTExterior Finish SystemEFSExterior PaintEXT-PExterior StainEXT-STFabric WallcoveringWFFacing TileSCTFeature StripsFSFloor Mats & FramesFMFloor Tile, MosaicFTFluorocarbonFCFolding Panel PartitionFG |
|---|
| Exterior Finish SystemEFSExterior PaintEXT-PExterior StainEXT-STFabric WallcoveringWFFacing TileSCTFeature StripsFSFloor Mats & FramesFMFloor Tile, MosaicFTFluorocarbonFCFolding Panel PartitionFP                                     |
| Exterior PaintEXT-PExterior StainEXT-STFabric WallcoveringWFFacing TileSCTFeature StripsFSFloor Mats & FramesFMFloor Tile, MosaicFTFluorocarbonFCFolding Panel PartitionFP  |
| Exterior StainEXT-STFabric WallcoveringWFFacing TileSCTFeature StripsFSFloor Mats & FramesFMFloor Tile, MosaicFTFluorocarbonFCFolding Panel PartitionFP   |
| Fabric WallcoveringWFFacing TileSCTFeature StripsFSFloor Mats & FramesFMFloor Tile, MosaicFTFluorocarbonFCFolding Panel PartitionFP   |
| Facing TileSCTFeature StripsFSFloor Mats & FramesFMFloor Tile, MosaicFTFluorocarbonFCFolding Panel PartitionFP  |
| Feature StripsFSFloor Mats & FramesFMFloor Tile, MosaicFTFluorocarbonFCFolding Panel PartitionFP  |
| Floor Mats & FramesFMFloor Tile, MosaicFTFluorocarbonFCFolding Panel PartitionFP  |
| Floor Tile, MosaicFTFluorocarbonFCFolding Panel PartitionFP   |
| FluorocarbonFCFolding Panel PartitionFP   |
| Folding Panel Partition FP  |
|   |
| Foot Grille FG  |
|   |
| Glass Masonry Unit GUMU   |
| Glazed Face CMU GCMU  |
| Glazed Structural SFTU  |
| Facing Tile   |
| Granite GT  |
| Gypsum Wallboard GWB  |
| High Glazed Coating SC  |
| Latex Mastic Flooring LM  |
| Linear Metal Ceiling LMC  |
| Linear Wood Ceiling LWC   |
| Marble MB   |
| Material MAT  |

| Mortar                  | М    |
|-------------------------|------|
| Multi-Color Coating     | MC   |
| Natural Finish          | NF   |
| Paint                   | Р    |
| Paver Tile              | PVT  |
| Perforated Metal Facing | PMF  |
| (Tile or Panels)        |      |
| Plaster                 | PL   |
| Plaster High Strength   | HSPL |
| Plaster Keene Cement    | КС   |
| Plastic Laminate        | HPDL |
| Polypropylene Fabric    | PFW  |
| Wallcovering            |      |
| Porcelain Paver Tile    | PPT  |
| Quarry Tile             | QT   |
| Radiant Ceiling Panel   | RCP  |
| System                  |      |
| Resilient Stair Tread   | RST  |
| Rubber Base             | RB   |
| Rubber Tile Flooring    | RT   |
| Spandrel Glass          | SLG  |
| Stain                   | ST   |
| Stone Flooring          | SF   |
| Structural Clay         | SC   |
| Suspension Decorative   | SDG  |

| Grids                   |     |
|-------------------------|-----|
| Grids                   |     |
| Terrazzo Portland       | PCT |
| Cement                  |     |
| Terrazzo Tile           | TT  |
| Terrazzo, Thin Set      |     |
| Textured Gypsum Ceiling | TGC |
| Panel                   |     |
| Textured Metal Ceiling  | TMC |
| Panel                   |     |
| Thin set Terrazzo       | TST |

| Veneer Plaster         | VP  |
|------------------------|-----|
| Vinyl Base             | VB  |
| Vinyl Coated Fabric    | W   |
| Wallcovering           |     |
| Vinyl Composition Tile | VCT |
| Vinyl Sheet Flooring   | VSF |
| Vinyl Sheet Flooring   | WSF |
| (Welded Seams)         |     |
| Wall Border            | WB  |
| Wood                   | WD  |

## 3.2 FINSIH SCHEDULE SYMBOLS

Symbol Definition

- \*\* Same finish as adjoining walls
- No color required
- E Existing
- XX To match existing
- EFTR Existing finish to remain
- RM Remove

#### 3.3 ROOM FINISH SCHEDULE

A. Match adjoining or existing similar surfaces colors, textures or patterns where disturbed or damaged by alterations or new work when not scheduled.

--- E N D---

## SECTION 09 22 16 NON-STRUCTURAL METAL FRAMING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

This section specifies steel studs wall systems, shaft wall systems, ceiling or soffit suspended or furred framing, wall furring, fasteners, and accessories for the screw attachment of gypsum board, plaster bases or other building boards.

### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Not Used.
- B. Support for wall mounted items: Section 05 50 00, METAL FABRICATIONS.
- C. Not Used
- D. Ceiling suspension systems for acoustical tile or panels and lay in gypsum board panels: Section 09 29 00, GYPSUM BOARD.

### 1.3 TERMINOLOGY

- A. Description of terms shall be in accordance with ASTM C754, ASTM C11, ASTM C841 and as specified.
- B. Underside of Structure Overhead: In spaces where steel trusses or bar joists are shown, the underside of structure overhead shall be the underside of the floor or roof construction supported by beams, trusses, or bar joists. In interstitial spaces with walk-on floors the underside of the walk-on floor is the underside of structure overhead.
- C. Thickness of steel specified is the minimum bare (uncoated) steel thickness.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Studs, runners and accessories.
  - 2. Hanger inserts.
  - 3. Channels (Rolled steel).
  - 4. Furring channels.
  - 5. Screws, clips and other fasteners.
- C. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Typical ceiling suspension system.

- 2. Typical metal stud and furring construction system including details around openings and corner details.
- 3. Not Used.
- 4. Typical fire rated assembly and column fireproofing showing details of construction same as that used in fire rating test.
- D. Test Results: Fire rating test designation, each fire rating required for each assembly.

### 1.5 DELIVERY, IDENTIFICATION, HANDLING AND STORAGE

In accordance with the requirements of ASTM C754.

### **1.6 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.

| B. American Society For Testing And Materials (ASTM)  |          |
|---|----------|
| A641-09Sinc-Coated (Galvanized) Carbon Steel N        | Wire     |
| A653/653M-11Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc Coa   | ated     |
| (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated                |          |
| (Galvannealed) by Hot-Dip Process.                    |          |
| C11-10  | ated     |
| Building Materials and Systems                        |          |
| C635-07 Manufacture, Performance, and Testing (       | of Metal |
| Suspension System for Acoustical Tile a               | and      |
| Lay-in Panel Ceilings                                 |          |
| C636-08Suspension of Metal Ceiling Suspension         | on       |
| Systems for Acoustical Tile and Lay-in                | Panels   |
| C645-09Non-Structural Steel Framing Members           |          |
| C754-11 Members                                       | to       |
| Receive Screw-Attached Gypsum Panel Pro               | oducts   |
| C841-03(R2008)Installation of Interior Lathing and Fu | urring   |
| C954-10Steel Drill Screws for the Application         | of       |
| Gypsum Panel Products or Metal Plaster                | Bases to |
| Steel Studs from 0.033 in. (0.84 mm) to               | o 0.112  |
| in. (2.84 mm) in Thickness                            |          |
| E580-11Spplication of Ceiling Suspension System       | ems for  |
| Acoustical Tile and Lay-in Panels in A:               | reas     |
| Requiring Moderate Seismic Restraint.                 |          |

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PROTECTIVE COATING

Galvanize steel studs, runners (track), rigid (hat section) furring channels, "Z" shaped furring channels, and resilient furring channels, with coating designation of G40 or equivalent.

#### 2.2 STEEL STUDS AND RUNNERS (TRACK)

- A. ASTM C645, modified for thickness specified and sizes as shown.
  - 1. Use C 645 steel, 0.75 mm (0.0296-inch) minimum base-metal (30 mil).
  - 2. Runners same thickness as studs.
  - 3. Exception: Members that can show certified third party testing with gypsum board in accordance with ICC ES AC86 (Approved May 2012) need not meet the minimum thickness limitation or minimum section properties set forth in ASTM C 645. The submission of an evaluation report is acceptable to show conformance to this requirement. Use C 645 steel, 0.48mm (0.019 inch) minimum base-metal (19 mil).
- B. Provide not less than two cutouts in web of each stud, approximately 300 mm (12 inches) from each end, and intermediate cutouts on approximately 600 mm (24-inch) centers.
- C. Doubled studs for openings and studs for supporting concrete backer-board.
- D. Studs 3600 mm (12 feet) or less in length shall be in one piece.

### 2.3 FURRING CHANNELS

- A. Rigid furring channels (hat shape): ASTM C645.
- B. Resilient furring channels:
  - 1. Not less than 0.45 mm (0.0179-inch) thick bare metal.
  - Semi-hat shape, only one flange for anchorage with channel web leg slotted on anchorage side, channel web leg on other side stiffens fastener surface but shall not contact anchorage surface other channel leg is attached to.
- C. "Z" Furring Channels:
  - 1. Not less than 0.45 mm (0.0179-inch)-thick base metal, with 32 mm (1-1/4 inch) and 19 mm (3/4-inch) flanges.
  - 2. Web furring depth to suit thickness of insulation.
- D. Rolled Steel Channels: ASTM C754, cold rolled; or, ASTM C841, cold rolled.

#### 2.4 FASTENERS, CLIPS, AND OTHER METAL ACCESSORIES

- A. ASTM C754, except as otherwise specified.
- B. For fire rated construction: Type and size same as used in fire rating test.
- C. Fasteners for steel studs thicker than 0.84 mm (0.033-inch) thick. Use ASTM C954 steel drill screws of size and type recommended by the manufacturer of the material being fastened.
- D. Clips: ASTM C841 (paragraph 6.11), manufacturer's standard items. Clips used in lieu of tie wire shall have holding power equivalent to that provided by the tie wire for the specific application.
- E. Not Used.
- F. Tie Wire and Hanger Wire:
  - 1. ASTM A641, soft temper, Class 1 coating.
  - 2. Gage (diameter) as specified in ASTM C754 or ASTM C841.
- G. Attachments for Wall Furring:
- Manufacturers standard items fabricated from zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet.
- H. Power Actuated Fasteners: Type and size as recommended by the manufacturer of the material being fastened.

### 2.5 SUSPENDED CEILING SYSTEM FOR GYPSUM BOARD (OPTION)

- A. Conform to ASTM C635, heavy duty, with not less than 35 mm (1-3/8 inch) wide knurled capped flange face designed for screw attachment of gypsum board.
- B. Wall track channel with 35 mm (1-3/8 inch) wide flange.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION CRITERIA

- A. Where fire rated construction is required for walls, partitions, columns, beams and floor-ceiling assemblies, the construction shall be same as that used in fire rating test.
- B. Construction requirements for fire rated assemblies and materials shall be as shown and specified, the provisions of the Scope paragraph (1.2) of ASTM C754 and ASTM C841 regarding details of construction shall not apply.

#### 3.2 INSTALLING STUDS

- A. Install studs in accordance with ASTM C754, except as otherwise shown or specified.
- B. Space studs not more than 610 mm (24 inches) on center.
- C. Cut studs 6 mm to 9 mm (1/4 to 3/8-inch) less than floor to underside of structure overhead when extended to underside of structure overhead.
- D. Where studs are shown to terminate above suspended ceilings, provide bracing as shown or extend studs to underside of structure overhead.
- E. Extend studs to underside of structure overhead for fire, rated partitions, smoke partitions, shafts, and sound rated partitions.
- F. Not Used
  - G. Openings:
    - Frame jambs of openings in stud partitions and furring with two studs placed back to back or as shown.
    - Fasten back to back studs together with 9 mm (3/8-inch) long Type S pan head screws at not less than 600 mm (two feet) on center, staggered along webs.
    - 3. Studs fastened flange to flange shall have splice plates on both sides approximately 50 X 75 mm (2 by 3 inches) screwed to each stud with two screws in each stud. Locate splice plates at 600 mm (24 inches) on center between runner tracks.
  - H. Fastening Studs:
    - Fasten studs located adjacent to partition intersections, corners and studs at jambs of openings to flange of runner tracks with two screws through each end of each stud and flange of runner.
    - 2. Do not fasten studs to top runner track when studs extend to underside of structure overhead.
  - I. Not Used.
  - J. Not Used.
  - K. Form control joint, with double studs spaced 13 mm (1/2-inch) apart.

3.3 INSTALLING WALL FURRING FOR FINISH APPLIED TO ONE SIDE ONLY

- A. In accordance with ASTM C754, or ASTM C841 except as otherwise specified or shown.
- B. Wall furring-Stud System:
  - 1. Framed with 63 mm (2-1/2 inch) or narrower studs, 600 mm (24 inches) on center.

- 2. Brace as specified in ASTM C754 for Wall Furring-Stud System or brace with sections or runners or studs placed horizontally at not less than three foot vertical intervals on side without finish.
- 3. Securely fasten braces to each stud with two Type S pan head screws at each bearing.
- C. Direct attachment to masonry or concrete; rigid channels or "Z" channels:
  - Install rigid (hat section) furring channels at 600 mm (24 inches) on center, horizontally or vertically.
  - Install "Z" furring channels vertically spaced not more than 600 mm (24 inches) on center.
  - 3. At corners where rigid furring channels are positioned horizontally, provide mitered joints in furring channels.
  - Ends of spliced furring channels shall be nested not less than 200 mm (8 inches).
  - 5. Fasten furring channels to walls with power-actuated drive pins or hardened steel concrete nails. Where channels are spliced, provide two fasteners in each flange.
  - 6. Locate furring channels at interior and exterior corners in accordance with wall finish material manufacturers printed erection instructions. Locate "Z" channels within 100 mm (4 inches) of corner.
- D. Installing Wall Furring-Bracket System: Space furring channels not more than 400 mm (16 inches) on center.

## 3.4 INSTALLING SUPPORTS REQUIRED BY OTHER TRADES

- A. Provide for attachment and support of electrical outlets, plumbing, laboratory or heating fixtures, recessed type plumbing fixture accessories, access panel frames, wall bumpers, wood seats, toilet stall partitions, dressing booth partitions, urinal screens, chalkboards, tackboards, wall-hung casework, handrail brackets, recessed fire extinguisher cabinets and other items like auto door buttons and auto door operators supported by stud construction.
- B. Provide additional studs where required. Install metal backing plates, or special metal shapes as required, securely fastened to metal studs.

### 3.5 NOT USED

### 3.6 INSTALLING FURRED AND SUSPENDED CEILINGS OR SOFFITS

- A. Install furred and suspended ceilings or soffits in accordance with ASTM C754 or ASTM C841 except as otherwise specified or shown for screw attached gypsum board ceilings and for plaster ceilings or soffits.
  - 1. Space framing at 400 mm (16-inch) centers for metal lath anchorage.
  - Space framing at 600 mm (24-inch) centers for gypsum board anchorage.
- B. Not Used.
- C. Not Used.
- D. Where bar joists or beams are more than 1200 mm (48 inches) apart, provide intermediate hangers so that spacing between supports does not exceed 1200 mm (48 inches). Use clips, bolts, or wire ties for direct attachment to steel framing.
- E. Not Used.
  - F. Steel decking without concrete topping:
    - 1. Do not fasten to steel decking 0.76 mm (0.0299-inch) or thinner.
    - 2. Toggle bolt to decking 0.9 mm (0.0359-inch) or thicker only where anchorage to steel framing is not possible.
  - G. Installing suspended ceiling system for gypsum board (ASTM C635 Option):
    - 1. Install only for ceilings to receive screw attached gypsum board.
    - 2. Install in accordance with ASTM C636.
      - a. Install main runners spaced 1200 mm (48 inches) on center.
      - b. Install 1200 mm (four foot) tees not over 600 mm (24 inches) on center; locate for edge support of gypsum board.
      - c. Install wall track channel at perimeter.
  - H. Installing Ceiling Bracing System:
    - 1. Construct bracing of 38 mm (1-1/2 inch) channels for lengths up to 2400 mm (8 feet) and 50 mm (2 inch) channels for lengths over 2400 mm (8 feet) with ends bent to form surfaces for anchorage to carrying channels and over head construction. Lap channels not less than 600 mm (2 feet) at midpoint back to back. Screw or bolt lap together with two fasteners.
    - 2. Install bracing at an approximate 45 degree angle to carrying channels and structure overhead; secure as specified to structure

overhead with two fasteners and to carrying channels with two fasteners or wire ties.

 Brace suspended ceiling or soffit framing in seismic areas in accordance with ASTM E580.

## 3.7 TOLERANCES

- A. Fastening surface for application of subsequent materials shall not vary more than 3 mm (1/8-inch) from the layout line.
- B. Plumb and align vertical members within 3 mm (1/8-inch.)
- C. Level or align ceilings within 3 mm (1/8-inch.)

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### SECTION 09 29 00 GYPSUM BOARD

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

This section specifies installation and finishing of gypsum board.

### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Installation of steel framing members for walls, partitions, furring, soffits, and ceilings: Section 09 22 16, NON-STRUCTURAL METAL FRAMING.
- B. Sound deadening board: Section 07 21 13, THERMAL INSULATION.
- C. Acoustical Sealants: Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.

### 1.3 TERMINOLOGY

- A. Definitions and description of terms shall be in accordance with ASTM C11, C840, and as specified.
- B. Underside of Structure Overhead: In spaces where steel trusses or bar joists are shown, the underside of structure overhead shall be the underside of the floor or roof construction supported by the trusses or bar joists.
- C. "Yoked": Gypsum board cut out for opening with no joint at the opening (along door jamb or above the door).

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Cornerbead and edge trim.
  - 2. Finishing materials.
  - 3. Laminating adhesive.
  - 4. Gypsum board, each type.
- C. Shop Drawings:
  - Typical gypsum board installation, showing corner details, edge trim details and the like.
  - Typical fire rated assembly and column fireproofing, indicating details of construction same as that used in fire rating test.
- D. Samples:
  - 1. Cornerbead.
  - 2. Edge trim.
  - 3. Control joints.

E. Test Results:

1. Fire rating test, each fire rating required for each assembly.

2. Sound rating test.

F. Certificates: Certify that gypsum board types, gypsum backing board types, cementitious backer units, and joint treating materials do not contain asbestos material.

### 1.5 DELIVERY, IDENTIFICATION, HANDLING AND STORAGE

In accordance with the requirements of ASTM C840.

### **1.6 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS**

In accordance with the requirements of ASTM C840.

#### **1.7 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. American Society for Testing And Materials (ASTM): C11-15..... Terminology Relating to Gypsum and Related Building Materials and Systems C475-15..... Joint Compound and Joint Tape for Finishing Gypsum Board C840-13..... Application and Finishing of Gypsum Board C919-12..... Sealants in Acoustical Applications C954-15.....Steel Drill Screws for the Application of Gypsum Board or Metal Plaster Bases to Steel Stud from 0.033 in. (0.84mm) to 0.112 in. (2.84mm) in thickness C1002-14.....Steel Self-Piercing Tapping Screws for the Application of Gypsum Panel Products or Metal Plaster Bases to Wood Studs or Steel Studs C1047-14.....Accessories for Gypsum Wallboard and Gypsum Veneer Base C1177-13.....Glass Mat Gypsum Substrate for Use as Sheathing
  - C1178/C1178M-18.....Specification for Coated Glass Mat Water

Resistant Backing Panel

C1658-13.....Glass Mat Gypsum Panels

C1396-14.....Gypsum Board

C. Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL): Latest Edition......Fire Resistance Directory D. Inchcape Testing Services (ITS):

Latest Editions.....Certification Listings

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 GYPSUM BOARD

- A. Gypsum Board: ASTM C1396, Type X, 16 mm (5/8 inch) thick unless shown otherwise.
- C. Water Resistant Gypsum Backing Board: ASTM C1178, Type X, 16 mm (5/8 inch) thick.
- D. Paper facings shall contain 100 percent post-consumer recycled paper content.

## 2.2 NOT USED

### 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. ASTM C1047, except form of 0.39 mm (0.015 inch) thick zinc coated steel sheet or rigid PVC plastic.
- B. Flanges not less than 22 mm (7/8 inch) wide with punchouts or deformations as required to provide compound bond.

#### 2.4 FASTENERS

- A. ASTM C1002 and ASTM C840, except as otherwise specified.
- B. ASTM C954, for steel studs thicker than 0.04 mm (0.33 inch).
- C. Select screws of size and type recommended by the manufacturer of the material being fastened.
- D. For fire rated construction, type and size same as used in fire rating test.
- E. Clips: Zinc-coated (galvanized) steel; gypsum board manufacturer's standard items.

### 2.5 FINISHING MATERIALS AND LAMINATING ADHESIVE

ASTM C475 and ASTM C840. Free of antifreeze, vinyl adhesives, preservatives, biocides and other VOC. Adhesive shall contain a maximum VOC content of 50 g/l.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 GYPSUM BOARD HEIGHTS

- A. Extend all layers of gypsum board from floor to underside of structure overhead on following partitions and furring:
  - 1. Two sides of partitions:
    - a. Fire rated partitions.

- b. Smoke partitions.
- c. Sound rated partitions.
- d. Full height partitions shown (FHP).
- 2. One side of partitions or furring:
  - a. Inside of exterior wall furring or stud construction.
  - b. Room side of room without suspended ceilings.
  - c. Furring for pipes and duct shafts, except where fire rated shaft wall construction is shown.
- Extend all layers of gypsum board construction used for fireproofing of columns from floor to underside of structure overhead, unless shown otherwise.
- B. In locations other than those specified, extend gypsum board from floor
  - to heights as follows:
  - 1. Not less than 100 mm (4 inches) above suspended acoustical ceilings.
  - 2. At ceiling of suspended gypsum board ceilings.
  - 3. At existing ceilings.

### 3.2 INSTALLING GYPSUM BOARD

- A. Coordinate installation of gypsum board with other trades and related work.
- B. Install gypsum board in accordance with ASTM C840, except as otherwise specified.
- C. Moisture and Mold-Resistant Assemblies: Provide and install moisture and mold-resistant glass mat gypsum wallboard products with moistureresistant surfaces complying with ASTM C1658 where shown and in locations which might be subject to moisture exposure during construction.
- D. Use gypsum boards in maximum practical lengths to minimize number of end joints.
- E. Bring gypsum board into contact, but do not force into place.
- F. Ceilings:
  - 1. For single-ply construction, use perpendicular application.
  - 2. For two-ply assembles:
    - a. Use perpendicular application.
    - b. Apply face ply of gypsum board so that joints of face ply do not occur at joints of base ply with joints over framing members.
- G. Walls (Except Shaft Walls):

- When gypsum board is installed parallel to framing members, space fasteners 300 mm (12 inches) on center in field of the board, and 200 mm (8 inches) on center along edges.
- When gypsum board is installed perpendicular to framing members, space fasteners 300 mm (12 inches) on center in field and along edges.
- 3. Stagger screws on abutting edges or ends.
- 4. For single-ply construction, apply gypsum board with long dimension either parallel or perpendicular to framing members as required to minimize number of joints except gypsum board shall be applied vertically over "Z" furring channels.
- 5. For two-ply gypsum board assemblies, apply base ply of gypsum board to assure minimum number of joints in face layer. Apply face ply of wallboard to base ply so that joints of face ply do not occur at joints of base ply with joints over framing members.
- 6. For three-ply gypsum board assemblies, apply plies in same manner as for two-ply assemblies, except that heads of fasteners need only be driven flush with surface for first and second plies. Apply third ply of wallboard in same manner as second ply of two-ply assembly, except use fasteners of sufficient length enough to have the same penetration into framing members as required for two-ply assemblies.
- No offset in exposed face of walls and partitions will be permitted because of single-ply and two-ply or three-ply application requirements.
- 8. Installing Two Layer Assembly Over Sound Deadening Board:
  - a. Apply face layer of wallboard vertically with joints staggered from joints in sound deadening board over framing members.
  - b. Fasten face layer with screw, of sufficient length to secure to framing, spaced 300 mm (12 inches) on center around perimeter, and 400 mm (16 inches) on center in the field.
- 9. Control Joints ASTM C840 and as follows:
  - a. Locate at both side jambs of openings if gypsum board is not "yoked". Use one system throughout.
  - b. Not required for wall lengths less than 9000 mm (30 feet).
  - c. Extend control joints the full height of the wall or length of soffit/ceiling membrane.

- H. Acoustical or Sound Rated Partitions, Fire and Smoke Partitions:
  - Cut gypsum board for a space approximately 3 mm to 6 mm (1/8 to 1/4 inch) wide around partition perimeter.
  - 2. Coordinate for application of caulking or sealants to space prior to taping and finishing.
  - 3. For sound rated partitions, use sealing compound (ASTM C919) to fill the annular spaces between all receptacle boxes and the partition finish material through which the boxes protrude to seal all holes and/or openings on the back and sides of the boxes. STC minimum values as shown.
- I. Electrical and Telecommunications Boxes:
  - Seal annular spaces between electrical and telecommunications receptacle boxes and gypsum board partitions.
- J. Accessories:
  - Set accessories plumb, level and true to line, neatly mitered at corners and intersections, and securely attach to supporting surfaces as specified.
  - 2. Install in one piece, without the limits of the longest commercially available lengths.
  - 3. Corner Beads:
    - a. Install at all vertical and horizontal external corners and where shown.
    - b. Use screws only. Do not use crimping tool.
  - 4. Edge Trim (casings Beads):
    - At both sides of expansion and control joints unless shown otherwise.
    - b. Where gypsum board terminates against dissimilar materials and at perimeter of openings, except where covered by flanges, casings or permanently built-in equipment.
    - c. Where gypsum board surfaces of non-load bearing assemblies abut load bearing members.
    - d. Where shown.

### 3.4 NOT USED

## 3.5 FINISHING OF GYPSUM BOARD

- A. Finish joints, edges, corners, and fastener heads in accordance with ASTM C840. Use Level 4 finish for al finished areas open to public view.
- B. Before proceeding with installation of finishing materials, assure the following:
  - 1. Gypsum board is fastened and held close to framing or furring.
  - Fastening heads in gypsum board are slightly below surface in dimple formed by driving tool.
- C. Finish joints, fasteners, and all openings, including openings around penetrations, on that part of the gypsum board extending above suspended ceilings to seal surface of non decorated, fire rated, gypsum board construction. After the installation of hanger rods, hanger wires, supports, equipment, conduits, piping and similar work, seal remaining openings and maintain the integrity of thefire rated, construction.

### 3.6 REPAIRS

- A. After taping and finishing has been completed, and before decoration, repair all damaged and defective work, including nondecorated surfaces.
- B. Patch holes or openings 13 mm (1/2 inch) or less in diameter, or equivalent size, with a setting type finishing compound or patching plaster.
- C. Repair holes or openings over 13 mm (1/2 inch) diameter, or equivalent size, with 16 mm (5/8 inch) thick gypsum board secured in such a manner as to provide solid substrate equivalent to undamaged surface.
- D. Tape and refinish scratched, abraded or damaged finish surfaces including cracks and joints in nondecorated surface to provide smoke tight construction and fire protection equivalent to the fire rated construction and STC equivalent to the sound rated construction.

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## SECTION 09 65 13 RESILIENT BASE AND ACCESSORIES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Resilient base (RB) adhered to interior walls and partitions.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Rubber Tile Flooring at Landings: Section 09 65 19, RESILIENT TILE FLOORING.

### 1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Comply with references to extent specified in this section.
- B. ASTM International (ASTM):

F1344-15.....Rubber Floor Tile.

F1859-14e1.....Rubber Sheet Floor Covering without Backing. F1860-14e1.....Rubber Sheet Floor Covering with Backing.

F1861-16.....Resilient Wall Base.

D4259-18.....Preparation of Concrete by Abrasion Prior to Coating Application.

C. Federal Specifications (Fed. Spec.): RR-T-650E (1994).....Treads, Metallic and Non-Metallic,

Skid-Resistant.

D. International Concrete Repair Institute (ICRI): 310.2R-2013.....Selecting and Specifying Concrete Surface Preparation for Sealers, Coatings, Polymer Overlays, and Concrete Repair.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Procedures: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
  - Adhesives and primers indicating manufacturer's recommendation for each application.
  - 3. Installation instructions.
- C. Samples:

1. Resilient Base: 150 mm (6 inches) long, each type and color.

D. Sustainable Construction Submittals:

- Recycled Content: Identify post-consumer and pre-consumer recycled content percentage by weight.
- 2. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials:
  - a. Show volatile organic compound types and quantities.
- E. Operation and Maintenance Data:
  - 1. Care instructions for each exposed finish product.

## 1.5 DELIVERY

- A. Deliver products in manufacturer's original sealed packaging.
- B. Mark packaging, legibly. Indicate manufacturer's name or brand, type, color, production run number, and manufacture date.
- C. Before installation, return or dispose of products within distorted, damaged, or opened packaging.

### 1.6 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Store products indoors in dry, weathertight facility.
- B. Protect products from damage when handling and during construction operations.

### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environment:
  - Product Temperature: Minimum 21 degrees C (70 degrees F) for minimum
     48 hours before installation.
  - Work Area Ambient Temperature Range: 21 to 27 degrees C (70 to 80 degrees F) continuously, beginning 48 hours before installation.
  - 3. Install products when building is permanently enclosed and when wet construction is completed, dried, and cured.

### 1.8 WARRANTY

A. Construction Warranty: FAR clause 52.246-21, "Warranty of Construction."

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 PRODUCTS

- A. Basis of Design: Section 09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES.
- B. Provide each product from one manufacturer and from one production run.
- C. Sustainable Construction Requirements:
  - 1. Low Pollutant-Emitting Materials: Comply with VOC limits specified in Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS for the following products:
    - a. Flooring Adhesives and Sealants.

### 2.2 RESILIENT BASE

- A. Resilient Base: 3 mm (1/8 inch) thick, 100 mm (4 inches) high.
  - 1. Type: Rubber or vinyl; use one type throughout.
  - ASTM F1861, Type TP thermoplastic rubber or Type TV thermoplastic vinyl, Group 2 - layered.
- B. Applications:
  - 1. Carpet Flooring Locations: Style A Straight.
  - 2. Other Locations: Style B Cove.

### 2.3 PRIMER (FOR CONCRETE FLOORS)

A. Primer: Type recommended by adhesive manufacturer.

#### 2.4 LEVELING COMPOUND (FOR CONCRETE FLOORS)

A. Leveling Compound: Provide products mixed with latex or polyvinyl acetate resins.

### 2.5 ADHESIVES

A. Adhesives: Low pollutant-emitting, water based type recommended by adhered product manufacturer for each application.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Examine and verify substrate suitability for product installation.
- B. Protect existing construction and completed work from damage.
- C. Remove existing base to permit new installation.
  - 1. Dispose of removed materials.
- D. Correct substrate deficiencies.
  - 1. Fill cracks, pits, and depressions with leveling compound.
  - 2. Remove protrusions; grind high spots.
  - Apply leveling compound to achieve 3 mm (1/8 inch) in 3 m (10 feet) maximum surface variation.
- E. Clean substrates. Remove contaminants capable of affecting subsequently installed product's performance.
  - 1. Mechanically clean concrete floor substrate according to ASTM D4259.
  - 2. Surface Profile: ICRI Guideline No. 310.2R.
- F. Allow substrate to dry and cure.
- G. Perform flooring manufacturer's recommended bond, substrate moisture content, and pH tests.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION GENERAL

A. Install products according to manufacturer's instructions.

1. When instructions deviate from specifications, submit proposed resolution for Contracting Officer consideration.

## 3.3 RESILIENT BASE INSTALLATION

- A. Applications:
  - 1. Install resilient base in rooms scheduled on Drawings.
  - 2. Install resilient base on casework , and other curb supported fixed equipment.
  - 3. Extend resilient base into closets, alcoves, and cabinet knee spaces, and around columns within scheduled room.
- B. Lay out resilient base with minimum number of joints.
  - 1. Length: 600 mm (24 inches) minimum, each piece.
  - Locate joints 150 mm (6 inches) minimum from corners and intersection of adjacent materials.
- C. Installation:
  - Apply adhesive uniformly for full contact between resilient base and substrate.
  - 2. Set resilient base with hairline butted joints aligned along top edge.
- D. Field form corners and end stops.
  - 1. V-groove back of outside corner.
  - 2. V-groove face of inside corner and notch cove for miter joint.
- E. Roll resilient base ensuring complete adhesion.

#### 3.4 CLEANING

- A. Remove excess adhesive before adhesive sets.
- B. Clean exposed resilient base, surfaces. Remove contaminants and stains.
  - 1. Clean with mild detergent. Leave surfaces free of detergent residue.
- C. Polish exposed resilient base to gloss sheen.

### 3.5 PROTECTION

- A. Protect products from construction traffic and operations.
- B. Replace damaged products and re-clean.
  - Damaged Products include cut, gouged, scraped, torn, and unbonded products.

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## SECTION 09 65 19 STATIC DISSAPATIVE RESILIENT TILE FLOORING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

- A. Work Included: Provide labor, materials and equipment necessary to complete the work of this Section, including but not limited to the following:
  - i. Vinyl Tile Flooring
  - ii. Substrate Preparation
- B. Related Work: The following items are not included in this Section and are specified under the designated Sections:
  - i. Section 09 65 13, RESILIENT BASE AND ACCESSORIES.
- C. References (Industry Standards):
  - i. ASTM International (ASTM):
    - a. ASTM F1700, Standard Specification for Solid Vinyl Tile Floor Covering
    - ASTM E648 (NFPA 253), Standard Test Method for Critical Radiant Flux of Floor Covering Systems Using a Radiant Heat Energy Source
    - c. ASTM E662 (NFPA 258), Standard Test Method for Specific Optical Density of Smoke Generated by Solid Materials
    - d. ASTM F970, Standard Test Method for Static Load Limit
    - e. ASTM F970 (Modified), Test Method for Maximum Load Limit
    - f. ASTM F925, Standard Test Method for Resistance to Chemicals of Resilient Flooring
    - g. ASTM D2047, Standard Test Method for Static Coefficient of Friction as Measured by the James Machine
    - h. ASTM F150, Standard Test Method for Electrical Resistance; 0.25 M $\Omega$  1 M $\Omega$  (Conductive) & 1 M $\Omega$  1000 M $\Omega$  (Dissipative)
    - ANSI/ESD S7.1, Standard Test Method for Static Protective Flooring Materials
    - j. ANSI/ESD S20.20, Electrostatic Discharge Control Program Standard
    - k. AATCC-134, Static Generation Propensity (Conductive)
    - 1. AATCC-134, Static Generation Propensity (Dissipative)

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## STATIC DISSAPATIVE RESILIENT TILE FLOORING

### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Submit listed submittals in accordance with Conditions of the Contract and Division 1 Submittal Procedures.
- B. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical data sheet, care & maintenance document, submittal and/or warranty for each material and accessory proposed for use.
- C. Samples: Submit representative samples of each product specified for verification, in manufacturer's standard size samples of each resilient product color, texture and patter required.

### **1.3** QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Provide resilient flooring materials manufactured in the United States of America by a firm with a minimum of 10 years' experience with resilient flooring materials of type equivalent to those specified.
  - i. Manufacturer shall be capable of providing technical training and technical field service representation.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Installer must be professional, licensed, insured and familiar with the resilient flooring material to be installed. Project Managers or Field Supervisors must be INSTALL (International Standards & Training Alliance) certified CFI (Certified Floorcovering Installers) Certified and/or an FCICA (The Flooring Contractors Association) CIM (Certified Installation Manager) for the requirements of the project.

## 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials in labeled packages. Store and handle in strict compliance with manufacturer's recommendations. Protect from damage due to weather, excessive temperatures, and construction operations.
- B. Deliver materials sufficiently in advance of installation to condition materials to the required temperature for 48-hours prior to installation.

### 1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Install ESD Vinyl Tile after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

- B. Maintain temperature at service levels and/or the ambient temperature must remain steady (± 10° F) between 65° F and 85° F for at least 48hours prior to, during and until substantial completion.
- C. Maintain relative humidity at service levels, or between 40% and 65%  $$\rm RH$.$
- D. Avoid conditions in which dew point causes condensation on the installation surface.

#### 1.6 WARRANTY

A. Provide manufacturer's standard limited commercial warranty to cover manufacturing defects.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 PRODUCTS

- A. Basis of Design: Flexco Delane ESD VINYL TILE FLOORING
  - 1. ESD Vinyl Tile Dimensions 12" x 12" x 1/8"
  - 2. ESD Vinyl Tile Finish: Smooth
  - 3. Static Dissipative Vinyl Tile  $(1 \times 10^6 1 \times 10^9)$ ]
  - 4. ASTM F1700, Solid Vinyl Tile Floor Covering: Class I, Type A
  - ASTM E648 (NFPA 253), Critical Radiant Flux of Floor Covering Systems Using a Radiant Heat Energy Source: Class I, > 0.45 W/cm2
  - ASTM E662 (NFPA 258), Specific Optical Density of Smoke Generated by Solid Materials: Passes < 450</li>
  - 7. ASTM F970, Static Load Limit: Passes, 250 PSI
  - 8. ASTM F970 (Modified), Maximum Load Limit: 2500 PSI
  - 9. ASTM F925, Resistance to Chemicals: Passes (see list)
  - 10. ASTM D2047, Static Coefficient of Friction: > 0.6
  - 11. Federal Standard Test Method 101c: Passes, 5000 v to 0 v
  - 12. Method 4046 (Conductive & Dissipative): In <0.01 sec.
  - 13. ANSI/ESD S7.1: Meets Requirements
  - 14. ANSI/ESD S20.20: Meets Requirements
  - 15. ASTM F150, Electrical Resistance, 0.25 M $_{\Omega}$  1 M $_{\Omega}$  (Conductive): 2.5 x 10<sup>4</sup> 1 x 10<sup>6</sup>

 $1 M\Omega - 1000 M\Omega$  (Dissipative):  $1 \times 10^6$ 

 $-1 \times 10^{9}$ 

- B. ESD APPROVED ADHESIVES
  - 1. Manufacturers standard adhesive

## 09 65 19 - 3 STATIC DISSAPATIVE RESILIENT TILE FLOORING

#### 2.2 ESD ACCESSORIES

 COPPER GROUNDING STRAPS
 ESD Vinyl Tile orders must include 1" x 0.004" Copper Grounding Straps.

### 2.3 INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE MATERIALS

- A. Moisture Mitigation: Moisture testing is required for all ESD Vinyl Tile installations. Mitigation should be performed if results indicate high levels of moisture. Recommended Moisture Mitigation Product:
  - Refer to SECTION 09 05 16, SUBSURFACE PREPARATION FOR FLOOR FINISHES.
- B. Adhesives: Adhesives should be selected based on the site conditions and use of the space being installed. Recommended Adhesive Products:i. Follow manufacturers recommended adhesive.
- C. Maintenance Materials: Proper maintenance of the installation is critical to the long term performance of the flooring products being specified. Using the appropriate chemicals to maintain the product according to the environment in which it is specified is critical. Recommend maintenance products:
  - a. For initial maintenance: manufacturers standard
  - b. For daily and routine maintenance: Manufacturers standardDO NOT APPLY AN 'ON-SITE' FINISH TO ESD VINYL TILE FLOORING

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 GENERAL

- A. General Contractor Responsibilities:
  - Supply a safe, climate controlled building and subfloor as detailed in Flexco Technical Data Sheets.
  - Ensure substrate meets the requirements of ASTM F710, Flexco Technical Data Sheets and Excelsior Technical Data Sheets.
  - 3. Provide a secure storage area that is maintained permanently or temporarily at normal operating temperature and humidity conditions between 65° F and 85° F and between 40% and 65% relative humidity, for at least 48-hours prior to and during the application of the flooring, so the flooring contractor can acclimate the flooring materials per manufacturer's instructions.

- 4. Provide an installation area that is weather tight and maintained either permanently or temporarily at ambient service temperature and humidity. Normal operating temperature and humidity conditions are between 65° F and 85° F and between 40% and 65% relative humidity, for at least 48-hours prior to, during and 48 hours after the application of the flooring per the manufacturer's instructions.
- 5. Ensure areas with direct prolonged exposure to sunlight are protected with protective UVA/UVB restrictive coatings or films.
- 6. Areas of the flooring that are subject to direct sunlight through doors or windows should have them covered using blinds, curtains, cardboard or similar for the time of the installation and 48hours after the installation to allow the adhesive to cure. Note: These areas should be installed using wet adhesives only.
- 7. Conduct initial maintenance prior to final usage per the Flexco Care & Maintenance Documents. Do not conduct initial maintenance until adhesive has cured per the adhesive technical data.
- B. Flooring Contractor Responsibilities:
  - Provide trained installers that are professional, licensed, insured and familiar with the resilient flooring material to be installed. Ensure installers or installation teams meet one of the following requirements:
  - Have completed INSTALL (International Standards & Training Alliance) or CFI (Certified Floorcovering Installers) training programs and/or are certified by INSTALL or CFI.
  - 3. Are being supervised by Project Managers or Field Supervisors that are INSTALL (International Standards & Training Alliance) certified, CFI (Certified Floorcovering Installers) Certified and/or an FCICA (The Flooring Contractors Association) CIM (Certified Installation Manager).
  - Follow all requirements in the appropriate Flexco and/or Excelsior Technical Data Sheets, Care & Maintenance Documents, Warranties and other technical documents or instructions.

### 3.2 EXAMINATION

A. General: Follow guidelines laid out in Section 01 45 00 QUALITY CONTROL.

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- B. Verification of Conditions: Inspect all substrates to ensure they are clean, smooth, permanently dry, flat, and structurally sound. Confirm all areas are properly sealed and acclimated per manufacturer's requirements.
- C. Verification of Products: In accordance with manufacturer's installation requirements, visually inspect material for size, color or visual defects prior to installing. Any material that is incorrect or visually defective shall not be installed.
- D. Product Limitations: Do not install over LVT, cushioned vinyl, hardwood flooring, cork, rubber, or asphaltic materials. Do not install ESD Vinyl Tile in outdoor areas, residences, in or around commercial kitchens or areas that may be exposed to animal or vegetable fats and oils, grease and petroleum-based hydrocarbons. Do not install in areas that may be exposed to sharp, pointy objects, such as stiletto heels, cleats or spikes.
- **3.3** SUBSTRATE PREPARATION
  - A. General: All work required ensuring substrate or subfloor meets manufacturers' guidelines are the responsibility of the general contractor.
  - B. Preparation: Ensure substrate meets the requirements of ASTM F710 for concrete substrates and ASTM F1482 for wood substrates and/or Flexco Technical Data Sheets and Excelsior Technical Data Sheets.
    - 1. Substrates must be free of visible water or moisture, dust, sealers, paint, sweeping compounds, curing compounds, residual adhesives and adhesive removers, concrete hardeners or densifiers, solvents, wax, oil, grease, asphalt, visible alkaline salts or excessive efflorescence, mold, mildew and any other extraneous coating, film, material or foreign matter.
    - 2. It is recommended that all substrates have a floor flatness of FF32 and/or flatness tolerance of 1/8'' in 6' or 3/16'' in 10'.
    - Acclimate all products to be used during the installation in the installation environment prior to installation according to the manufacturers written instructions.
  - C. Concrete Substrates:

- Moisture Testing: Perform moisture testing per the manufacturer's recommendations to determine conditions, it is recommended to treat new and existing slabs a little bit different to ensure adequate conditions exist for installation.
  - a. New Slabs on all grade levels: it is recommended to perform ASTM F2170 Relative Humidity testing no more than a week prior to installation too determine the levels present and when to proceed with the installation.
  - b. Existing Slabs on all grade levels: in addition to ASTM F2170 testing, existing slabs that have previously had floor covering installed, must be tested to ASTM F1869 Calcium Chloride test kits to determine the MVER of the concrete.
- 2. Mechanically remove contamination on the substrate that may cause damage to the flooring material, this includes paint, permanent and non-permanent markers, pens, crayons, etc. Leaving these on the substrate or marking with them on the back of the material could cause bleed through and damage the flooring.
- 3. Fill cracks, holes, depressions and irregularities in the substrate to prevent transferring through to the surface of the resilient flooring. Use a high-quality Portland cement based product such as Excelsior installation products provided by Flexco.
- 4. Do not install material over expansion joints.

### 3.4 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Follow all relevant guidelines detailed in Division 01, as well as flooring and adhesive manufacturer's technical data sheets.
- B. Resilient ESD Vinyl Tile: Install material in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations:
  - Select the appropriate adhesive for the application and job site conditions.
  - Confirm material installation pattern and direction per design specifications or work order.
  - Dry-lay several pieces of material in order to determine ideal room layout.

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## STATIC DISSAPATIVE RESILIENT TILE FLOORING

- 4. Prior to installation, consult project electrician or electrical engineer regarding the placement of copper straps in order to synchronize copper strap placement with electrical grounding system location.
- 5. Prior to installing flooring materials, install copper straps directly into fresh adhesive and trowel adhesive over strap to fully embed strap in adhesive. Copper strap must be at least 18" in length, with at least 9" embedded into adhesive.
- Copper grounding straps must be placed every 2000 sq. ft., at least one per room.

### 3.5 CLEANING & MAINTENANCE

- A. General: Clean up installation area and sweep, dust or wipe material to remove any dirt, dust or debris.
- B. Initial Maintenance: Conduct initial maintenance per the manufacturer's recommended procedures stated in the Maintenance Documents.
- C. Regular Maintenance: Conduct maintenance on regular intervals as needed. Insufficient cleaning will reduce the wear life of the flooring and alter the dissipative properties of the tiles. The amount of maintenance depends directly upon the amount of dirt and particulates the floor is subjected to.
- D. ESD vinyl flooring products DO NOT require a protective wax or floor finish.
- E. In areas where rolling chairs will be used, a resilient flooring chair pad must be installed over the finished floor to protect floor covering.
- F. Always use untreated, new or thoroughly cleaned mops and pads when conducting daily or routine maintenance.
- G. Do not use Kerosene, Gasoline, Naphtha and/or other solvents to clean vinyl tile.

## 3.6 CLOSEOUT ACTIVITIES

A. Protection: Protect newly installed material with construction grade paper or protective boards, such as Masonite or Ram Board, to protect material from damage by other trades. Be sure all construction debris is swept up and removed prior to the protective material being installed and does not get trapped underneath. Limit usage and foot traffic according to the adhesive's requirements. When moving

appliances or heavy furniture, protect flooring and wall base from scuffing and tearing using temporary floor protection as well.

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## SECTION 09 91 00 PAINTING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Work of this Section includes all labor, materials, equipment, and services necessary to complete the painting and finishing as shown on the construction documents and/or specified herein, including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Prime coats which may be applied in shop under other sections.
  - 2. Prime painting unprimed surfaces to be painted under this Section.
  - Painting items furnished with a prime coat of paint, including touching up of or repairing of abraded, damaged or rusted prime coats applied by others.
  - 4. Painting ferrous metal (except stainless steel) exposed to view.
  - 5. Painting galvanized ferrous metals exposed to view.
  - 6. Painting interior concrete block exposed to view.
  - 7. Painting gypsum drywall exposed to view.
  - Painting of wood exposed to view, except items which are specified to be painted or finished under other Sections of these specifications. Back painting of all wood in contact with concrete, masonry or other moisture areas.
  - Painting pipes, pipe coverings, conduit, ducts, insulation, hangers, supports and other mechanical and electrical items and equipment exposed to view.
  - 10. Painting surfaces above, behind or below grilles, gratings, diffusers, louvers lighting fixtures, and the like, which are exposed to view through these items.
  - 11. Painting includes shellacs, stains, varnishes, coatings specified, and striping or markers and identity markings.
  - 12. Incidental painting and touching up as required to produce proper finish for painted surfaces, including touching up of factory finished items.
  - 13. Painting of any surface not specifically mentioned to be painted herein or on construction documents, but for which painting is obviously necessary to complete the job, or work which comes within the intent of these specifications, is to be included as though specified.

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01 35 26, SAFETY REQUIREMENTS: Activity Hazard Analysis.
- B. Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTUCTION REQUIREMENTS: Sustainable Design Requirements.
- C. Section 02 83 33.13, LEAD-BASED PAINT REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL: Lead Paint Removal.
- D. Division 05 METALS: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- E. Division 08 OPENINGS: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- F. Section 08 14 00, INTERIOR WOOD DOORS: Prefinished flush doors with transparent finishes.
- G. Section 09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES: Type of Finish, Color, and Gloss Level of Finish Coat.
- H. Division 10 SPECIALTIES: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- I. Division 11 EQUIPMENT: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- J. Division 12 FURNISHINGS: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- K. Division 13 SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- L. Division 21 FIRE SUPPRESSION: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- M. Division 22 PLUMBING: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- N. Division 23 HEATING; VENTILATION AND AIR-CONDITIONING: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- O. Division 26 ELECTRICAL: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- P. Division 27 COMMUNICATIONS: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.
- Q. Division 28 ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY: Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittals as described below:
  - Volatile organic compounds per volume as specified in PART 2 - PRODUCTS.
- C. Painter qualifications.
- D. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:

- 1. Before work is started, or sample panels are prepared, submit manufacturer's literature and technical data, the current Master Painters Institute (MPI) "Approved Product List" indicating brand label, product name and product code as of the date of contract award, will be used to determine compliance with the submittal requirements of this specification. The Contractor may choose to use subsequent MPI "Approved Product List", however, only one (1) list may be used for the entire contract and each coating system is to be from a single manufacturer. All coats on a particular substrate must be from a single manufacturer. No variation from the MPI "Approved Product List" where applicable is acceptable.
- E. Sample Panels:
  - After painters' materials have been approved and before work is started, submit sample panels showing each type of finish and color specified.
  - 2. Panels to Show Color: Composition board, 100 x 250 mm (4 x 10 inch).
  - 3. Panel to Show Transparent Finishes: Wood of same species and grain pattern as wood approved for use, 100 x 250 mm (4 x 10 inch face) minimum, and where both flat and edge grain will be exposed, 250 mm (10 inches) long by sufficient size, 50 x 50 mm (2 x 2 inch) minimum or actual wood member to show complete finish.
  - 4. Attach labels to panel stating the following:
    - a. Federal Specification Number or manufacturers name and product number of paints used.
    - b. Specification code number specified in Section 09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES.
    - c. Product type and color.
    - d. Name of project.
  - 5. Strips showing not less than 50 mm (2 inch) wide strips of undercoats and 100 mm (4 inch) wide strip of finish coat.
- F. Sample of identity markers if used.
- G. Manufacturers' Certificates indicating compliance with specified requirements:
  - 1. Manufacturer's paint substituted for Federal Specification paints meets or exceeds performance of paint specified.
  - 2. High temperature aluminum paint.

- 3. Epoxy coating.
- 4. Intumescent clear coating or fire-retardant paint.
- 5. Plastic floor coating.

## 1.4 DELIVERY AND STORAGE

- A. Deliver materials to site in manufacturer's sealed container marked to show following:
  - 1. Name of manufacturer.
  - 2. Product type.
  - 3. Batch number.
  - 4. Instructions for use.
  - 5. Safety precautions.
- B. In addition to manufacturer's label, provide a label legibly printed as following:
  - 1. Federal Specification Number, where applicable, and name of material.
  - 2. Surface upon which material is to be applied.
  - 3. Specify Coat Types: Prime; body; finish; etc.
- C. Maintain space for storage, and handling of painting materials and equipment in a ventilated, neat and orderly condition to prevent spontaneous combustion from occurring or igniting adjacent items.
- D. Store materials at site at least 24 hours before using, at a temperature between 7 and 30 degrees C (45 and 85 degrees F).

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Qualification of Painters: Use only qualified journeyman painters for the mixing and application of paint on exposed surfaces. Submit evidence that key personnel have successfully performed surface preparation and application of coating on a minimum of three (3) similar projects within the past three (3) years.
- B. Paint Coordination: Provide finish coats which are compatible with the prime paints used. Review other Sections of these specifications in which prime paints are to be provided to ensure compatibility of the total coatings system for the various substrates. Upon request from other subcontractors, furnish information on the characteristics of the finish materials proposed to be used, to ensure that compatible prime coats are used. Provide barrier coats over incompatible primers or remove and reprime as required. Notify the Contracting Officer Representative (COR) in

writing of any anticipated problems using the coating systems as specified with substrates primed by others.

### 1.6 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Paint materials are to conform to the restrictions of the local Environmental and Toxic Control jurisdiction.
  - Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) Emissions Requirements: Field-applied paints and coatings that are inside the waterproofing system to not exceed limits of authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Lead-Base Paint:
    - a. Comply with Section 410 of the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act, as amended, and with implementing regulations promulgated by Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.
    - b. Regulations concerning prohibition against use of lead-based paint in federal and federally assisted construction, or rehabilitation of residential structures are set forth in Subpart F, Title 24, Code of Federal Regulations, Department of Housing and Urban Development.
    - c. Do not use coatings having a lead content over 0.06 percent by weight of non-volatile content.
    - d. For lead-paint removal, see Section 02 83 33.13, LEAD-BASED PAINT REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL.
  - 3. Asbestos: Provide materials that do not contain asbestos.
  - Chromate, Cadmium, Mercury, and Silica: Provide materials that do not contain zinc-chromate, strontium-chromate, Cadmium, mercury or mercury compounds or free crystalline silica.
  - 5. Human Carcinogens: Provide materials that do not contain any of the ACGIH-BKLT and ACGHI-DOC confirmed or suspected human carcinogens.
  - 6. Use high performance acrylic paints in place of alkyd paints.

### 1.7 SAFETY AND HEALTH

- A. Apply paint materials using safety methods and equipment in accordance with the following:
  - Comply with applicable Federal, State, and local laws and regulations, and with the ACCIDENT PREVENTION PLAN, including the Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) as specified in Section 01 35 26, SAFETY REQUIREMENTS. The AHA is to include analyses of the potential impact of painting operations on painting personnel and on others involved in and adjacent to the work zone.

- B. Safety Methods Used During Paint Application: Comply with the requirements of SSPC PA Guide 10.
- C. Toxic Materials: To protect personnel from overexposure to toxic materials, conform to the most stringent guidance of:
  - The applicable manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) or local regulation.
  - 2. 29 CFR 1910.1000.
  - 3. ACHIH-BKLT and ACGHI-DOC, threshold limit values.

### 1.8 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced in the text by basic designation only.
- B. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH): ACGIH TLV-BKLT-2012....Threshold Limit Values (TLV) for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices (BEIS)

ACGIH TLV-DOC-2012.....Documentation of Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices, (Seventh Edition)

C. ASME International (ASME):

A13.1-07(R2013).....Scheme for the Identification of Piping Systems D. Code of Federal Regulation (CFR):

- 40 CFR 59.....Determination of Volatile Matter Content, Water Content, Density Volume Solids, and Weight Solids of Surface Coating
- E. Commercial Item Description (CID): A-A-1272A.....Plaster Gypsum (Spackling Compound)
- F. Federal Specifications (Fed Spec):
   TT-P-1411A.....Paint, Copolymer-Resin, Cementitious (For
  - Waterproofing Concrete and Masonry Walls) (CEP)
- G. Master Painters Institute (MPI):

1.....Aluminum Paint

3......Primer, Alkali Resistant, Water Based

4..... Interior/ Exterior Latex Block Filler

- 5..... Exterior Alkyd Wood Primer
- 6..... Exterior, Latex for Exterior Wood Primer
- 7.....Exterior Oil Wood Primer

| 8Exterior Alkyd, Flat MPI Gloss Level 1              |
|--|
| 9 MPI Gloss Level 6                                  |
| 10Exterior Latex, Flat                               |
| 11Exterior Latex, Semi-Gloss                         |
| 15 Low Sheen (MPI Gloss Level 3-4)                   |
| 17Primer, Bonding, Waterbased                        |
| 18Organic Zinc Rich Primer                           |
| 22Aluminum Paint, High Heat (up to 590% - 1100F)     |
| 23Primer, Metal, Surface Tolerant                    |
|  |
| 27Exterior / Interior Alkyd Floor Enamel, Gloss      |
| 31Polyurethane, Moisture Cured, Clear Gloss          |
| 36Knot Sealer  |
| 39 Wood  |
| 40Exterior, Latex High Build                         |
| 42Textured Coating, Latex, Flat                      |
| 43 MPI Gloss Level 4                                 |
| 44 MPI Gloss Level 2                                 |
| 45 Interior Primer Sealer                            |
| 46Interior Enamel Undercoat                          |
| 47 Interior Alkyd, Semi-Gloss, MPI Gloss Level 5     |
| 48Interior Alkyd, Gloss, MPI Gloss Level 6           |
| 50 Sealer  |
| 51 MPI Gloss Level 3                                 |
| 52 MPI Gloss Level 3                                 |
| 53 Flat, MPI Gloss Level 1                           |
| 54 Semi-Gloss, MPI Gloss Level 5                     |
| 59 Interior/Exterior Alkyd Porch & Floor Enamel, Low |
| Gloss  |
| 60 Enterior/Exterior Latex Porch & Floor Paint, Low  |
| Gloss  |
| 66 Clear Top-Coat (ULC                               |
| Approved)  |
| 67   |
| Approved)  |
|  |

68..... Linterior / Exterior Latex Porch & Floor Paint, Gloss 71.....Polyurethane, Moisture Cured, Clear, Flat 77.....Epoxy Cold Cured, Gloss 79..... Marine Alkyd Metal Primer 90..... Semi-Transparent 91.....Wood Filler Paste 94..... Exterior Alkyd, Semi-Gloss 95..... Fast Drying Metal Primer 98.....High Build Epoxy Coating 99......Sealer, Water-based, for Concrete Floors 101..... Epoxy Anti-Corrosive Metal Primer 107..... Primer, Rust-Inhibitive, Water-based 108..... High Build Epoxy Coating, Low Gloss Flat 114..... Interior Latex, Gloss 115..... Epoxy-Modified Latex, Interior Gloss (MPI gloss level 6) 118.....Dry Fall, Latex Flat 119..... Exterior Latex, High Gloss (acrylic) 134.....Galvanized Water Based Primer 135..... Galvanized Primer 138..... Interior High Performance Latex, MPI Gloss Level 2 139..... Interior High Performance Latex, MPI Gloss Level 3 140..... Interior High Performance Latex, MPI Gloss Level 4 141.....Interior High Performance Latex (SG) MPI Gloss Level 5 144.....Latex, Interior, Institutional Low Odor / VOC, (MPI Gloss Level 2) 145.....Latex, Interior, Institutional Low Odor / VOC, (MPI Gloss Level 3) 146.....Latex, Interior, Institutional Low Odor / VOC, (MPI Gloss Level 4)

151..... Interior, Water-based, (MPI Gloss Level 3) 153..... Light Industrial Coating, Interior, Water-based, (MPI Gloss Level 4) 163.....Gloss Light Industrial Coating, MPI Gloss Level 5 164.....Exterior, Water Based, Gloss, Light Industrial Coating, MPI Gloss Level 6 H. Society for Protective Coatings (SSPC): SSPC SP 1-82(R2004)....Solvent Cleaning SSPC SP 2-82(R2004)....Hand Tool Cleaning SSPC SP 3-28(R2004)....Power Tool Cleaning SSPC SP 10/NACE No.2....Near-White Blast Cleaning SSPC PA Guide 10.....Guide to Safety and Health Requirements I. Maple Flooring Manufacturer's Association (MFMA): J. U.S. National Archives and Records Administration (NARA):

29 CFR 1910.1000.....Air Contaminants

K. Underwriter's Laboratory (UL)

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS:

A. Conform to the coating specifications and standards referenced in PART 3. Submit manufacturer's technical data sheets for specified coatings and solvents.

## 2.2 PAINT PROPERTIES:

- A. Use ready-mixed (including colors), except two component epoxies, polyurethanes, polyesters, paints having metallic powders packaged separately and paints requiring specified additives.
- B. Where no requirements are given in the referenced specifications for primers, use primers with pigment and vehicle, compatible with substrate and finish coats specified.
- C. Provide undercoat paint produced by the same manufacturer as the finish coats. Use only thinners approved by the paint manufacturer and use only to recommended limits.
- D. VOC Content: For field applications that are inside the weatherproofing system, paints and coating to comply with VOC content limits of authorities having jurisdiction and the following VOC content limits:

- 1. Flat Paints and Coatings: 50 gram/liter.
- 2. Non-flat Paints and Coatings: 150 gram/liter.
- 3. Dry-Fog Coatings: 400 gram/liter.
- 4. Primers, Sealers, and Undercoaters: 200 gram/liter.
- 5. Anticorrosive and Antirust Paints applied to Ferrous Metals: 250 gram/liter.
- 6. Zinc-Rich Industrial Maintenance Primers: 340 gram/liter.
- 7. Pretreatment Wash Primers: 420 gram/liter.
- E. VOC test method for paints and coatings is to be in accordance with 40 CFR 59 (EPA Method 24). Part 60, Appendix A with the exempt compounds' content determined by Method 303 (Determination of Exempt Compounds) in the South Coast Air Quality Management District's (SCAQMD) "Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples" manual.

## 2.3 PLASTIC TAPE:

- A. Pigmented vinyl plastic film in colors as specified in Section 09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES or specified.
- B. Pressure sensitive adhesive back.
- C. Snap on coil plastic markers.
- D. Widths as shown on construction documents.

## 2.4 BIOBASED CONTENT

A. Paint products shall comply with following bio-based standards for biobased materials:

| Material Type  | Percent by Weight            |
|--|------------------------------|
| Interior Paint                                       | 20 percent biobased material |
| Interior Paint- Oil Based and Solvent Alkyd          | 67 percent biobased material |
| Exterior Paint                                       | 20 percent biobased material |
| Wood & Concrete Stain                                | 39 percent biobased content  |
| Polyurethane Coatings                                | 25 percent biobased content  |
| Water Tank Coatings                                  | 59 percent biobased content  |
| Wood & Concrete Sealer-<br>Membrane Concrete Sealers | 11 percent biobased content  |
| Wood & Concrete Sealer-<br>Penetrating Liquid        | 79 percent biobased content  |

B. The minimum-content standards are based on the weight (not the volume) of the material.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 JOB CONDITIONS:

- A. Safety: Observe required safety regulations and manufacturer's warning and instructions for storage, handling and application of painting materials.
  - Take necessary precautions to protect personnel and property from hazards due to falls, injuries, toxic fumes, fire, explosion, or other harm.
  - Deposit soiled cleaning rags and waste materials in metal containers approved for that purpose. Dispose of such items off the site at end of each day's work.
- B. Atmospheric and Surface Conditions:
  - 1. Do not apply coating when air or substrate conditions are:
    - a. Less than 3 degrees C (5 degrees F) above dew point.
    - b. Below 10 degrees C (50 degrees F) or over 35 degrees C (95 degrees F), unless specifically pre-approved by the COR and the product manufacturer. Under no circumstances are application conditions to exceed manufacturer recommendations.
    - c. When the relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; or to damp or wet surfaces; unless otherwise permitted by the paint manufacturer's printed instructions.
  - 2. Maintain interior temperatures until paint dries hard.
  - 3. Do no exterior painting when it is windy and dusty.
  - 4. Do not paint in direct sunlight or on surfaces that the sun will warm.
  - 5. Apply only on clean, dry and frost-free surfaces except as follows:
    - a. Apply water thinned acrylic and cementitious paints to damp (not wet) surfaces only when allowed by manufacturer's printed instructions.
    - b. Concrete and masonry when permitted by manufacturer's recommendations, dampen surfaces to which water thinned acrylic and cementitious paints are applied with a fine mist of water on hot dry days to prevent excessive suction and to cool surface.
  - 6. Varnishing:
    - a. Apply in clean areas and in still air.
    - b. Before varnishing vacuum and dust area.

c. Immediately before varnishing wipe down surfaces with a tack rag.

## 3.2 INSPECTION:

A. Examine the areas and conditions where painting and finishing are to be applied and correct any conditions detrimental to the proper and timely completion of the work. Do not proceed with the work until unsatisfactory conditions are corrected to permit proper installation of the work.

#### 3.3 GENERAL WORKMANSHIP REQUIREMENTS:

- A. Application may be by brush or roller. Spray application only upon acceptance from the COR in writing.
- B. Furnish to the COR a painting schedule indicating when the respective coats of paint for the various areas and surfaces will be completed. This schedule is to be kept current as the job progresses.
- C. Protect work at all times. Protect all adjacent work and materials by suitable covering or other method during progress of work. Upon completion of the work, remove all paint and varnish spots from floors, glass and other surfaces. Remove from the premises all rubbish and accumulated materials of whatever nature not caused by others and leave work in a clean condition.
- D. Remove and protect hardware, accessories, device plates, lighting fixtures, and factory finished work, and similar items, or provide in place protection. Upon completion of each space, carefully replace all removed items by workmen skilled in the trades involved.
- E. When indicated to be painted, remove electrical panel box covers and doors before painting walls. Paint separately and re-install after all paint is dry.
- F. Materials are to be applied under adequate illumination, evenly spread and flowed on smoothly to avoid runs, sags, holidays, brush marks, air bubbles and excessive roller stipple.
- G. Apply materials with a coverage to hide substrate completely. When color, stain, dirt or undercoats show through final coat of paint, the surface is to be covered by additional coats until the paint film is of uniform finish, color, appearance and coverage, at no additional cost to the Government.
- H. All coats are to be dry to manufacturer's recommendations before applying succeeding coats.

- I. All suction spots or "hot spots" in plaster after the application of the first coat are to be touched up before applying the second coat.
- J. Do not apply paint behind frameless mirrors that use mastic for adhering to wall surface.

## 3.4 SURFACE PREPARATION:

- A. General:
  - 1. The Contractor shall be held wholly responsible for the finished appearance and satisfactory completion of painting work. Properly prepare all surfaces to receive paint, which includes cleaning, sanding, and touching-up of all prime coats applied under other Sections of the work. Broom clean all spaces before painting is started. All surfaces to be painted or finished are to be completely dry, clean and smooth.
  - See other sections of specifications for specified surface conditions and prime coat.
  - 3. Perform preparation and cleaning procedures in strict accordance with the paint manufacturer's instructions and as herein specified, for each particular substrate condition.
  - 4. Clean surfaces before applying paint or surface treatments with materials and methods compatible with substrate and specified finish. Remove any residue remaining from cleaning agents used. Do not use solvents, acid, or steam on concrete and masonry. Schedule the cleaning and painting so that dust and other contaminants from the cleaning process will not fall in wet, newly painted surfaces.
  - 5. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:
    - a. Concrete: 12 percent.
    - b. Fiber-Cement Board: 12 percent.
    - c. Masonry (Clay and CMU's): 12 percent.
    - d. Wood: 15 percent.
    - e. Gypsum Board: 12 percent.
    - f. Plaster: 12 percent.
- B. Wood:
  - 1. Sand to a smooth even surface and then dust off.
  - 2. Sand surfaces showing raised grain smooth between each coat.
  - 3. Wipe surface with a tack rag prior to applying finish.

- 4. Surface painted with an opaque finish:
  - a. Coat knots, sap and pitch streaks with MPI 36 (Knot Sealer) before applying paint.
  - b. Apply two coats of MPI 36 (Knot Sealer) over large knots.
- 5. After application of prime or first coat of stain, fill cracks, nail and screw holes, depressions and similar defects with wood filler paste. Sand the surface to make smooth and finish flush with adjacent surface.
- Before applying finish coat, reapply wood filler paste if required, and sand surface to remove surface blemishes. Finish flush with adjacent surfaces.
- Fill open grained wood such as oak, walnut, ash and mahogany with MPI 91 (Wood Filler Paste), colored to match wood color.
  - a. Thin filler in accordance with manufacturer's instructions for application.
  - b. Remove excess filler, wipe as clean as possible, dry, and sand as specified.
- C. Ferrous Metals:
  - Remove oil, grease, soil, drawing and cutting compounds, flux and other detrimental foreign matter in accordance with SSPC-SP 1 (Solvent Cleaning).
  - 2. Remove loose mill scale, rust, and paint, by hand or power tool cleaning, as defined in SSPC-SP 2 (Hand Tool Cleaning) and SSPC-SP 3 (Power Tool Cleaning). Where high temperature aluminum paint is used, prepare surface in accordance with paint manufacturer's instructions.
  - 3. Fill dents, holes and similar voids and depressions in flat exposed surfaces of hollow steel doors and frames, access panels, roll-up steel doors and similar items specified to have semi-gloss or gloss finish with TT-F-322D (Filler, Two-Component Type, For Dents, Small Holes and Blow-Holes). Finish flush with adjacent surfaces.
    - a. Fill flat head countersunk screws used for permanent anchors.
    - b. Do not fill screws of item intended for removal such as glazing beads.
  - 4. Spot prime abraded and damaged areas in shop prime coat which expose bare metal with same type of paint used for prime coat. Feather edge of spot prime to produce smooth finish coat.

- 5. Spot prime abraded and damaged areas which expose bare metal of factory finished items with paint as recommended by manufacturer of item.
- D. Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Metal, Aluminum. Surfaces Specified Painted:
  - 1. Clean surfaces to remove grease, oil and other deterrents to paint adhesion in accordance with SSPC-SP 1 (Solvent Cleaning).
  - 2. Spot coat abraded and damaged areas of zinc-coating which expose base metal on hot-dip zinc-coated items with MPI 18 (Organic Zinc Rich Coating). Prime or spot prime with MPI 134 (Waterborne Galvanized Primer) or MPI 135 (Non-Cementitious Galvanized Primer) depending on finish coat compatibility.
- E. Gypsum Plaster and Gypsum Board:
  - Remove efflorescence, loose and chalking plaster or finishing materials.
  - 2. Remove dust, dirt, and other deterrents to paint adhesion.
  - 3. Fill holes, cracks, and other depressions with CID-A-A-1272A finished flush with adjacent surface, with texture to match texture of adjacent surface. Patch holes over 25 mm (1-inch) in diameter as specified in Section for plaster or gypsum board.

### 3.5 PAINT PREPARATION:

- A. Thoroughly mix painting materials to ensure uniformity of color, complete dispersion of pigment and uniform composition.
- B. Do not thin unless necessary for application and when finish paint is used for body and prime coats. Use materials and quantities for thinning as specified in manufacturer's printed instructions.
- C. Remove paint skins, then strain paint through commercial paint strainer to remove lumps and other particles.
- D. Mix two (2) component and two (2) part paint and those requiring additives in such a manner as to uniformly blend as specified in manufacturer's printed instructions unless specified otherwise.
- E. For tinting required to produce exact shades specified, use color pigment recommended by the paint manufacturer.

### 3.6 APPLICATION:

A. Start of surface preparation or painting will be construed as acceptance of the surface as satisfactory for the application of materials.

- B. Unless otherwise specified, apply paint in three (3) coats; prime, body, and finish. When two (2) coats applied to prime coat are the same, first coat applied over primer is body coat and second coat is finish coat.
- C. Apply each coat evenly and cover substrate completely.
- D. Allow not less than 48 hours between application of succeeding coats, except as allowed by manufacturer's printed instructions, and approved by COR.
- E. Apply by brush or roller. Spray application for new or existing occupied spaces only upon approval by acceptance from COR in writing.
  - Apply painting materials specifically required by manufacturer to be applied by spraying.
  - 2. In new construction and in existing occupied spaces, where paint is applied by spray, mask or enclose with polyethylene, or similar air tight material with edges and seams continuously sealed including items specified in "Building and Structural Work Field Painting"; "Work not Painted"; motors, controls, telephone, and electrical equipment, fronts of sterilizes and other recessed equipment and similar prefinished items.
- F. Do not paint in closed position operable items such as access doors and panels, window sashes, overhead doors, and similar items except overhead roll-up doors and shutters.

## 3.7 PRIME PAINTING:

- A. After surface preparation, prime surfaces before application of body and finish coats, except as otherwise specified.
- B. Spot prime and apply body coat to damaged and abraded painted surfaces before applying succeeding coats.
- C. Additional field applied prime coats over shop or factory applied prime coats are not required except for exterior exposed steel apply an additional prime coat.
- D. Prime rabbets for stop and face glazing of wood, and for face glazing of steel.
- E. Wood and Wood Particleboard:
  - 1. Use same kind of primer specified for exposed face surface.
    - a. Exterior wood: MPI 7 (Exterior Oil Wood Primer) for new construction and MPI 5(Exterior Alkyd Wood Primer) for repainting bare wood

primer except where MPI 90 (Interior Wood Stain, Semi-Transparent) is scheduled.

- b. Interior wood except for transparent finish: MPI 45 (Interior Primer Sealer) or MPI 46 (Interior Enamel Undercoat), thinned if recommended by manufacturer.
- c. Transparent finishes as specified under "Transparent Finishes on Wood Except Floors Article".
- 2. Apply two (2) coats of primer MPI 7 (Exterior Oil Wood Primer) or MPI 5 (Exterior Alkyd Wood Primer) or sealer MPI 45 (Interior Primer Sealer) or MPI 46 (Interior Enamel Undercoat) to surfaces of wood doors, including top and bottom edges, which are cut for fitting or for other reason.
- 3. Apply one (1) coat of primer MPI 7 (Exterior Oil Wood Primer) or MPI 5 (Exterior Alkyd Wood Primer) or sealer MPI 45 (Interior Primer Sealer) or MPI 46 (Interior Enamel Undercoat) as soon as delivered to site to surfaces of unfinished woodwork, except concealed surfaces of shop fabricated or assembled millwork and surfaces specified to have varnish, stain or natural finish.
- 4. Back prime and seal ends of exterior woodwork, and edges of exterior plywood specified to be finished.
- 5. Apply MPI 67 (Interior Latex Fire Retardant, Top-Coat (UL Approved) to wood for fire retardant finish.
- F. Metals except boilers, incinerator stacks, and engine exhaust pipes:
  - Steel and iron:MPI 95 (Fast Drying Metal Primer). Use MPI 101 (Cold Curing Epoxy Primer) finish is specified.
  - 2. Zinc-coated steel and iron: MPI 134 (Waterborne Galvanized Primer)
  - 3. Aluminum scheduled to be painted: MPI 95 (Fast Drying Metal Primer).
  - Copper and copper alloys scheduled to be painted: MPI 95 (Fast Drying Metal Primer).
  - 5. Machinery not factory finished: MPI 9 (Exterior Alkyd Enamel).
  - 6. Asphalt coated metal: MPI 1 (Aluminum Paint).
  - Metal over 94 degrees C (201 degrees F), Boilers, Incinerator Stacks, and Engine Exhaust Pipes: MPI 22 (High Heat Resistant Coating).

- G. Gypsum Board:.
  - Surfaces scheduled to have MPI 53 (Interior Latex, MPI Gloss Level 3), MPI 52 (Interior Latex, MPI Gloss Level 3), MPI 54 (Interior Latex, Semi-Gloss, MPI Gloss Level 5).
  - 2. Primer: MPI 50 (Interior Latex Primer Sealer)..

#### 3.8 INTERIOR FINISHES:

- A. Apply following finish coats over prime coats in spaces or on surfaces specified in Section 09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES.
- B. Metal Work:
  - 1. Apply to exposed surfaces.
  - 2. Omit body and finish coats on surfaces concealed after installation except electrical conduit containing conductors over 600 volts.
  - 3. Ferrous Metal, Galvanized Metal, and Other Metals Scheduled:
    - a. Apply two (2) coats of MPI 47 (Interior Alkyd, Semi-Gloss) unless specified otherwise.
    - b. Two (2) coats of MPI 51 (Interior Alkyd, Eggshell).
    - c. One (1) coat of MPI 46 (Interior Enamel Undercoat) plus one coat of MPI 47 (Interior Alkyd, Semi-Gloss) on exposed interior surfaces of alkyd-amine enamel prime finished windows.
- C. Gypsum Board:
  - One (1) coat of MPI 45 (Interior Primer Sealer) plus one (1) coat of MPI 139 (Interior High Performance Latex, MPI Gloss level 3).
- D. Wood:
  - 1. Sanding:
    - a. Use 220-grit sandpaper.
    - b. Sand sealers and varnish between coats.
    - c. Sand enough to scarify surface to assure good adhesion of subsequent coats, to level roughly applied sealer and varnish, and to knock off "whiskers" of any raised grain as well as dust particles.
  - 2. Sealers:
    - a. MPI 31 (gloss) or MPI 71 (flat) thinned as recommended by manufacturer at rate of one (1) part of thinner to four (4) parts of varnish.

- b. After wiping stains containing resins are used and cured, apply one coat of two part epoxy sealer followed consecutively with a second coat. After curing and sanding, apply finish materials.
- c. Allow manufacturer's recommended drying time before sanding, but not less than 24 hours or 36 hours in damp or muggy weather.
- d. Sand as specified.
- 3. Paint Finish:
  - a. One (1) coat of MPI 45 (Interior Primer Sealer) (Interior Enamel Undercoat) plus one (1) coat of MPI 47 (Interior Alkyd, Semi-Gloss.
  - b. One (1) coat MPI 66 (Interior Alkyd Fire retardant, Clear Top-Coat (UL Approved) and above ceilings where shown.
  - c. One (1) coat of MPI 45 Interior Primer Sealer) plus one (1) coat of MPI 48 (Interior Alkyd Gloss).
  - d. Two (2) coats of MPI 51 (Interior Alkyd, Eggshell).
- 4. Transparent Finishes on Wood Except Floors.
  - a. Stain Finish:

One (1) coat of MPI 90 (Interior Wood Stain, Semi-Transparent).
Use wood stain of type and color required to achieve finish
 specified. Do not use varnish type stains.

One (1) coat of sealer MPI 31 (gloss)thinned as recommended by manufacturer at rate of one (1) part of thinner to four (4) parts of varnish.

Two (2) coats of MPI 71 (Polyurethane, Moisture Cured, Clear Flat) .

- b. Varnish Finish:
  - One (1) coat of sealer MPI 71 (flat) thinned as recommended by manufacturer at rate of one (1) part of thinner to four (4) parts of varnish.

Two (2) coats of MPI 71 (Polyurethane, Moisture Cured, Clear Flat)

- c. Fire Retardant Intumescent Varnish:
  - MPI 66 (Interior Alkyd Fire Retardant, Clear Top-Coat (UL Approved)) Intumescent Type, Fire Retardant Coating where scheduled: Two (2) coats.
- E. Miscellaneous:
  - 1. Apply where specified in Section 09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES.
  - 2. MPI 1 (Aluminum Paint): Two (2) coats of aluminum paint.

#### 3.9 REFINISHING EXISTING PAINTED SURFACES:

- A. Clean, patch and repair existing surfaces as specified under "Surface Preparation". No "telegraphing" of lines, ridges, flakes, etc., through new surfacing is permitted. Where this occurs, sand smooth and re-finish until surface meets with COR's approval.
- B. Remove and reinstall items as specified under "General Workmanship Requirements".
- C. Remove existing finishes or apply separation coats to prevent non compatible coatings from having contact.
- D. Patched or Replaced Areas in Surfaces and Components: Apply spot prime and body coats as specified for new work to repaired areas or replaced components.
- E. Except where scheduled for complete painting apply finish coat over plane surface to nearest break in plane, such as corner, reveal, or frame.
- F. Refinish areas as specified for new work to match adjoining work unless specified or scheduled otherwise.
- G. Sand or dull glossy surfaces prior to painting.
- H. Sand existing coatings to a feather edge so that transition between new and existing finish will not show in finished work.

### 3.10 PAINT COLOR:

- A. Color and gloss of finish coats is specified in Section 09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES.
- B. For additional requirements regarding color see Articles, "REFINISHING EXISTING PAINTED SURFACE" and "MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL FIELD PAINTING SCHEDULE".
- C. Coat Colors:
  - 1. Color of priming coat: Lighter than body coat.
  - 2. Color of body coat: Lighter than finish coat.
  - 3. Color prime and body coats to not show through the finish coat and to mask surface imperfections or contrasts.
- D. Painting, Caulking, Closures, and Fillers Adjacent to Casework:
  - 1. Paint to match color of casework where casework has a paint finish.
  - Paint to match color of wall where casework is stainless steel, plastic laminate, or varnished wood.

## 3.11 MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL WORK FIELD PAINTING SCHEDULE:

- A. Field painting of mechanical and electrical consists of cleaning, touching-up abraded shop prime coats, and applying prime, body and finish coats to materials and equipment if not factory finished in space scheduled to be finished.
- B. In spaces not scheduled to be finish painted in Section 09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES paint as specified below.
- C. Paint various systems specified in Division 02 EXISTING CONDITIONS, Division 21 - FIRE SUPPRESSION, Division 22 - PLUMBING, Division 23 -HEATING, VENTILATION AND AIR-CONDITIONING, Division 26 - ELECTRICAL, and Division 27 - COMMUNICATIONS.
- D. Paint after tests have been completed.
- E. Omit prime coat from factory prime-coated items.
- F. Finish painting of mechanical and electrical equipment is not required when located in interstitial spaces, above suspended ceilings, in concealed areas such as pipe and electric closets, pipe basements, pipe tunnels, trenches, attics, roof spaces, shafts and furred spaces except on electrical conduit containing feeders 600 volts or more.
- G. Omit field painting of items specified in "BUILDING AND STRUCTURAL WORK FIELD PAINTING"; "Building and Structural Work not Painted".
- H. Color:
  - 1. Paint items having no color specified in Section 09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES to match surrounding surfaces.
  - 2. Paint colors as specified in Section 09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES except for following:
    - a. White: Exterior unfinished surfaces of enameled plumbing fixtures. Insulation coverings on breeching and uptake inside boiler house, drums and drum-heads, oil heaters, condensate tanks and condensate piping.
    - b. Gray: Heating, ventilating, air conditioning and refrigeration equipment (except as required to match surrounding surfaces), and water and sewage treatment equipment and sewage ejection equipment.
    - c. Aluminum Color: Ferrous metal on outside of boilers and in connection with boiler settings including supporting doors and door frames and fuel oil burning equipment, and steam generation system

(bare piping, fittings, hangers, supports, valves, traps and miscellaneous iron work in contact with pipe).

- d. Federal Safety Red: Exposed fire protection piping, hydrants, post indicators, electrical conducts containing fire alarm control wiring, and fire alarm equipment.
- e. Federal Safety Orange: Entire lengths of electrical conduits containing feeders 600 volts or more.
- f. Color to match brickwork sheet metal covering on breeching outside of exterior wall of boiler house.
- I. Apply paint systems on properly prepared and primed surface as follows:
  - 1. Interior Locations:
    - a. Apply two (2) coats of MPI 47 (Interior Alkyd, Semi-Gloss) to following items:

Metal under 94 degrees C (201 degrees F) of items such as bare piping, fittings, hangers and supports.

Equipment and systems such as hinged covers and frames for control cabinets and boxes, cast-iron radiators, electric conduits and panel boards.

Heating, ventilating, air conditioning, plumbing equipment, and machinery having shop prime coat and not factory finished.

- b. Ferrous metal exposed in hydrotherapy equipment room and chlorinator room of water and sewerage treatment plants: One (1) coat of MPI 101 (Cold Curing Epoxy Primer) and one (1) coat of MPI 77 (Epoxy Cold Cured, Gloss
- c. Paint electrical conduits containing cables rated 600 volts or more using two (2) coats of MPI 9 (Exterior Alkyd Enamel) in the Federal Safety Orange color in exposed and concealed spaces full length of conduit.
- 2. Other exposed locations:
  - Metal surfaces, except aluminum, of cooling towers exposed to view, including connected pipes, rails, and ladders: Two (2) coats of MPI 1 (Aluminum Paint).

## 3.12 BUILDING AND STRUCTURAL WORK FIELD PAINTING:

A. Painting and finishing of interior and exterior work except as specified here-in-after.

- Painting and finishing of new and existing work including colors and gloss of finish selected is specified in Finish Schedule, Section 09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES.
- 2. Painting of disturbed, damaged and repaired or patched surfaces when entire space is not scheduled for complete repainting or refinishing.
- 3. Painting of ferrous metal and galvanized metal.
- 4. Painting of wood with fire retardant paint exposed in attics, when used as mechanical equipment space (except shingles).
- 5. Identity painting and safety painting.
- B. Building and Structural Work not Painted:
  - 1. Prefinished items:
    - a. Casework, doors, elevator entrances and cabs, metal panels, wall covering, and similar items specified factory finished under other sections.
    - b. Factory finished equipment and pre-engineered metal building components such as metal roof and wall panels.
  - 2. Finished surfaces:
    - a. Hardware except ferrous metal.
    - b. Anodized aluminum, stainless steel, chromium plating, copper, and brass, except as otherwise specified.
    - c. Signs, fixtures, and other similar items integrally finished.
  - 3. Concealed surfaces:
    - a. Inside dumbwaiter, elevator and duct shafts, interstitial spaces, pipe basements, crawl spaces, pipe tunnels, above ceilings, attics, except as otherwise specified.
    - b. Inside walls or other spaces behind access doors or panels.
    - c. Surfaces concealed behind permanently installed casework and equipment.
  - 4. Moving and operating parts:
    - a. Shafts, chains, gears, mechanical and electrical operators, linkages, and sprinkler heads, and sensing devices.
    - b. Tracks for overhead or coiling doors, shutters, and grilles.
  - 5. Labels:
    - a. Code required label, such as Underwriters Laboratories Inc., Intertek Testing Service or Factory Mutual Research Corporation.

- b. Identification plates, instruction plates, performance rating, and nomenclature.
- 6. Galvanized metal:
  - a. Exterior chain link fence and gates, corrugated metal areaways, and gratings.
  - b. Gas Storage Racks.
  - c. Except where specifically specified to be painted.
- 7. Metal safety treads and nosings.
- 8. Gaskets.
- 9. Concrete curbs, gutters, pavements, retaining walls, exterior exposed foundations walls and interior walls in pipe basements.
- 10. Face brick.
- 11. Structural steel encased in concrete, masonry, or other enclosure.
- 12. Structural steel to receive sprayed-on fire proofing.
- 13. Ceilings, walls, columns in interstitial spaces.
- 14. Ceilings, walls, and columns in pipe basements.
- 15. Wood Shingles.

## 3.13 IDENTITY PAINTING SCHEDULE:

- A. Identify designated service in new buildings or projects with extensive remodeling in accordance with ASME A13.1, unless specified otherwise, on exposed piping, piping above removable ceilings, piping in accessible pipe spaces, interstitial spaces, and piping behind access panels. For existing spaces where work is minor match existing.
  - Legend may be identified using snap-on coil plastic markers or by paint stencil applications.
  - 2. Apply legends adjacent to changes in direction, on branches, where pipes pass through walls or floors, adjacent to operating accessories such as valves, regulators, strainers and cleanouts a minimum of 12.2 M (40 feet) apart on straight runs of piping. Identification next to plumbing fixtures is not required.
  - 3. Locate Legends clearly visible from operating position.
  - 4. Use arrow to indicate direction of flow using black stencil paint.
  - 5. Identify pipe contents with sufficient additional details such as temperature, pressure, and contents to identify possible hazard. Insert working pressure shown on construction documents where asterisk appears for High, Medium, and Low Pressure designations as follows:

- a. High Pressure 414 kPa (60 psig) and above.
- b. Medium Pressure 104 to 413 kPa (15 to 59 psig).
- c. Low Pressure 103 kPa (14 psig) and below.
- d. Add Fuel oil grade numbers.
- 6. Legend name in full or in abbreviated form as follows:

| COLOR                                 | OF       | COLOR OF   | COLOR OF       | LEGEND               |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|----------|------------|----------------|----------------------|--|--|
| PIPING EXPOSE                         | D PIPING | BACKGROUND | LETTERS        | ABBREVIATIONS        |  |  |
| Blow-off                              |          | Crear      | White          | Dlove off            |  |  |
|                                       |          | Green      | White          | Blow-off<br>Blr Feed |  |  |
| Boiler Feedwater                      |          | Green      | White          | BIT Feed             |  |  |
| A/C Condenser Water                   |          | 0          | 571. J. L. J.  |                      |  |  |
| Supply                                |          | Green      | White          | A/C Cond Wtr Sup     |  |  |
| A/C Condenser Water                   |          | ~          |                |                      |  |  |
| Return                                |          | Green      | White          | A/C Cond Wtr Ret     |  |  |
| Chilled Water Supply                  |          | Green      | White          | Ch. Wtr Sup          |  |  |
| Chilled Water Return                  |          | Green      | White          | Ch. Wtr Ret          |  |  |
| Shop Compressed Air                   |          | Blue       | White          | Shop Air             |  |  |
| Air-Instrument Controls               |          | Green      | White          | Air-Inst Cont        |  |  |
| Drain Line                            |          | Green      | White          | Drain                |  |  |
| Emergency Shower                      |          | Green      | White          | Emg Shower           |  |  |
| High Pressure Steam                   |          | Green      | White          | H.P*                 |  |  |
| High Pressure Condensate              |          |            |                |                      |  |  |
| Return                                |          | Green      | White          | H.P. Ret*            |  |  |
| Medium Pressure Steam                 |          | Green      | White          | M. P. Stm*           |  |  |
| Medium Pressure Condensat             | e        |            |                |                      |  |  |
| Return                                |          | Green      | White          | M.P. Ret*            |  |  |
| Low Pressure Steam                    |          | Green      | White          | L.P. Stm*            |  |  |
| Low Pressure Condensate               |          |            |                |                      |  |  |
| Return                                |          | Green      | White          | L.P. Ret*            |  |  |
| High Temperature Water                |          |            |                |                      |  |  |
| Supply                                |          | Green      | White          | H. Temp Wtr Sup      |  |  |
| High Temperature Water                |          |            |                |                      |  |  |
| Return                                |          | Green      | White          | H. Temp Wtr Ret      |  |  |
| Hot Water Heating Supply              |          | Green      | White          | H. W. Htg Sup        |  |  |
| Hot Water Heating Return              |          | Green      | White          | H. W. Htg Ret        |  |  |
| Gravity Condensate Return             |          | Green      | White          | Gravity Cond Ret     |  |  |
| Pumped Condensate Return              |          | Green      | White          | Pumped Cond Ret      |  |  |
| Vacuum Condensate Return              |          | Green      | White          | Vac Cond Ret         |  |  |
| Fuel Oil - Grade Brown                |          | White      | Fuel Oil-Grade |                      |  |  |
| (Diesel Fuel included under Fuel Oil) |          |            |                |                      |  |  |
| Boiler Water Sampling                 |          | Green      | White          | Sample               |  |  |

| Chemical Feed           |       | Green  | White | Chem Feed    |
|-------------------------|-------|--------|-------|--------------|
| Continuous Blow-Down    |       | Green  | White | Cont. B D    |
| Pumped Condensate       |       | Green  | White | Pump Cond    |
| Pump Recirculating      |       | Green  | White | Pump-Recirc. |
| Vent Line               |       | Green  | White | Vent         |
| Alkali                  |       | Orange | Black | Alk          |
| Bleach                  |       | Orange | Black | Bleach       |
| Detergent               |       | Yellow | Black | Det          |
| Liquid Supply           |       | Yellow | Black | Liq Sup      |
| Reuse Water             |       | Yellow | Black | Reuse Wtr    |
| Cold Water (Domestic)   | White | Green  | White | C.W. Dom     |
| Hot Water (Domestic)    |       |        |       |              |
| Supply                  | White | Yellow | Black | H.W. Dom     |
| Return                  | White | Yellow | Black | H.W. Dom Ret |
| Tempered Water          | White | Yellow | Black | Temp. Wtr    |
|                         |       |        |       |              |
| Ice Water               |       |        |       |              |
| Supply                  | White | Green  | White | Ice Wtr      |
| Return                  | White | Green  | White | Ice Wtr Ret  |
| Reagent Grade Water     |       | Green  | White | RG           |
| Reverse Osmosis         |       | Green  | White | RO           |
| Sanitary Waste          |       | Green  | White | San Waste    |
| Sanitary Vent           |       | Green  | White | San Vent     |
| Storm Drainage          |       | Green  | White | St Drain     |
| Pump Drainage           |       | Green  | White | Pump Disch   |
| Chemical Resistant Pipe |       |        |       |              |
| Waste                   |       | Orange | Black | Acid Waste   |
| Vent                    |       | Orange | Black | Acid Vent    |
| Atmospheric Vent        |       | Green  | White | ATV          |
| Silver Recovery         |       | Green  | White | Silver Rec   |
| Oral Evacuation         |       | Green  | White | Oral Evac    |
| Fuel Gas                |       | Yellow | Black | Gas          |
| Fire Protection Water   |       |        |       |              |
| Sprinkler               | Red   | Red    | White | Auto Spr     |
| Standpipe               | Red   | Red    | White | Stand        |
| Sprinkler               | Red   | Red    | White | Drain        |
|                         |       |        |       |              |

7. Electrical Conduits containing feeders over 600 volts, paint legends using 50 mm (2 inch) high black numbers and letters, showing the voltage class rating. Provide legends where conduits pass through walls and floors and at maximum 6096 mm (20 foot) intervals in between. Use labels with yellow background with black border and words Danger High Voltage Class, 5000,15000,25000 as apporpriate.

- See Sections for methods of identification, legends, and abbreviations of the following:
  - a. Conduits containing high voltage feeders over 600 volts: Section 26 05 33, RACEWAY AND BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS / Section 27 05 33, RACEWAYS AND BOXES FOR COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS.
- B. Fire and Smoke Partitions:
  - 1. Identify partitions above ceilings on both sides of partitions except within shafts in letters not less than 64 mm (2 1/2 inches) high.
  - 2. Stenciled message: "SMOKE BARRIER" or, "FIRE BARRIER" as applicable.
  - Locate not more than 6096 mm (20 feet) on center on corridor sides of partitions, and with a least one (1) message per room on room side of partition.
  - 4. Use semi-gloss paint of color that contrasts with color of substrate.
- C. Identify columns in pipe basements and interstitial space:
  - Apply stenciled number and letters to correspond with grid numbering and lettering indicated on construction documents.
  - Paint numbers and letters 101 mm (4 inches) high, locate 45 mm (18 inches) below overhead structural slab.
  - 3. Apply on four (4) sides of interior columns and on inside face only of exterior wall columns.
  - 4. Color:
    - a. Use black on concrete columns.
    - b. Use white or contrasting color on steel columns.

## 3.14 PROTECTION CLEAN UP, AND TOUCH-UP:

- A. Protect work from paint droppings and spattering by use of masking, drop cloths, removal of items or by other approved methods.
- B. Upon completion, clean paint from hardware, glass and other surfaces and items not required to be painted of paint drops or smears.
- C. Before final inspection, touch-up or refinished in a manner to produce solid even color and finish texture, free from defects in work which was damaged or discolored.

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